# **CITY OF MERCER ISLAND**

# **COMMUNITY PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT**

9611 SE 36<sup>TH</sup> STREET | MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040 PHONE: (206) 275-7605 | <u>www.mercerisland.gov</u>



CITY USE ONLY			
PROJECT NO.	RECEIPT NO.	FEE	
Date Received:			
Received By:			

NON-DEVELO	DMENI	TREE PERMIT A	PRICATION	
SITE ADDRESS	PIVILINI	TREE PERIVITI A	PELCATION	
PROPERTY OWNER	ADDRESS		PHONE # EMAIL	
APPLICANT □Same as Owner □Same as Contractor	ADDRESS		PHONE # EMAIL	
CONTRACTOR: ☐ Same as Owner	ADDRESS		PHONE # EMAIL	
STATE CONTRACTORS LICENSE		MERCER ISLAND BUSINES	S LICENSE	
Your tree contractor needs to have a City of Mercer I to sign the owner as contractor form prior to permit		ss license that they can get o	online through <a href="http://bls.dor.wa.gov/">http://bls.dor.wa.gov/</a> , or you need	
Required Information				
☐ Site plan of subject property showing:				
☐ Street Address				
☐ Property Lines				
☐ Approximate locations of existing	g buildings,	, structures, and drivew	/ays	
☐ Location of tree(s) to be removed			•	
☐ Proposed location(s) of replacem		,		
☐ List the <b>species</b> (ie. Douglas Fir, not just the		meter in inches (measu	ured at 4.5' above the ground) of all trees	
to be cut in the space below or clearly indic	-			
,		·		
Please answer the following questions:				
Is this tree a hazard (imminent threat to life	e or proper	ty)? See code 19.10.02	0	
☐ YES ☐ NO				
Has there been development (construction property?	or exterio	r alteration of any build	lings) in the past five years on the subject	
☐ YES ☐ NO				
Do you anticipate there will be developmen  ☐ YES ☐ NO	nt on the si	ubject property in the r	next five years?	
Are you aware of a bald eagle nest within 6	660 feet of	this property?		
☐ YES ☐ NO	ing or ros	cting near this areas	a	
Are you aware of bald eagles foraging, nest  ☐ YES ☐ NO	ung, or roo	sung near this property	<b>/</b>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

# **SPECIAL CONDITIONS**

- 1. All work is to be done at the applicant's expense, including clean up and removal of all debris.
- 2. Standard safety precautions of the tree care industry are to be always adhered to.
- 3. The work is to be performed in such a way as not to do damage to any road surface, overhead or underground utilities.
- 4. Traffic control is the responsibility of the applicant. It is the applicant's responsibility to ensure the contractor is informed of this. If vehicles or equipment must be placed in the public right-of-way, a Right-of-Way use permit may be required.
- 5. The City assumes no liability in connection with this action.
- 6. All traffic lane restrictions and closures require a 24-hour notice to Police Dispatch at 425.577.5656.
- 7. This permit is valid for three (3) years from issuance date.

#### **NOTICE TO APPLICANT**

In accepting this permit, the permittee, their successors, heirs, and assigns agree to protect and hold harmless the City of Mercer Island from all claims, action or damages of every kind and description which may accrue to or suffered by any persons, corporations or property by reason of the performance of the above described work, cost of materials and labor, character of materials used or manner of installation, maintenance and operation, and in case any such suit or action is brought against said City of Mercer Island or damage arising out of or by reason of any of the above causes, the grantee, their successors, heirs, or assigns will upon notice to him or them of commencement of such action, defend the same at their own sole expense and will fully satisfy any judgement after the said suit or action shall have finally been determined if adversely to the City of Mercer Island.

The Land Use and Planning Division may revoke, annul, or terminate this permit if grantee fails to comply with any or all of its provisions, requirements or regulations as herein set forth or through willful or unreasonable neglect, fails to heed or comply with notices given him.

I hereby certify that I am the owner of the subject property, or I have been authorized by the owner(s) of the subject property to represent this application and that I have read and examined the application and know the same to be true and correct. All provisions of laws and ordinances governing this type of work will be met whether specified herein or not. The granting of a permit does not presume to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of any other state or local law regulating construction of the performance of construction.

Signature of Owner/Authorized Agent	Date

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

# CITY OF MERCER ISLAND

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9611 SE 36TH STREET | MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040

PHONE: 206.275.7605 | www.mercerisland.gov

Inspection Requests: Online: <u>www.mybuildingpermit.com</u> VM: 206.275.7730



# NON-DEVELOPMENT TREE PERMIT APPLICATION SUBMITTAL GUIDE

Protecting, enhancing, and maintaining trees are key community values on Mercer Island. Removal of a tree that is not related to development (construction), requires a permit if the tree(s) to be removed

- a. Have a diameter of 10 inches or more, measured at 4.5 feet above the ground
- **b.** Are "exceptional", refer to definition on page 6, or
- **c.** Are located in a critical area<sup>1</sup>.

Trees that do not meet this standard (i.e., are less than 10" in diameter, etc.), do not require a permit prior to removal. To maintain tree coverage, replacement trees are also required for trees that are removed.

### **HOW DO I GET A TREE PERMIT?**

Removal of trees that are 10" or greater in diameter but are **not** exceptional or located in a critical area<sup>1</sup> require a tree permit application. Simply fill out the tree permit application (found on page 2), making sure to include a site plan with the location(s) of the trees to be removed and where replacement trees will be replanted.

In critical areas<sup>1</sup>, removal of trees that are 10" or greater in diameter or **are** exceptional will require a tree permit application and additional plan review. The completed application and site plan can be submitted at the permit counter. Site plans need to include location of trees to be removed and where replacement trees will be planted. Target times for tree permits that require plan review is typically two weeks. These permits usually require signature of a hold harmless/indemnification agreement. For more information on how to determine whether a tree is located in a critical area or is, considered exceptional refer to pages 5 and 6.

#### WHAT IF MY TREE IS A HAZARD?

Trees that pose an imminent threat to life or property, such as tree limbs or trunks that are demonstrably cracked, leaning toward overhead utility lines or structures, or are uprooted by flooding, heavy winds, or storm events, still require a permit. If you have a hazard tree that needs to be removed immediately, please call us, 206-275-7605, and let us know that you will be removing the hazard tree. Take photos that depict the nature of the hazard.

After the tree is removed <u>a permit must be applied for within 14 days</u> and include documentation of the hazard, either with a report from a qualified arborist or photographs. Hazard trees that are removed will still need to meet the replanting requirements.

#### DO I NEED A PERMIT IF I WANT TO TRIM MY TREES?

Pruning or trimming of trees up to a maximum of 25% of the total leaf area through crown thinning, crown cleaning, windowing or crown raising does not require a tree permit, unless in a critical area. Crown topping or any other trimming or pruning that is likely to result in the death or significant damage to the tree is not allowed. Trimming of trees in the right of way is not allowed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

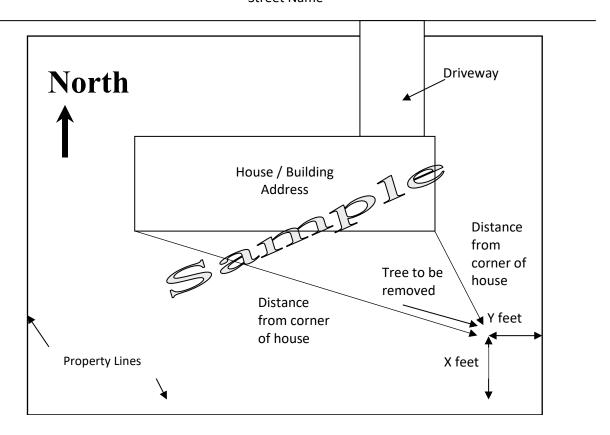
# **REQUIRED INFORMATION:**

- 1. Applicant Name
- 2. Street Address
- 3. Tax Parcel Number
- 4. North Arrow
- 5. Approximate location and dimensions of existing buildings, driveways
- 6. Approximate location of trees to be removed (please include distance from at least two property lines and two building corners- see drawing)
- 7. Approximate location of any critical areas. Refer to page 5 for information on how to determine this.
- 8. Number each tree, show diameter (inches at 4.5' above ground) and species
- 9. Locations of proposed replacement trees

# **INFORMATIONAL ONLY**

Applicant needs to provide site plan specific to parcel. This drawing will not be accepted.

Street Name



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

#### **HOW DO I MEASURE THE DIAMETER OF A TREE?**

Measure the circumference of the tree (the distance all the way around the trunk) at 4.5 feet above the ground and then convert the circumference to diameter. (Diameter = Circumference  $\div$  3.14)

# **HOW MANY TREES WILL I HAVE TO REPLANT?**

When trees are cut, replacement trees will need to be planted. Replacements are determined by the diameter of the trees that are removed.

Tree Replacement Ratios		
Diameter of Removed Tree	Number of Replacement Trees Required	
Less than 10 inches* (see below)	1	
10 inches up to 24 inches	2	
24 inches up to 36 inches	3	
More than 36 inches and any exceptional tree(s)	6	

<sup>\*</sup>No replacement tree is needed if the tree fits all of the following;

Less than 10 inches in diameter, not an exceptional tree, and not a replacement tree from another tree permit. \* To ensure optimal planting conditions for tree survival, replacement trees should be planted in the wet season, October 1 - April 1.

Trees should be replaced with primary native species of the Pacific Northwest

Trees replaced need to meet these size requirements:

- a. Coniferous trees should be at least 6 feet tall
- b. Deciduous trees should have at least 1.5 inches in diameter at the base

If smaller trees are demonstrably more suited to the species, on site conditions, or neighborhood character the Land Use and Planning Division may authorize the planting of smaller sized replacement trees.

Planting of shrubs or bushes do not qualify as replacement of trees.

# **FEE-IN-LIEU**

If the Land Use and Planning Division determines that there is insufficient area to replant trees either on the site or in the adjacent public-right-of-way, the Land Use and Planning Division may authorize the payment of a fee-in-lieu.

The fee-in-lieu amount is based upon the expected tree replacement cost, including labor, materials, and maintenance for each replacement tree, and the Council of Tree and Landscape Appraisers Guide for Plant Appraisal.

# HOW DO I KNOW IF MY TREE IS LOCATED IN A CRITICAL AREA?

Click <u>here</u> to find out more information regarding whether your property has critical areas. Just type in your address in the upper left-hand corner of the map in the address box and you will see a map of your property and the surrounding area. Refer to the map legend for critical areas.

#### **HOW MANY TREES DO I HAVE TO RETAIN?**

If you are planning on developing (building or rebuilding) your property in the next five years, a minimum of 30% of the total trees with a diameter of 10" or greater and exceptional trees must be retained over a rolling five-year period.

**Please note:** If tree retention requirements are not met, development of the property may be delayed until compliance with tree retention requirements are met. A tree inventory prepared prior to removing any trees is a helpful way to know where your tree retention is.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

#### WHAT IS A TREE INVENTORY?

A tree inventory is a report compiled by a qualified arborist for your property that provides:

- a. Tree Species
- b. Size- including diameter and height
- c. Crown Width
- d. Overall Condition- including health and maintenance needs, overcrowding, possible problems, presence or absence of insects or diseases.
- e. Characters of the site such as soil type and condition, root space and safety should also be listed

#### **CHOOSING A QUALIFIED ARBORIST**

Hiring an arborist is a decision that should not be taken lightly. ISA certification indicates the individual has passed ISA's extensive examination on all aspects of tree care and maintenance. Hiring a qualified arborist is an investment in your property. Refer to the <u>ISA website</u> for more information. Qualified arborists as defined by Mercer Island City Code <u>19.16</u> have relevant education and training in arboriculture or urban forestry, having the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) Tree Risk Assessment Qualification and at least one (1) of the following credentials:

- a. ISA Certified Arborist;
- b. ISA Certified Arborist Municipal Specialist;
- c. ISA Board Certified Master Arborist;
- d. American Society of Consulting Arborists (ASCA) registered Consulting Arborist;
- e. Society of American Foresters (SAF) Certified Forester for Forest Management Plans;

# WHAT ARE EXCEPTIONAL TREES?

An exceptional tree is a tree that is rare or exceptional by virtue of its size, species, condition, cultural/historical importance, age, and/or contribution as part of a tree grove. They have a diameter of more than 36 inches, or with a diameter that is equal to or greater than the diameter for the species listed in the following Exceptional Tree List.

#### **EXCEPTIONAL TREE TABLE**

NATIVE SPECIES			
Species	Threshold Diameter	Species	Threshold Diameter
Big Leaf MAPLE (Acer macrophyllum)	2 ft 6 in	Pacific YEW (Taxus brevifolia)	6 in
Black HAWTHORN (Crataegus douglasii)	6 in	Paper BIRCH (Betula papyrifera)	1 ft 8 in
CASCARA (Rhamnus purshiana)	8 in	Quaking ASPEN (Populus tremuloides)	1 ft
Douglas FIR (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	2 ft 6 in	Shore PINE (Pinus contorta 'contorta')	1 ft
Dwarf or Rocky Mountain MAPLE (Acer glabrum var. Douglasii)	6 in	Sitka SPRUCE (Picea sitchensis)	6 in
Grand FIR (Abies grandis)	2 ft	Vine MAPLE (Acer circinatum)	8 in
Lodgepole PINE (Pinus contorta)	6 in	Western HEMLOCK (Tsuga heterophylla)	2 ft
MADRONA (Arbutus menziesii)	6 in	Western Red CEDAR (Thuja plicata)	2 ft 6 in
Oregon ASH (Fraxinus latifolia)	2 ft	Western SERVICEBERRY (Amelanchier alnifolia)	6 in
Oregon White or Garry OAK (Quercus garryana)	6 in	Western White PINE (Pinus monticola)	2 ft
Pacific CRABAPPLE (Malus fusca)	1 ft	WILLOW (All native species) — Salix sp. (Geyeriana ver meleina, eriocephala ssp. mackenzieana, Hookeriana, Piperi, Scouleriana, sitchensis)	8 in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Critical areas include steep slopes, wetlands and buffers, water courses and buffers, and bald eagles nest buffers.

Pacific DOGWOOD — Cornus nuttallii	6 in		
NON-NATIVE SPECIES			
Species	Threshold Diameter	Species	Threshold Diameter
American ELM (Ulmus americana)	2 ft 6 in	Japanese SNOWBELL (Styrax japonica)	1 ft
American SWEETGUM	2ft 3in	KATSURA (Cercidiphyllum japonicum)	2 ft 6 in
(Liquidambar styraciflua)			
Atlas CEDAR (Cedrus atlantica)	2 ft 6 in	Kousa DOGWOOD (Cornus kousa)	1 ft
Austrian Black PINE (Pinus nigra)	2 ft	Lawson CYPRESS	2 ft 6 in
		(Chamaecyparis lawsoniana)	
Callery PEAR (Pyrus calleryana)	1 ft 1 in	Littleleaf LINDEN (Tilia cordata)	2 ft 6 in
Coastal REDWOOD	2 ft 6 in	London PLANE (Platanus acerifolia)	2 ft 6 in
(Sequoia sempervirens)			
Common HAWTHORN	1 ft 4 in	MONKEY PUZZLE TREE	1 ft 10 in
(Crataegus laevigata)		(Araucaria Araucana)	
Deodor CEDAR (Cedrus deodara)	2 ft 6 in	MOUNTAIN-ASH (Sorbus aucuparia)	2 ft 5 in
Eastern DOGWOOD (Cornus florida)	1 ft	Orchard (Common) APPLE (Malus sp.)	1 ft 8 in
English ELM (Ulmus procera)	2 ft 6 in	Paperbark MAPLE (Acer griseum)	1 ft
European ASH (Fraxinus excelsior)	1 ft 10 in	Pin OAK (Quercus palustris)	2 ft 6 in
European BEECH (Fagus sylvatica)	2 ft 6 in	Ponderosa PINE (Pinus ponderosa)	2 ft 6 in
European HORNBEAM	1 ft 4 in	Raywood ASH (Fraxinus oxycarpa)	2 ft
(Carpinus betulus)			
European White BIRCH	2 ft	Red MAPLE (Acer rubrum)	2 ft 1 in
(Betula pendula)			
Flowering CHERRY	1 ft 11 in	Red OAK (Quercus rubra)	2 ft 6 in
(Prunus sp. (serrula, serrulata,			
sargentii, subhirtella, yedoensis)			
Flowering PLUM (Prunus cerasifera)	1 ft 9 in	Scot's PINE (Pinus sylvestris)	2 ft
Giant SEQUOIA	2 ft 6 in	Southern MAGNOLIA	1 ft 4 in
(Sequoiadendron giganteum)		(Magnolia grandiflora)	
GINGKO (Ginkgo biloba)	2 ft	Sugar MAPLE (Acer saccharum)	2 ft 6 in
Green ASH (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	2 ft 6 in	Sycamore MAPLE (Acer pseudoplatanus)	2 ft
Honey LOCUST (Gleditsia triancanthos)	1 ft 8 in	TULIP TREE (Liriodendron tulipifera)	2 ft 6 in
Incense CEDAR (Calocedrus decurrens)	2 ft 6 in	Washington HAWTHORN	9 in
		(Crataegus phaenopyrum)	
Japanese MAPLE (Acer palmatum)	1 ft	WILLOW (All nonnative species)	2 ft