CITY OF MERCER ISLAND

9611 SE 36th Street Mercer Island, WA 98040



SEWER SCADA SYSTEMS REPLACEMENT BID SET

Project Number: 153585

Bid Number: 22-31

VOLUME 1 OF 2
CONTRACT DOCUMENTS
September 2022



701 Pike Street Suite 1200 Seattle, WA 98101 This Page Intentionally Left Blank.

FOREWORD

THE ITEMS WHICH MAKE UP THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

DIVISION 0

NOTICES, BIDDING REQUIREMENTS, AND AGREEMENT FORMS

Notices, Bidding Requirements, and Agreement Forms have been copied and bound together with the remainder of the Contract Documents to facilitate the bidder's submittal of this proposal and other required documents.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

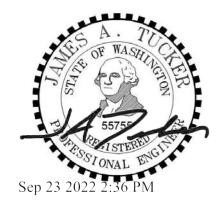
DRAWINGS (Bound Separately)

The Project Manual for the Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project for the City of Mercer Island has been prepared under the direction of the following Registered Professional Engineers.



Sep 26 2022 8:07 AM

Caitlin Bliesner Divisions 01 and 40



Drew Tucker Division 26

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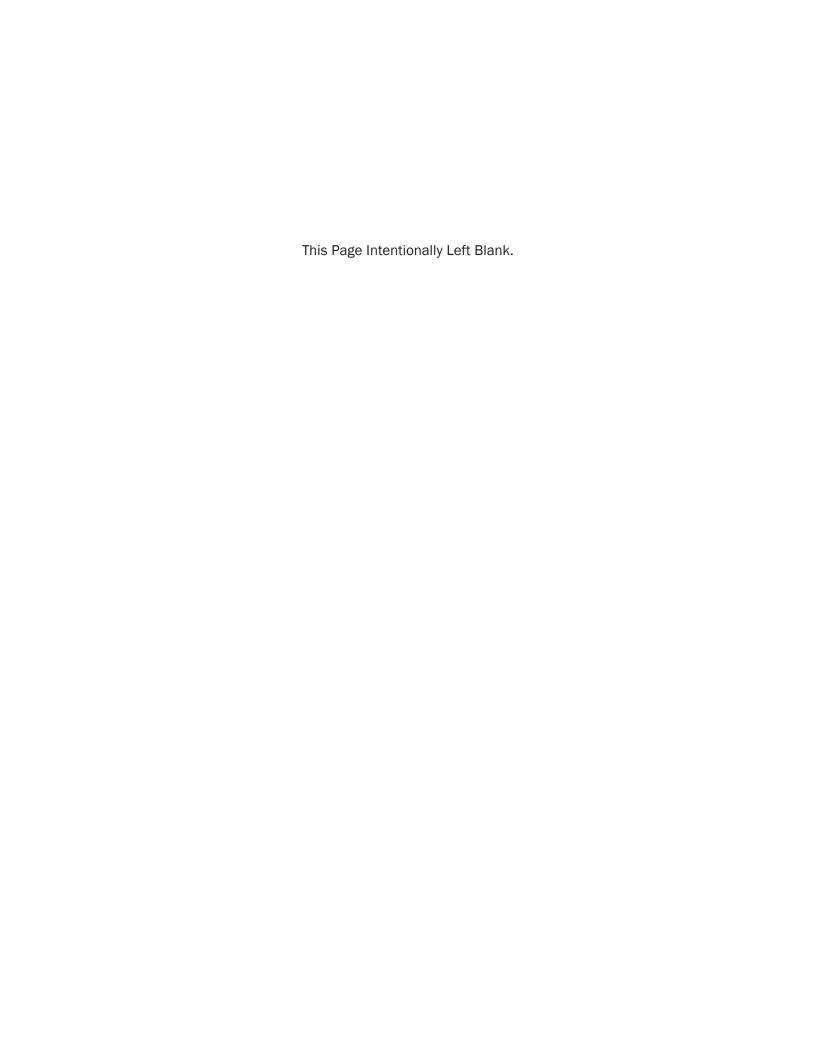
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VOLUME 2 OF 2 - DRAWINGS (Bound Separately)

NOTICES



Advertisement for Bids City of Mercer Island

Project Title: Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement

Bid No.: 22-31

Engineers Estimated Cost (range): \$2,168,000 - \$3,060,000

Sealed bids will be <u>received</u>, not sent, electronically by the City until **2:00 PM on October 21, 2022**. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the temporary closure of the City Hall building, bidders shall submit bids in PDF format to the Public Works email address at: publicworks@mercerisland.gov. There will be no public bid opening for this project; bid results will be posted on the City's web page at: https://www.mercerisland.gov/rfps.

Bidder questions are to be directed to Samantha Brittain, Brown and Caldwell, by email only at sbrittain@brwncald.com. The City will receive questions until **5:00 PM on October 7, 2022**. Questions received after this date will not be answered. All questions and responses will be posted in an addendum by **October 13, 2022**, to the Builders Exchange site.

Work to be performed under this contract, includes, but is not limited to: furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials necessary in upgrading the City's supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) equipment at seventeen (17) remote sewer pump station sites. This will consist of programmable logic controller (PLC) panel replacement, instrument demolition and replacement, go/nogo panel installation, generator monitoring improvements, field testing and commissioning services for the new control system equipment, all associated electrical work, and training. The remote sewer pump station sites include the following, as indicated on the Contract drawings:

- 1. Pump Station 1
- 2. Pump Station 4
- 3. Pump Station 10
- 4. Flush Station 12
- 5. Pump Station 13
- 6. Pump Station 14
- 7. Pump Station 15
- 8. Pump Station 16
- 9. Pump Station 17
- 10. Pump Station 18
- 11. Pump Station 19
- 12. Pump Station 20
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- 14. Pump Station 22
- 15. Pump Station 23
- 16. Pump Station 24
- 17. Pump Station 25

The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive minor irregularities.

Plans, specifications, addenda, and bidders list are available on-line through Builders Exchange of Washington, Inc. at http://www.bxwa.com. Click on "Posted Projects", "Public Works", "City of Mercer Island", "Projects Bidding". Builders Exchange manages the official bidders list. Bidders are encouraged to register in order to receive automatic email notification of future addenda and to be placed on the official bidders list.

Plans and specifications are also available at the City of Mercer Island website https://www.mercerisland.gov/rfps. Addenda may not be available or updated on this website.

A bid deposit in the amount of five percent (5%) of the bid total price must accompany each bid.

The City of Mercer Island, in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. 2000d to 2000d-4 and Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the Department of Transportation issued pursuant to such Act, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises as defined at 49 CFR Part 23 will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, national origin, or sex in consideration for an award.

Andrea Larson, City Clerk

Published: Seattle Daily Journal of Commerce – September 26, 2022, October 3, 2022, October 10, 2022, and October 17, 2022

City of Mercer Island Instructions to Bidders

1. ELIGIBILITY TO BID:

It is the intent of the City to award a contract to the low responsible bidder. Before award, the bidder must meet the following bidder responsibility criteria to be considered a responsible bidder. To be eligible to bid, each Bidder must, at the time of the bid submittal:

- A. Have a current certificate of registration as a contractor in compliance with chapter 18.27 RCW; and
- B. Have a current Washington Unified Business Identifier (UBI) number; and
- C. If applicable:
 - i. Have Industrial Insurance (workers' compensation) coverage for the bidder's employees working in Washington, as required in Title 51 RCW; and
 - ii. Have a Washington Employment Security Department number, as required in Title 50 RCW; and
 - iii. Have a Washington Department of Revenue state excise tax registration number, as required in Title 82 RCW; and
 - iv. Have an electrical contractor license, if required by Chapter 19.28 RCW; and
 - v. Have an elevator contractor license, if required by Chapter 70.87 RCW; and
- D. Not be disqualified from bidding on any public works contract under RCW 39.06.010 or 39.12.065(3); and
- E. Completed the L&I online training or meet the prior experience requirements in RCW 39.04.350(1)(f); and
- F. Within the three-year period immediately preceding the date of the bid solicitation, not have been determined by a final and binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the department of labor and industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court of limited or general jurisdiction to have willfully violated, as defined in RCW 49.48.082, any provision of chapter 49.46, 49.48 or 49.52 RCW; and
- G. Have a minimum of five (5) years of documented company experience for projects of similar scope, size, and complexity.

A contract shall only be awarded to a Bidder that demonstrates to the City's satisfaction that the Bidder is qualified to perform the Work and is, therefore, a responsible bidder.

2. SUBCONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY CRITERIA:

The Bidder must verify responsibility criteria for each first-tier subcontractor, and each subcontractor of any tier that hires other subcontractors must verify responsibility criteria for each of its subcontractors. Upon request of the City the Bidder shall promptly provide documentation to the City demonstrating that the subcontractor(s) meets the subcontractor responsibility criteria below. The requirements of this section apply to all subcontractors regardless of tier.

At the time of subcontract execution, the Bidder shall verify that each of its first-tier subcontractors meets the following bidder responsibility criteria:

- A. Have a current certificate of registration in compliance with chapter 18.27 RCW; and
- B. Have a current Washington Unified Business Identifier (UBI) number; and
- C. If applicable:
 - Have Industrial Insurance (workers' compensation) coverage for the subcontractor's employees working in Washington, as required in Title 51 RCW; and
 - ii. Have a Washington Employment Security Department number, as required in Title 50 RCW; and
 - iii. Have a Washington Department of Revenue state excise tax registration number as required in Title 82 RCW; and
 - iv. Have an electrical contractor license, if required by Chapter 19.28 RCW; and
 - v. Have an elevator contractor license, if required by Chapter 70.87 RCW; and
- D. Not be disqualified from bidding on any public works contract under RCW 39.06.010 or 39.12.065 (3); and
- E. Not be disqualified or debarred or ineligible to be awarded contracts for which Federal funds have been requested or received; and
- F. Completed the L&I online training or meet the prior experience requirements in RCW 39.04.350(1)(f); and
- G. Key personnel must hold an appropriate license in the applicable discipline.

3. EXAMINATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND SITE:

Each bidder is instructed to examine the Plans, Specifications, Addenda, the site of the proposed improvements, and conduct any other examination and investigation which the bidder may desire to make as to the accuracy of the nature of the work and the difficulties to be encountered. The Bidder shall be responsible for all costs associated with these additional examinations including all restoration work and damages which may be a result of such investigation. Bidders shall consider Federal, State, and local laws and regulations that may affect cost, progress, or performance of the work.

4. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

All questions about the meaning or intent of the Contract Documents are to be directed to Samantha Brittain, Brown and Caldwell, in writing by email only at sbrittain@brwncald.com. No telephone questions will be accepted or considered. Bidders should include a reference to the specific Specification Section and paragraph number and/or Drawing number in the Contract Documents and should quote the passage being questioned.

The City will receive questions until **5:00pm on October 7, 2022**. Questions received after this date will not be answered. All questions and responses will be posted by **October 13, 2022** to the Builders Exchange site. The City will delete bidder names from the text of question(s) and answers being sent.

Interpretations or clarifications considered necessary by the City in response to such questions will be issued by Addenda mailed or delivered to all parties recorded by the Engineer or City as having received the Contract Documents. Only questions answered by formal written Addenda will be binding. Oral and other interpretations or clarifications will be without legal effect.

5. WAGES:

This Contract is subject to Chapters 39.12 and 49.28 RCW, amendments thereto and regulations issued thereunder, relating to prevailing wages, benefits and other requirements. Bidders shall examine and be familiar with such requirements. No claim for additional compensation will be allowed which is based upon a lack of knowledge or a misunderstanding of any such requirements by the Bidder or a failure to include in Bidder's price adequate increases in such wages during the performance of this Contract. Current prevailing wage rates for King County can be obtained from the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries at https://lni.wa.gov/licensing-permits/public-works-projects/prevailing-wage-rates/.

If this Contract is for a project that receives Federal funds, the labor and wage and benefits standards in 29 CFR part 5 may also apply, so Bidders shall examine and be familiar with such requirements.

6. PROGRESS AND COMPLETION:

Time is of the essence for this Project. Progress and completion of the Work shall comply with all requirements herein, and intermediate and final completion dates as may be set forth in the specifications. The submission of a bid constitutes the Bidder's acknowledgement that such progress and completion requirements have been taken into account in formulating a price for this Work.

7. <u>PREVENTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC NATURAL RESOURCES</u>:

If awarded the Contract, the Bidder shall fully comply with all such environmental protection laws, ordinances and regulations dealing with prevention and environmental pollution and the preservation of public natural resources that may be applicable to this Project. The cost of such compliance shall be included in the bid prices.

8. BID FORM:

The Bid Form is included in the Contract Documents. The Bid Form must be completed in ink. Bids that contain omissions, erasures or irregularities of any kind may be rejected. Any qualification, addition, limitation or provision attached to or contained in a bid may render the bid non-responsive and not eligible for award. No oral, facsimile, telegraphic or telephonic bids or modifications will be considered.

All bids shall be signed by the Bidder, or the Bidder's authorized representative. If the bid is made:

- A. By an individual, the Bidder's name, signature, and address must be shown;
- B. By a partnership or joint venture, it shall contain the names of each partner, the mailing address of the partnership or joint venture and shall be signed in the firm name, followed by the signature of the person signing, indicating that person's position in the partnership or joint venture;
- C. By a corporation or limited liability company ("LLC"), the name of the state under the laws of which the corporation or LLC is chartered, the name and post office address of the corporation or LLC and the title of the person who signs on behalf of the corporation or LLC must be shown.

Upon the City's request, the Bidder shall provide copies of the articles of incorporation, bylaws, resolutions of board of directors, partnership papers, joint venture agreements, and any other documents evidencing the legal status of the Bidder and the authority of the Bidder's officer or representative who signed the bid on behalf of the Bidder.

The City is not responsible for any cost incurred in responding to this Call for Bids.

9. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF ADDENDA:

Each Bidder shall include on the Bid Form specific acknowledgment of receipt of each Addendum issued by the City during the bidding period. If the Bidder does not specifically acknowledge each addendum, the City may reject the bid as non- responsive unless the City determines from delivery records or from inclusion of information in the bid of information contained in the addenda that the Bidder received constructive notice of the addenda.

10. BID SECURITY:

The Bid shall be accompanied by a bid deposit in the amount equal to at least 5% of the Total Bid Price. The bid deposit shall be in one of the following formats and made payable to the City:

- A. A bid guaranty bond, in accordance with and using a form acceptable to the City which contains provisions substantially similar to those in the bid bond form included with the Contract Documents, duly completed by a guaranty company authorized to carry on business in the state of Washington; or
- B. A postal money order, a certified check, or cashier's check drawn upon a banking institution with a branch office in the state of Washington.

The surety signing the bid guaranty bond shall be registered with the Washington State Insurance Commissioner, and the surety's name shall appear in the current Authorized Insurance Company List in the State of Washington published by the Office of the Insurance Commissioner. A Power of Attorney must accompany the bid guaranty bond and must appoint the surety's true and lawful attorney-in-fact to make, execute, seal and deliver the bid guarantee bond. Failure to submit the required bid security with the Bid shall render the bid non-responsive and the Bid shall be rejected.

11. NON-COLLUSION:

Each bid shall be accompanied by a signed Non-Collusion Declaration in accordance with, and using the form provided by the City. Failure to submit a signed Declaration with the Bid shall render the bid non-responsive and the Bid shall be rejected.

More than one Bid from an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, or association under the same or different names will not be considered. If the City believes that any Bidder is interested in more than one Bid for the work contemplated, all Bids in which such Bidder is interested will be rejected. If the City believes that collusion exists among the Bidders, all Bids will be rejected.

12. DELIVERY OF BID:

Each Bid shall be submitted in PDF format via electronic transmission to the Public Works email address at: publicworks@mercerisland.gov. The City will not consider bids received after the time fixed for opening bids in the Advertisement for Bids. A Bid is deemed submitted as evidenced by the receipt date and time shown in the source code of the email received by the City's computer system. Contractors accept all risk of late delivery, regardless of fault. Any submittal received after the due date and time shall be deemed non-responsive and will eliminate their Bid from any further consideration. All respondents will receive an email confirmation within the next business day indicating their submittal has been successfully received.

The submission of a Bid will constitute an incontrovertible representation by the Bidder that the Bidder has complied with every requirement of these instructions, that without exception the Bid is premised upon performing the work required by the Contract Documents and such means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures of construction as may be indicated in or required by the Contract Documents, and that the Contract Documents are sufficient in scope and detail to indicate and convey understanding of all terms and conditions for performance of the work.

13. MODIFICATION OF BID:

A modification of a Bid will be considered only if the modification is received prior to the time announced for the opening of Bids. All modifications shall be made in writing executed and submitted in the same form and manner as the original Bid.

14. RETURN OF BID SECURITY:

After the bid prices have been compared, the City may return the bid security if, in the City's judgment, the Bidder would not be considered for award. All other Proposal Guarantees will be held until the Contract and the Performance Bond of the successful bidder have been executed.

15. EVALUATION OF BIDS AND BID ERRORS:

After opening the Bids, the City will check them for correctness of extensions of the prices per unit and the total price. If a discrepancy exists between the price per unit and the extended amount of any bid item, the price per unit will control. The total of extensions, corrected where necessary, will be used by the City for award purposes.

Irregular Bids:

- A. A Bid will be considered irregular and will be rejected if:
 - The authorized Bid Form furnished by the City is not used or is materially altered;
 - ii. The completed Bid Form contains any unauthorized additions, deletions, alternate bids, or conditions;
 - iii. The bidder adds provisions reserving the right to reject or accept the Award, or enter into the Contract;
 - iv. A price per unit cannot be determined from the Bid Form;
 - v. The Bid Form is not properly executed;
 - vi. An executed non-collusion certificate is not provided; or
 - vii. Proper bid security does not accompany the Bid.
- B. A Bid may be considered irregular and may be rejected if:
 - i. The Bid Form does not include a unit price for every Bid item;
 - ii. Any of the unit prices are excessively unbalanced (either above or below the amount of a reasonable Bid) to the potential detriment of the City;
 - iii. Receipt of Addenda is not acknowledged;
 - iv. A member of a joint venture or partnership and the joint venture or partnership submit Bid Forms for the same project (in such an instance, both Bids may be rejected); or
 - v. If Bid Form entries are not made in ink.

Bids will be evaluated by the City to determine which bid is the apparent lowest, responsive bid.

Bid results will be posted on the City's website at https://www.mercerisland.gov/rfps.

The City, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to waive minor bid errors, informalities, and immaterial irregularities when it is in the City's best interest to do so.

16. EVALUATION OF BIDDER RESPONSIBILITY:

A Contract shall only be awarded to a Bidder that demonstrates to the City's satisfaction that the Bidder is qualified to perform the Work and is, therefore, a responsible bidder.

- A. Bidder Responsibility Criteria. To be determined responsible, the Bidder must, in addition to satisfying the bidder responsibility criteria listed in Section 1. ELIGIBILITY TO BID above:
 - i. Have adequate financial resources to perform the contract, or the ability to obtain them;
 - ii. Have a satisfactory performance record;
 - iii. Have a satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics;
 - iv. Have the necessary production, construction, and technical equipment and facilities or the ability to obtain them;
 - v. Be otherwise qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations;
 - vi. Be in compliance with training requirements in RCW 39.04.350(1)(f); and
 - vii. Provide a statement in accordance with RCW 9A.72.085 verifying compliance with responsible bidder criteria requirement of RCW 39.04.350(1)(g).
- B. Reference Checking. To assist the City in the review of the Bidder's qualifications, the Bidder shall, within five (5) days of being requested to do so by the City, provide the following information:
 - i. Past Experience in Similar Projects. Provide a list of all construction contracts (whether completed or in progress) entered into or performed by the Bidder within the past five (5) years for projects similar in scope, time and complexity to the work called for under this Contract. Provide the names of the contracts, the total contract price, the name of the foreman, systems integrator, and process control system (PCS) testing manager, the foreman's previous project experience as a foreman on 3 similar construction contracts, the system integrator's previous 3 year experience working Siemens SIMATIC ET200SP, the PCS testing manager's previous 3 year experience managing testing and startup of similar electrical and instrumentation control systems, and the names and phone numbers of the owners.
 - ii. References. Provide a list of five (5) references. References will be asked to rate performance on the following items: overall impression of the company; firm experience and technical knowledge; experience and quality of work; effective coordination of subcontractors; ability to coordinate and work with utility companies and governmental entities; responsiveness to owner requests; attention to safety; quality and timeliness of submittals, change order proposals, project schedule, schedule updates and other applicable paperwork.

iii. Systems Integrator Qualifications. The bidder shall list as part of its Bid either itself or the name of the subcontractor for performance of the work of Systems Integrator specified in Division 40, and meeting the qualifications specified in Section 40 61 13. The City may request references for the Systems Integrator.

If the Bidder is a joint venture, the Bidder shall submit information for the joint venture if the members have worked together in the past and also information about each member of the joint venture. The Joint Venture Agreement shall be included in the submission.

If the Bidder fails to supply information requested concerning responsibility within the time and the manner specified, the City may base its determination of responsibility upon any available information related to the responsibility criteria or may find the Bidder is not responsible.

The City reserves the right to inspect records, reports and other information which may be maintained by or for the Bidder to the extent necessary, as determined by the City to verify, clarify or otherwise consider the information provided by the Bidder.

17. DETERMINATION OF NON-RESPONSIBILITY:

If the City determines a Bidder to be not responsible, the City will provide, in writing, the reasons for the determination. The Bidder may appeal the determination within ten (10) days of its receipt of the City's determination of non-responsibility by presenting additional information to the City. The City shall consider the additional information before issuing its final determination. If the City's final determination affirms that the Bidder is not responsible, the City shall not execute a contract with any other bidder until two (2) business days after the Bidder determined to be not responsible has received the final determination.

18. <u>CONTRACT AWARD</u>:

If a Contract is awarded, the City will award the contract to the responsible bidder that submits the lowest total responsive bid for the schedule(s) selected by City after bid opening and prior to award.

If the Contract is to be awarded, City will give the successful Bidder a Notice of Award within sixty (60) days after the day of the Bid opening. No other act of the City or others will constitute acceptance of a Bid.

The City reserves the right to request bidders to extend the effective period of their bids.

19. REJECTION OF ALL BIDS:

The City reserves the right to reject any or all Bids at any time up to actual execution of the Public Works Contract, even if there has been an award of the Contract.

Any or all Bids will be rejected if the City has reason to believe that collusion exists among the Bidders.

20. EXECUTION OF PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACT:

The Bidder to whom award is made shall execute a written Public Works Contract with the City on the form provided, including any Addenda and any other Exhibits attached thereto, shall secure all insurance, and shall furnish all certificates, endorsements and bonds required by the Contract Documents within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the forms from the City. Failure or refusal to execute the Public Works Contract, including any Addenda and any other Exhibits attached thereto, as herein provided or to conform to any of the stipulated requirements in connection therewith shall be just cause for annulment of the award and forfeiture of the Bid security. If the lowest responsive, responsible Bidder refuses or fails to execute the Public Works Contract, including any Addenda and any other Exhibits attached thereto, the City may award the Contract to the second lowest responsive, responsible Bidder. If the second lowest responsive, responsible Bidder refuses or fails to execute the Public Works Contract, including any Addenda and any other Exhibits attached thereto, the City may award the contract to the third lowest responsive, responsible Bidder. On the failure or refusal of such second or third lowest Bidder to execute the Agreement, including any Addenda and any other Exhibits attached thereto, each such Bidder's Bid securities shall be likewise forfeited to the City.

21. BID PROTEST PROCEDURES:

- A. <u>Form of Protest</u>. In order to be considered, a Protest shall be in writing, addressed and delivered to the attention of the project manager at the City of Mercer Island, 9611 SE 36th Street, Mercer Island, Washington 98040. The Protest shall include the following:
 - i. The name, address, and phone number of the Bidder protesting, or the authorized representative of the Bidder;
 - ii. A complete, detailed statement of all grounds for protest, supporting authority, and any supporting documentation. Supplemental information will not be considered unless the supplementation contains information not available at the time of protest;
 - iii. The specific ruling or relief requested; and
 - iv. Evidence that all persons with a financial interest in the procurement have been given notice of the Protest or if such persons are unknown, a statement to that effect.

B. Who May Protest:

- i. Protests based on specifications: Any prospective Bidder.
- ii. Protests following Bid opening: Any Bidder with a substantial financial interest in the award of a Contract.

C. Time to Protest:

- i. Protests based on specifications or other terms in the Contract Documents must be received by the City no later than ten (10) calendar days prior to the date established for submittal of Bids.
- ii. The City must receive protests based on other circumstances within five (5) calendar days after the bids are opened and publicly read.
- iii. In no event shall a Protest be considered if all bids are rejected or after execution of the Contract.

- D. <u>Determination of Protest</u>. Upon receipt of a timely written Protest, the City shall investigate the Protest and shall respond in writing to the Protest prior to the award of Contract. If protest is submitted in accordance with the procedures set forth above, the City will not execute a contract any sooner than two (2) business days after the City's decision on the Protest.
- E. <u>Failure to Comply</u>. Failure to comply with the procedures set forth herein may render a Protest untimely or inadequate and may result in rejection thereof by the City.
- F. <u>Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies</u>. By submitting a bid, the Bidder agrees the Bidder's compliance with the protest procedures set forth herein are a mandatory condition precedent to the Bidder initiating a lawsuit against the City.
- G. <u>Venue</u>. By submitting a bid, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees that a lawsuit or action related to or arising out of this procurement shall be brought in the Superior Court of King County, Washington.

Bidder's Checklist

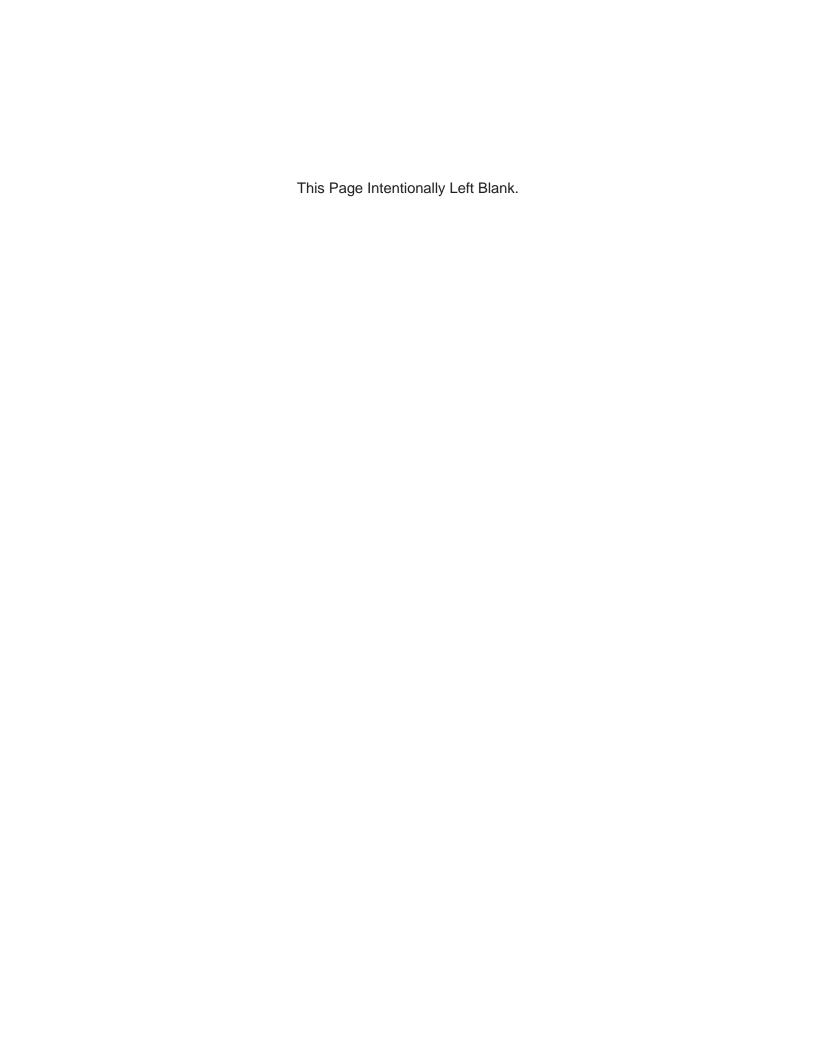
ALL BIDDERS must properly complete, execute and submit the following with their bids:

- 1. NON-COLLUSION DECLARATION: Failure to submit the certificate shall make the bid non-responsive and not eligible for award.
- 2. BID FORM: Bidders must bid on all items contained in the Bid Form and the Form must be signed. The omission or deletion of any bid item may render the bid non-responsive and result in the rejection of the bid. Bidders are reminded to comply with RCW 39.30.060.
- 3. CONTRACTOR DECLARATION PURSUANT TO RCW 39.04.350(2): Failure to submit the declaration shall make the bid non-responsive and not eligible for award.
- 4. BID GUARANTY BOND: Failure to furnish a bid deposit of a minimum of five percent (5%) shall make the bid non-responsive and not eligible for award.
- 5. BIDDERS QUALIFICATION CERTIFICATE: To be completed and signed. The City reserves the right to check all statements and to judge the adequacy of the bidder's qualifications.

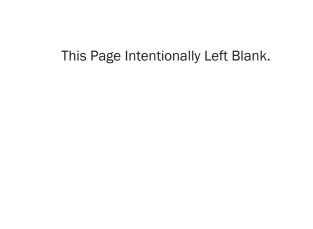
To assist the City in the review of the responsible Bidder's qualifications, the Bidder(s) shall, within five (5) days of being requested to do so by the City, provide the information required in Evaluation of Bidder Responsibility of the Instructions to Bidders, including a statement in accordance with RCW 9A.72.085 verifying compliance with responsible bidder criteria requirement of RCW 39.04.350(1)(g).

The **SUCCESSFUL BIDDER** shall properly complete, execute (as required) and submit the following after receiving notice of the award of the Project.

- 1. Public Works Contract,
- 2. Performance Bond,
- 3. Payment Bond,
- 4. Certificate of Insurance,
- 5. Retainage Agreement,
- 6. Statement of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages,
- 7. Other documents requested by City.



BIDDING REQUIREMENTS



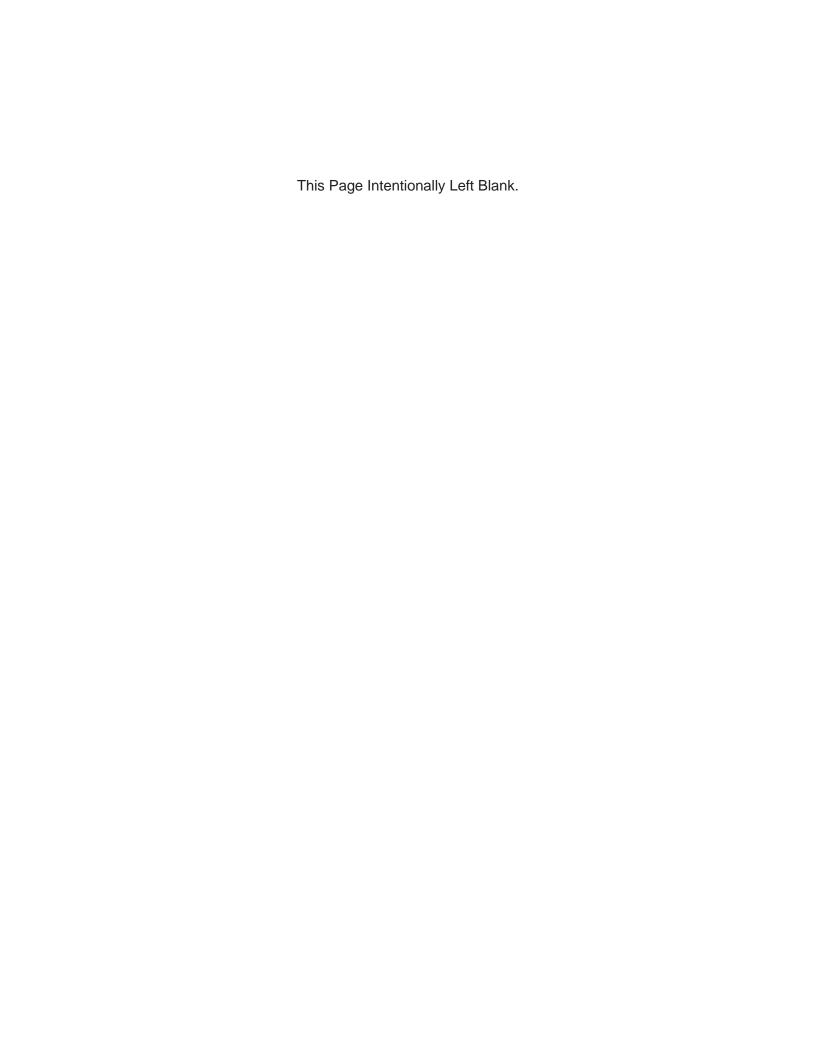
Bidder's Qualification Certificate

The undersigned hereby certifies	and submits the following:		
Company Name			
Address			
-			
Owner Name			
Contact Person			
Contact Person's Title			
Phone			
E-mail			
Washington State Contractor R	egistration #		
Washington State Unified Busin	ness Identifier (UBI) #		
Federal Tax ID #			
City of Mercer Island Business L (required prior to award of con			
		Yes or No	Account / Registration Number (as applicable)
Does the contractor have indus employees working in Washing	trial insurance coverage for its ton as required by Title 51 RCW?		
Does the contractor have a Wanumber as required by Title 82	shington State excise tax registration RCW?	on 	
Does the contractor have a Wa Department number as require	shington State Employment Securited by Title 50 RCW?		
Has the contractor been disqua contract under RCW 39.06.010	lified from bidding on any public w or 39.12.065(3)?	orks	
	ining on the requirements related rated rated rated rates.		
RCW 39.04.350(f) and chapter 3			
and industries?	quirement by the department of its		
	nmediately preceding the date of the been determined by a final and bin		
citation and notice of assessme	nt issued by the Department of Lal	oor	
or general jurisdiction to have v	I judgment entered by a court of lir willfully violated, as defined in RCW opters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW?	1	
Ву:			
Signature Title	Prin Dat	t Name	

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Non-Collusion Declaration

Projec	ect Name: SEWER SCADA SYSTEMS REPLA	CEMENT
Bidde	ler/Contractor:	
I, the Sta	, declare under p State of Washington that the following statements	enalty of perjury under the laws of are true and correct:
1.	. I am the representative for the above-named, I am herein on its behalf.	bidder/contractor, and as its authorized to make the declaration
2.	 That the undersigned person(s), firm, association or corporation has (have) not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the project for which this proposal is submitted. 	
———Date	re and Place Sign	ature



BID FORM

(NOTE TO BIDDER: Th	his BID FORM shall be completed in ink o	r typewritten)
TO:	City of Mercer Island	
ADDRESS:	9611 SE 36 th Street Mercer Island, Washington 98040	
BID NO.:	22-31	
PROJECT TITLE:	SEWER SCADA SYSTEMS REPLACEMEN	NT
Bidder Declaration an	nd Understanding	
for the construction satisfied themselves conditions of work in materials, as included and to identify the quantities proposal is made which Documents are have exercised their cutilized all data, which	der hereby declares that they have carefice of the project, that they have personals as to the quantities involved, including the fact that the description of the project, including the fact that the description of the provisions and under the eaccording to the provisions and under the eaccording the interpretation of the proposal. The proposal is the provisions as the Bidder decording the investigations as the Bidder decording the project of the provisions as the Bidder decording the project of the provisions and the Bidder decording the project of the provisions and the Bidder decording the project of the provisions and the Bidder decording the project of the provisions and the Bidder decording the project of the provisions and the provisions are provided the provisions and the provisions and the provisions are provided the pr	Illy inspected the site, that they have ding materials and equipment, and cription of the quantities of work and indicate the general nature of the work of the Contract Documents, and that the terms of the Contract Documents, The Bidder further declares that they ion of subsurface information and has er, Owner, and other sources and have
established for this encourages participat	notified that no goal for disadvantaged b project. As part of the City's affirma tion of certified disadvantaged businesse ors as well as subcontractors on this proj	ative action effort, however, the City es and women business enterprises to
•	der hereby declares that Bidder has caref g addenda, receipt of all is hereby acknov	
Addendum Number		Date

Start of Construction and Contract Completion Time

The Bidder agrees that he/she will begin work within 10 calendar days of the Notice to Proceed, and Final Completion of the entire project will be achieved by the Final Completion Date (except for extensions of time granted in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions). The Bidder further agrees he/she will, if necessary, accelerate his work, provide additional workers and equipment, and expedite materials delivery to meet these dates, all at no additional expense to the OWNER.

By submitting this bid, the bidder agrees that, if award this contract, they will achieve Final Completion within **631 calendar days** from the Notice to Proceed and the Substantial Completion Date will be 30 calendar days prior to the Final Completion Date.

Project timeline and work limitations for this contract are:

- 1. Notice to Proceed with construction is anticipated by the week of January 9, 2023.
- 2. The project shall be substantially complete no later than September 30, 2024.
- 3. Refer to Section 01 12 16 Work Sequence and Constraints for additional information on project milestones, construction sequencing requirements, work restrictions, and constraints for the Work.

Lump Sum or Unit Price Work

The Bidder proposes to accept as full payment for the work proposed herein the amounts computed under the provisions of the Contract Documents and based on the following lump sum or unit price amounts, it being expressly understood that the unit prices are independent of the exact quantities involved. The Contractor shall be compensated for the actual unit quantities performed in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions set forth in theses Contract Documents. The Bidder agrees that the lump sum prices and the unit prices represent a true measure of the labor, services, and materials required to perform the work, including all allowances for Contractor-paid taxes, overhead, and profit for each type and unit of work, as well as any auxiliary costs associated with completing a unit of work called for in these Contract Documents. The City does not guarantee the quantities estimated for unit price items, nor does the City limit itself to the estimated number.

If any material, item, or service required by the Contract Documents has not been mentioned specifically, the same shall be furnished and placed with the understanding that the full cost to the Owner has been merged with the prices named in the Proposal.

To the extent possible, standard bid items have been utilized for the work listed in the Proposal. The Bidder is directed to review the Standard Specifications and the City of Mercer Island's Amendments (Special Provisions herein) for descriptions of bid item work, measurement, and payment.

Bid Schedule

Lump sum per site shall include the following:

- 1. The price to perform the general conditions and administrative work identified in Division 1 of the Contract Documents. To include, but not limited to the construction progress schedule, project meetings, construction facilities and temporary controls and traffic control.
- 2. The price to perform the electrical work identified in Section 26 05 00. Including, but not limited to trace existing electrical circuits, label or re-label external circuits, install and route conduit, pull and terminate cable, adding enclosure nameplate and warning signage, provide temporary power and control circuits, demolition of obsolete field wiring/raceway.
- 3. The price to perform the process control system work identified in Division 40. Including, but not limited to control panel work, instrumentation work, factory testing, field testing and commissioning in coordination with the Owner's Programmer, and control system hardware training.

Item No.	Specification Reference Number Classification of Unit Price Work	Quantity Unit	Unit Price	Amount
1	Pump Station 1	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
2	Pump Station 4	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
3	Pump Station 10	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
4	Flush Station 12	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
5	Pump Station 13	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
6	Pump Station 14	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
7	Pump Station 15	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
8	Pump Station 16	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
9	Pump Station 17	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
10	Pump Station 18	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
11	Pump Station 19	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
12	Pump Station 20	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
13	Pump Station 21	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
14	Pump Station 22	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
15	Pump Station 23	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
16	Pump Station 24	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
17	Pump Station 25	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$
18	Allowance to cover unforeseen items identified during construction.	1 Lump Sum	\$	\$40,000

Subtotal Bid (Sum of Item No. 1-18) = \$
Washington State Excise Tax (10.25%) = \$
Washington State Sales Tax (10.1%) = \$
Total Bid (Sum of Subtotal and WA State Taxes) = \$

Bid Summary

Unit prices for all items, all extensions, and the total amount of bid must be shown on all Schedules. Where conflict occurs between the unit price and the total amount named for any item, the unit price shall prevail, and the totals shall be corrected to conform thereto.

The bidder shall bid on all items included in the Bid Form.

The successful bidder will be the bidder submitting the lowest responsible bid for the following project:

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement	
	(insert project name)
Date:	
Total Bid Amount:	
	(in words)
\$	
	(in figures)

Subcontractor Listing - RCW 39.30.060

HV/AC

Pursuant to RCW 39.30.060, the Bidder shall list as part of its Bid either itself or the names of the subcontractors with whom the Bidder, if awarded the contract, will subcontract for performance of the work of heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC"), plumbing as described in chapter 18.106 RCW, and electrical as described in chapter 19.28 RCW. The bidder shall list as part of its Bid either itself or the name of the subcontractor for performance of the work of Systems Integrator specified in Division 40, and meeting the qualifications specified in Section 40 61 13. The Bidder shall not list more than one subcontractor for each category of work.

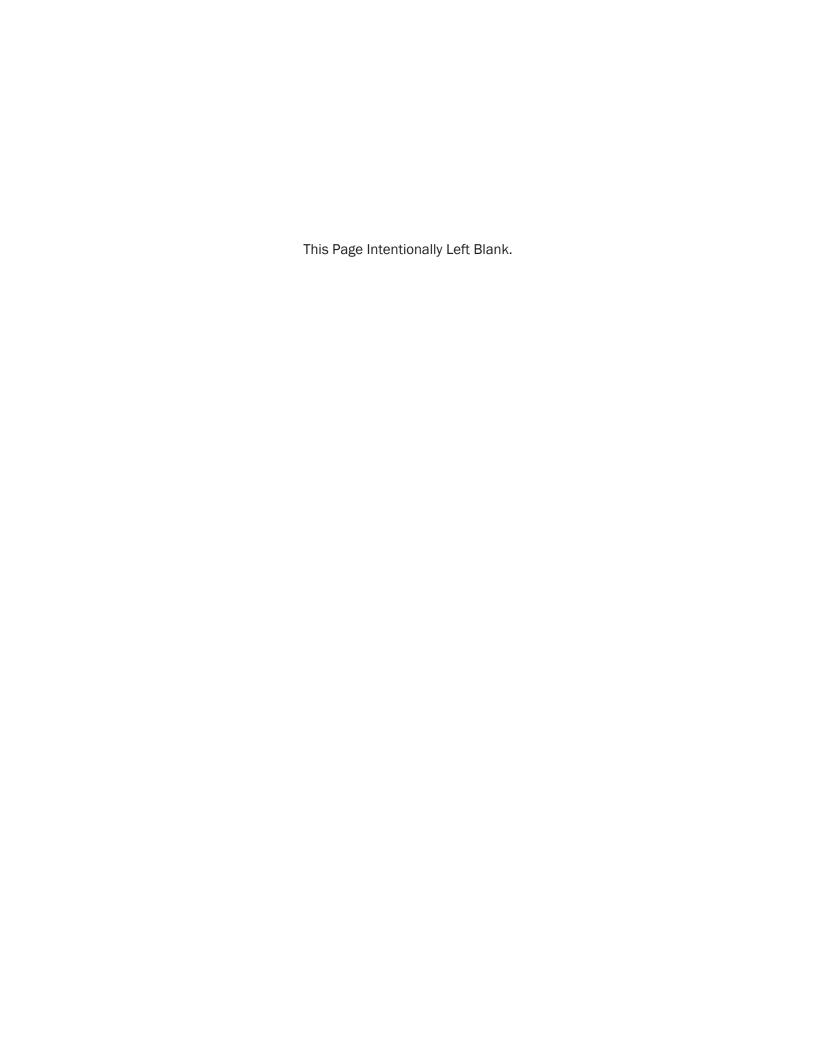
Failure of the Bidder to submit as part of the Bid the names of such subcontractors or to name itself to perform such work or the naming of two or more subcontractors to perform the same category of work shall render the Bidder's Bid nonresponsive and therefore, void.

The requirement of this section to name the Bidder's proposed HVAC, plumbing, electrical, and systems integration subcontractors applies only to proposed HVAC, plumbing, electrical, and systems integration subcontractors who will contract directly with the general contractor submitting the Bid to the City.

Electrical work must be performed by a licensed electrical contractor. Bidders are cautioned that installation of electrical equipment (PVC or metal conduit, junction boxes or similar work) may be considered electrical work even if for future use and no electrical current is involved.

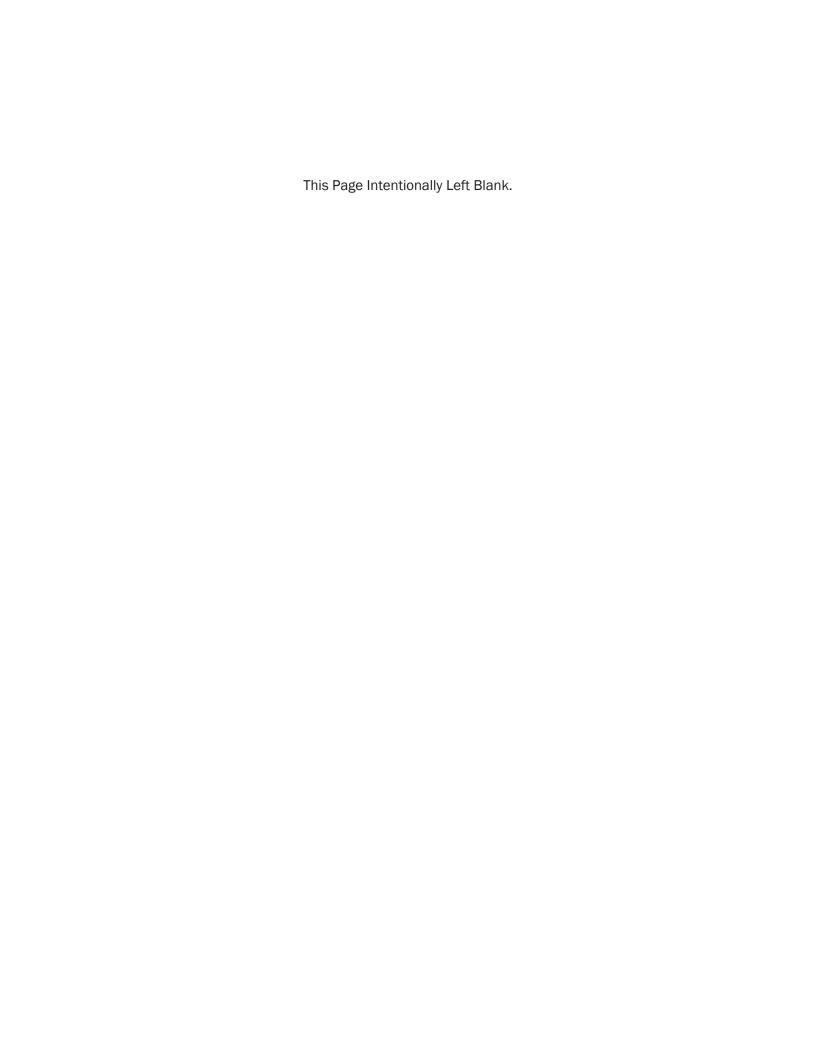
If the subcontract work categories as described above are not applicable to the work being bid, the bidder must indicate that the subcontract category is "NOT APPLICABLE."

IIVAO	
Subcontractor Name:	
UBI Number:	
Plumbing	
Subcontractor Name:	
Electrical	
Subcontractor Name:	
UBI Number:	
Systems Integrator	
Subcontractor Name:	
UBI Number:	



PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

If Sole Proprietor, Partnership or Joint Ver	<u>nture</u>		
IN WITNESS hereto the undersigned have set their hands this			
day of	, 20		
Name of Bidder (name each partner or joint venture partner)			
Washington Contractor's Registration			
Authorized Signature _			
Position/Title _			
its seal affixed by its duly authorized office			
Name of Corporation or Limited Liability Company (LLC)			
Washington Contractor's Registration			
State of Incorporation or Organization			
Authorized Signature			
Position/Title			



Contractor Declaration Pursuant to RCW 39.04.350(2)

Project Name	e: SEWER SCADA SYSTEMS REPLACEMENT
Bidder/Cont	ractor:
I, , dec	lare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is rect:
1.	I am the representative for the above-named bidder/contractor, and as its , I am authorized to make the declaration herein on its behalf.
2.	Within the three-year period immediately preceding the date of the bid solicitation for the above-named project, the above-named bidder/contractor has not been determined by a final and binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the department of labor and industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court of limited or general jurisdiction to have willfully violated, as defined in RCW 49.48.082, any provision of chapter 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW.
Date and Pla	ce Signature



BID GUARANTY BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS: That we,		,
as Principal, and	, as Surety, are	jointly and
severally held and firmly bound unto the City of I	Mercer Island, hereinafter ca	lled the Obligee
each in the penal sum of five percent (5%) of the	Principal's Total Bid Price for	the work, this
sum not to exceed	DOLLARS (\$) (hereinafter
referred to as "penal sum") of lawful money of th	ne United States, for the payr	ment whereof
unto the Obligee.		

WHEREAS, the Principal is herewith submitting its bid proposal for the

SEWER SCADA SYSTEMS REPLACEMENT Bid Number: 22-31

NOW, THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal is awarded the Contract, and if the Principal, within the time specified, fulfills all of the requirements of the Contract Documents which are conditions precedent to the execution of the Agreement, enters into, executes and delivers to the Obligee an agreement on the form provided herein complete with evidences of insurance, and if the Principal, within the time specified, gives to the Obligee the performance and payment bond on the forms provided herein, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise, the Principal and Surety shall pay unto the Obligee the penal sum; provided however, in no event shall the Surety's liability exceed the penal sum. Provided further, if the difference in money between the Principal's Total Bid Price and the amount for which the Obligee legally contracts with another party to fulfill the Contract is greater than the penal sum, the Principal shall pay unto the Obligee the difference between the penal sum and the amount the Obligee pays another to fulfill the Contract.

AND IT IS HEREBY DECLARED AND AGREED that the Surety shall be liable under this obligation as Principal, and that nothing of any kind or nature whatsoever that will not discharge the Principal shall operate as a discharge or a release of liability of the Surety.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER DECLARED AND AGREED that this obligation shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Principal, the Surety and the Obligee and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

SIGNED this day of	, 20	
Principal:	Surety:	
Ву:	Ву:	
Title:	Title:	
Address:	Address:	
Telephone: ()	Telephone: ()	

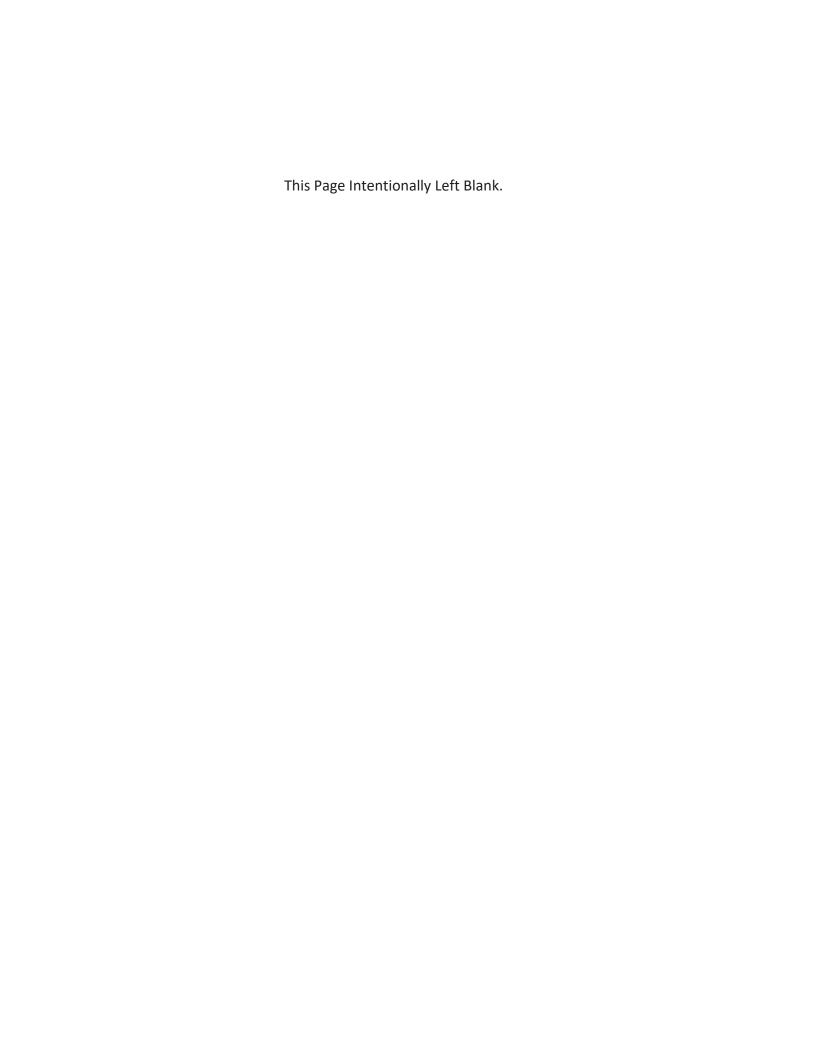
Note: A power of attorney must be provided which appoints the Surety's true and lawful attorney-infact to make, execute, seal and deliver this bid guaranty bond.

PREVAILING WAGES

The State of Washington prevailing wage rates for King County apply to work performed under this contract. The applicable prevailing wage rates may be found at the following website address of the Department of Labor and Industries:

https://secure.lni.wa.gov/wagelookup/

Based on the bid submittal date for this project, the applicable date for prevailing wages for this project is October 21, 2022. A copy of the applicable prevailing wage rates are also available for viewing at the City of Mercer Island, Maintenance Department located at 9601 SE 36th Street.



AGREEMENT FORMS



CITY OF MERCER ISLAND, WASHINGTON PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACT FOR SEWER SCADA SYSEMS REPLACEMENT

THIS PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACT ("Contract") dated [insert date agreement drafted], is effective on the date the Contract is fully executed by the Parties. The Parties to this Contract are the CITY OF MERCER ISLAND, a Washington municipal corporation ("City" or "Owner"), and [INSERT FULL LEGAL NAME OF CONTRACTOR], a [insert state where formed] [choose type of person or entity] ("Contractor").

- A. The City desires to retain an independent contractor to furnish all labor and materials necessary to perform work at 17 sewer pump stations (not including pump station 11), Mercer Island, Washington ("Property"); and
- B. The Contractor has the requisite skill and experience to perform such work and has submitted a proposal dated [insert date proposal received] to complete such work ("Proposal").

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties ("Parties") agree to the following terms and conditions:

1. SERVICES BY CONTRACTOR

- 1.1 <u>Description of Work</u>. Contractor shall perform all work and furnish all tools, materials, supplies, equipment, labor and other items incidental thereto necessary for the construction and completion of the work, more particularly described in the Contract Documents for the Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project, including this Public Works Contract, the Contractor's completed Bid Form, the City's General Terms and Conditions (May 2020 ed.), any Supplemental and/or Special Conditions, Technical Specifications, Drawings and Addenda, which documents are incorporated by this reference, ("Work"), which Work shall be completed to the City's satisfaction, within the time period prescribed by the City and pursuant to the direction of the City Manager or his or her designee.
- 1.2 <u>Completion Date</u>. The Work shall be commenced within ten (10) days of receipt by the Contractor of the City's Notice to Proceed and shall be Substantially Completed by , (the "Contract Time") as may be extended in accordance with the Contract Documents. In the event the Work is not completed within the time specified, Contractor agrees to pay to the City liquidated damages in the amount set forth in Section 1.3 of this Contract.
- Liquidated Damages. TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE OF THIS CONTRACT. Delays inconvenience the residents of Mercer Island and cost taxpayers undue sums of money, adding time needed for administration, engineering, inspection and supervision. It is impractical for the City to calculate the actual cost of delays. Accordingly, the Contractor agrees to pay liquidated damages as follows: Liquidated damages for failure to achieve timely Substantial Completion shall be in the amount of \$150.00 per day.
- 1.4 <u>Performance Standard</u>. Contractor shall perform the Work in a manner consistent with accepted practices for highly skilled and competent contractors performing this type of work in this area.
- 1.5 Compliance with Laws. Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with all applicable

federal, state and City laws, including but not limited to all City ordinances, resolutions, standards, or policies, as now existing, or hereafter adopted or amended, and obtain all necessary permits and pay all permit, inspection, or other fees, at its sole cost and expense.

- Utility Location. Contractor is responsible for locating any underground utilities affected by the Work and is deemed to be an excavator for purposes of Chapter 19.122 RCW, as amended. Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with Chapter 19.122 RCW, including utilization of the "one call" locator system before commencing any excavation activities.
- 1.7 <u>Air Environment</u>. Contractor shall fully cover any and all loads of loose construction materials including without limitation, sand, dirt, gravel, asphalt, excavated materials, construction debris, etc., to protect said materials from air exposure and to minimize emission of airborne particles to the ambient air environment within the City of Mercer Island.

2. TERM

This Contract shall commence on the effective date of this Contract and continue until the Work is complete, and formally accepted by City, and all warranties have expired.

3. REQUISITE SKILL

The Contractor warrants that it has the requisite skill to complete the Work and is appropriately accredited and licensed by all applicable agencies and governmental entities, including but not limited to being registered to do business in the City of Mercer Island by obtaining a City of Mercer Island business registration. Contractor represents that it has visited the site and is familiar with all of the plans and specifications in connection with the completion of the Work.

4. COMPENSATION

- 4.1 <u>Total Compensation</u>. In consideration of the Contractor performing the Services, the City agrees to pay the Contractor an amount not to exceed [insert maximum value of contract in words] Dollars (\$[insert \$ amount in figures]), based on the Proposal submitted by Contractor dated [insert date proposal received] and as may be adjusted under the Contract Documents.
- 4.2 <u>Contractor Responsible for Taxes</u>. Except as otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall be solely responsible for the payment of any taxes imposed by any lawful jurisdiction as a result of the performance and payment of this Contract.
- 4.3 Method of Payment. Payment by the City for the Work will only be made after the Work has been completed, a voucher or invoice is submitted in a form satisfactory to the City, and such invoice is approved by the appropriate City representative. Payment shall be made within thirty (30) days of receipt of such invoice or voucher unless otherwise set forth in the Bid Form. The Contractor's acceptance of such payment for the Work shall constitute full compensation for the performance of the Work. Invoices shall be submitted to:

City of Mercer Island ATTN: [enter City's project manager name, title] 9611 SE 36th Street Mercer Island, WA 98040

4.4 Retainage. Pursuant to Chapter 60.28 RCW, five percent (5%) of the Total Compensation shall be retained by the City to assure payment of Contractor's state taxes as well as payment of subcontractors, suppliers, and laborers. Upon execution of this Contract, Contractor shall complete, execute, and deliver to the City the Contractor's Retainage Agreement set forth in the Contract Documents. No payments shall be made by the City from the retained percentage fund ("Fund") nor shall the City release any retained percentage escrow account to any person, until the City has received from the Department of Revenue a certificate that all taxes, increases, and penalties due from the Contractor and all taxes due and to become due with respect to the Contract have been paid in full or that they are, in the Department's opinion, readily collectible without recourse to the State's lien on the retained percentage. Upon non-payment by the general contractor, any supplier or subcontractor may file a lien against the retainage funds, pursuant to Chapter 60.28 RCW. Subcontractors or suppliers are required to give notice of any lien within thirty (30) days of the completion of the Work and in the manner provided in RCW 39.08.030. Within sixty (60) days after completion of all Work on this Contract, the City shall release and pay in full the money held in the Fund, unless the City becomes aware of outstanding claims made against this Fund.

5. EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

In all Contractor services, programs or activities, and all Contractor hiring and employment made possible by or resulting from this Contract, there shall be no discrimination by Contractor or by Contractor's employees, agents, subcontractors or representatives against any person because of sex, sexual orientation, age (except minimum age and retirement provisions), race, color, creed, national origin, marital status or the presence of any disability, including sensory, mental or physical handicaps, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification in relationship to hiring and employment. This requirement shall apply, but not be limited to the following: employment, advertising, layoff or termination, rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. Contractor shall not violate any of the terms of Chapter 49.60 RCW, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Americans With Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or any other applicable federal, state, or local law or regulation regarding non-discrimination. Any material violation of this provision shall be grounds for termination of this Contract by the City and, in the case of the Contractor's breach, may result in ineligibility for further City agreements.

6. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR/CONFLICT OF INTEREST

It is the intention and understanding of the Parties that the Contractor shall be an independent contractor and that the City shall be neither liable nor obligated to pay Contractor sick leave, vacation pay or any other benefit of employment, nor to pay any social security or other tax which may arise as an incident of employment. The Contractor shall pay all income and other taxes as due. Industrial or any other insurance which is purchased for the benefit of the City, regardless of whether such may provide a secondary or incidental benefit to the Contractor, shall not be deemed to convert this Contract to an employment contract. It is recognized that Contractor may perform work during the Term of this Contract for other third parties; provided, however, that such performance of other work shall not conflict with or interfere with the Contractor's ability to perform the Work. Contractor agrees to resolve any such conflicts of interest in favor of the City.

7. INDEMNIFICATION

7.1 Indemnification and Hold Harmless.

- A. The Contractor shall protect, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless City, its elected officials, officers, agents, volunteers, and employees, from any and all claims, demands, suits, penalties, losses, damages, judgments, or costs of any kind whatsoever, including attorneys' fees (hereinafter "claims"), arising out of or in connection with the performance of this Contract except for injuries and damages caused by the sole negligence of the City. However, should a court of competent jurisdiction determine that this Contract is subject to RCW 4.24.115, then, in the event of liability for damages arising out of bodily injury to persons or damages to property caused by or resulting from the concurrent negligence of the Contractor and the City, its officers, officials, employees, and volunteers, the Contractor's liability hereunder shall be only to the extent of the Contractor's negligence.
- B. The Contractor's obligations under this section shall include, but not be limited to,
 - i. The duty to promptly accept tender of defense and provide defense to City at the Contractor's own expense.
 - ii. The duty to indemnify and defend City, its elected officials, officers, agents, and employees, from any claim, demand, and/or cause of action brought by or on behalf of any of its employees, or agents. The foregoing duty is specifically and expressly intended to constitute a waiver of the Contractor's immunity under Washington's Industrial Insurance Act, RCW Title 51, as respects City with a full and complete indemnity and defense of claims made by the Contractor's employees. The parties acknowledge that these provisions were mutually negotiated upon by them.
 - iii. To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall indemnify and defend City, its elected officials, officers, agents and employees, from and be liable for all damages and injury which shall be caused to owners of property on or in the vicinity of the work or which shall occur to any person or persons or property whatsoever arising out of the performance of this Contract, whether or not such injury or damage is caused by negligence of the Contractor or caused by the inherent nature of the work specified.
- C. City may, in its sole discretion, (1) withhold amounts sufficient to pay the amount of any claim for injury, and/or (2) pay any claim for injury of which City may have knowledge, regardless of the formalities of notice of such claim, arising out of the performance of this Contract.
- D. Any amount withheld will be held until the Contractor secures a written release from the claimant, obtains a court decision that such claim is without merit, or satisfies any judgment on such claim. In addition, the Contractor shall reimburse and otherwise be liable for claims costs incurred by City, including, without limitation, costs for claims adjusting services, attorneys, engineering, and administration.

- E. In the event City incurs any judgment, award, and/or costs arising therefrom, including attorneys' fees, to enforce the provisions of this article, all such fees, expenses, and costs shall be recoverable from the Contractor.
- F. This provision has been mutually negotiated by the City and the Contractor.
- 7.2 <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of this Section 7 shall survive the expiration or termination of this Contract with respect to any event occurring prior to such expiration or termination.

8. INSURANCE

- 8.1 The Contractor agrees to carry without interruption from commencement of the Contractors work through the term of the contract and for thirty (30) days after Physical Completion, unless otherwise indicated herein, the following insurance against claims for injuries to persons or damage to property which may arise from or in connection with the performance of the Work by Contractor, its agents, representatives, employees or subcontractors with a carriers having a current A.M. Best rating of not less than A:VII. The City, at its discretion, may require additional types and greater limits of insurance coverage commensurate with the risk associated with the performance of the Work.
 - A. Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance in amounts sufficient pursuant to the laws of the State of Washington.
 - B. Commercial general liability insurance shall be written on a form at least as broad as Insurance Services Office (ISO) occurrence form CG 00 01 and shall cover liability arising from premises, operations, independent contractors, products-completed operations for three years following substantial completion of the Work, stop gap liability, personal injury and advertising injury, and liability assumed under an insured contract. The Commercial General Liability insurance shall be endorsed to provide the Aggregate Per Project Endorsement ISO form CG 25 03 05 09. There shall be no exclusion for liability arising from explosion, collapse, or underground property damage. The City shall be named as an additional insured under the Commercial General Liability insurance policy with respect to the Work performed for the City using ISO Additional Insured endorsement CG 20 10 10 01 and Additional Insured Completed Operations endorsement CG 20 37 10 01 or substitute endorsements providing coverage at least as broad, with limits of no less than \$2,000,000 each occurrence, \$2,000,000 general aggregate, and a \$2,000,000 products-completed operations aggregate limit.
 - C. Automobile liability insurance covering all owned, non-owned, hired, and leased vehicles. Coverage shall be written on ISO form CA 00 01 or a substitute form providing equivalent liability coverage. If necessary, the policy shall be endorsed to provide contractual liability coverage with combined single limits for bodily injury and property damage of not less than \$1,000,000 per accident.
 - D. <u>Asbestos Abatement or Hazardous Materials</u>. If asbestos abatement or hazardous materials work is performed, Contractor shall review coverage with the City Attorney's office and provide scope and limits of coverage that are appropriate for the scope of Work and are satisfactory to the City. Contractor shall not commence any Work until its coverage has been approved by the City Attorney's office.

- E. Builders Risk insurance covering interests of the City, the Contractor, Subcontractors, and Sub-subcontractors in the work. Builders Risk insurance shall be on a special perils policy form and shall insure against the perils of fire and extended coverage and physical loss or damage including flood, earthquake, theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, and collapse. The Builders Risk insurance shall include coverage for temporary buildings, debris removal, and damage to materials in transit or stored off-site. This Builders Risk insurance covering the work will have a deductible of \$5,000 for each occurrence, which will be the responsibility of the Contractor. Higher deductibles for flood and earthquake perils may be accepted by the City upon written request by the Contractor and written acceptance by the City. Any increased deductibles accepted by the City will remain the responsibility of the Contractor. The Builders Risk insurance shall be maintained until the City has granted substantial completion of the project. An installation floater may be acceptable in lieu of Builders Risk for renovation projects only if approved in writing by the City. Builders Risk insurance shall be written in the amount of the completed value of the project with no coinsurance provisions.
- 8.2 The City shall be named as additional insured on all such insurance policies, with the exception of workers' compensation coverages. The Contractor's insurance coverage shall be primary insurance as respect the City. Any insurance, self-insurance, or insurance pool coverage maintained by the City shall be excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not contribute with it. If the Contractor maintains higher insurance limits than the minimums shown above, the City shall be insured for the full available limits of Commercial General and Excess or Umbrella liability maintained by the Contractor, irrespectively of whether such limits maintained by the Contractor are greater than those required by this Contract or whether any certificate of insurance furnished to the City evidences limits of liability lower than those maintained by the Contractor. Contractor shall provide certificates of insurance and amendatory endorsements, concurrent with the execution of this Contract, evidencing such coverage and, at City's request, furnish the City with copies of all insurance policies and with evidence of payment of premiums or fees of such policies. The Contractor shall provide the City and all Additional Insureds for this work with written notice of any policy cancellation within two business days of their receipt of such notice.
- 8.3 The Contractor shall cause each and every Subcontractor to provide insurance coverage that complies with all applicable requirements of the Contractor-provided insurance as set forth herein, except that the Contractor shall have sole responsibility for determining the limits of coverage required to be obtained by Subcontractors. The Contractor shall ensure that the City is an additional insured on each and every Subcontractor's Commercial General Liability insurance policy using an endorsement at least as broad as ISO CG 20 10 10 01 for ongoing operations and CG 20 37 10 01 for completed operations.
- 8.4. Failure on the part of the Contractor to maintain the insurance as required shall constitute a material breach of contract, upon which the City may, after giving five business days notice to the Contractor to correct the breach, immediately terminate the Contract or, at its discretion, procure or renew such insurance and pay any and all premiums in connection therewith, with any sums so expended to be repaid to the City on demand, or at the sole discretion of the City, offset against funds due the Contractor from the City.

- 8.5 <u>Waiver of Subrogation</u>. The Contractor and the City waive all rights against each other, any of their Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors, agents, and employees, each of the other, for damages caused by fire or other perils to the extent covered by Builders Risk insurance or other property insurance obtained pursuant to the Insurance Requirements Section of this Contract or other property insurance applicable to the work. The policies shall provide such waivers by endorsement or otherwise.
- 8.6 The Contractor's maintenance of insurance, its scope of coverage and limits as required herein shall not be construed to limit the liability of the Contractor to the coverage provided by such insurance, or otherwise limit the City's recourse to any remedy available at law or in equity.
- 8.7 The provisions of this Section shall survive the expiration or termination of this Contract with respect to any event occurring prior to such expiration or termination.

9. PERFORMANCE/PAYMENT BOND OR ADDITIONAL RETAINAGE

Pursuant to RCW 39.08.010, Contractor shall provide Performance Bond and Payment Bond each in an amount equal to 100% of the amount of this Contract to cover the performance of all provisions of this Contract and the payment of all laborers and suppliers. The Contract bonds shall be in a form set forth in the Contract Documents. The Contract bond shall assure that the Contractor will faithfully perform all of the provisions of the Contract as well as pay all laborers, mechanic subcontractors, materialmen, and suppliers. Contractor's obligations under this Contract shall not be limited to the bond amount.

Alternatively, pursuant to RCW 39.08.010, on contracts of Fifty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$55,000) or less, at the option of the Contractor, the City may, in lieu of a bond, retain ten percent (10%) of the Contract amount for a period of thirty (30) days after the date of final acceptance, or until receipt of all necessary releases from the Department of Revenue and the Department of Labor and Industries and settlement of any liens filed under Chapter 60.28 RCW, whichever is later.

10. SAFETY

Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of its employees on the work site and shall comply with all applicable provisions of federal, state, and municipal safety and health laws and codes, including without limitation, all OSHA/WISHA requirements, Safety and Health Standards for Construction Work (Chapter 296-155 WAC), General Safety and Health Standards (Chapter 296-24 WAC), and General Occupational Health Standards (Chapter 296-62 WAC). Contractor shall erect and properly maintain, at all times, all necessary guards, barricades, signals, and other safeguards at all unsafe places at or near the Work for the protection of its employees and the public, safe passageways at all road crossings, crosswalks, street intersections, post danger signs warning against known or unusual hazards and do all other things necessary to prevent accident or loss of any kind. Contractor shall protect from damage all water, sewer, gas, steam or other pipes or conduits, and all hydrants and all other property that is likely to become displaced or damaged by the execution of the Work. The Contractor shall, at its own expense, secure and maintain a safe storage place for its materials and equipment and is solely responsible for the same.

11. PREVAILING WAGES

11.1 <u>Wages of Employees</u>. This Contract is subject to the minimum wage requirements of Chapter 39.12 of the Revised Code of Washington, as now existing or hereafter amended or

supplemented. In the payment of hourly wages and fringe benefits to be paid to any of Contractor's laborers, workpersons and/or mechanics, Contractor shall not pay less than the "prevailing rate of wage" for an hour's work in the same trade or occupation in the locality within the State of Washington where such labor is performed, as determined by the Industrial Statistician of the Department of Labor and Industries of the State of Washington. Prevailing wages paid pursuant to this Agreement shall be the prevailing wage rates which are in effect on the date when the bids, proposals, or quotes were required to be submitted to the City.

The State of Washington prevailing wage rates applicable for this public works project, which is located in King County, may be found at the following website address of the Department of Labor and Industries: https://lni.wa.gov/licensing-permits/public-works-projects/prevailing-wage-rates/. A copy of the applicable prevailing wage rates is also available for viewing at the office of the City located at 9611 SE 36th St, Mercer Island, WA 98040. Upon request, the City will mail a hard copy of the applicable prevailing wages for this project.

11.2 Reporting Requirements. Contractor shall comply with all reporting requirements of the Department of Labor and Industries of the State of Washington. Upon the execution of this Contract, Contractor shall complete and file a Statement of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages with the Department of Labor and Industries. If requested by the City, the Contractor shall provide certified payroll records for its employees and the employees of its subcontractors. Upon completion of the Work, Contractor shall complete and file an Affidavit of Wages Paid with the Department of Labor and Industries. Contractor shall deliver copies of both the Statement of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages and the Affidavit of Wages Paid, certified by the Department of Labor and Industries, to the City.

12. SUBCONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

Contractor shall verify responsibility criteria for each first-tier subcontractor, and a subcontractor of any tier that hires other subcontractors must verify responsibility criteria for each of its subcontractors. Verification shall include that each subcontractor, at the time of subcontract execution, meets the responsibility criteria listed in the Instructions to Bidders and possesses an electrical contractor license, if required by chapter 19.28 RCW, or an elevator contractor license, if required by chapter 70.87 RCW. This verification requirement must be included in every public works subcontract or every tier.

13. OWNERSHIP OF DOCUMENTS

All originals and copies of work product, including plans, sketches, layouts, designs, design specifications, records, files computer disks, magnetic media, all finished or unfinished documents or material which may be produced or modified by Contractor while performing the Work shall become the property of the City and shall be delivered to the City at its request.

14. CONFIDENTIALITY

If it is necessary to provide proprietary information, the Contractor shall clearly mark the information on each page of the document(s) as "Proprietary and Confidential". The City is subject to laws regarding the disclosure of public records and document. Proposals and other materials, submitted by the Contractor become public record and may be subject to public disclosure, in whole or in part, and may be released by the City in the event of a request for disclosure. In the event the City receives a public record request for information and the Contractor has marked the requested document as "Proprietary and

Confidential", the City shall notify the Contractor of such request and withhold disclosure of such information for not less than five (5) business days, to permit the Contractor to seek judicial protection of such information; provided that the Contractor shall be solely responsible for all attorney fees and costs in such action and shall save and hold harmless the City from any costs, attorneys fees or penalty assessments under Chapter 42.56 RCW for withholding or delaying public disclosure of such information.

15. BOOKS AND RECORDS

The Contractor agrees to maintain books, records, and documents which sufficiently and properly reflect all direct and indirect costs related to the performance of this Contract and such accounting procedures and practices as may be deemed necessary by the City to assure proper accounting of all funds paid pursuant to this Contract. These records shall be subject at all reasonable times to inspection, review or audit by the City, its authorized representative, the State Auditor, or other governmental officials authorized by law to monitor this Contract.

16. CLEAN UP

At any time ordered by the City and immediately after completion of the Work, the Contractor shall, at its own expense, clean up and remove all refuse and unused materials of any kind resulting from the Work. In the event the Contractor fails to perform the necessary clean up, the City may, but in no event is it obligated to, perform the necessary clean up and the costs thereof shall be immediately paid by the Contractor to the City and/or the City may deduct its costs from any remaining payments due to the Contractor.

17. GENERAL PROVISIONS

This Contract, the Contract Documents and any supporting contract documents contain all of the agreements of the Parties with respect to any matter covered or mentioned in this Contract and no prior agreements or understandings shall be effective for any purpose. No provision of this Contract may be amended except by written agreement of the Parties. Any provision of this Contract which is declared invalid, void or illegal shall in no way affect, impair, or invalidate any other provision hereof and such other provisions shall remain in full force and effect. The Contractor shall not transfer or assign, in whole or in part, any or all of its obligations and rights hereunder without the prior written consent of the City. In the event the City consents to any such assignment or transfer, such consent shall in no way release the Contractor from any of its obligations or liabilities under this Contract. Subject to the preceding sentence, this Contract shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties' successors in interest, heirs, and assigns. In the event the City or the Contractor defaults on the performance of any terms in this Contract, and the Contractor or City places the enforcement of the Contract or any part thereof, or the collection of any monies due, in the hands of an attorney, or files suit, each Party shall pay all its own attorneys' fees and expenses. The venue for any dispute related to this Contract shall be King County, Washington. Failure of the City to declare any breach or default immediately upon occurrence thereof, or delay in taking any action in connection with, shall not waive such breach or default. This Contract shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington. Each individual executing this Contract on behalf of the City and Contractor represents and warrants that such individuals are duly authorized to execute this Contract. Time is of the essence of this Contract and each and all of its provisions in which performance is a factor. Adherence to completion dates is essential to the Contractor's performance of this Contract.

Bio Park, City Attorney

day of , 20 .

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Contract the

PROJECT TITLE			
DATE			
CHANGE ORDER NUMBER			
PROJECT NUMBER			
CONTRACTOR NAME			
CONTRACTOR ADDRESS			
CON	TRACT CHANGE SUMMARY (all p	ices include tax)]
	Original contract amount		1
	Previous change orders tota		
	This change order		
	New contract amount		
	New contract amount	· Y	J
SUMMARY OF PROPOSED CI	HANGES:		
TIMING: The time provided for by calendar da	or completion in the contract is	UNCHANGED [INCREASED	D DECREASED
_	affect expiration or extent of insura policies be extended?	ince coverage? YES YES YES	NO NO
	hanges specified in this change orde		
	t by \$ (must match net	total from page 2). Cost chang	ges are broken down on
page 2 of this docume	ent.		
STATEMENT: Payment for th	ne above work will be in accorda	nce with the applicable po	ortions of the standard
•	nderstanding that all materials, world		
· ·	dard specifications, the contract pla		
•	shall become an amendment to t	•	
amended herein will apply to		•	
	-		
CONTRACTOR	CI	TY OF MERCER ISLAND	
SIGNATURE	DATE	TY MANAGER SIGNATURE	DATE
SIGNATURE	<u>DATE</u> C	IT WANAGER SIGNATURE	DATE
PRINTED NAME	TITLE		

CHANGE ORDER COST BREAKDOWN

UNIT COST ITEMS

BID ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	ITEM TOTAL	ADD or DELETE
		CAL	FC TAY /4.00	() : (, , , , ; , , , ,		
	SALES TAX (10%) if applicable					
		NET TOTAL	L FOR UNIT	COST ITEMS		

LUMP SUM ITEMS

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COST	ADD or DELETE
	SALES TAX (10%) if applicable		
	NET TOTAL FOR LUMP SUM ITEMS		

NET TOTAL FOR ALL UNIT COST & LUMP SUM ITEMS	ć
(includes applicable tax)	,

PERFORMANCE BOND

To City of Mercer Island, WA

Bond No._____

The City of Mercer Island, Washing	ton has awarded to		(Principal), a contract for the
construction of the project designate and said Principal is required to furn		Replacement, Bid No. 22-31, in Mer all obligations under the Contract.	cer Island, Washington (Contract),
Companies Acceptable in Federal Beare jointly and several	onds" as published in the Fede lly held and firm	e State of Washington as surety and eral Register by the Audit Staff Bureau ly bound to the Ci	n, organized under the laws of the named in the current list of "Surety u of Accounts, U.S. Treasury Dept., ty, in the sum of (\$) Total
Contract Amount, subject to the prov	visions herein.		
assigns shall well and faithfully perf authorized modifications, additions,	orm all of the Principal's oblig and changes to said Contrac	d when the Principal, its heirs, execut ations under the Contract and fulfill ct that may hereafter be made, at the led, this bond shall remain in force a	all terms and conditions of all duly ne time and in the manner therein
accompanying the Contract, or to the waives notice of any change, exter agrees that modifications and change.	he work to be performed undension of time, alteration or address to the terms and conditions	time, alteration or addition to the term er the Contract shall in any way affect dition to the terms of the Contract or s of the Contract that increase the to and and notice to Surety is not require	ect its obligation on this bond, and r the work performed. The Surety tal amount to be paid the Principal
-		shall be signed by the parties' duly nal power of attorney for the office e	
PRINCIPAL		SURETY	
Principal Signature	Date	Surety Signature	Date
Printed Name	Date	Printed Name	Date
Title		Title	
Name, address, and telephone of lo	ocal office/agent of Surety Con	npany is:	
	<u></u>		

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PAYMENT BOND

to City of Mercer Island, WA

	Bond No.	·	
	the project designated as Principal is required under	s <u>Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement</u> , the terms of that Contract to furnish a cable) 60.28 RCW.	
	Bonds" as published in the severally held	(Surety), a corporation of State of Washington as surety and note that the Federal Register by the Audit Staff Eand firmly bound to the US Dollars (Bureau of Accounts, U.S. Treasury e City, in the sum
assigns shall pay all persons ir subcontractors, and materialmen, a carrying on of such work, and all t	n accordance with RCW and all person who shall s axes incurred on said Cor	and when the Principal, its heirs, execut / 39.08, 39.12, and 60.28 including a supply such contractor or subcontractor ventract under Titles 50 and 51 RCW and ot been fulfilled, this bond shall remain in	all workers, laborers, mechanics, with provisions and supplies for the all taxes imposed on the Principal
specifications accompanying the C bond, and waives notice of any cha Surety agrees that modifications a	contract, or to the work to be anges, extension of time, a nd changes to the terms a	Attension of time, alteration or addition to performed under the Contract shall in a lateration or addition to the terms of the Conditions of the Contract that increasurety on this bond and notice to Surety	any way affect its obligation on this contract or the work performed. The ase the total amount to be paid the
		, and shall be signed by the parties' duly I original power of attorney for the office e	
PRINCIPAL		SURETY	
Principal Signature	Date	Surety Signature	Date
Printed Name	Date	Printed Name	Date
Title		Title	
Name, address, and telephone of lo	ocal office/agent of Surety	Company is:	

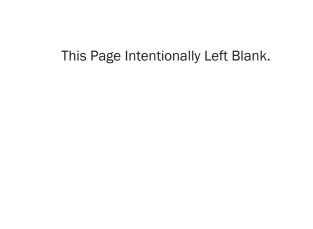
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RETAINAGE AGREEMENT

Contrac	ct Title		Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Bid Number: 22-31
Contrac	t Date		
Contrac	tor Nar	ne	
Contrac	ctor Add	Iress	
Contrac	ctor Pho	one	
Contrac	ctor Fed	leral ID#	
State La	aw on F	low Contract	Retainage Monies can be Reserved:
monies five per paymer	ther that earned cent of nt of ar reserve tions: All inv	an for profess by the contra- such estimat by persons p ed for contrac- estments se	tained percentage, labor and material Contracts for public improvements or sional services, provides that there shall be reserved by the city from the actor on estimates during the progress of the improvement or work, a sum of es, said sum to be retained by the city as a trust fund for the protection and erforming work or supplying provisions or supplies during the work. The ct retainage may be reserved by the contractor choosing one of the following lected below are subject to City approval. Intractor shall place an "x" in one of the boxes below.)
[]	(a)		a non-interest bearing fund by the public body until released in accordance ble state statutes;
[]	(b)	bank, or sa	by the public body in an interest bearing account in a bank, mutual savings avings and loan association, not subject to withdrawal until released in with applicable state statutes, provided that interest on such account shall be contractor;
[]	(c)	accordance	escrow with a bank or trust company by the public body until released in with applicable state statutes. The cost of the investment program and the is to be borne entirely by the contractor.
[]	(d)	for all sched	may submit a Retainage Bond equal to 5% of the total awarded bid amount lules to be held by the public body until released in accordance with tate statutes.
Contract the reta	If Cont		options (b) or (c) above, Contractor shall designate below the bank in which ited:
	ACC	DUNT NO.	
	BANK	(NAME	
	BANK	K ADDRESS	
	BANK	K PHONE #	
Agreem disburs authoriz	Contra ement	by Bank to C	agree that all or part of the monies in the account can only be approved for contractor upon written authorization of the City Finance Director, or his/her
Ву			By Contractor
	City of	Mercer Island	Contractor
Date_			Date

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GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS



CITY OF MERCER ISLAND GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS MAY 2020 EDITION TABLE OF CONTENTS

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ARTICLE 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. "Addendum" or "Addenda." Alteration or clarification of the plans or specifications provided to bidders by City prior to bid time, which becomes part of the Contract Documents when the Contract is executed.
- B. "Claim." A written demand by the Contractor seeking (1) a change to Contract Price; (2) a change of Contract Time; (3) a payment of money or damages; and/or, (4) any other relief arising out of or relating to this Contract.
- C. "Change Order." A written instrument designated to be a Change Order which alters the Contract, and identifies the following: (1) a change in the Work; (2) a change in Contract Price; and/or (3) a change in Contract Time.
- D. "Change Proposal." A document prepared by the Contractor at the request of City, which proposes changes to the Work and/or changes to the Contract Price and/or Contract Time. City initiates all requests for Change Proposals.
- E. The "Contract" or "Contract Documents." The entire integrated agreement between City and the Contractor for the performance of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contract Documents include the following:
 - 1. The signed Agreement between City and Contractor (the "Public Works Contract");
 - 2. The Contractor's completed Bid Form;
 - 3. The City's General Terms and Conditions (May 2020 ed.);
 - 4. Any Supplemental or Special Conditions.
 - 5. Technical Specifications;
 - 6. Drawings;
 - 7. Addenda; and
 - 8. Any Change Orders.
- F. "Contract Execution." occurs when City Manager or his/her designee signs the Contract, which shall only occur after the Contractor signs the Contract.
- G. "Contract Price" means the total amount payable by City to the Contractor for performance of the Work in accordance with the Contract.
- H. "Contract Time." The number of days or the specific date set forth in the Contract to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work.
- "Contract Work" or "Work." The labor, supervision, materials, equipment, supplies, services, other items, and requirements of the Contract necessary for the execution, completion and performance of all requirements of the Contract by the Contractor to the satisfaction of City.
- J. "Contractor." The individual, association, partnership, firm, company, corporation, or combination thereof, including joint ventures, contracting with City to do the Contract Work.

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- K. "Critical Path." The longest, continuous sequence of interrelated activities that begins at the start of the Project (Notice to Proceed) and extends to Substantial Completion of the Project. These activities are critical because delay to an activity on this path will extend Contract Time.
- L. "Day." A calendar day, unless otherwise specified.
- M. "Differing Site Conditions." (1) Subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents (Type I), or (2) Unknown physical conditions at the Site, of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the construction activities of the character provided for in the Contract (Type II).
- N. "Engineer." The City representative who administers the Contract for the City.
- O. "Final Acceptance." Written acceptance of the Project by City.
- P. "Force Majeure." An event that is unforeseeable at the time of Contract Execution and that is beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and City and includes:
 - 1. Natural Disaster declared by Governor of Washington or President of the United States, including but not limited to earthquakes;
 - 2. Acts or omissions of any government entity acting within its governmental capacity;
 - 3. Fire and/or flood for which the Contractor or its Subcontractors is not responsible;
 - 4. Quarantine or epidemic;
 - 5. Strike or defensive lockout;
 - 6. Unusually Severe Weather Conditions; and
 - 7. Acts of terrorism.
- Q. "Hazardous Material." Any pollutant, contaminant, toxic or hazardous waste, dangerous substance, potentially dangerous substance, noxious substance, toxic substance, flammable material, explosive material, radioactive material, urea formaldehyde foam insulation, asbestos, PCBs, or any other substances the removal of which is required, or the manufacture, preparation, production, generation, use, maintenance, treatment, storage, transfer, handling, or shipment of which is restricted, prohibited, regulated, or penalized by any and all federal, state, City, or municipal statutes or laws and regulations promulgated thereunder, now or at any time hereafter in effect, including, but not limited to, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U. S. C. §§ 9601, et seq.), the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (49 U. S. C. §§ 1801, et seq.), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 U. S. C. §§ 6901, et seg.), the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U. S. C. §§ 1251, et seg.), the Clean Air Act (42 U. S. C. §§ 7401, et seq.), the Toxic Substances Control Act, as amended (15 U. S. C. §§ 2601, et seq.), the Occupational Safety and Health Act (29 U. S. C. §§ 651, et seq., and the Model Toxics Control Act (RCW 70.105), or similar state or local statute or code), as the laws have been amended and supplemented.
- R. "City" or "Owner" may be used interchangeably and refer to the City of Mercer Island.

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- S. "**Notice.**" A written document issued by the Engineer or Contractor's Representative which is submitted to the other party and delivered by:
 - 1. Depositing in the U. S. Mail (or other method of commercial express mail), which notice shall be effective on the date of receipt;
 - 2. Service on the Parties' representative or at the Contractor's home office or field office, which notice shall be effective on the date of service; or,
 - 3. Facsimile to the Parties' representative or Contractor's home office or field office, which notice shall be effective upon receipt.
- T. "**Notice To Proceed.**" A written directive issued by City authorizing the Contractor to perform some or all of the Work.
- U. "Overhead." Charges that may be incurred or allocated in support of the Contract but are not part of the cost of directly performing the physical Contract construction activity. Overhead includes Site or Field Overhead and Home Office Overhead.

1. Site or Field Office Overhead

Site or Field Overhead costs are typically those costs that are related to, but are not limited to supervision, including general foremen and their supervisors, planners, schedulers, engineers, managers, etc. and the direct payroll costs of their project-related service, clerical salaries and their direct payroll costs, the costs of all vehicles, travel, meal and lodging costs associated with those personnel, Site or Field office and utility expense, expenses associated with all regulatory compliance, Hand and Other Small Tools provided by the Contractor for the use of its forces, all expendable supplies, and all other items incidental to or integral in supporting the physical completion of the Work.

2. Home Office Overhead

Home office Overhead costs are typically those that include all general office expenses. Such costs include, but are not limited to those associated with officer and office salaries and related payroll taxes and benefits, costs of office occupancy and maintenance, all supporting services (such as utilities, office machines computers, and related items and support) related to the home office function, business taxes and licenses, and all such other costs necessary to operate the business entity. Home office overhead includes unabsorbed home office overhead.

- 3. In addition to the above, whether treated as Site or Field Overhead or as Home Office Overhead, costs of any and all bonds, insurance(s), and taxes associated with this Contract are to be considered as Overhead. All items as those identified above are to be treated as Overhead for this purpose regardless of how the Contractor chooses to account for them in its books of account.
- Under no circumstances shall City pay the Contractor for direct or allocated costs or charges for officer bonus and profit sharing, project personnel bonuses, charitable contributions, income taxes, or any costs relating to illegal activity.
- V. "Parties." The Contractor and City.
- W. "**Project.**" All activity relative to this Contract including activity of the Contractor, its Subcontractors, and City.

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- X. "Request for Change Order." A document, designated as a Request for a Change Order, prepared by the Contractor requesting either (1) a change in Contract Price;
 (2) a change in Contract Time; (3) a change in t Work; (4) a payment of money or damages; and/or, (5) any other relief arising out of or relating to this Contract.
- Y. "Request for Information." A request from the Contractor to City seeking an interpretation or a clarification of some requirement of the Contract Documents.
- Z. "Site" or "Project Site." The location, at which construction, equipment or services furnished by the Contractor under the Contract will be performed, completed and/or delivered.
- AA. "Subcontractor." An individual, firm, partnership, or corporation having a contract, purchase order, or agreement with the Contractor, or with any Subcontractor of any tier for the performance of any part of the Contract. When City refers to Subcontractor(s) in this document, for purposes of this document and unless otherwise stated herein, the term Subcontractor(s) includes, at every level and/or tier, all subcontractors and subconsultants.
- BB. "Supplier(s)." Any person or firm who is not performing work or supplying labor on Site and is engaged in the business of supplying a manufactured product or resource to City, Contractor, or Subcontractors. The term Suppliers includes materialmen, manufacturers, and fabricators.
- CC. "Substantial Completion." That stage in the progress of the Work where:
 - 1. City has full and unrestricted use and benefit of the Project for the purpose intended;
 - 2. All the systems and parts of the Contract Work are functional;
 - 3. Utilities are connected and operate normally;
 - 4. Only minor incidental work or correction or repair remains to complete all Contract requirements; and
 - 5. The City has received all certificates of occupancy and any other permits, approvals, licenses and other documents from any governmental authority with jurisdiction necessary for beneficial occupancy of the project.

1.2 INTENT AND INTERPRETATION OF THE DOCUMENTS

- A. The Contract Documents constitute the entire and integrated agreement between the parties hereto and supersede all prior negotiations, representations, or agreements, either written or oral.
- B. The Contract Documents shall not be construed to create a contractual relationship between any parties other than City and the Contractor. No contract between City and a third party shall be construed to create any duty on the part of City or such third party to the Contractor. The Contractor is not an intended or incidental beneficiary of any promises made in City's contract with a third party, if any.
- C. The Contract Documents are intended to be complementary. What is required by one part of the Contract shall be as binding as if required by all. Should any conflict or inconsistency be found in the Contract Documents, the provision imposing the more expensive duty or obligation on the Contractor shall take precedence.

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- D. The words "similar," "typical" (or other equivalents) shall mean nearly corresponding or having a likeness. Such words shall not be construed to mean that all parts of the Work referred to are identical or substantially identical, or that such elements of the Work are connected identically or substantially identically to the rest of the Work. The Contractor has the responsibility to determine all details of the Work in relation to their location and connection to other parts of the Work. The singular includes the plural and vice versa. Male includes female and vice versa.
- E. The organization of the specifications into divisions, provisions and articles and the organization of the drawings shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.

1.3 CLARIFICATION OF DRAWINGS AND DETAIL DRAWINGS

- A. Where on any drawing a portion of the Work is drawn out and the remainder is indicated in outline, the drawn out parts shall apply also to other similar portions of the Work. Where ornament or other detail is indicated by starting only, such detail shall be continued throughout the courses or parts in which it occurs and shall apply to all other similar parts of the Work, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. With regard to drawings the following shall apply:
 - 1. Written dimensions shall be followed; drawings may not be to scale.
 - 2. Figure dimensions on drawings shall govern over scale dimensions; and detail drawings shall govern over general drawings.

ARTICLE 2: CITY

2.1 AUTHORITY

- A. Unless City, in writing, indicates otherwise, the authority to (1) commit to or bind City to any Change Orders or change in the Work, Contract Price and/or Contract Time; or (2) sign the Contract or Change Orders rests solely in the City Manager or his or her designee.
- B. The Engineer shall have the authority to administer the Contract. Administration of the Contract by the Engineer includes but is not limited to:
 - 1. Receiving all correspondence and information from the Contractor;
 - 2. Issuing request for Change Proposals;
 - 3. Responding to Requests For Information;
 - 4. Reviewing the schedule of values, project schedules, submittals, testing and inspection reports, substitution requests, and other documentation submitted by the Contractor;
 - 5. Negotiating Change Proposals and Change Orders;
 - 6. Recommending Change Orders for approval by the City Manager or its designee;
 - 7. Issuing decisions with respect to Requests for Change Orders and Claims;
 - 8. Processing payment requests submitted by the Contractor, and recommending payment;

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- 9. Monitoring the quality of the Work, rejecting noncompliant Work, and recommending acceptance of the Work;
- 10. Transmitting executed Change Orders, amendments, and other Contract correspondence to the Contractor; and
- 11. Performing all other contract administrative functions.
- C. All correspondence, questions, and/or documentation shall be submitted to the Engineer.
- D. The Engineer may designate representatives to perform functions under the Contract, such as review and/or inspection and acceptance of supplies, services, including construction, and other functions of a technical or administrative nature.

2.2 INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY CITY

- A. Unless otherwise specifically provided in the Contract, surveys and site information provided by City are intended to describe the general physical characteristics of the Site. City does not represent that this information is complete or sufficient for the Contractor's performance of the Work.
- B. City shall furnish to the Contractor a copy of the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall pay City for any additional copies of Contract Documents.

2.3 WORK BY CITY OR SEPARATE CONTRACTORS

City reserves the right to perform work not included in the Contract or to let other contracts in connection with this Project. The Contractor shall coordinate its Work with City and other City contractors and, at City's request, participate in meetings for the purpose of coordinating the Contractor's construction schedule with those of other contractors at no additional cost to City.

ARTICLE 3: CONTRACTOR

3.1 CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIONS

The Contractor makes the following representations to City:

- A. Before submission of its bid, the Contractor has:
 - 1. Carefully reviewed the Contract Documents, and visited and examined the Site;
 - 2. Become familiar with the general and local conditions in which the Work is to be performed, and satisfied itself as to the nature, location, character, quality and quantity of Contract Work, the labor, materials, equipment, goods, supplies, work, services and other items to be furnished and all other requirements of the Contract Documents, as well as the surface and reasonably ascertainable subsurface conditions and other matters that may be encountered at the Site or affect performance of the Work or the cost or difficulty thereof;
 - 3. Become familiar with and satisfied itself as to the conditions bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials; and
 - 4. Become familiar with and satisfied itself as to the availability of labor, water, electric power, and roads; and the uncertainties of access, traffic, parking and weather. Any failure of the Contractor to take the action described in this provision (3.0) or elsewhere in the Contract Documents will not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of

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- successfully performing the Work, or for proceeding to successfully perform the Work without additional expense to City.
- B. The Contract Price is reasonable compensation for the Work and the Contract Time is adequate for the performance of the Work as represented by the Contract, site visit, and the general conditions (including but not limited to weather, site, soil) known or reasonably anticipated for the Site.

3.2 GENERAL DUTIES

- A. The Contractor shall give sufficient supervision to the Work, using its best skill and attention. The Contractor is on notice that City will be relying on the accuracy, competence and completeness of the Work. The Contractor shall supervise and be solely responsible for the proper performance of the Work in accordance with the Contract, including the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, procedures, and for coordination of all portions of the Work.
- B. Unless specified elsewhere in the Contract, the Contractor shall provide and pay for all labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction machinery, utilities, transportation, and other facilities and services (including federal and state tax, industrial insurance, social security liability and all other applicable taxes) necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Work.
- C. The Contractor shall also provide sufficient staffing and supervision to process Requests for Information, Change Proposals, Submittals, Change Orders, close out documentation, and to perform all other requirements of the Contract and all Work.
- D. The Contractor shall lay out its Work from baselines and benchmarks indicated in the Contract, if any, and shall be responsible for the accuracy of all field measurements and surveys used in the lay out.

3.3 DUTY TO INSPECT CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall carefully study and compare all Contract Documents and check the conditions, dimensions, and instructions as stated therein. Contractor will not be required to provide professional services which constitute the practice of architecture and engineering except to the extent provided for in the technical specifications and drawings.
- B. The Contractor shall immediately notify City in writing of any:
 - 1. Error, inconsistency, or omission in the Contract Documents that a reasonable contractor knew or through the exercise of reasonable diligence should have discovered under the same and similar circumstances;
 - Requirement in the Contract Documents that conflict with any local, state, and federal laws, regulations and/or permits, licenses, and easement conditions that a reasonable contractor knew or through the exercise of reasonable diligence should have discovered under the same and similar circumstances.
- C. The Contractor should not proceed with the work in question until the Contractor receives written direction from the Engineer.
- D. If the Contractor proceeds with the work in question without written direction from the Engineer, the Contractor shall be responsible for any costs or damages associated with:

- 1. Fines or penalties;
- 2. Demolition, tear out, removal, cleanup, remediation, or fixing the work in question; and
- 3. Delay, disruption, and loss of productivity.

3.4 CONTRACTOR'S SUPERVISION AND EMPLOYEES

- A. Contractor shall provide qualified and competent people to administer the contract and perform all the Work.
- B. During performance of the Work the Contractor shall have supervisory personnel on-site and available to administer, manage and coordinate the Work. City shall not be responsible for the acts or omissions of the supervisory personnel or their assistants.
- C. The Contractor shall at all times enforce good order among all persons furnishing labor or materials on-site and shall only employ workers skilled in the work assigned. If requested by the Project Representative, Contractor shall provide the Project Representative with copies of licenses, registrations, and certifications.
 - 1. City shall have the right to require the Contractor to remove personnel from the Site that do not have the appropriate qualifications and experience to meet or uphold the requirements of the Contract. City shall also have the right to order the Contractor to replace personnel who demonstrate unprofessional behavior.
 - 2. Failure by City to require removal of any Contractor personnel shall not be deemed an admission that any such personnel are satisfactory, nor shall such failure relieve the Contractor from any contractual responsibility.

3.5 SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS

- A. This Contract is between City and the Contractor.
 - The Contractor's subcontracting shall not create a contract between City and the Subcontractor and Suppliers. Subcontractors and Suppliers are not intended as incidental third party beneficiaries to the Contract. The Subcontractor and Suppliers shall have no rights against City by reason of their agreements with the Contractor.
 - 2. The Contractor is responsible for performing all work required by the Contract. The Contract has not been written with the intent of, and City shall not be a party to, defining the division of work between the Contractor and its Subcontractors and Suppliers.

B. Selection of Subcontractors and Suppliers

- 1. Subcontractors and Suppliers shall be properly licensed, registered or certified, as applicable, and capable to perform the assigned work.
- 2. If requested by City, the Contractor shall provide documentation that the proposed Subcontractors and Suppliers have adequate experience and skill.
- 3. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor and Supplier to comply with all provisions of this Contract. At the request of Subcontractors or Suppliers, Contractor shall make available for copying all Contract Documents.

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C. Responsibility for Work of Subcontractors and Suppliers

The Contractor shall be responsible for the acts and omissions of Subcontractors and Suppliers. The Contractor shall also be responsible for the suitability of any materials, components, equipment or supplies furnished by a Subcontractor and/or Supplier irrespective of whether such were designated or approved by City.

3.6 SCHEDULE OF WORKING HOURS

- A. As specified in the Contract, the Contractor shall submit a schedule of working hours, including overtime to City for acceptance. This schedule shall comply with all Contract requirements. Except as permitted elsewhere in the Contract Documents or in the case of an emergency, all Work at the Site shall be performed between the hours of 7am and 6 pm Monday through Friday.
- B. The schedule of working hours accepted by City shall be the only schedule used by the Contractor during performance of the Contract, unless amended to maintain Work progress.
- C. The Contractor shall provide 48 hours advance written Notice of any intent to work outside of approved working hours. Any work at the Site performed outside approved working hours shall be performed without additional expense to City, except as otherwise provided in the Contract Documents. Contractor shall comply with Mercer Island Code Section 8.24.020 (Q) which prohibits construction related noise outside designated hours except in cases of emergency or demonstrated necessity.

3.7 RECORD DOCUMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall maintain an accurate, readable, and orderly set of drawings and specifications, updated as the job progresses to show all approved changes, options, alternates, and all actual deviations from the original Contract Documents. This set of drawings and specifications shall be the Record Documents.
 - 1. The Record Documents shall be maintained in hard copy.
 - 2. In addition to all approved changes, options, alternates, and all actual deviations from the original Contract Documents, the Record Documents shall be marked as follows:
 - a. Record all materials used where options, alternates and/or change orders were indicated, specified and/or authorized;
 - Accurate measurements referenced as required by the technical specifications shall be recorded to show the exact location and changes in direction of all underground services and utilities, as well as their depth below finished grade; and
 - c. Record all other requirements as specified in the Technical Specifications.
- B. The Record Documents shall be kept up-to-date and be available for review by City at all times, including but not limited to at each job progress meeting. Failure to have the record set up-to-date shall be sufficient reason for City to withhold payment in accordance with paragraph 7.2, *Payments Withheld*, until all such information is recorded.

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- C. Record Documents may be used to assist City to verify the appropriate progress payment.
- D. Neither Final Acceptance nor Final Payment will be issued until a complete set of Record Documents is submitted and the Engineer is satisfied as to its quality and accuracy.

3.8 COST RECORDS

- A. The Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers shall maintain Project cost records by cost codes and shall segregate and separately record at the time incurred all costs (1) directly associated with each work activity and (2) directly or indirectly resulting from any event or condition for which the Contractor seeks an adjustment in the Contract Price, Contract Time, and/or damages.
 - Any costs claimed to result from any such event or condition, including, but not limited to, delay and impact costs, acceleration costs, loss of productivity or efficiency, and increased or extended overhead shall be recorded at the time incurred and be fairly and reasonably allocated to each such event or condition and to other causes of such costs.
 - City shall be provided with a detailed description of all such costs and the basis
 of allocation. The Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers shall maintain a
 monthly summary of all costs and shall make all underlying cost records and
 monthly summary of costs available for review, inspection, and copying by City
 upon request.
 - Any work performed for which the Contractor intends to seek an adjustment in Contract Price and/or Contract Time shall be recorded on the same day the work is performed and kept separate so as to distinguish it from Contract Work.
- B. In addition to the requirements set forth in Article 5, *Changes to the Contract*, and Article 6, *Time and Price Adjustments*, the Contractor shall be entitled to extra compensation for an event or condition and/or the recovery of damages only to the extent that the Project cost records are kept in full compliance with all Contract requirements and the cost allocations support entitlement to such compensation.

3.9 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

- A. All Contractor's, Subcontractors', and Suppliers' documents and records relating to the Contract shall be open to inspection, audit, and/or copying by City or its designee:
 - 1. During the Contract Time; and
 - For a period of not less than six years after the date of Final Acceptance of the Contract ("Preservation Period"); or if any Claim, audit or litigation arising out of, in connection with, or related to this Contract is initiated, all documents shall be retained until such Claim, audit or litigation involving the records is resolved or completed, whichever occurs later.
- B. The Contractor shall also guarantee that all Subcontractor and Supplier documents shall be retained and open to similar inspection, audit and/or copying during the Contract Time and also the Preservation Period. The Contractor, Subcontractor, and Supplier shall use its best efforts to cooperate with the inspection, auditing, and/or copying.

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- C. Inspection, audit, and/or copying of all documents described herein, may be performed by City or its designee at any time with not less than seven (7) days' Notice. Provided however, if an audit or inspection is to be commenced more than sixty (60) days after the Final Acceptance date of the Contract, the Contractor will be given twenty (20) days' Notice of the date of the audit.
- D. The Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers shall provide adequate facilities, acceptable to City, for inspection, auditing, and/or copying during normal business hours.
- E. If the Contractor is formally dissolved, assigns or otherwise divests itself of its legal capacity under this Contract, then it shall immediately notify City and preserve such records, at its expense, as directed by City.
- F. The Contractor, Subcontractor, and Supplier, shall be subject to audit at any time with respect to this Contract. Failure to maintain and retain sufficient records to allow City to verify all costs or damages or failure to permit City access to the books and records shall constitute a waiver of the rights of the Contractor Subcontractor and Supplier to Claim or be compensated for any damages, additional time or money under this Contract.
- G. At a minimum, the following documents, including the machine readable electronic versions, shall be available for inspection, audits, and/or copying:
 - 1. Daily time sheets and all daily reports, Supervisor's reports, and inspection reports;
 - 2. Collective bargaining agreements;
 - 3. Insurance, welfare, and benefits records;
 - 4. Payroll registers;
 - 5. Earnings records;
 - 6. All tax forms, including payroll taxes;
 - 7. Material invoices and requisitions:
 - 8. Material cost distribution worksheet:
 - 9. Equipment records (list of Contractor's, Subcontractors', and Suppliers' equipment, rates, etc.);
 - 10. Contracts, purchase orders and agreements between the Contractor and each Subcontractor and Supplier;
 - 11. Subcontractors' and Suppliers' payment certificates;
 - 12. Correspondence, including email, with Subcontractors and/or Suppliers;
 - 13. All meeting notes by and between Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers and/or any third parties related to the Project;
 - 14. Canceled checks (payroll and vendors);
 - 15. Job cost reports, including monthly totals;
 - 16. Job payroll ledger;
 - 17. Certified payrolls;

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- 18. General ledger;
- 19. Cash disbursements journal;
- 20. Take off sheets, and calculations used to prepare the bid and/or quotes;
- 21. Take off sheets, calculations, quotes, other financial data to support change proposals, request for change order and/or claims;
- 22. Financial statements for all years during the Contract Time. In addition, City may require, if it deems appropriate, additional financial statements for 3 years preceding execution of the Contract and 6 years following Final Acceptance of the Contract:
- 23. Depreciation records on all Contractor's, Subcontractor's, and Supplier's equipment, whether these records are maintained by the Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers involved, its accountant, or others;
- 24. If a source other than depreciation records is used to develop costs for the Contractor's internal purposes in establishing the actual cost of owning and operating equipment, all such other source documents;
- 25. All documents which relate to each and every Claim together with all documents which support the amount of damages as to each Claim;
- 26. Worksheets or software used to prepare the Claim establishing the cost components for items of the Claim including but not limited to labor, benefits and insurance, materials, equipment, Subcontractors, Suppliers, all documents which establish time periods, individuals involved, the hours for the individuals, and the rates for the individuals:
- 27. Worksheets, software, and all other documents used (a) by the Contractor to prepare its bid and schedule(s) and/or (b) to prepare quotes and bids to the Contractor;
- 28. All schedule documents, including electronic versions, planned resource codes, or schedules and summaries;
- 29. All submittals: and
- 30. All other documents, including email, related to the Project, Claims, or Change Orders.
- H. The Contractor shall mark any documentation it considers proprietary or confidential accordingly. Such information will be treated as such by City; however, City cannot ensure that this information will not be subject to release pursuant to a public records request. In the event City receives a request for such information, City will advise the Contractor and will not release the requested information for a period of not less than ten (10) days in order to give the Contractor an opportunity to obtain a court order prohibiting the release of the information in response to the public records request.

3.10 MAINTENANCE AND SITE CLEANUP

A. The Contractor shall at all times keep the Site, access points, and public rights-ofway free from accumulation of dirt, mud, waste materials or rubbish caused by the Contractor or Subcontractors. At the completion of the Contract Work, the Contractor shall remove and lawfully dispose of all its dirt, mud, waste materials,

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- rubbish, tools, scaffolding and surplus or partly used materials from the Site and shall leave the Site broom clean unless some stricter standard is specified in the Contract.
- B. The Contractor shall obey all applicable laws and regulations relating to the storage, use, and disposal of Hazardous Materials. The Contractor shall promptly notify City of all Contractor or Subcontractor caused spills or releases of Hazardous Materials, and pay the cost to promptly clean up all such spills or releases and any associated fines or penalties. The Contractor shall maintain documentation of the clean up and disposal all Contractor or Subcontractor caused spills or releases of Hazardous Materials.
- C. If the Contractor fails to adequately maintain or cleanup the Site, City may, after written Notice to the Contractor, sweep surfaces or remove the dirt, mud, waste materials, rubbish, or hazardous materials and charge all reasonable costs of such work to the Contractor.

3.11 PROTECTION OF EXISTING STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, VEGETATION, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS

A. Contractor shall protect from damage all existing structures, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, equipment, improvements, utilities, trees, and vegetation not shown in the Contract Documents to be removed or modified at or near the Site. Contractor shall repair, at no cost to City, any such damage resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of the Contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the Work. If Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, City may have the necessary work performed and deduct or charge the cost to Contractor or exercise its rights under the Performance and Payment Bond. If there are insufficient funds remaining, excluding retention, the Contractor shall pay City for the costs associated with protection and repairing the damages.

3.12 PERMITS, LAWS, REGULATIONS AND TAXES

- A. Except those permits, easements, and variances specified in the Contract as having been previously obtained by City, all permits, licenses, easements and variances necessary for the execution of the Work shall be secured and paid for by the Contractor. The Contractor shall identify, apply for, and pay for such permits and licenses at the earliest possible time so as to avoid any delay to the Work arising from the permitting and/or licensing process. No actions taken by City to aid the Contractor in securing any permit or license shall relieve the Contractor of any obligations to secure any such permit or license.
- B. The Contractor shall maintain all stamped permit sets of documents at the Site during construction, in good condition and as required by local ordinances.
- C. The Contractor shall perform the Work in full compliance with local, state and federal laws, ordinances, resolutions and regulations, and with permit, license, easement, and variance conditions pertaining to the conduct of the Work. The Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold City, its elected officials, officers, agents and employees harmless from any assessment of fines, penalties, or damages arising from violations of the same by the Contractor or Subcontractors. The Contractor shall pay and provide proof of payment for any assessments of fines, penalties or damages. The Contractor shall cooperate with all governmental entities regarding inspection of the Work and compliance with such requirements.

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D. The bid form may include a line item for sales tax on the whole amount, or on items which are not exempt from tax under Washington State Department of Revenue rules, including WAC 458-20-170 and WAC 458-20-171. Unless there are separate line items in the bid form for Washington State sales tax, Contractor shall include all sales tax in its lump sum bid or unit prices. The Contractor should contact the Washington State Department of Revenue for answers to questions in this area. The City will not adjust its payment if the Contractor bases a bid on a misunderstood tax liability. Except as provided above, the Contractor is required to pay all applicable taxes. No adjustment will be made in the amount to be paid by City under the Contract because of any change in law or regulations covering any applicable taxes, or because of any misunderstanding by the Contractor as to its liability for or the amount of any taxes.

3.13 PATENTS AND ROYALTIES

A. The Contractor shall assume all costs or fees relating to royalties or claims for any patented invention, article, process or method that may be used upon or in a manner connected with the Work under this Contract or with the use of completed Work by City.

3.14 CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

A. Conflict of Interest

The Contractor certifies (and shall require each Subcontractor to certify) that it has no direct or indirect pecuniary or proprietary interest, and that it shall not acquire any such interest, which conflicts in any manner or degree with the work, services or materials required to be performed and/or provided under this Contract and that it shall not employ any person or agent having any such interest. In the event that the Contractor or its agents, employees or representatives acquires such a conflict of interest, the Contractor shall immediately disclose such interest to City and take action immediately to eliminate the conflict or to withdraw from this Contract, as City may require.

B. Contingent Fees and Gratuities

The Contractor, by entering into this Contract with City to perform or provide work, services or materials, has thereby covenanted:

- 1. That no person or selling agency except bona fide employees or designated agents or representatives of the Contractor has been or will be employed or retained to solicit or secure this Contract with an agreement or understanding that a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee may be paid; and
- 2. That no gratuities, in the form of entertainment, gifts or otherwise, have been or will be offered or given by the Contractor or any of its agents, employees or representatives, to any official member or employee of City or other governmental agency with a view toward securing this Contract or securing favorable treatment with respect to the awarding or amending thereof, or the making of any determination with respect to the performance of this Contract. The Contractor certifies that it has not made any contributions to any person or entity as a condition of doing business with City and it has disclosed to City all attempts by any person to solicit such payments.

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3.15 DEVIATION FROM CONTRACT

- A. The Contractor shall not make an alteration, variation, addition, deviation, or omission from the requirements of the Contract Documents without the prior written consent of the Engineer.
- B. Any alteration, variation, addition, deviation, or omission by the Contractor shall not result in any extra compensation or extension of time.

3.16 OPERATIONS, MATERIAL HANDLING, AND STORAGE AREAS

A. Temporary Buildings and Utilities

Temporary buildings (including storage sheds, shops, and offices) and utilities may be erected by Contractor on the Site only with the consent of City and without expense to City. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the Work.

B. Disposal/Removal of Materials

The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with all laws governing the storage and ultimate disposal of all materials and components. The Contractor shall provide City with a copy of all manifests and receipts evidencing proper disposal when required by City or applicable law.

C. Protection and Care of Contractor's Materials and Equipment

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper care and protection of its materials and equipment delivered to the Site. Materials and equipment may be stored on the Site at the Contractor's own risk and with prior written approval from City. When the Contractor uses any portion of the Site as a shop, the Contractor shall be responsible for any repairs, patching, or cleaning arising from such use and for obtaining any necessary permits to establish such shop or temporary storage facilities.

3.17 CONTRACTOR'S OVERALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROTECTION OF WORK, PROPERTY, AND PERSONS

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for conditions of the Site, including safety of all persons and property, during performance of the Work. The Contractor shall maintain the Site and perform the Work in a manner which meets all statutory and common law requirements or other specific contractual requirements for the provision of a safe place to work and which adequately protects the safety of all persons and property on or near the Site. This obligation shall apply continuously and shall not be limited to normal working hours. City's inspection of the Work or presence at the Site does not and shall not be construed to include review of the adequacy of the Contractor's safety measures in, on or near the site of the Work.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs, including adequate safety training, in connection with the Work. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and lawful orders of any public authority bearing on the safety of persons or property or their protection from damage, injury or loss.
- C. The Contractor shall protect and be responsible for any damage or loss to the Work or to the materials and equipment associated with the Work until the date of

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Substantial Completion. The Contractor remains responsible for any damage or loss caused directly or indirectly by the acts or omissions of the Contractor, Subcontractors, Suppliers, or third parties authorized or allowed on the Site by the Contractor until Final Acceptance.

- D. The Contractor shall also be solely and completely responsible for damages arising from the Work that affect property adjacent to the Site.
- E. The Contractor shall repair or replace without cost to City any damage or loss that may occur, except damages or loss caused by the acts or omissions of City.
- F. The Contractor shall erect and maintain adequate steel plates, signs, fencing, barricades, lights or security measures and persons to protect the Work until the Engineer authorizes in writing the removal of signs, fencing, barricades, lights or security measures.
- G. The Contractor shall conduct all operations with the least possible obstruction and inconvenience to the public. To disrupt public traffic as little as possible, the Contractor shall permit traffic to pass through the Project Site with the least possible inconvenience or delay. The Contractor shall maintain existing roads, streets, sidewalks and paths within the Project Site, keeping them open and in good, clean, safe condition at all times.

3.18 PROTECTION OF PERSONS

- A. The Contractor shall take all reasonable precautions for the safety of all employees working on this Contract and all other persons who may be affected by such Work. The Contractor shall designate a responsible member of its organization at the Site whose duty shall be to manage and coordinate the safety programs and to prevent accidents of the Contractor and Subcontractors.
- B. Except as otherwise stated in the Contract, if the Contractor encounters, on the Site, material reasonably believed to be Hazardous Material that Contractor shall immediately stop work in the area affected and give Notice of the condition to City. Work in the affected area shall not be resumed without written direction by City.
- C. To protect the lives and health of persons performing work under this Contract, the Contractor shall comply with the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSHA), including all revisions, amendments and regulations issued thereunder, and the provisions of the Washington Industrial Safety Act of 1973 (WISHA), including all revisions, amendments and regulations issued thereunder by the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries including, without limitation, all excavation, tunneling, trenching and ditching operations. In case of conflict between any such requirements, the more stringent regulation or requirement shall apply. There is no acceptable deviation from these safety requirements, regardless of practice in the construction industry. Any violation of OSHA, WISHA or other safety requirements applicable to the Work may be considered a breach of this Contract.

3.19 SAFETY PROGRAM

The Contractor shall prepare and maintain a written site specific "Safety Program" demonstrating the methods by which all applicable safety requirements of this Contract will be met. The Contractor shall ensure its Subcontractors and Suppliers have a written "Safety Program" or formally adopt the Contractor's site specific "Safety Program." The

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Contractor shall conduct a weekly safety meeting with all Subcontractors and others on the Site to discuss general and specific safety matters.

3.20 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL PRESERVATION

The Contractor shall comply fully with the requirements set forth in Chapter 27.53 RCW entitled Archaeological Sites and Resources. The Contractor shall immediately notify the City if any artifacts, skeletal remains or other archaeological resources (as defined under RCW 27.53.040 now and as hereinafter amended) are unearthed during excavation or otherwise discovered on the Site.

3.21 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall comply with and be liable for all penalties, damages and violations under Chapter 90.48 RCW including any regulations issued pursuant thereto in the performance of the Work.

3.22 EASEMENTS

If the Contractor makes arrangements for use of additional public and/or private property, the Contractor, prior to using such property, shall provide the Engineer with written permission of the landowner, or duly authorized agent of such landowner, for such use.

3.23 TITLE VI / NONDISCRIMINATION ASSURANCES

During the performance of this contract, the contractor/consultant, for itself, its assignees and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. Compliance with Regulations

The contractor shall comply with the Regulations relative to non-discrimination in federally assisted programs of United States Department of Transportation (USDOT), Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, part 21, as they may be amended from time to time, (hereinafter referred to as the Regulations), which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

2. Non-discrimination

The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, sex, or national origin in the selection and retention of sub-contractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall not participate either directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by Section 21.5 of the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers a program set forth in Appendix B of the Regulations.

3. Solicitations for Sub-contracts, Including Procurement of Materials and Equipment

In all solicitations either by competitive bidding or negotiations made by the contractor for work to be performed under a sub-contract, including procurement of materials or leases of equipment, each potential sub-contractor or supplier shall be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Regulations relative to non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, sex, or national origin.

4. Information and Reports

The contractor shall provide all information and reports required by the Regulations or directives issued pursuant thereto, and shall permit access to its books, records,

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accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the contracting agency or the appropriate federal agency to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Regulations, orders and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish this information, the contractor shall so certify to WSDOT or the USDOT as appropriate, and shall set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

5. Sanctions for Non-compliance

In the event of the contractor's non-compliance with the non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the contracting agency shall impose such contract sanctions as it or the USDOT may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- Withholding of payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies, and/or,
- Cancellation, termination, or suspension of the contract, in whole or in part.

6. Incorporation of Provisions

The contractor shall include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (5) in every sub-contract, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Regulations, or directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any sub-contractor or procurement as the contracting agency or USDOT may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for non-compliance.

Provided, however, that in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a sub-contractor or supplier as a result of such direction, the contractor may request WSDOT enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the state and, in addition, the contractor may request the USDOT enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

ARTICLE 4: ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT

4.1 TIME OF ESSENCE

All time requirements set forth in the Contract Documents are of the essence.

4.2 WORK PROGRESS

- A. The Contractor shall be required to:
 - 1. Prosecute the Work diligently with adequate forces;
 - 2. Plan, coordinate, and layout the Work in advance so as to avoid delay; and
 - 3. Achieve Substantial Completion of the Work and Final Acceptance in accordance with the requirements of Contract Documents.

4.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

A. Unless otherwise specified, within fourteen (14) days after the date of Contract Execution, the Contractor shall submit to City a detailed Schedule of Values that identifies the various activities of the Work and their values and quantities, including the overhead and profit for each activity. The Contractor warrants that the values identified in its Schedule of Values accurately reflect the value of each work activity. The Schedule of Values shall be used as a basis for calculating all Progress Payments. Payment for Contract Work shall be made only for and in accordance with those activities identified in the Schedule of Values.

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- B. The Contractor shall not be entitled to, nor shall City be required to make, payment for any Contract Work until the Schedule of Values has been accepted by City. Such acceptance shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- C. City shall review and accept the Schedule of Values or provide the Contractor with a written explanation of why the Schedule of Values was not acceptable. City shall use reasonable efforts to review the Schedule of Values within thirty (30) days of City's receipt of the Contractor's submittal of its Schedule of Values. City's acceptance of the Schedule of Values shall not relieve the Contractor from its sole responsibility for the accuracy of the Schedule of Values and its compliance with all Contract requirements. The Contractor shall revise the Schedule of Values as necessary to accurately reflect Change Orders.
- D. Each Application for Payment shall include a current status of the Schedule of Values. No Application for Payment will be considered until the current status of the Schedule of Values has been submitted and accepted.
- E. The activities, which the Contractor identifies within its Schedule of Values, shall be specifically referenced within, and conform and be consistent with the activities set forth within the Project Schedule.

4.4 PROJECT SCHEDULE

- A. Unless otherwise specified, within fourteen (14) days after the date of Contract Execution, the Contractor shall submit to City a Project Schedule. The Project Schedule shall show the sequence in which the Contractor proposes to perform the Work, indicate the Critical Path, identify the dates on which the Contractor proposes to start and finish the scheduled activities of the Contract Work, indicate Substantial Completion within the Contract Time, indicate a date for Final Acceptance, and meet all the requirements as may be set forth in the Contract Documents.
- B. Within thirty (30) days of City's receipt of the Contractor's submittal of its Project Schedule or unless stated elsewhere in the Contract, City shall review the Project Schedule and provide the Contractor with written comments. City will review the Project Schedule only to determine whether the Project Schedule meets the requirements in the Technical Specifications on Project Schedule. To the extent the Project Schedule does not meet such Technical Specifications, the Contractor shall revise the Project Schedule to make it compliant.
- C. By reviewing the Project Schedule and providing written comments, City is not approving or adopting the Contractor's plan, schedule, means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures required to perform the Work. Review and comment by City of the Project Schedule shall not relieve the Contractor from the sole responsibility for the accuracy of a Project Schedule, and its compliance with all Contract requirements, and its responsibility to meet all required Contract completion dates. Failure by City to indicate items on the Project Schedule that do not conform with the Contract requirements shall not alter or waive the Contract requirements or relieve the Contractor from complying with all Contract requirements.
- D. The Contractor shall not be entitled to, nor shall City be required to make payment for any Contract Work until the Project Schedule complies with all Contract requirements.
- E. The Contractor shall schedule the Contract Work so that the Contract Work is completed within the Contract Time. Float in the project Schedule shall be defined as the period of time measured by the number of days each non-critical path

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- activity may be delayed before it and its succeeding activities become part of the Critical Path. Contractor and Owner may both utilize float to offset delays to the Work.
- F. The Contractor shall regularly enter the actual progress of the Work and Contract Time extensions, if any, approved by City on the Project Schedule. Updated Project Schedules shall reflect actual progress and completion within the Contract Time and shall be provided to City with each Application for Payment in format(s) as required by the Contract. Applications for Progress Payments will not be considered by City and the Contractor will not be paid until the Contractor complies with these requirements. The updated Project Schedule shall be used to assist City in verifying the appropriate payment.
- G. If, in the opinion of City, the Contractor falls behind in its progress of the Work due to acts or omissions of the Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers, the Contractor shall take all necessary steps to improve its progress and bring its progress back in-line with the accepted Project Schedule, without additional cost to City. In this circumstance the Contractor shall, as necessary, increase the number of shifts, overtime operations, and/or days of work, both on and off the Site, and submit for acceptance any supplementary schedule or schedules as City deems necessary to demonstrate how the accepted rate of progress will be regained. Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements under these provisions shall be grounds for a determination by City that the Contractor is not prosecuting the Work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the Contract. Upon making this determination, City may pursue any right it has under the law or the Contract, including but not limited to default termination.

4.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals include shop drawings, setting and erection drawings, schedules of materials, product data, samples, certificates and other information prepared for the Work by the Contractor or a Subcontractor as set forth in the Technical Specifications ("Submittals"). The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work requiring Submittals until the Submittals have been reviewed and returned by City with one of the following annotations: (1) no exceptions taken, or (2) note markings.
- B. When submitting information, the Contractor shall identify and state reasons for any alteration, variation, addition, deviation, or omission from the Contract. The Contractor shall not perform work that alters, varies, adds to, deviates from, or omits any requirement of the Contract Documents without prior specific written acceptance by City.
- C. The Contractor shall provide Submittals with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to facilitate the timely completion of the Contract.
- D. City shall review the Contractor's Submittals and respond in writing with reasonable promptness so as not to unreasonably delay the progress of the Work. Unless otherwise agreed, no delay to the Work shall be attributable to the failure by City to respond to a Submittal until thirty (30) days after the Submittal is received by City, and then only if failure by City to respond is unreasonable and affects the Contract completion date.
 - E. If the Contractor is required to resubmit a Submittal, any revisions on resubmittals shall be specifically identified in writing and the resubmitted Submittal shall be sequentially alpha denoted (for example: 22A followed by 22B, etc.) and note revisions in numerical order. The cost of the review of the initial Submittal and the first revised submittal shall be borne by City. The costs of all

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- additional revised Submittals shall be charged to the Contractor. The cost of review shall include, without limitation, administrative, design, and engineering activities directly related to review of Submittals. City may deduct these costs from any amounts due the Contractor.
- F. City shall review the Contractor's Submittals only for conformance with the design of the Work and compliance with the Contract. Review of the Submittals are not conducted to verify the accuracy of dimensions, quantities, or calculations, the performance of materials, systems, or equipment, or construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures, all of which remain the Contractor's responsibility. Failure by City to take exception to a Submittal shall not relieve the Contractor from any duty, including its responsibility for errors or omissions in Submittals, its duty to make Submittals and duty to perform the Work according to the requirements of the Contract. City's review of a Submittal shall not alter or waive the requirements of the Contract unless City has issued prior written approval of such change or alteration of the Contract requirements.
- G. The Contractor's failure to identify any error, deviation, or omission and subsequent acceptance of the Submittal by City shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with the Contract requirements.

4.6 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

- A. If the Contractor determines that some portion of the drawings, specifications or other Contract Documents require clarification or interpretation by City because of an apparent error, inconsistency, omission, or lack of clarity in the Contract, the Contractor shall promptly submit a Request For Information ("RFI") and, unless otherwise directed, shall not proceed with the affected work until City has responded to the RFI. The Contractor shall plan its work in an efficient manner so as to allow for timely responses to RFIs.
- B. City shall respond in writing with reasonable promptness to Contractor's RFI.
 - 1. At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor shall prioritize its RFIs, identify a date by which the Contractor prefers the RFI be answered, and reasons for such priority.
 - 2. If the Contractor submits a RFI on an activity less than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of that activity, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any time extension or adjustment in Contract Price due to the time it takes City to respond to the RFI provided that City responds within fifteen (15) days. No delay to the Work or damages to the Contractor shall be attributable to the failure by City to respond to the RFI until fifteen (15) days after City's receipt of the RFI, and then only if the failure by City to respond is unreasonable and affects the Contract completion date.
- C. City's response to a RFI shall not be considered a change to the Contract requirements unless it is accompanied by a Request for Change Proposal. If the Contractor believes that City's response to the RFI constitutes changed work impacting Contract Price or Contract Time, the Contractor shall submit a Notice of Claim, Supplemental Information and a Request for Change Order to City in accordance with Articles 5, Changes to the Contract.

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4.7 TESTS, INSPECTIONS, AND ACCESS TO THE WORK

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for inspection and quality assurance of all the Work including all work performed by any Subcontractor. The Contractor shall document and maintain an adequate testing and inspection program and perform such tests and inspections as are necessary or required to ensure that the Work conforms to the requirements of the Contract. The Contractor shall maintain all documentation related to testing and inspection and make such documentation available to City at its request. Unless otherwise provided, Contractor shall make arrangements for such tests, inspections, and approvals with an independent testing laboratory or entity acceptable to City, or with the appropriate public authority. If any governmental, regulatory, or permitting authority requires any portion of the Work to be inspected, tested, or approved, the Contractor shall make all arrangements for and cooperate with such inspections, tests, and approvals so as not to delay completion of the Work. The Contractor shall bear all related costs of tests, inspections, and approvals. The Contractor shall give City at least three (3) days' Notice of: (1) when the work is ready to be tested and inspected and (2) when and where tests and inspections are to be made. Contractor shall maintain complete inspection records and make them available to City upon request.
- B. The Contractor shall cooperate with City in the performance of any tests and inspections of the Work. The Contractor has the duty to coordinate all tests and inspections in a manner, which does not negatively impact Contractor's compliance with the Contract.
- C. If any Work required to be inspected, tested, or approved is covered without such inspection, testing or approval being obtained, it must, if requested by City, be uncovered for observation, and such uncovering shall be at Contractor's expense.
- D. City may, at any reasonable time and at its own cost, conduct inspections and tests as it deems necessary to ensure that the Work is in accordance with the Contract. City shall promptly notify Contractor if an inspection or test reveals that the Work is not in accordance with the Contract. City inspection and tests are for the sole benefit of City and do not:
 - 1. Constitute or imply acceptance:
 - 2. Relieve Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures;
 - 3. Relieve Contractor of responsibility for risk of loss or damage to the Work, materials, or equipment;
 - 4. Relieve Contractor of its responsibility to comply with the requirements of the Contract: or
 - 5. Impair City's right to reject defective or nonconforming items, or to avail itself of any other remedy to which it may be entitled.
- E. Neither observations by an inspector retained by City, the presence or absence of such inspector on the Site, nor inspections, tests, or approvals by others, shall relieve Contractor from any requirement of the Contract. Inspectors are not authorized to change any term or condition of the Contract.
- F. Contractor shall promptly furnish, without additional charge, all facilities, labor, material and equipment reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by City. City may charge

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Contractor any additional cost of inspection or testing when Work is not ready at the time specified by Contractor for inspection or testing, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. City shall perform its inspections and tests in a manner that will cause no undue delay in the Work.

4.8 CORRECTION OF WORK OR DAMAGED PROPERTY

- A. If material, equipment, workmanship, or work proposed for, or incorporated into the Work, does not meet the Contract requirements or fails to perform satisfactorily, City shall have the right to reject such work by giving the Contractor written notice and may require the Contractor to promptly repair, replace or correct it at no cost to the City.
- B. If the Contractor does not repair, replace or correct and/or remove defective or non-conforming Work or repair damaged property as required by City, in manner and/or schedule, City or City's designee may repair, replace or correct and/or remove it and deduct the cost of such effort from any payment due the Contractor.
 - 1. If the remaining payments due the Contractor are not sufficient to cover City's cost of remedying the defective or non-conforming Work, the Contractor shall pay the difference to City.
- C. The Contractor shall be liable for all damages and costs incurred by City caused by defective or non-conforming work or workmanship, including but not limited to all special, incidental, or consequential damages incurred by City.

4.9 SUBSTITUTION OF PRODUCTS & PROCESSES

- A. Substitutions requested by the Contractor will be subject to City's prior written acceptance and at City's sole discretion.
- B. Requests for substitution must specifically identify:
 - 1. Material, equipment, and labor costs included in the Contractor's bid associated with the original item to be substituted;
 - 2. All costs for material, equipment, labor associated with the proposed substitution, including any impact costs;
 - 3. Proposed change to the Contract Price and/or Contract Time; and
 - 4. Compatibility with or modification to other systems, parts, equipment or components of the Project and Contract Work.
- C. Contractor shall provide all documentation supporting its request as requested by City.
- D. All costs of any redesign or modification to other systems, parts, equipment or components of the Project or Contract Work, which result from the substitution, shall be borne by the Contractor.
- E. When City approves a substitution proposed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall guarantee the substituted article or materials to be equal to, or better than, those originally specified and shall be compatible with all other systems, parts, equipment or components of the Project and Contract Work. City has the right to order an unaccepted, substituted article removed and replaced without additional cost to City.

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- F. City has a right to a deductive Change Order if the substituted product or process is less costly than the contractually required product or process.
- G. If City does not accept the substitution proposal the Contractor shall proceed, without delay or cost to City, with the Contract Work as originally specified.

4.10 INCREASED OR DECREASED QUANTITIES

- A. Payment to the Contractor will be made only for the actual quantities of work performed and accepted in conformance with the contract. When the accepted quantity of work performed under a unit item varies from the original proposal quantity, payment will be at the unit contract price for all work unless the total accepted quantity of any contract item, adjusted to exclude added or deleted amounts included in change orders accepted by both parties, increases or decreases by more than 25 percent from the original proposal quantity. In that case, payment for contract work may be adjusted as described herein:
 - 1. The adjusted final quantity shall be determined by starting with the final accepted quantity measured after all work under an item has been completed. From this amount, subtract any quantities included in additive change orders accepted by both parties. Then, to the resulting amount, add any quantities included in deductive change orders accepted by both parties. The final result of this calculation shall become the adjusted final quantity and the basis for comparison to the original proposal quantity.
 - a. Increased Quantities: Either party to the contract will be entitled to renegotiate the price for that portion of the adjusted final quantity in excess of 1.25 times the original proposal quantity. The price for excessive quantities will be determined by agreement of the parties, or, where the parties cannot agree, the price will be determined by the City based upon the actual costs to perform the work, including markup for overhead and profit in accordance with Paragraph 6.3, Allowable Costs.
 - b. Decreased Quantities: Either party to the contract will be entitled to an equitable adjustment if the adjusted final quantity of work performed is less than 75 percent of the original bid quantity. The equitable adjustment shall be based upon and limited to three factors:
 - Any increase or decrease in unit costs of labor, materials or equipment, utilized for work actually performed, resulting solely from the reduction in quantity;
 - ii. Changes in production rates or methods of performing work actually done to the extent that the nature of the work actually performed differs from the nature of the work included in the original plan; and
 - iii. An adjustment for the anticipated contribution to unavoidable fixed cost and overhead from the units representing the difference between the adjusted final quantity and 75% of the original plan quantity.
- B. The following limitations shall apply to renegotiated prices for increases and/or equitable adjustments for decreases:
 - 1. Labor, materials and equipment rates shall be actual costs but shall not exceed the rates set forth in Paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs* nor shall overhead and profit exceed the rates set forth in Paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs*.

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- 2. No payment for consequential damages or loss of anticipated profits will be allowed because of any variance in quantities from those originally shown in the proposal form, contact provisions, and contract plans.
- 3. The total payment (including the adjustment amount and unit prices for work performed) for any item which experiences an equitable adjustment for decreased quantity shall not exceed 75% of the amount original bid for the item.
- C. If the adjusted final quantity of any item does not vary from the quantity shown in the proposal by more than 25% then the Contractor and the City agree that all work under that item will be performed at the original contract unit price and within the original time for completion.
- D. When ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor shall proceed with the work pending determination of the cost or time adjustment for the variation in quantities.
- E. The Contractor and the City agree that there will be no cost adjustment for decreases if the City has entered the amount for the item in the proposal form only to provide a common proposal for bidders.

ARTICLE 5: CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT

5.1 GENERAL

- A. No provisions of the Contract may be amended or modified except by written agreement signed by the City.
- B. All Change Order work shall be performed in accordance with the original Contract requirements unless modified in writing by City.
- C. Any response to a Request For Information, or other directive, direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination (hereinafter referred to as "Direction" for the purposes of Article 5), provided by City is not considered a Change Order, a change to Contract requirements, and shall not constitute, in and of itself, entitlement to an adjustment in Contract Price and/or Contract Time.
- D. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any change in the Contract Price and/or Contract Time under the following conditions or events:
 - 1. They were reasonably foreseeable at the time the Contractor submitted its bid;
 - They were caused by the acts of the Contractor, Subcontractor and/or Supplier, including but not limited to the choice of means, methods, techniques, sequences, or procedures for the Work, failure to provide labor, materials or equipment in a timely manner, and failure to take reasonable steps to mitigate delays, disruptions, or conditions encountered.
- E. The Contract requirements for time and price impacts related to Change Orders are set forth in Article 6, *Time and Price Adjustments*.
- F. If there is a bid item for "Minor Changes," payments or credits for changes that cost \$5,000 or less and do not affect time, may, at the discretion of the City, be made under that bid item in lieu of the procedures set forth in Sections 5.1 5.6. A Minor Change will be documented by a written Order for a Minor Change or by a notation confirming an oral agreement.

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5.2 CONTRACTOR'S REQUEST FOR A CHANGE ORDER

- A. <u>Notice of Claim and Supplemental Information</u>. If the Contractor believes that it is entitled to additional compensation and/or time for any reason (other than for a differing site condition under Section 5.2), or if the Contractor disagrees with any written or oral direction, instruction, interpretation or determination from the City, the Contractor shall
 - (1) Provide the Engineer with a written Notice of Protest before doing any work or incurring any costs for which it may seek additional compensation or time from the City.
 - (2) Supplement the written Notice of Protest within 14 days with a written statement that includes the following:
 - a. The date, circumstances, and basis of entitlement to additional compensation and/or time:
 - b. The estimated dollar cost of the protested work and a detailed breakdown showing how that estimate was determined;
 - c. An analysis of the progress schedule showing the schedule change or disruption if the Contractor is asserting a schedule change or disruption;
 - d. Substantive basis of the Request;
 - e. If the protest is continuing, the information required above shall be supplemented upon request by the Engineer until the protest is resolved; and
 - f. The Contractor waives all claims for additional compensation and time if it fails to provide both a timely Notice of Claim and Supplemental Information with the information required by this Section.

B. Request for Change Order.

- 1. A Request for a Change Order must be submitted in writing to the Engineer no later than thirty-five (35) days after the Contractor submitted its supplemental information pursuant to Paragraph 5.1(A)(2).
- 2. The Request for a Change Order shall include:
 - a. Specific dollar amount covering all costs associated calculated in accordance with Article 6, *Time and Price Adjustments*;
 - b. Specific request for time extension (number of days) calculated in accordance with Article 6, *Time and Price Adjustments*;
 - c. A copy of the written Notice of intent, including all attachments;
 - d. All documentation supporting the Request for a Change Order, including but not limited to a cost proposal prepared using the forms provided by City, all cost records, schedule analysis, and the documents identified in §00700, ¶3.10, Maintenance and Inspection of Documents, that are in any way relevant to the Contractor's Request for Change Order; and
 - e. The Contractor waives all claims for additional compensation and time if it fails to provide a timely Request for Change Order with the information required by this Section.
- C. City's Response to Contractor's Request for Change Order.

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- 1. City will make a written determination with respect to the Contractor's Request for Change Order within thirty (30) days of receipt of said Request, unless one of the following activities occurs.
 - a. City may request additional information and specify a time period for receipt of the information. The Contractor shall comply with City's request for additional information.
 - b. City may inform the Contractor that additional time is needed to review the Contractor's Request for Change Order and identify a date certain when a decision will be rendered.
- 2. If City requests additional information, City will make a written determination within thirty (30) days receipt of Contractor's additional information.
- 3. If City does not make a determination within the applicable time period, the Request For Change Order is deemed denied.
- D. Approval of Request for Change Order and Execution of Change Order. If City determines that a Change Order is necessary, the parties may negotiate acceptable terms and conditions and execute a Bilateral Change Order or City may issue a Unilateral Change Order.
- E. Contractor Procedure upon Denial or Deemed Denial of a Request for a Change Order. If the Contractor disagrees with the denial, the Contractor's sole remedy shall be to file a fully documented Claim within thirty (30) days of deemed denial or the Contractor's receipt of the denial in accordance with Article 9, Claims and Litigation.
- F. <u>Contractor's Obligation to Continue to Work</u>. Pending resolution of the Contractor's Request for a Change Order, the Contractor shall continue to perform all Work including, at the written request of City that work associated with the pending Request for Change Order. The Contractor shall maintain its progress with the Work.
- G. <u>Waiver</u>. Failure to follow the provisions set forth herein shall constitute a waiver of the Contractor's right to receive any additional time or money as a result of any alleged direction, instruction, interpretation, determination by City and/or the event or impact to the Project.

5.3 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

- A. <u>Immediate Written Notice to City</u>. If the Contractor encounters a Differing Site Condition as defined in Article 1.0 the Contractor shall immediately, and before the conditions are disturbed, give written Notice to City of Differing Site Conditions.
- B. Request for Change Order based on Differing Site Condition. Unless otherwise agreed upon in writing by the Engineer, within forty-five (45) days of the Contractor's initial written notification of the Differing Site Condition to City, the Contractor shall provide a Request for Change Order that includes all elements required for such a request, including:
 - 1. A detailed description of the Differing Site Condition; and
 - 2. Substantive, contractual, and technical basis supporting the existence of the Differing Site Condition and its impacts.
- C. Waiver.

- 1. If the Contractor's actions disturb the Site such that City or City's designee cannot adequately and fully investigate the alleged differing site condition, the Contractor waives its right to receive any additional time or money as a result of the Differing Site Condition.
- 2. Failure by the Contractor to provide either (a) immediate Notice or (b) Request for Change Order shall constitute a waiver of the Contractor's right to receive any additional time or money as a result of the Differing Site Condition.
- 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for any and all costs or damages incurred by City resulting from the Contractor's failure to provide appropriate notice and/or the Detailed Description and Request for Change Order.
- D. <u>City's Response to the Differing Site Condition Request for Change Order</u>. City shall investigate the alleged Differing Site Conditions and respond to the Differing Site Condition in accordance with the Request for Change Order procedures set forth above.
- E. <u>Contractor's Obligation to Continue to Work</u>. The Contractor shall not disturb the condition until receipt of written authorization from the Engineer that work can resume at the location of the alleged Differing Site Condition. The Contractor shall continue with performance of all other Work.

5.4 SUSPENSION OF WORK

- A. City Issues Directive Suspending Work
 - 1. City may order the Contractor, in writing, to suspend all or any part of the Work of this Contract for the period of time that City determines appropriate for the convenience of City. The Contractor shall not suspend the Work without written direction from City specifically authorizing the Suspension of Work.
 - 2. Upon receipt of a written Notice suspending the Work, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize costs attributable to such suspension. Within a period up to 120 days after the suspension notice is received by the Contractor, or within any extension of that period which City requires, City shall either:
 - a. Cancel the written notice suspending the Work; or
 - b. Terminate the Work for either default or convenience.
 - 3. If a written notice suspending the Work is canceled or the period of the Suspension or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume Work as required by City.
 - 4. If the performance of all or any part of the Work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended by the written direction of City, the Contractor may be entitled to an adjustment in the Contract Time, or Contract Price, or both, for increases in the time or cost of performance directly attributable to the suspension and provided that the Contractor sufficiently documents all costs and time impacts attributable to the suspension. No adjustments to Contract Price and/or Contract Time shall be allowed unless the Contractor can demonstrate that the period of suspension caused by City impacted Critical Path and delayed the Contractor from completing the Work on time.

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B. Constructive Suspension of Work

- If the Contractor believes that some action or omission on the part of City constitutes constructive suspension of Work, the Contractor shall immediately notify City in writing that the Contractor considers the actions or omission a constructive suspension of Work.
- C. To the extent the Contractor believes it is entitled to any additional money or time as a result of the suspension of Work or constructive suspension, Contractor shall submit a Notice of Protest, Supplemental Information and Request for Change Order to City in accordance with Article 5. *Changes to the Contract*.
- D. Failure to comply with these requirements shall constitute a waiver of Contractor rights to any adjustment in Contract Time and/or Contract Price.
- E. No adjustment shall be made under this provision for any suspension to the extent that Contractor's performance would have been suspended, delayed, or interrupted as a result of actions, omissions, fault or negligence caused, in whole or in part, by the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.

5.5 FORCE MAJEURE

- A. To the extent the Contractor believes it is entitled to any additional time as a result of Force Majeure, Contractor shall submit a Notice of Protest, Supplemental Information and Request for Change Order to City in accordance with Article 5, Changes to the Contract.
- B. Contractor shall not be entitled to a change in Contract Price resulting from an act of Force Majeure.
- C. Contractor is not entitled to an adjustment in Contract Time if the act of Force Majeure did not impact progress of the Work on the Critical Path and delay the Contractor from completing the Work within the Contract Time.
- D. When a Contractor experiences concurrent delay caused by either City or Contractor and an act of Force Majeure, the Contractor shall only be entitled to an change in Contract Time. No change to the Contract Price shall be allowed as a result of such concurrent delay.

5.6 CHANGE ORDERS

A. Bilateral Change Orders

1. If City and Contractor reach agreement on the terms and conditions of any change in the Work, including any adjustment in the Contract Price and Contract Time, such agreement shall be incorporated into a Change Order and signed by both Parties. Such Bilateral Change Orders shall represent full and complete payment and final settlement of all changes, Claims, damages or costs for all (a) time; (b) direct, indirect, and overhead costs; (c) profit; and (d) any and all costs or damages associated with delay, inconvenience, disruption of schedule, impact, ripple effect, loss of efficiency or productivity, acceleration of work, lost profits, stand-by, and any other costs or damages related to any work either covered or affected by the Change Order, or related to the events giving rise to the Bilateral Change Order.

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B. Unilateral Change Order

- 1. City's Right to Issue Unilateral Change Order.
 - a. City may unilaterally issue a Change Order at any time, without invalidating the Contract and without notice to the sureties, making changes within the general scope of this Contract.
 - b. If any such Change Order causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or time required for, performance of any part of the Work, City may make an adjustment in the Contract Price, Contract Time, or both, in accordance with Articles 5, Changes to the Contract, and 6, Time and Price Adjustments.
- Contractor Disagreement with Unilateral Change Order. If the Contractor disagrees with the adjustment to the Contract Price and/or Time as indicated in the Unilateral Change Order, the Contractor must submit a Notice of Protest, Supplemental Information and Request for Change Order to City in accordance with Article 5, Changes to the Contract.
- 3. <u>Contractor's Obligation to Continue to Work</u>. The Contractor is required to continue with performance of all Work, including work associated with the Unilateral Change Order.

5.7 CITY REQUEST FOR A CHANGE PROPOSAL

- A. Request. City may request a written Change Proposal from the Contractor for a change in the Work.
- B. <u>Contractor's Proposal</u>. Contractor shall submit its written Change Proposal within the time specified in City's request with the costs shown in a form acceptable to the City. The Change Proposal shall represent the Contractor's offer to perform the requested work, and the pricing set forth within the proposal shall represent full, complete, and final compensation for the proposed change and any impacts to any other Work, including any adjustments in the Contract Time.
- C. <u>City's Acceptance of Contractor Proposal</u>. If City accepts the Change Proposal as submitted by the Contractor or as negotiated by the parties, City shall notify the Contractor in writing of its acceptance of the Proposal and direct that the change in the Work be performed.
- D. <u>Execution of a Bilateral Change Order</u>. After acceptance of the Change Proposal or acceptance of the negotiated Change Proposal, City shall direct the Contractor to perform the work in accordance with the agreed upon terms; thereafter, the Parties shall execute a bilateral Change Order in accordance with the terms of the Change Proposal or negotiated Change Proposal.
- E. <u>Execution of Unilateral Change Order</u>. If City does not accept the Change Proposal or the Parties cannot agree upon the appropriate price or terms for the Change Proposal, City may issue a unilateral Change Order.

ARTICLE 6: TIME AND PRICE ADJUSTMENTS

6.1 CHANGE IN THE CONTRACT TIME

A. The Contract Time shall only be changed by a Change Order.

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- B. No change in the Contract Time shall be allowed to the extent the time of performance is changed due to the fault, act, or omission of Contractor, or anyone for whose acts or omissions the Contractor is responsible.
- C. Contractor is not entitled to a change in Contract Time unless the progress of the Work on the Critical Path is delayed and completion of the Contract Work within Contract Time is delayed.
- D. When a Contractor experiences concurrent delays which impact the Critical Path and are caused by (1) City and the Contractor; (2) City and an act of Force Majeure; or, (3) the Contractor and an act of Force Majeure, the Contractor shall only be entitled to a change in Contract Time. No change to the Contract Price shall be allowed as a result of such concurrent delay.
- E. A Request for Change Order that includes a request for an adjustment in the Contract Time shall:
 - 1. Be in writing and delivered to City within the appropriate time period specified in Article 5, *Changes in the Contract*.
 - 2. Include a clear explanation of how the event or conditions specifically impacted the Critical Path and overall Project Schedule and the amount of the adjustment in Contract Time requested.
 - 3. Be limited to the change in the Critical Path of a Contractor's Project Schedule, and any updates, attributable to the event or conditions, which caused the request for adjustment. No extension of time or compensation for damages resulting from delay will be granted unless the delay affects the timely completion of all Work under the Contract or timely completion of a portion of the Work for which time of completion is specific. Contractor shall be responsible for showing clearly on the Project Schedule, and any updates, that the event or conditions:
 - a. Had a specific impact on the Critical Path and was the sole cause of such impact;
 - b. Could not have been avoided by resequencing of the Work or other reasonable alternatives; and
 - c. Will prevent the Contractor from completing the Project within the current Contract completion date.
- F. Contractor shall make all reasonable efforts to prevent and mitigate the effects of any delay, whether occasioned by an act of Force Majeure or otherwise.

6.2 CHANGE IN THE CONTRACT PRICE

- A. The Contract Price shall only be changed by a Change Order.
- B. No change in the Contract Price shall be allowed when:
 - 1. Contractor's changed cost of performance is due to the fault, acts, or omissions of Contractor, or anyone for whose acts or omissions Contractor is responsible, including its subcontractors and suppliers;
 - 2. The change is concurrently caused by Contractor and City; or
 - 3. The change is caused by an act of a third party or Force Majeure.

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- C. City shall not be responsible for, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any compensation for unallowable costs. Unallowable costs include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Interest or attorney's fees of any type other than those mandated by Washington state statute;
 - 2. Claim preparation or filing costs;
 - 3. The cost of preparing or reviewing Change Proposals or Requests for Change Orders;
 - 4. Lost profits, lost income or earnings;
 - 5. Costs for idle equipment when such equipment is not at the Site, has not been employed in the Work, or is not scheduled to be used at the Site;
 - 6. Lost earnings or interest on unpaid retainage;
 - 7. Claims consulting costs;
 - 8. The costs of corporate officers or staff visiting the Site or participating in meetings with City;
 - 9. Loss of other business; and/or
 - 10. Any other special, consequential, or incidental damages incurred by the Contractor, Subcontractor, or Suppliers.
- D. A Request for Change Order that includes a request for an adjustment in Contract Price shall:
 - 1. Be in writing and delivered to City within the applicable time period specified in Article 5, *Changes to the Contract*.
 - 2. Identify the following information:
 - a. The event or condition which caused the Contractor to submit its request for an adjustment in the Contract Price;
 - b. The nature of the impacts to Contractor and its Subcontractors, if any; and
 - c. The amount of the adjustment in Contract Price requested calculated in accordance with Paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs*, and using forms provided by City.
 - Any requests by Contractor for an adjustment in the Contract Price and in the Contract Time that arise out of the same event or conditions shall be submitted together.
- E. The adjustments to the Contract Price provided for in this Article represent full, final, and complete compensation for all work done in connection with the request for an adjustment in Contract Price and all costs related to, resulting from, or affected by such change in Work including, but not limited to, all direct and indirect costs, overhead, profit, and all costs or damages associated with delay, inconvenience, disruption of schedule, impact, dilution of supervision, inefficiency, ripple effect, loss of efficiency or productivity, acceleration of work, lost profits, and any other costs or damages related to any work either covered or affected by the change in the Work, or related to the events giving rise to the change.

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6.3 METHOD TO CALCULATE ADJUSTMENTS TO CONTRACT PRICE

- A. One of the following methods shall be used to calculate damages and/or adjustments to the Contract Price that result from or relate to Change Proposal, Request for Change Order, and/or Claim.
- B. Determination of the method to be used to calculate adjustments in the Contract Price shall be at the sole discretion of City.
- C. One of the following methods shall be used:
 - 1. Unit Price Method;
 - 2. Firm Fixed Price Method (also known as Lump Sum); or
 - 3. Time and Materials Method.

D. Unit Price Method

- 1. The City may direct the Contractor to perform extra work on a Unit Price basis. Such authorization shall clearly state the:
 - a. Scope of work to be performed;
 - b. Applicable Unit Price; and
 - c. Not to exceed amount of reimbursement as established by City.
- 2. The applicable unit price shall include reimbursement for all direct and indirect costs of the work, including Overhead and profit, as limited by paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs*.
- 3. Contractor shall only be paid under this method for the actual quantity of materials incorporated in or removed from the Work and such quantities must be supported by field measurement statements verified by City.

E. Firm Fixed Price Method

- 1. The Contractor and City may mutually agree on a fixed amount as the total compensation for the performance of changed work.
- The Contractor shall provide a detailed cost breakdown supporting the Contractor's requested adjustment to Contract Price and any other financial documentation requested by the Engineer, as limited by paragraph 6.3, Allowable Costs.
- 3. Any adjustments to the Contract Price using the Firm Fixed Price Method shall include, when appropriate all reasonable costs for labor, equipment, material, Overhead and profit. Such labor, equipment, material, Overhead and profit shall be calculated in accordance with paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs*.
- 4. Whenever City authorizes Contractor to perform changed work on a Firm Fixed Price Method, City's authorization shall clearly state:
 - a. Scope of work to be performed; and
 - b. Total Fixed Price payment for performing such work.

F. Time and Materials Method

1. Whenever City authorizes the Contractor to perform work on a Time and Material basis, City's authorization shall clearly state:

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- a. Scope of work to be performed; and
- b. A not to exceed amount of reimbursement as established by City.

2. Contractor shall:

- a. Cooperate with City and assist in monitoring the work being performed;
- b. Substantiate the labor hours, materials and equipment charged to work under the Time and Materials Method by detailed time cards or logs completed on a daily basis before the close of business each working day;
- c. Present the time card and/or log at the close of business each day to the Engineer so that City may review and initial each time card/log;
- d. Perform all work in accordance with this provision as efficiently as possible;
- e. Not exceed any cost limit(s) without City's prior written approval; and
- f. Maintain all records of the work, including all records of the Subcontractor, Supplier, and Materialmen, and make such records available for inspection as required in paragraphs 3.8, *Record Documents*, 3.9, *Cost Records*, and 3.10, Maintenance and Inspection of Document.
- 3. Contractor shall submit costs and any additional information requested by City to support Contractor's requested price adjustment.
- 4. The Contractor shall only be entitled to be paid for reasonable costs actually incurred by the Contractor. The Contractor has a duty to control costs. If City determines that the Contractor's costs are excessive or unreasonable, City, at its discretion, shall determine the reasonable amount for payment.

G. Deductive Changes to the Contract Price

- 1. A deductive change to the Contract Price may be determined by taking into account:
 - a. Costs incurred and saved by the Contractor as a result of the change, if any;
 - b. The costs of labor, material, equipment, and overhead saved and profit unearned by the deleted work. These costs shall be calculated following as closely as possible with the provisions identified in Article 6, Time and Price Adjustments; and/or,
 - c. At the discretion of City, costs set forth in the documents used by the Contractor to develop its bid.
- 2. Where City has elected not to correct incomplete or defective Work, the adjustment in the Contract Price shall take into account:
 - a. The costs the City would have to expend to correct the Work;
 - b. The decreased value to City resulting from the incomplete or defective Work; and,
 - c. The increased future costs which City may incur by reason of the incomplete or defective Work.

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H. Full Compensation

An adjustment calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Article shall be full and complete payment and final settlement of all changes, claims, damages and costs for all (a) time; (b) direct, indirect, and overhead costs; (c) profit; and (d) any and all costs or damages associated with delay, inconvenience, disruption of schedule, impact, ripple effect, loss of efficiency or productivity, acceleration of work, lost profits, standby, and/or any other costs or damages related to any Work either covered or affected by the changed Work, or related to the events giving rise to the change.

6.4 ALLOWABLE COSTS

- A. Any adjustments to the Contract Price shall be based on the following categories and shall incorporate markups for Overhead and profit as provided herein.
 - 1. **Labor**. For all labor, including foreman supervision but excluding superintendents and other project management and consultants, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for labor costs provided herein. The labor cost of an event or condition shall be calculated as the sum of the following:
 - a. Labor Rate. The Labor Rate is the actual reasonable wage paid to the individual plus the actual reasonable costs incurred by the Contractor to cover costs associated with Federal Insurance Compensation Act (FICA), Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), State Unemployment Tax Act (SUCA), industrial insurance, fringe benefits, and benefits paid on behalf of labor by the Contractor. The applicable Labor Rates shall be multiplied by the number of hours reasonably expended in each labor classification because of the event or condition to arrive at a total cost of labor.
 - b. **Travel Allowance and/or Subsistence**. The labor calculation shall include the actual costs of travel and/or subsistence paid to the Contractor's employees engaged upon the Work when said payments are required by a labor agreement.
 - 2. **Materials**. The cost of materials resulting from an event or condition shall be calculated in one or more of the following methods, at City's election:
 - a. Invoice Cost. The Contractor may be paid the actual invoice cost of materials including actual freight and express charges and applicable taxes less all available discounts, rebates, and back-charges,. This method shall be considered only to the extent the Contractor's invoice costs are reasonable and the Contractor provides copies of vendor invoices, freight and express bills, and other evidence of cost accounting and payment satisfactory to City. As to materials furnished from the Contractor's stocks for which an invoice is not available, the Contractor shall furnish an affidavit certifying its actual cost of such materials and such other information as City may reasonably require;
 - b. Wholesale Price. The Contractor may be paid the lowest current wholesale price for which the materials are available in the quantities required, including customary costs of delivery and all applicable taxes less all available discounts, rebates, and back-charges; or

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- c. **City Furnished Material**. City reserves the right to furnish such materials as it deems advisable, and the Contractor shall have no Claim for any costs, Overhead or profit on such materials. However, should the Contractor be required to pick up, transport and/or unload such materials the Contractor will be reimbursed for reasonable costs thereof.
- 3. **Equipment**. The additional cost, if any, of machine-power tools and equipment usage shall be calculated in accordance with the following rules:
 - a. Equipment Rates. The Contractor's own charge rates may be used if verified and approved by City and based on the Contractor's actual ownership and operating cost experience. Rental rates contained in published rate guides may be used if their cost formulas and rate factors are identifiable, reflect the Contractor's historical acquisition costs, utilization, and useful life, and do not include replacement cost, escalation contingency reserves, general and administrative expense, or profit. Rates shall be based on the Contractor's actual allowable costs incurred or the rates established according to the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment, published by Equipment Watch, PRIMEDIA, whichever is less. The Rental Rate Blue Book established hourly equipment rate shall be the monthly rental rate for the equipment plus the monthly rental rate for required attachments, divided by 176 work hours per month, multiplied by the appropriate regional adjustment factor, plus the hourly operating cost. The established equipment rate shall apply for actual equipment usage up to eight hours per day. For all hours in excess of eight hours per day or 176 hours per month, the established equipment rate shall be the monthly rental rate plus the monthly rental rate for required attachments, divided by 352, multiplied by the regional adjustment factor, plus the hourly operating cost.
 - b. **Transportation**. If the necessary equipment is not already at the Site and it is not anticipated that it would be required for the performance of other work under the terms of the Contract, the calculation shall include a reasonable amount for the costs of the necessary transportation of such equipment.
 - c. Standby. The Contractor shall only be entitled to standby equipment costs if (a) the equipment is ready, able, and available to do the Work at a moment's notice; (b) Contractor is required to have equipment standby because of an event or condition solely caused by City and (c) the Contractor can demonstrate that it could have and intended to use the equipment on other projects/jobs. The Contractor shall be compensated at 50% of the monthly rental rate for the equipment, divided by 176, and multiplied by the appropriate regional adjustment factor, as identified in the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment, published by Machinery Information Division of PRIMEDIA Information Inc. Standby shall not be paid during periods of Contractor-caused delay, concurrent delay, Force Majeure, during any seasonal shutdown, routine maintenance, down-time or broken equipment, late delivery of equipment or supplies, or other anticipated occurrence specified in the Contract Documents. No payment shall be made for standby on any piece of equipment, which has been used on the Project in any 24 hour period. Standby costs shall not be paid for weekends, holidays, and any time the equipment was not intended to be used on the Project as demonstrated by the Project Schedule.

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4. Subcontractor & Supplier. Direct costs associated with Subcontractors and Suppliers shall exclude Overhead and Profit markups and shall be calculated and itemized in the same manner as prescribed herein for Contractor. Contractor shall provide detailed breakdown of Subcontractor and Supplier invoices.

5. Overhead and Profit Markup.

- a. On a change to the Contract Price or any other claim for money by the Contractor, City will only pay Overhead, including Home Office Overhead, Site or Field Office Overhead, and unabsorbed home office overhead, and Profit pursuant to the Overhead and Profit Markups set forth herein. The Overhead and Profit Markups cover all overhead regardless of how the Contractor chooses to account for various costs in its books of account.
- b. Overhead and Profit markups shall not be applied to freight, delivery charges, express charges, and sales tax.
- c. The allowed Overhead and Profit markup shall not exceed the following:
 - i. If the Contractor is self-performing work: 18% combined Overhead and Profit markup on the Contractor's Direct Costs;
 - ii. If a Subcontractor or Supplier is performing work: 18% for the Subcontractor's Direct Cost for performing the work and 7% on the Direct Costs of the Subcontractors' or Suppliers'; provided that the 7% is to be divided among upper tier Subcontractors and the Contractor when a Subcontractor or Supplier is performing the work;
 - iii. If the value of material and equipment is greater than 50% of the total value of the change, the Overhead and Profit Markup shall only be 10% for material and equipment; and
 - iv. In no event shall the total combined Overhead and Profit markup for the Contractor and all Subcontractors and Suppliers of any tier exceed 25% of the Direct Cost to perform the Change Order work.

ARTICLE 7: PAYMENT AND COMPLETION

7.1 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. On or about the first day of each month, the Contractor shall submit to City an Application for Payment. Each application shall be completed on a form acceptable to City and designated as an "Application for Payment."
- B. The Contractor is not entitled to payment for any work unless the Application for Payment includes all required documentation. City reserves the right to withhold payment pursuant to paragraph 7.2, *Payments Withheld* if it is subsequently determined that all required documentation was not provided by the Contractor or is in error.
- C. The application shall correlate the amount requested with the Schedule of Values and with the state of completion of the Work.
- D. The Contractor shall submit a breakdown of the cost of lump sum items to enable the Engineer to determine the Work performed on a monthly basis. Lump sum breakdowns shall be submitted prior to the first progress payment that includes

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payment for the Bid Item. Absent a lump sum breakdown, the Engineer will make a determination based on information available.

7.2 PAYMENTS

- A. City shall comply with RCW 39.76, as amended, and promptly review each Application for Payment and identify in writing any cause for disapproval within 8 working days. In addition to withholding payment for unsatisfactory performance or failure to comply with Contract requirements, if the Contractor's Application for Payment fails to recognize any back-charges, off-sets, credits, change orders, or deductions in payment made in accordance with paragraph 7.2, *Payments Withheld*, City shall have the right to revise or disapprove Contractor's Application For Payment because the Application for Payment is not considered a properly completed invoice.
- B. The City shall withhold retainage from each Application for Payment as required by RCW 60.28, as amended.
- C. If an Application for Payment is accepted by City, it shall be paid within thirty (30) days of City's receipt of the properly prepared invoice (Application for Payment).

7.3 PAYMENT WITHHELD

- A. In addition to retainage withheld pursuant to RCW 60.28 and without waiver of any other available remedies, City has the right to withhold, nullify, or back-charge, in whole or in part, any payment or payments due or that have been paid to the Contractor as may be necessary to cover City's costs or to protect City from loss or damage for reasons including but not limited to:
 - 1. Failure of the Contractor to submit or obtain acceptance of a Progress Schedule, Schedule of Values, and any updated Schedules;
 - 2. Defective or non-conforming Work;
 - 3. Costs incurred by City to correct, repair or replace defective or non-conforming Work, or to complete the Work;
 - 4. A reasonable doubt that the Contract can be completed for the balance then unpaid;
 - 5. A reasonable concern by City that the materials, equipment or component parts are not in proper operating condition;
 - 6. Assessment of Liquidated Damages;
 - 7. Failure to perform in accordance with the Contract;
 - 8. Cost or liability that may occur to City as the result of the Contractor's or Subcontractor's acts, omissions, fault, or negligence;
 - 9. Deduction in the Work:
 - 10. Failure of Contractor to repair damaged materials, equipment, property, or Work:
 - 11. Failure of the Contractor to obtain approval of Submittals pertinent to the work accomplished;
 - 12. Failure to pay Subcontractors, Suppliers, employees or other obligations arising out of the Work;

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- 13. Failure to keep Record Documents up to date;
- 14. Failure to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, statutes, regulations, codes, licenses, easements, and permits;
- 15. Failure to obtain and maintain applicable permits, insurance, and bonds; and
- 16. Failure to provide Statement of intent to Pay Prevailing Wage and/or Affidavits of Wages Paid and, if requested, Certified Payroll Records for the Contractor and for Subcontractors of any tier.
- B. The withholding, nullification, or back-charge of any payment(s) by City shall in no way relieve the Contractor of any of its obligations under this Contract.

7.4 TITLE

Title to all Work and materials covered by an accepted and paid Application For Payment shall pass to City at the time of such payment, free and clear of all liens, claims, security interest, and encumbrances. Passage of title shall not, however, (1) relieve Contractor from any of its duties and responsibilities for the Work or materials, including protection thereof, (2) waive any rights of City to insist on full compliance by Contractor with the Contract requirements, or (3) constitute acceptance of the Work or materials.

7.5 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. When the Contractor has achieved Substantial Completion (as defined in Section 1 above), the Contractor shall give written Notice to City.
 - 1. City shall promptly inspect the Work and prepare a Punch List (list of items to be completed or corrected).
 - a. City reserves the right to add to, modify, or change the Punch List.
 - b. Failure by City to include any items on such list does not alter the responsibility of the Contractor to complete or correct the Work in accordance with the Contract.
- B. At the Contractor's request, City may identify those Punch List items that must be completed or corrected in order for the Contractor to achieve Substantial Completion.
 - 1. When City determines that those Punch List items have been completed or corrected by the Contractor, City shall make a determination that the Work is Substantially Complete.
 - 2. A Certificate of Substantial Completion will be issued by City, which shall establish the date of Substantial Completion.
 - 3. This Certificate of Substantial Completion shall state the responsibilities of City and the Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work, and insurance.
- C. City shall assess liquidated damages for the Contractor's failure to Substantially Complete the Work within the Contract Time. The liquidated damage amounts, set forth elsewhere in the Contract Documents, will be assessed for Contractor's failure to achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time. These Liquidated Damages are not a penalty, but will be assessed against the Contractor for failure to achieve these Contract requirements. These Liquidated Damage amounts are

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fixed and agreed upon by and between the Contractor and City because of the impracticability and extreme difficulty of fixing and ascertaining the actual damages City would in such events sustain. These amounts shall be construed as the actual amount of damages sustained by City, and may be retained by City and deducted from payments to the Contractor. Assessment of Liquidated Damages shall not release the Contractor from any further obligations or duties pursuant to the Work.

D. As provided in the Contract Documents, City may grant Substantial Completion to specific subsystems or portions of the Work. The dates of Substantial Completion shall be determined, in writing, by City.

7.6 FINAL INSPECTION

A. The Contractor shall correct all remaining Punch List items and complete all remaining Work within the time period stated in the Certificate of Substantial Completion or within 30 days, whichever is less. When all Punch List items have been successfully corrected and the work is complete the Contractor's shall give written notice to the City that the Work ready for final inspection. After verification by City that such completion was satisfactory, the Contractor shall submit a Final Application for Payment.

7.7 REQUIREMENTS FOR FINAL APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- A. In addition to any other requirement identified in the Contract Documents, the Final Application for Payment shall include the following documents:
 - 1. Affidavit of Wages Paid for Contractor and all Subcontractors in accordance with state law;
 - Contractor's release of claims against City, except for Claims specifically described in the release document and submitted in accordance with Article 9, Claims and Litigation; and
 - 3. Contractor certification that all Subcontractors and Suppliers have been paid and there are no outstanding liens.

7.8 COMPLETION/FINAL ACCEPTANCE

- A. Completion/Final Acceptance shall be achieved when all the obligations of the Contract have been successfully performed by the Contractor in accordance with the Contract and accepted by City. Should Contractor fail to achieve Final Acceptance within the required time the City may assess actual damages caused by its failure to do so.
- B. Neither Final Acceptance, nor Final Payment, shall release Contractor or its sureties from any obligations under this Contract or the Performance and Payment Bonds, or constitute a waiver of any claims by City arising from or related to Contractor's performance or failure to perform the Work and to meet all Contractual obligations in accordance with the Contract, including but not limited to:
 - 1. Unsettled liens, security interests or encumbrances;
 - 2. Damaged, non-conforming, or defective Work discovered by City;
 - 3. Terms of any warranties or guarantees required by the Contract; and
 - 4. Payments made in error.

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- C. Except for any Claims properly submitted in accordance with Article 9, *Claims and Litigation*, acceptance of Payment on the Final Application for Payment by the Contractor shall, on behalf of itself and its Subcontractors or Sureties, forever and unconditionally release and discharge City, it officers, agents, employees, from:
 - 1. Any and all disputes or claims, including but not limited to claims for damages, fines, interest, taxes, attorney fees, or costs, demands, rights, actions or causes of actions, known or unknown, arising out of or in any way related to the parties' performance under the Contract and/or Project; and
 - 2. Any and all known and/or unknown liabilities, obligations, demands, actions, suits, debts, charges, causes of action, requests for money and/or payment under the Contract, outstanding invoices, or claims directly or indirectly arising out of or related to the Contract and/or Project.

7.9 WARRANTY AND GUARANTY

- A. In addition to any special warranties provided elsewhere in the Contract, Contractor warrants that all Work conforms to the requirements of the Contract and is free from any defect in equipment, material, design, or workmanship performed by Contractor or its Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- B. The warranty period shall be for the longer period of: one year from the date of Final Acceptance of the entire Project or the duration of any special extended warranty offered by a supplier or common to the trade.
- C. With respect to all warranties, express or implied, for Work performed or materials furnished according to the Contract, Contractor shall:
 - 1. Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice from the supplier and/or manufacturer;
 - 2. Prior to Final Acceptance require all warranties be executed, in writing, for the benefit of City;
 - 3. Enforce all warranties for the benefit of City; and
 - 4. Be responsible to enforce any warranty of a Subcontractor, manufacturer, or Supplier, should they extend beyond the period specified in the Contract.
- D. If, within an applicable warranty period, any part of the Work is found not to conform to the Contract, the Contractor shall correct it promptly after receipt of written Notice from City to do so. In the event City determines that Contractor corrective action is not satisfactory and/or timely performed, then City has the right to either correct the problem itself or procure the necessary services, recommendations, or guidance from third parties. All damages incurred by City and all costs for City's remedy shall be reimbursed by the Contractor.
- E. The warranty provided in this provision shall be in addition to any other rights or remedies provided elsewhere in the Contract or by applicable law.

7.10 PRIOR OCCUPATION

City shall have the right to occupy such part or parts of the Project in or upon which the Work is being done, as it may see fit, and such occupation shall not be construed as acceptance by City of the Work or constitute Substantial Completion of the Work.

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ARTICLE 8: TERMINATION

8.1 CITY'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE CONTRACT

A. Termination for Default

- 1. City may terminate, without prejudice to any right or remedy of City the Work, or any part of it, for cause upon the occurrence of any one or more of the following events:
 - Contractor fails to prosecute the Work or any portion thereof with sufficient diligence to ensure Substantial Completion of the Work within the Contract Time:
 - b. Contractor fails to prosecute the Work or any portion thereof with sufficient diligence to ensure Final Acceptance of the Work in a timely manner;
 - c. Contractor is adjudged bankrupt, makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors, or a receiver is appointed on account of its insolvency;
 - d. Contractor fails in a material way to repair, replace or correct Work not in conformance with the Contract;
 - e. Contractor repeatedly fails to supply skilled workers or proper materials or equipment;
 - f. Contractor repeatedly fails to make prompt payment to its employees or Subcontractors;
 - g. Contractor materially disregards or fails to comply with laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, permits, easements or orders of any public authority having jurisdiction;
 - h. Contractor fails to comply with all Contract safety requirements; or
 - i. Contractor is otherwise in material breach of any provision of the Contract, including but not limited to quality control, environmental requirements, administrative requirements, coordination and supervision.
- 2. If City reasonably believes that one of the aforementioned events has occurred, City will provide the Contractor with written Notice of its intent to terminate the Contractor for default, specifying within such notice the ground(s) for such termination. City, at its option, shall require the Contractor to either promptly correct the deficiencies noted in City's intent to terminate or provide City with a corrective action plan as to how such deficiencies will be remedied or cured in a timely fashion. However, if after receipt of the proposed remedy, City has a reasonable basis for concluding that the Contractor has (a) failed or is unwilling to repair, replace or correct the deficiencies, or (b) failed or is unwilling to provide a reasonable and satisfactory corrective action plan, City shall thereafter have the right to terminate this Contract for default.
- 3. Upon termination, City may at its option:
 - Take possession of the Site and possession of or use of all materials, equipment, tools, and construction equipment and machinery thereon owned by Contractor; and/or

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- b. Finish the Work by whatever other reasonable method it deems expedient; or
- c. Call upon the surety to perform its obligations under the performance and payment bonds, if applicable.
- 4. The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for all damages and costs, including but not limited to: (1) compensation for architect and engineering services and expenses made necessary thereby; (2) any other costs or damages incurred by City in completing and/or correcting the Work; and (3) any other special, incidental or consequential damages incurred by City which results or arises from the breach or termination for default.
- 5. In the event of termination for default City shall only pay the Contractor for Work successfully completed and accepted by City prior to the date of termination. City shall not be responsible for any other Contractor costs, expenses, or damages including any consequential, special, or incidental damages or lost profits associated with this Contract. In no event shall City reimburse the Contractor for any costs directly or indirectly related to the cause of this termination for default.
- 6. If, after termination for default, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of City.
- 7. The rights and remedies of City in this provision are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

B. Termination for Convenience

- 1. Upon written Notice City may terminate the Work, or any part of it, without prejudice to any right or remedy of City, for the convenience of City.
- 2. If City terminates the Work or any portion thereof for convenience, Contractor shall recover as its sole remedy:
 - a. Reasonable costs for all Work completed prior to the effective date of the termination and not previously paid for by City; and
 - b. A reasonable allowance for Overhead and profit for Work actually performed prior to the date of termination and accepted by City, at a rate not to exceed the percentage amount set forth in the Contract and in paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Costs*, subparagraph A.5, *Overhead and Profit*. The Contractor waives all other claims for payment and damages including without limitation, anticipated profit and overhead on work not performed and accepted by City.
- 3. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any other costs or damages, whatsoever. The total sum payable upon termination shall not exceed the Contract Price reduced by prior payments. Contractor shall be required to make its request for adjustment in accordance with Article 5, *Changes to the Contract*, and Article 6, *Time and Price Adjustments*.
- 4. If it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire Contract had it been completed, City shall not reimburse Contractor any profit for the Work completed and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

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C. Contractor's Obligations During Termination

Unless City directs otherwise, after receipt of a written Notice of termination for default or termination for convenience, Contractor shall promptly:

- 1. Stop performing Work on the date and as specified in the Notice of termination;
- Place no further orders or subcontracts for materials, equipment, services or facilities, except as may be necessary for completion of such portion of the Work not terminated;
- 3. Cancel all orders and subcontracts, upon terms acceptable to City, to the extent that they relate to the performance of Work terminated;
- 4. Assign as specifically requested by City all of the rights, title, and interest of Contractor in all orders and subcontracts;
- 5. Take such action as may be necessary or as directed by City to preserve and protect the Work, Site, and any other property related to this Project in the possession of Contractor in which City has an interest;
- 6. Continue performance of Work only to the extent not terminated; and
- 7. Take any other steps required by City with respect to this Project.

8.2 CITY'S RIGHT TO STOP THE WORK FOR CAUSE

- A. If Contractor fails or refuses to perform its obligations in accordance with the Contract, City may order Contractor, in writing, to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until satisfactory corrective action has been taken.
- B. Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment in the Contract Time and/or Contract Price for any increased cost or time of performance attributable to Contractor's failure or refusal to perform its obligations under the Contract.

ARTICLE 9: CLAIMS AND LITIGATION

9.1 CONTRACTOR CLAIMS

- A. Condition Precedent to Filing a Claim.
 - 1. The following actions are a condition precedent to filing a Claim:
 - a. The Contractor submitted a timely Notice of Protest, Supplemental Information and Request for Change Order as required by paragraph 5.1;
 - b. The Request for Change Order has been denied or deemed denied by City; or
 - c. A Unilateral Change Order is issued by City.

B. Failure to file a Timely Claim.

- 1. At least seven (7) days prior to appropriate time to file a Claim, the Contractor may request an extension of time for filing its Claim. The Contractor shall state the reasons for the request and identify a date certain when the Contractor shall provide a fully documented Claim. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Engineer, a fully documented Claim shall be received by the City within thirty (30) days after:
 - a. Denial or deemed denial of a Request for Change Order; or

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- b. Contractor's receipt of an Executed Unilateral Change Order.
- 2. Failure to comply with the time requirements set for filing a Claim shall constitute acceptance by the Contractor, on behalf of itself and its Subcontractors and Suppliers, of the Unilateral Change Order and/or City's denial or deemed denial of a Request for Change Order. Such acceptance shall be considered complete, full, and final settlement of all costs, damages, and Claims related to or arising from the Request for Change Order and/or Unilateral Change Order.
- C. <u>Contractor's Obligation to Continue to Work</u>. Pending final decision of a Claim hereunder, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with the performance of the Contract Work, including that work associated with the Claim, and maintain its progress with the Work.
- D. <u>Information required in a Fully Documented Claim</u>. Every Claim must be submitted by the Contractor, in writing and clearly designated by the Contractor as a fully documented Claim. At a minimum, a fully documented Claim must contain the following information:
 - 1. A detailed factual statement of the Claim providing all necessary details, locations, and items of Contract Work affected;
 - 2. The date on which facts arose that gave rise to the Claim;
 - 3. The name of each person employed or associated with the Contractor, Subcontractor, Supplier, and/or City with knowledge about the event or condition which gave rise to the Claim;
 - 4. Copies of documents and a written description of the substance of any oral communications that concern or relate to the Claim;
 - 5. The specific provisions of the Contract Documents on which the Claim is based:
 - 6. If an adjustment in the Contract Price is sought, the exact amount sought, calculated in accordance with the Contract including paragraph 6.3, *Allowable Cost* and accompanied by (a) all records supporting the Claim and (b) all records meeting the requirements of paragraph 3.10, *Cost Records*;
 - 7. If an adjustment in the Contract Time is sought, the specific days and dates for which it is sought; the specific reason the Contractor believes an adjustment in the Contract Time should be granted; and the Contractor's analyses of its Progress Schedule, any specific Schedule analysis as required by the Contract Documents, and all updates to demonstrate the reason for the adjustment in Contract Time; and
 - 8. A statement certifying, under penalty of perjury, that after the exercise or reasonable diligence and investigation the Claim is made in good faith, that the supporting cost and pricing data are true and accurate to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, that the Claim is fully supported by the accompanying data, and that the amount requested accurately reflects the adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Time for which the Contractor believes City is liable.
- E. <u>Contractor's Duty to Cooperate.</u> The Contractor shall cooperate with City or its designee in the evaluation of its Claim and provide all information and documentation requested by City, its auditors or its designee.

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F. City's Evaluation of the Claim.

- 1. To assist City in the review of the Contractor's Claim, City or its designee may visit the Site, request additional information and/or documentation in order to fully evaluate the issues raised in the Claim and/or audit the Claim.
- 2. After the Contractor has submitted a fully documented Claim that complies with this provision, City shall respond, in writing, to the Contractor within sixty (60) days from the date the fully documented Claim is received with either:
 - a. A decision regarding the Claim; or
 - b. Written Notice extending for another thirty (30) days City's time to respond to the Claim.
- Absent a thirty (30) day extension, the Claim shall be deemed denied upon the sixty-first (61st) day following receipt of the Claim by City. If City had a thirty (30) day extension, the Claim shall be deemed denied upon the ninety-first (91st) day following receipt of the Claim by City.

9.2 CONTRACTOR'S BURDEN OF PROOF ON CLAIM

- A. The Contractor shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate entitlement and damages.
- B. If the Contractor, on behalf of itself or its Subcontractors and Suppliers seeks an adjustment in the Contract Price or Contract Time not supported by Project cost records meeting the requirements of ¶3.10, Cost Records, the Claim is waived.
- C. Compliance with the record keeping requirements set forth in this Contract is a condition precedent to recovery of any costs or damages related to or arising from performance of the Contract Work. If City establishes non-compliance of the record-keeping requirement set forth in ¶ 3.10, Cost Records, no adjustment shall be made to the Contract Price and/or Contract Time with respect to that Claim.

9.3 LITIGATION

- A. As a mandatory condition precedent to the initiation of litigation by the Contractor against City, Contractor shall comply with all provisions set forth in this Contract including those stated in Article 5 and Article 9.
- B. Any litigation brought against City shall be filed and served on City within 365 days from either the issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion for the entire Contract or Final Acceptance if no Certificate of Substantial Completion of the entire Contract is issued.
- C. Venue and jurisdiction shall vest solely in the King County Superior Court.
- D. Failure to comply with these mandatory condition time requirements shall constitute a waiver of the Contractor's right to pursue judicial relief from or against the City.

ARTICLE 10: MISCELLANEOUS

10.1 COMPENSATION, WAGES, BENEFITS AND TAXES

City assumes no responsibility for the payment of any compensation, wages, benefits, or taxes owed by the Contractor by reason of this Contract. The Contractor shall indemnify and hold City, its elected officials, officers, agents and employees, harmless

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against all liability and costs resulting from the Contractor's failure to pay any compensation, wages, benefits or taxes.

10.2 PREVAILING WAGES

The Contractor shall comply with the minimum wage requirements of RCW 39.12, as amended, including the obligation to pay at least the hourly minimum wage and fringe benefits to workers as required by RCW 39.12. The Contractor shall also post all notices required by the Washington Department of Labor & Industries on forms provided by the Department of Labor & Industries. The Contractor shall timely provide a "Statement of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages" and timely provide an "Affidavit of Prevailing Wages Paid."

10.3 SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS

City and the Contractor each binds itself, its partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives to the other with respect to all covenants, agreements and obligations contained in the Contract. Neither party to the Contract shall assign the Contract or sublet it as a whole without the written consent of the other, nor shall the Contractor assign any moneys due or to become due to it hereunder, without the previous written consent of City.

10.4 THIRD PARTY AGREEMENTS

Except as otherwise may be provided, the Contract shall not be construed to create a contractual relationship of any kind between: any architect, engineer, construction manager, Subcontractor, Supplier, or any persons other than City and Contractor.

10.5 NONWAIVER OF BREACH

No action or failure to act by City shall constitute a waiver of any right or duty afforded to City under the Contract; nor shall any such action or failure to act by City constitute an approval of or acquiescence in any breach hereunder, except as may be specifically stated by City in writing.

10.6 NOTICE TO CITY OF LABOR DISPUTES

- A. If Contractor has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay timely performance in accordance with the Contract, Contractor shall immediately give Notice, including all relevant information, to City.
- B. Contractor agrees to insert a provision in its Subcontracts and to require insertion in all sub-subcontracts, that in the event timely performance of any such contract is delayed or threatened by any actual or potential labor dispute, all Subcontractor or lower-tiered Subcontractor shall immediately notify the next higher tier Subcontractor. Subcontractor or Contractor, as the case may be, of all relevant information concerning the dispute.

10.7 HEADINGS

The headings used in the Contract are for convenience only and shall not be considered a part of or affect the construction or interpretation of any contractual provision therein.

10.8 CHOICE OF LAW

In the event that either party shall bring a lawsuit or action related to or arising out of this Contract, such lawsuit or action shall be brought in the Superior Court, King County,

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Washington. This Contract shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington.

10.9 SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this Contract shall be effective in all cases unless otherwise prohibited by Washington State Law or applicable Federal Law. The provisions of this Contract are separate and severable. The invalidity of any sentence, paragraph, provision, section, Article, or portion of this Contract shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Contract.

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SECTION 01 11 00 SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Project Location:

1. The Work is located in the City of Mercer Island, Washington at the following locations as identified on the Contract drawings:

Site	Address
Pump Station 1	8002 SE 20th St
Pump Station 4	5904 SE 20th St
Pump Station 10	9030 N Mercer Way
Flush Station 12	4008 E Mercer Way
Pump Station 13	3895 W Mercer Way
Pump Station 14	4315 Forest Ave SE
Pump Station 15	4765 Forest Ave SE
Pump Station 16	5495 W Mercer Way
Pump Station 17	6425 77th Ave SE
Pump Station 18	7201 W Mercer Way
Pump Station 19	7651 W Mercer Way
Pump Station 20	8444 Benotho Pl
Pump Station 21	8002 Avalon Pl
Pump Station 22	6228 E Mercer Way
Pump Station 23	5406 96th Ave SE
Pump Station 24	4606 E Mercer Way
Pump Station 25	9855 SE 42nd PI

B. Project Overview:

- 1. The project consists of providing a control system upgrade at the City's sewer pump station sites identified above. The Work includes the following:
 - a. Replacement of the programmable logic controllers (PLC) panels at the seventeen (17) sites.
 - b. Instrument demolition and replacement.
 - c. Modifications to motor control panels to remove motor reversing functionality.
 - d. Addition of remote operation of flush valves at two (2) stations.
 - e. Removal of "Operator in Trouble" panic buttons.
 - f. Generator monitoring improvements.
 - g. Addition of an exhaust fan low flow switch at fifteen (15) stations.
 - h. Installation of go/no-go panels at fourteen (14) stations.

C. Work Summary:

- 1. PLC and Remote I/O (RIO) Panel Work
 - a. Replace PLC back panels at four (4) sewer pump station sites (Pump Stations 4, 14, 15, and 25) with new programmable logic controllers (PLCs) custom fabricated as new back panels for efficient cutover between the existing PLC to the new PLC. Replace operator interface terminal (OIT) at each site. Field verify and document the input/output (I/O) connections to the existing PLC panels, disconnect, and re-terminate power, I/O, and cellular communications to the new PLC back panel.
 - b. Provide new PLC panels (custom fabricated back panel and enclosure) at thirteen (13) sewer pump station sites (Pump Stations 1, 10, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24), where the existing PLC panel size is insufficient for the new control system equipment. Provide new OIT on the panels. Field verify and document the input/output (I/O) connections to the existing PLC panels, disconnect and pull back existing cables from conduit. Remove conduit as needed to allow for installation of new larger enclosure. Provide compression fittings on existing conduit to route to new panel. Re-terminate power, I/O, and cellular communications at the new PLC panel enclosure.
 - c. Provide new remote input/output (RIO) panels (custom fabricated back panel and enclosure) at eight (8) remote generator sites (at Pump Stations 1, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 24) to facilitate monitoring of generator sites at the City's supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system. Terminate power, I/O, and cellular communications at the new RIO panel enclosure.
 - d. Provide specified PLC/RIO/OIT hardware based on the manufacturer/platform(s) the Owner has standardized on.
- 2. Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel Work
 - a. Provide new IS panels (custom fabricated back panel and enclosure) at select sewer pump station sites (Pump Stations 1, 4, 10, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25) to meet requirements for hazardous (classified) locations.
 - b. Replace IS back panel at Pump Station 14 to meet requirements for hazardous (classified) locations. Provide new level control panel (custom fabricated back panel and enclosure) at Pump Station 14.
- 3. Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel Work
 - a. Provide instrumentation consisting of a low flow switch in existing exhaust fan duct, and provide new Go/No-Go panels and horn/beacon at select sites (Pump Stations 1, 10, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25) to support NFPA 820 requirements for the sites.
 - b. Provide instrumentation consisting of a low flow switch in existing exhaust fan duct at Pump Station 4.
- 4. Process Instrumentation Work
 - a. Provide new level instrumentation in existing wetwells at select sites (Pump Stations 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25).
- 5. Motor Control Panel Work
 - a. Modifications to existing motor control panels to add remote operation of flush valves at select sites (Pump Stations 15 and 16).

b. Modifications to existing motor control panels to add hardwired level control of the wetwell pumps (Pump Stations 1, 4, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25).

6. Flush Valve Work

a. New wiring/conduit at select sites to add remote SCADA operation for existing flush valves (Pump Stations 15 and 16).

7. Generator Monitoring Work

a. Replacement of wiring between the sewer pump station and remote generator at select sites (Pump Stations 4, 10, 14, 15, 16, 22).

8. Demolition

- a. Demolition of existing control system equipment to be replaced.
- b. Demolition in existing motor control panels to remove motor reversing functionality.
- c. Demolition of obsolete equipment/instrumentation and conduit/wiring, including "Operator in Trouble" panic buttons and wetwell level instrumentation.

9. Testing

- a. Provide a process control system integrated factory acceptance test for the custom PLC panels and back panels, including testing of the PLC, RIO, OIT, and SCADA application programming in coordination with the Owner's Programmer.
- b. Field testing and commissioning in accordance with Sections 01 75 00 and 40 61 21.

10. Training

a. Provide a comprehensive training program for City staff on the design, operation, configuration, and maintenance of the new instrumentation, IS panels, Go/No-Go panels, PLC/RIO panels and panel components.

11. Other Electrical Upgrades

- a. Trace existing electrical circuits interconnected to the existing PLC panels to document to/from locations. Provide new field labels to match documentation.
- b. Install and route new conduit at pump station locations.
- c. Pull and terminate new power, control, signal, and data cable at all pump station locations.

12. Work Sequence and Constraints

a. Refer to Section 01 12 16 for project milestones, construction sequencing requirements, work restrictions, and constraints for the Work. The existing sewer collection system is currently and continuously in operation, and those functions shall not be interrupted except as specified in Section 01 12 16.

D. Background:

1. The City's sewer collection system comprises pump stations along the shoreline of Lake Washington that pump wastewater from one station to the next until discharging to King County for treatment. Stations are grouped hydraulically into systems called reaches, with each reach consisting of a series of pump stations and Lakeline pipe, ending at one of two King County Department of Natural Resources (KCDNR) connections. There are five reaches that make up the sewer collection system on the island.

- 2. The City's sewer pump station sites have existing PLCs for local control/monitoring and communicate remotely to a centralized SCADA/human machine interface (HMI) system. The City is replacing the existing SCADA/HMI system under a separate contract as part of the overall upgrade. PLC, RIO, OIT, and SCADA/HMI application programming is being performed under a separate contract by the Owner's Programmer.
- 3. The City has recently upgraded the remote communications system between the sewer pump stations and City's operation center to cellular communications as part of the overall system upgrade.

E. Site Access:

1. The sewer pump station sites are located either in public right-of-way or on private properties within easements. Access to the sewer pump station sites is limited and in some locations access may be feasible by water. Ability to utilize large equipment or vehicles for bringing equipment and materials to the project sites may also be limited. Refer to the "Sewer System Lakeline Access Evaluation" in Attachment A of this Section for an overview of sewer pump station sites and access information. Contractor shall be responsible for planning access to facilities including any necessary additional insurance provisions.

1.02 AMBIENT CONDITIONS

A. Site elevation: 16 feet to 338 feet (peak).

B. Outside temperature: 5 deg F to 100 deg F.

C. Inside temperature: 45 deg F to 90 deg F.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 ATTACHMENTS

A. 01 11 00 Attachment A: Reference Materials

- 1. The following documents from previous construction contracts were used as reference material in the design of work included in this contract. These documents from previous construction contracts are provided in Attachment A of this Section for the convenience of bidders and the Contractor. Because these documents do not necessarily reflect changes made during or after construction, they may not indicate existing conditions accurately. The information contained in these documents, therefore, cannot be guaranteed as to accuracy or completeness, and bidders and the Contractor are solely responsible for verifying any information shown on these documents.
 - a. Pump Station 10 As-Built Drawings, Drawing No. 5814-27 to 5814-39 Carey & Kramer Consulting Engineers, 1961.
 - b. Sewer Pump Station As-Built Drawings, Drawing No. 6223-C300 to 6223-E331A Carey & Kramer Consulting Engineers, 1967.
 - c. Flush Station 12 Control Wiring Schematic, Drawing No. C1040821 Stead and Baggerly (S&B) Inc., 1985.

- d. Pump Station No. 1, 12, & 13 Plan and Sections, Project No. 0035-004-002 HDR Engineering, Inc., 1991.
- e. Pump Station Motor Control Panel As-Built Drawings, Drawing No. 9308-1287-D101 to 9308-1287-D135 Electrical Packaging Co. (ELPAC) Inc., 1993.
- f. Maintenance Department Telemetry System Phase 1 Installation, Job No. 0321-010 Casne Engineering, Inc., 2004.
- g. Sewer Lake Line and P.S. No. 4 Replacement Project, Sheets 1 to 77 Tetra Tech, 2008.
- h. Pump Station 4 MCC Drawings, Drawing No. F26200178-002-01 to E26200178-002-10 Square D by Schneider Electric, 2009.
- i. Pump Station 4 Control Panel Drawings, Job No. 7189 Technical Systems Inc., 2010.
- j. Phase 2 PLC As-Built Drawings, Job No. 7293 Technical Systems Inc., 2011.
- k. Pump Station #14 Modernization Construction Drawings, Job No. 218-2279-004 Parametrix. 2013.
- I. Pump Station 14 Design Drawings, Drawing No. PEI-Q140-000 to PEI-Q140-300 Portland Engineering Inc., 2014.
- m. Phase III Sewer Telemetry 2014 Updgrade, Drawings No. 3924-1 to 3824-5 Superior Custom Controls, 2015.
- n. Pump Station No. 18 Pump Replacement, Pump Stations 13, 17, & 24 Generators Replacement, Job No. 801703 CHS Engineers, 2018.
- o. Sewer System Lakeline Access Evaluation, Project No. 200-12528-18002 Tetra Tech and Carollo Engineers, Inc., May 2019.
- p. NFPA 820 Assessment Carollo Engineers, Inc., March 2021.

END OF SECTION

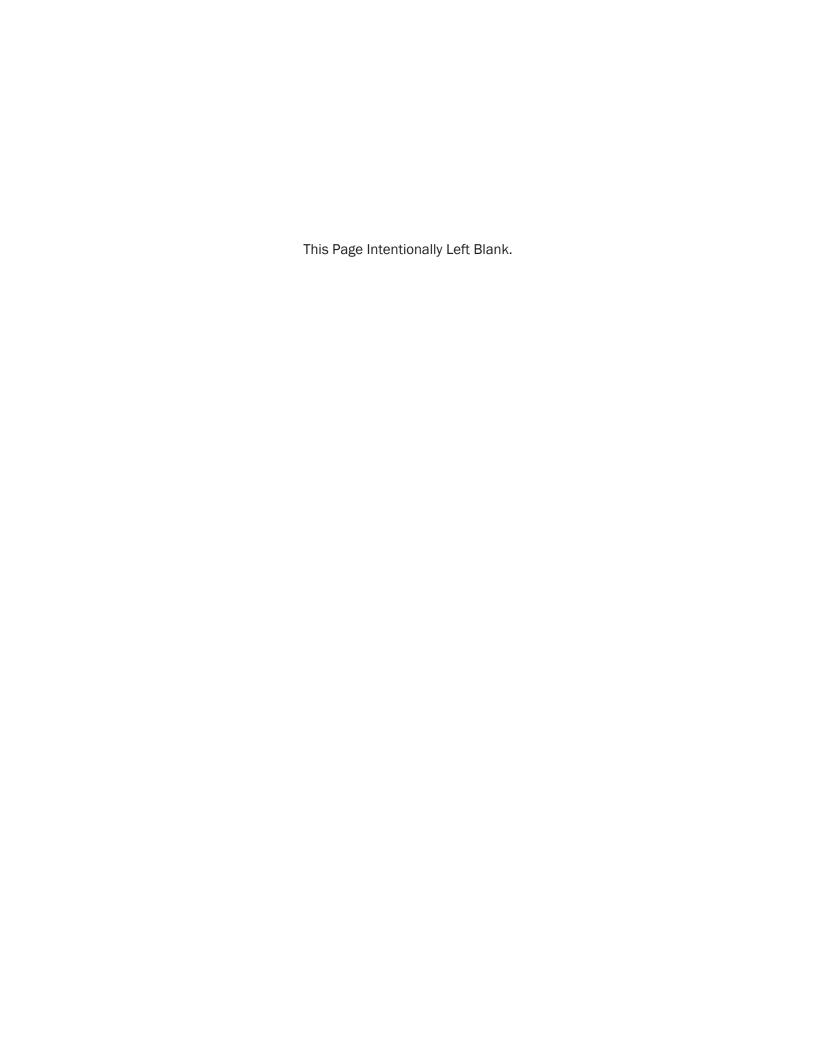
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SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK

ATTACHMENT A

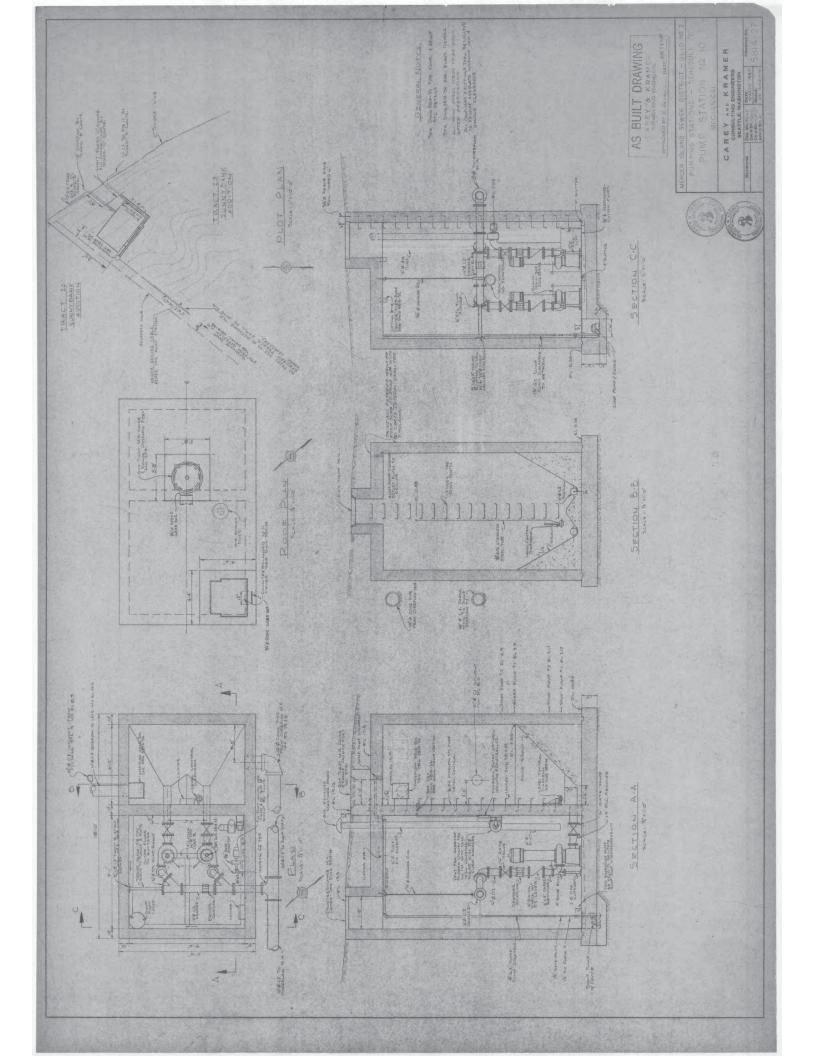
REFERENCE MATERIALS

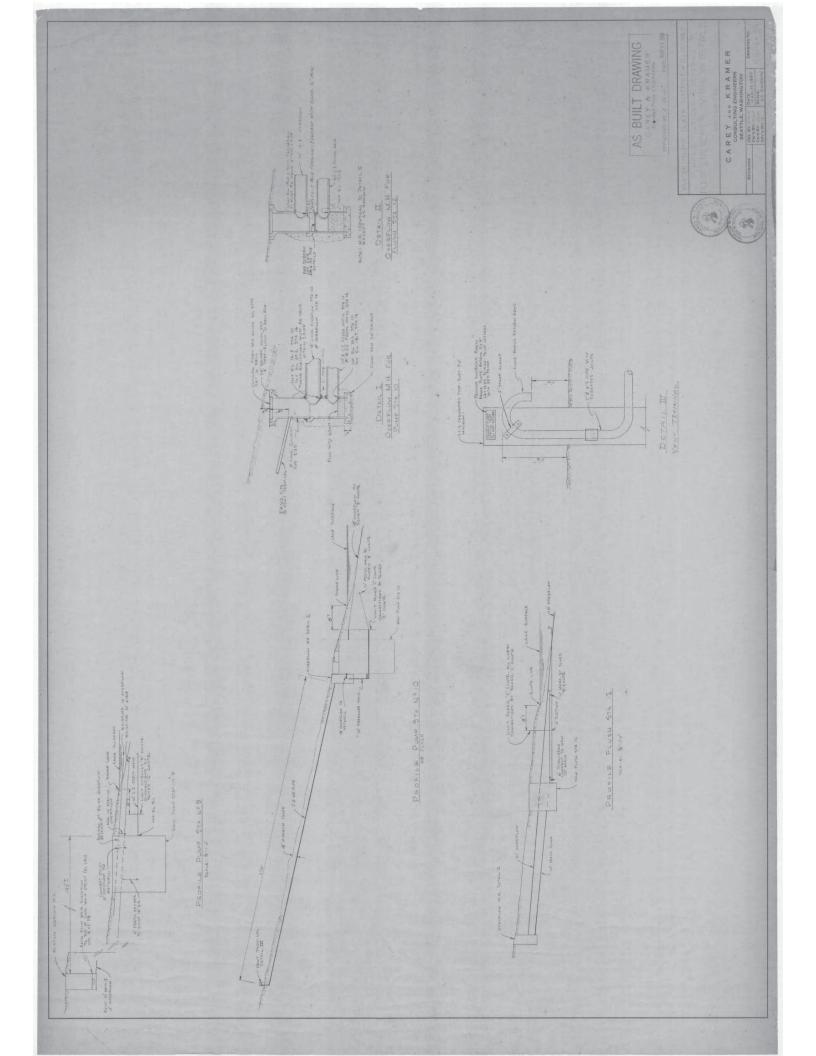
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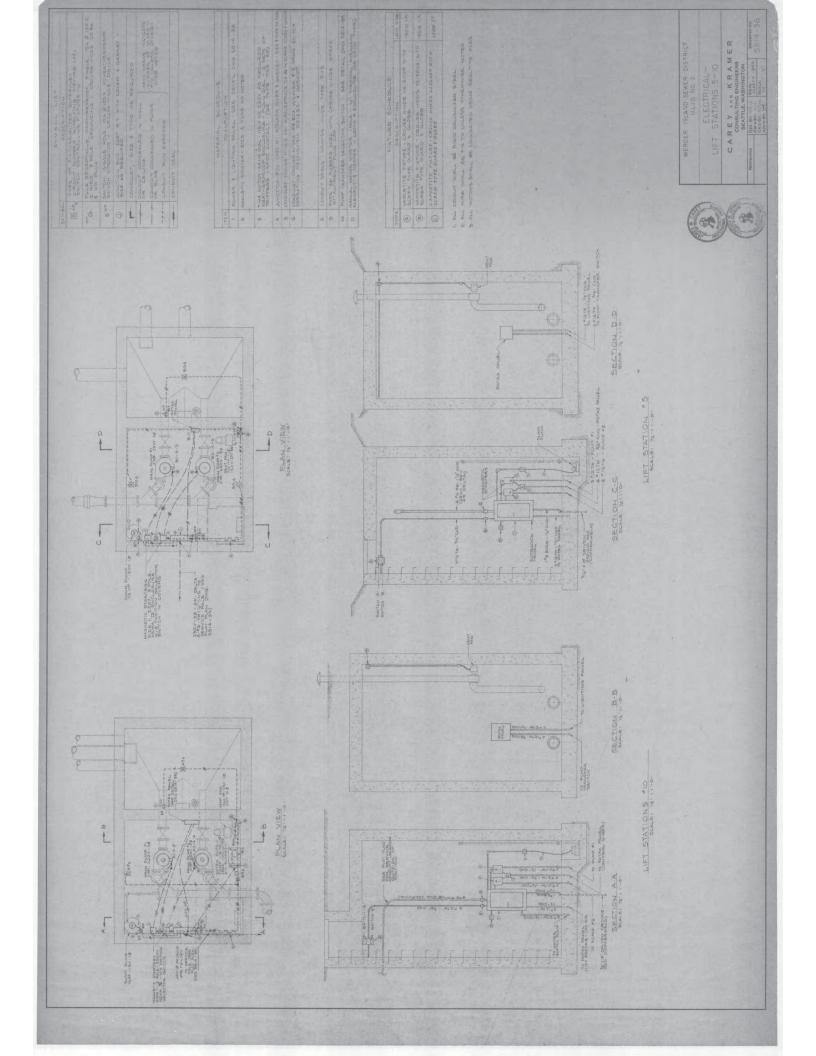


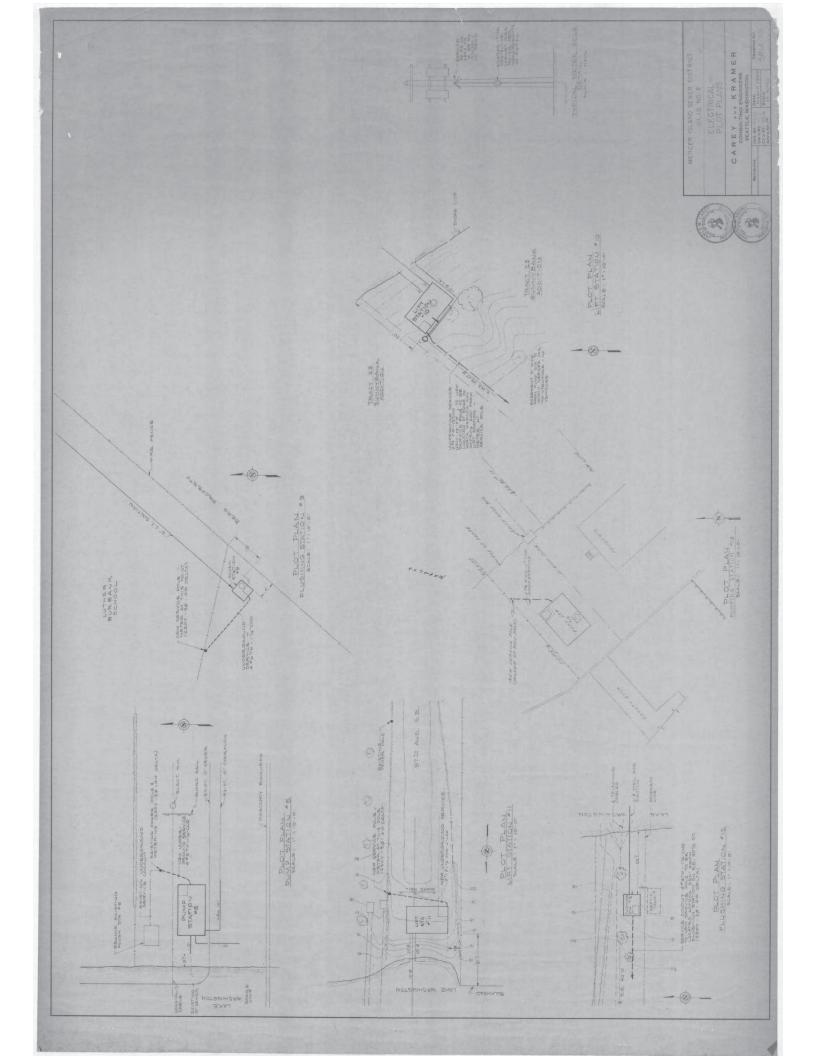
SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION 10 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS











SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A SEWER PUMP STATION AS-BUILT DRAWINGS



MERCER ISLAND SEWER DISTRICT MERCER ISLAND WASHINGTON NO 3

PUMP STATIONS SCHEDULE

COMMISSIONERS

ROBERT T. LAMSON - PRESIDENT

PALMER G. LEWIS - SECRETARY

- MEMBER IVAN M. BRUCE



KRAMER CAREY

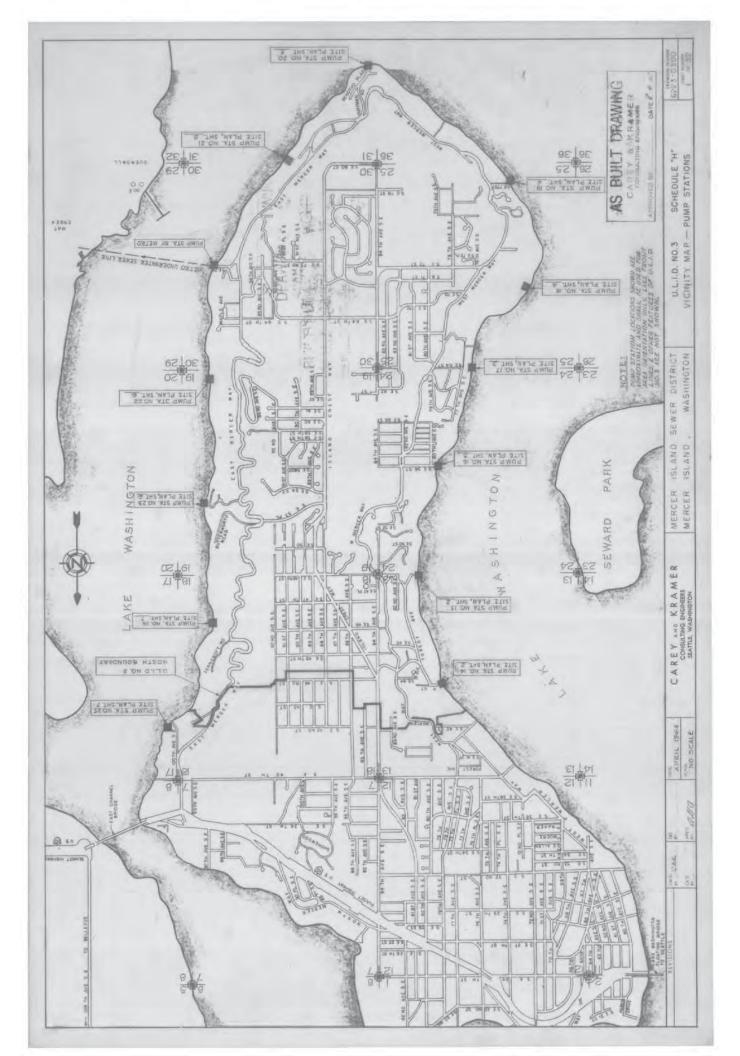
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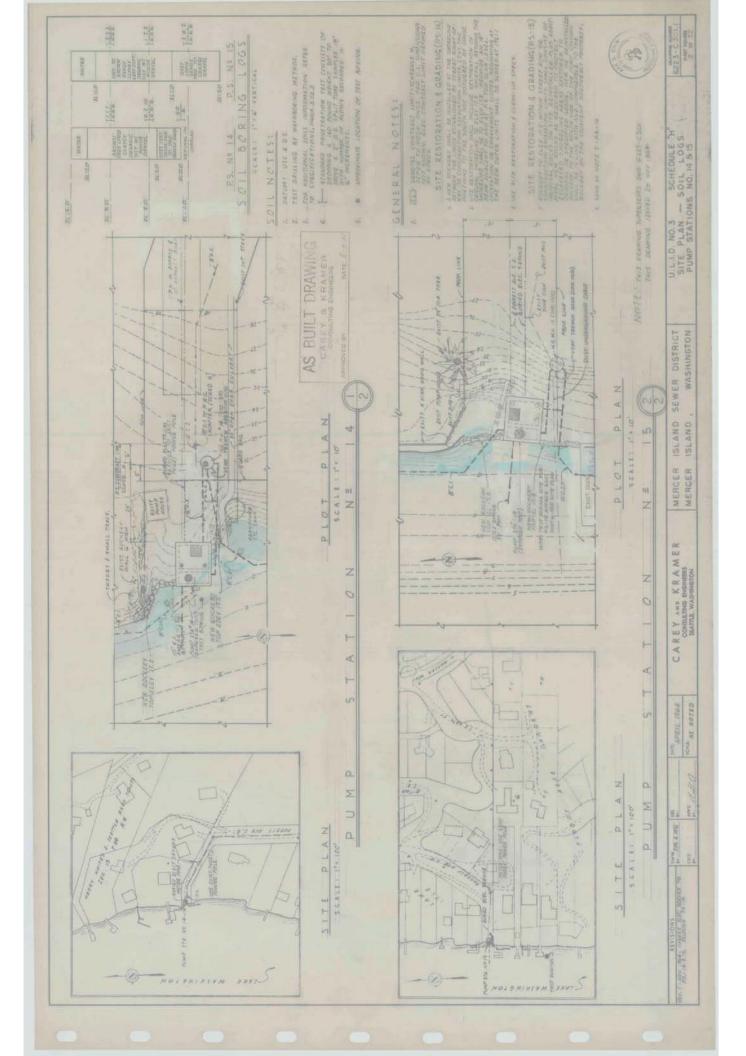
INDEX OF DRAWINGS

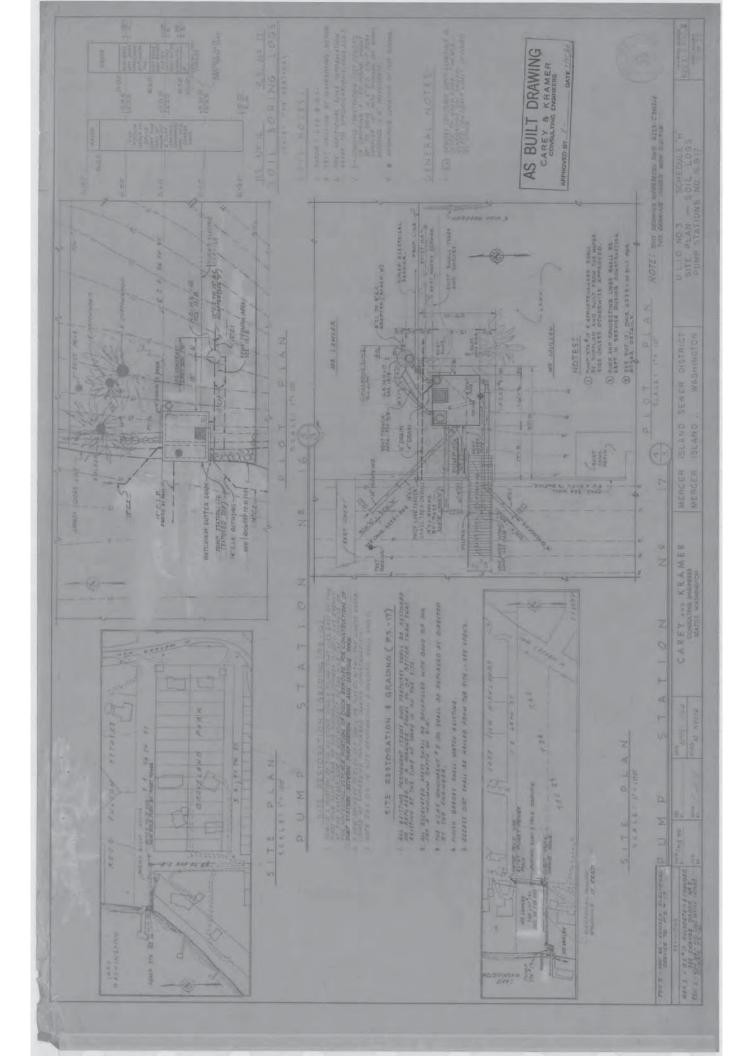
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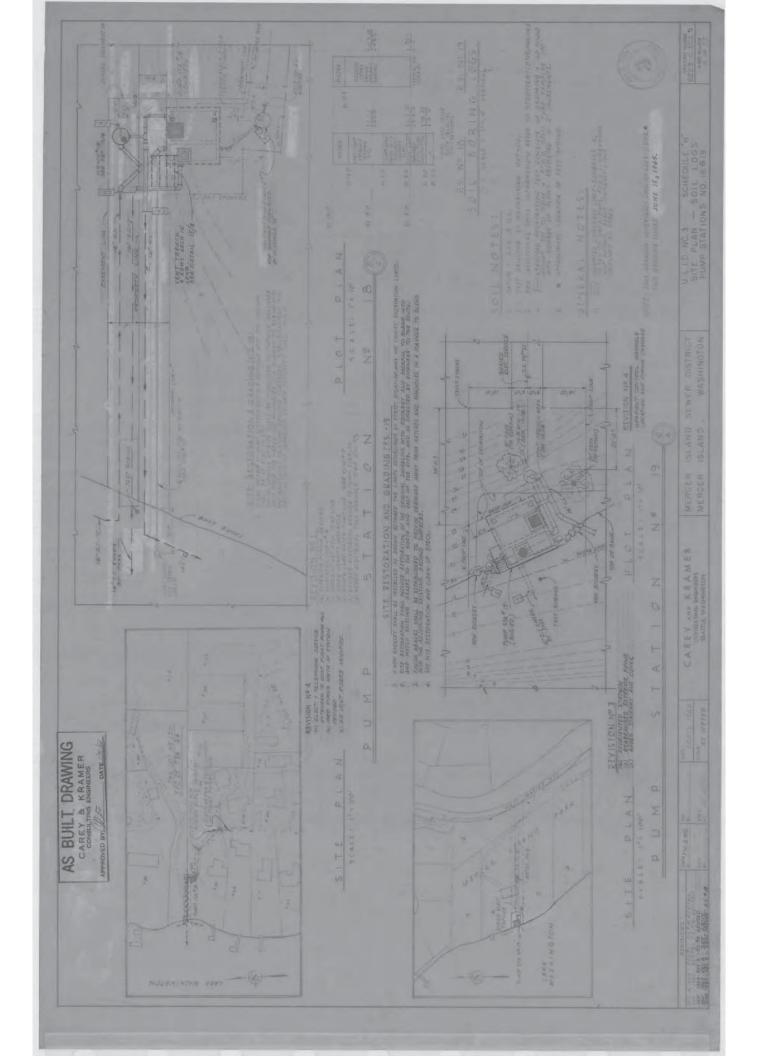
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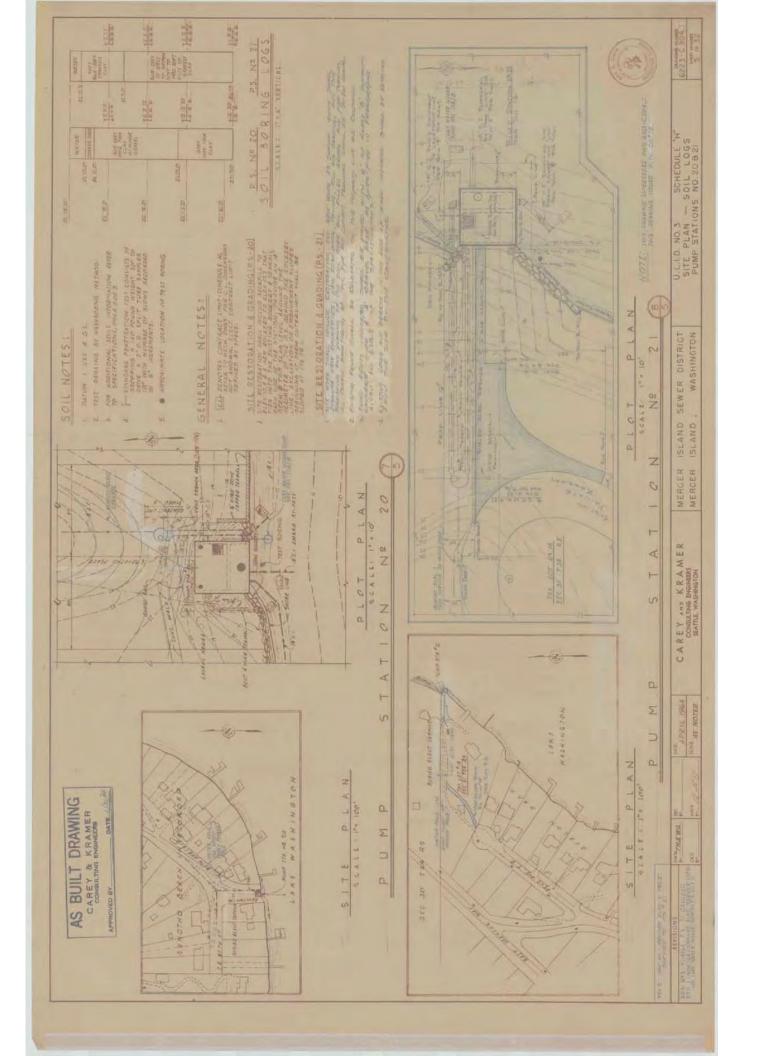
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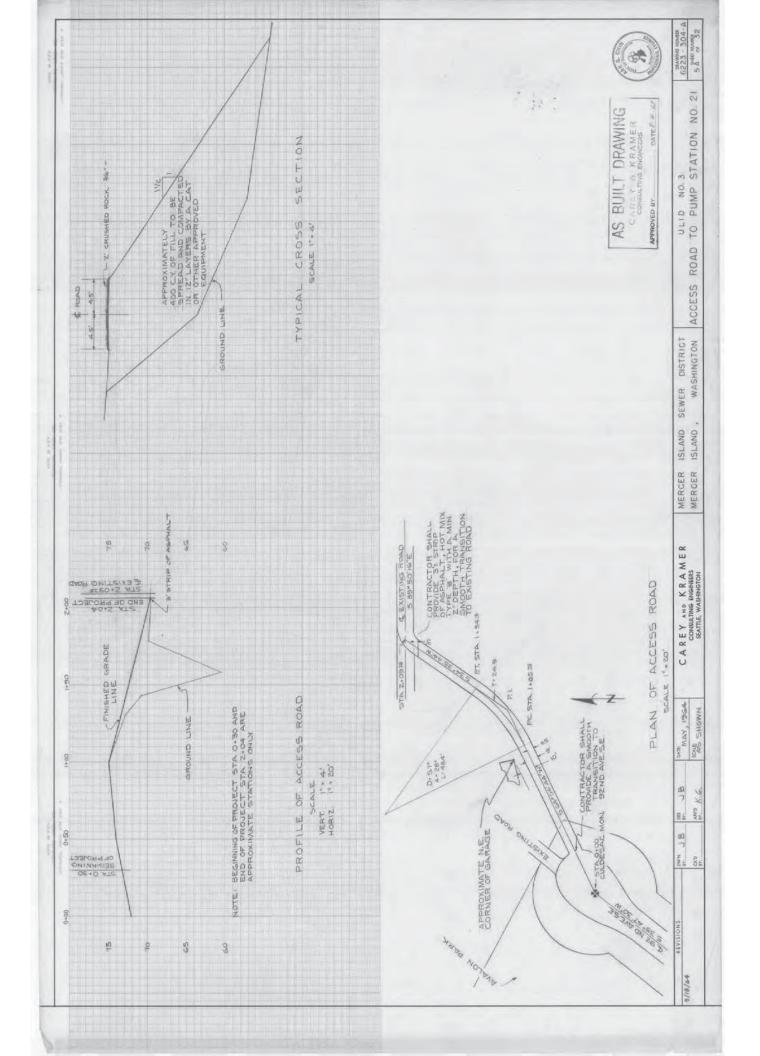


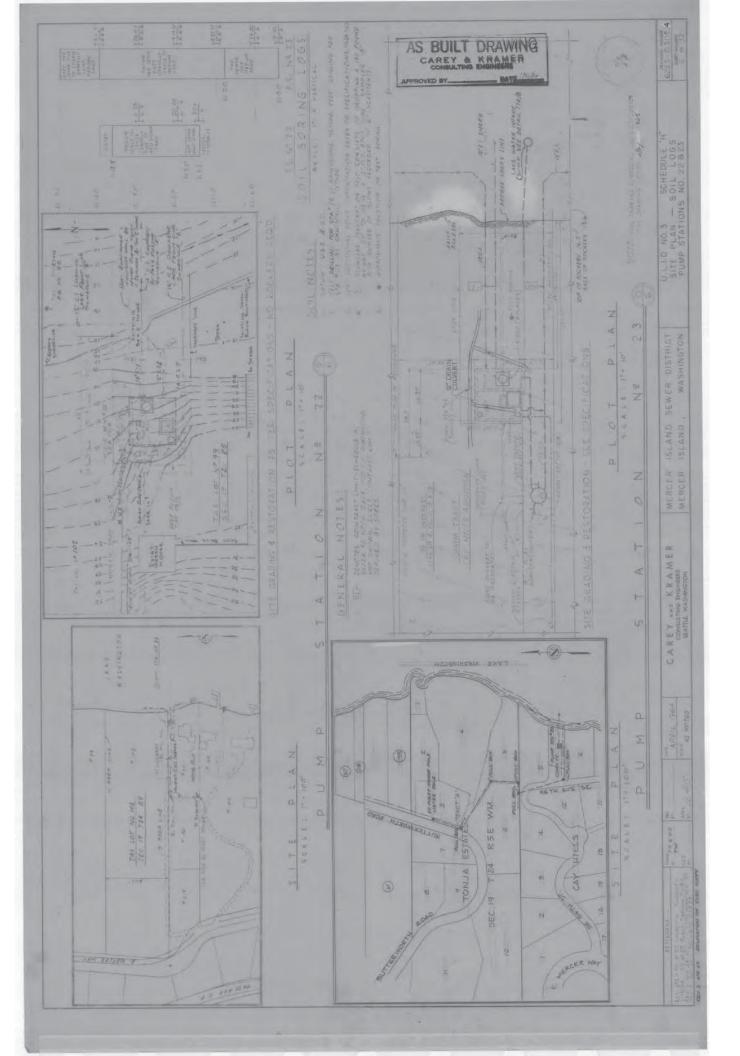


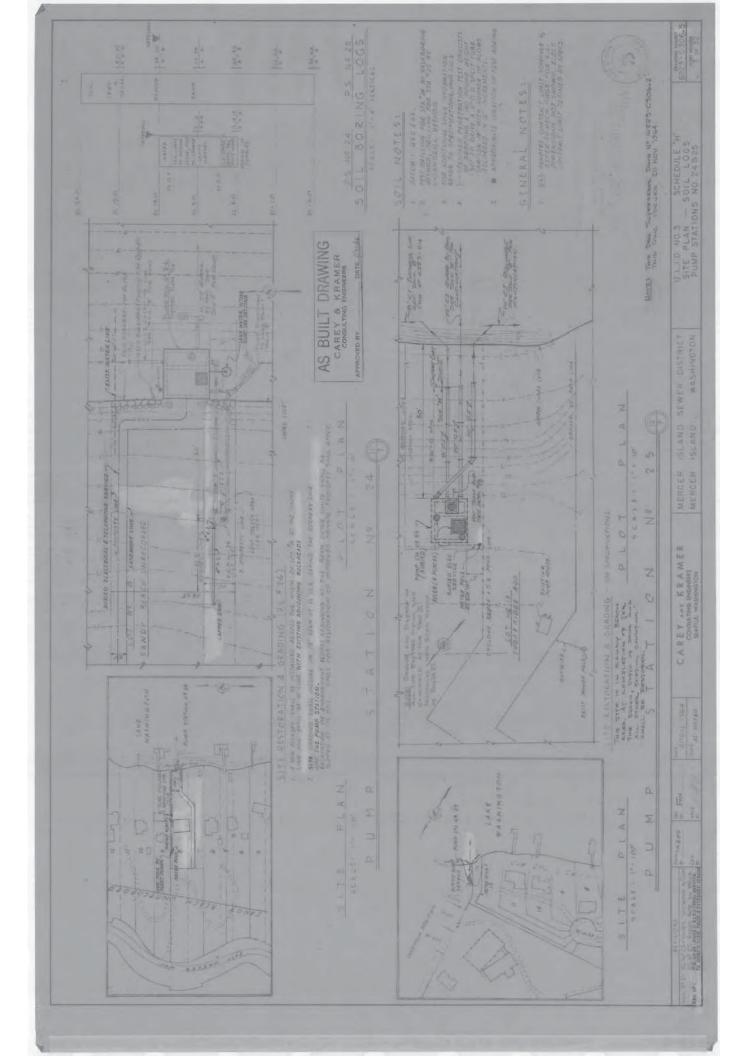


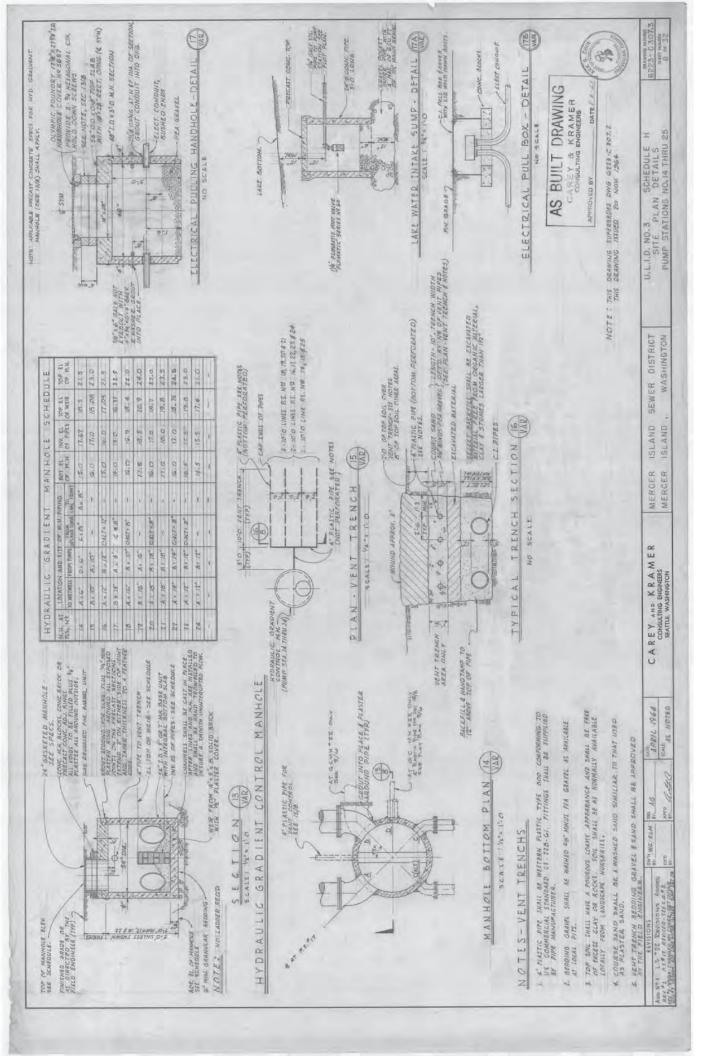


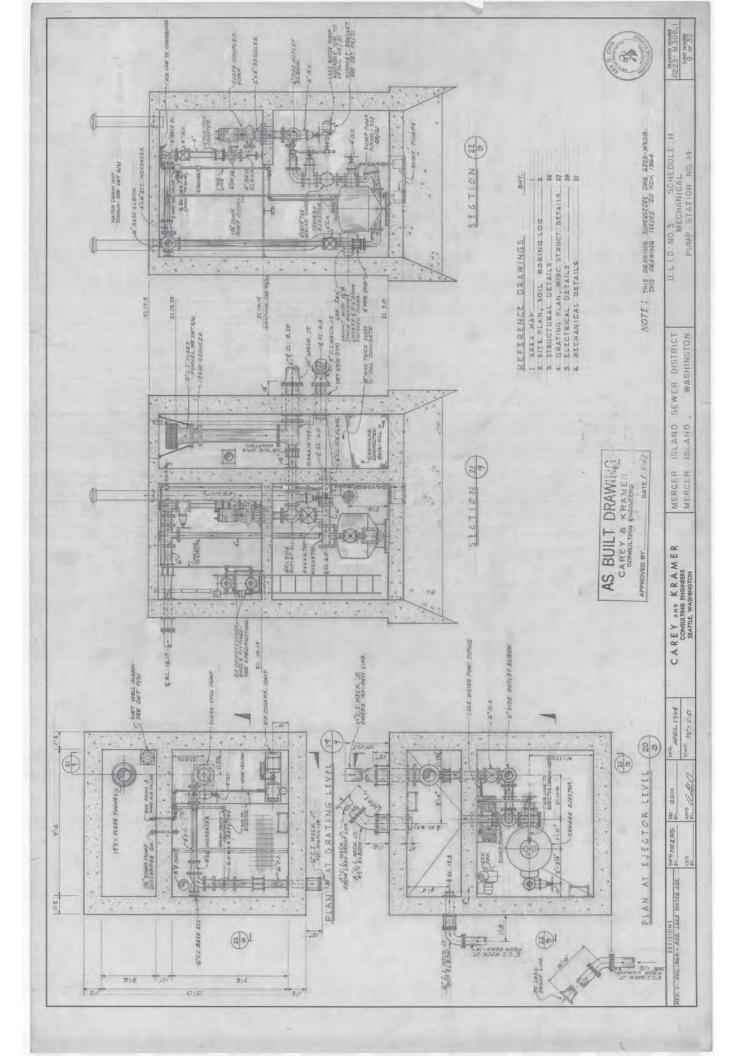


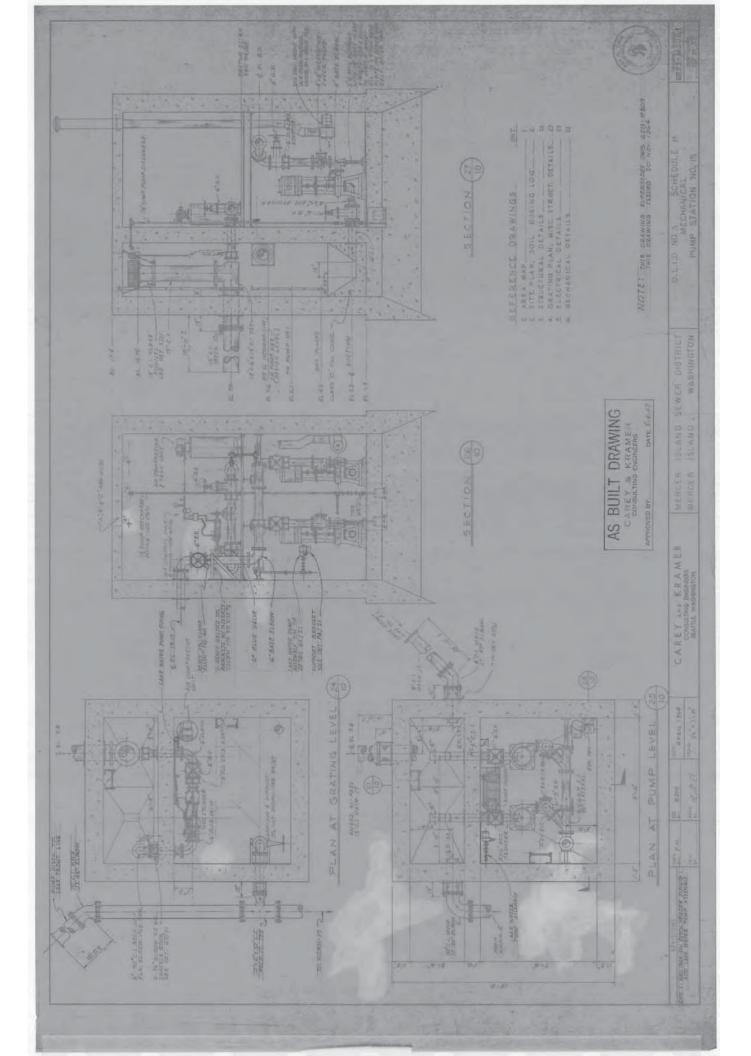


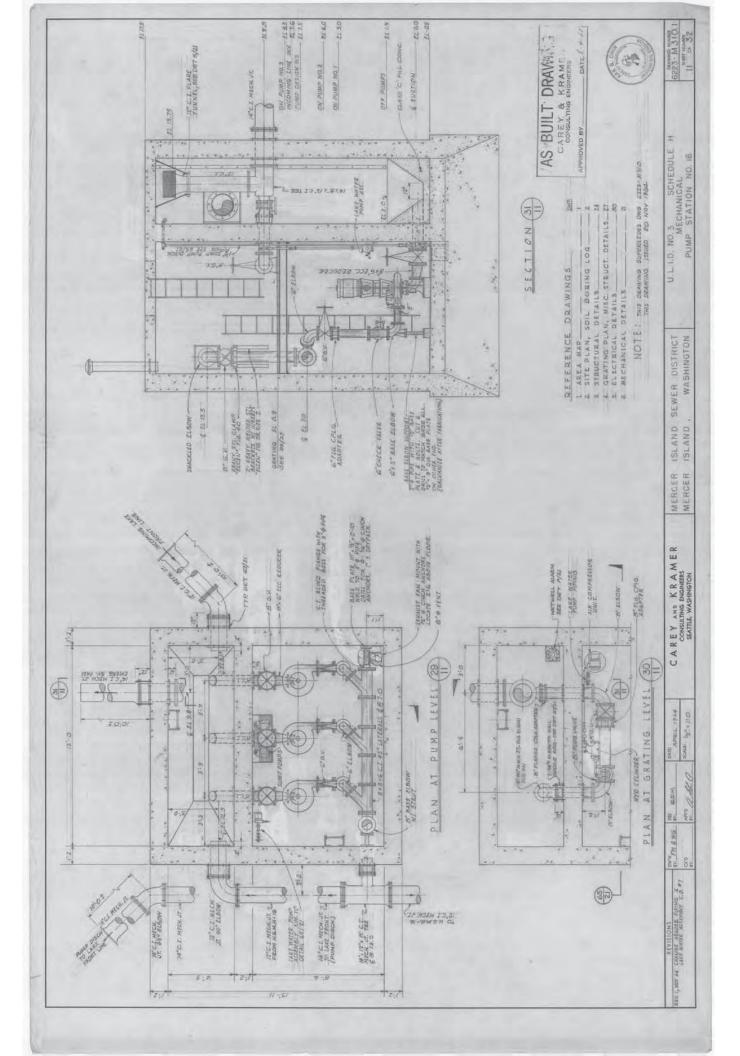


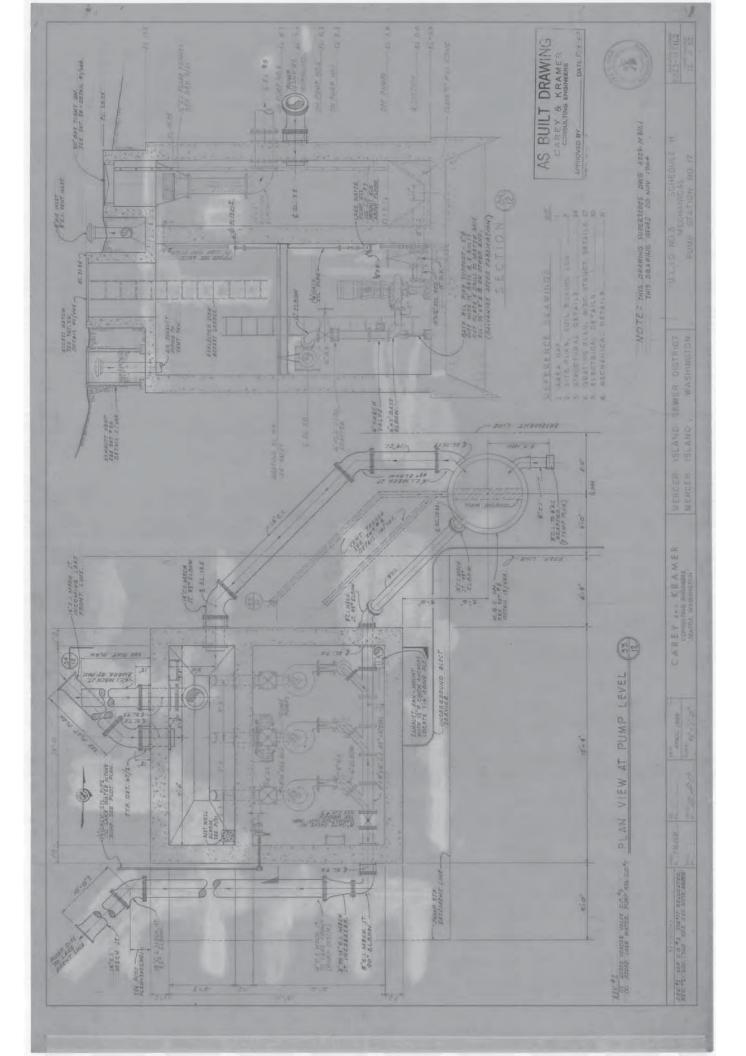


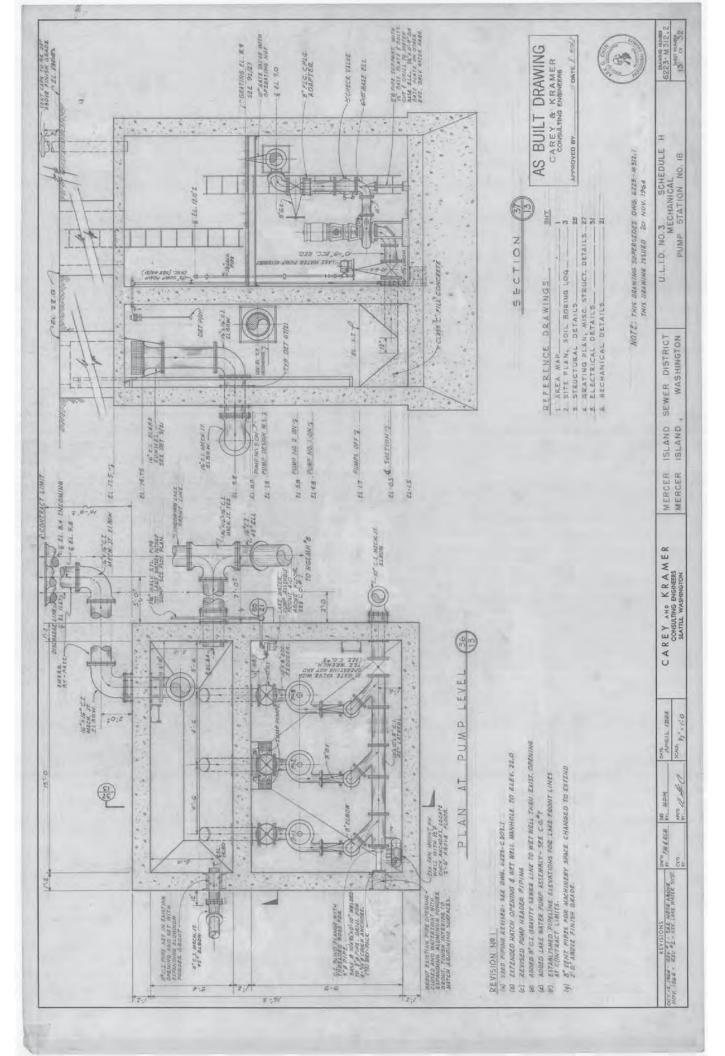


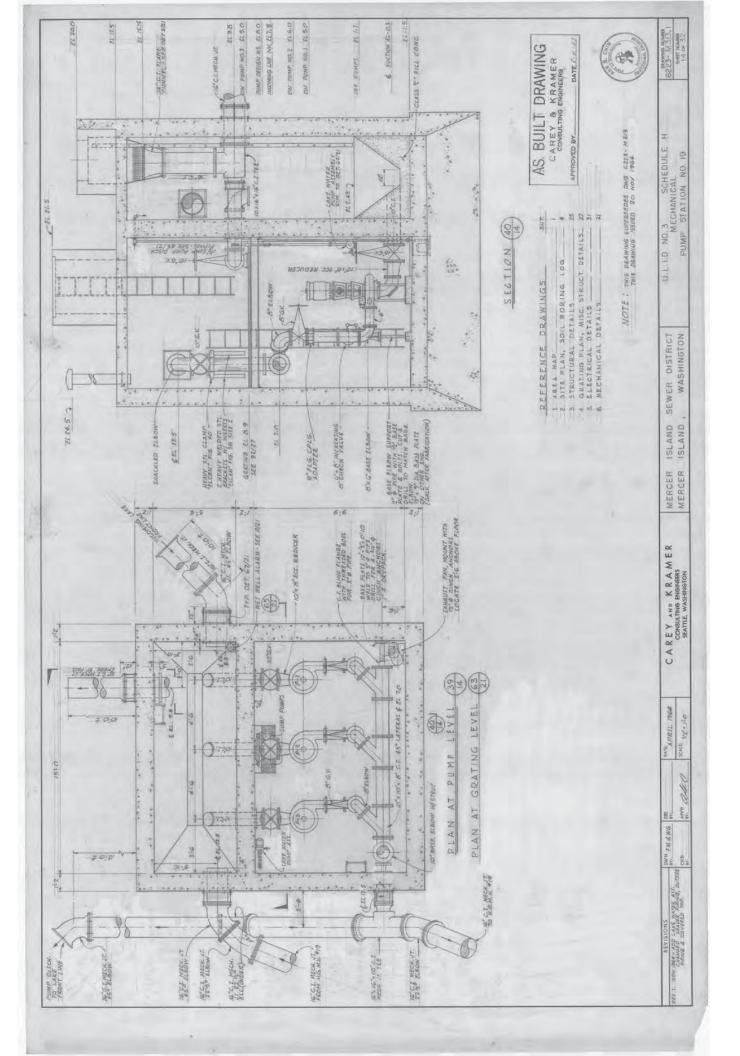


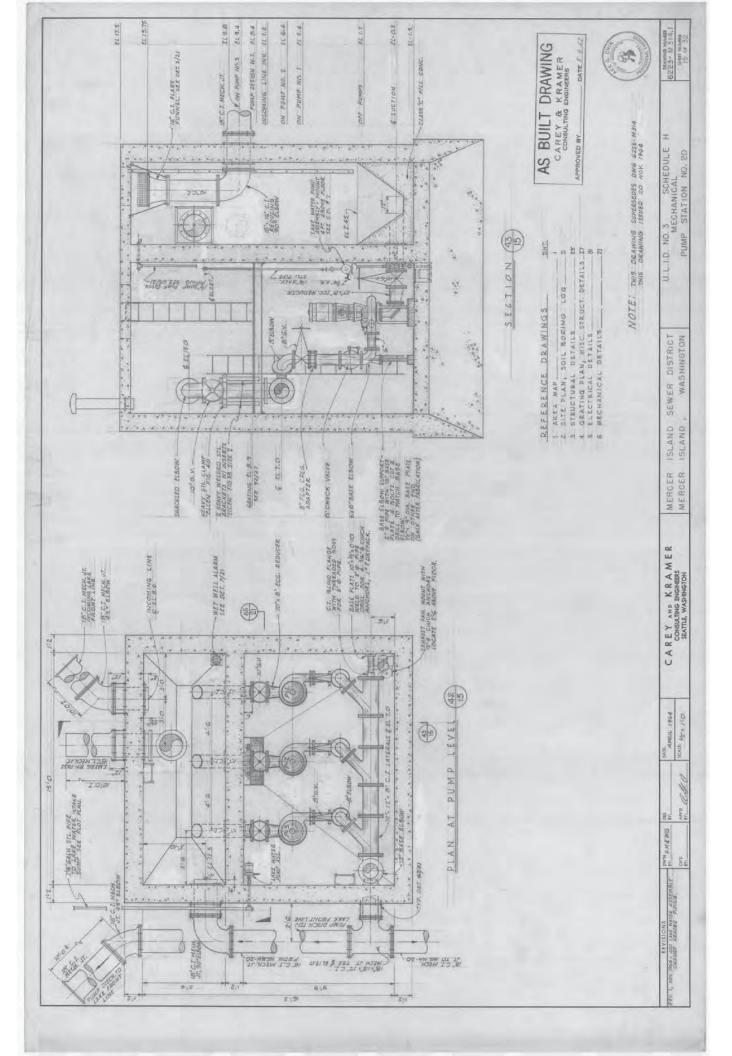


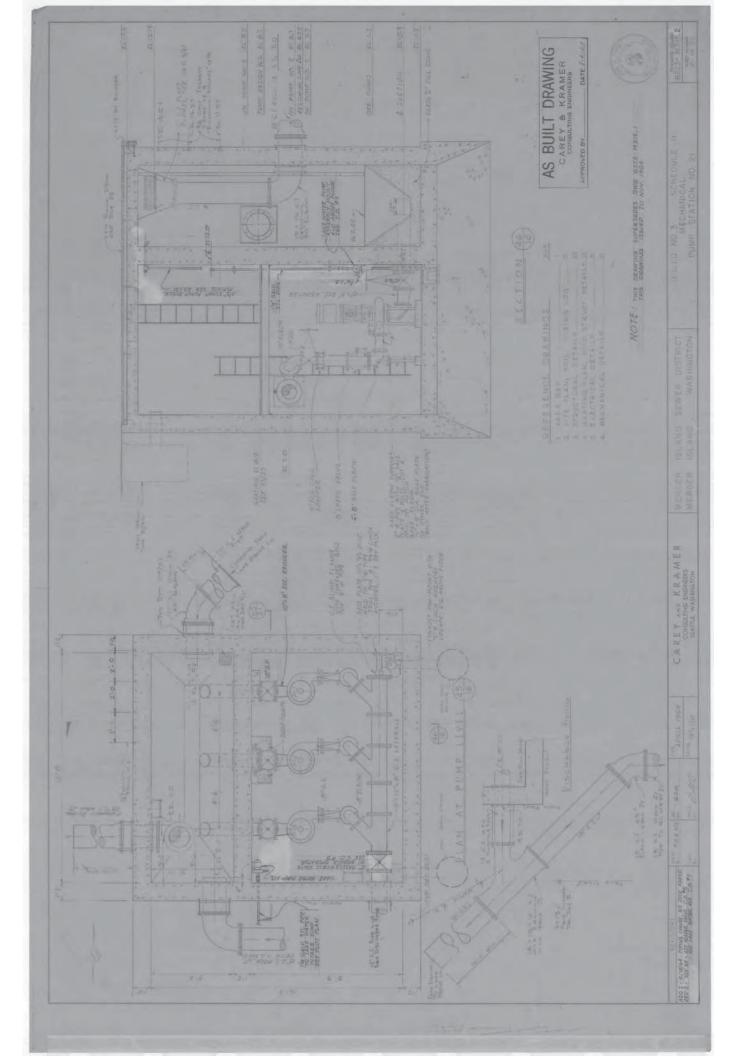


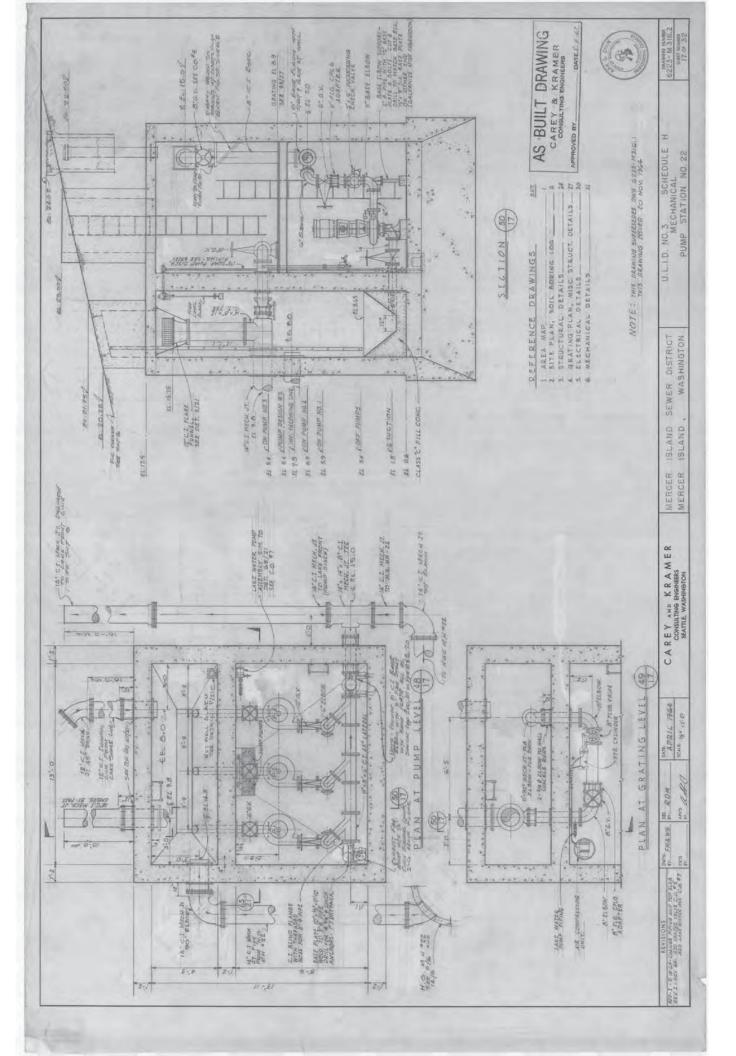


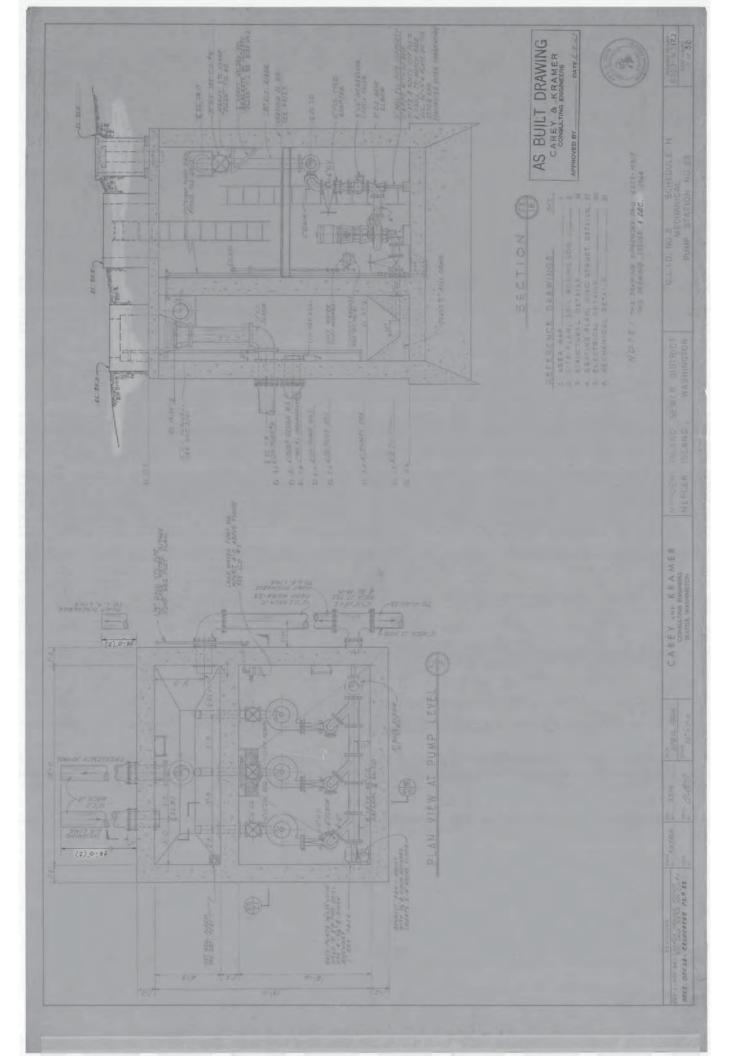


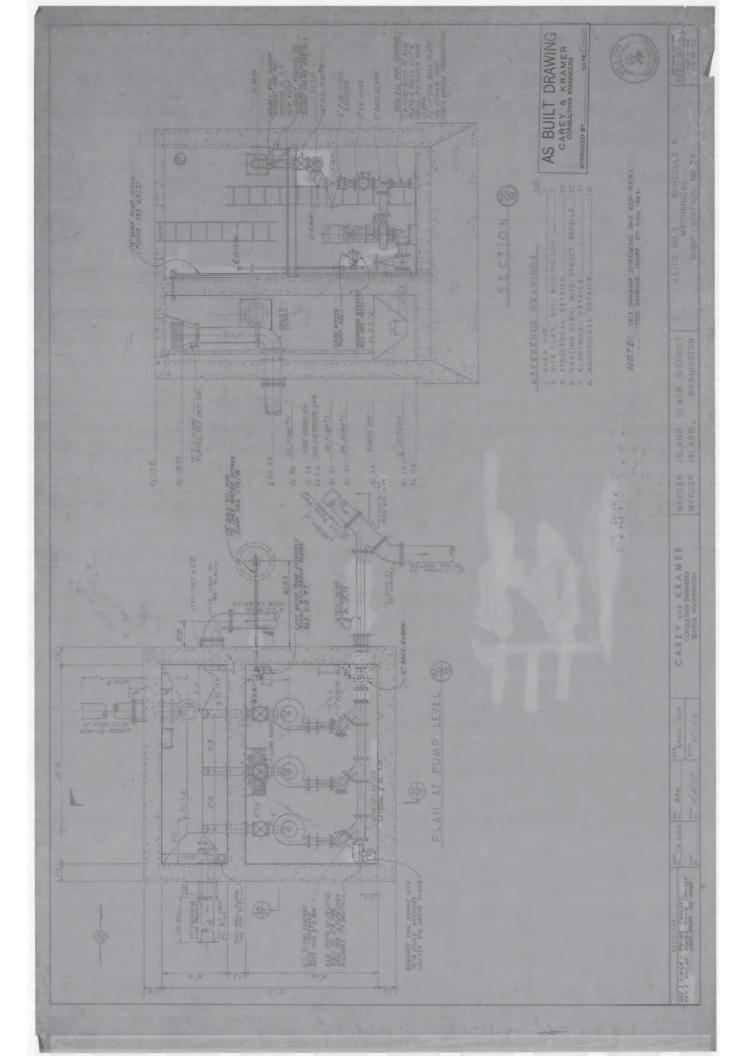


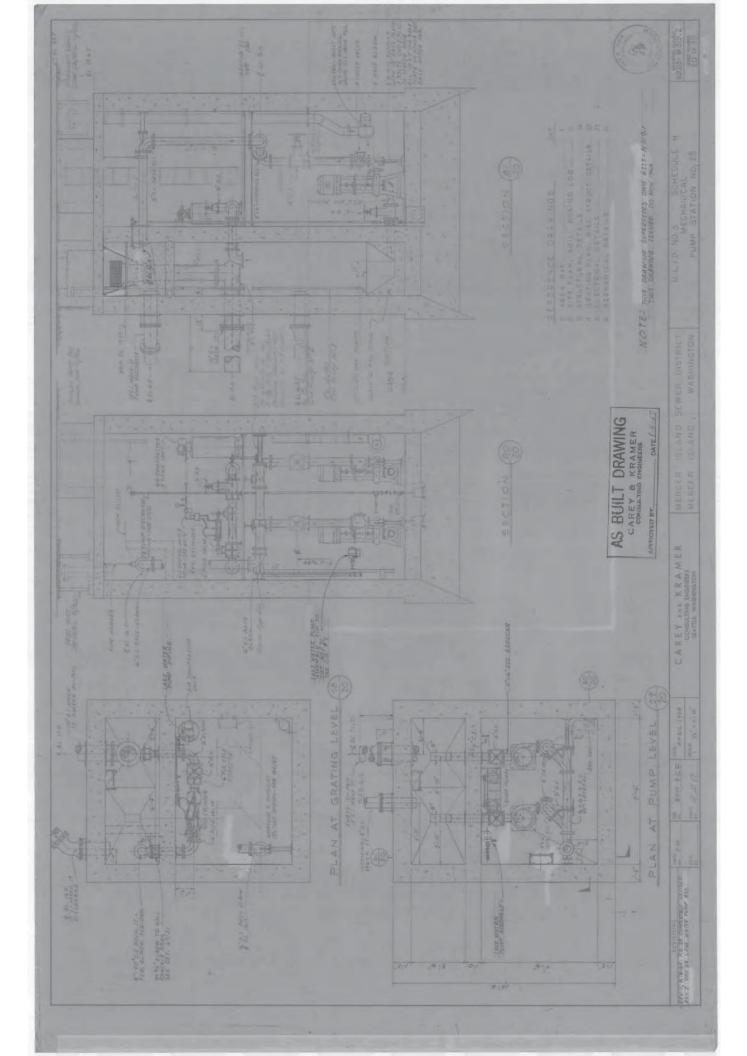


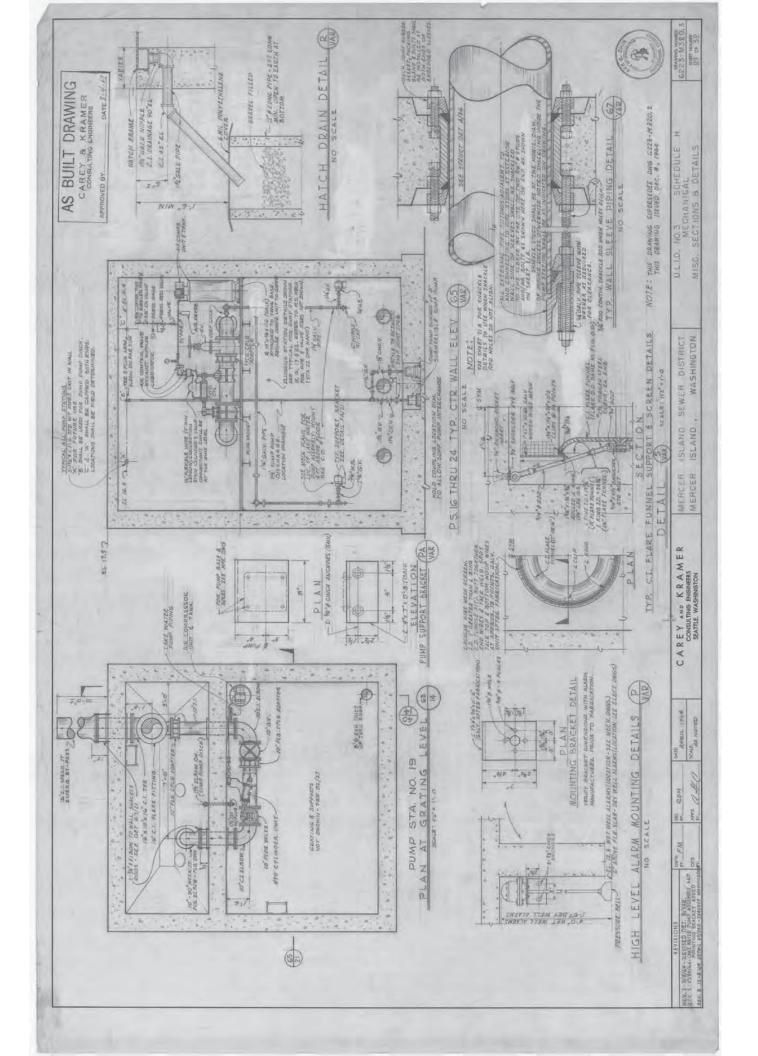


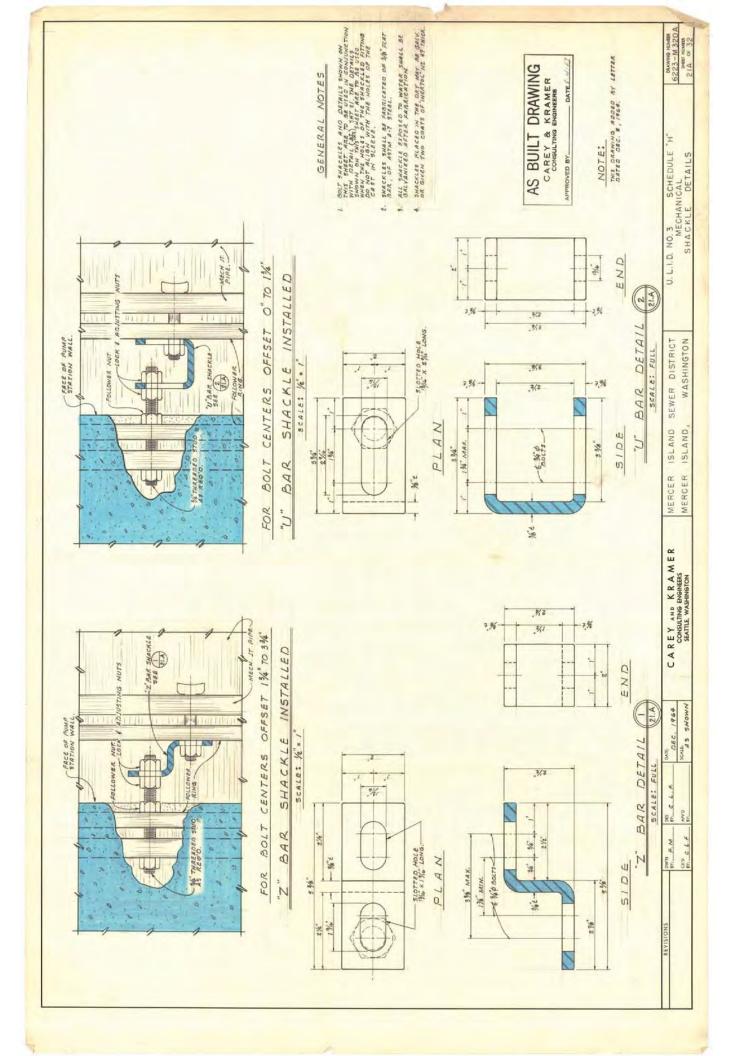












- SCOPE. The notes and details on this sheet are general and apply to the entire project except where there are specific indications to the confrance.
 - AFP UCALL SPECIFICATIONS AND CODES. Construction shall be in accordance with the bases added of the laster added to the construction of the laster and the codes or the following parties is subtracted to codes or the following parties as a construction of the codes of the following parties and subtraction. 25
 - ALTERNATIVE, DESIGNS. The streature's systems and statis are these plans are the arbitral elegies how and alternate system and challed so, a cost in the continuous salamint plans with sustainfilling elegical alternative systems and season of the figures. 8
 - QIMENSIONS. Structural almonslons controlled by or related to make the construction. 3
- PROFIT SUBSECTION FOR ITEMS AND MACHINARY and electrical quilibriaria property, architicates opinitras, pressors and reveals for When on the structural dreamings but required by other contract unemps, and by provide for principle of contract unemps, B
- CONSTRUCTION LOADS. Structures have been designed for operational loads on the completed brace expects for their construction, the structures shall be protected by treating and halmeting of never excessive confidencies along ways occur. 8
- DRAINAGE SUREACES. Stope crainings suchaces unthornly to drain. Stope shall be 1/4" per foot except where notice obtained in plants.

STRUCTURAL

- 00.510h CODE. Design Is to accordance with the latest addition of the whore other applicable coses or the following tolas are more restrict R
- GESTON LIVE TOADS. A. Floor Areaso
- 11) Operating Books of Books on which machinery may be disassembled = 150 pst. (22) inhologing easter. 2-12 bin truck or 100 pst. (5) Other stress = 100 pst.
- B. Gratings, Chackered Fishes, and Hatches Summinading on adjacent floor arrest
 - Salvanic Londing Zon. 111, Uniform Building Code
- CONSTRUCTOR DONE OF A confined as a first control and the man the approval of the Engineer. A manifold structure. A Per well-structure of the provided in the construction ignors. Constitution lands stell in the consist on the cree first.

- CODES AND SECRETCAND. Swell construction shall conform in the querifications and standards as comments as
- MAZBRAL. All structural shapes, leafs, plates and shouts indicated on the traversis shall be shell menting ASIM Art specifications, vicinity as hobed. 576
- MEDLING. All weidtby shall conform to AWS Code for Arc and Gas welving in Autidity. Welders shall income the Arc and for the the The City of Seattle Building Department. STS
- ENEASE STEEL, Shell complainly encased in concrute shall not be galvanzan or painted and shall have a clean surface for bonding with concrute when it is easts. E
- VAINTING. Structural stud shall be painted in accordance with specifications. 15

ALUMINUM

be in accordance with ASCP's SPECIFICATIONS AND CODES. Aluminum construction shall such the Structures of Aluminum Albert 601-16. V

- AFPLICABLE COME. Concrete construction shalf conform to ACI 318-65.
- BENEDICING STELL OF ALLS. All detailing, fairfealing and employ of vairforcing lows, Unites other-ter most small small or sections with Namuel of Standard Fractice for betailing Resemental Concrete Structures ACS to lead a solitor.
- compressive uress at 28 days, (to 1550 past. A. Concrete, Fc - 3000 pst uttimate
- B. Remforcing-Studi
- Jersian aue la flexure, intermediale grade. 20,000 pai.
 Column reinforcing, intermediale grade. 16,000 pai.
 Column reinforcing, hani grade. 70,000 pcf us nelsan.
- CONCRETE COVER. Concrets bover for reinforcing back shall be as to land damping.
- A. Foolings and loundation mats cast on ground 3"
- B. Concrete to be in combact with sawage 2' UZ"
- C. Concrete to be in contact with ground, weather, or clean water
- CITA'S bars gritator Dian #5 2"
- D, Concrete not to be expo
 - (2) Sighs and columns 1-1/2"
- In which case no reinforced contrate except where plain in which case no reinforcement shall be used. Concrete conem indicated shall be reinforced per ACI-318 and the MINIMUM RENEGOCHEM. Commune construction to the contract of the called out on the drawmon, if the called out on the drawmon, if the called out of the called out on the called out of the called

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Mast concrets shall be retributed with 86 it IIT the minimum in all tacks.

SHERWAGE AND TEMPERADITE STEEL University model, strinkups about the total to provide for sales in accordance with the total with the total with the total section. SLAB THICKNESS SIZE

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State over 6" thick - plac

- #00000 IDP STELLIN SLADS. Where howers or walk are parallel for main orthodoches in stills, provided at the last interpretable for the base of sala provided behavior while. Extend harm? It beloond found towns or walk. When slad is not sala only in versionals have with standard hosts on other side of better or walk.
 - EXTRA ACCESSORY BARES. Abbet from normal accessories used to hold reinforcing shell firmly try position the following strail or position. 825
- A. Its state to raiser hars at 34" of maximum to support top reinforcing shot. 8. In walls with two curtains #3 is or Z shape spacers at 6' ole E.W..
- DOWLLS. Dowels shall be the same size and specifing as hard with which they are lapped. The tap and embedment shall be 24 cleanwhers in inline for each. 8

- 58.8 SELICES. Vertical reinforcity but splices in columbs shall have at wast 20 but dismetter bay all offer the splices shall be based as feet as day and waster. The feeting of big splice of burs of illustrial claimings shall be based on the bayes dismeter. But volkes may also be made by waiting in accordance with the elitable for reinforcing stein splice and with AMS Spice, 0.12,1-61. 010
 - RESTRICTED BAS ANCHOLOGIC. In cases where reinforcing bas's cannot be extended as fair as required due to make the fair as required due to the subsect of the adjusted cancers at the respectible and in standard begins on the respectible and and in standard begins the fair to possible and and in standard begins the fair.
- STABBARO HOOKs. Bars unding in right angle bends or hooks shall continen to the empirem personal 881, 461 315-69.
- BENTUP TRUSS BAIS. Bunt up kruss harv in neinforpot construte shall be hert through an angle of Sciences. 610
- SLOPING SLABS. Monellithic states with tops that are slaped that have bottoms sloped the same an existentially a uniform stop thickness. CIR
- CACOLATE SUPPORTED STARS. Concrete states supported by givenin shall be 4" thick, restriction with 6.2.6. STATU and all included for states of the properties of the board substantial values confirmed and so confident with 96 STATU and 100 Y. O' with most meal waters that on all as incurrent weeks, confirmed, and the first of the state of 5112
 - CHANESS. Lacep: as otherwise required, exposed condrains formers and algus shall have 344° chanten Re-entrant conners shall not have filled. 010

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Bolt Diameter	Min, Entedment in Structural Concrete	

INSERTS FOR LIFTING EVES, incres wo 34% parameter Remnous Rocket inverts, straffming to deligibated, over all pumps, motors, breather mechanical units of more than 100 for inverting Wildle see.

All boits shall be not dignet gahandized unless otherwise holes. Embelment loogth for boils in the shall be deformined by the Engineer.

PUMP STATION CAISSON TOLERANCES

- VERTICAL: Station shall be sunk to the specified elevation. Understriking will not be permitted.
 sinking up to 6" is permissible.
- QUE OF PLAMES. The maximum deviation from verifical plumb, backd on the full wall height, shall not access? For any one side or a cumulative total of 3" for two adjacent sides.
 - 3. CRITICAL ELEVATIONS. Elevations specified for everylow furnists, internal stab shall be effected to.



ISLAND SEWER DISTRICT

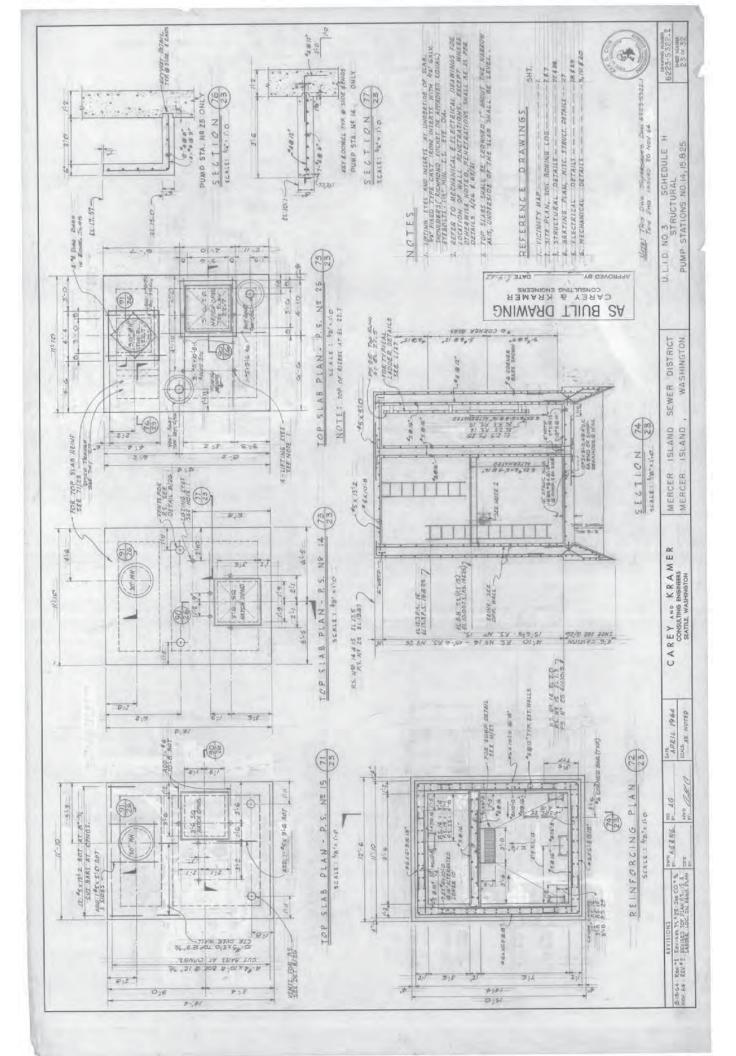
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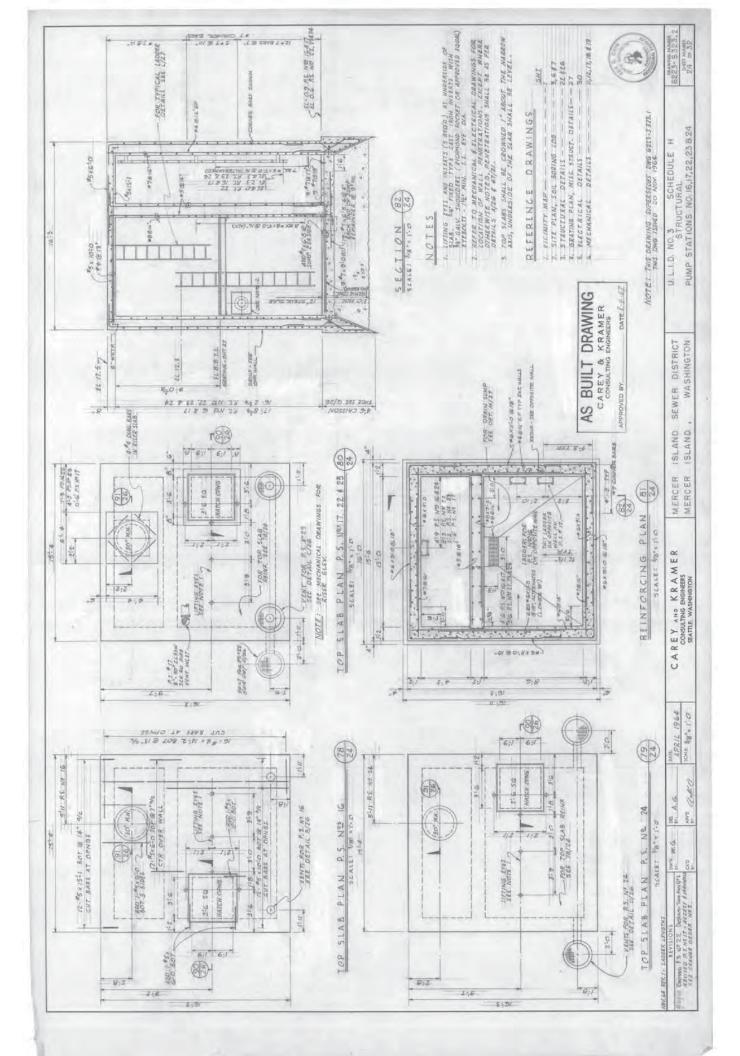
CAREY AND KRAMER CONSULTING ENGINEERS SEATTLE WASHINGTON

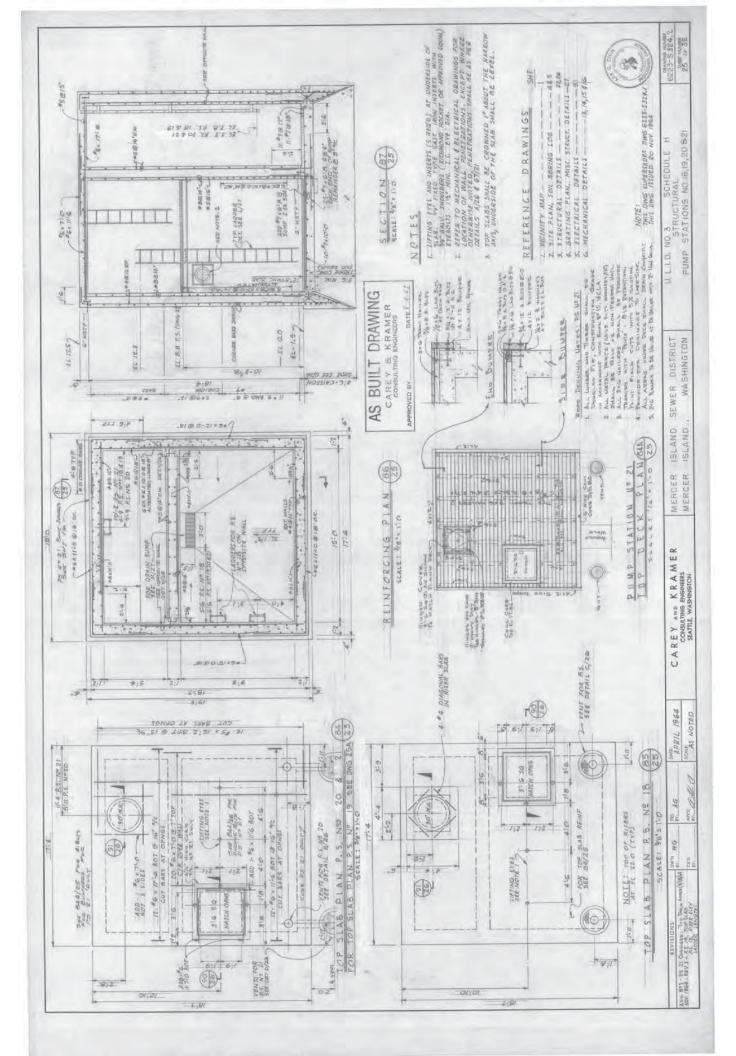
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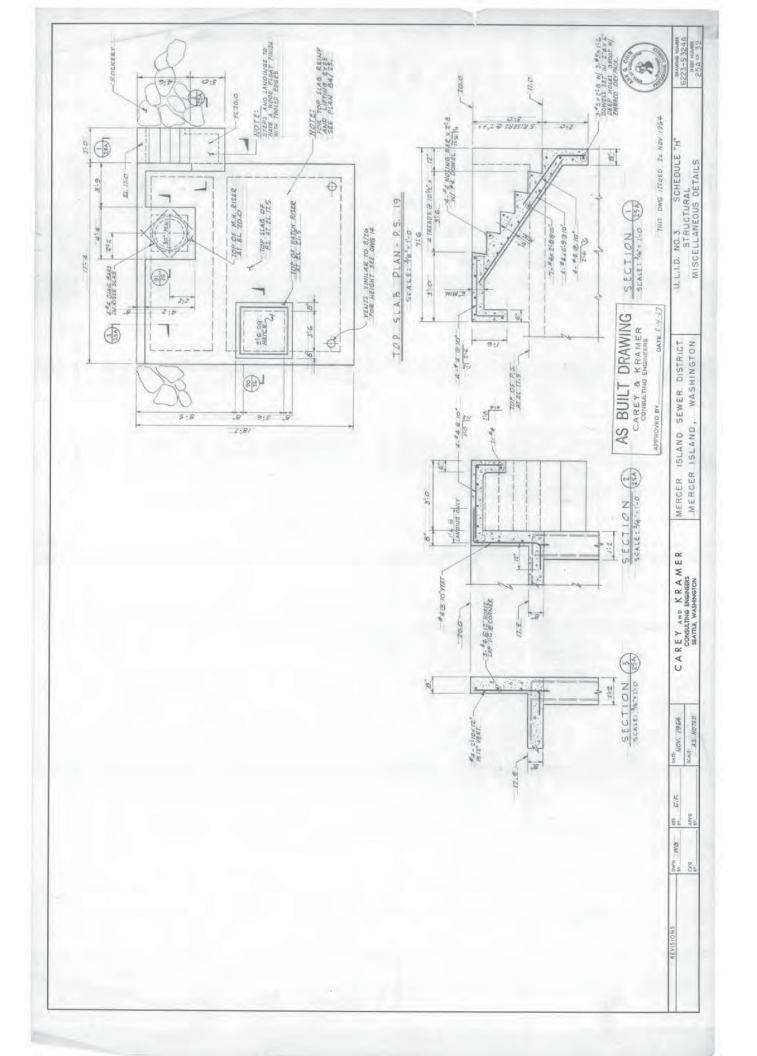
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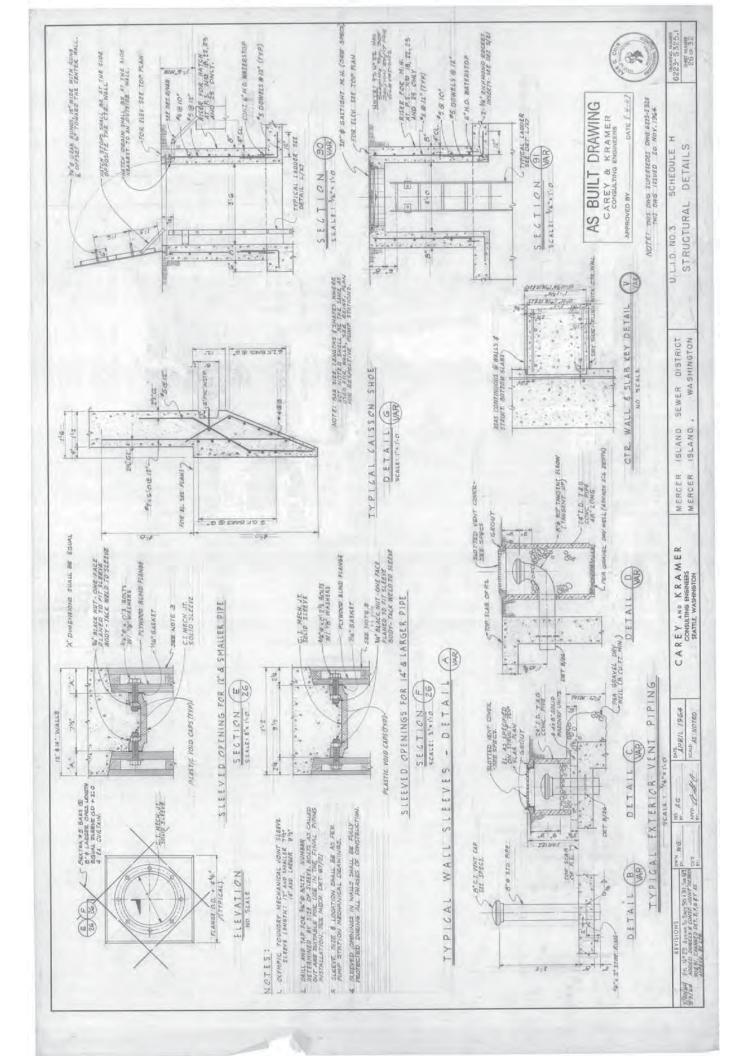
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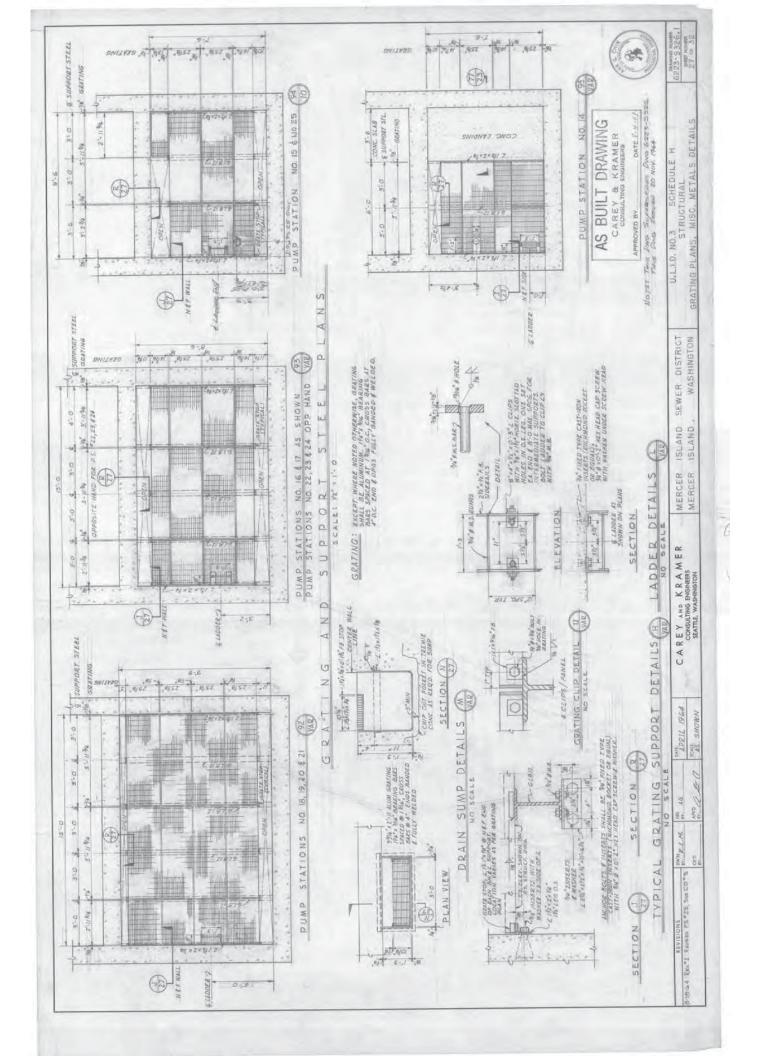


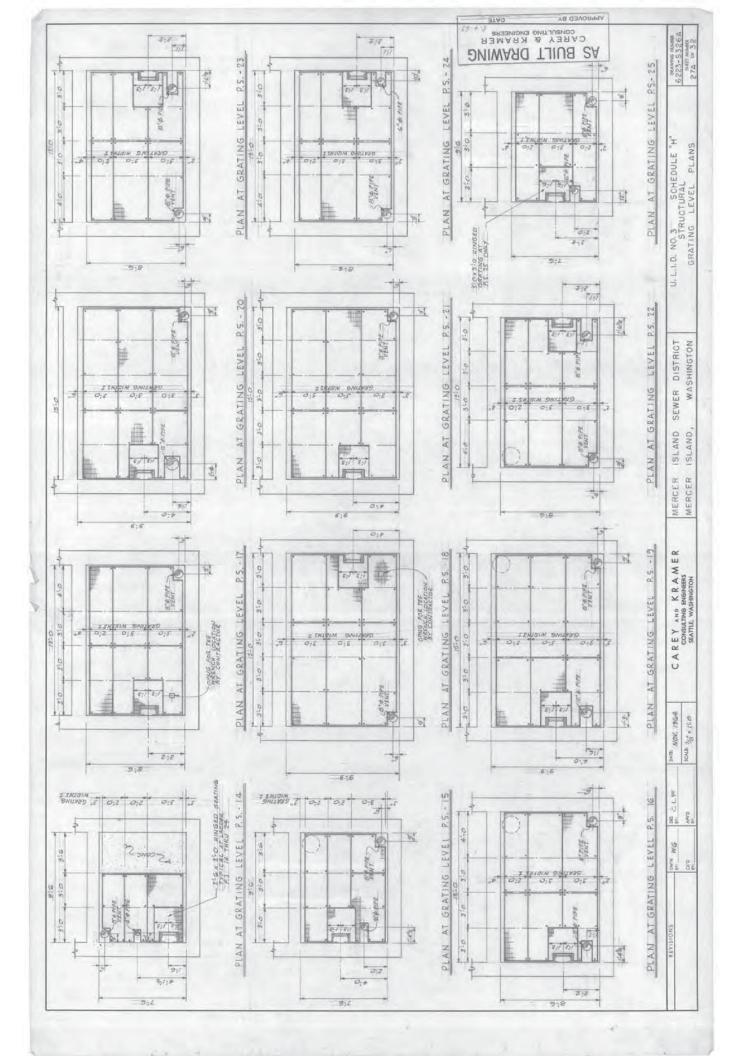


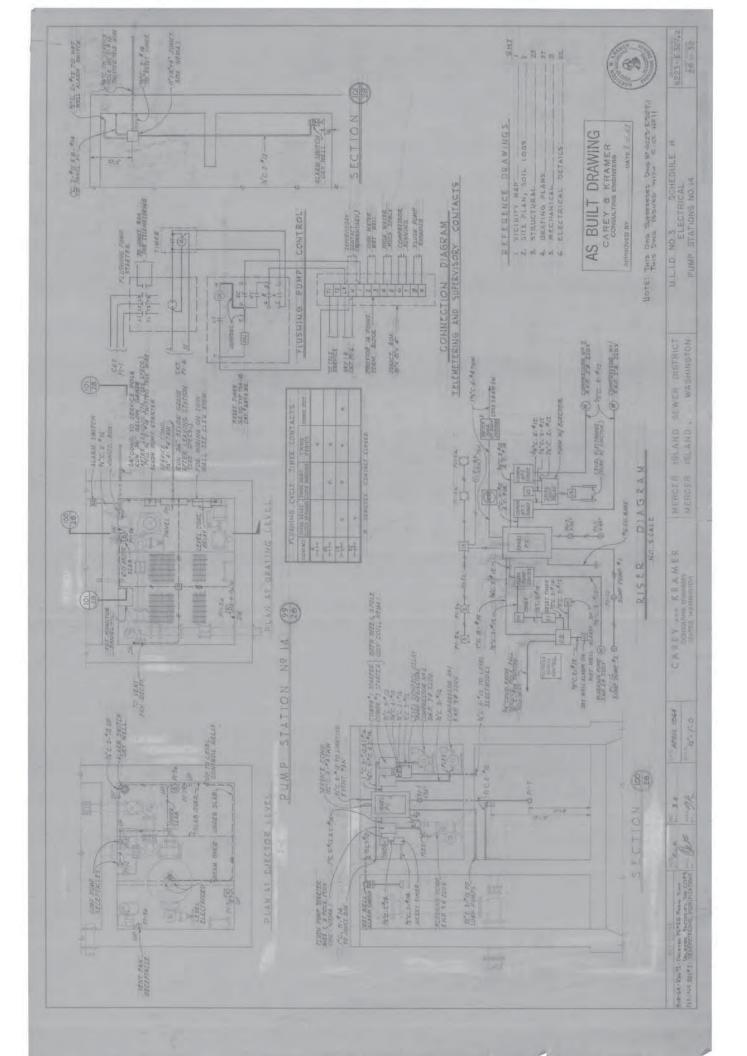


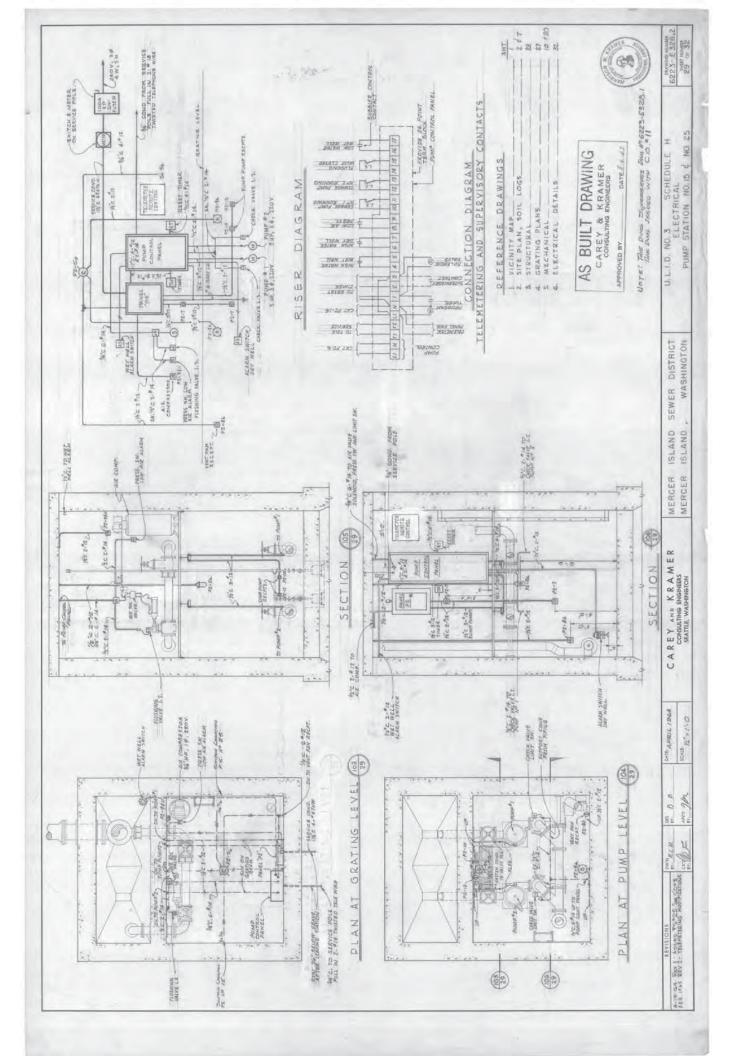


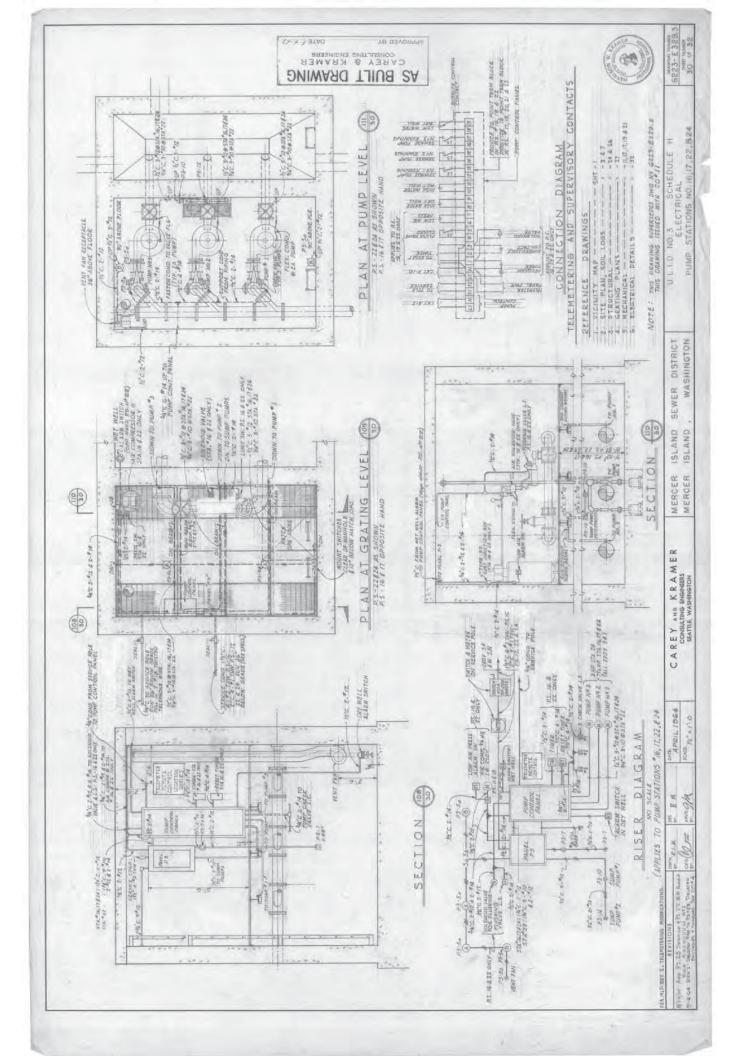


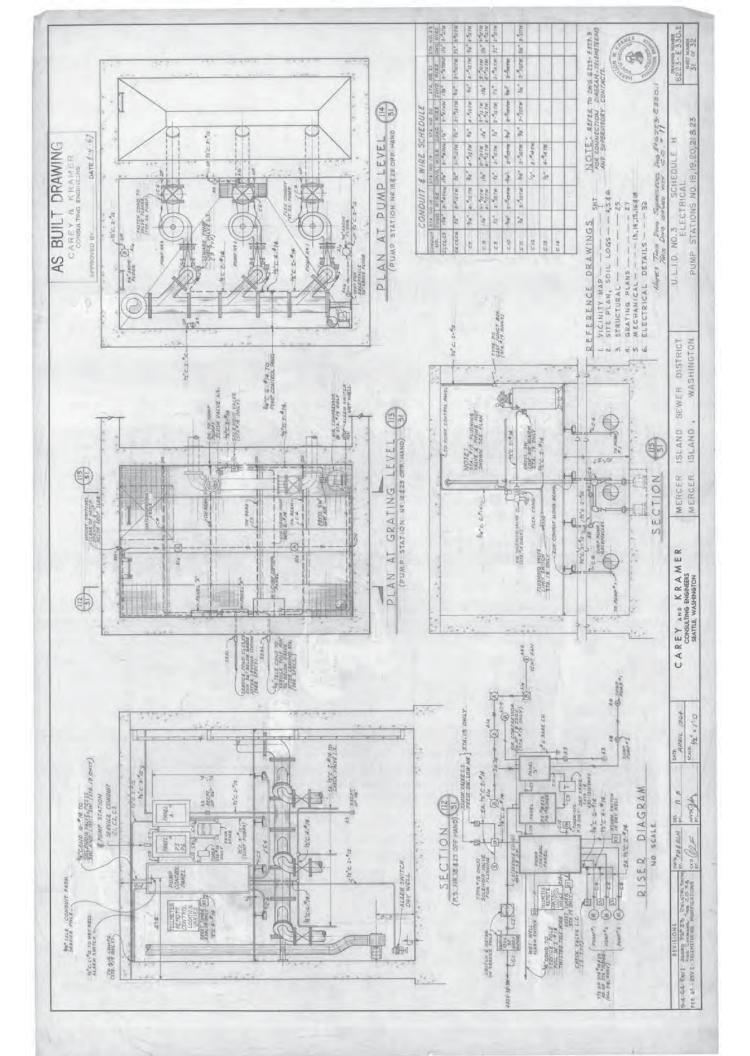














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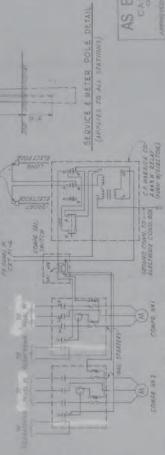
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PUMP STATIONS

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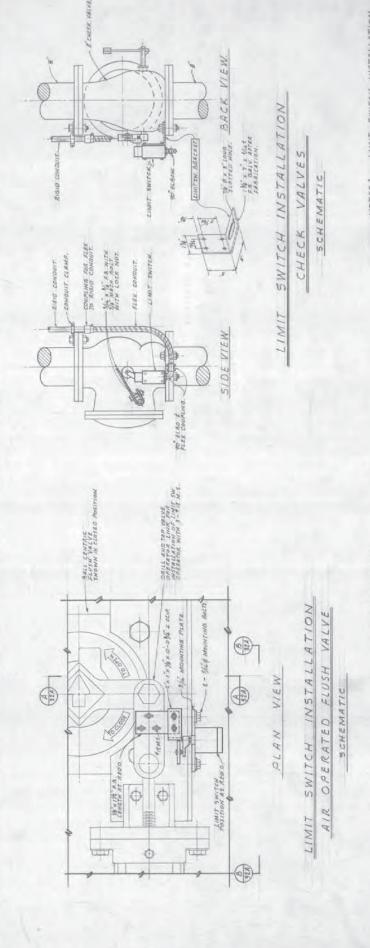
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PUMP CONTROL

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 - DETAILS AND ARRANGEMENTS SHOWN ARE SCHEED,
- S. ALL FASTENNOS AND ALL METAL ITEMS TO BE CUT IN THE FIRED SHALL BE NON-FERROUS.

ALL ADJUSTING BOLTS AND SCREWS SHALL AE INSTALLED IN SLOTTED HOLES AND BE SHOVIDED WITH LOCK WASHERS.



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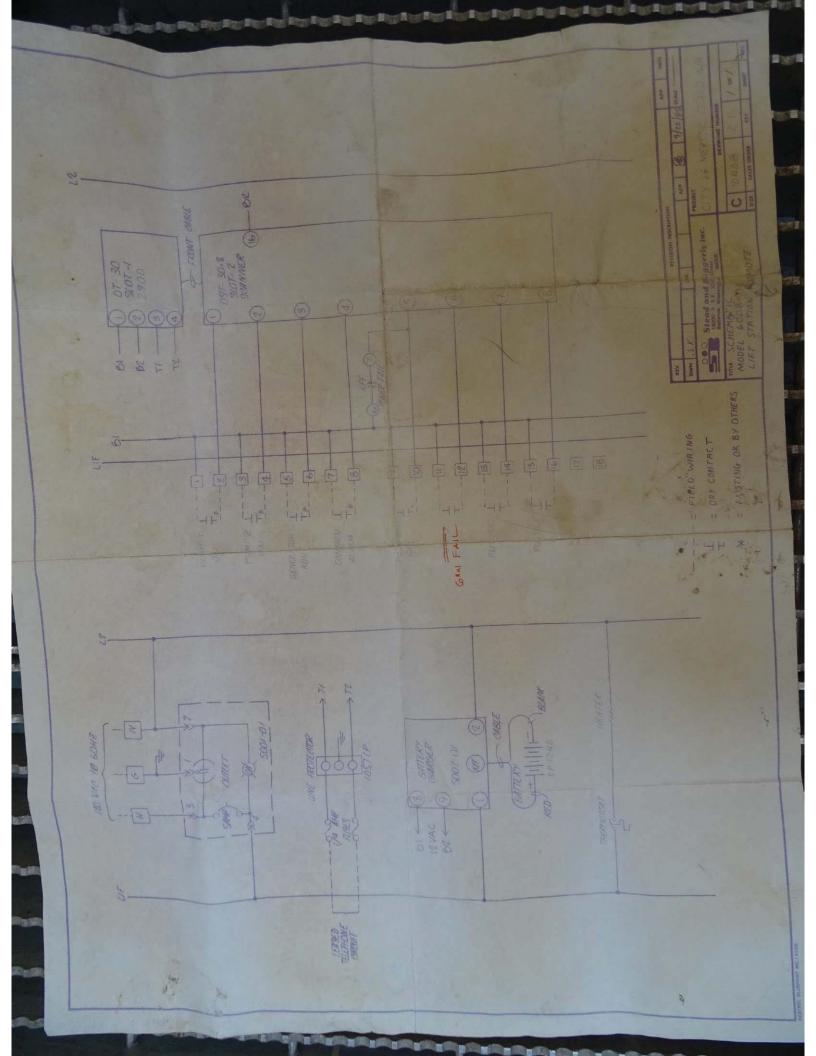
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SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A FLUSH STATION 12 CONTROL WIRING SCHEMATIC

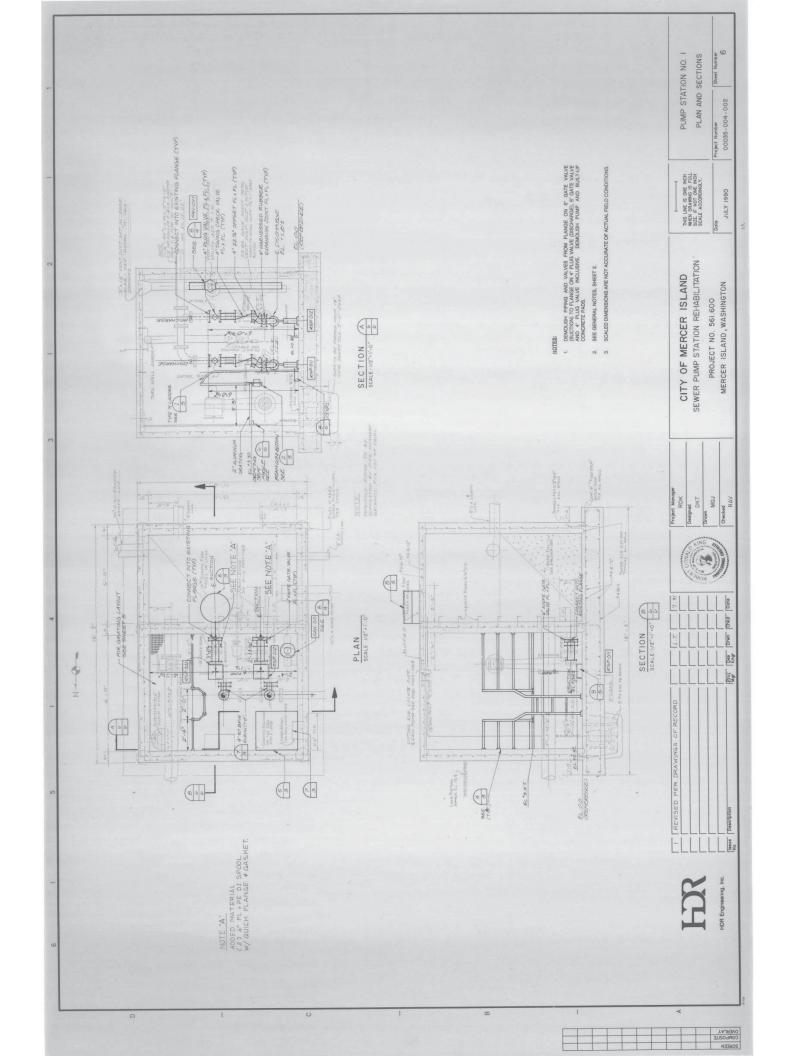


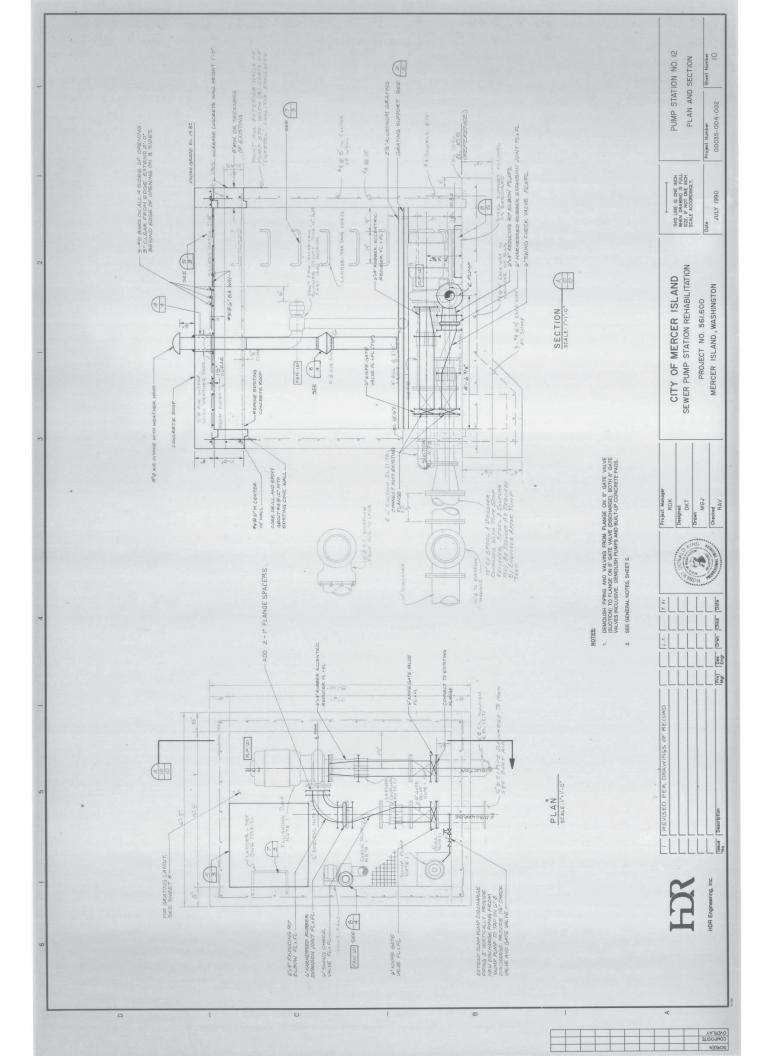


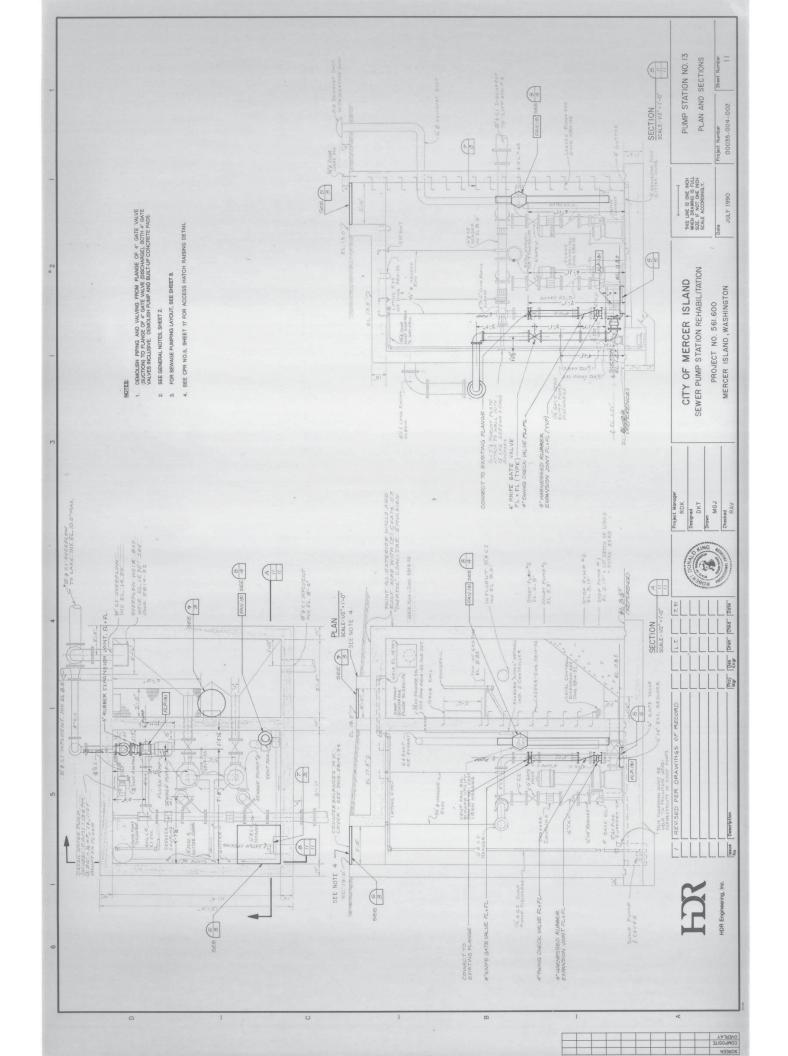
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SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION NO. 1, 12, & 13 PLAN AND SECTIONS



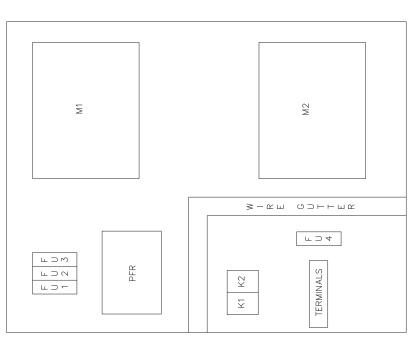






SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION MOTOR CONTROL PANEL AS-BUILT DRAWINGS





DUPLEX PAN LAYOUT

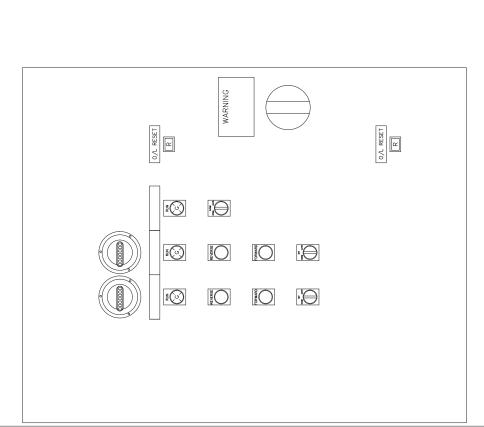
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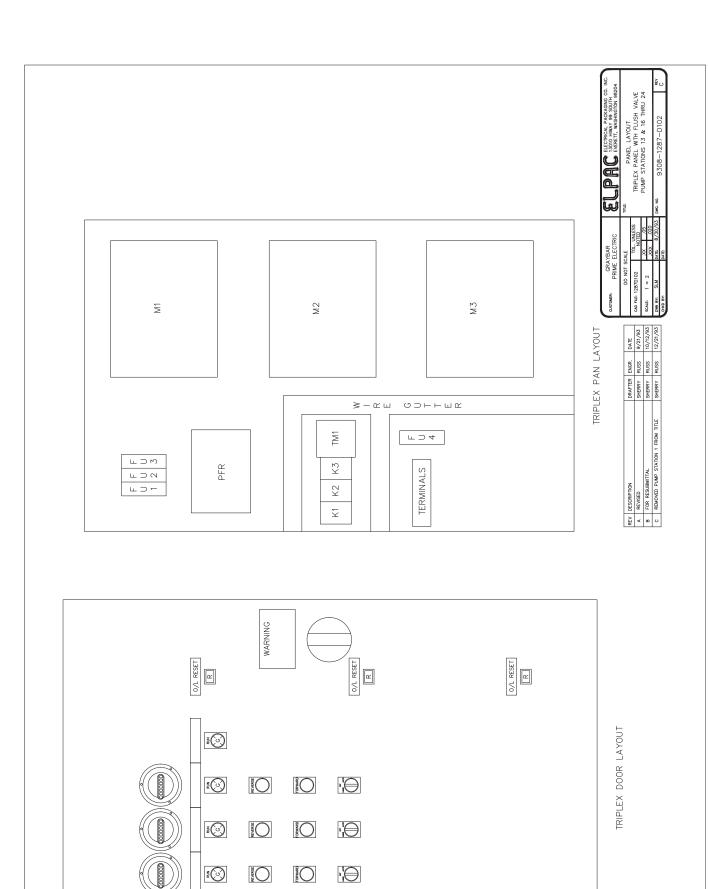
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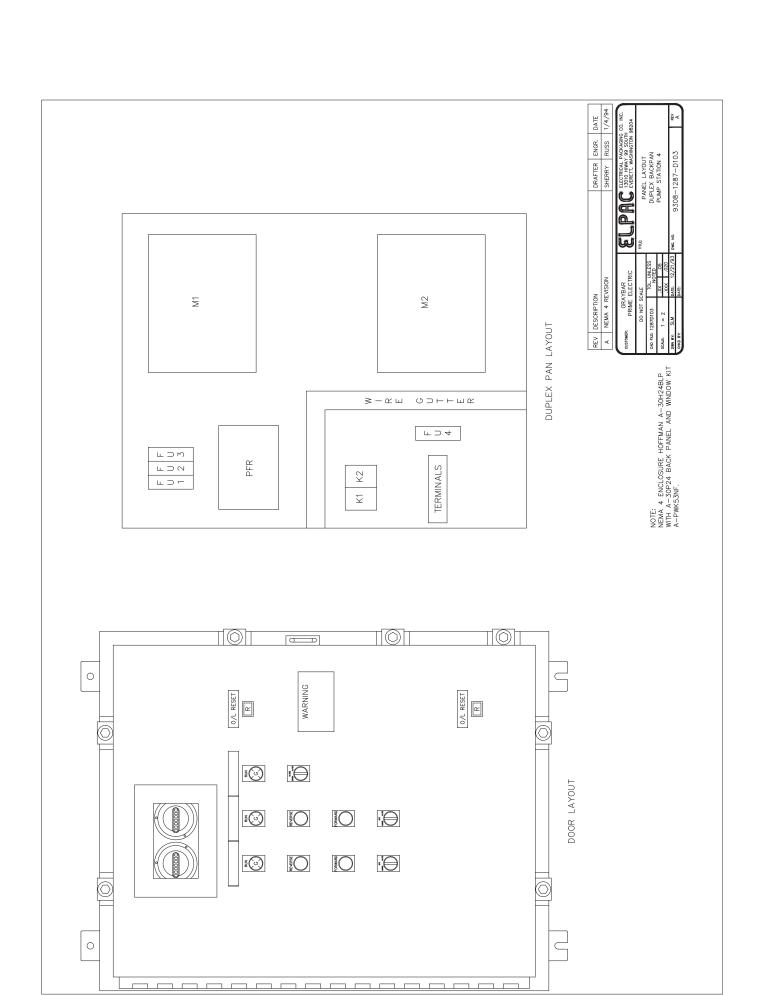
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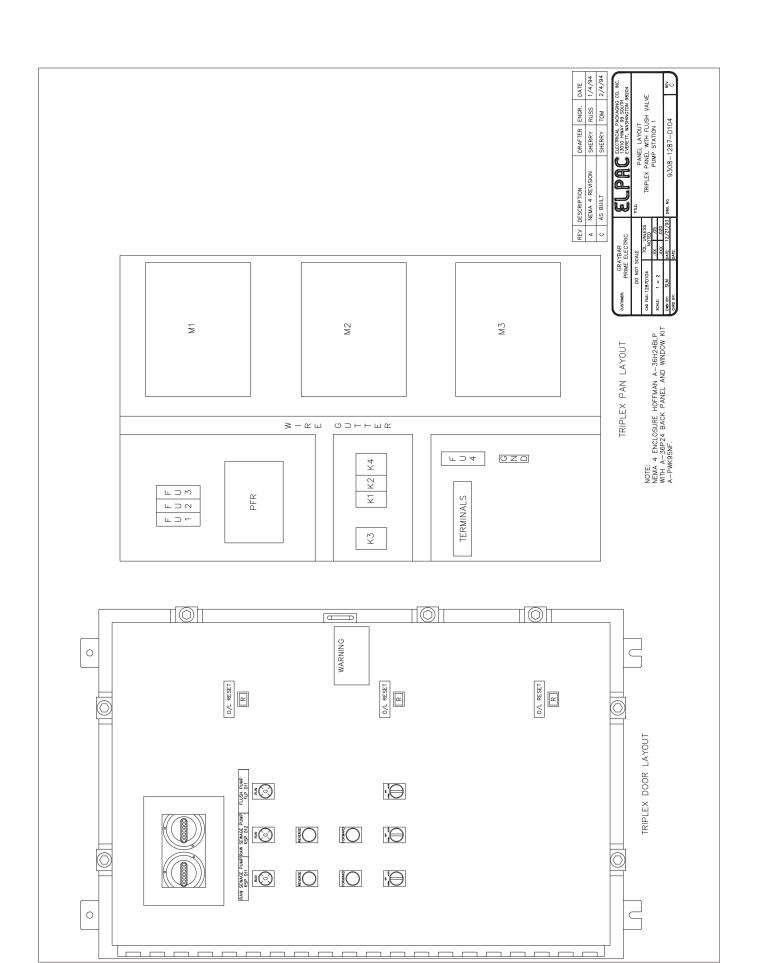
PANEL LAYOUT DUPLEX BACKPAN PUMP STATIONS 5,10,11,15 & 25

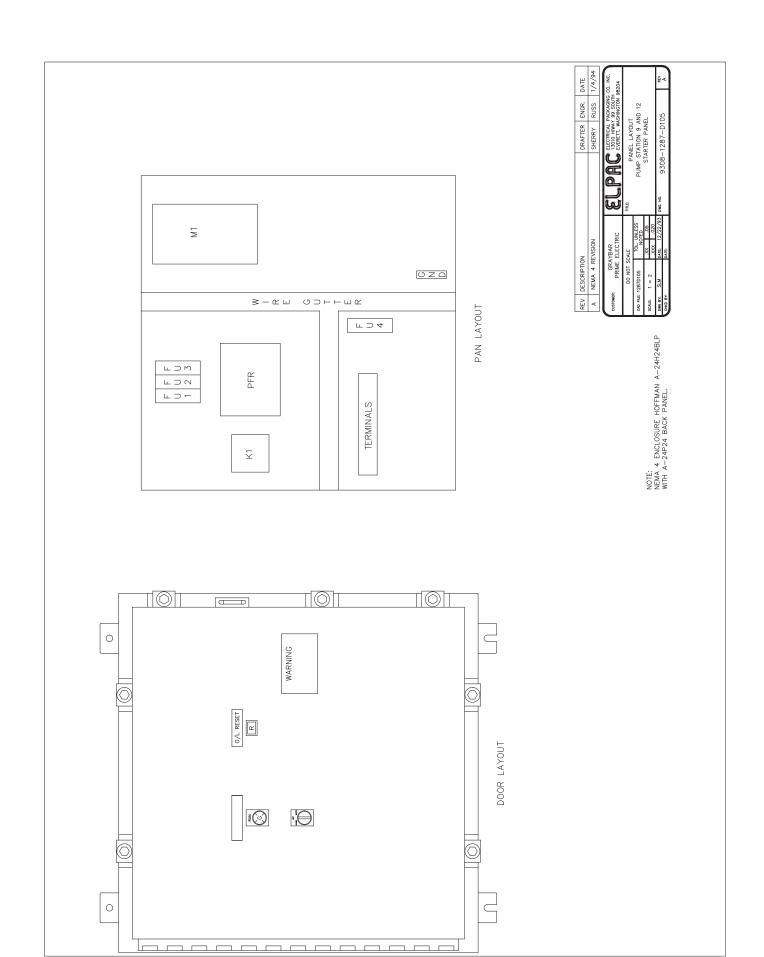


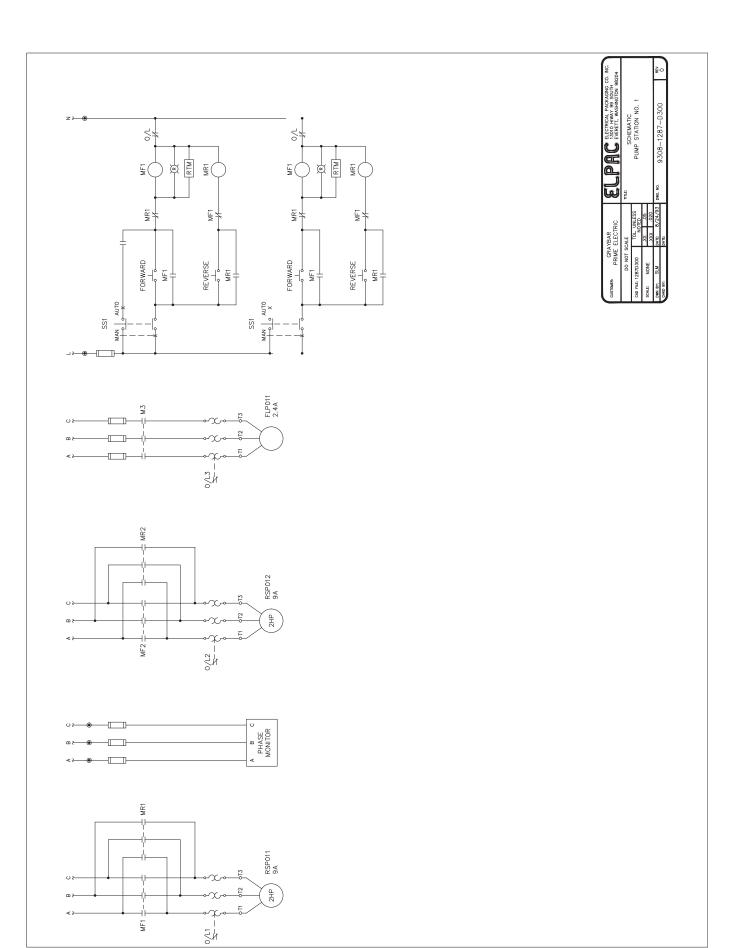
DOOR LAYOUT

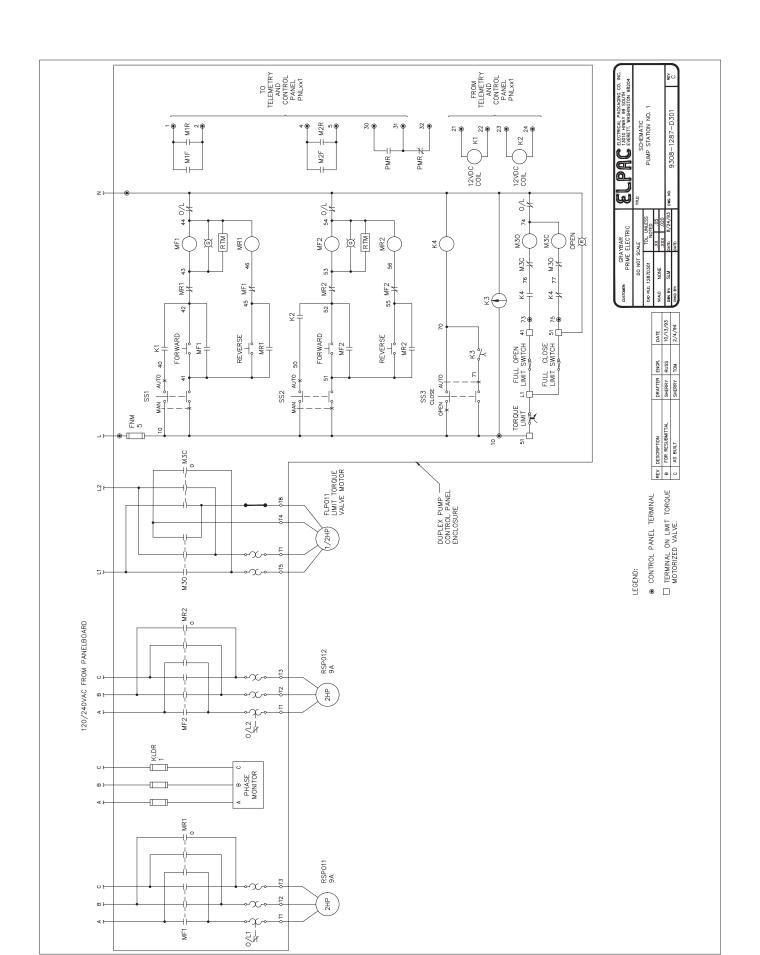


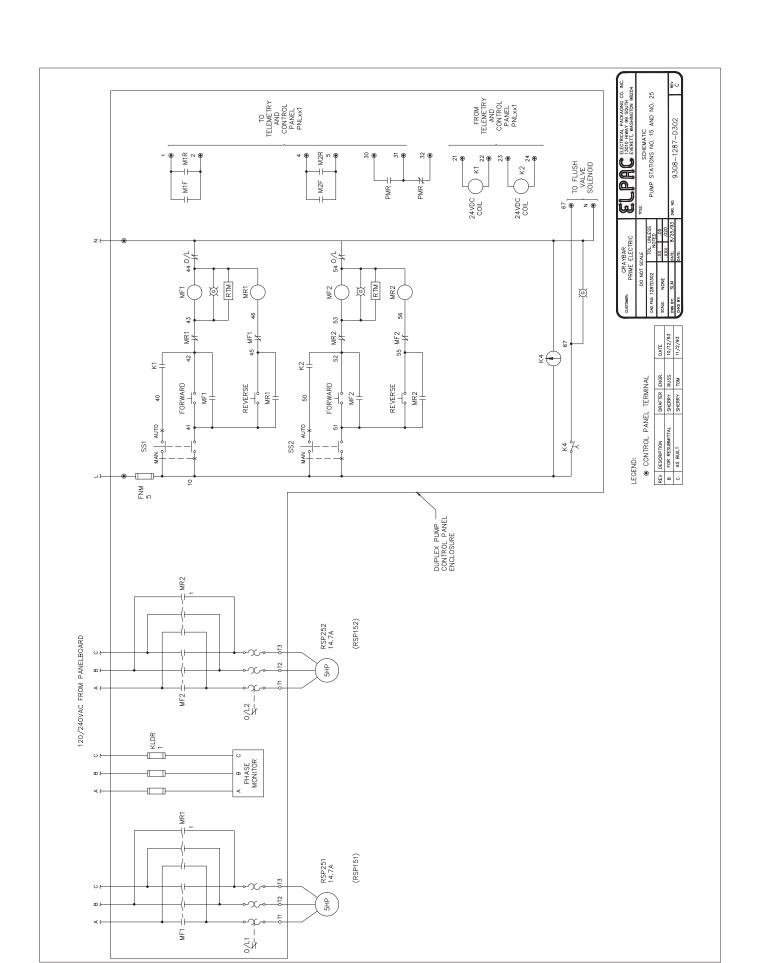


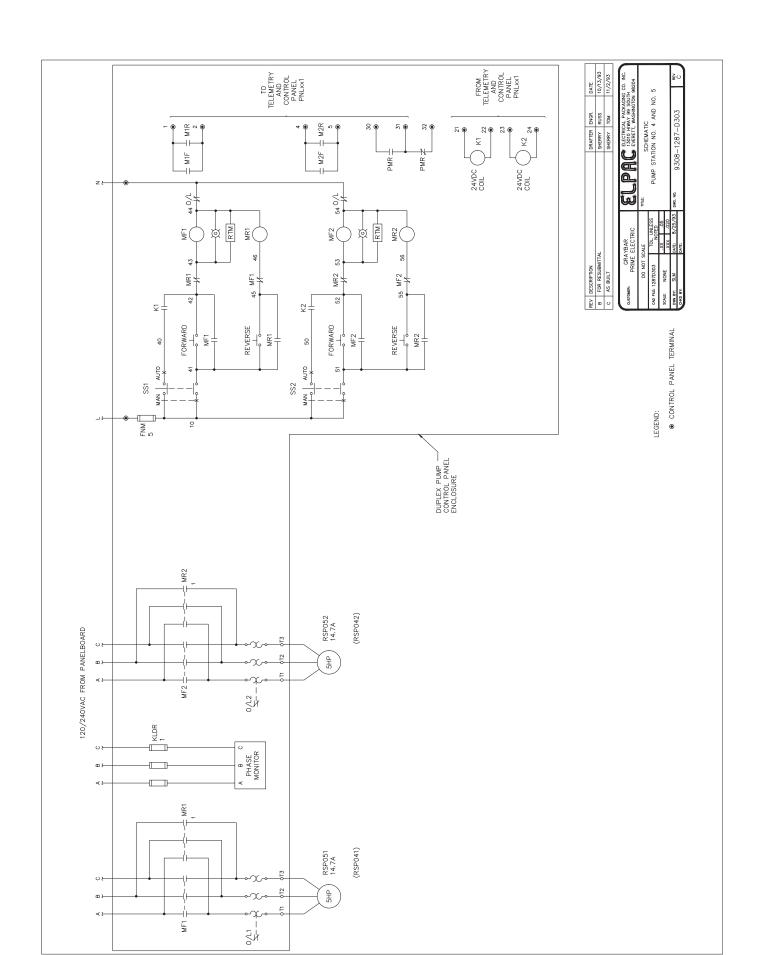


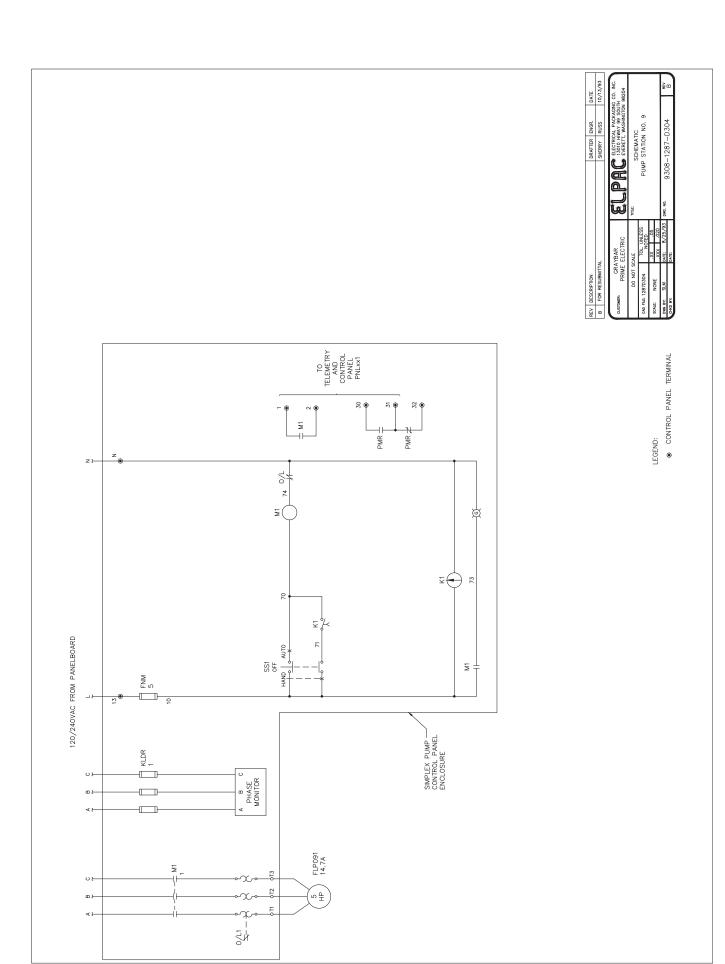


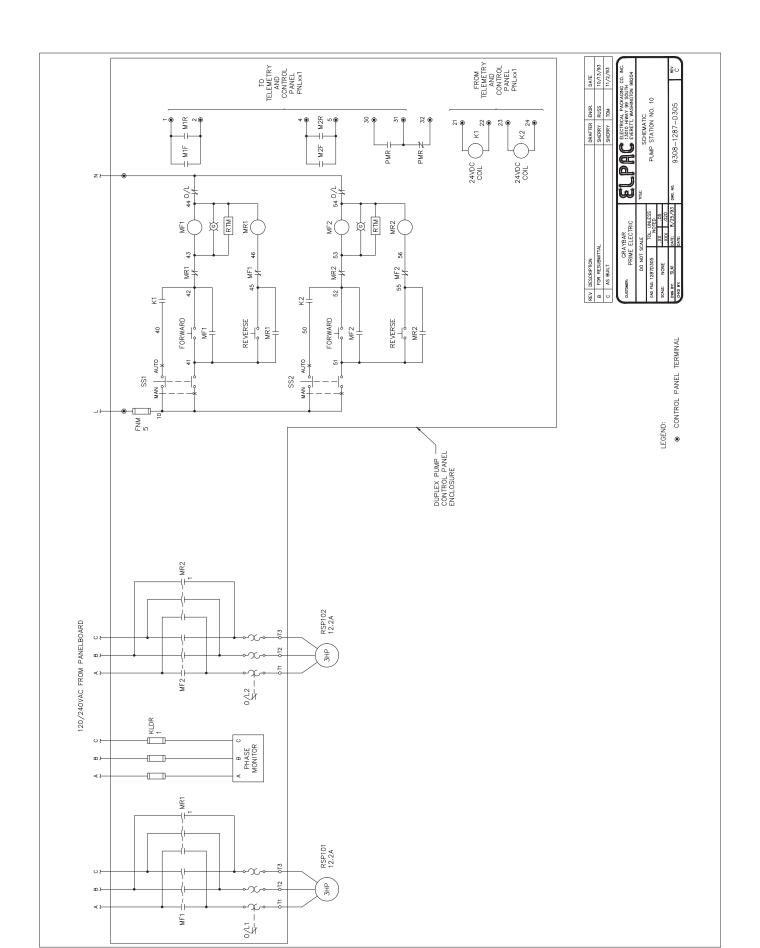


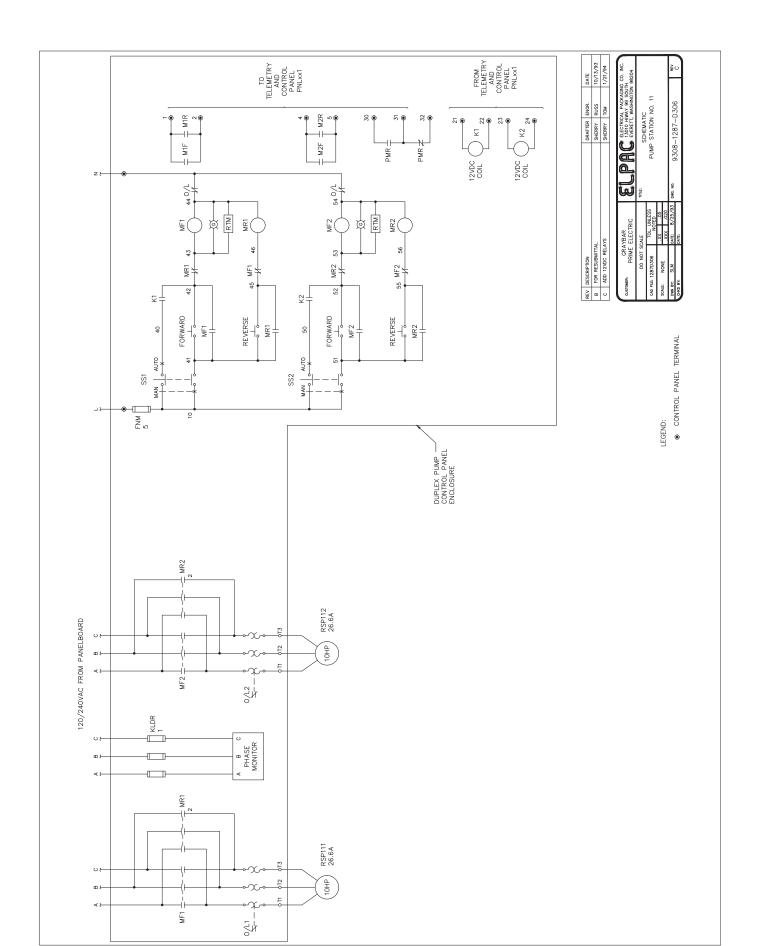


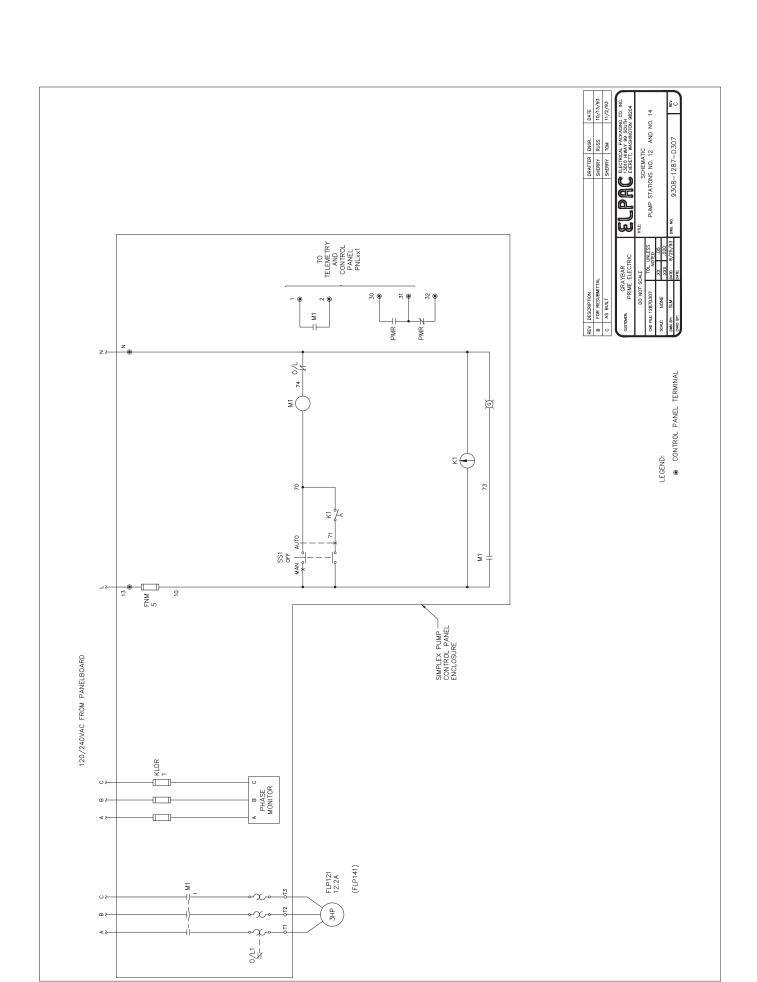


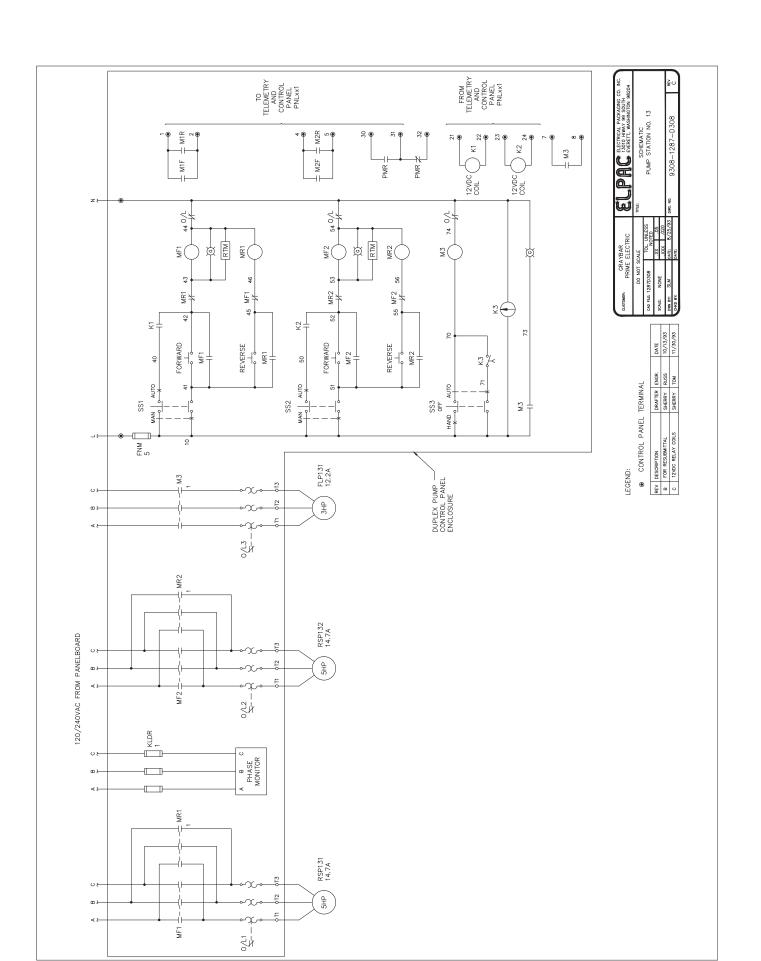


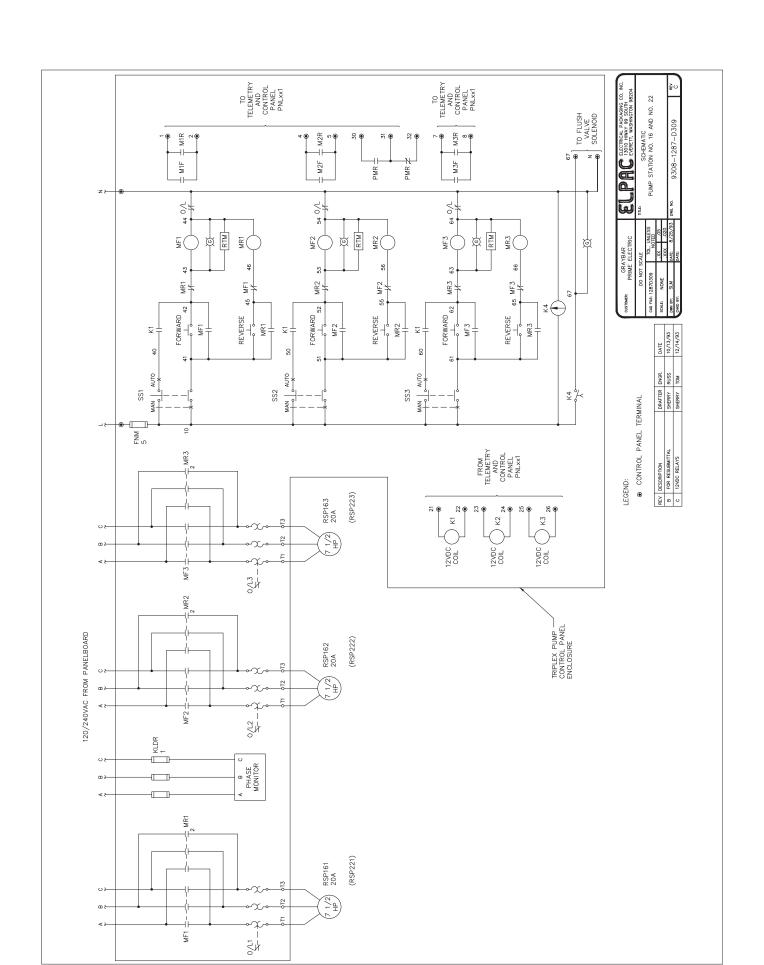


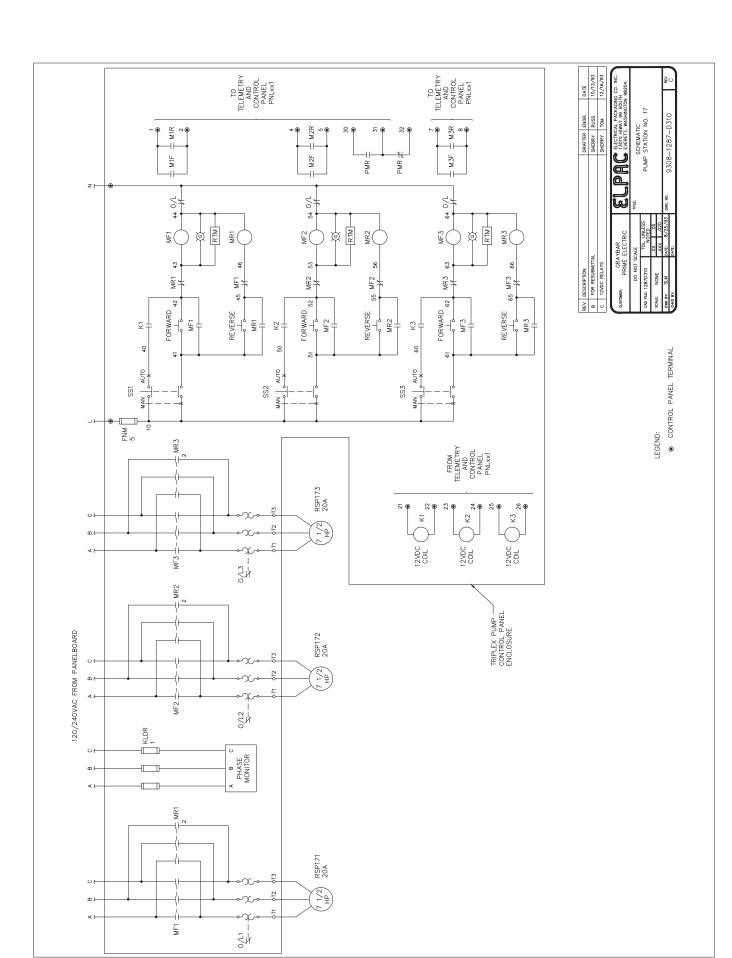


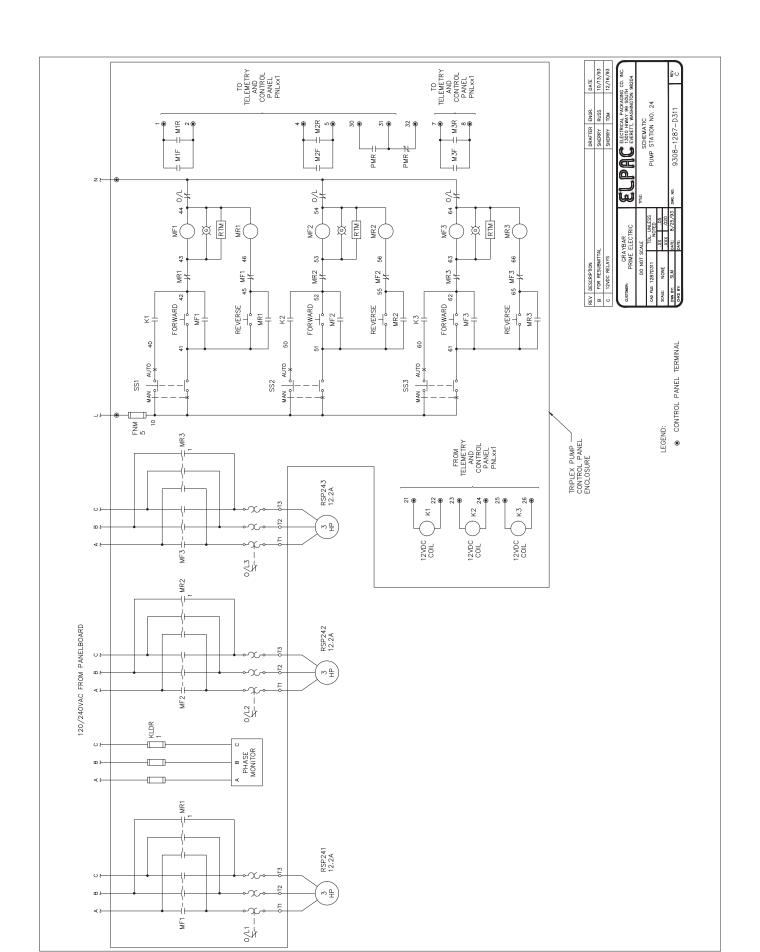


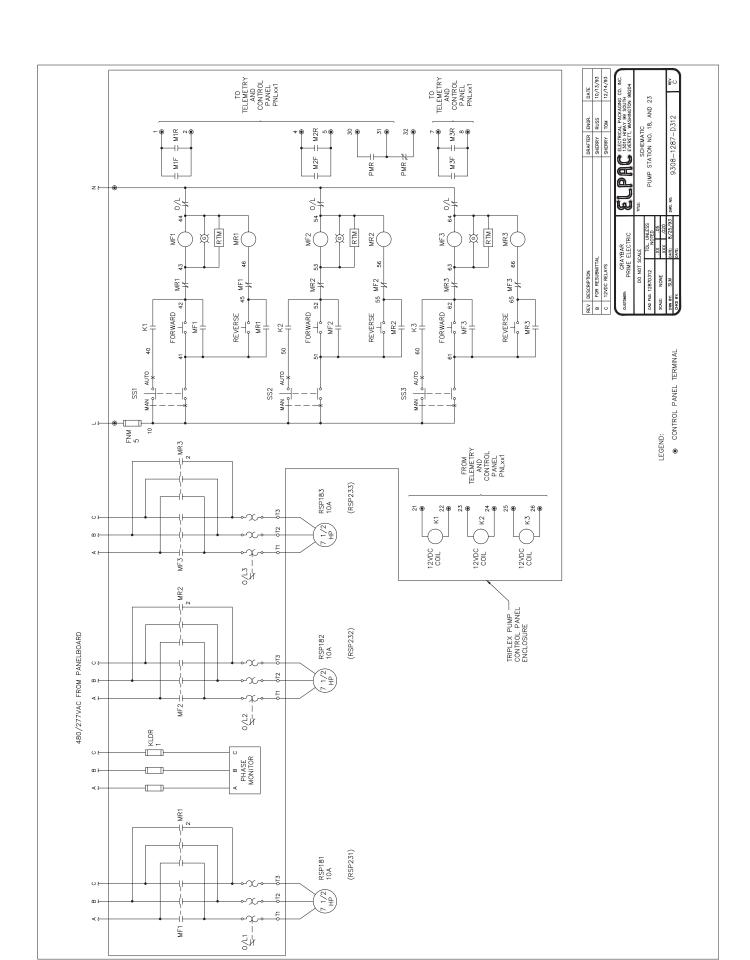


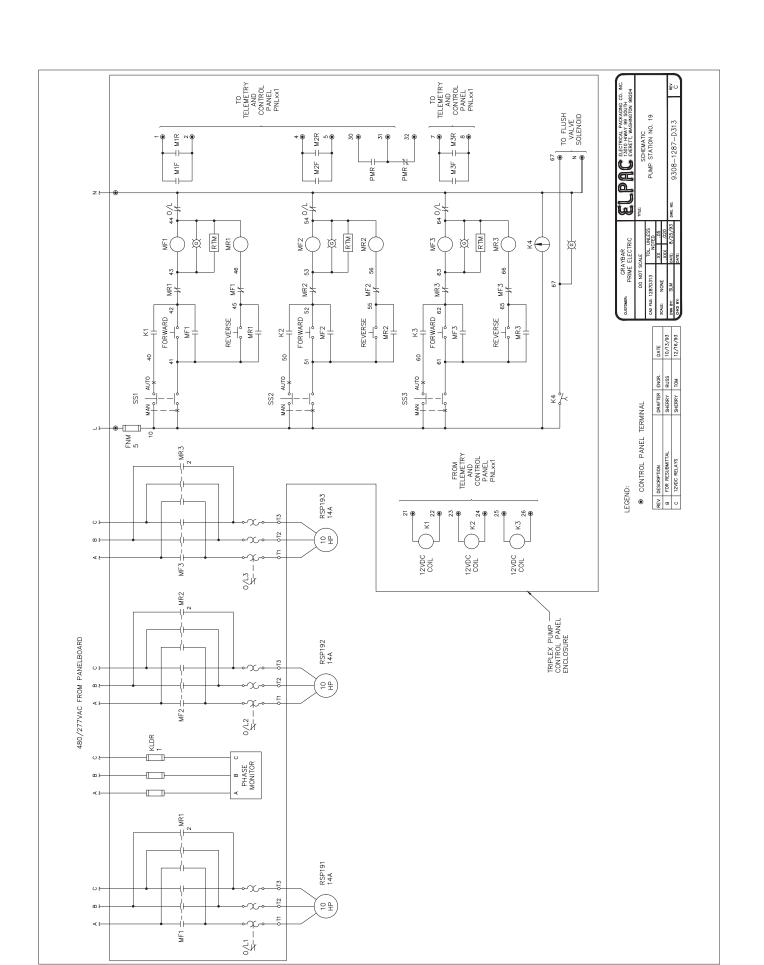


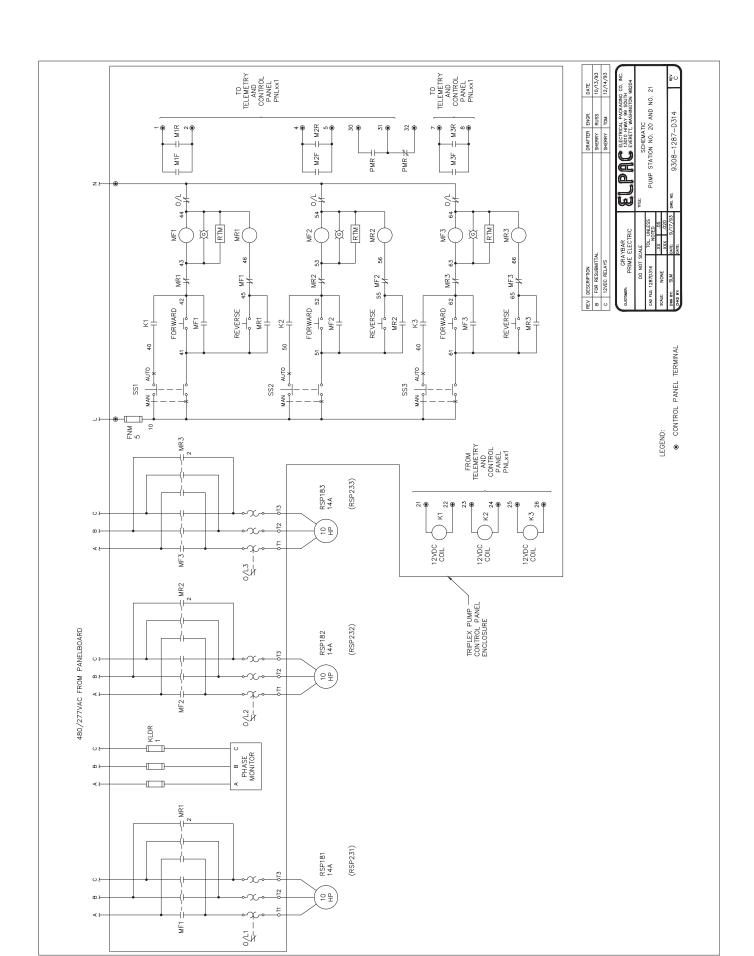


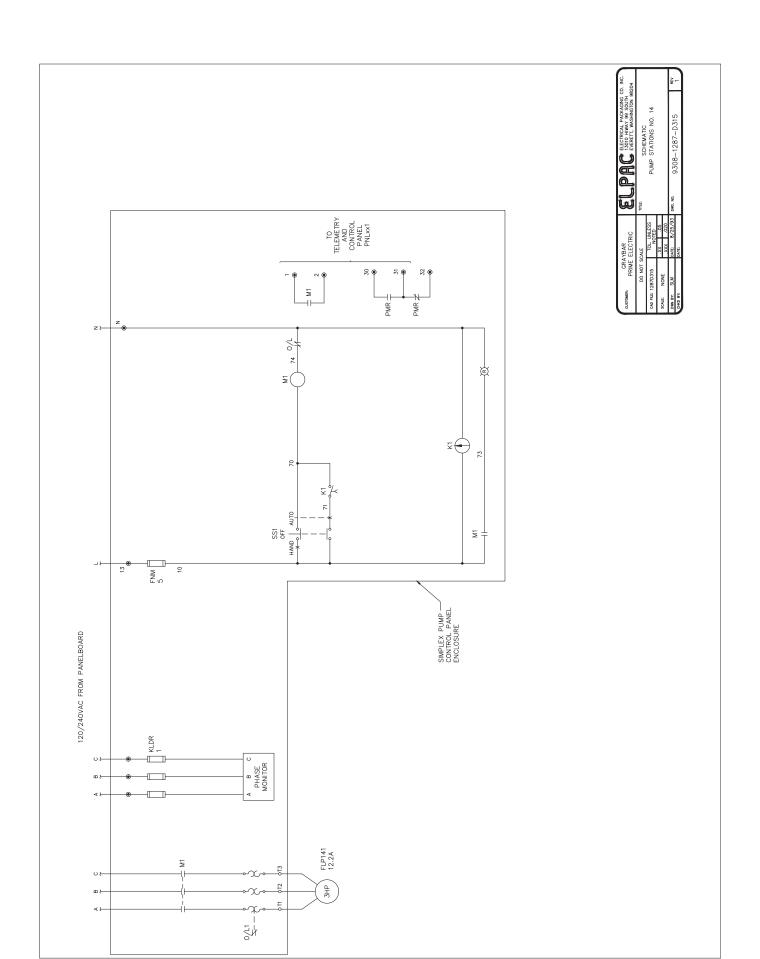












SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT TELEMETRY SYSTEM PHASE 1 INSTALLATION





Mercer Island

Maintenance Department Telemetry System Phase 1 Installation

	TELEMETRY DRAWING LIST
NO.	DESCRIPTION
13	TITE SHEET
E2	SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS
E3	SITE PLANS
E4	STATION PLANS
ES	TELEMETRY SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM PHASE :
ES	LIFT STATION PUMP 1 CONTROL WIRING - TYPICAL PUMP STATION 1,4,5,13
- 23	LIFT STATION PUMP 2 CONTROL WIRING - TYPICAL PUMP STATION 1,4,5,13
E8	GENERAL STATION I/O CONTROL WIRING - TYPICAL PUMP STATION 1,4,5
E9	GENERAL STATION I/O CONTROL WIRING - TYPICAL PUMP STATION 13
E10	ELECTRICAL DETAILS
E11	BAI MODULE WIRING - 170AAIO3000 - "FOR REFERENCE ONLY"
E12	16DI/BDO MODULE WIRING - 170ADM37010 - "FOR REFERENCE ONLY"
E13	16DI MODULE WIRING - 170ADM34000 - "FOR REFERENCE ONLY"

City of Mercer Island
Telemetry System
Configuration





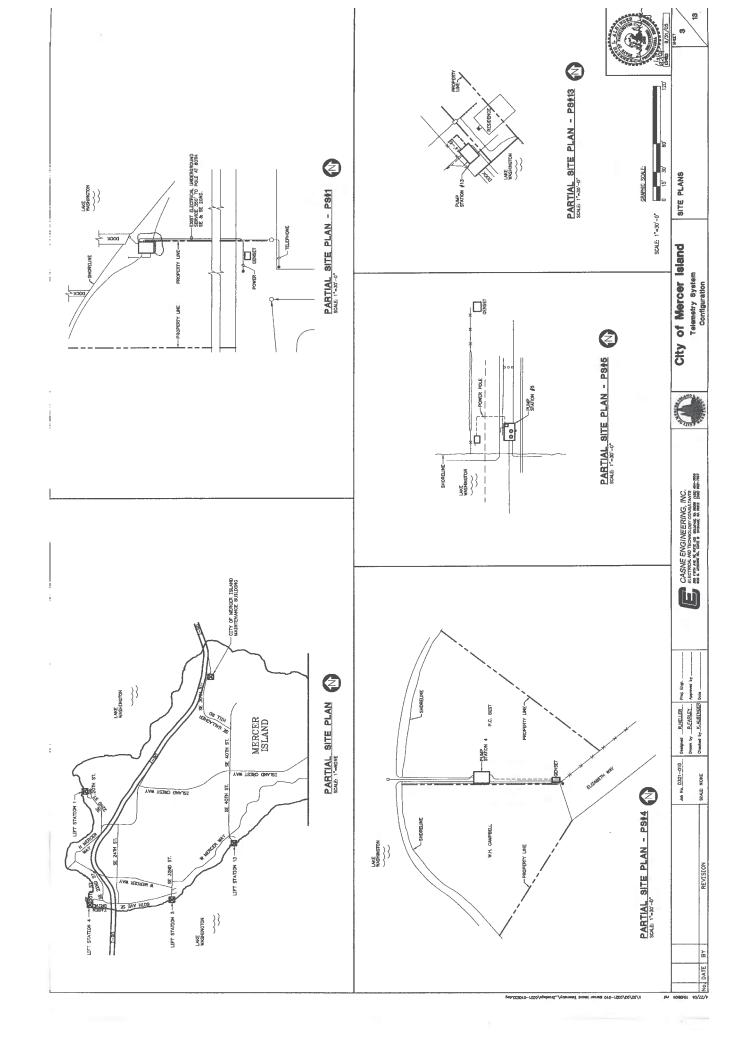
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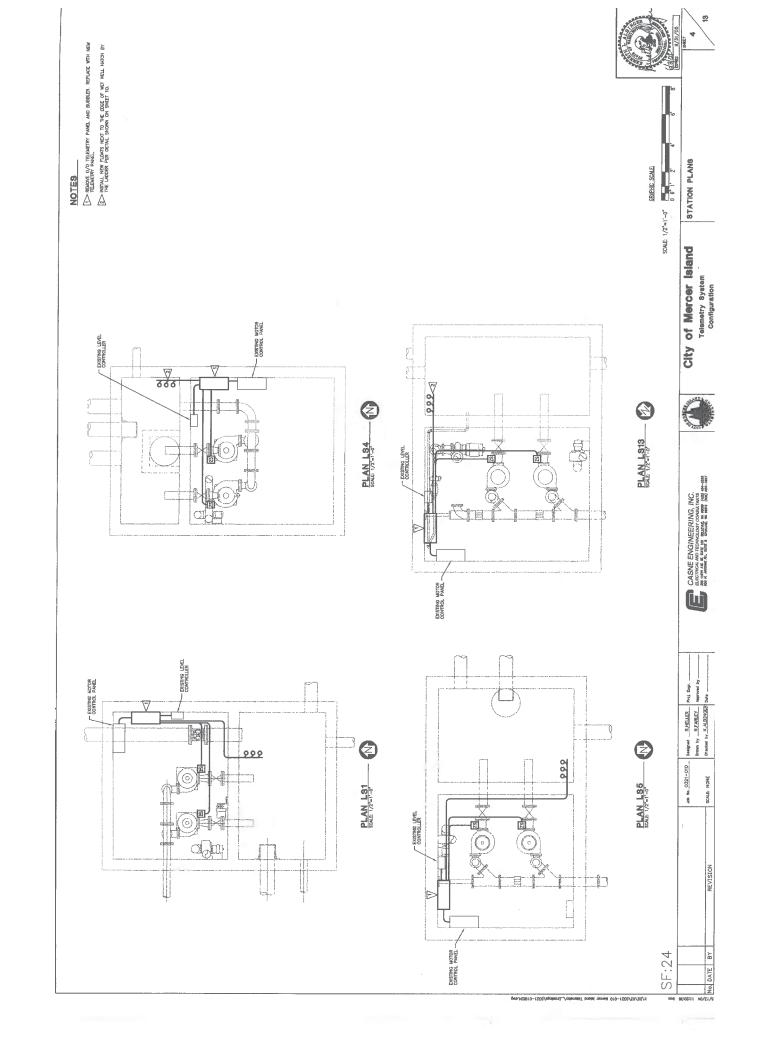
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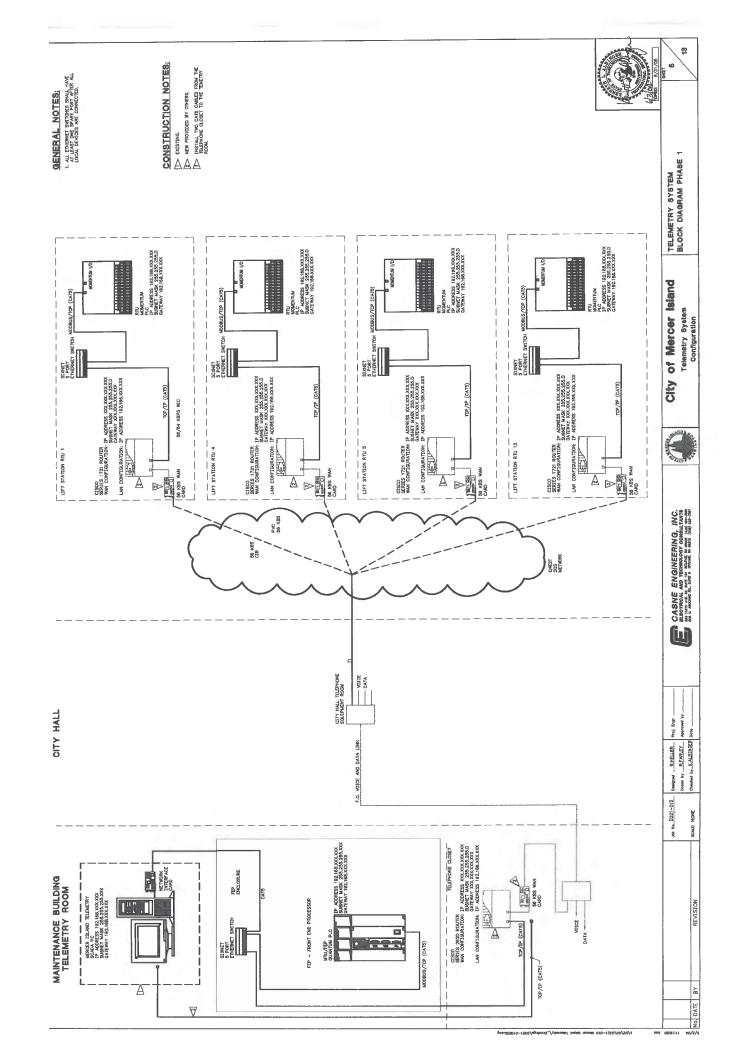




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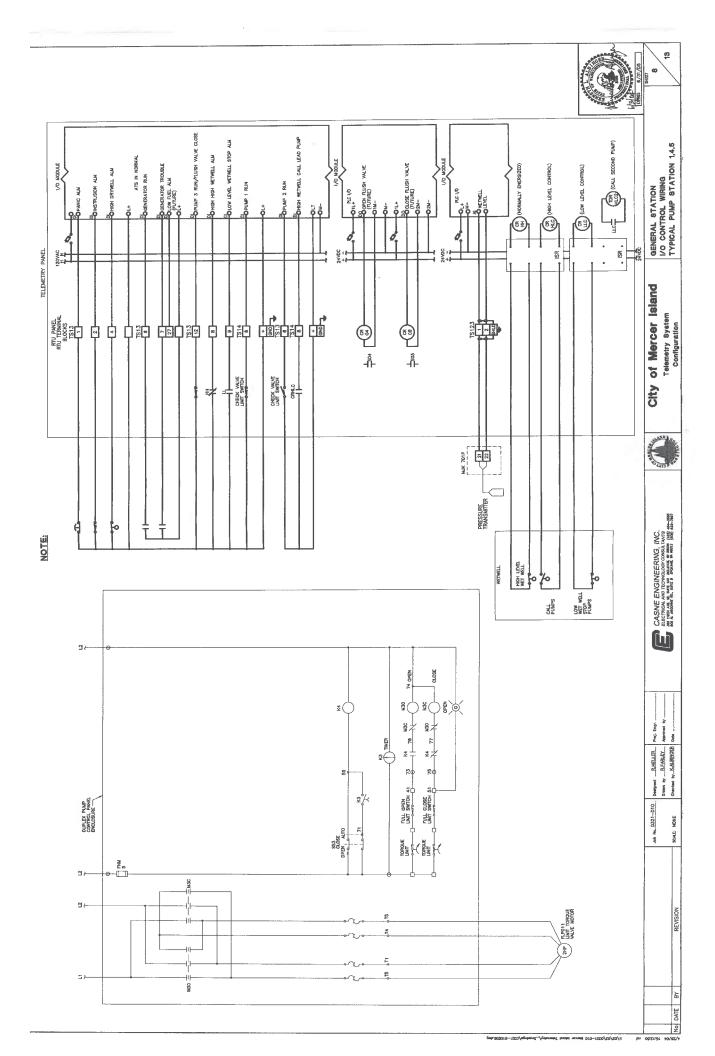


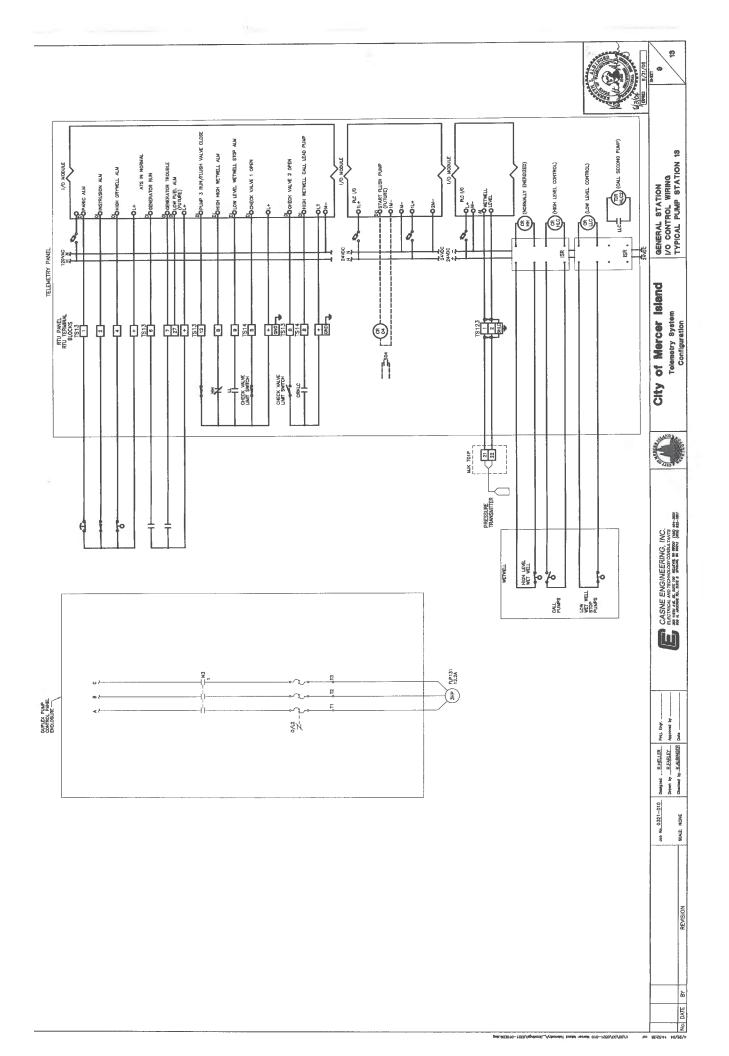
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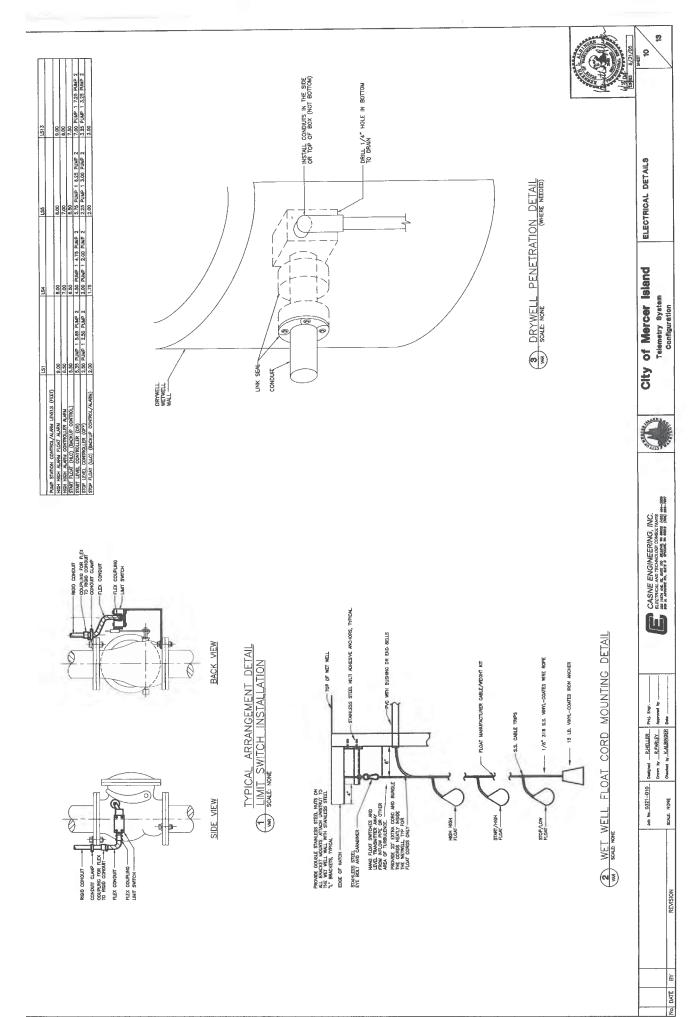
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Telemetry System
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City of Mercer Island
Telemetry System
Configuration

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Designed S.HELLER. Proj. Engr.

Orem by R.FARLE. Approved by
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Job No. 0321-010

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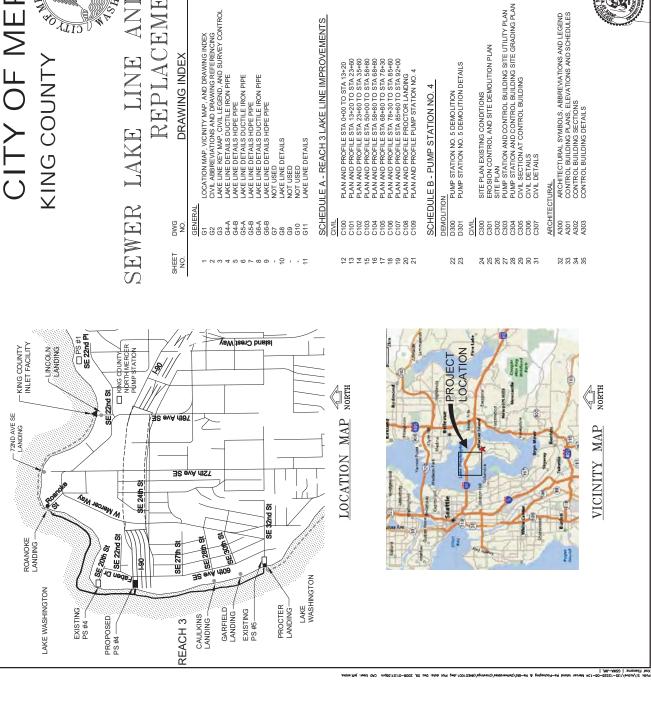
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SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4 REPLACEMENT PROJECT





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G2 SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4
REPLACEMENT PROJECT CIVIL ABBREVIATIONS AND DRAWING REFERENCING DESIGN JWL DATE OCT 2008 APPR. CHECKED DW

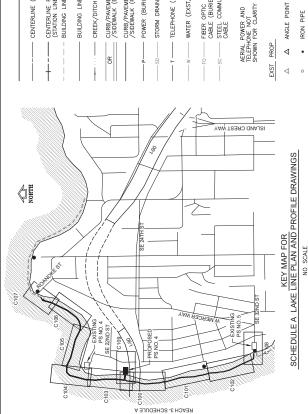
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Proper 2004-400-300 Fax (2008-92-90)



PROPERTY LINE (EXST)	RIGHT-OF-WAY (EXST)	FENCE (EXST)	FENCE (PROP)	- GUARDRAIL (EXST)	RIVERBANK/SHORELINE	UTILITY SERVICE LINE (EXST)	WATER	SVO	250	 – OVERHEAD ELECTRICAL 	OHLE ORDINARY HIGH LAKE ELEVATION	OLLE ORDINARY LOW LAKE ELEVATION	PROPOSED LITILITIES
				9	İ		W		,	- 30	0	10 D	P. P.
CENTERLINE (EXST)	CENTERLINE RIGHT-OF-WAY	BUILDING LINE (EXST)	BUILDING LINE (PROP)	CREEK/DITCH € (EXST)	OR CURB/PAVEMENT /SIDEWALK (EXST)	CURB/PAVEMENT /SIDEWALK (PROP)		SD STORM DRAINAGE (EXST)	T TELEPHONE (BURIED)			Sc STEEL COMMUNICATIONS CABLE	AFRIAI DOWER AND

PROPOSED UTILITIES	MAIN LINE (PIPE TYPE AND SIZE LISTED)	SERVICE LINE (PIPE TYPE AND SIZE LISTED)	FORCE MAIN (PIPE TYPE AND SIZE LISTED)
--------------------	---------------------------------------	--	---

AND SIZE LISTED)
AND SIZE LISTED)

AND SIZE LISTÈD) FORCE MAIN (PIPE TYPE	AND SIZE LISTED)		SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT	
A I	A. A.	EXST PROP	• 0	

SPOT ELEVATION CB PROTECTION WATER METER

WATER VALVE

SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT	SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE	STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN	STORM DRAIN CULVERT
•	•		
0	0		I

PAD MOUNTED TRANSFORMER	UTILITY POLE	UTILITY POLE ANCHO	TELEPHONE RISER
•			
◁	¢	\downarrow	

BUILDING OUTLINE

DECIDIOOUS TREE

GAS VALVE

¥ ⊙ ∑5 □ ⊞ ∑≨

VAULT

CONIFER TREE

CONTOUR

433-

BLOW-OFF VALVE

FIRE HYDRANT

GAS METER

ANCHOR

TELEPHONE	SURVEY CC	SOIL BORIN
	◁	•

NTROL POINT

SOIL BORING LOCATION	VIBRACORE LOCATION	SPRINKLER HEAD
•	\$ -S	0-

TELEPHONE VAULT

SIGN

POWER VAULT

BOTTOM OF BRIDGE ELEVATION

CIVIL LEGEND

BASIS OF BEARING
MASHINGTON CORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH ZONE, NAD 1983/91.
DETENMINE DEY STATE GAS COBSERVATIONS FROM WISDOT CONTROL
STATION GRYD90-230 AND OITY OF MERCER SLAMD 4011.

VERTICAL DATUM

NAVD 1988, DETERMINED BY STATIC GPS OBSERVATIONS FROM WSDOT ONVINCO, STATIONS GP/TOSO-230 AND GRYPOSO-71. HIS CONTROL HAS ALSO BEEN TIED TO MACANDREWS INC PHOTO CONTROL HOS GREEN ISLAND AND DAVID EVANS AND ASSOCIATES SURVEY CONTROL HE CITY'S G.I.S. PROGRAM.

CONTROL DESCRIPTION

MERCER ISLAND GIS POINT NO. 4011

12-1263-0551 FT. EIEVS. 44.36 FT. FOUND MON. IN CASE (1-4)4" RION PIPE W/PLUG IN TACK), APPROX. 4.6" SOUTH OF INTERSECTION OF SE. 22ND STREET AND 60TH AVENUE SE.

LOCAL PROJECT CONTROL WSI-4311

"..." 7-7-1. 1517,466.91 FT., E=1,290,331.36 FT., ELEV. 25.37 FT. SET PK NALI IN ASPHALT AT SOUTHWEST CORNER OF PARKING LOT AT PROCTOR LANDING.

NG-4308 N-215.8408 FT, E=1,290,455.29 FT, ELEY-44.98 FT N-215.840 IN ASPHALT, SOUTHEASTERY 5.4 OF SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE AT PROCIOR LANDING, ESTABLISHED BY STATIC GPS AS AN AZIMUTH MARK TO MIM-4011. CONTROL DESCRIPTION

WOLAL PROJECT CONTROL WOLADS 5 TT. E=1,290,116.20 FT. ELEY. 49,72 FT. WOLAL IN ASPHAT NEAR CENTERINE OF 60°TH ANENIE SE NEAR THE NORTHEAST CRRIER OF THE NEW PUMP STATION NO. 4 PROJECT SITE.

WSI-4307 128,449,43 FT, E=1,289,889,89 FT, ELEV. 29,96 FT, SET 5/8" REBAR AND CAP INSIDE THE ASPHALT ROAD LOOP NEAR THE WEST SIDE OF THE NEW PUMP STATION NO. 4 PROJECT SITE.

REV
80/01/01

•							
						SCALE:	0
						NONE	SEW
						DESIGN JWL	
1						DATE OCT 2008	
10/10/08	REV	DATE	ВУ	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	APPR. CHECKED DW	

G3 DRAWING NO. CITY OF MERCER ISLAND WERE LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4
WER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4
REPLACEMENT PROJECT LAKE LINE KEY MAP, CIVIL LEGEND AND SURVEY CONTROL

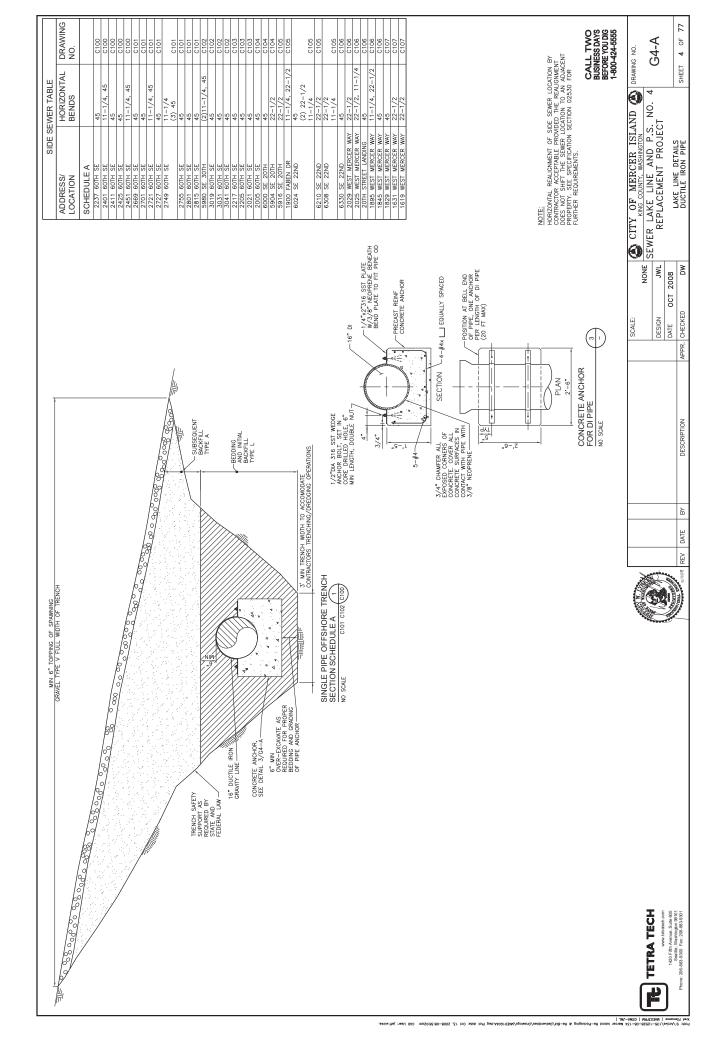
3 OF 77

CALL TWO BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG 1-800-424-5555

SHEET

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SIDE SEWER TABLE	ABLE	
ADDRESS/ LOCATION	HORIZONTAL BENDS	DRAWING NO.
SCHEDULE A		
2237 60TH SE	45	C100
60TH	11-1/4, 45	C100
60TH	45	C100
60TH	45	C100
2451 60TH SE	11-1/4, 45	C100
60TH	45	C101
60TH		C101
60TH	11-1/4, 45	C101
60TH	45	C101
2749 60TH SE	11-1/4 (3) 45	C101
2755 60TH SE	45	C101
60TH	45	C101
2815 60TH SE	45	C101
5980 SE 30TH	(2)11-1/4, 45	C102
3019 60TH SE	45	C102
3031 60TH SE	45	C102
60TH	45	C102
60TH	45	C103
60TH	45	C103
	45	C103
60T	45	C104
SE	45	C104
SE	22-1/2	C104
5916 SE 20TH	22-1/2	C105
FAB	11-1/4, 22-1/2	C105
6024 SE 22ND		
	(2) 22=1/2 11=1/4	C105
		C105
SE	22-1/2	
	11-1/4	C105
6330 SE 22ND	45	C106
2029 WEST MERCER WAY	22-1/2	C106
WEST MERCER	22-1/2, 11-1/4	C106
STREET LANDIN	45	C106
1895 WEST MERCER WAY	11-1/4, 22-1/2	C106
1845 WEST MERCER WAY	45	C106
WEST MERCER		C107
1631 WEST MERCER WAY	22-1/2	C107

-BEDDING AND INITIAL BACKFILL TYPE L

SINGLE PIPE OFFSHORE
TRENCH SECTION
NO SCALE
C101, C102 (C100)

3' MIN TRENCH WIDTH TO ACCOMODATE CONTRACTORS TRENCHING/ DREDGING OPERATIONS

6" MIN OVER-EXCAVATE AS REQUIRED FOR PROPER BEDDING AND GRADING OF PIPE ANCHOR

CONCRETE ANCHOR, SEE DETAIL 6/65-B

HDPE FORCE MAIN OR GRAVITY LINE —

TRENCH SAFETY SUPPORT AS REQUIRED BY STATE AND FEDERAL LAW

- SUBSEQUENT BACKFILL TYPE A

MIN 6" TOPPING OF SPAWNING GRAVEL TYPE V FULL WIDTH OF TRENCH

NOTE:
1. CONTRACTOR MAY BEND PIPE INSTEAD OF INSTALLING
1. 11/4" BEND S. DO NOT EXCEED MANUFACTURERS MIN BEND RADIUS.

2. HORIZONTAL REALIGNMENT OF SIDE SEWER LOCATION BY CONTRACTOR ACCEPTALE REQUISION FOR EXALIGNMENT ODES NOT SHIFT THE SEWER LOCATION TO AN ADJACENT PROPERTY. SEE SPECIFICATION SECTION 02530 FOR FORTHER REQUIREMENTS.

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SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4

REPLACEMENT PROJECT

REPLACEMENT PROJECT LAKE LINE DETAILS HDPE PIPE

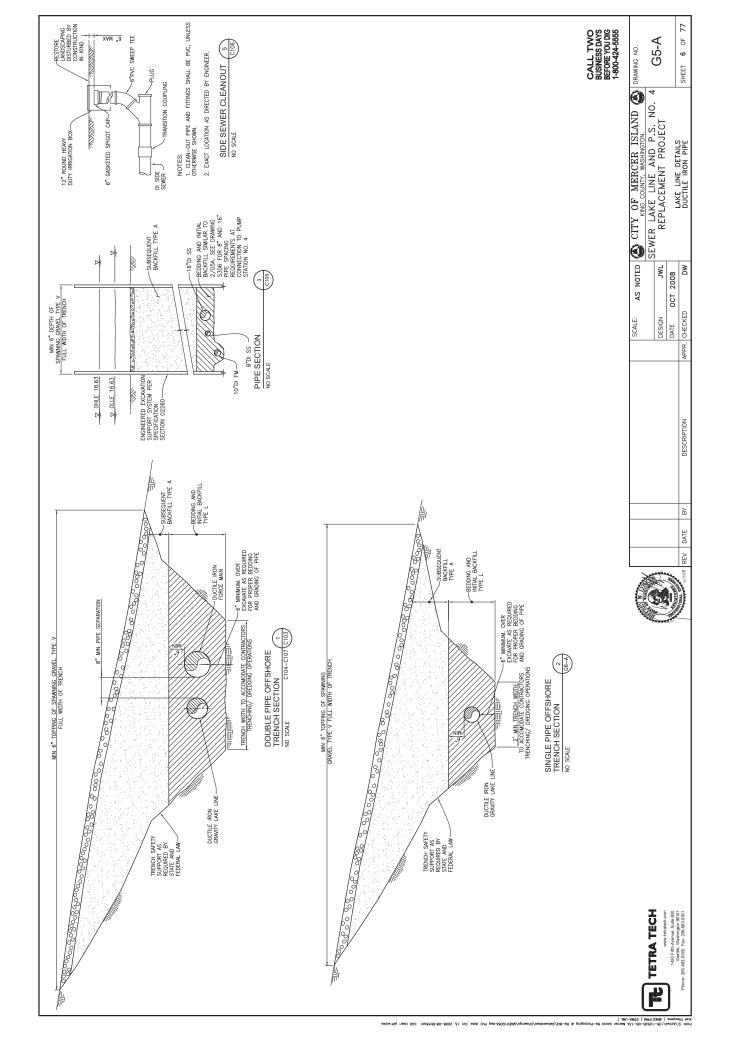
SHEET 5 OF 77

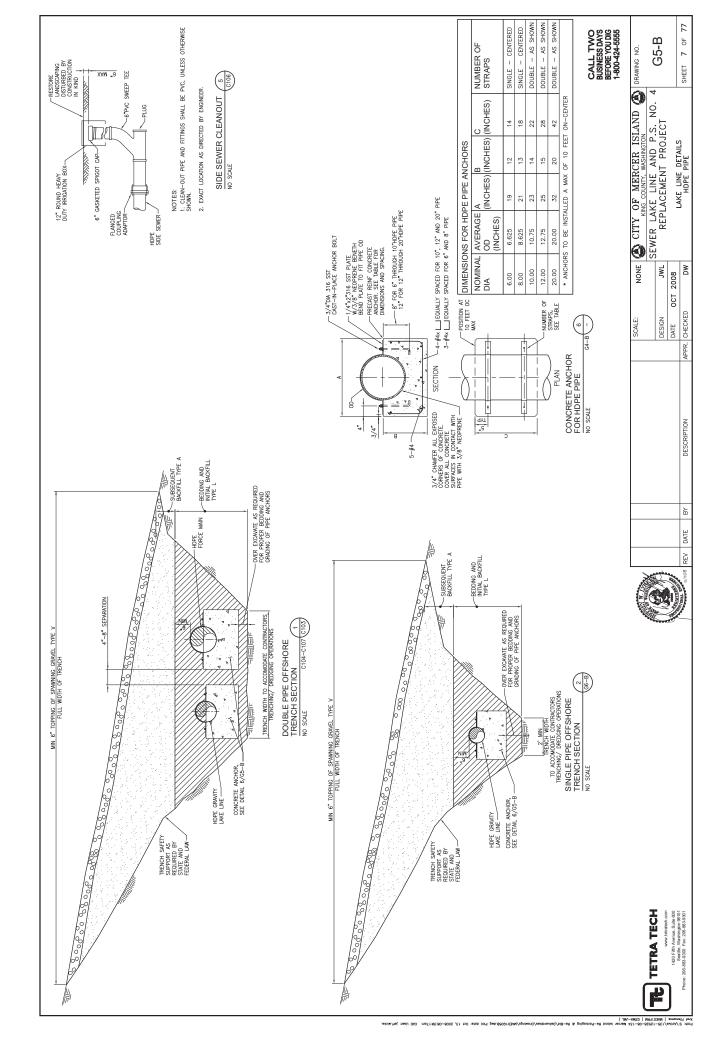
G4-B

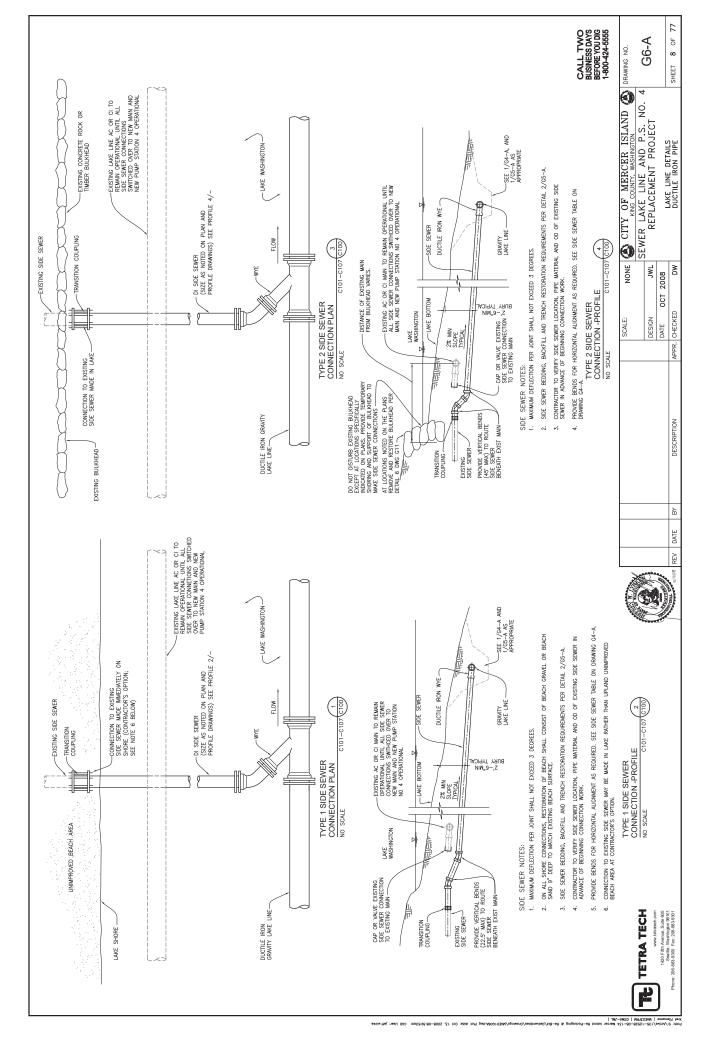
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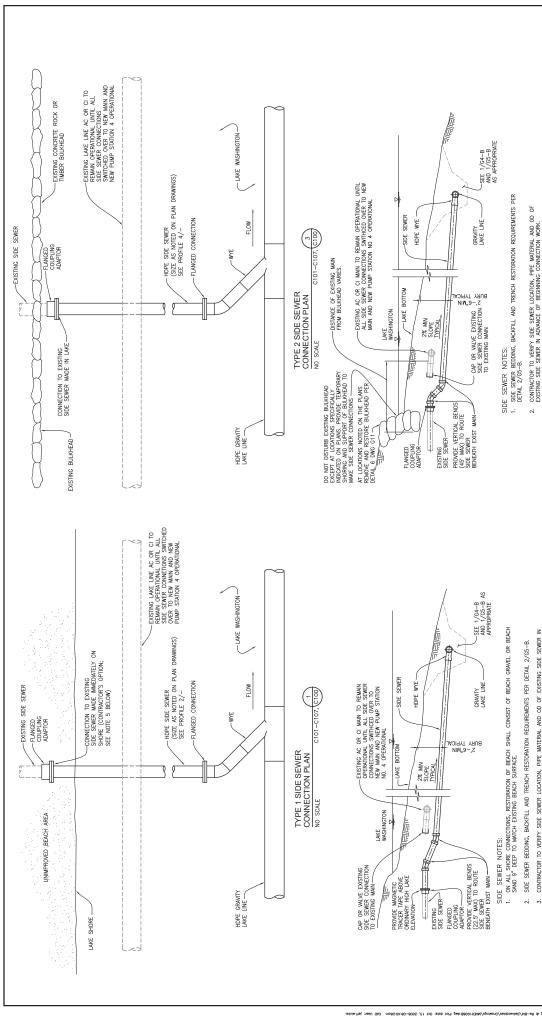
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DATE REV

NONE CITY OF MERCER ISLAND CHING COUNTY, WASHINGTON -E C101-C107, C100 TYPE 2 SIDE SEWER
CONNECTION -PROFILE
NO SCALE SCALE:

PROVIDE BENDS FOR HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT AS REQUIRED. SEE SIDE SEWER TABLE ON DRAWING G4-B.

SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. REPLACEMENT PROJECT JWL DATE 0CT 2008 DESIGN

SHEET 9 OF 77

G6-B DRAWING NO.

CALL TWO BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG 1-800-424-5555

LAKE LINE DETAILS HDPE PIPE Μ CHECKED APPR. DESCRIPTION ሕ

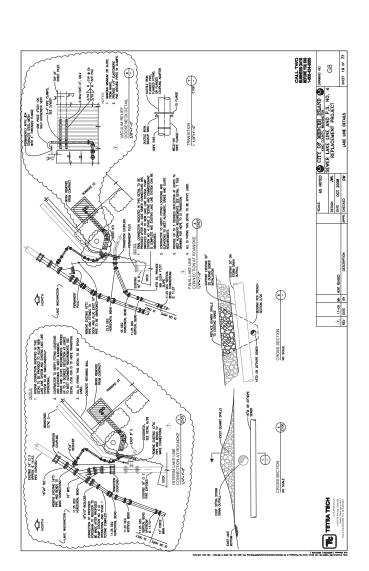
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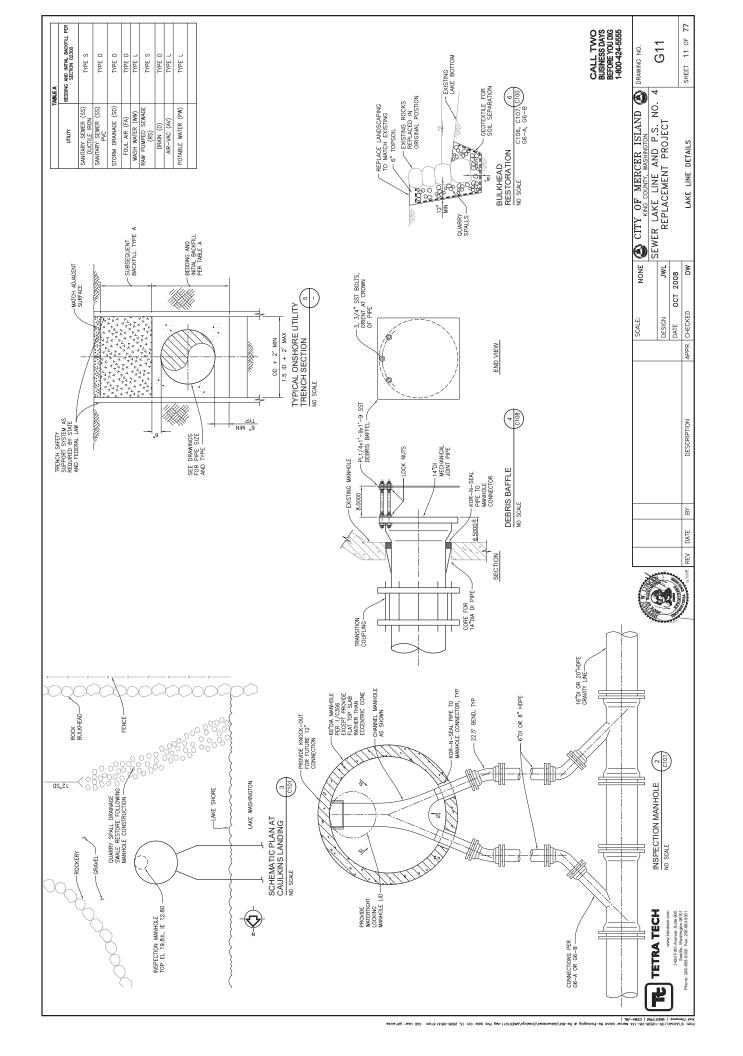
CONNECTION TO EXISTING SIDE SEWER MAY BE MADE IN LAKE RATHER THAN UPLAND UNIMPROVED BEACH AREA AT CONTRACTOR'S OPTION. 4. PROVIDE BENDS FOR HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT AS REQUIRED. SEE SIDE SEWER TABLE ON DRAWING G4-B.

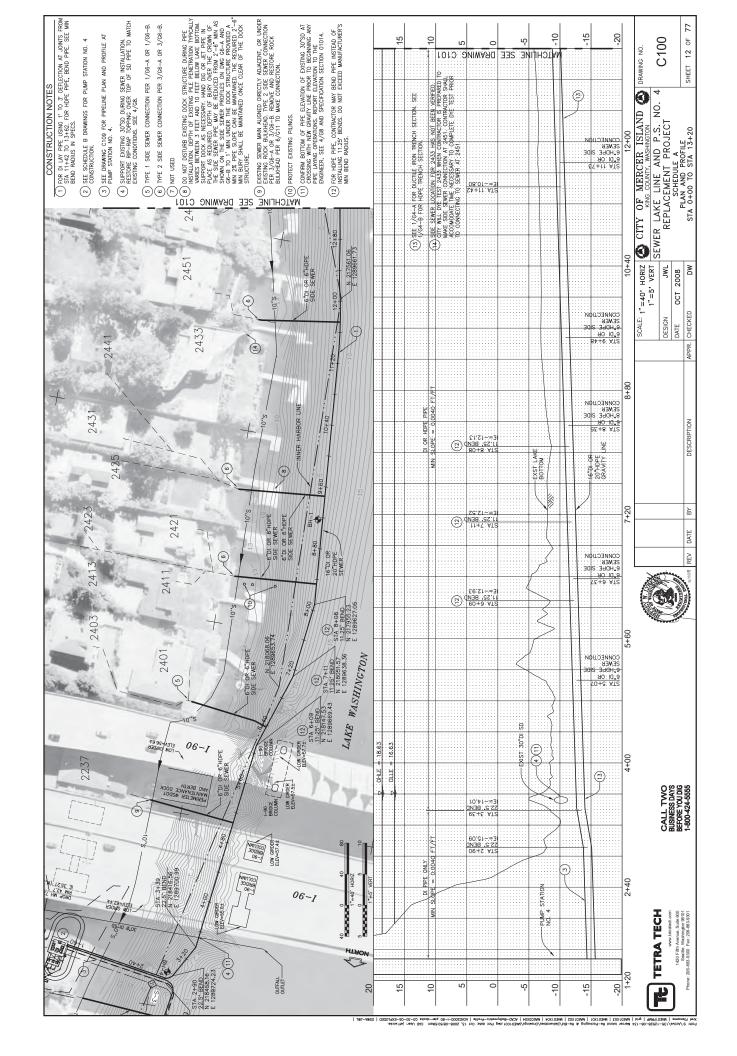
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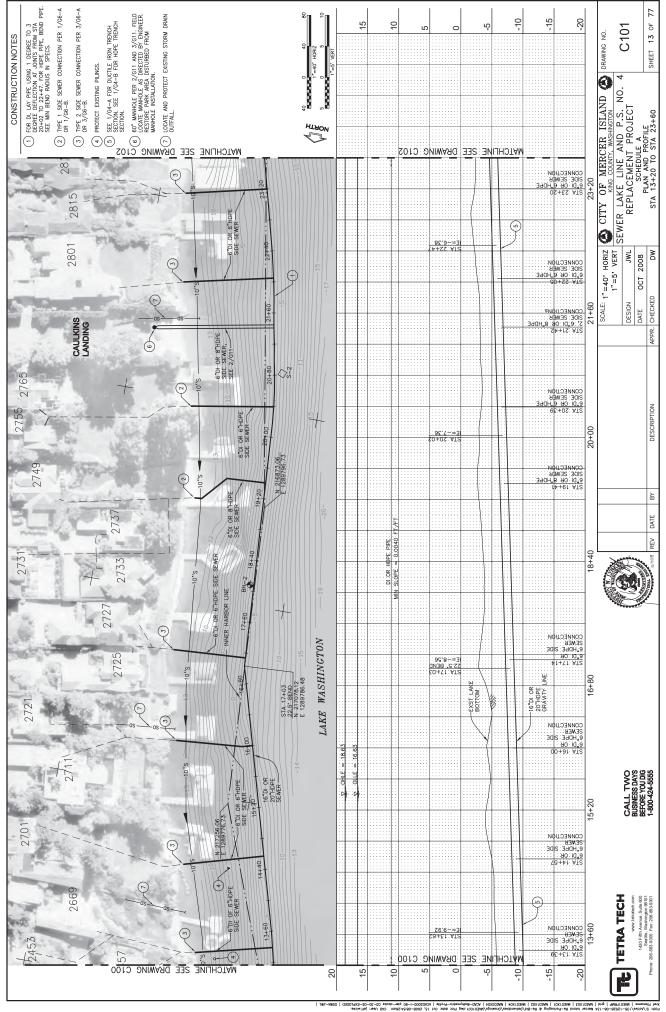
TYPE 1 SIDE SEWER
CONNECTION -PROFILE
NO SCALE C10

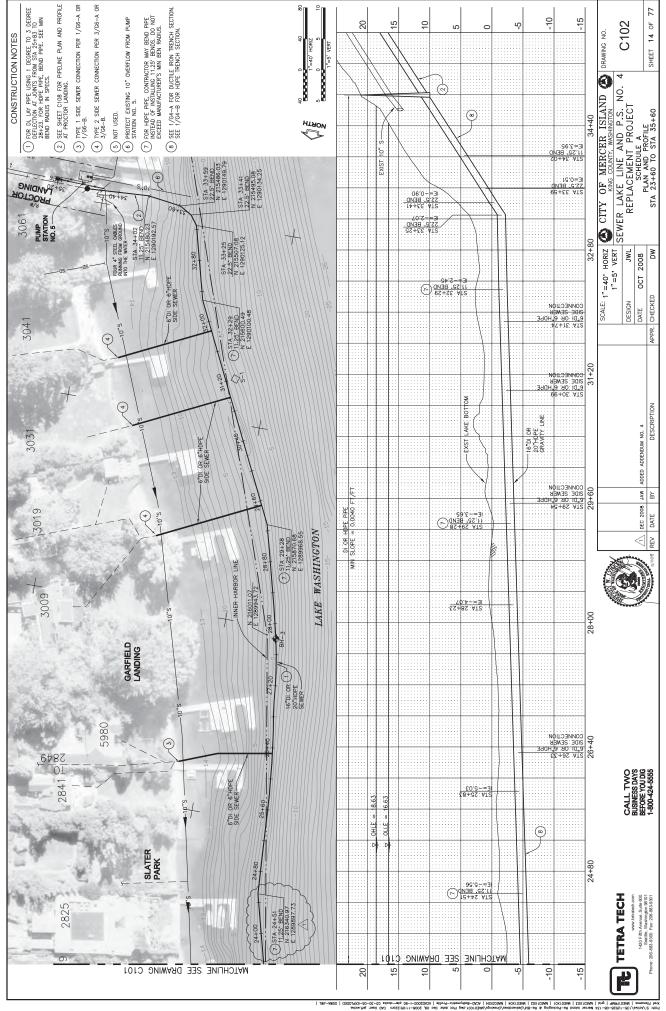
CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY SIDE SEWER LOCATION, PIPE MATERIAL AND OD OF EXISTING SIDE SEWER IN ADVANCE OF BEGINNING CONNECTION WORK PER SPECIFICATIONS.

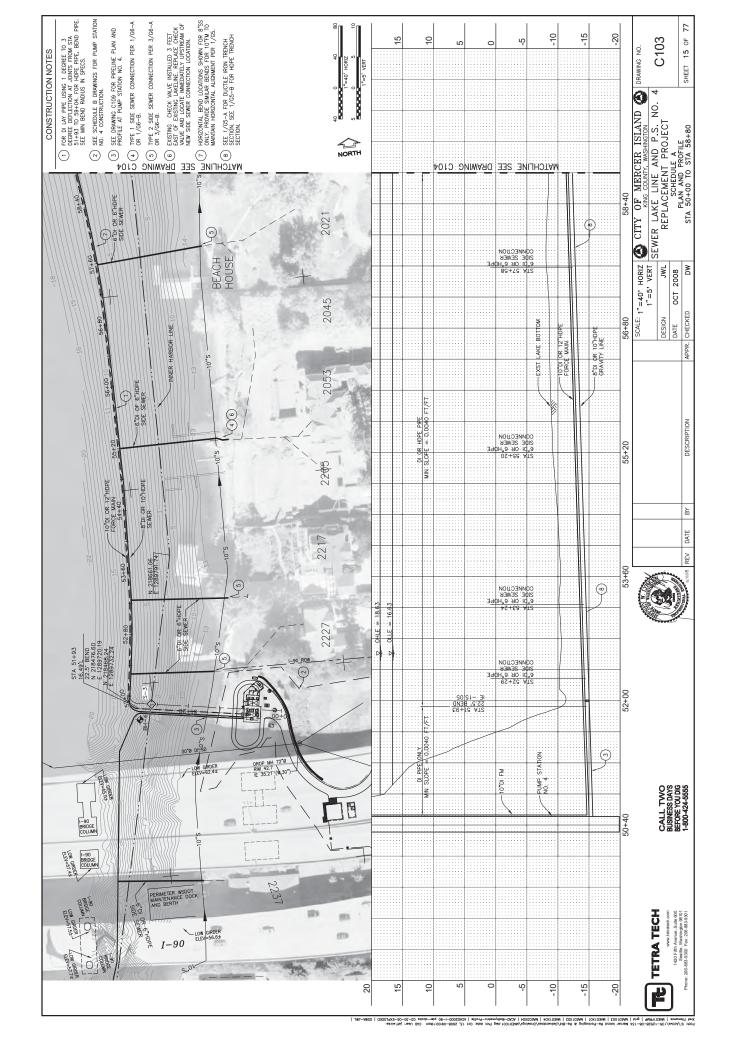


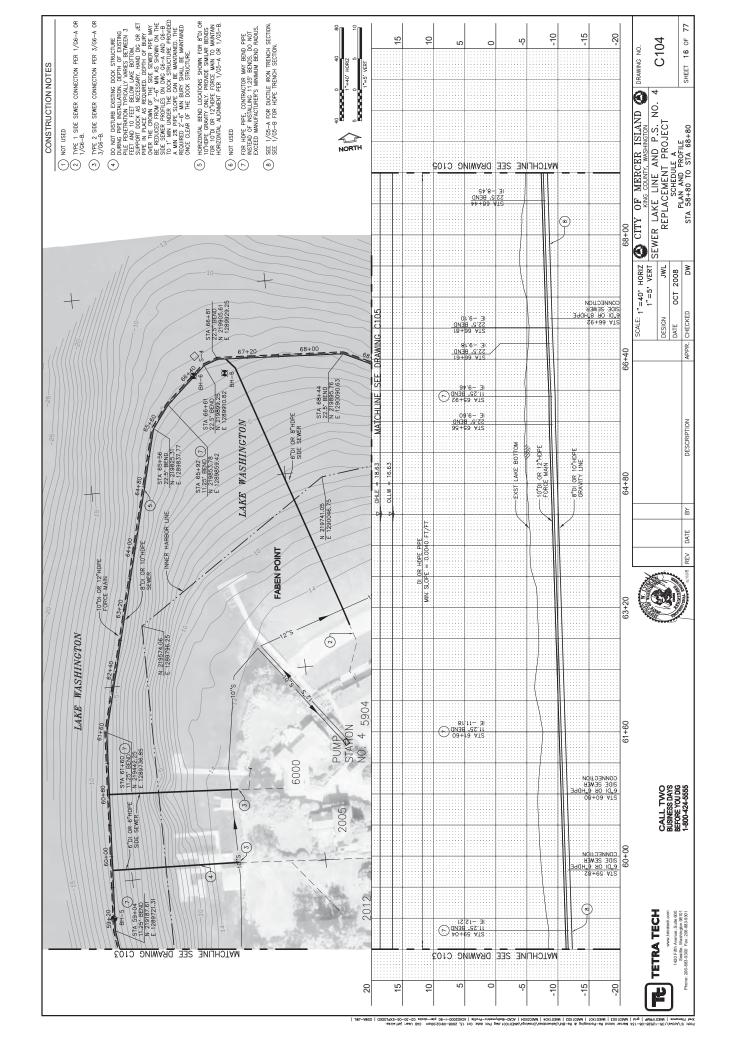


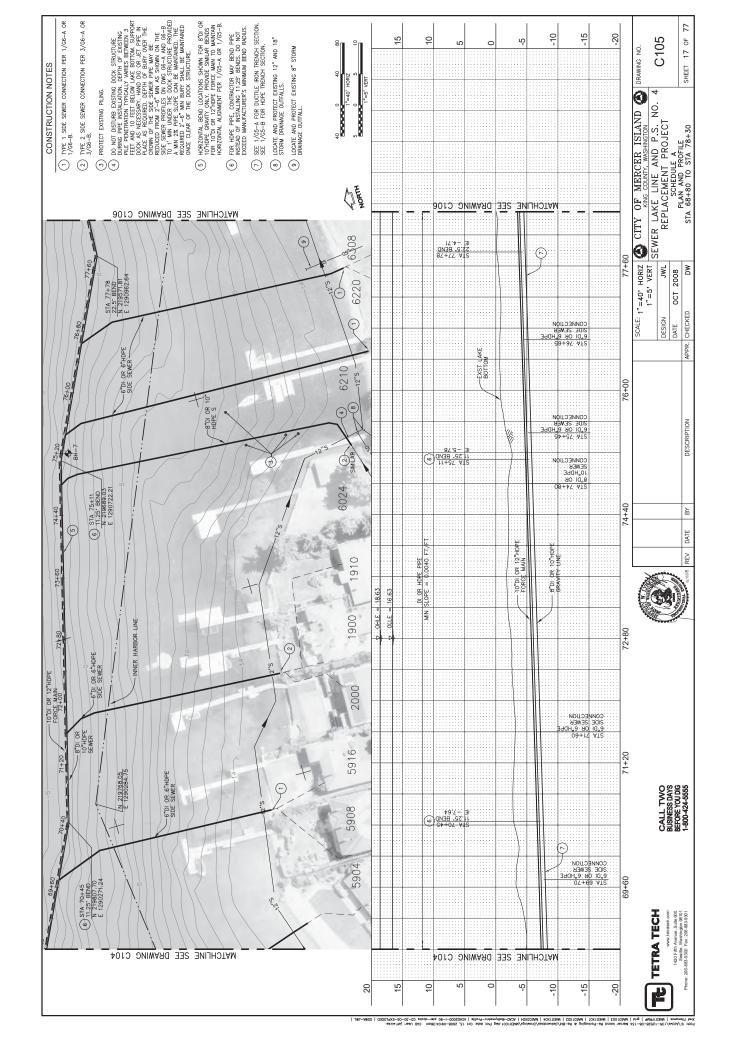


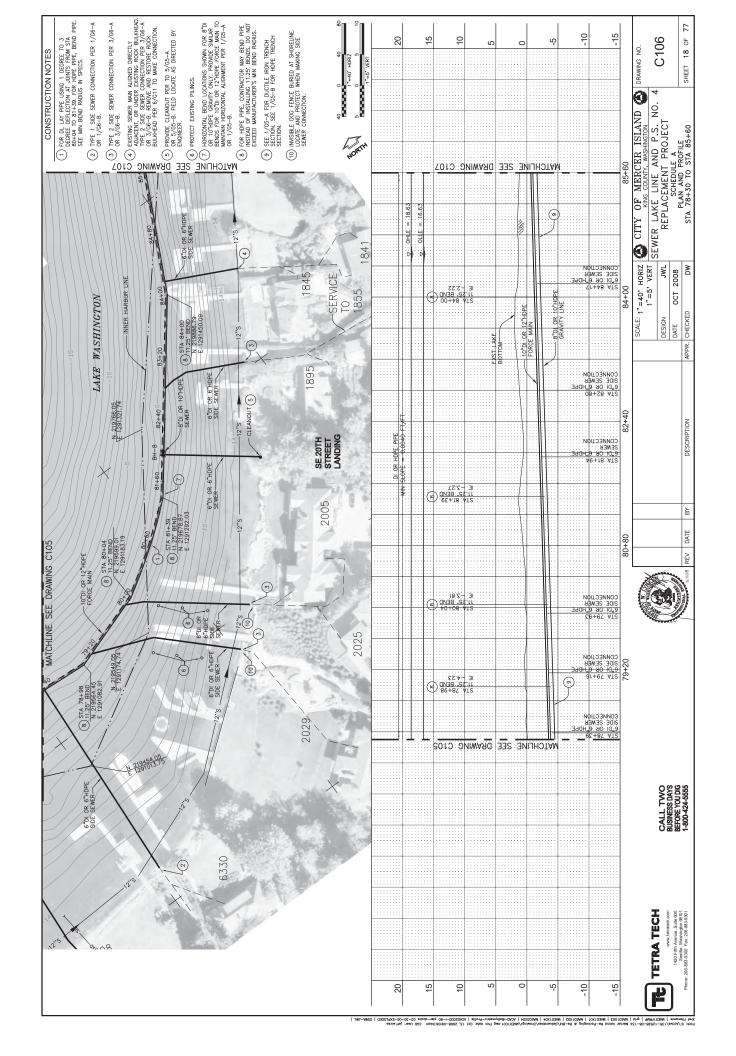


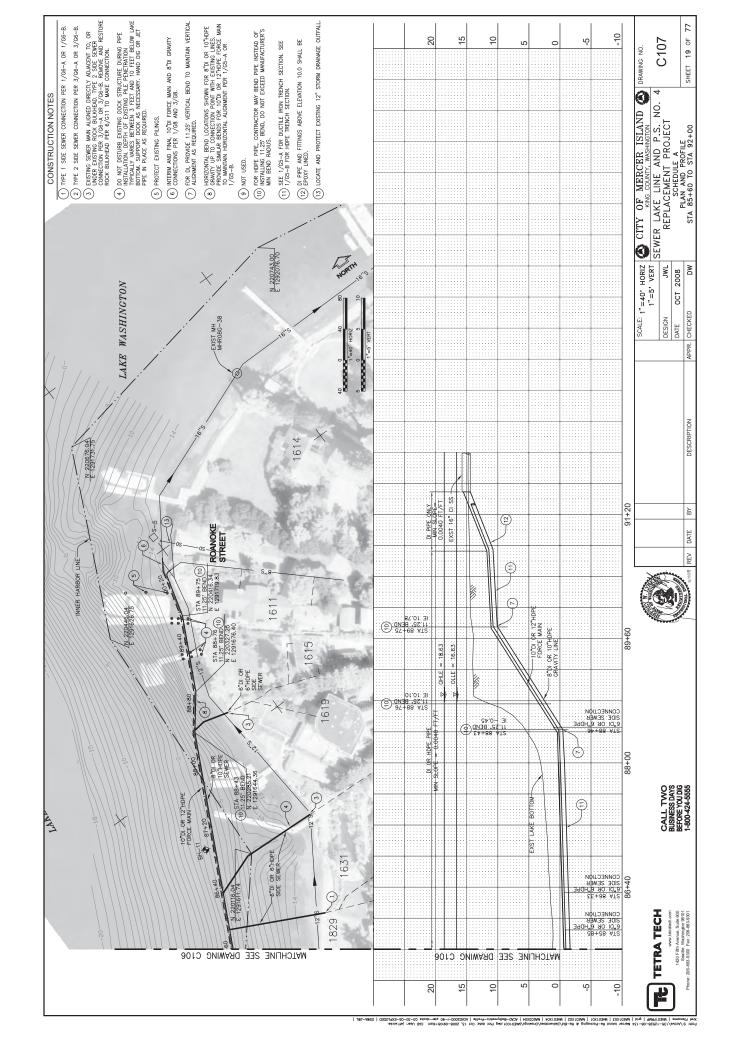


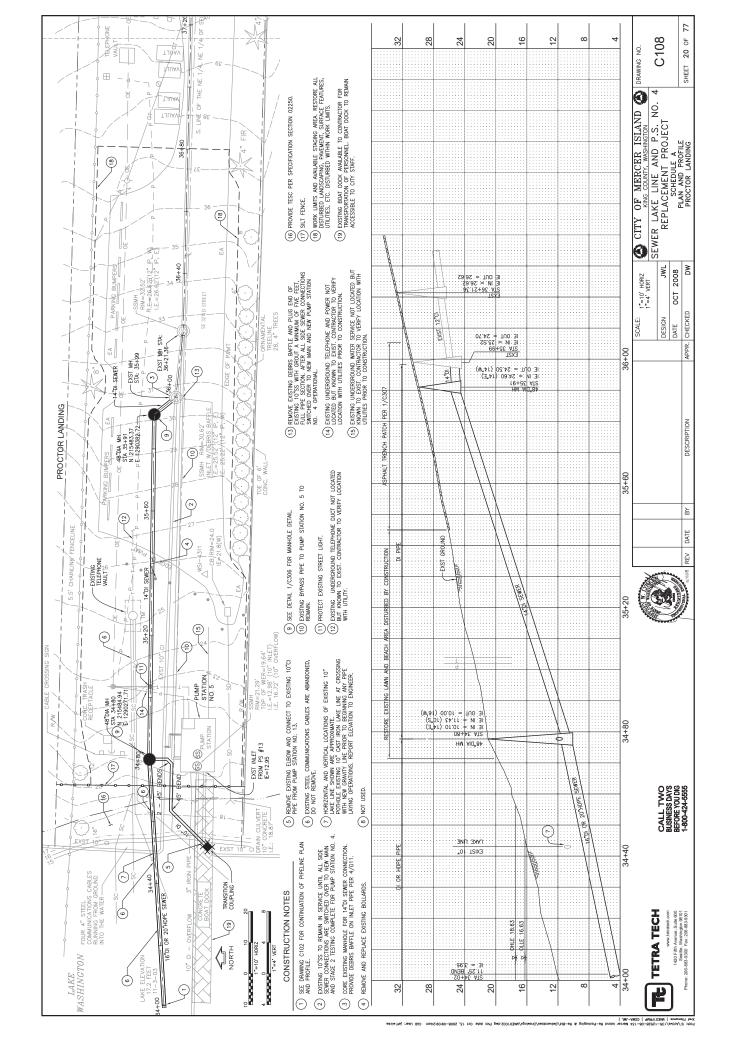


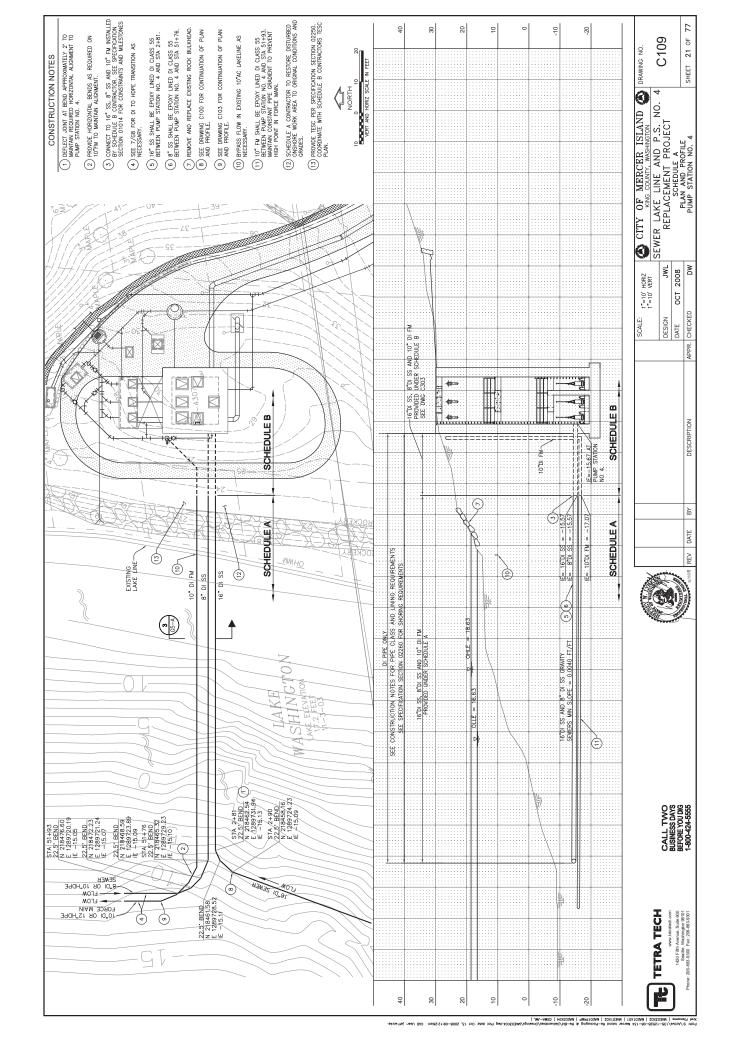


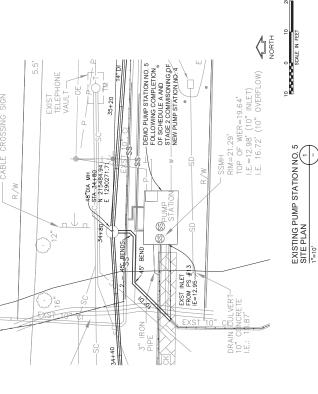


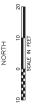












EXISTING PUMP STATION NO. 5 DEMOLITION NOTES:

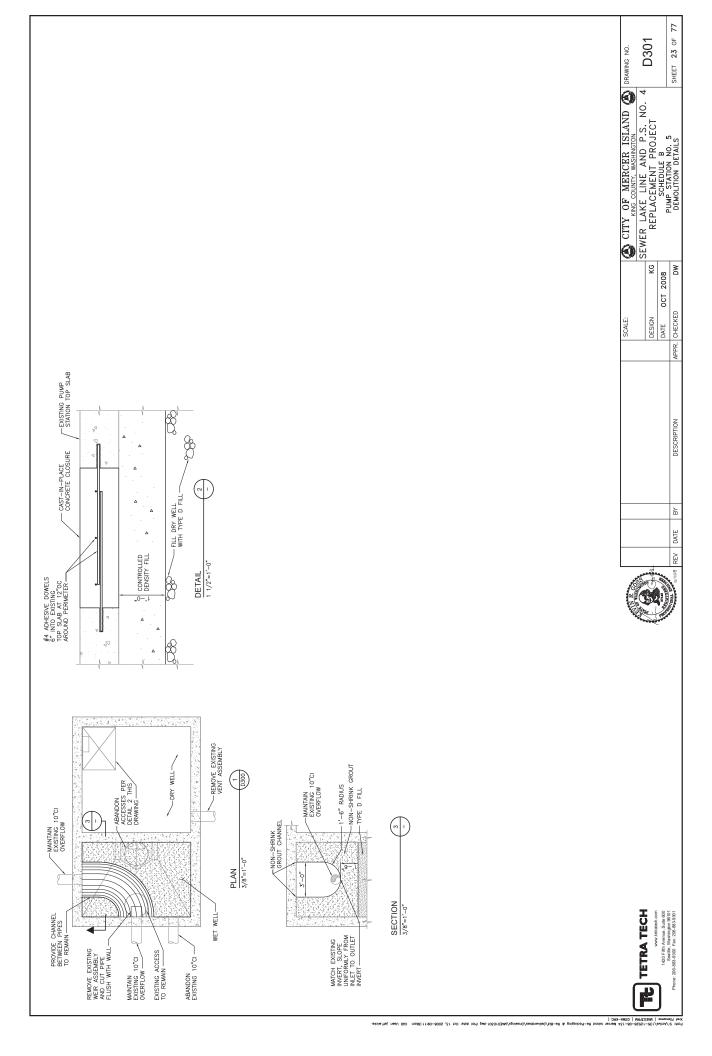
- 1. COORDINATE DEMOLITION SCHEDULE WITH ENGINEER.
- COORDINATE ELECTRICAL SERVICE DISCONNECTION WITH UTILITY AND REMOVE ALL SERVICE EQUIPMENT NOT REMOVED BY UTILITY TO A POINT ONE FOOT BELLOW GRADE. RESTORE DISTURBED SURFACES TO MATCH ADJACENT. 5
- 3. SALVAGE EQUIPMENT PER SPEC SECTION 02110.
- PRESSURE WASH AND DEGREASE TOP 6 FEET OF WET WELL AND PUMP WET WELL COMPLETELY DRY.
- REMOVE FRAMES AND HATCHES AND PROVIDE CHANNELING IN WET WELL PER DETAIL 1, DRAWING D301. ci.
- EXCEPT FOR THOSE PIPES IDENTIFIED TO REMAIN ON D301, WITHOUT ALL PIPE, DOICT, AND ONDOUT CONNECTIONS TO BOTH WELL AND DRY WELL WITH GROOT A MINIMUM OF FOUR EB BENONG STRECTUPE WITH, PLUL PIPE SECTION. REMOVE, VIRT PIPE TO 1 FT BELOW GROOTE.
- BACKFILL DRY WELL STRUCTURE AS SHOWN IN DETAIL 2 DRAWING D301.
- PROVIDE SECURITY FENCE. PROVIDE SHEETING FOR ALL EXCAVATIONS OPEN OVERNIGHT. œί
- EXISTING UNDERGROUND POWER, TELEPHONE AND WATER SERVICES NOT LOCATED BUT KNOWN TO EXIST. CONTRACTOR TO VERIEY LOCATION WITH CITY/UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. 6

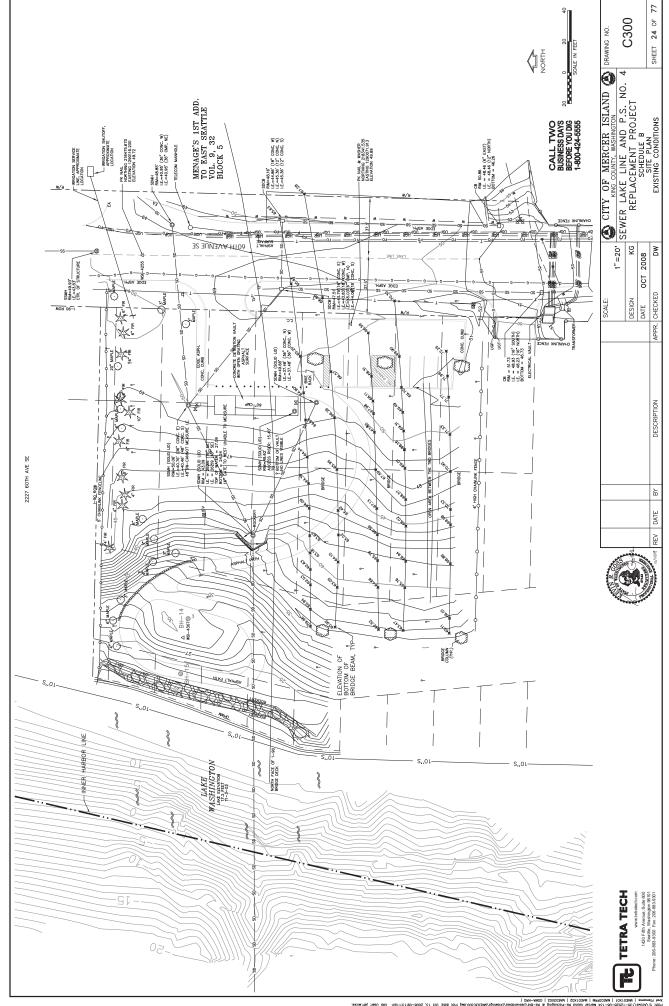


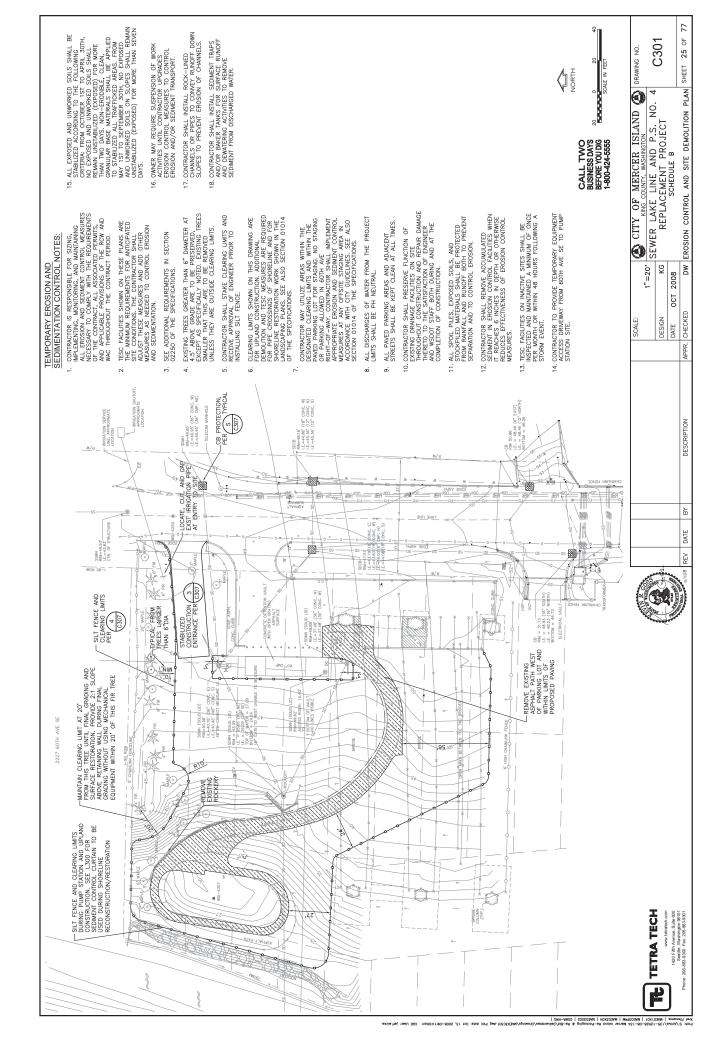
DRAWING NO.		D300		SHEET 22 OF 7
CITY OF MERCER ISLAND B DRAWING NO. KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON	SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4	REPLACEMENT PROJECT	SCHEDULE B	PUMP STATION NO. 5 DEMOLITION
SCALE:		DESIGN KG	DATE OCT 2008	APPR. CHECKED DW
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				DATE
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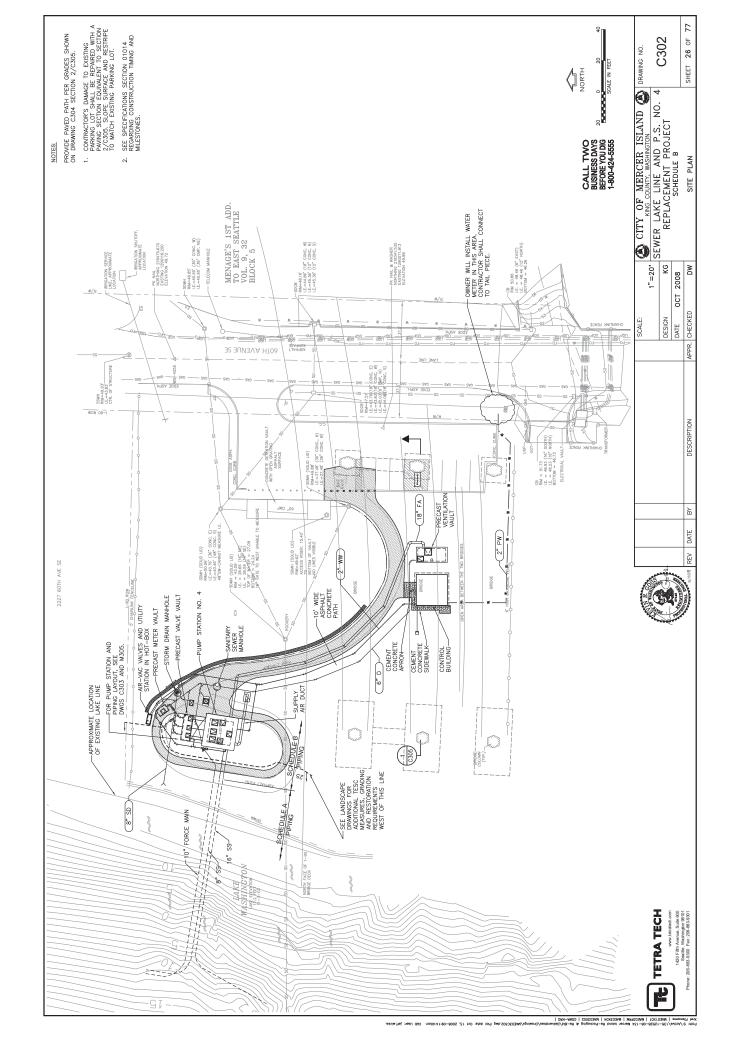
22 OF 77

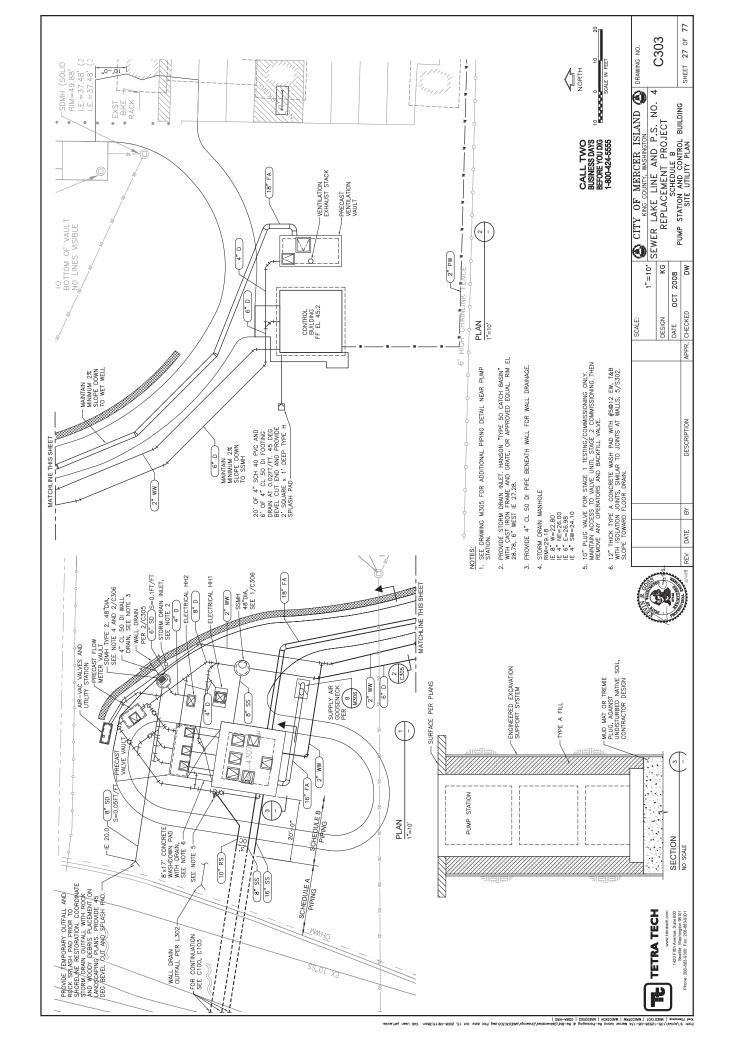
CALL TWO BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG 1-800-424-5555

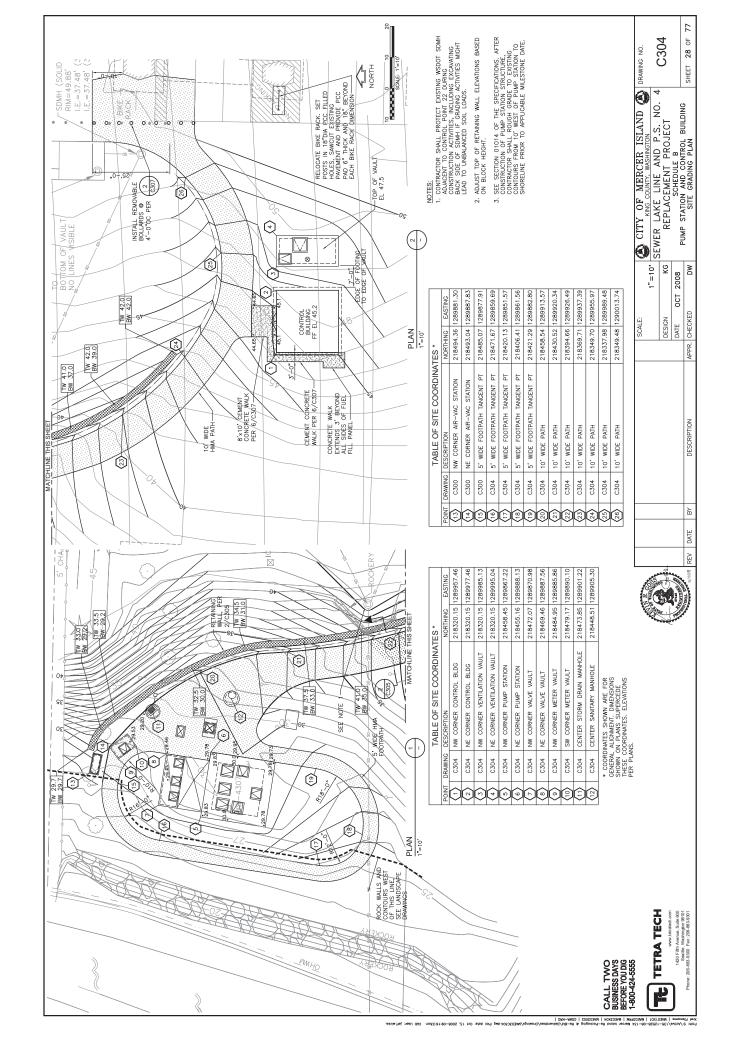


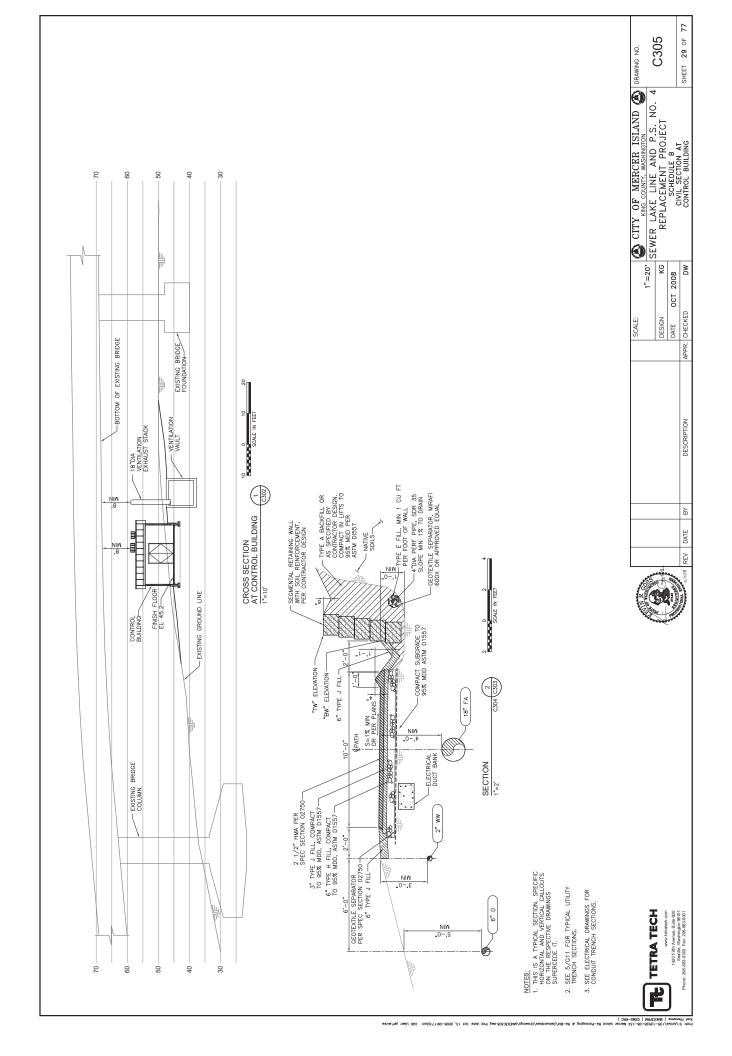


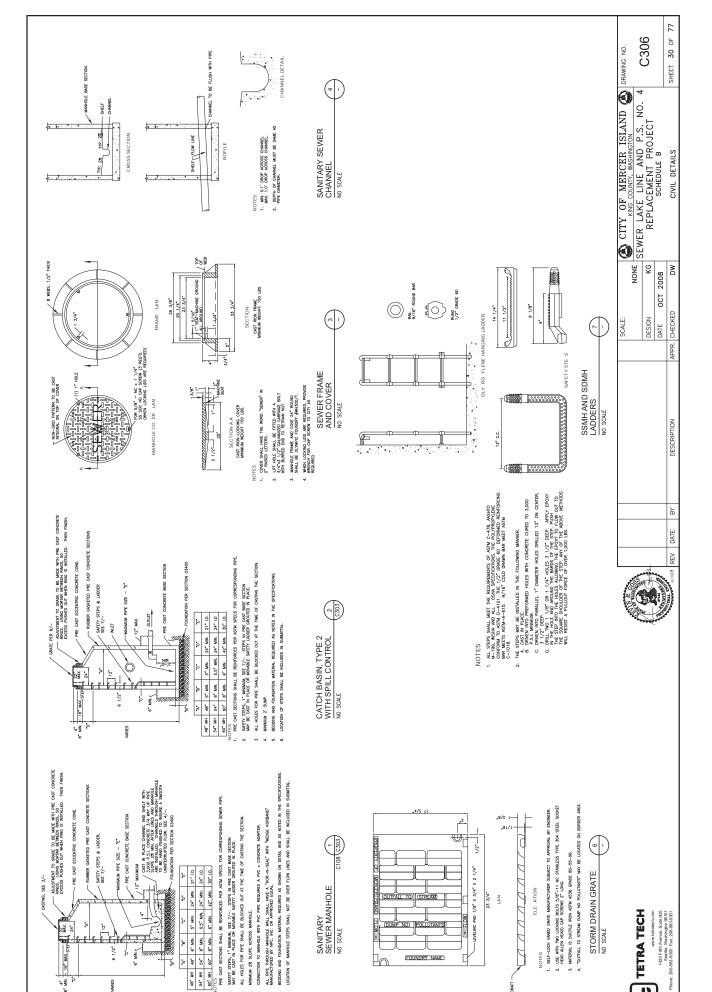






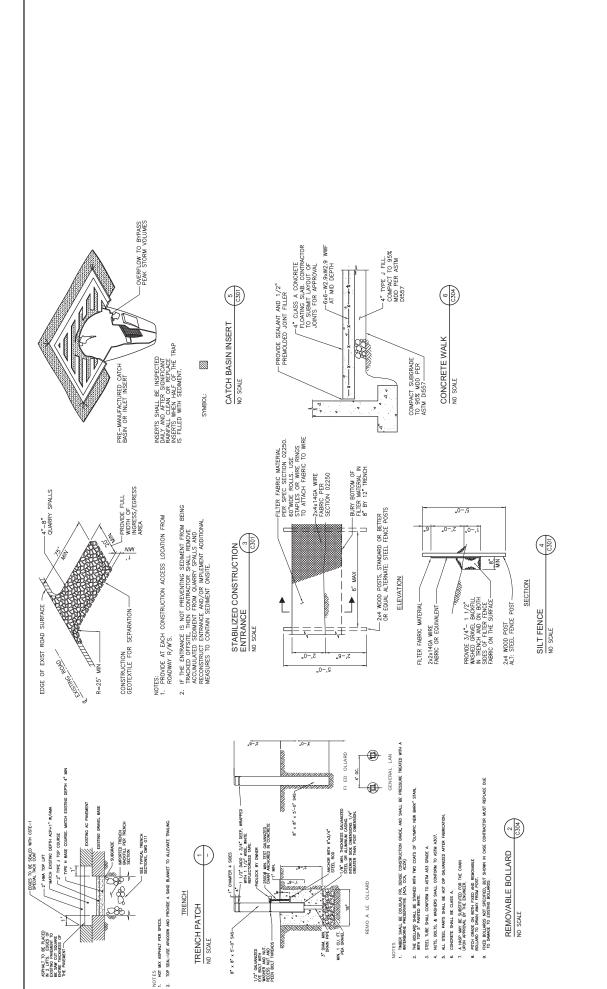






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PRAFT -



1 CHAMFER 4 SIDES

8 x 8 x 5 -0 S4S-NO SCALE

1/2" GALVANIZED EYE BOLT WITH WASHER AND NUT. RECESS NUT AND PEEN BOLT THREADS—

TRENCH

TRENCH PATCH

78/ 28/

ASPHALT TO BE PLACED
IN 2 LIFTS. EDGES OF
EXISTING PAMEMENT TO
BE SAW CUT SQUARE
ENTIRE THICKNESS OF
THE PAVEMENT.



FIXED BOLLARDS NOT SPECIFIED, BUT SHOWN IN CASE TO DAMAGE TO EXISTING BOLLARDS.

A HASP MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE CHAIN UPON APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER. PITCH GRADE ON BOTH FIXED AND REMOVABLE BOLLARD TO DRAIN AWAY FROM POST.

REMO A LE OLLARD

MIN. 1 CU. FT.

REMOVABLE BOLLARD
NO SCALE

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NONE SEWER LAKE LISTAND COUNT. WISHINGTON SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4 KG REPLACEMENT PROJECT SCHEDULE B Μ DATE OCT 2008 CHECKED DESIGN APPR. DESCRIPTION ሕ DATE REV

SHEET 31 OF 77

CIVIL DETAILS

C307 DRAWING NO.

BUILDING CODE DATA BUILDING CODE: 18C 2003	CONSTRUCTION TYPE: II-B PROPOSED AREX. OCCUPANCY: H-3 C(773 GAL DIESEL FUEL TANK FIRE PROTECTION: BUILDING STERM WITH PROTECTION: BUILDING STERMANC CONTROL AOBE FREDUCTION: AOBE REDUCTION: AOBE REDUCTION: AOBE RECONSTRUCT AOBE RECONSTRUCT AOBE STERMANC WILL BE ACCUSTICALLY BAFFLED ACCUSTICALLY BAFFLED ADDITIONAL CREMENTOR WILL BE ACCUSTICALLY BAFFLED ADDITIONAL CREMENTOR ADDITION	
MATERIALS MATERIALS MANISTRIBED	SUB-BASE, GRAVEL CAUGHED ROCK SAND, MORTINR, PLASTER WOOD—FRAMING MEMBER WOOD—FRAMING MEMBER WOOD—FRAMING MEMBER WOOD—FLOCKING PLYMOOD PROMIT WOOD—BLOCKING WOOD—	
ARCHITECTURAL SYMBOLS	OFFICE — ROOM NUMBER WEIAL, WOOD STUD PARTITION 2 -HR WALL SURE HINKED DOOR RUILDING REALWINGS ON BUILDING REALWINGS ON BUILDING DOOR SYMBOL OO SYMBOL	
REFERENCE		WATER GAGE WATER HEATER WATER MAIN
REF	LUMENR FEET INNUCLIAM LOUGHING MARTENA MANITEDAM LOUGHING MARTENA MANITEDAM	RADIUS WG ROUGH OPENING WH
NWOO	DEWANG WASTE & VENT DEPARANGE EACH EACH CONCERNICAL ELEVATON ELECTRICAL ELEVATON ELECTRICAL ELEVATON ELECTRICAL ELEVATON ELECTRICAL ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEVATON ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEVATON ENGINE ELEVATON ELEV	NINCH R INSULATION RO IRON PIPE
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A300 SCALE:

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ARCHITECTURAL SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS,
ARCHITECTURAL ARCHITECTURAL

SHEET 32 OF 77

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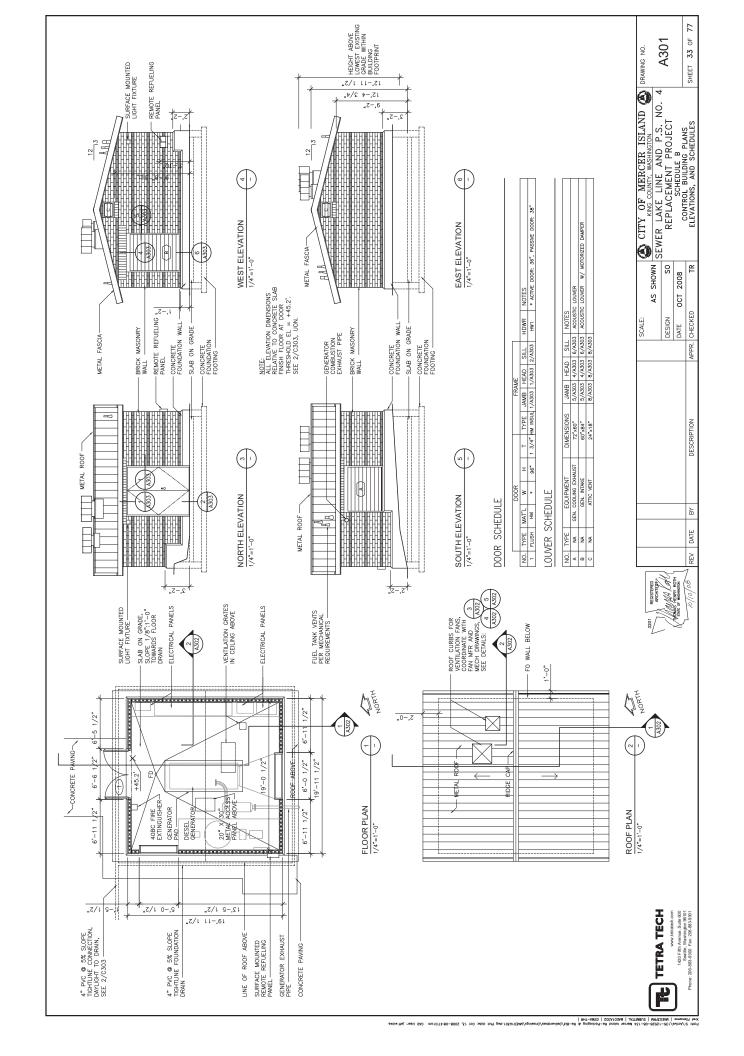
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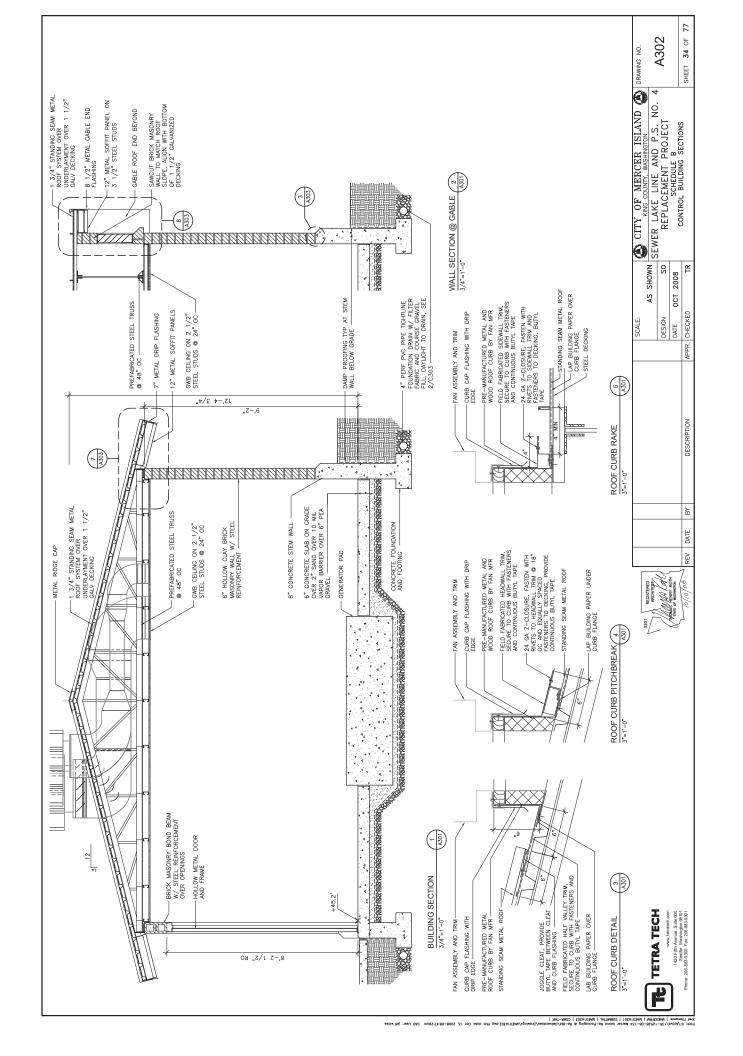
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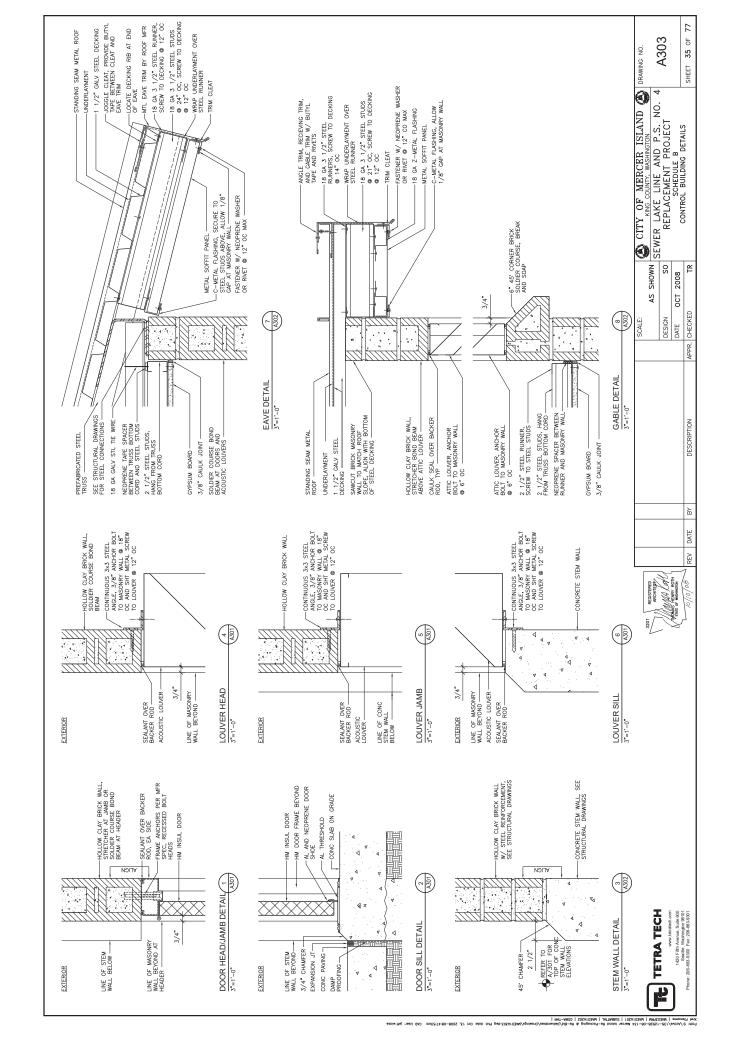
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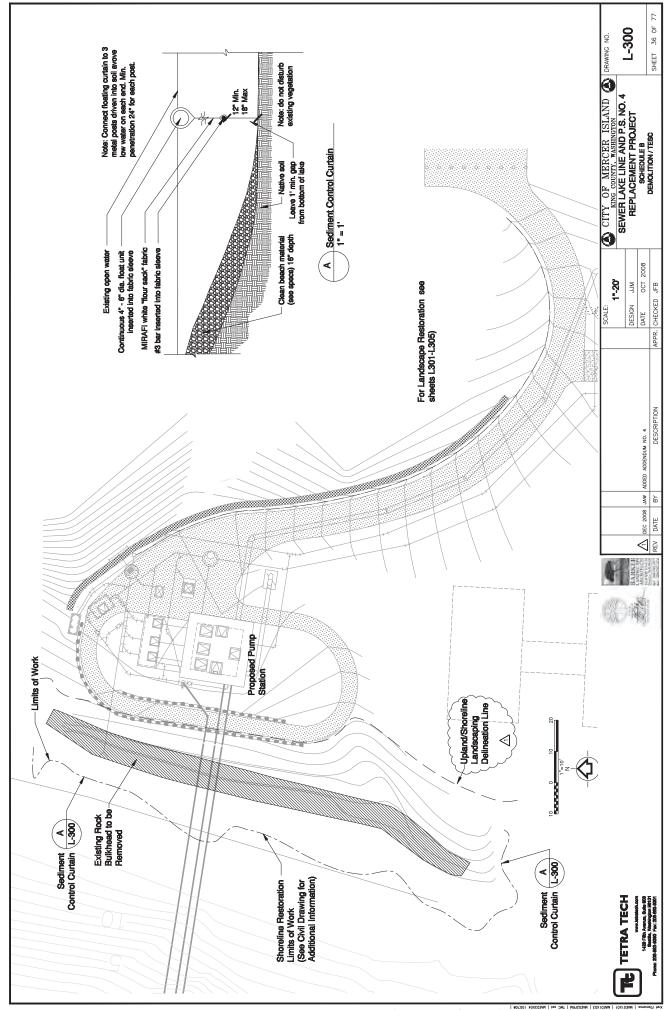
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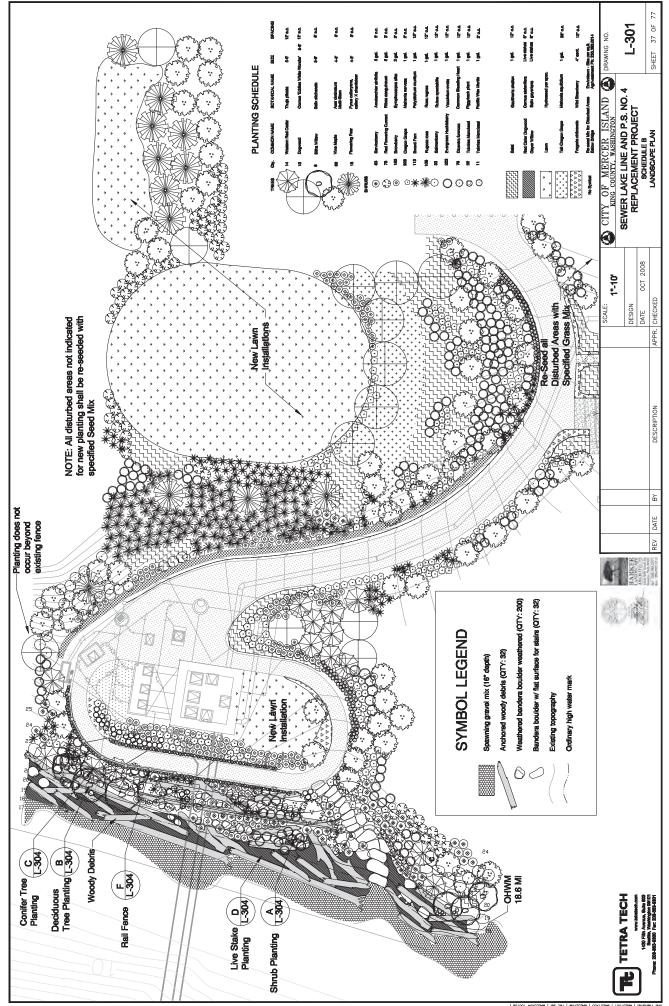
iii.cop.elia.Warding.Sill.g

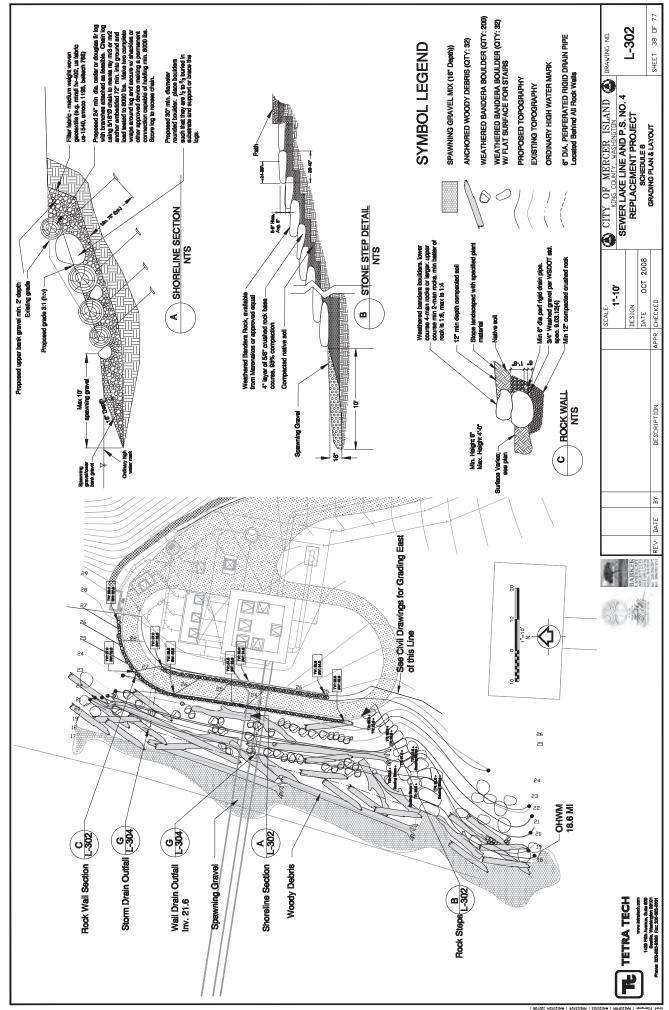


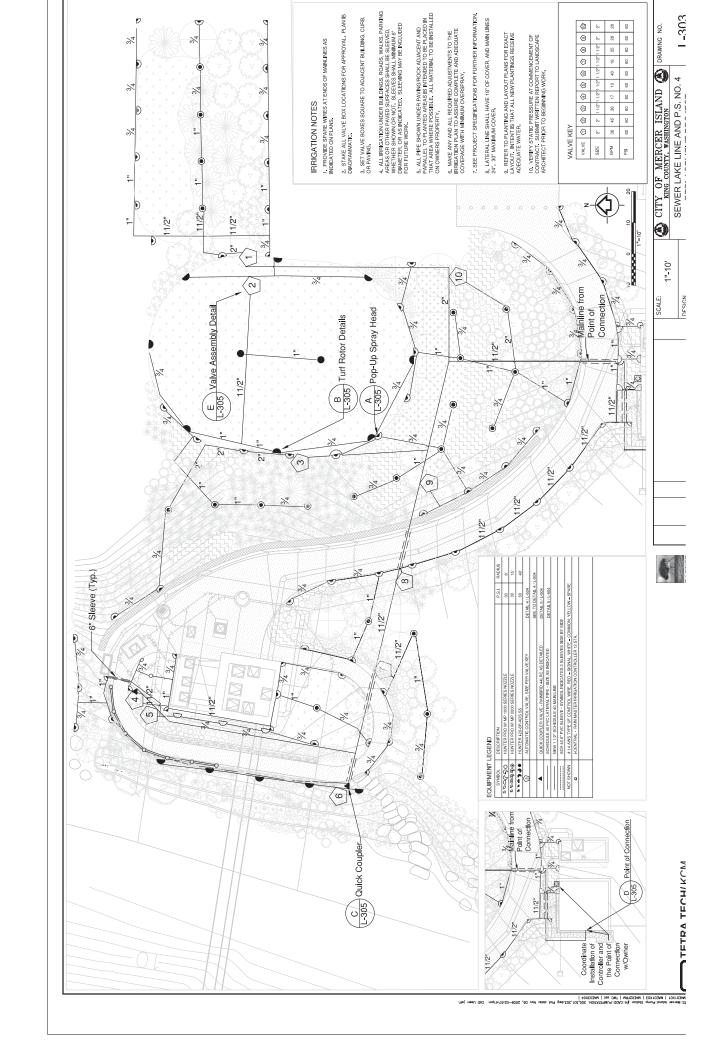


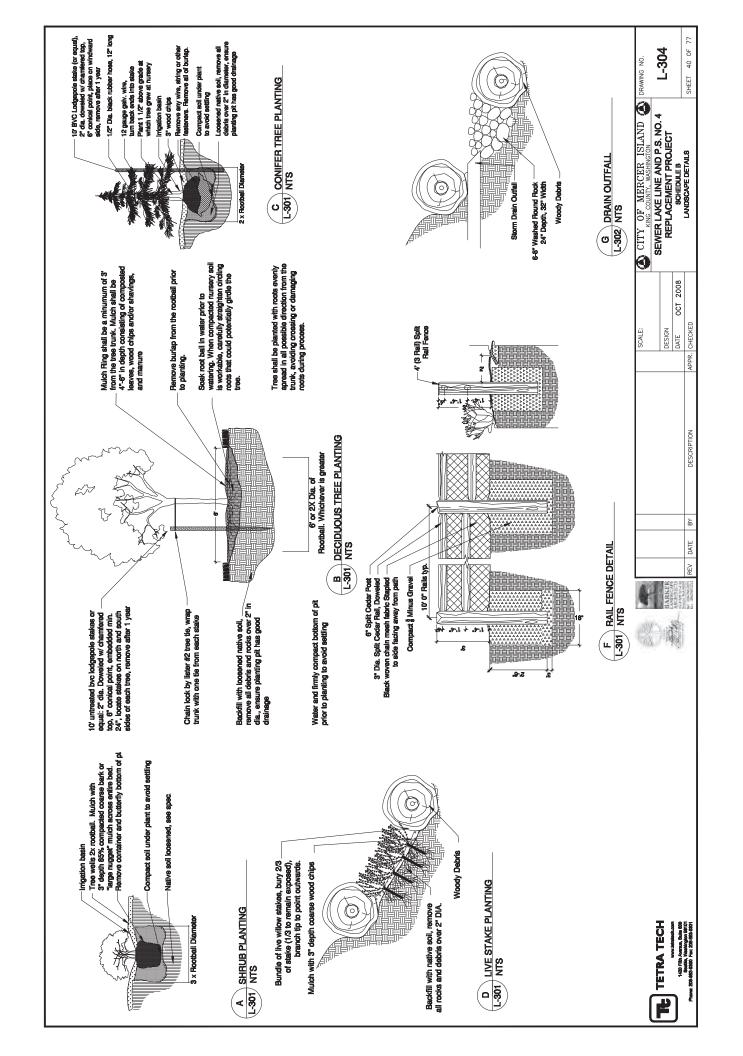


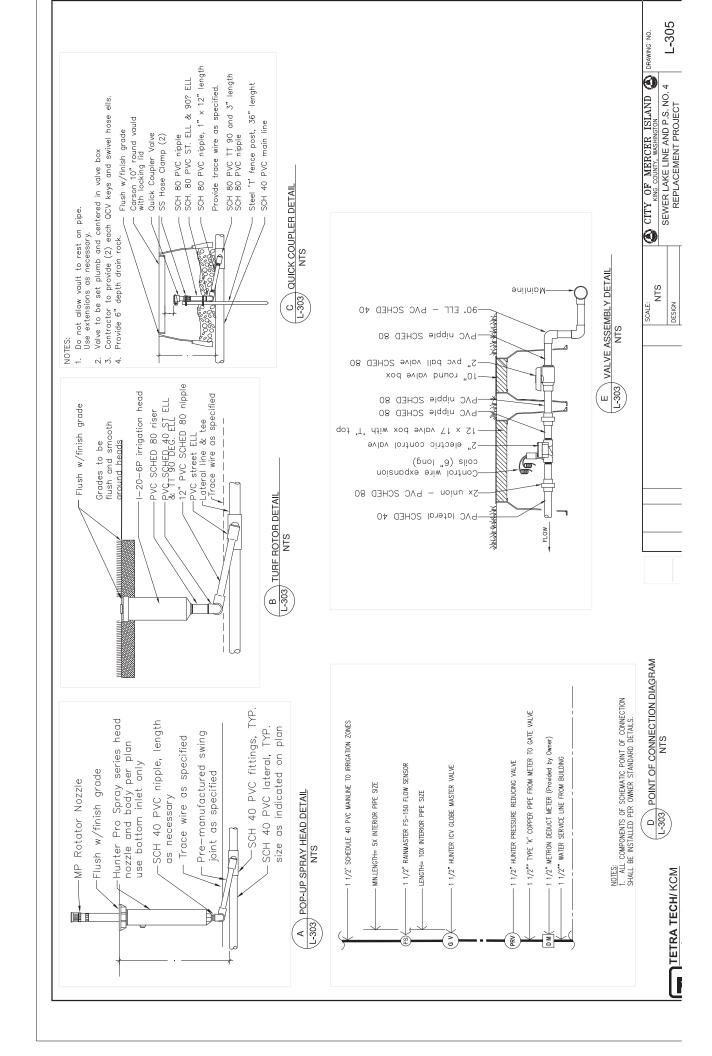












G. STRUCTURAL - GENERAL

C1 APPLICABLE CODE

- 61 SCOPE
 THE NOTES AND DETAILS ON THIS SHEET ARE GENERAL AND A-PRLY TO THE ENTIRE PROJECT EXCEPT WHERE THERE ARE SPECIPIC INDICATIONS TO THE CONTRARY.
 - CQ. APPLICABLE SPECIFICATIONS NAID CODES.
 CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDING WITH HE CODE EDITION OF THE NITRAMITONAL BULLING CODE (IRS) WITH LOCAL AMEDIAMENTS.
 THE ABOVE SHALL CONSER DECETH WHERE OTHER APPLICABLE CODES OR THE CONTRACT DICTUMENTS ARE JOSE RESTRICTIVE.
- G3 ALTERNATIVE DESIGNS
 THE STRUCTURE STATES PLANS ARE THE PRIORITY DESIGN.
 THE STRUCTURE STATES THE STATES OF STATES PLANS ARE THE PRIORITY DESIGN.
 STATES EASIER WITH A RESTRUCTION OF COLLADORS AND THE DAY MUST DAY WISHINGTON STATE LICENSED DIGNEETS SEAL AND STOWNTHES FOR FEMAL.
- STRUCTURAL DIMENSIONS CONTROLLED BY OR RELATED TO MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. G5 PROVISIONS FOR EQUIPMENT G4 DIMENSIONS

B. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE ASTM A 615, GRADE 60. WELDED WIRE FABRIC STALL BE ASTM A 185 SMOOTH WIRE - 1° + 60 KTS MINIMUM, REBAR USED IN I WALLS AND CONCRETE FRAME MEMBERS SHALL BE ASTM A706.

C3 DESIGN STRENGTHS
A OCKT.N=PADGE CONCRETE
(1) GENERAL USE = 1400 PSI @ 28 DAYS
(2) PRECAST = 5500 PSI @ 28 DAYS
(3) PRECAST = 1500 PSI @ 28 DAYS
(3) PRE ENCASTARIA NO FILL CONC = 15 = 2000 PSI @ 28 DAYS
(3) PRE ENCASTARIA = 1500 PSI @ 28 DAYS

C4 CONCRETE COVER CONFIER OF SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS WITH MINIMUM CONCRETE OVER FOR REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS WITH MINIMUM COVER OF ONE DAY DAMATER.

- MICHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EDURAGNI SUPPORTS, ANCHORAGES, OPENINGS, PIPE SLEENES, RECESSES AND REVEALS NOT SHOWN ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS, BUT REQUIRED BY OTHER CONTRACT DRAWINGS SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR, PRIOR TO CASTING CONCRETE.
 - G6 CONSTRUCTION LOADS
 - STRUCTURES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR OPERATIONAL LOADS ON THE COMPLETED STRUCTURES, DURING CONSTRUCTION, THE STRUCTURES SHALL BE PROTECTED BY BRACING AND SUPPORTS WHEREVER EXCESSIVE CONSTRUCTION LOADS MAY OCCUR.
- G7 DRAINAGE SURFACES SLOPE DRAIN, SLOPE SHALL BE 1/4" PER FOOT EXCEPT WHERE NOTED OTHERWISE ON THE PLANS.
 - SEE ARCHITECTURAL AND MECHANICAL DRAWINGS FOR LOCATION AND SIZES. G8 FLOOR DRAINS
 - ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS FOR FLOOR ELEVATIONS NOT CALLED OUT. G9 FLOOR ELEVATIONS SEE ARCHITECTURAL DR

F. STRUCTURAL DESIGN

- DESIGN IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2003 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE (IBC) EXCEPT WHERE OTHER APLICABLE CODES OR THE FOLLOWING NOTES ARE MORE RESTRONG. F1 DESIGN CODE
- F2 DESIGN SQUIP PRESSURE FOR FOUNDATIONS
 LABORATOR SQUIP BETSHOW OFFICINION, REPORT BY THIN GEOSCIENCES INC, DATED
 LANGUATE EBRANC PRESSURE DUMP SYTNON 4000 PSF.
 C. ALLOWAGE BEANING PRESSORE CONTROL, BULDING 1500 PSF.

L. DESIGN LIVE LOADS

- A FLOOR

 (2) ELEMEND STRUCTURAL SLAB = 300 PSF
 (3) ELEMEND STRUCTURAL SLAB = 300 PSF
 (4) WHICHES = H5-20 UND
 (5) STABLE = 100 PSF
 (6) PRECAST VALIDS = H5-20
- B. ROOF (1) LIVE AND EQUIPMENT = 20 PSF
- C. SNOW (1) GROUND Pq = 20 PSF (2) TERRAIM CATEGORY C ROOF EXPOSSURE = FULLY EXPOSED Cq = 0.9
 - (3) Ct = 1.0 (4) ls = 1.1 (5) ROOF Pf = 25 PSF
- D. WND
 (1) BASIC WIND SYEED = 85 MPH
 (2) COLONANCY OFFED = 85 MPH
 (3) COLONANCY OFFED = 15 MPH
 (3) WND ENFOSTER, IN W = 1.15
 (4) WND ENFOSTER
 (5) KT = 1
- E. SEISMIC LOADING
 (1) COCUPANCY CATEGORY III, SEISMIC USE GROUP II
 (2) In = 1.124
 (3) Sa = 1.1504, 51 = 0.437
 (4) SITE CAUSE = C
 (5) Sas = 1.003, 51 = 0.431
 (7) TITEAL APPER SEISSING - DESIGN BASE SHEAR (BUILDING) (1) SEISMIC: Vb =6.2 KIPS

- CONFERE ANCHORS SHALL BE INPLIED IN STANLESS STEEL EXPANSION OF ACHESINE ANCHORS SHALL BE HILL REH HILL BE HILL REH FOWERS RAW. POWERSTEIL, SHORESNE MACHORS SHALL BE HILL RIP SHALL BE HILL HILL SHALL OR THE PARKEST TRUDGET, ADDRESNE MACHORS SHALL BE HILL HITSO, COVERT CA GELTOOD, SIMPSON SET ADRESNE, OR USANCHOR HEXDO. CONCETE CONTENTION SHALL COMPONED TO THE ADD EDITION OF THE ADD BUILDING CONCETE, CONTENT SHALL - MPSV..
 ADHESIVE ANCHORS
 ... "MBED MIN SPACING (IN) MIN EMBED (IN) ă≅ EXPANSION ANCHORS
 MIN EMBED MIN SPACING
 (IN) (IN)
- ADHESVE ANCHORS SHALL HAVE SPECIAL INSPECTION. EXPANSION BOLT VALUES SHALL NOT BE INCREEDED FOR SHALD LOADS. EXPANSION BOLT ANCHORS SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO VIBRATIORY OR SHOCK LOADS. INSTALL ANCHORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. 4 1/2 6 7 1/2 9 21 3,2,8 4 1/2 6 7 1/2 9 12 5 1/8 6 5/8
- C17 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS
 LOGATION OF OURSTANDING SHALL HAW THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER.
 CONSTRUCTION JOINTS SHALL BE DETAILED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.
- PROVICE WITESTOPS AT JONN'S IN LOCATIONS OF STRUCTURES DIPOSED TO GROUND WITEN OF LIGHDOUN ON ONE STREAM OCCUPIED IN TWANS-STREAMS DICTIVIDATION OF PRESENTED ON THE OTHER STOL. PROVIDE WITESTOPS AT WALL AND SABLA JOINTS OF TANKS AND CHANKES, SUBSECT TO LOUGH DESSENER. WITESTOPS SHALL BE PROVIDED UP TO 6" ABOOK HIGH WATEN/LOUGH DEFENE. C18 WATERSTOPS

S. STEEL

C. FORMED OR FINISHED SUIGNACES NOT TO BE EXPOSED TO GROUND, WEATHER OR CLEAN WRITER () BRANS AND COLUMNS = 1 1/2" (5 SHARS AND MALLS = 1" (5) JOST = 3/4" (3) JOST = 3/4"

A FOOTINGS AND FOUNDATION MATS CAST ON GROUND. — 3"

A FORMED OR HINSHED SURFACES TO BE IN CONTACT WITH GROUND, WEATHER,
CLEAN WITCH.

(1) A BURS GREATER THAN NO. 5 – 2"

(2) AT BARS ON 5 OR SMALLER – 1 1/2"

CS MINIMAN RENPORCHARDON SHALL BE RENESHED CONCRETE DOEST WHERE PLAN CONCRETE CONSTRUCTOR SHALL ON THE PROMISED, IN WHICH CASE ON PERINDENDEMN HON GENERAL BE LESSED, CONCRETE THAT IS NOT DESIGNATED AS PLAN CONCRETE FOR T

D. FORMED OR FINISHED SURFACES EXPOSED TO SEWAGE - 2"

- S1 CODES AND SPECIFICATIONS
 STEEL CONSTRUCTION SALL CONFORM TO THE SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS AS CONTINUED IN THE 13TH EDITION OF THE ASC MANUAL OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION. S2 MATERIAL
- TRUCTURAL BARS, PLATES, ANGLES, AND CHANNELS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE SITEN MERLING ASTIM A26 SPECIFICATIONS. ROLLED W SECTIONS SHALL BE SITEM MEDICAL STARL CONFORM TO ASTIM A225N.
- WELDING SHALL CONFORM TO ANS DIJ STRUCTURAL WELDING CODE STEEL ELECTRODES SHALL BE TOXX GROUP. WELDING SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY WELDERS CERTIFED BY THE MAS. S3 WELDING
 - UNIESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL STEEL FABRICATIONS SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION. S4 HOT-DIP GALVANIZING

C6 SHRINKAGE AND TEMPERATURE STEEL UNLES OTHERWEN FOR STEEL SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR SUABS IN ACCORDANCE WHIT THE POLLOWING SCHEDULES:

SPACING 12" 12" 12" 12" T&B

SLAB THICKNESS 4" 6" 6" 8" 12"

MASS CONCRETE SHALL BE REINFORCED WITH ∯5@15DC EW MINIMUM IN ALL FACES.

POSITION 0C 0C

SPACING, EW 12" 12" 12"

SIZE #4 1/2

WALL THICKNESS
6"
8"
12"OR GREATER

Н

- A1 SPECIFICATIONS AND CODES ALUMINUM CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH IBC CHAPTER 20.
- STRUCTURAL SHAPES, BARS, PLATES, AND SHEETS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL BEALUMINUM MEETING THE ALUMINUM ASSOCIATION, ALLOY 6061—T6 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. A2 MATERIAL
- A3 ALUMINUM IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE WHERE ULMINUM IN CONTACT WHER LAUMINUM IS NO CONTACT WITH CONCRETE OR MASONRY SUBFACES, CONTACT WITH CONCRETE OR MASONRY SUBFACES, CONTECT.
- A4 WELDING MATERIAL AND PROCEDURES FOR WELDING ALUMINUM SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWS ENAL. AND 91.2.

C8 DOWELS.
DOWELS SHALL BE AT LEAST THE SAME SIZE AND SPACING AS BARS WITH WHICH THEY ARE LUPPED. THE LUP ELMBEDMENT SHALL BE AS RECOMMENDED BY ACI 318 OR AS NOTED.

C7 SYTRA, ACCESSORY RAD, ACCESSORE USED TO HOLD REINFORMED STEEL IN POSITION THE TOLLOWING SAML, EB. AGDED, AS AN ANALUM TO SUPPORT TOP REINFORMED. STEEL. IN SLAES NO. 4 HANGER RAD, AS AN ANALUM TO SUPPORT TOP REINFORMED.

C9 BAR SHORTON STELL BAR SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SCHEDULE SHOWN OF CONFIDE TENTALS. AND ACID BAN SHALL BELL CALCAS B INJURSES FOR CONFIDER TENTALS. AND ACID BAN SHALL BURNET OF CONFIDER TENTALS AND ACID BAN SHALL BURNET BAN

IN CASES WHERE REINFORCING BARS CANNOT BE EXTENDED AS FAR AS REQUIRED TO THE LIMITID STRUCTURE, THE BARS SHALL FERTING STRUCTURE, THE BARS SHALL FEXTEND AS FAR AS POSSIBLE AND END IN STANDARD HOOKS.

C10 RESTRICTED BAR ANCHORAGE

B. OPEN WEB STEEL JOISTS

CHEN MEST LEL, OUSTS (MULTUME BEROND), SHALL CONCENT UT DIE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE STELL JOST MENTINE, LATES EDITION, FOR THE JOST SEREIS DESTAURTION OH THE PLANK. BLOS OF BERODING HOWS SHALL BE FREID MELDEN TO STRUCTURAL STELL MEMBERS OR TO PLATES DEBEDDEN TO CONCERT OF MASONEY ULBER SE DEMLAD PRIMERATE, LOST DEBEDDEN TO CONCERT OF JOST AND PROYOUS UPINE BECIDEN TO A DECEMBER SHALL CHECK ROOF JOST AND CANADA LATES. JOST DEPLANT TO A DEPLANT TO THE STAURT OF BEITTON CHOOL CANADA LATES AND LONGER HAND TO THE PRESSURES (SEE DESIDA GRITPAN ANTE FOR WIND CHIEFALL.) B1 OPEN WEB STEEL JOISTS

D. METAL ROOF DECKING

C12 SLOPING SLABS
MANDLINE SLABS WITH TOPS THAT ARE SLOPED SHALL HAVE BOTTONS SLOPED THE SAME WITH TOPS THAT ARE SLOPED SHALL HAVE BOTTONS SLOPED SH

C11 STANDARD HOOKS
BARS ENDING IN REPORT ANCIE BENDS OR HOOKS SHALL CONFORM TO THE
REQUIREMENTS OF ACI 318.

C13 SLAB ON GRADE
CONCRETE SLABS ON GRADE, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, SHALL BE 6*MINIMUM
THICKNESS REINFORCED WITH #4.0 12 OC AT SLAB MID-DEPTH.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED, EXPOSED CONCRETE CORNERS AND EDGES SHALL HAVE 3/4" CHAMFERS. RE-ENTRANT CORNERS SHALL NOT HAVE FILLETS.

C15 ANCHOR BOLTS
USE OF ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE GOVERNED BY IBC TABLE NO. 1912.2. ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE ASO7 MATERIAL.

M. REINFORCED MASONRY

- A. STRUCTURAL HOLLOW CLAY MASONRY UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C90, GRADE I. M1 MASONRY UNITS
- B. DESIGN STRENGTH: F'm = 2000 PSI.
- A. MORTAR SHALL DEVELOP A MINIMUM ULTIMATE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 1,800 PSI AT 28 DAYS. M2 MORTAR AND GROUT MORTAR SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C270, TYPE S.
- B. GROUT SHALL ATTAIN A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 2,000 PSI AT 28 NOXS, MAXIMUM, GOREGATE SIZE SHALL BE 3/8" PEA GRAVEL WITH SLUMP BETWEEN 6 AND 9 INOHES. M3 HORIZONTAL JOINT REINFORCING A. HORIZONTAL JOINT REINFORCING SHALL BE PROVIDED IN EVERY 2ND MORTAR JOINT, JOINT REINFORCING SHALL BE CONTINUOUS NO, 9 GAGE TRUSS TYPE.
 - B. PROWIDE STRUCTURAL BOND BEAMS AT EVERY 4'-0" OR AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS. BOND BEAM SHALL CONTAIN TWO NO. 4 BARS CONTINUOUS AS SHOWN TYPICAL DETAILS, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
- M.4. REINFOCKION, AT CORPERS AND INTERSECTORYS.

 REPORTORIAL, JOHN ERROFFGENS SHALL BE CORMINACIO, ARQUID ALL CORNESS AND INTERSECTORIAL SHALL OF INTERSECTORIAL SHALL OF INTERSECTORIAL SHALL OF INTERSECTORIAL SHALL AND AS SHOWN IN TRPOLAL CENTER TO PROPIORATIONS AND ASSISTENT OF NODITIONAL REINFORCING AT OPENINGS, CURRETS AND INTERSECTIONS. M5 LAPPED REINFORCING
- REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE LAPPED A MINIMUM OF 24" OR 48 BAR DAMETERS (4b) WHICH EVER IS GREATRE 11" STEIGEN WILLE INDS. INTERSECTIONS, AND OPENINGS GREATER THAN 3-0" WIDE, USE 72db.
- VERTICAL WALL REINFORCING SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE TYPICAL DETAILS UNLESS OFFERWISE NOTED. VERTICAL CELLS CONTAINING REINFORMOS SHALL BE FILLED SOLUDIV WITH GROUT, GROUT SHALL BE POURED IN LIFTS OF 4 FEET MAXMIM. M6 VERTICAL WALL REINFORCING
 - M7 ANCHOR BOLTS USE OF MACHOR BOLTS SHALL BE GOVERNED BY ACI 530-02, 2.1.4. BOLTS SHALL BE GALVANIZED, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

I. SPECIAL INSPECTION

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS REQUIRE SPECIAL INSPECTION PER IBC CHAPITR 17. THESE REPORTSHOONS SHALL BE PREVIOUNS SHALL INSPECTION CERTIFIED BY THE APPROPRIATE LURISDICTION 10 PERFORM THE TYPES OF INSPECTIONS SPECIALISM STEED
ALL MASONAY SHOUN ON STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS MASONAY SHALL BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH IBO CHARTER 17 LEVEL 1, COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH SHALL BE VERHEID BY UNIT STRENGTH METHOD PER IBO 2105.2.2.1. ALL CONNECTIONS WITH ASTM A325 BOLTS CHAPTER 17 FOR ADDITIONAL INFO HIGH STRENGTH BOLTING

STEEL

INCLUDES ADHESIVE DOWELS OR ANCHORS. PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION SYALL INCLUDE VISIAL OBSERMATION OF DRILLED HOLES AFTER CLEANING. SPACING, EDGE DISTANCE, AND THE INSTALLATION OF DOWEL OR ANCHOR, AND OTHER TEMS AS REQUIEDE DY MANNIFACTURES.

ADHESIVE ANCHORAGE

D1 METAL, ELORG AND PROPE DECKNING.
PRODUCE SIZE, TYPE, CALEG, MD TATO-MENT OT THE SUPPORTING STRUCTURE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANSA ALTERNATES MASTER OF CONVECTED ACCORDING TO PURE BIGHED CONCESTED ACCORDING TO PURE BIGHED CONFIDER ALL DECKNING SHORING PARENT OT THE REQUIRED PER MANIFACTURES. SHOWN, PROVIDE SHORING SHORING ALL DECKNING SHALL CONFIDER.
OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE STEEL DECK NESTURE, ALL DECKNING SHALL CONFIDER.

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	NONE	SEWER JAKE LINE AND P.S.	AKF	Z	- AND	C.	_
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OCT 2008	800		0,	SCHE	SCHEDULE B		
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APPR.

SHEET 42 OF 77

S300

DRAWING NO.

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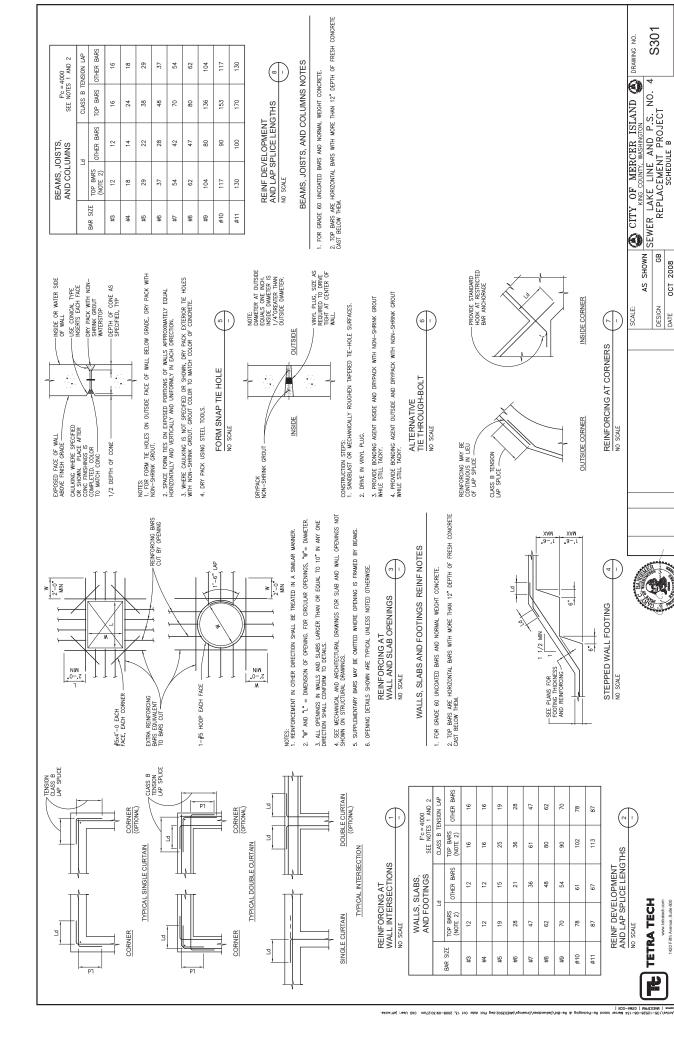
CITY OF MERCER ISLAND Š. CHECKED DESIGN DATE

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TETRA TECH

www.tetratech.com 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 600 Seattle, Washington 98101 e: 206-883-9300 Fax: 206-883-9301

Phone:



SHEET 43 OF 77

TYPICAL CONCRETE DETAILS 1

Ŧ OCT 2008

APPR. CHECKED

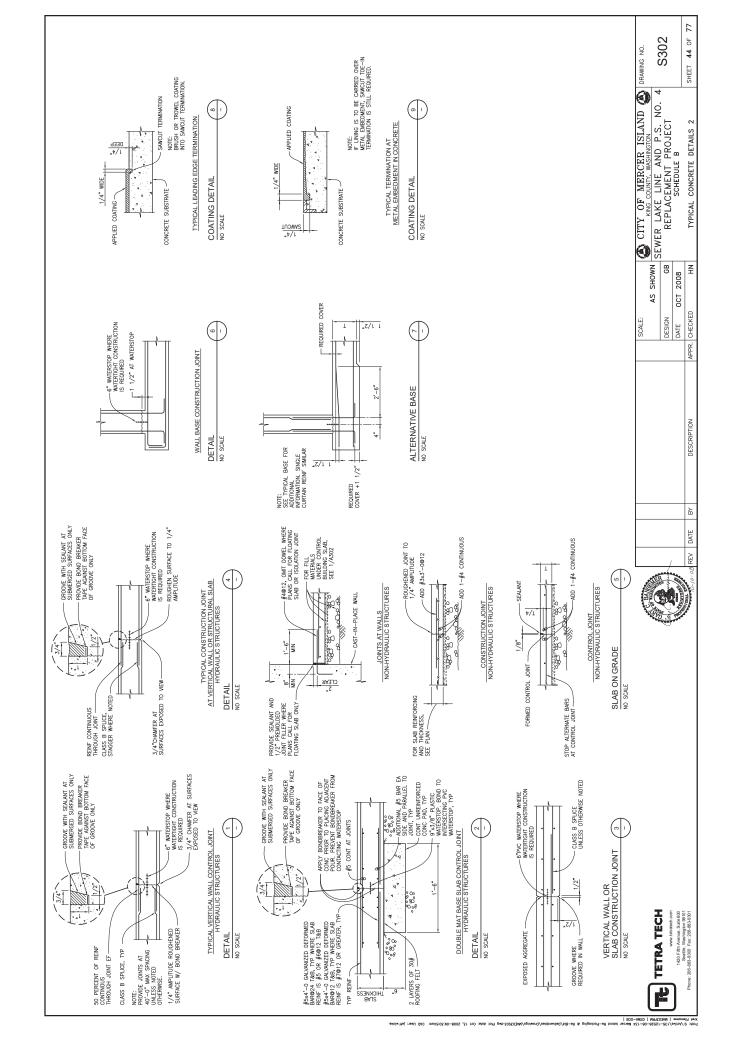
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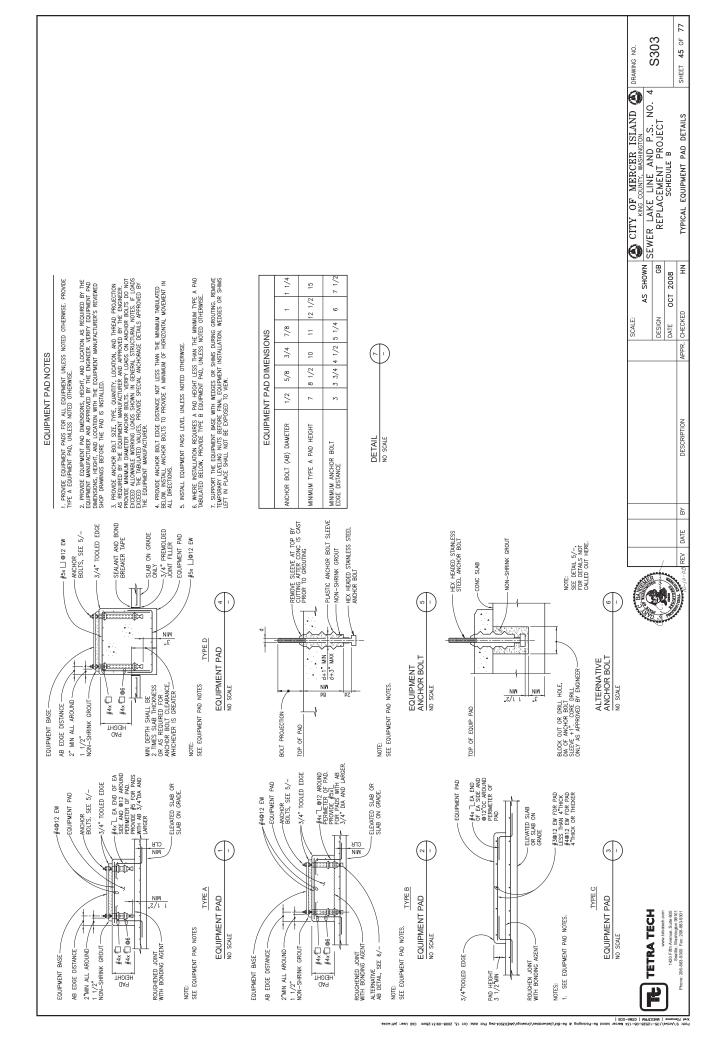
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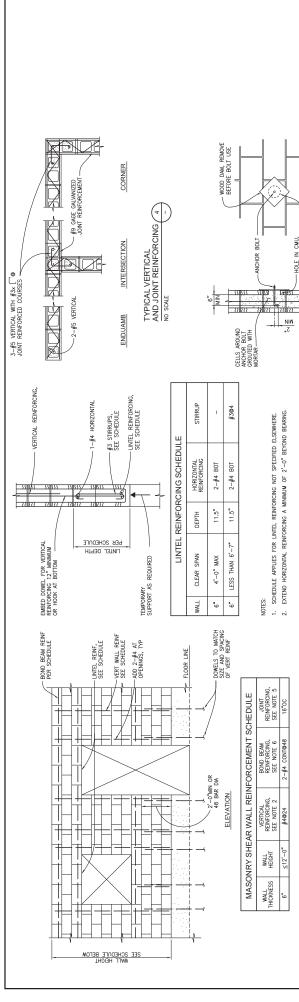
REV

www.tetratech.com 1420 Fifth Avenue, Suise 600 Seattle, Washington 98101 : 206-883-9300 Fax: 206-883-9301

DATE







NOTES:

- 2. EXTEND HORIZONTAL REINFORCING A MINIMUM OF 2'-0" BEYOND BEARING. 1. SCHEDULE APPLIES FOR LINTEL REINFORCING NOT SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE.
- LINTEL REINFORCING
 NO SCALE

2. SCHEDULE APPLIES FOR MASONRY WALL REINFORCING NOT SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE.

NOTES: 1. SPECIAL INSPECTION REQUIRED ON ALL MASONRY WORK. 3. ALL MASONRY SHEAR WALLS ARE IDENTIFIED ON PLANS.

2-#4 CONT@48

#4@24

≤12'-0"

4. LAY MASONRY IN 48" MAXIMUM LIFTS. FILL ALL CELLS AND BOND BEAMS CONTAINING REINFORCING WITH GROUT.

6. TYP BOND BEAM REINFORCING DETAILS, SEE 3/-

5. JOINT REINFORCING, SEE 4/-

TYPICAL MASONRY
WALL REINFORCEMENT
NO SCALE

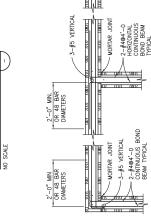
ELEVATION

ANCHOR BOLT IN CMU WALL NO SCALE

SECTION

DAM

HOLE IN CMU, BROKEN OR SAWN



END/JAMB INTERIOR

CORNER

TYPICAL BOND BEAM REINFORCING DETAILS NO SCALE

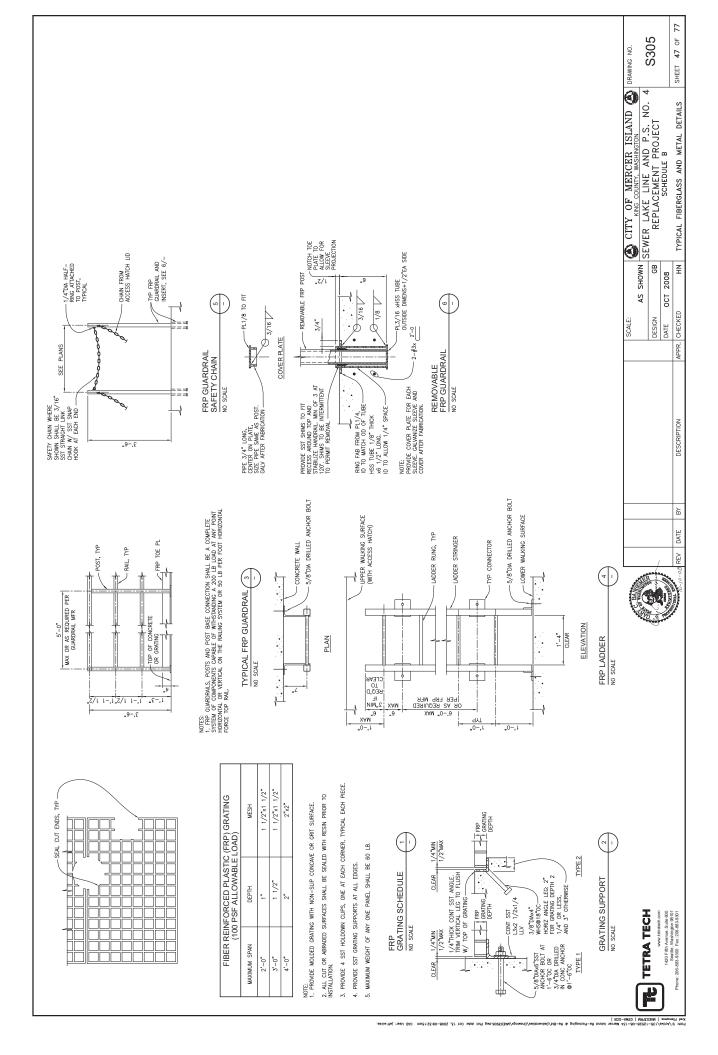
2-#4@4'-0 HORIZONTAL CONTINUOUS BOND BEAM TYPICAL

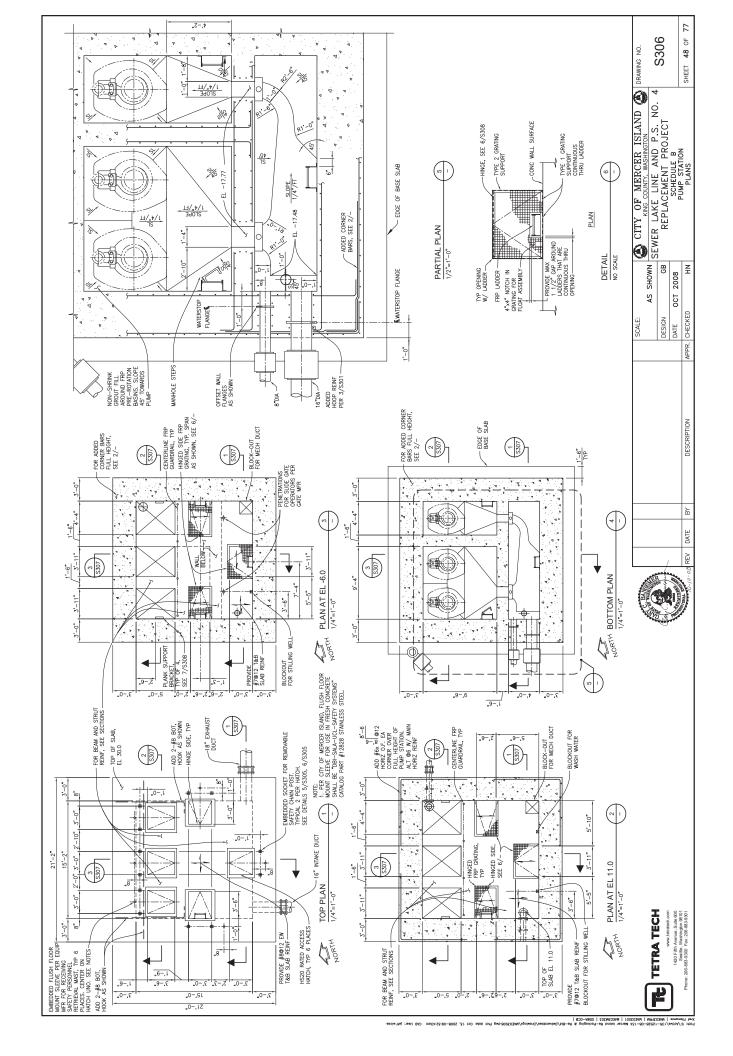
AS SHOWN SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4 S304 REPLACEMENT PROJECT SO08 TYPICAL MASONRY DETAILS ¥ DATE OCT 2008 APPR. CHECKED DESIGN DESCRIPTION 'n DATE REV

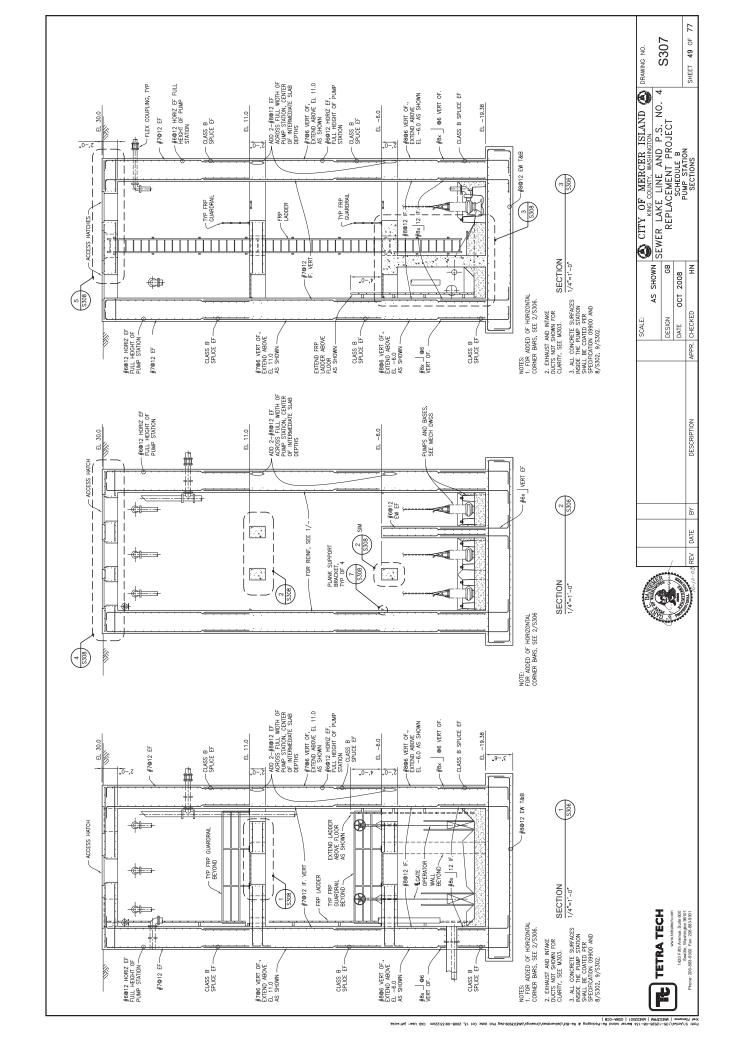
SHEET 46 OF 77

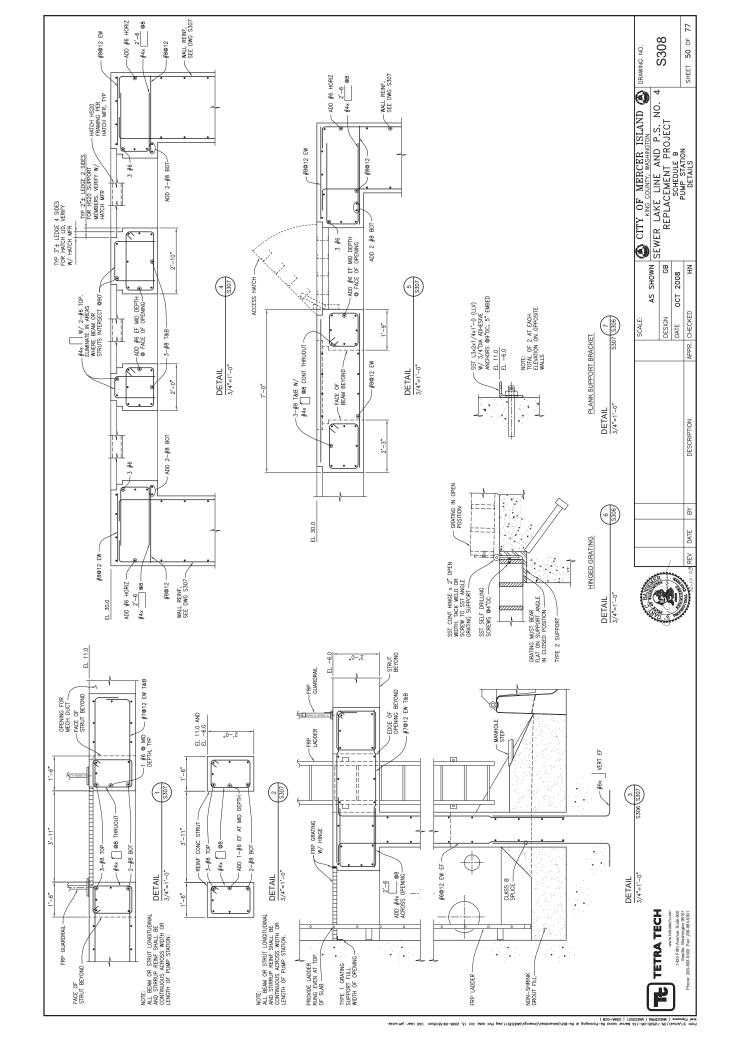
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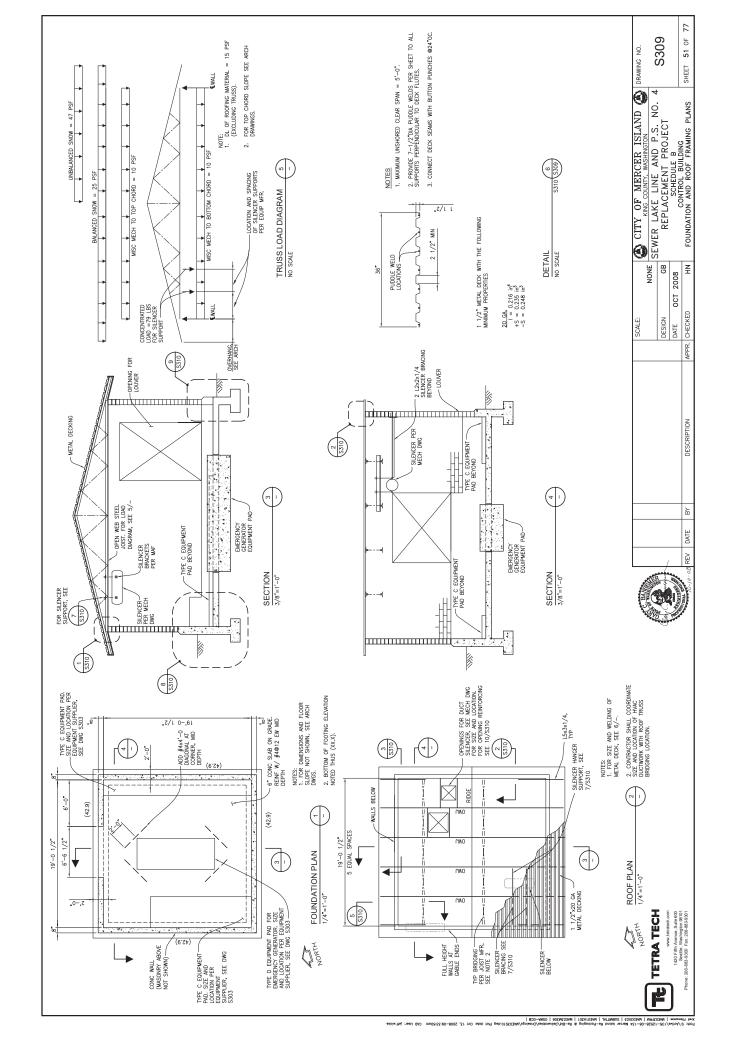
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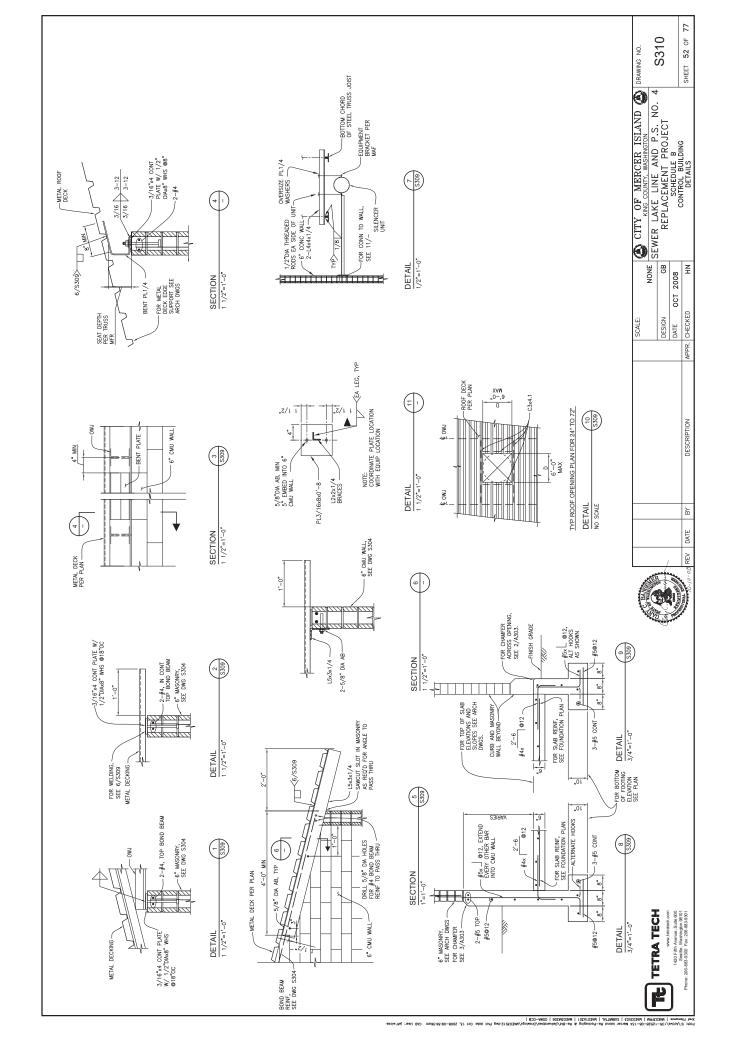




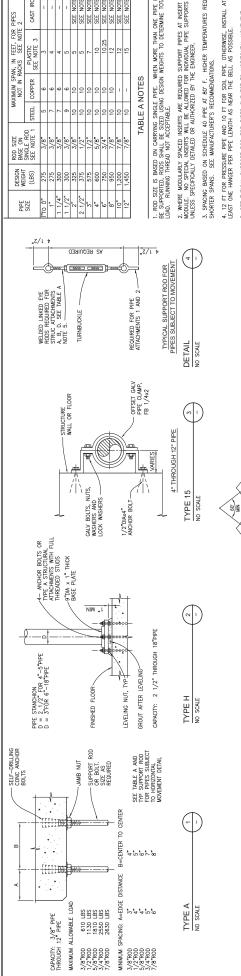








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SHEFT AND PREVIOUS AND AUTOMOTE AND AUTOMOTE AND SHEFT SHEFT)	1420 Fifth Avenue, Suite 600								OCT 2008	SCHEDULE B	
	Phone: 206-8	Seattle, Washington 98101 883-9300 Fax: 206-883-9301						170	è	4		SHEET



PIPE	DESIGN	ROD SIZE BASE ON	/W	KIMUM SPAN, IN NOT IN RACKS	MAXIMUM SPAN, IN FEET, FOR PIPES NOT IN RACKS SEE NOTE 2	PIPES 2
SIZE	(LBS)	SINGLE ROD SEE NOTE 1	STEEL	COPPER	PLASTIC SEE NOTE 3	CAST IRON
"To 0"	275	3/8"	2	9	3	1
1.	275	3/8"	- 2	9	4	-
1 1/4"	300	3/8"	7	9	4	1
1 1/2"	300	3/8"	6	9	2	-
2,,	325	3/8"	10	10	2	SEE NOTE 4
2 1/2"	375	1/5"	10	10	5	SEE NOTE 4
3"	575	1/2"	10	10	7	SEE NOTE 4
4	009	_8/9	10	10	10	SEE NOTE 4
9	750	3/4"	10	10	10.25	SEE NOTE 4
* 80	950	_8/L	10	10	12	SEE NOTE 4
10"	1,200	_8/L	10	1	12	SEE NOTE 4
12"	1,450	_8/L	10	1	15	SEE NOTE 4

TABLE A NOTES

1. ROD SIZE IS BASED ON CARRYING SINGLE PIPE. WHEN MORE THAN ONE PIPE IS TO BE SUPPORTED, ROOS SYALL BE SIZED USING DESIGN WEIGHTS TO DETERMINE TOTAL COAD. ROUNING THREAD NOT ACCEPTABLE.

SPACING BASED ON SCHEDULE 40 PIPE AT 80' F. HIGHER TEMPERATURES REQUIRE SHORTER SPANS. SEE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

4. 12 FT FOR PRESSURE PIPE AND 10 FT FOR SOIL PIPE. OTHERWISE, INSTALL AT LEAST ONE HANGER PER PIPE LENGTH AS NEAR THE BELL AS POSSIBLE.

5. SEE TYPICAL SUPPORT ROD FOR PIPES SUBJECT TO HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT. (SERVICE TEMPERATURES 33"-59" AND 120"-450" F.)

7. DESIGN WEIGHTS REFER TO THE PIPE SIZE SHOWN SUPPORTED AT THE SPACING LISTED AND SHALL BE USED FOR DESIGN OF ALL SPECIAL HANGER SYSTEMS. 6. USE TURNBUCKLE, MSS TYPE 13, FOR PIPE ATTACHMENTS 3 AND 6.

8. AT LESST ONE PIPE HANGER OR SUPPORT SHALL BE LOCATED IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO THE JOHN OR ANY CONCENTRATED LOAD OR BEND IN THE PIPE SUCH AS VALVES, FITTINGS, ETC, IN ADDITION TO THE MAXMAUM SPARS LISTED ABOVE.

-3"DIA PIPE, TYPE "H" STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENT

5/8" BOLT-

PIPE CLAMP, SIZE AS REQUIRED -3/8" NUT AND BOLT

SHIELD MSS TYPE 40

FLAT PLATE -

3/8" THROUGH 3" PIPE

3/8" THROUGH 8" PIPE

TYPE 9

STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENT -

TYPE 6 NO SCALE

4" THROUGH 18" PIPE

TYPE 14 NO SCALE

3/8" PLATE 1/2"DIA PIPE

RADIUS TO FIT OD OF PIPE —

DOUBLE EYE NUTS

SUPPORT ROD, SIZE AS REQUIRED, SEE TABLE 'A', AND NOTE 6

PIPE CLAMP PLASTIC COATED WHEN USED W/ COPPER PIPE

NOTE:
DO NOT USE FOR
HORIZONTAL PIPES
LARGER THAN 2"
WHEN STRUCTURAL
ATTACHMENT IS
MOUNTED
VERTICALLY

WHEN USED WITH COPPER PIPE, PAD WITH 1/16" THICK NEOPRENE STRIP. ATTACH W/ WATER-PROOF ADHESIVE

JAMB NUT

\$\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{4} HOLES TO MATCH PIPE FLANGE

-ROLLED CHANNEL LENGTH AS REQUIRED

T.	TABLE B	Щ	В												
SERVICE CONDITIONS (SEE NOTE 2.)	.,	X INDICATES CONDITIONS	200	ATE		E E S	PIPE ATTACHMENTS (INDICATES PIPE ATTACHMENTS SUITABLE FOR CONDITIONS IN SERVICE CONDITIONS COLUMN	동호유	##S	SE	I S S	TAB S	밀글	PIPE ATTACHMENTS PIPE ATTACHMENTS SUITABLE FOR IN SERVICE CONDITIONS COLUMN	
SERVICE TEMPERATURE	-	2	33	4	2	9	7	80	6	10	11	12	13	10 11 12 13 14 15	15
33-59 F) INSULATED		Г	Г	×	×	×	×	Г	Г	×	×	×	×	×	×
120"-450" F [UNINSULATED	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×
60'-119' F UNINSULATED	×	×	×	×				×	×		×	×	×	×	×
PIPING MATERIALS															
STEEL COBPER (*SEF NOTE 1)	××	××	×	×	×	××	××	× ×	××	××	××		×	×	×
PLASTIC (*SEE NOTE 1)	×	×				<	<	×	×	<	×		×		
CAST IRON	×	×	×				×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
_															

TABLE B NOTES

1. PIPE ATTACHMENTS REQUIRE SPECIAL TREATMENT WHEN USED WITH COPPER OR PLASTIC PIPE. REFER TO INDIVIDUAL DETAILS.

2. FOR SERVICE OTHER THAN THOSE SHOWN IN TABLE B, PIPE ATTACHMENTS SHALL BE AS SELECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

DRAINAGE NOTES

1. HORIZONTAL DRAINASE SHALL HAVE A SLOPE OF 1/4 INCH PER FOOT OR AS SPECIFIED.

1. MSS REFERS TO MANUFACTURER'S STANDARDIZATION SOCIETY OF THE VALVE AND FITTING INDUSTRY, STANDARD PRACTICE SP 58 AND SP 69.

2. FITTINGS SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN MSS CL. B.

PIPE SUPPORT SYSTEMS NOTES

CLEANOUTS AND VENTS FOR HORIZONTAL DRAINAGE PIPES SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE PLUMBING CODE. 3. THIS DRAWING IS GENERAL IN NATURE. SOME DRAWNS AND CLEANOUTS SHOWN HEREON MAY NOT BE USED ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS.

4. WHERE SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS, PROVIDE A FORMED 2' DIAMETER DISH FOR FLOOR DRAIN THEES I, IV, V, AND VI AS ILLUSTRATED ON THE II AND III FLOOR DRAINS.

4, WHERE NO REFERENCE TO PIPE SUPPORT SYSTEMS IS GIVEN ON THE DRAWINGS, THE CONTRECTOR SHALL USE AN APPROPRIATE SYSTEM AS DIRECTED BY THE BUNNER, SEE TABLE B. ALL STRUCTURAL AND PIPE ATTACHMENTS, PIPE SUPPORT RACK AND TRAPEZE PIPE HANGER COMPONENTS SHALL BE HOT DIP GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION.

5. SOME DETAILS ON THIS DRAWING MAY NOT APPLY TO THIS PROJECT.

REV

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OCT 2008 CHECKED DESIGN DATE APPR. DESCRIPTION B DATE

AS SHOWN SEWER LAKE LINE AND P.S. NO. 4

KG REPLACEMENT PROJECT

SCT 2008 MCHANICAL

AB STANDARD ESTAILS

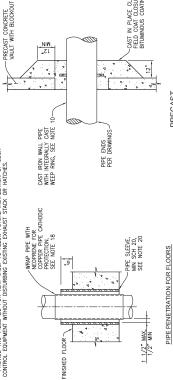
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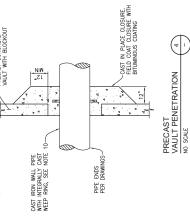
SHEET 54 OF 77 M301 DRAWING NO.

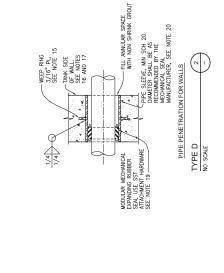
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	DRAWING	M303	M303	
	SPECIFICATION SECTION	15100	15100	
	STEM	RISING	RISING	
	OPERATOR	H. WHEEL	H. WHEEL	
	OPERATOR TYPE	MANUAL	MANUAL	
	FRAME	CUIDES	CUIDES	
	UNSEATING HEAD (FT)	1	-	
DULE	SEATING HEAD (FT)	12,	12,	
GATE SCHEDULI	OPENING DIRECTION	dΩ	dΩ	
0	BOTTOM SEAL TYPE	P-BULB	P-BULB	
	SIDE SEAL TYPE	P-BULB		
	MOUNTING	SURFACE	SURFACE	
	SIZE WxH (IN)	12×42	16x42	
	GATE	SLIDE	SLIDE	
	NAME	1-PUMP BAY ISOLATION	2-PUMP BAY ISOLATION	
	EQUIPMENT NUMBER	SG01	SG02	

		Г		П		Г	Γ
	COMMENTS			*			
	DRAWING REFERENCE						
	NO OF HATCHES	3	-	-	-	4	
	HATCH SIZE (MIN)	36x36	30x36	36x42	48×48	42x36	
VAULT SCHEDULE	HATCH TYPE	JAL-H20	JAL-H20	JAL-H20	JAL-H20	JAL-H20	
VAUL	TYPE	5076 TRENCH	577 LA	818 LA	1	1	
	MIN SIZE, WXLXD (FT) (INNER DIMENSIONS)	5'-3"x16'-0"x7'-0"	4'-2"x6'-6"x7'-0"	8'-0"x18'-0"x7'-0"	-	PER S DWGS	
	NAME	VALVE VAULT	METER VAULT	VENT VAULT	VENT VAULT	PUMP STATION	

* PROVIDE TWO-PIECE LID FOR VENT VAULT TO ALLOW FUTURE INSTALLATION OF ODOR CONTROL EQUIPMENT WITHOUT DISTURBING EXISTING EXHAUST STACK OR HATCHES.







THE MATERAL PRESENTED ON THIS DRAWING IS FOR REFERENCE USE. SOME OF THE DEFAILS OR INFORMATION PRESENTED MAY NOT BE REQUIRED AS PART OF THIS CONTRACT.

PIPE SPOOLS CAST INTO OR FIT THROUGH WALLS AFTER CASTING SHALL MATCH SPECHICATIONS FOR A ADACENT/CONNEXTED PIPELINES. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFRIM PHOKNESS, COATING AND LINING REQUIREMENTS.

PIPE PENETRATION NOTES

1. WHERE PIPES PASS THROUGH WALLS, FLOORS, OR CEILINGS, PENETRATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO TABLE AT LEFT, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

2. IN TABLE AT LEFT, "TANK" SHALL MEAN ANY PART OF A STRUCTURE CONTAINING LIQUID, OR IN CONTACT WITH THE EARTH.

3. IN TABLE AT LEFT, "PASSAGE" SHALL MEAN ANY ROOM, GALLERY, TUNNEL, OR SIMILAR ENCLOSURE.

4. IN TABLE AT LEFT, "DRY" SHALL MEAN AN ELEVATION 9—INCHES OR GREATER ABOVE MAXIMUM WATER SURFACE OF THE TANK.

5. ALL STEEL SLEEVES SHALL BE HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION.

6. IN CONDITION 6, TYPE E OR H SHALL BE USED WHERE ONE SIDE CONTAINS EXPLOSION PROOF EQUIPMENT, WHERE FLOODING IS POSSIBLE, OR WHERE SPECIFIED (TYPE E ONLY FOR COPPER).

8. WHERE SPECIFIED, CAST IRON FLANGES MAY BE INSTALLED FLUSH WITH WALL AND TAPPED FOR STUDS. 7. SFAL FLANGES SHALL BE FACED AND DRILLED TO 150 POUND STANDARD UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. EACH JOINT SHALL BE FULL FACE GASKETED.

9. PROVIDE CURB WHERE PENETRATING FLOOR, EXCEPT FOR PENETRATION TYPES A, AND C. CURB SHALL BE 4" HIGH BY 3" WIDE.

10. PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 3" CLEARANCE BETWEEN REINFORCING STEEL AND FERROUS METAL PENETRATIONS.

11. WHEN MSS TYPE 8 PIPE CLAMP IS USED FOR COPPER PIPE, CLAMP SHALL BE PLASTIC COATED BY MFR. 12. (NOT USED) 13. INSULATION SHALL NOT EXTEND THROUGH SLEEVES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

14. (NOT USED)

15. WEEP RINGS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER 3 INCHES GREATER THAN THE OUTSIDE PIPE OR SLEEVE DIAMETER.

16. "TANK SIDE OF WALL" SHALL MEAN SIDE OF WALL NORMALLY EXPOSED TO LIQUID, EARTH, OR OUTSIDE ATMOSPHERE. 17. SEAL WITH MASTIC SEALANT WHERE WALL IS EXPOSED TO LIQUID, EARTH OR AN EXPLOSION HAZARD AREA.

18. FOR COPPER PIPE IN A "PASSAGE" TO "PASSAGE" CONDITION (SEE TABLE AT LETT), PROVIDE A FILL 360 DEGREE WARD OF 1/16 MCH THICK NEOPENE. DIFFE WITH A COMPATIBLE WATERFOOF ADJESTIVE. EXTEND NEOPERE I MACH MIMILUM BEYOND LIMITS OF PRETRATION SLEEPE.

19. COPPER PIPE, PROVIDE GLASS REINFORCED INTON PRESSURE PLATES IN PLACE OF STANDARD STEEL UNITS. FLANCE BOLT HOLES SHALL EQUALLY STRANDLE THE VERTICAL CENTER.

20, LINE OF THE PIPE TO ASSURE PROPER CONNECTION TO ADJOINING PIPE, VALVES AND FITTINGS.

21. STAINLESS STEEL PIPES THAT TRANSITION FROM A BURIED CONDITION INTO A TUNELO KE STRUCTURE. SEE DIVISION 15 AND OUTSIDE PIPHIC DRAWNINGS. FOR INSTALLATION OF PIPES THROUGH EXISTING WALLS, USE TYPE X DETAIL.

22. OR CORE DRILL AS APPROPRIATE. SEAL AROUND NEW PIPE AS REQUIRED.



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PIPE PENETRATION	AB	APPR. CHECKED	APPR.	DESCRIPTION	ሕ	10/10/08 REV DATE	Æ	90/01/01
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M302 DRAWING NO.

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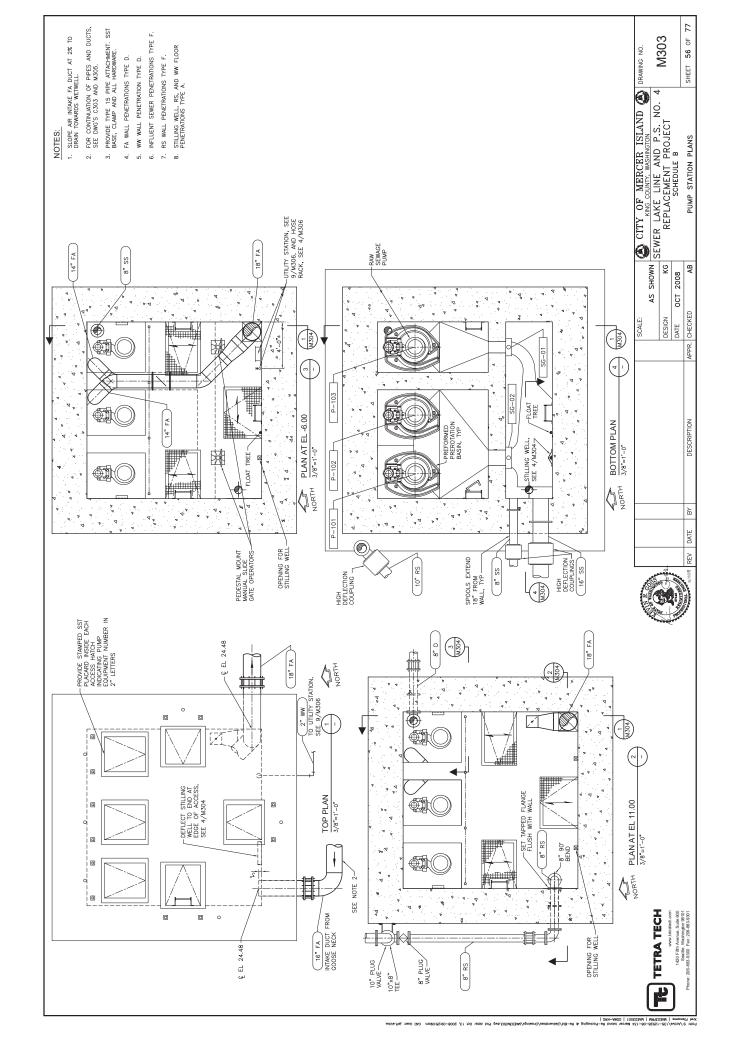
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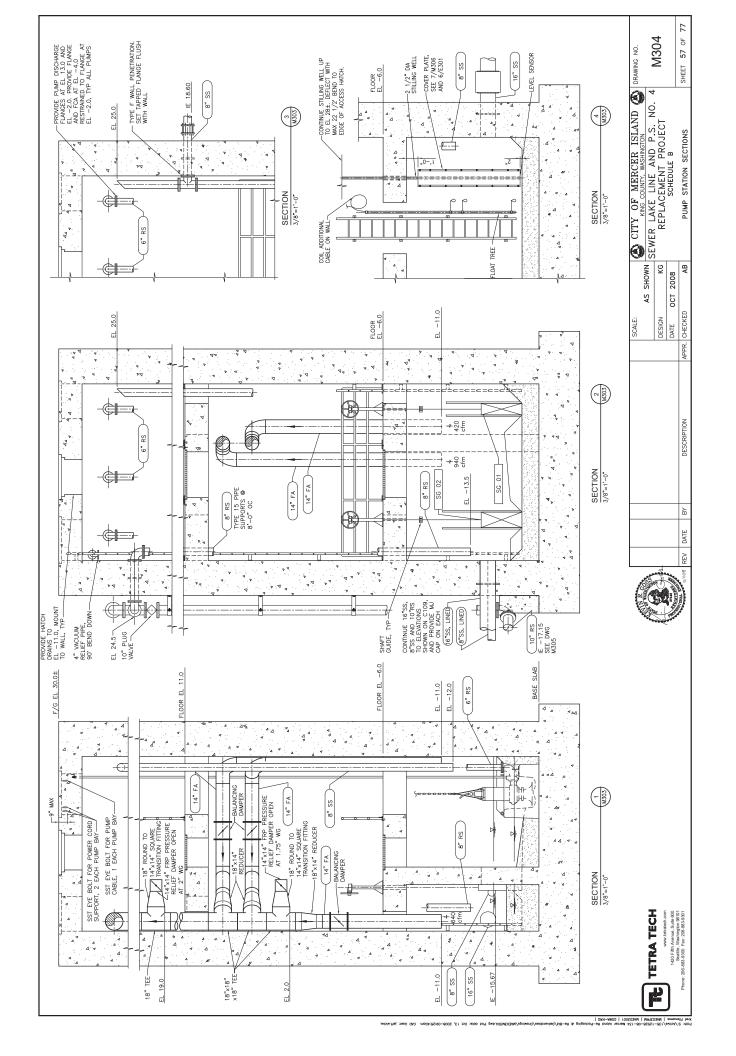
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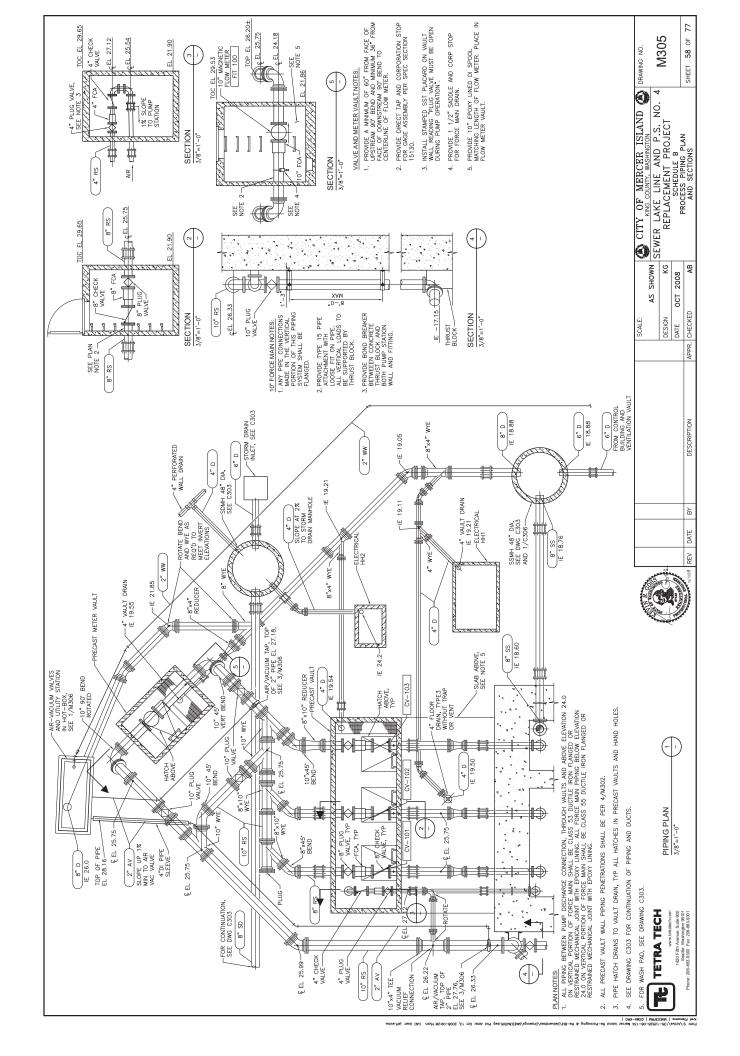
ENDS PER DRAWINGS, SEE NOTE 29

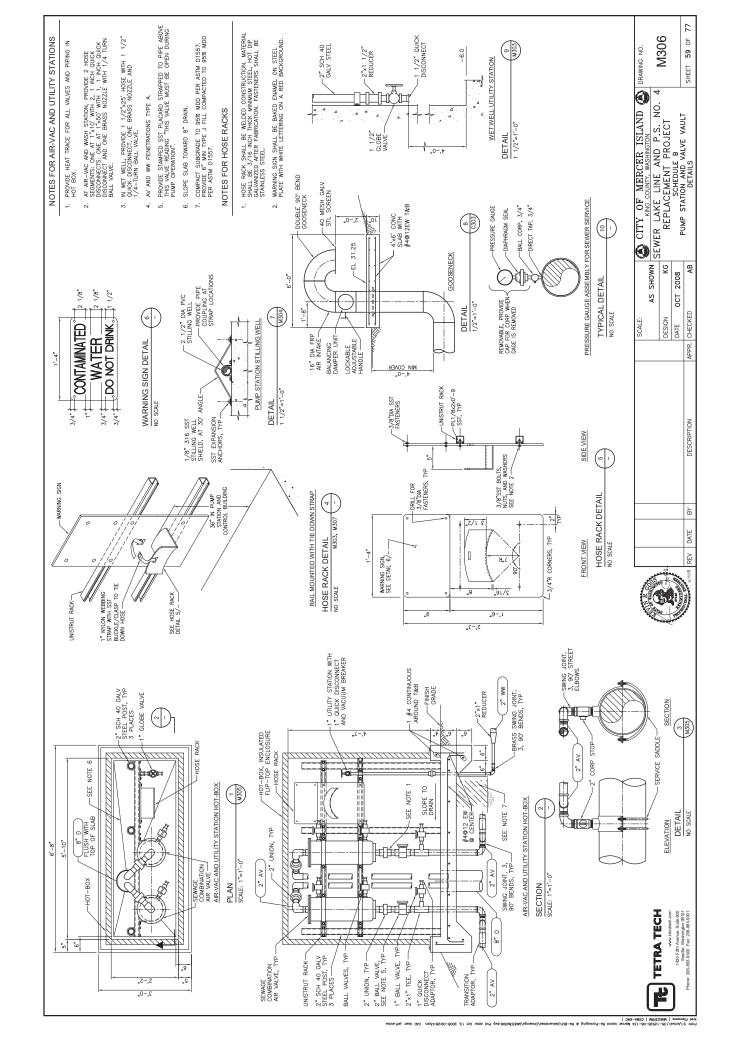
PIPE PENETRATION FOR WALLS

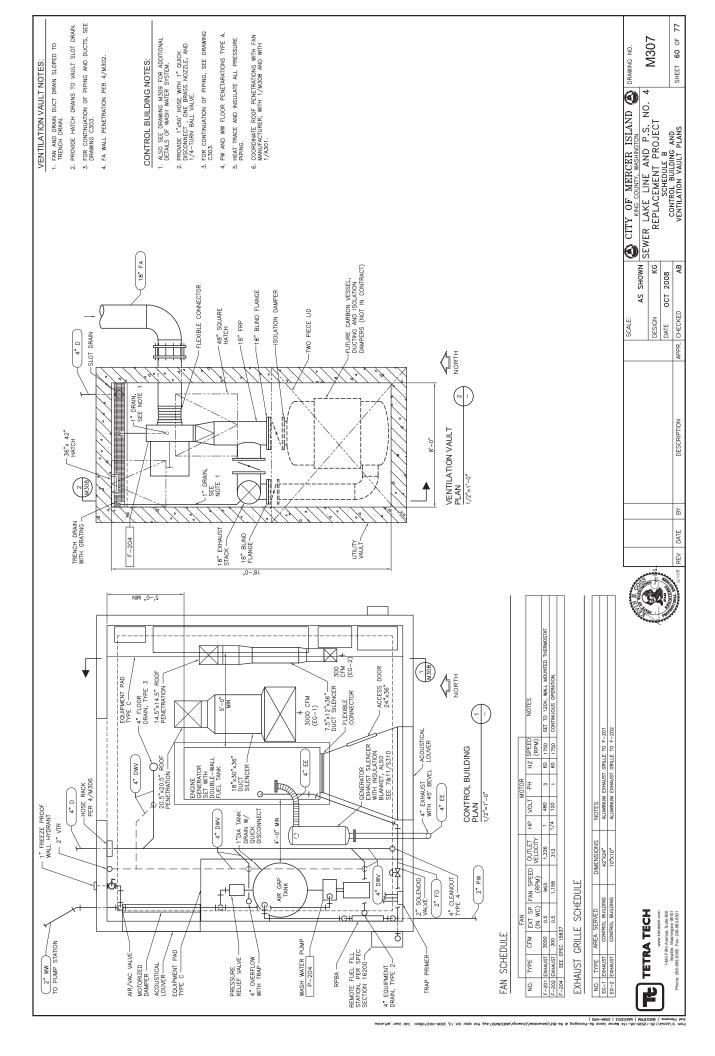
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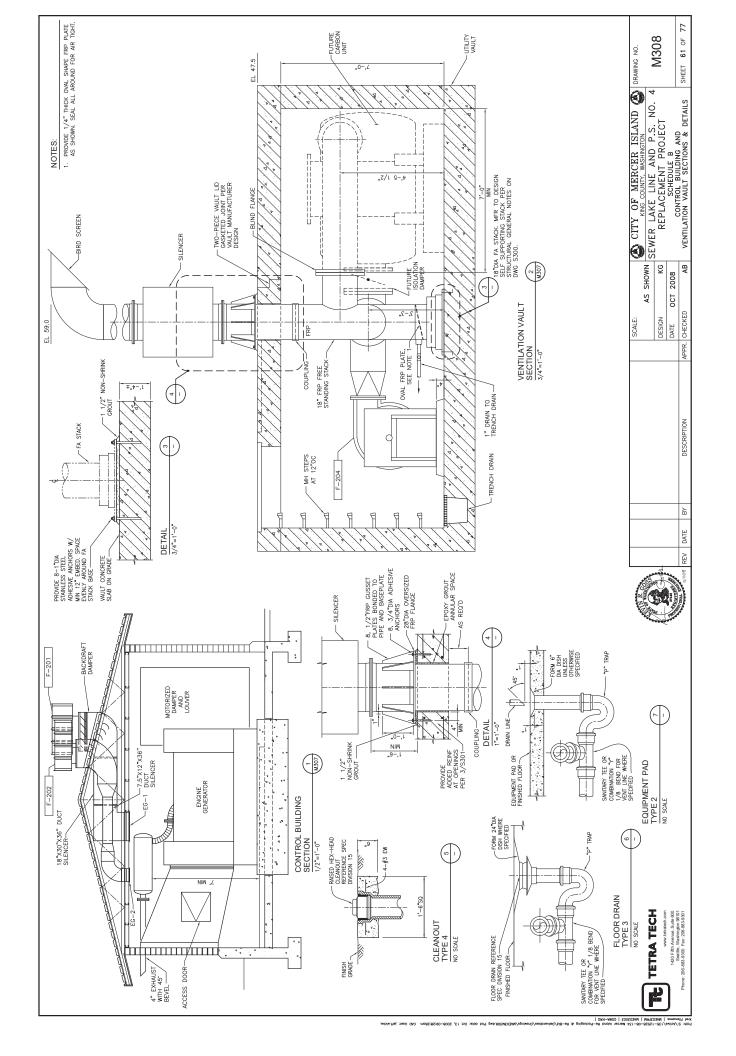


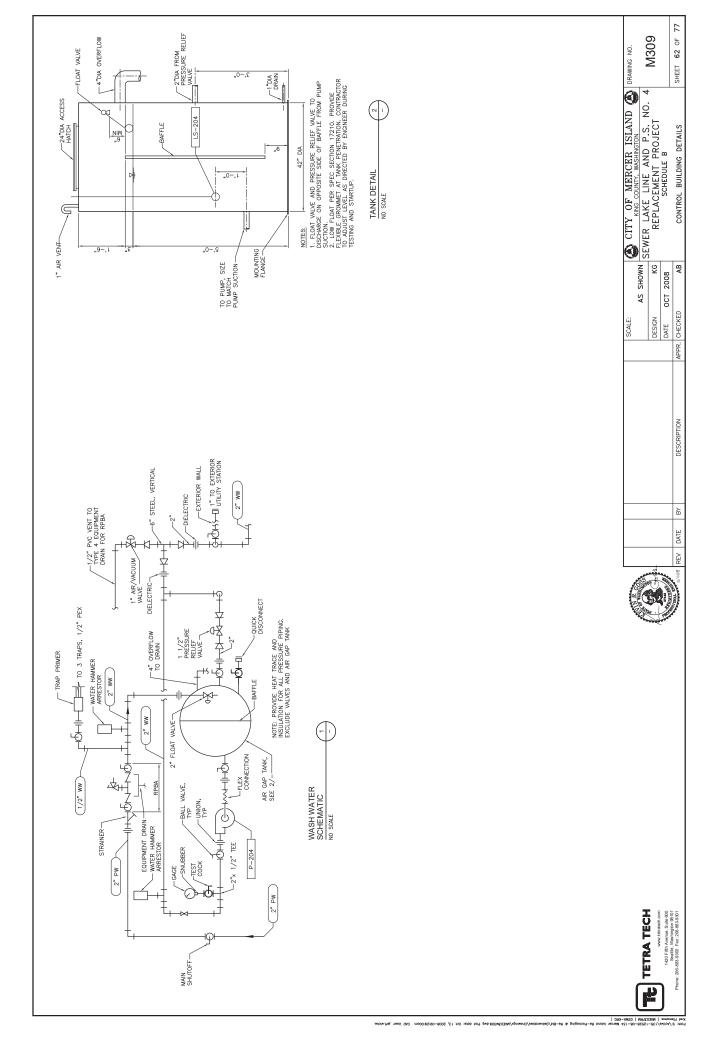




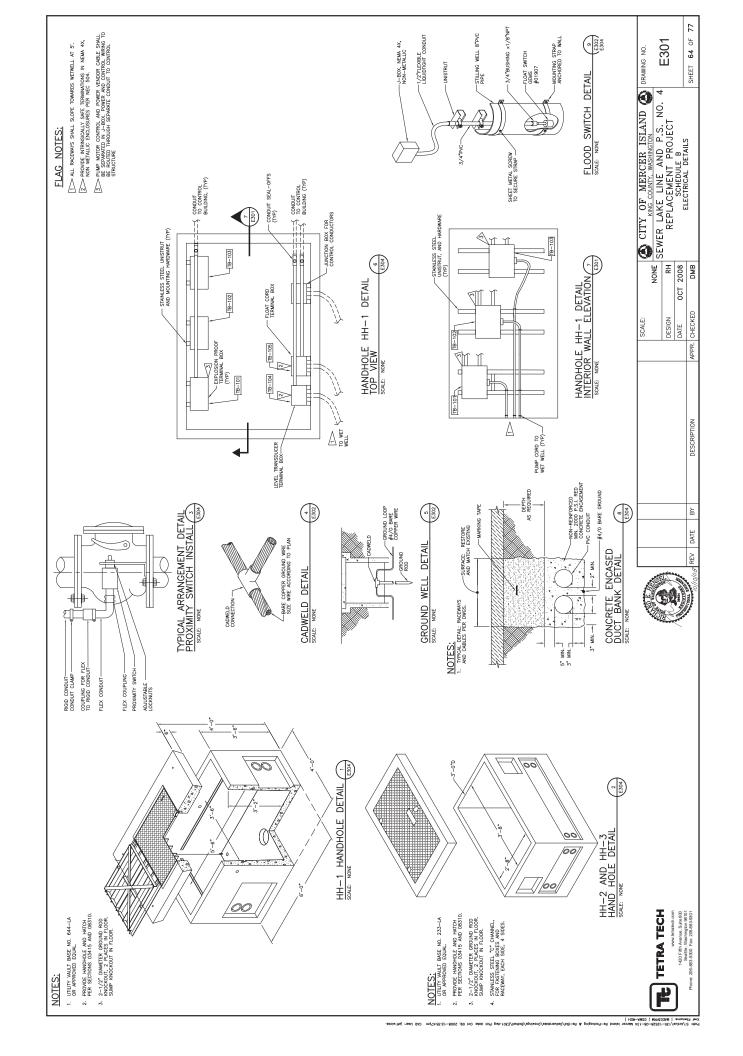


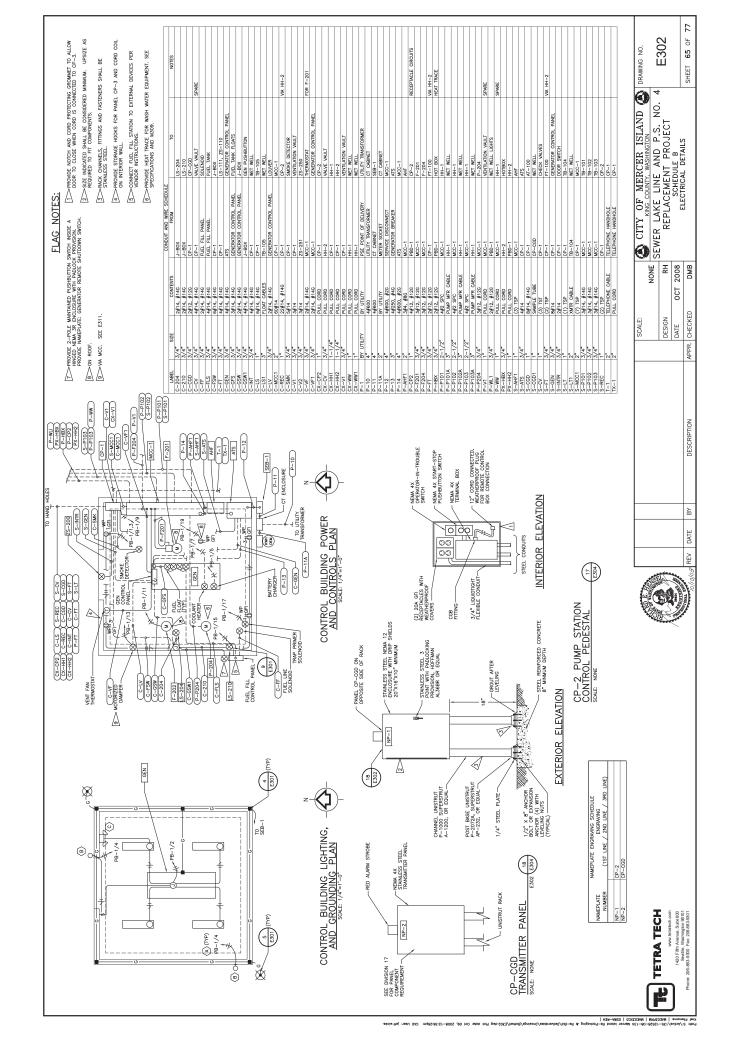


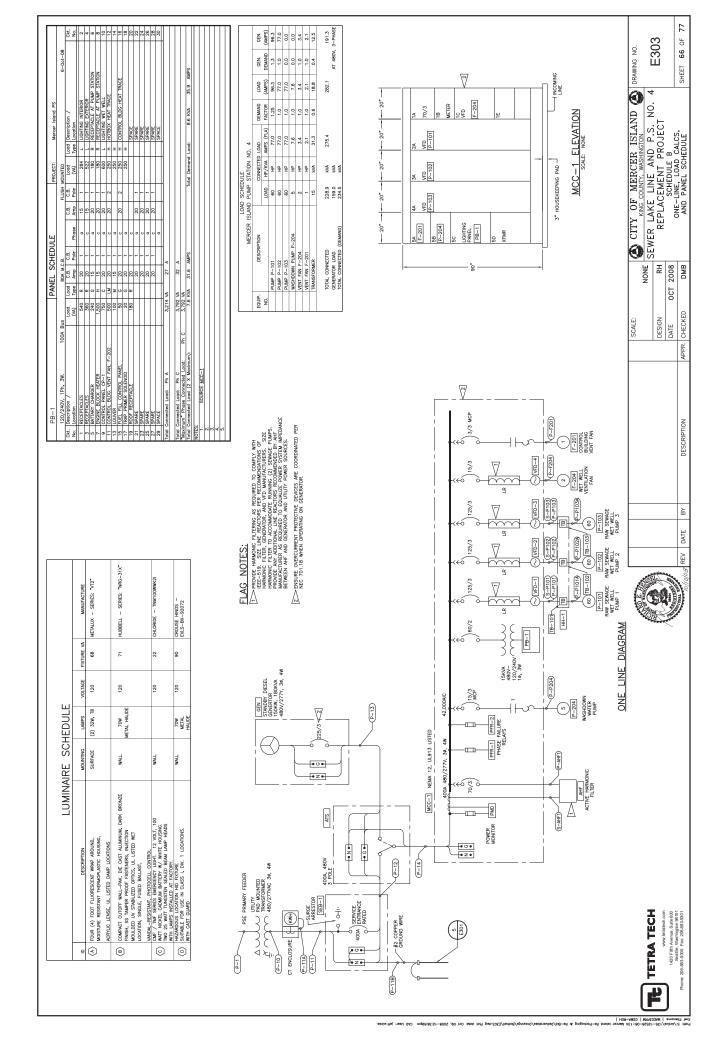


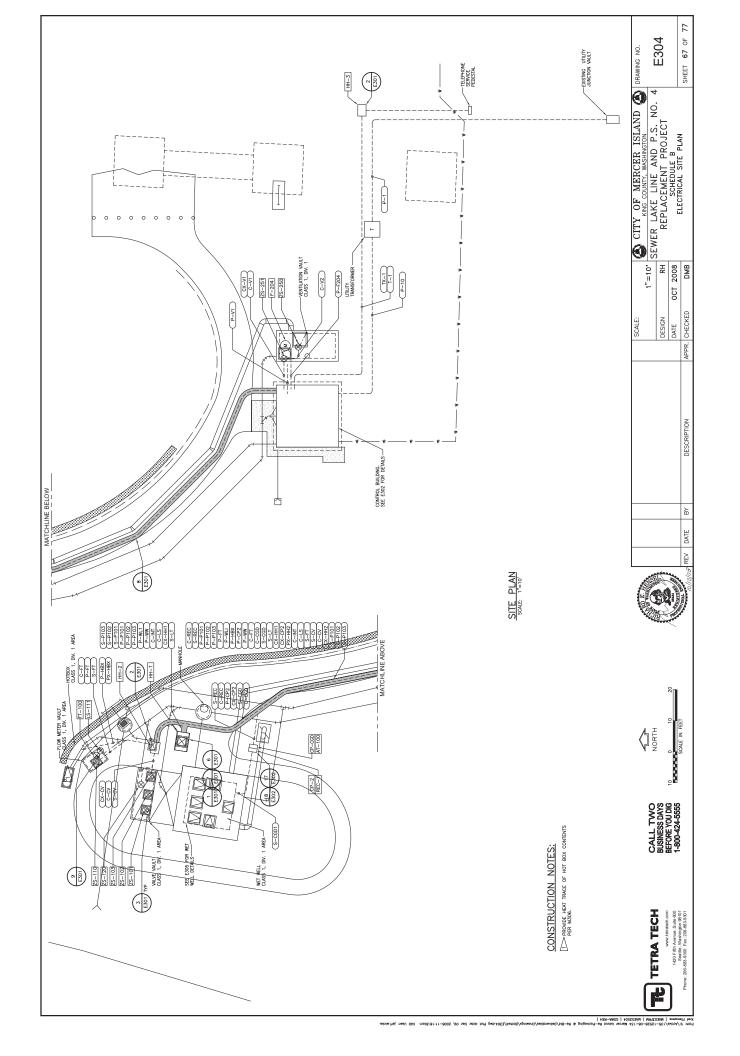


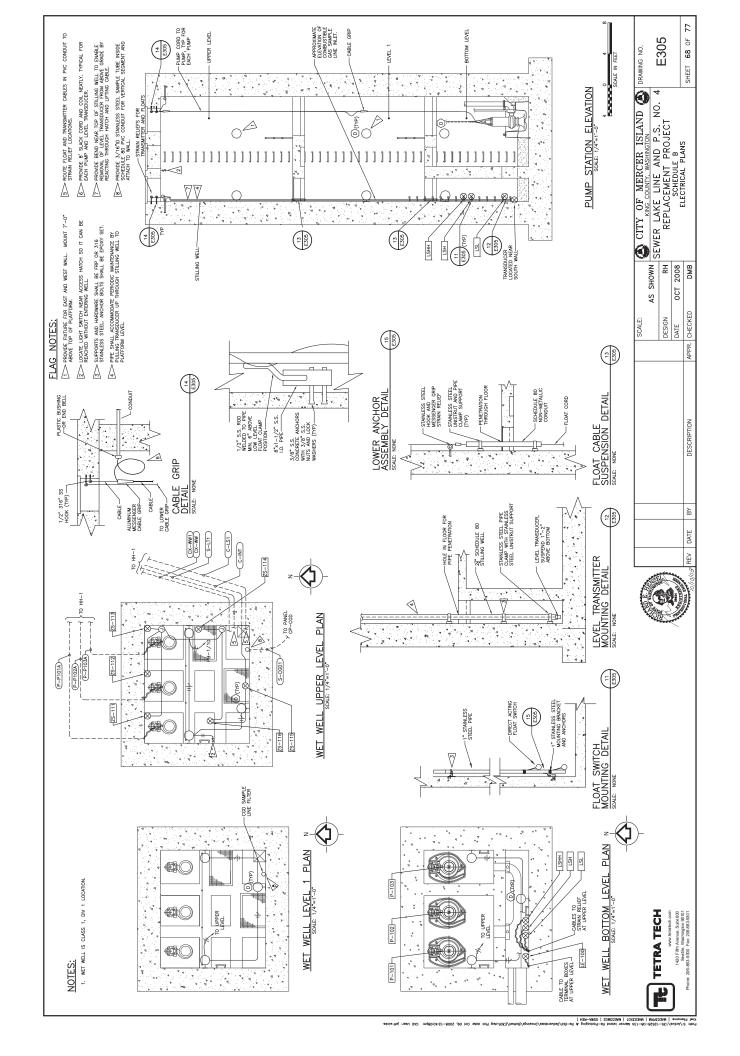
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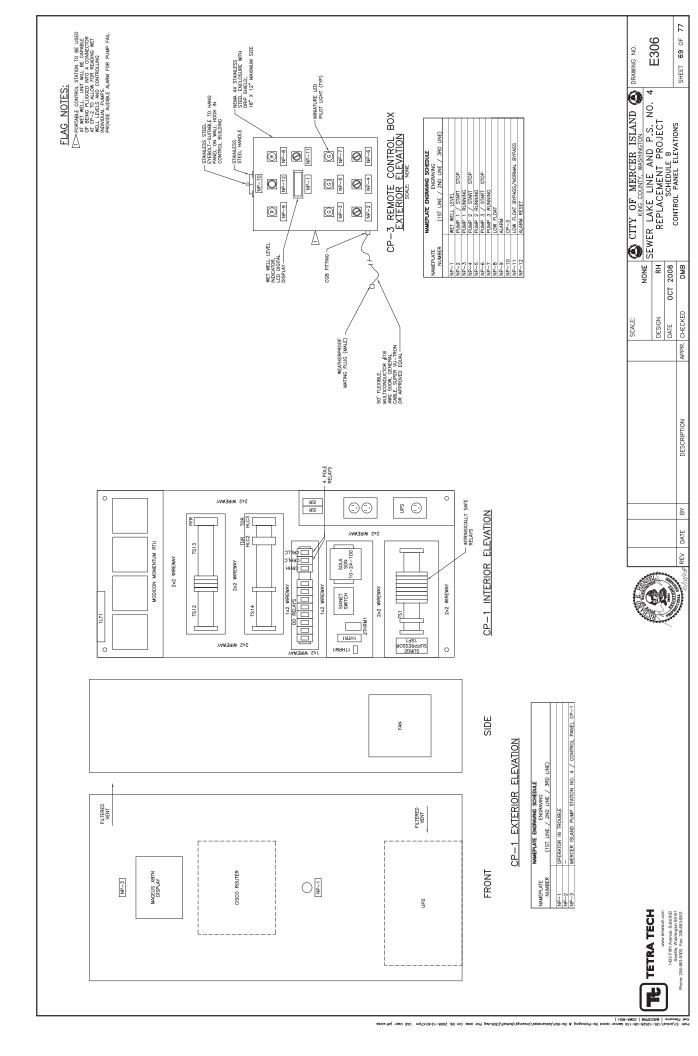


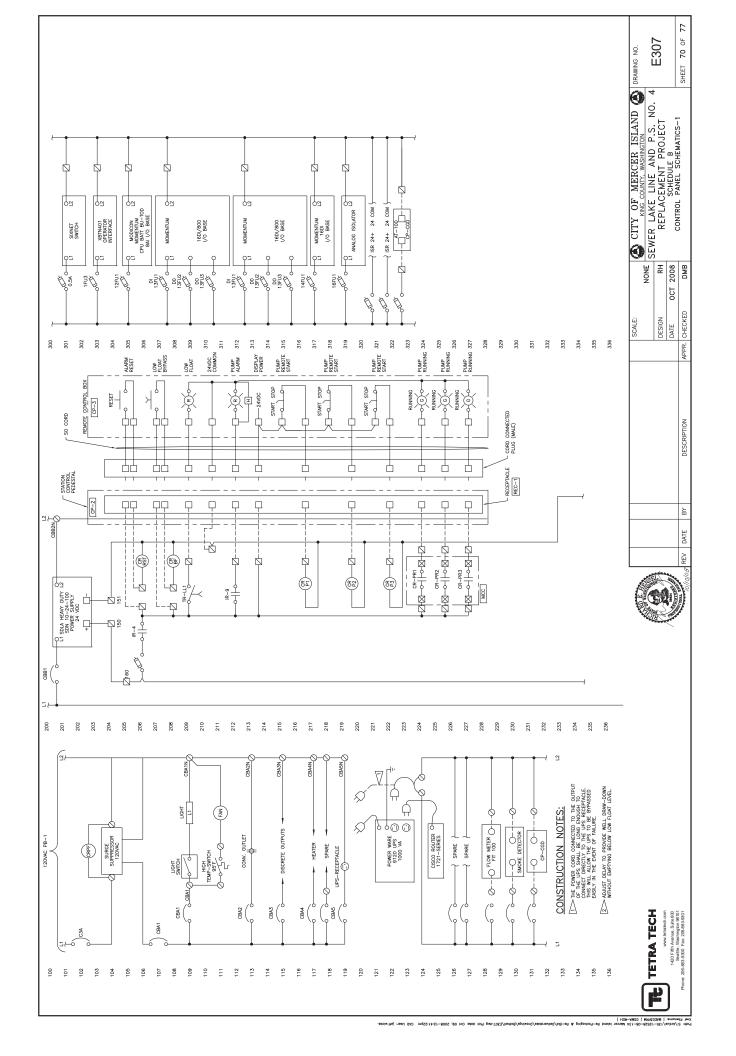


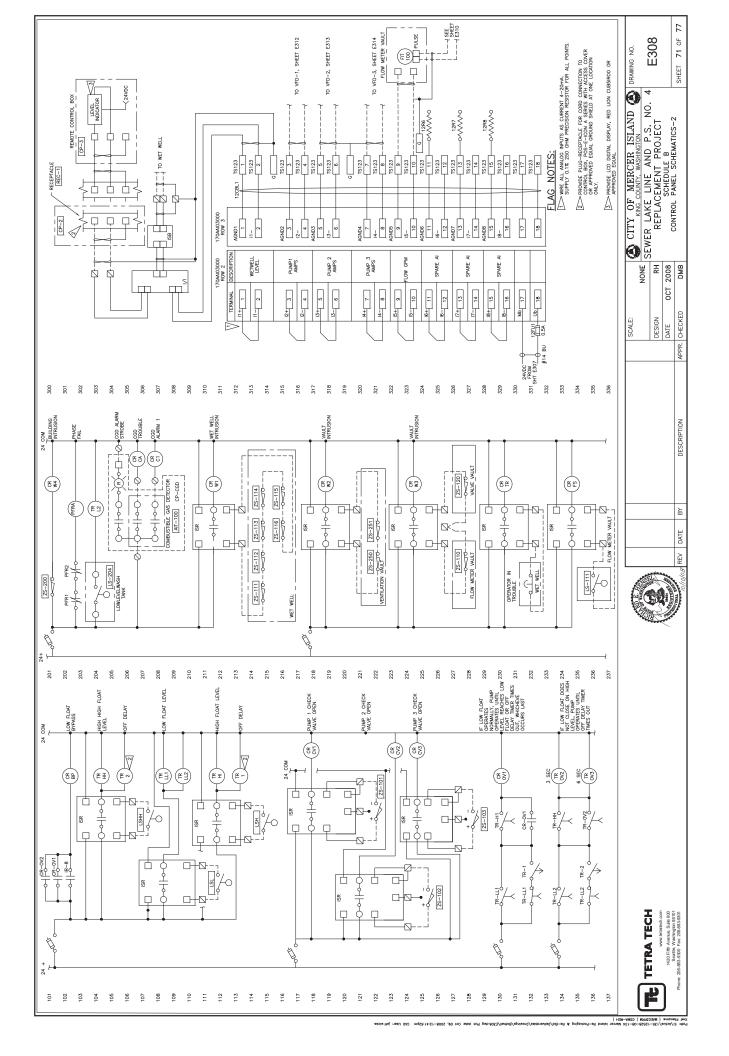




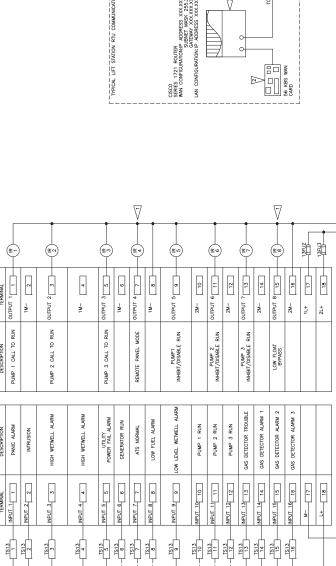








PROGRAM TO ENABLE WITH SOFT SWITCH ON OPERATOR INTERFACE. SEE SECTION 17500. 2>TO BE SUPPLIED BY PHONE COMPANY. MOUNT INSIDE CP-1. CONSTRUCTION NOTES: TERMINAL 170ADM37010 ROW 2 DESCRIPTION 170ADM37010 ROW 1 DESCRIPTION TERMINAL 1813 | CR-IR |



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MODBUS/TCP (CAT 5)	O O MOMENTUM I/O	RTU MOUTUNA MOUTUNA MOUTUNE P. CODESS 1 220020XXXX S. IRANDAS 1 20020XXXXX S. IRANDAS 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	A TOTAL CONTRACT OF THE PARTY O
POWET SWITCH	CISCO SERIES 1721 ROUTER AND OWNCOAPCHAINTON STATEMENT S		



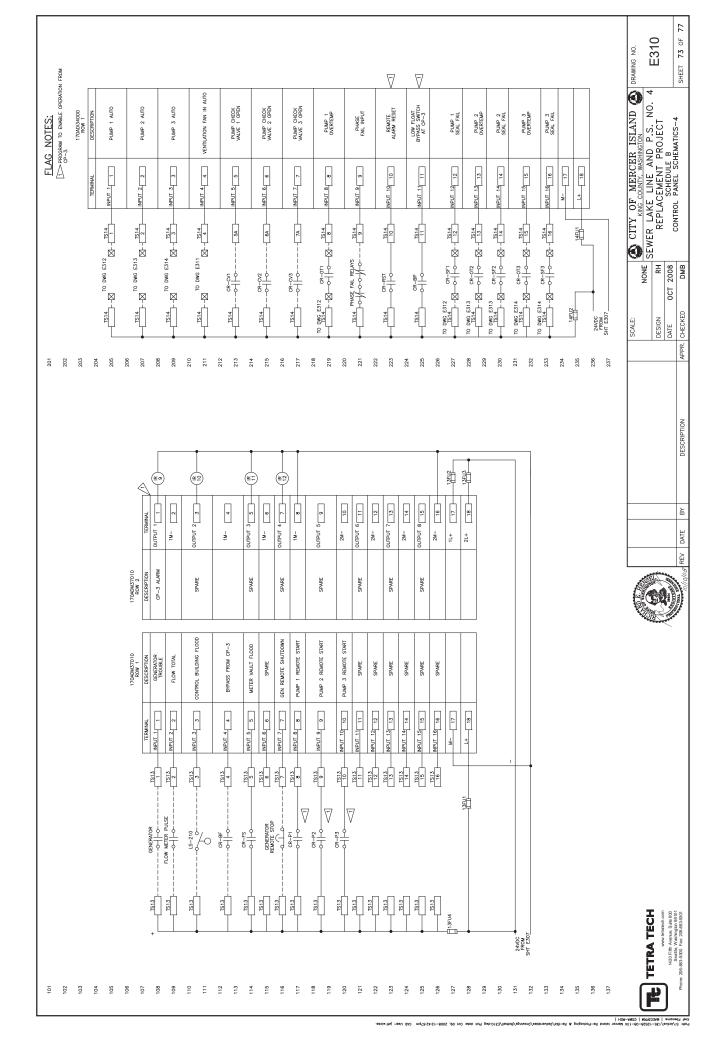
DRAWING NO.		E309		SHEET 72 OF
CITY OF MERCER ISLAND DEPARTMENT NO. KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON	NONE SEWER LAKE LINF AND P.S. NO. 4	REPLACEMENT PROJECT		CONTROL PANEL SCHEMATICS-3
i i	NONE	RH	OCT 2008	DMB
SCALE:		DESIGN	DATE	APPR. CHECKED
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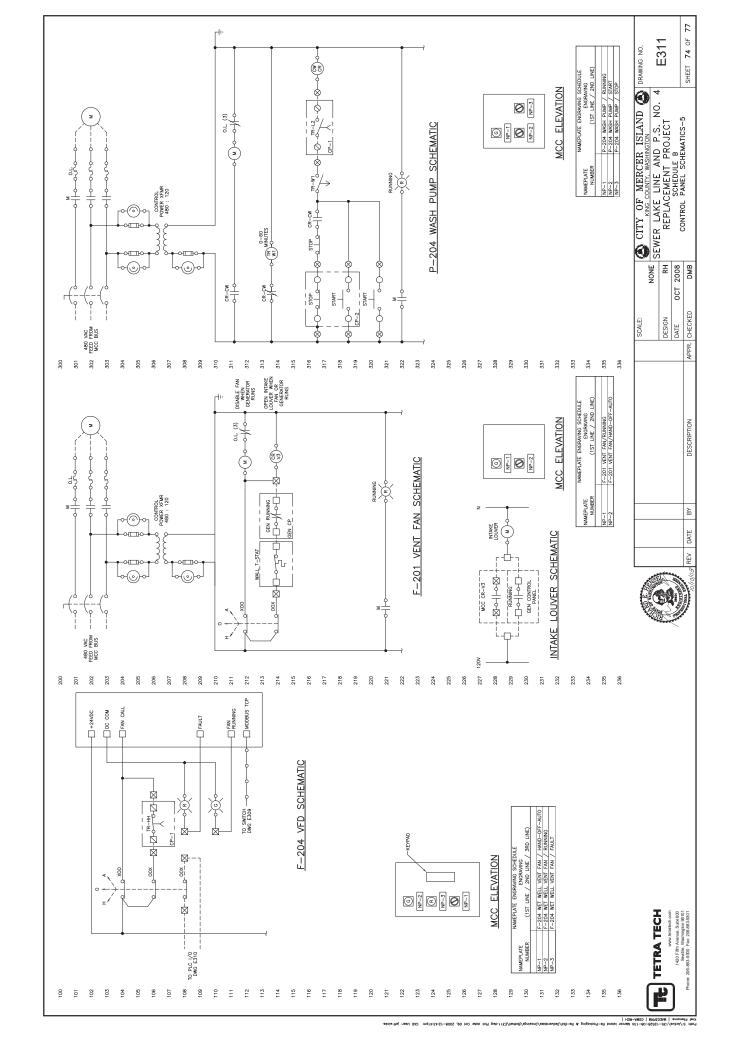
SHEET 72 OF 77

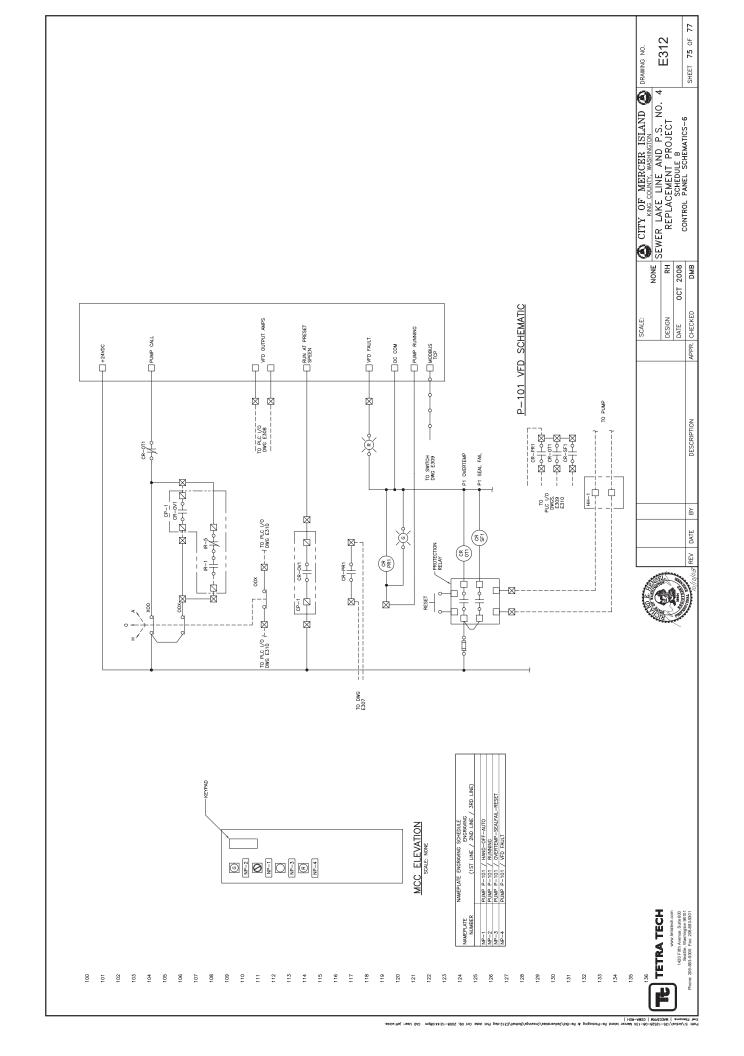
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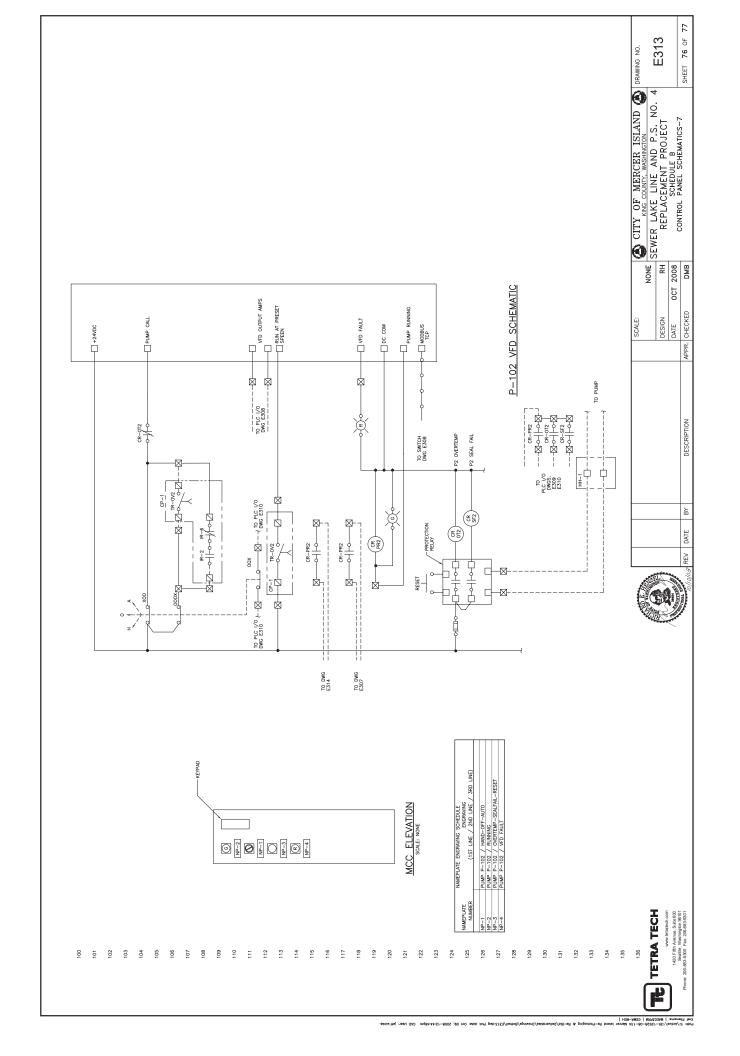
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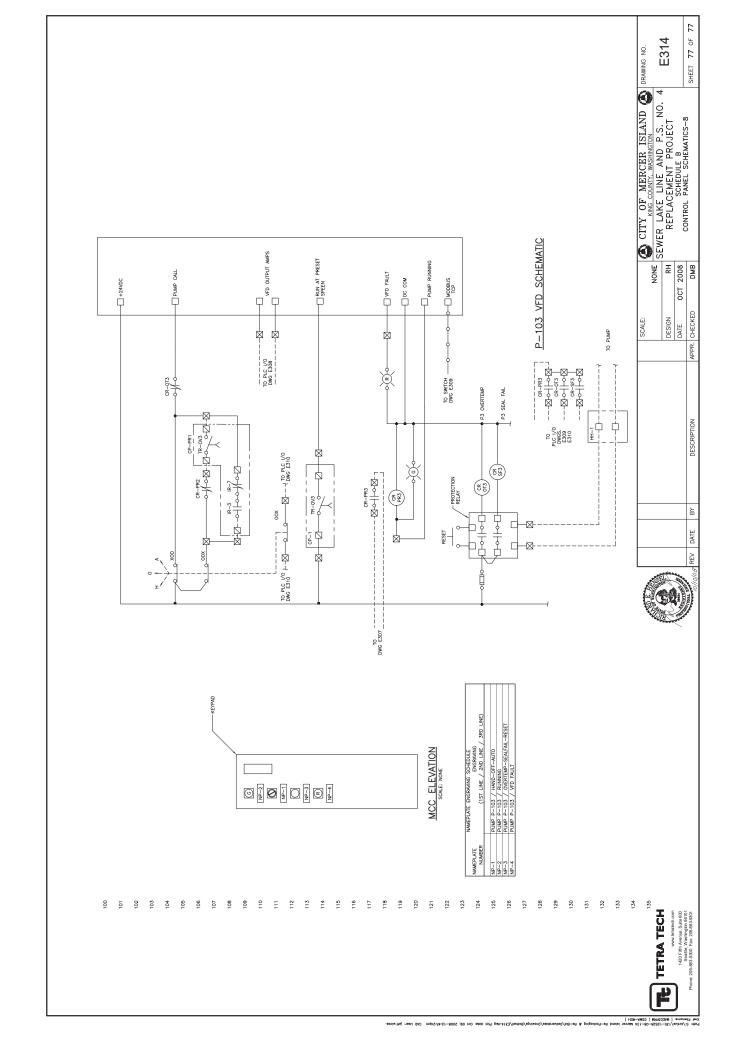
24VDC FROM SHT E307











SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION 4 MCC DRAWINGS





SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL. LYNNWOOD, WA

Job Name: Job Location:

 Purchaser:
 GRAYBAR ELECT CO 5818836

 Purchaser PO #:
 4700908926

Architect: Cons. Engineer:

TECHNICAL SYSTEM INC TECHNICAL SYSTEM INC Square D Quotation #: 26200178
Quotation Revision #:
Sales Contact: ins – brad cummins
Sales Contact Location: 636 Customer: Customer PO #:

APPROVAL

Drawing Status: <u>User:</u> User Location:

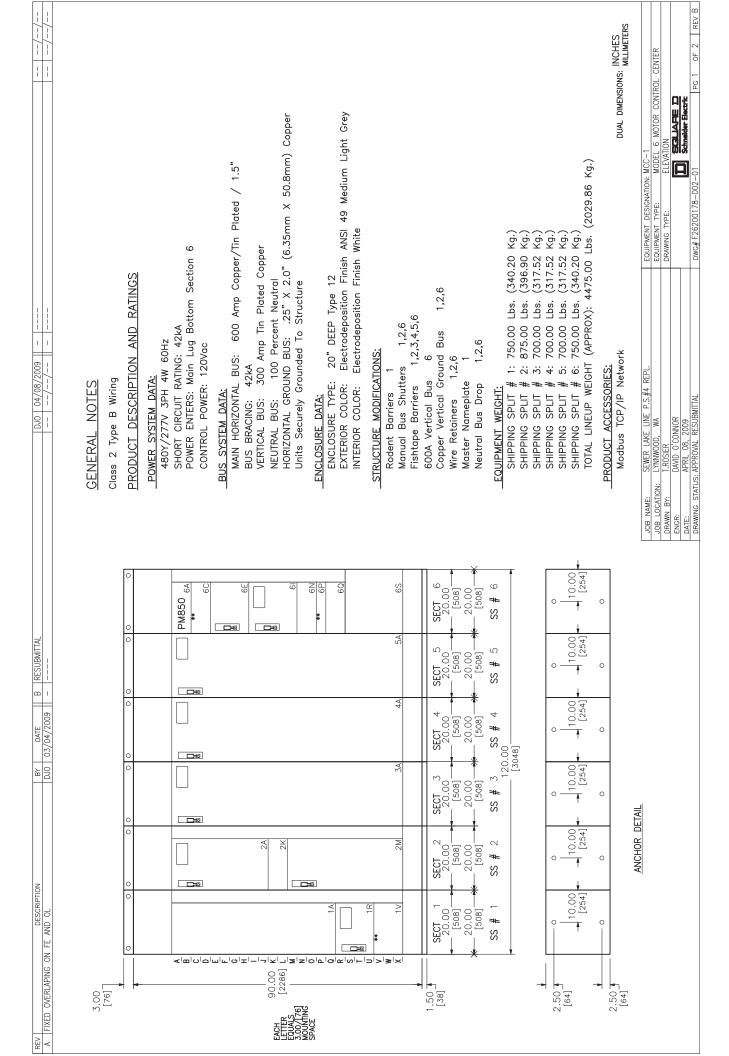
TECHNICAL SYSTEM INC

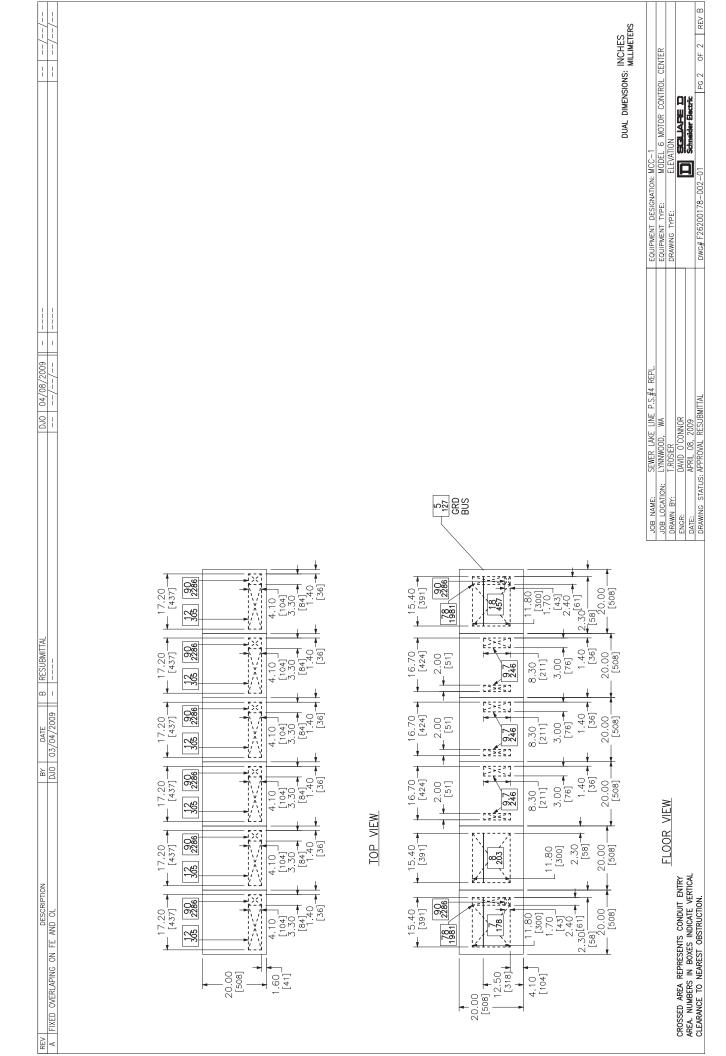
TABLE OF CONTENTS

SQUARE D FACTORY ORDER NUMBER: 26200178-002

Equipment Designation MCC-1

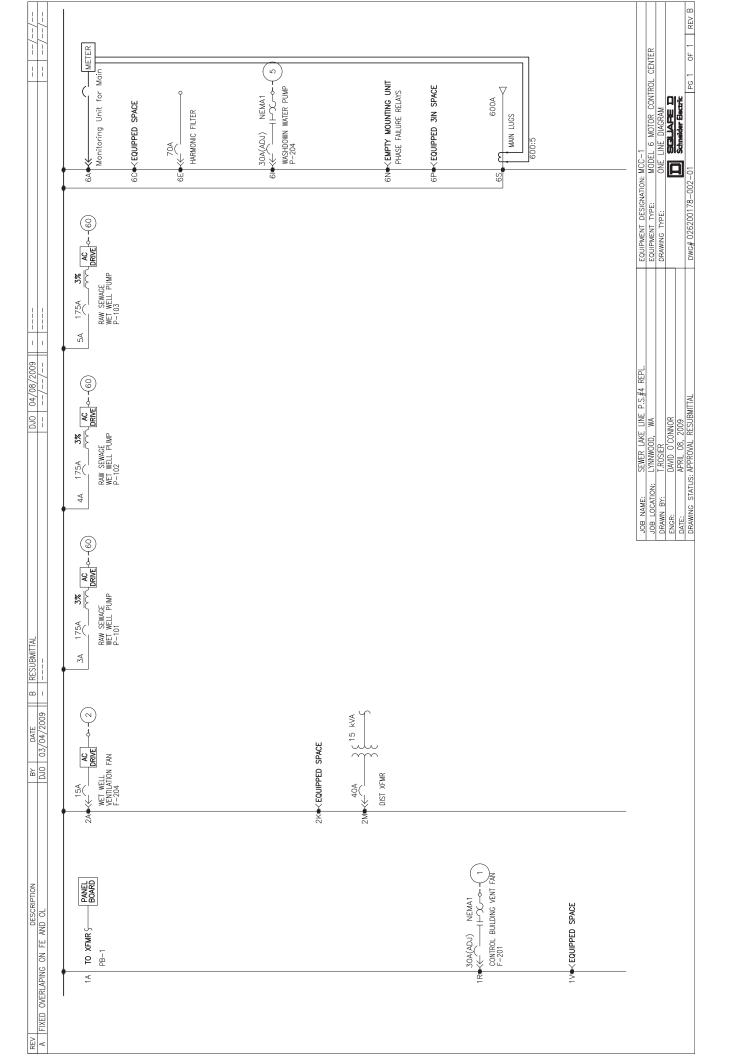
Revision <u>Level</u>				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
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Page	-	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	7	3	-	-	7	-	7	-	7	ъ	-	7	М
Drawing Number	F26200178-002-01	F26200178-002-01	026200178-002-01	126200178-002-01	126200178-002-01	E26200178-002-01	E26200178-002-02	E26200178-002-03	E26200178-002-03	E26200178-002-04	E26200178-002-05	E26200178-002-05	E26200178-002-05	E26200178-002-06	E26200178-002-07	E26200178-002-07	E26200178-002-08	E26200178-002-08	E26200178-002-09	E26200178-002-09	E26200178-002-09	E26200178-002-10	E26200178-002-10	E26200178-002-10
Drawing Type	ELEVATION		ONE LINE DIAGRAM	UNIT INFORMATION		ELEMENTARY DIAGRAMS		ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM							ELEMENTARY DIAGRAMS		ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM							
Equipment Type	MODEL 6 MCC																							

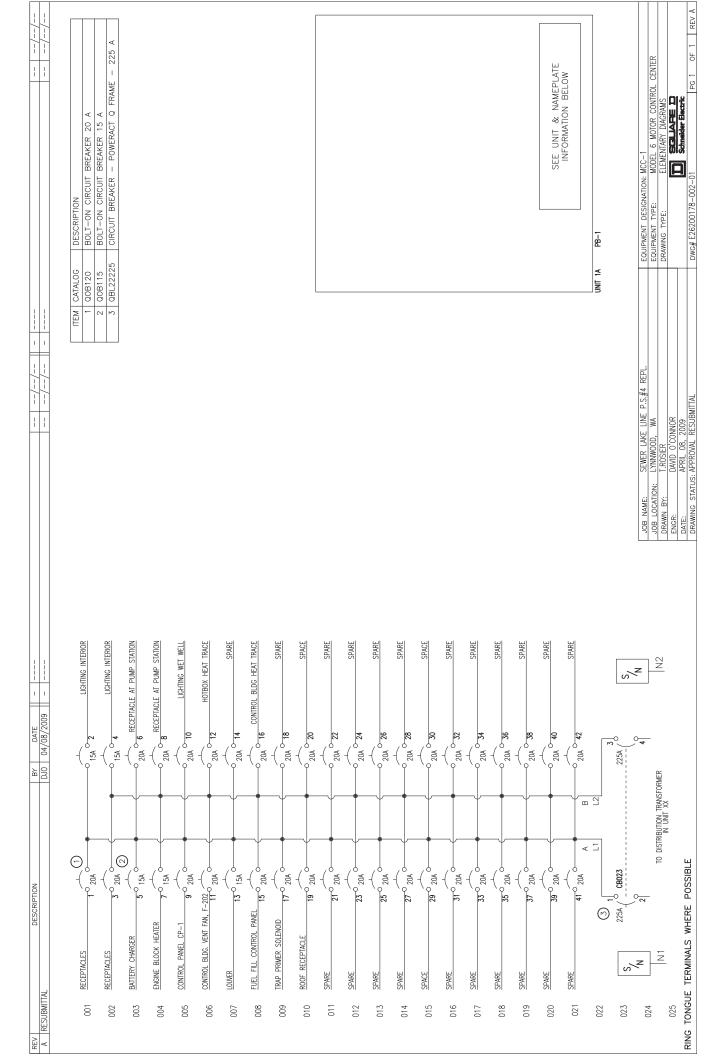


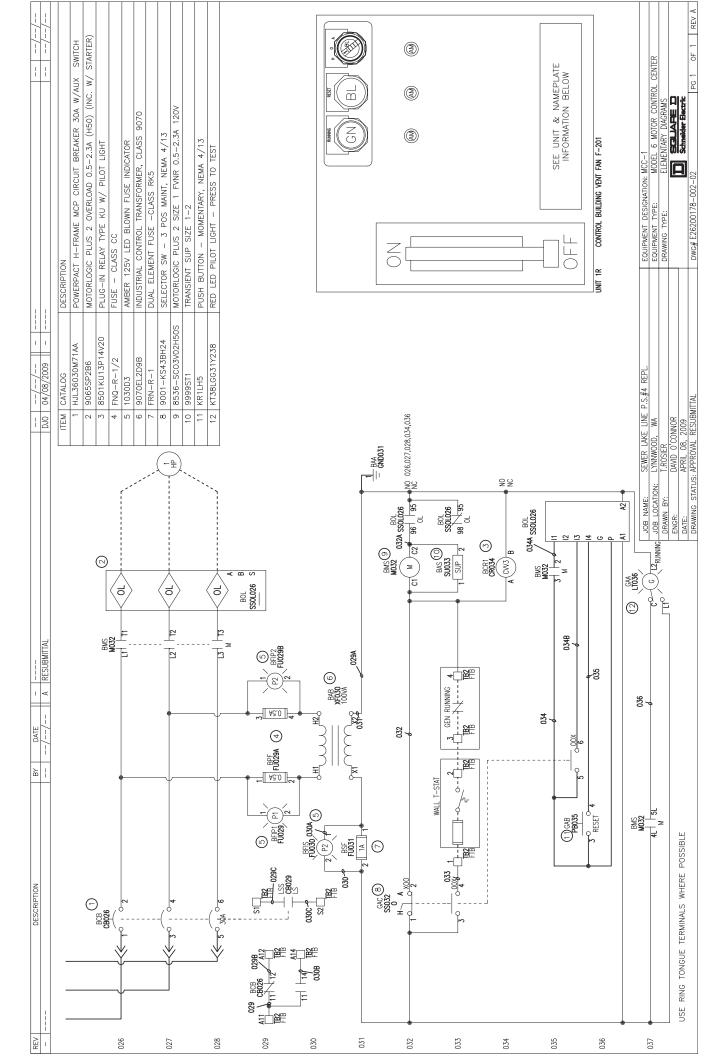


REV	REV DESCRIPTION		_	3Y	BY DATE								-/	/				//
A	ESUBMITTAL			JO 04	1/08/20							1	-/	/				//
LOC	NAMEPLATE DESIGNATION (WHITE SURFACE/BLACK LETTERS)	TYPE	SIZE	웊	FRAME TRIP AMPS AMPS	TRIP	CONTROL SOURCE	\$	FUSE	SIZE INTER SEC NO	LOCKS PIL	OT DEVICE	FEATURE	FUSE SIZE INTERLOCKS PILOT DEVICE FEATURES 30 mm- 9001K LED PRI SEC NO NC ON LIGHT OFF LIGHT ADDL P/L SS	9001K LED SS / PB	OTHER UNIT FEATURES	ш	ELEMENTARY #
A1	PB-1	PANEL BOARD	225A		88											42 CIRCUITS, CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, FULLY RATED, NOOD, POWER TERM BLOCKS, RING TONGUE TERMINALS, PADLOCK BRACKET	S, I BLOCKS, K BRACKET	E26200178-002-01
#	CONTROL BUILDING VENT FAN F-201	FVNR	NEMA 1	-	를 5 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	30 8	CONTROL TRANSFORMER	001	02:	1.00	1 GREE	GREEN PTT			HOA SS	5 ADDITIONAL UNWIRED TERMINALS CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, INT INTLK MODBUS 2-WIRE, MOTOR CIRCUIT	1A/1B FORM C, PROTECTOR,	E26200178-002-02
																MOTOR LOGIC PLUS II 0/L H50, POWER TERM BLOCKS, RING TONGUE TERMINALS, TRANSIENT SUPPRESSION, WIRED RELAY, BFI	UE TERMINALS, RELAY, BFI	
>1		SPACE																
2A Y Y Y	WET WELL VENTILATION FAN F-204	VT DRIVE	112	2	H 150	15 CC	CONTROL TRANSFORMER	150	1.00	1.60	GRE	GREEN PTT			HOA SS SPD POT	6" UNIT EXT, 8 INTERWIRED POINTS, CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, MODBUS/UNITELWAY COMM, RING TONGUE TERMINALS	S, NITELWAY COMM,	E26200178-002-03
7K		SPACE																
2M D	DIST XFMR	1PH DIST XFMR	15 kVA		로 Q2	9										RING TONGUE TERMINALS, SECONDARY WIRE TO PANELBOARD, COPPER WINDINGS		E26200178-002-04
Ač N G	WET WELL PUMP P-101	VT DRIVE	E D37	09	JL 250	175 CC	CONTROL TRANSFORMER	300	1.60	3.20	GRE	GREEN PTT			HOA SS SPD POT	8 INTERWIRED POINTS, CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, MODBUS/UNITELWAY COMM, RING TONGUE TERMINALS PUMP SUPERVISION RELAY	RE LABELS, TONGUE TERMINALS	E26200178-002-05
₹	WET WELL PUMP P-102	VT DRIVE	E D37	09	JL 250	175 C	175 CONTROL TRANSFORMER	300	1.60	3.20	GRE	GREEN PTT			HOA SS SPD POT	8 INTERWIRED POINTS, CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, MODBUS/UNITELWAY COMM, RING TONGUE TERMINALS PUMP SUPERVISION RELAY	RE LABELS, TONGUE TERMINALS	E26200178-002-09
															- 1			
LOC	NAMEPLATE DESIGNATION	UNIT	SIZE	윺	FRAME TRIP AMPS AMPS	TRIP	CONTROL SOURCE	\$	PRI	PRI SEC NO FUSE SIZE INTER	NC ON	ON LIGHT OFF LIGHT PILOT DEVICE FEATU	F LIGHT	PRI SEC NO NC ON LIGHT OFF LIGHT ADDL P/L SS FUSE SIZE INTERLOCKS PILOT DEVICE FEATURES 30 mm - 9001K LED	/ PB	OTHER UNIT FEATURES	ш	ELEMENTARY #
	MCC NAMEPLATE -	MCC-1								JOB NAME: JOB LOCAT	IE: SE ATION: LY	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL. LYNNWOOD, WA	LINE P.S.#4	REPL.		EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1 EQUIPMENT TYPE: MODEL	MCC-1 MODEL 6 MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	OL CENTER
	(WHILE SURFACE/BLACK LETTERS)									DRAWN E ENGR:	3Y: T.	DRAWN BY: T.ROSIER ENGR: DAVID O'CONNOR APRIL OR 2009	0R			DRAWING TYPE: UNIT IN	SCILAPE D Schneider Electric	
										DRAWING	STATUS: AF	PROVAL RES	SUBMITTAL			Dwc# 126200178-002-01		PG 1 OF 2 REV A

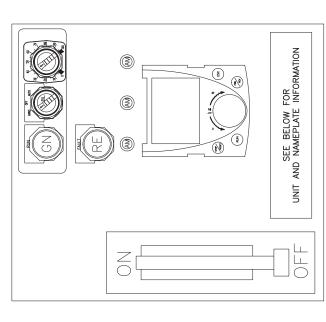
A A	REV RESUBMITTAL		DNO	DJO 04/08/2009	/2009								//					//	
LOC	NAMEPLATE DESIGNATION	TYPE	SIZE	HP FRA	FRAME TRIP AMPS AMPS	P CONTROL SOURCE	*	FUSE	SIZE IN	TERLOCI 10 NC	(S PILOT	DEVICE F	SIZE INTERLOCKS PILOT DEVICE FEATURES 30 mm- 9001K LED SEC NO NC ON LIGHTOFF LIGHT ADDL P/L SS	mm- 900 P/L	IK LED SS / PB		OTHER UNIT FEATURES	ELEMENTARY #	
8	WET WELL PUMP P-103	1.1	D37 (60 JL 250	175	175 CONTROL TRANSFORMER	300	1.60	3.20		GREEN PTT	F					8 INTERWIRED POINTS, CUSTOM WIRE LABELS, MODBUS/UNITELWAY COMM, RING TONGUE TERMINALS PUMP SUPERNSION RELAY	E26200178-002-10	
																5	בו ב		
¥9		POWER METER														PM850 V	PM850 W/DISPLAY	E26200178-002-08	
ပ္ဖ		SPACE																	
9E	HARMONIC FILTER	BRANCH		1 + = -	HJ 70											14-3/04	14-3/0AWG 1 LUG/PH, RING TONGUE TERMINALS	E26200178-002-06	
19	Washdown water pump P-204	FVNR	NEMA 5	5 ± 55	H. ADJ	ADJ CONTROL TRANSFORMER 30 W/SPDT PWR DISC	100	95.	1.00	-	GREEN PTT	E.			START/STOP PB	3" UNIT CUSTOM MODBUS	F EXT, 5 ADDITIONAL UNWIRED TERMINALS, I WIRE LABELS, INT INTLK 14/18 FORM C, 2—WIRE, MOTOR CIRCUIT PROTECTOR,	E26200178-002-07	
																MOTOR L POWER 1 TRANSIEN	MOTOR LOGIC PLUS II 0/L H52, JCK TIMER, POWER TERM BLOCKS, RING TONGUE TERMINALS, TRANSIENT SUPPRESSION, WIRED RELAY, BFI		
N9	Phase failure relays	TMU														BFI, PHA	BFI, PHASE FALURE RELAY	E26200178-002-08	
д9		SPACE																	
g 9	Surge Arrestor	SURGE ARREST																	
8		MAIN														3/0-500 RING TOP	3/0-500KCMIL 2 LUGS/PH, RING TONGUE TERMINALS, SOLID NEUTRAL	E26200178-002-08	
LOC	NAMEPLATE DESIGNATION	UNIT	SIZE	HP FRA	FRAME TRIP AMPS AMPS	P CONTROL SOURCE	\$	PRI FUSE	SEC IN	NO NC	ON LI	NC ON LIGHT OFF LIGHT OCKS PILOT DEVICE FEATU	PRI SEC NO NC ON LIGHT OFF LIGHT ADDL P/L SS FUSE SIZE INTERLOCKS PILOT DEVICE FEATURES 30 mm - 9001K LED	P/L nm- 900	SS / PB		OTHER UNIT FEATURES	ELEMENTARY #	
									JOB	JOB NAME:	SEWE	R LAKE LINE	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL.			EQUIPMENT DESIG	EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1 FOUR INSMENT TYPE: MODEL & MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	TROI CENTER	
									DRAM	DRAWN BY:	T.ROSI	T.ROSIER				DRAWING TYPE:			
									DATE		APRIL	DAVID O CUINION DATE: APRIL 08, 2009					Schneider Electric		
									DRAV	/ING STA'	US: APPR(VAL KESUB	MITTAL			DwG# 1262	DwG# 126200178-002-01	PG 2 OF 2 REV A	<







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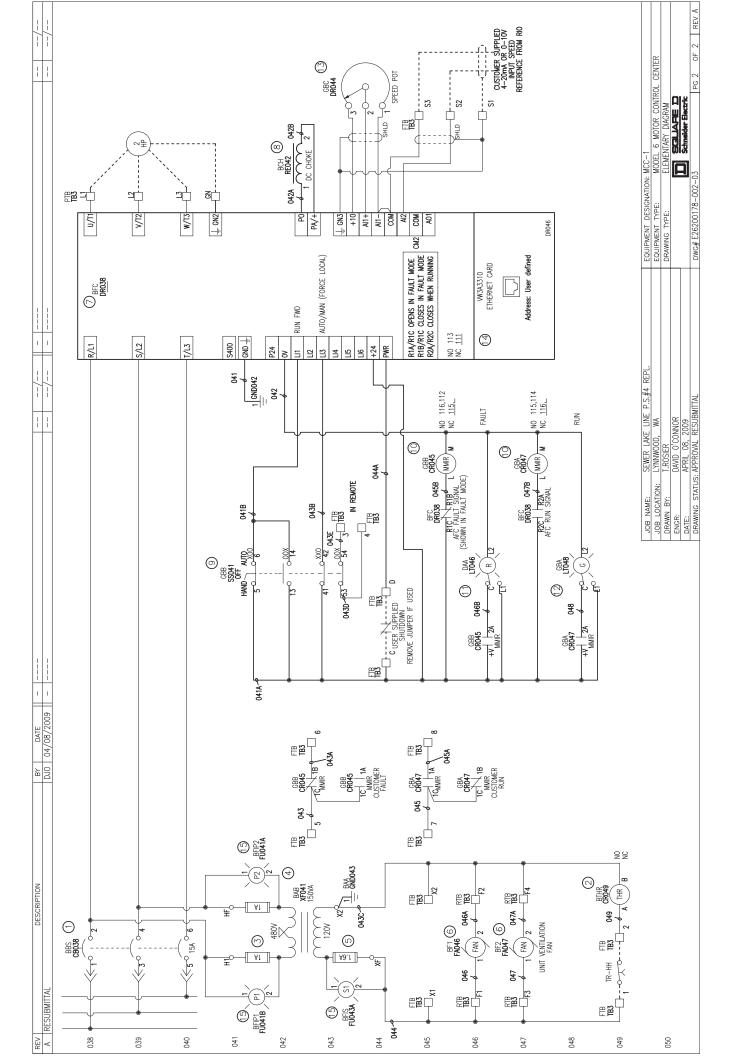


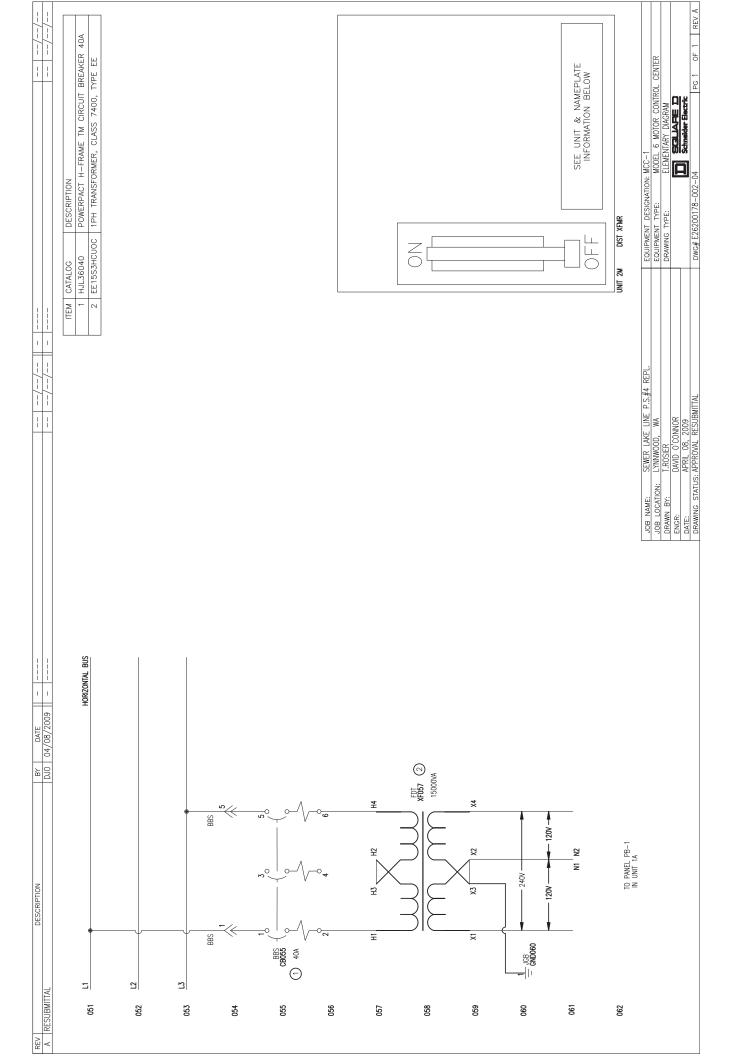
UNIT 2A WET WELL VENTILATION FAN F-204

_	HLL36015	POWERPACT H-FRAME TM CIRCUIT BREAKER 15A
2	8501KU13P14V20	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KU W/ PILOT LIGHT
3	FNQ-R-1	FUSE - CLASS CC
4	9070TF150D1	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER, CLASS 9070
2	FNQ-R-1 6/10	FUSE - CLASS CC
9	028316	MUFFIN XL AC - MX2A3 115VAC FAN
7	HTV61H075N4	ALTIVAR 61 VARIABLE TORQUE DRIVE 2 HP
00	DCA000403	DC CHOKE 4 AMPS
0	9001-KS42BH75	SELECTOR SW - 3 POS MAINT, NEMA 4/13
10	8044224750	MCC, MMIR 24VDC RELAY MOD. KIT
1	11 KT38LRR31Y238	YELLOW LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST, NEMA 4/13
12	KT38LGG31Y238	RED LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST
13	9001K2106	POTENTIOMETER 2.5KOHM 2W 30MM
41	VW3A3310	MODBUS TCP/IP OPTION
15	1030D3	AMBER 125V LED BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR

		1	1,2	2	2								
	ADJ.	EPr	IP00	2C	PnF	9	LEL	4	гUn	AI2	LI3	AI1	
	CODE ADJ.	LAC	Prt	tcc	CFG	bFr	tct	CrL2	r2	Fr1	FLO	FLOC	
- HAND/OFF/AUTO SW	DESCRIPTION	ACCESS LEVEL	POWER IDENTIFICATION	2/3 WIRE CONTROL	MACRO CONFIGURATION	STANDARD MOT. FREQ.	2 WIRE TYPE	AI2 MIN. VALUE	R2 ASSIGNMENT	REF. 1 CHAN	FORCED LOCAL ASSIGN.	FORCED LOCAL REF.	. 2 Hold for 3 Sec.
ATV 61-VT-No Bypass - HAND/OFF/AUTO SW	SUB-MENU							AIZ CONFIGURATION	R2 CONFIGURATION		FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL	¹ Frame 2-8, 230V & 460V ONLY, ² Hold for 3 Sec.
	No.	2	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.9	rame
	MENU No.	LAC	drC	SIM	SIM	SIM	0-1	1-0 1.5	0-1	CtL 1.6	COM 1.9	COM 1.9	-

JOB NAME:	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL.	EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1	4: MCC-1		
JOB LOCATION:	LYNNWOOD, WA	EQUIPMENT TYPE:	MODEL 6 MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	L CENTER	
DRAWN BY:	T.ROSIER	DRAWING TYPE:	ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM		
ENGR:	DAVID O'CONNOR				
DATE:	APRIL 08, 2009				
DRAWING STATUS	DRAWING STATUS: APPROVAL RESUBMITTAL	DWG# F26200178-002-03		PG 1 OF 2	REV A





		_															
	/	DESCRIPTION	POWERPACT J-FRAME TM CIRCUIT BREAKER 175A	MTE LINE REACTOR	FUSE - CLASS CC	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER, CLASS 9070	FUSE - CLASS CC	MUFFIN XL AC - MX2A3 115VAC FAN	ALTIVAR 61 VARIABLE TORQUE DRIVE 60 HP	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KU WITH PILOT LIGHT	SELECTOR SW - 3 POS MAINT, NEMA 4/13	MCC, MMIR 24VDC RELAY MOD. KIT	RED LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST	GREEN LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST	POTENTIOMETER 2.5KOHM 2W 30MM	MODBUS TCP/IP OPTION	THE PERSON AND A P
		CATALOG	JLL36175	2 RL08002	3 FNQ-R-1 6/10	4 9070T300D1	5 FNQ-R-3 2/10	6 028316	7 HTV61HD37N4	8 8501KUD13P14V53	9 9001-KS42BH75	10 8044224750	11 KT38LRR31Y238	12 KT38LGG31Y238	13 9001K2106	14 VW3A3310	1E VD1W31
N	DJ0 04/08/2009 -	MELLI MELLING THE				((RE))) ((WH))) ((BL))											(32)
NOTACRIBATION								_ _ _	<u>-</u> -								
BEV	A RESUBMITTAL																

WET WELL PUMP P-101 UNIT 3A

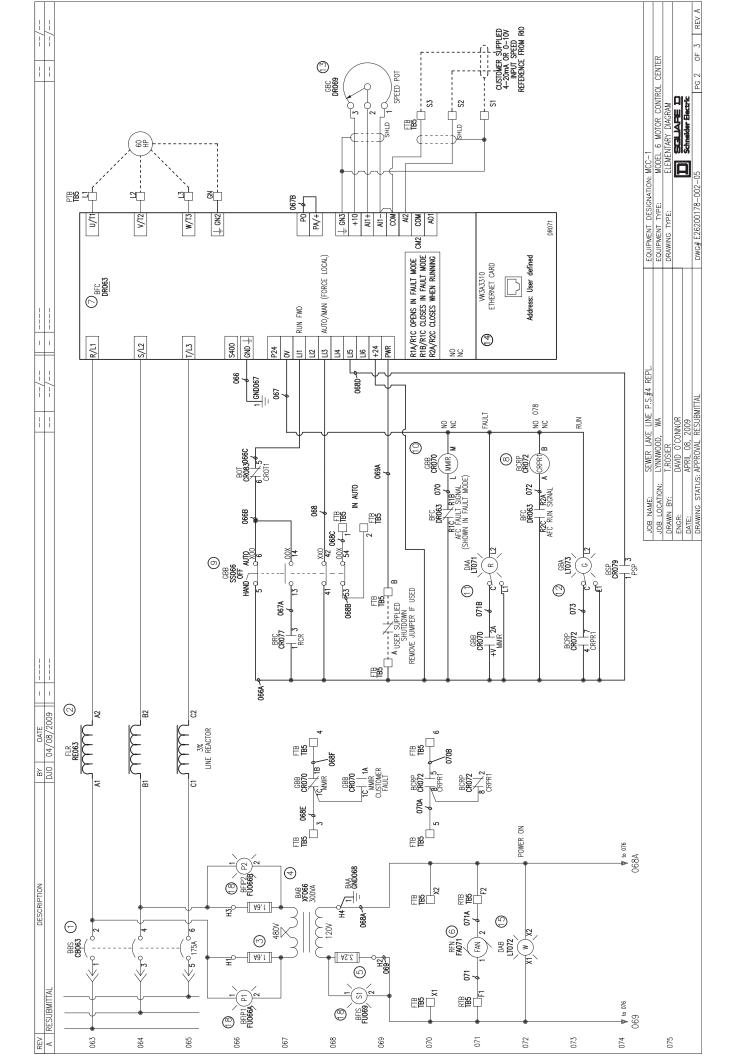
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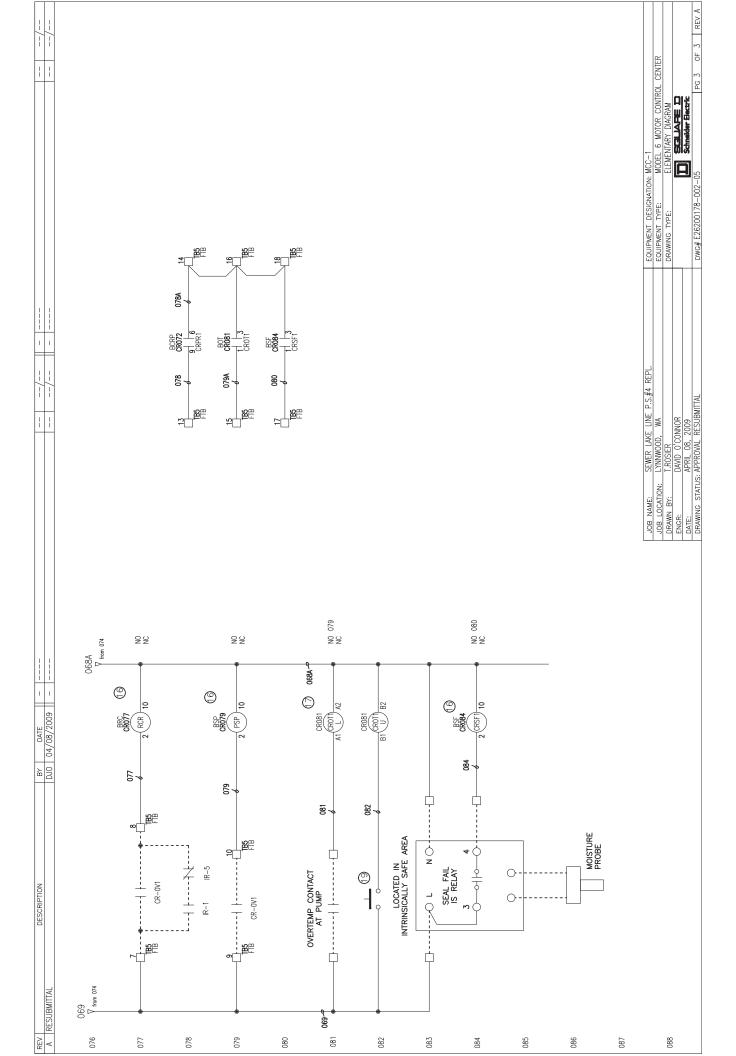
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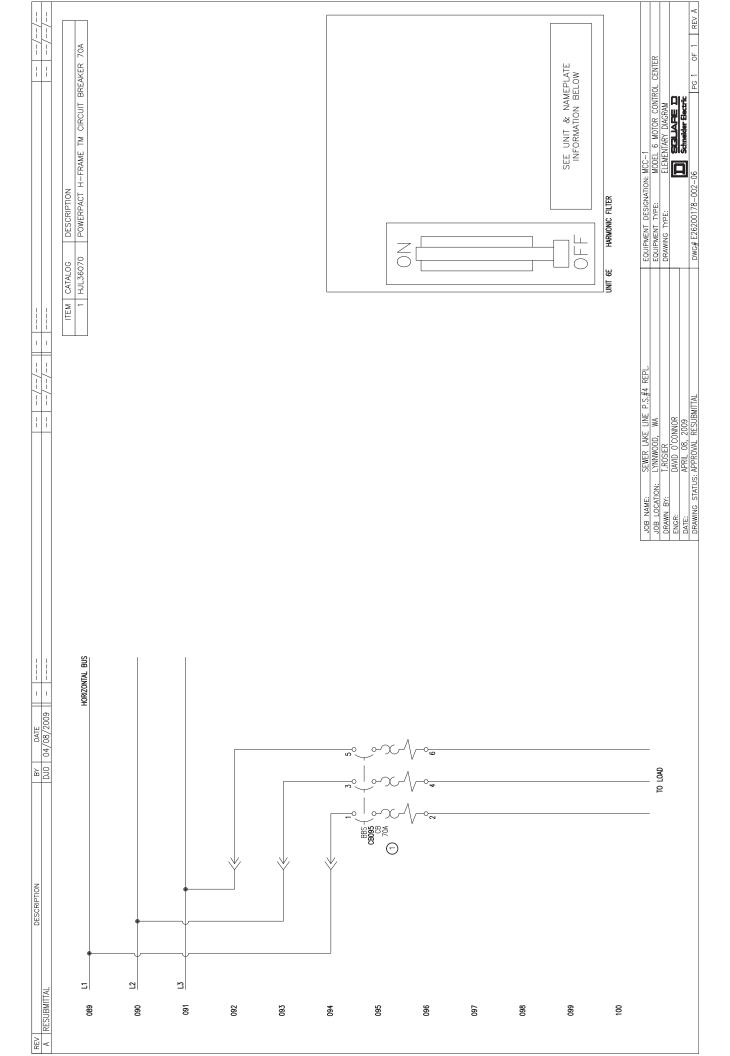
ITEM	CATALOG	DESCRIPTION
	JLL36175	POWERPACT J-FRAME TM CIRCUIT BREAKER 175A
	RL08002	MTE LINE REACTOR
	FNQ-R-1 6/10	FUSE - CLASS CC
	9070T300D1	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER, CLASS 9070
	FNQ-R-3 2/10	FUSE - CLASS CC
	028316	MUFFIN XL AC - MX2A3 115VAC FAN
	HTV61HD37N4	ALTIVAR 61 VARIABLE TORQUE DRIVE 60 HP
	8501KUD13P14V53	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KU WITH PILOT LIGHT
	9001-KS42BH75	SELECTOR SW - 3 POS MAINT, NEMA 4/13
	8044224750	MCC, MMIR 24VDC RELAY MOD. KIT
	KT38LRR31Y238	RED LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST
	KT38LGG31Y238	GREEN LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST
	9001K2106	POTENTIOMETER 2.5KOHM 2W 30MM
	VW3A3310	MODBUS TCP/IP OPTION
	KP1W31	WHITE PILOT LIGHT - STANDARD, NEMA 4/13
	8501KP13P14V20	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KP WITH PILOT LIGHT
	8501XLV02	RELAY MECH. LATCH (PROVIDED BY PUMP SUPPLIER)
	1030D3	AMBER 125V LED BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR
19	KR7BH5	PUSH BUTTON - MOMENTARY, NEMA 4/13

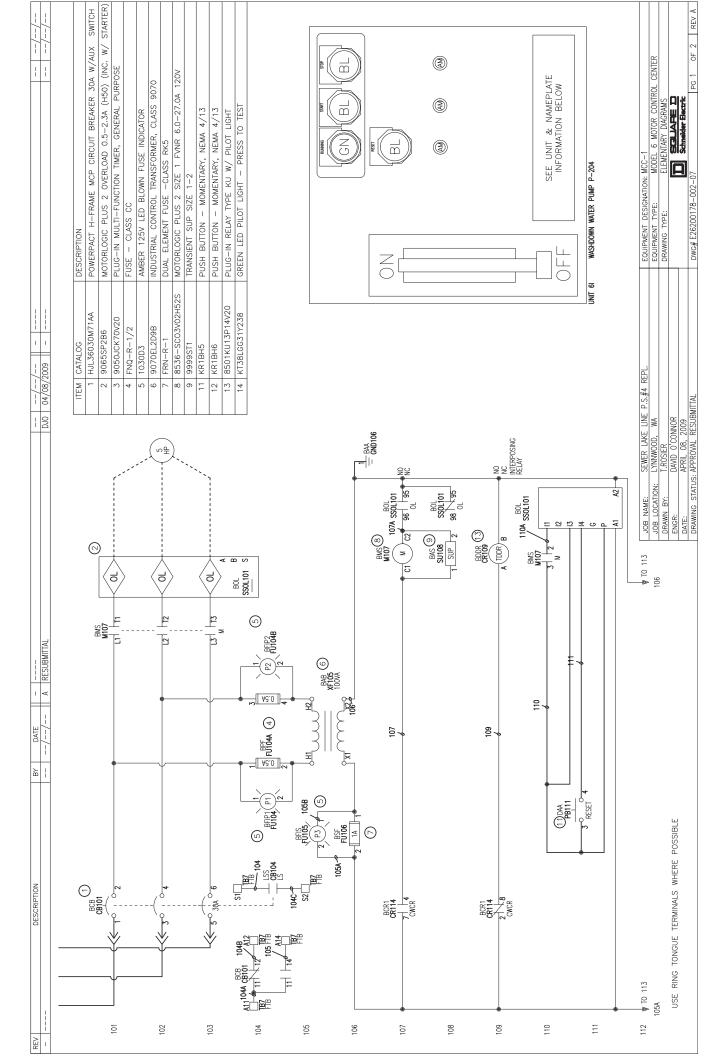
		ATV 61-VT-No Bypass - HAND/OFF/AUTO SW	- HAND/OFF/AUTO SW			
MENU No.	No.	SUB-MENU	DESCRIPTION	CODE ADJ.	ADJ.	
PC	2		ACCESS LEVEL	LAC	EPr	-
م ک	1.4		POWER IDENTIFICATION	Pr	IP00	1,2
SIM	1.1		2/3 WIRE CONTROL	Ç	2C	2
SIM	1.1		MACRO CONFIGURATION	CFG	PnF	2
SIM	1.1		STANDARD MOT. FREQ.	bFr	09	
<u>-</u>	1.5		2 WIRE TYPE	₽	Ę	
0-1	1.5	AIZ CONFIGURATION	AIZ MIN. VALUE	CrL2	4	
<u> </u>	1.5	R2 CONFIGURATION	R2 ASSIGNMENT	2	Į.	
CFL	1.6		REF. 1 CHAN	Fr1	AI2	
FUn	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	2 PRESET SPEEDS	PS2	LIS	
FUn	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	PRESET SPEED 2	SP2	0.09	
COM	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL ASSIGN.	FLO	LI3	
COM 1.9	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL REF.	FLOC Al1	AI1	
-	romo	1 Frame 2_8 230V & 460V ONLY	2 Hold for 3 Sec			

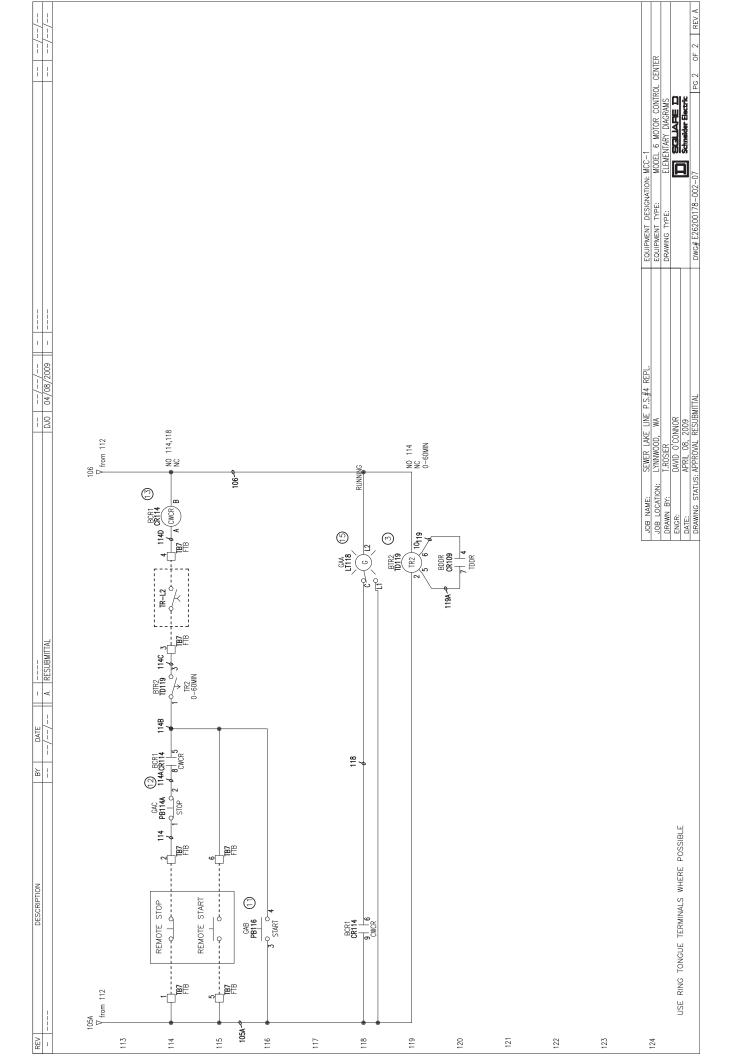
JOB NAME:	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL.	EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1	IN: MCC-1		
JOB LOCATION:	LYNNWOOD, WA	EQUIPMENT TYPE:	MODEL 6 MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	OL CENTER	
DRAWN BY:	T.ROSIER	DRAWING TYPE:	ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM		
ENGR:	DAVID O'CONNOR				
DATE:	APRIL 08, 2009		Schneider Electric		
STIFFE CHANGE	SOCIETY OF ADDROVAL DESIDENTAL	20 000 0F1000201 "Oma		7 70 7	٧ ، ۵۵

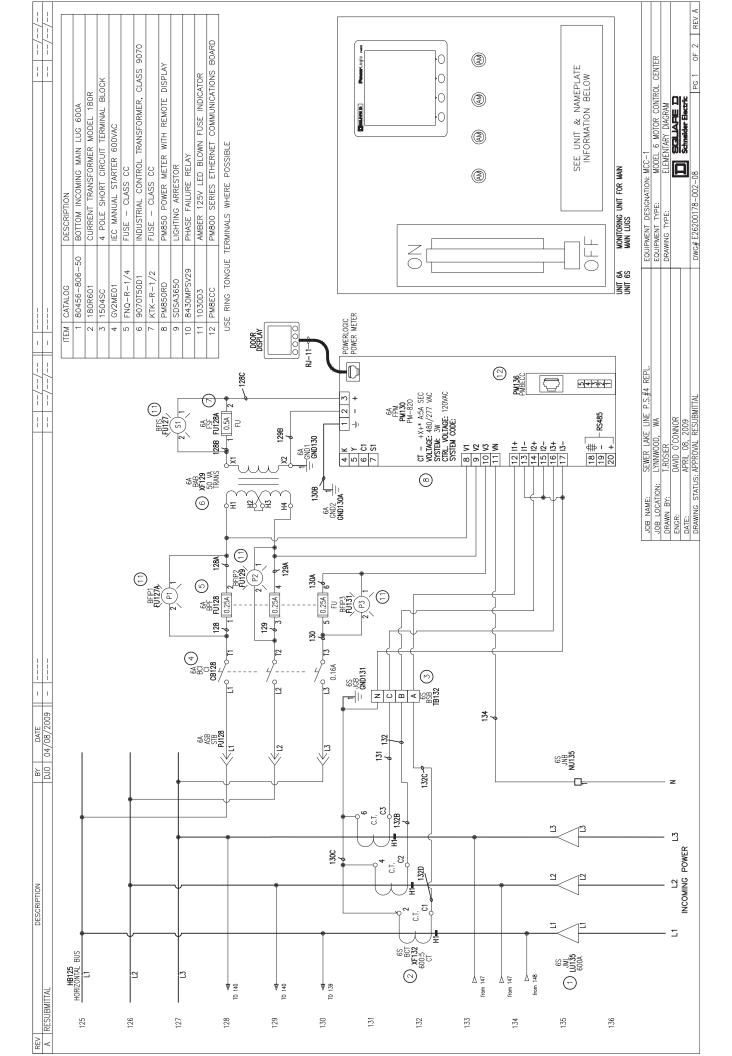


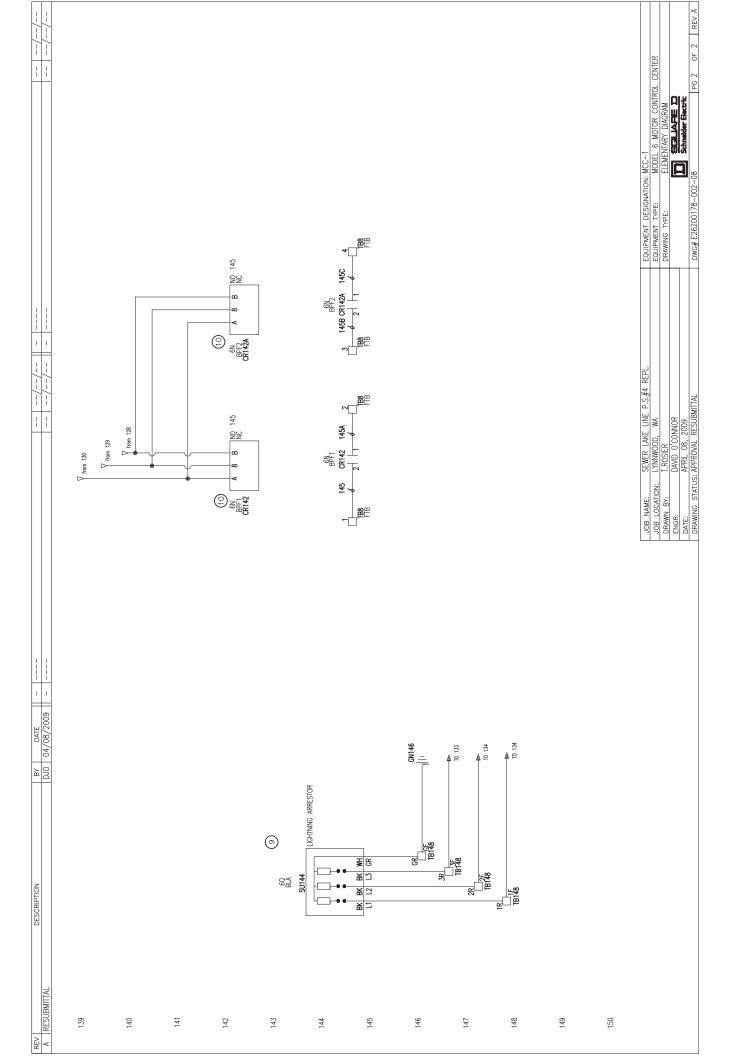












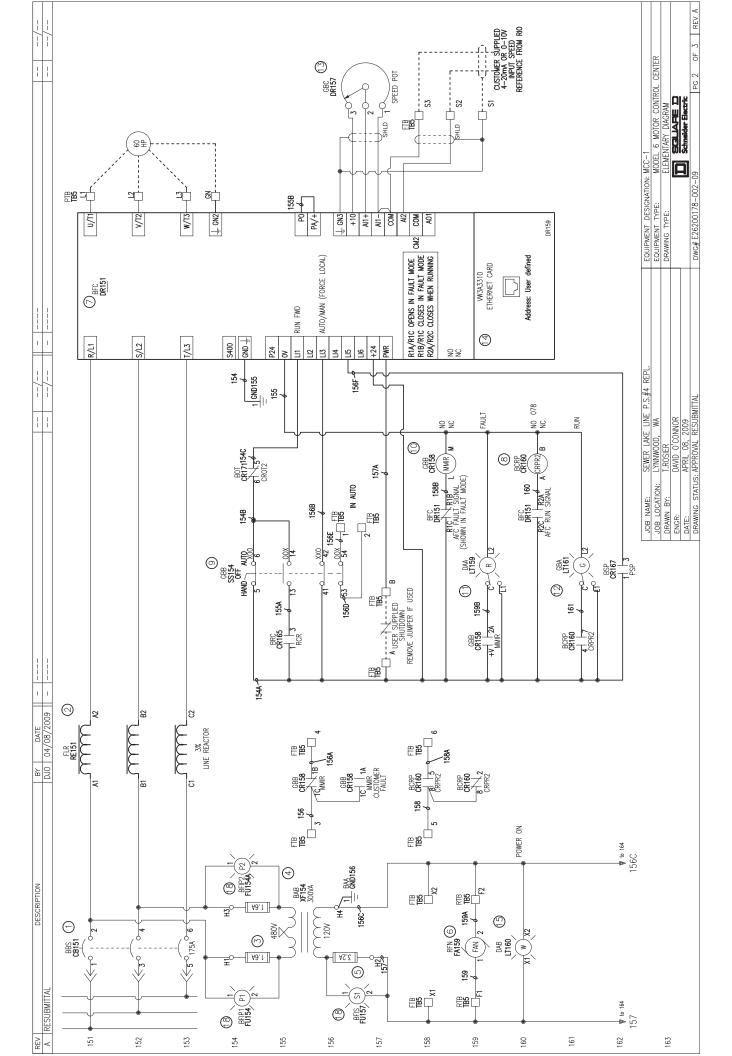
/	/-	7050	POW	MTE	FUSE	NDN	FUSE	MUF	ALTI	PLUC	SELE	MCC	RED	GREE	POTE	MOD	MH	PLUC	RELA	AMB	PUSH	
i		O TATALO	JLL36175	RL08002	FNQ-R-1 6/10	9070T300D1	FNQ-R-3 2/10	028316	HTV61HD37N4	8501KUD13P14V53	9001-KS42BH75	8044224750	KT38LRR31Y238	KT38LGG31Y238	9001K2106	VW3A3310	KP1W31	8501KP13P14V20	8501XLV02	1030D3	KR7BH5	
1		MIL		2	3	4	2	9	7	80	6	10		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	10	
	DJO 04/08/2009	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			NO dawod		1 RE 11 WH 11 BL 11)						(SE) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (E) (SEE BELOW FOR UNIT AND NAMEPLATE INFORMATION	
DESCRIPTION								. (<u> </u>	; - - - -												
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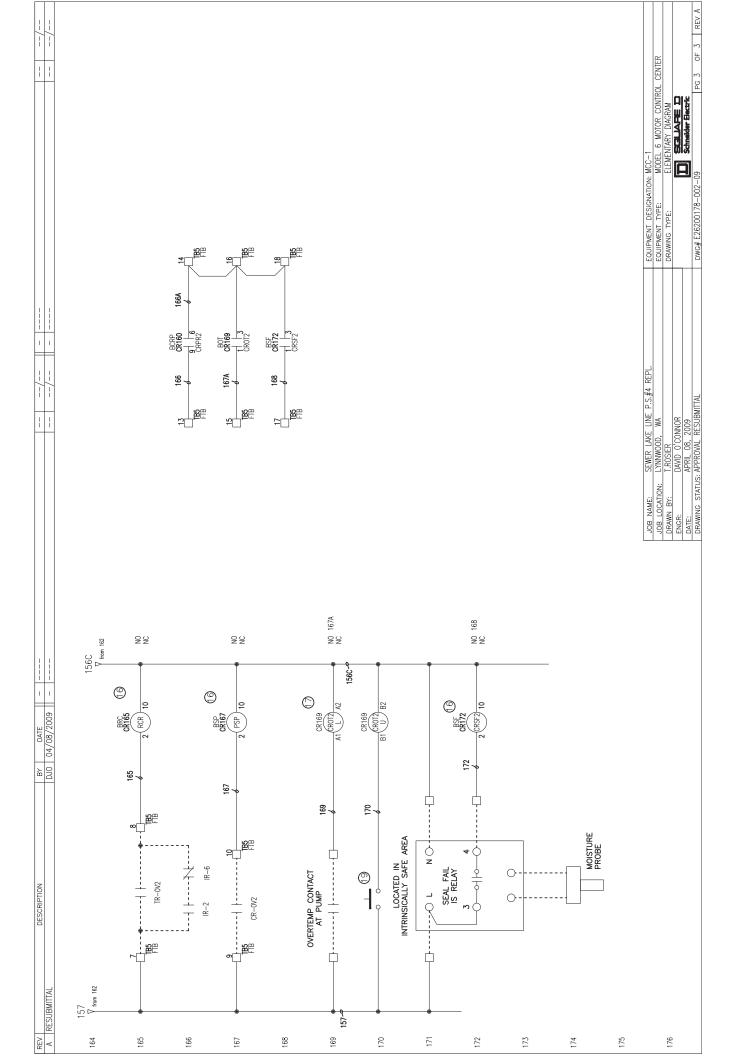
UNIT 4A WET WELL PUMP P-102

_	CATALOG	DESCRIPTION
٠,	JLL36175	POWERPACT J-FRAME TM CIRCUIT BREAKER 175A
1	RL08002	MTE LINE REACTOR
1	FNQ-R-1 6/10	FUSE - CLASS CC
0,	9070T300D1	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER, CLASS 9070
-	FNQ-R-3 2/10	FUSE - CLASS CC
1 -	028316	MUFFIN XL AC - MX2A3 115VAC FAN
_	HTV61HD37N4	ALTIVAR 61 VARIABLE TORQUE DRIVE 60 HP
-	8501KUD13P14V53	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KU WITH PILOT LIGHT
	9001-KS42BH75	SELECTOR SW - 3 POS MAINT, NEMA 4/13
	8044224750	MCC, MMIR 24VDC RELAY MOD. KIT
	KT38LRR31Y238	RED LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST
	KT38LGG31Y238	GREEN LED PILOT LIGHT - PRESS TO TEST
	9001K2106	POTENTIOMETER 2.5KOHM 2W 30MM
	VW3A3310	MODBUS TCP/IP OPTION
	KP1W31	WHITE PILOT LIGHT - STANDARD, NEMA 4/13
	8501KP13P14V20	PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KP WITH PILOT LIGHT
	8501XLV02	RELAY, MECH. LATCH (PROVIDED BY PUMP SUPPLIER)
	1030D3	AMBER 125V LED BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR
1-	KR7BH5	PUSH BUTTON - MOMENTARY, NEMA 4/13

		ATV 61-VT-No Bypass - HAND/OFF/AUTO SW	- HAND/OFF/AUTO SW			
MENO	No.	SUB-MENU	DESCRIPTION	CODE ADJ.	ADJ.	
PAC	2		ACCESS LEVEL	LAC	EPr	-
o O	1.4		POWER IDENTIFICATION	Prt	IP00	1,2
SIM	1.1		2/3 WIRE CONTROL	tcc	2C	7
SIM	1.1		MACRO CONFIGURATION	CFG	PnF	2
SIM	1.1		STANDARD MOT. FREQ.	bFr	09	
9	1.5		2 WIRE TYPE	ţ	딤	
0-1	1.5	AI2 CONFIGURATION	AIZ MIN. VALUE	CrL2	4	
1.5	1.5	R2 CONFIGURATION	R2 ASSIGNMENT	72	-L	
CfL	1.6		REF. 1 CHAN	Fr1	AI2	
FUn	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	2 PRESET SPEEDS	PS2	LIS	
FUn 1.7	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	PRESET SPEED 2	SP2	0.09	
COM 1.9	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL ASSIGN.	FLO	LI3	
COM 1.9	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL REF.	FLOC	AI1	
1 Fr	ame	Frame 2-8, 230V & 460V ONLY,	, 2 Hold for 3 Sec.			

JOB NAME:	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL.	EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1	d: MCC−1		
JOB LOCATION:	LYNNWOOD, WA	EQUIPMENT TYPE:	MODEL 6 MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	OL CENTER	
DRAWN BY:	T.ROSIER	DRAWING TYPE:	ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM		
ENGR:	DAVID O'CONNOR				
DATE:	APRIL 08, 2009		Schneider Electric		
STEATO CHAMBOO	SPANIES CIATUS ADDROVAL DECURANTAL	00 CUU 626300179 000 00		7 70 7	٧ / ١٠٥





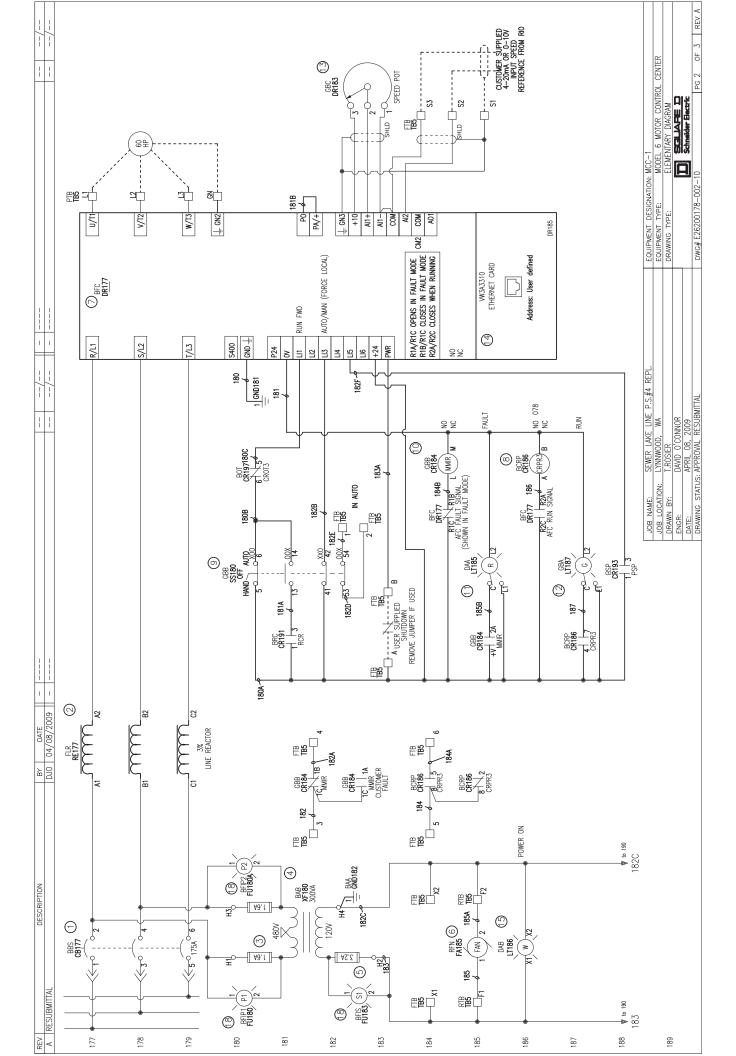
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1					6/10)D1	5 2/10		37N4	8501KUD13P14V53	9001-KS42BH75	750	31Y238	31Y238	90	0		8501KP13P14V20	12			
		CATALOG	JLL36175	RL08002	FNQ-R-1 6/10	9070T300D1	FNQ-R-3 2/10	028316	HTV61HD37N4	501KUD	001-KS	8044224750	KT38LRR31Y238	KT38LGG31Y238	9001K2106	VW3A3310	KP1W31	501KP1	8501XLV02	1030D3	19 KR7BH5	
		ITEM	-	2 R	3 F	4	5 F	0 9	7 H	80	6	10 8	 	12 K	13 9	V 41	15 X	16 8	17 8	18 1	19 K	
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DATE	04/08/2009					(BL)		(A))		_	_			(8))	$\overline{}$				UNIT AND NAMEPLATE INFORMATION	
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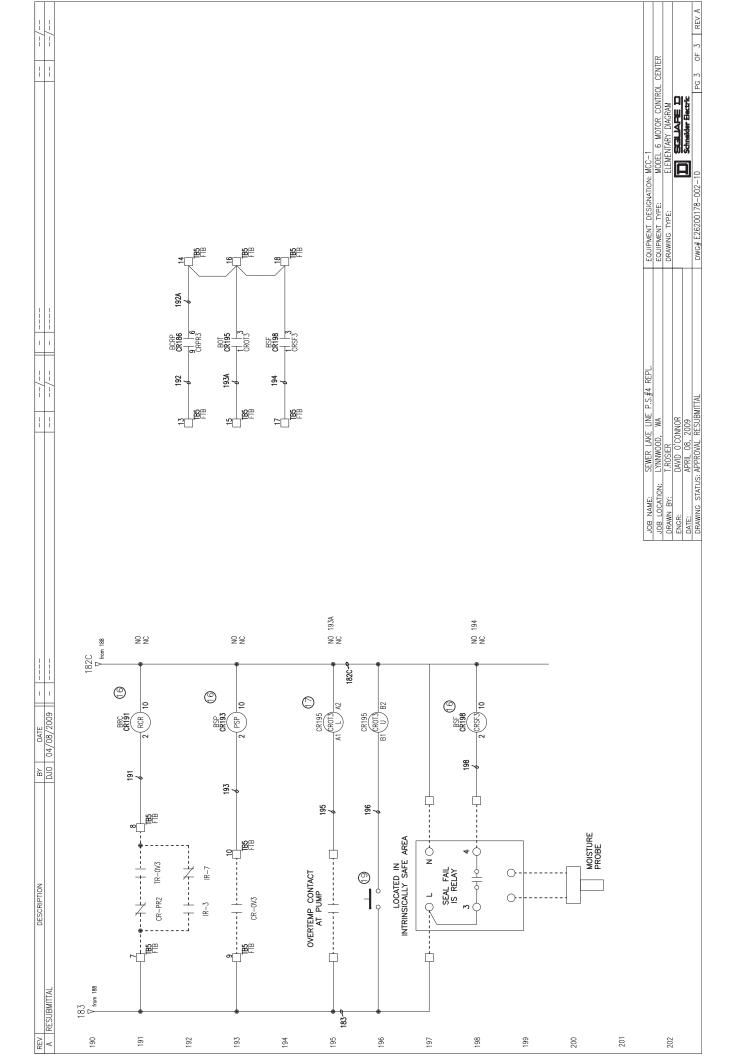
UNIT 5A WET WELL PUMP P-103

DESCRIPTION DOWERPACT .1—FRAME TM CIRCUIT RREAKER 175A
T 2
FUSE - CLASS CC
INDUSTRIAL CONTROL TRANSFORMER, CLASS 9070
FUSE - CLASS CC
MUFFIN XL AC - MX2A3 115VAC FAN
ALTIVAR 61 VARIABLE TORQUE DRIVE
PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KU WITH PILOT LIGHT
SELECTOR SW - 3 POS MAINT, NEMA 4/13
MCC, MMIR 24VDC RELAY MOD. KIT
RED LED PILOT LIGHT -
GREEN LED PILOT LIGHT
POTENTIOMETER 2.5KOHM
MODBUS TCP/IP OPTION
WHITE PILOT LIGHT - STANDARD, NEMA 4/13
PLUG-IN RELAY TYPE KP WITH PILOT LIGHT
RELAY MECH. LATCH (PROVIDED BY PUMP SUPPLIER)
AMBER 125V LED BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR
PUSH BUTTON -

		ATV 61-VT-No Bypass - HAND/OFF/AUTO SW	- HAND/OFF/AUTO SW			
MENU No.	No.	SUB-MENU	DESCRIPTION	CODE ADJ.	ADJ.	
LAC	2		ACCESS LEVEL	LAC	EPr	-
drC	1.4		POWER IDENTIFICATION	PH	P00	1,2
SIM	1.1		2/3 WIRE CONTROL	Ç	2C	7
SIM	1.1		MACRO CONFIGURATION	CFG	PnF	2
SIM	1.1		STANDARD MOT. FREQ.	bFr	09	
<u>-</u>	7.		2 WIRE TYPE	ţ	딤	
0-1	1.5	AIZ CONFIGURATION	AIZ MIN. VALUE	CrL2	4	
<u> </u>	1.5	R2 CONFIGURATION	R2 ASSIGNMENT	2	rUn	
CtL 1.6	1.6		REF. 1 CHAN	Fr1	AI2	
FUn 1.7	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	2 PRESET SPEEDS	PS2	LIS	
FUn 1.7	1.7	PRESET SPEEDS	PRESET SPEED 2	SP2 60.0	0.09	
COM 1.9	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL ASSIGN.	FLO	LI3	
COM 1.9	1.9	FORCED LOCAL	FORCED LOCAL REF.	FLOC	AI1	
-	rame	1 Frame 2-8 230V & 460V ONLY 2 Hold for 3 Sec	2 Hold for 3 Sec			

JOB NAME:	SEWER LAKE LINE P.S.#4 REPL.	EQUIPMENT DESIGNATION: MCC-1	N: MCC-1		
JOB LOCATION:	LYNNWOOD, WA	EQUIPMENT TYPE:	MODEL 6 MOTOR CONTROL CENTER	OL CENTER	
DRAWN BY:	T.ROSIER	DRAWING TYPE:	ELEMENTARY DIAGRAM		
ENGR:	DAVID O'CONNOR				
DATE:	APRIL 08, 2009		Schneider Electric		
CLITATO CIANNACO	SEAMOND STATILE ADDROVAL DECLIDMITTAL	01 CUU 0210001120 000 10		2 10 1 00	V / L C





SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION 4 CONTROL PANEL DRAWINGS



DRAWING INDEX

DESCRIPTION DRAWING

PUMP STATION No.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 1 – CONTROL WIRNO DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 2 – INPUT CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 2 – INPUT CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 3 – INPUT CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 3 – OUTPUT CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 3 – OUTPUT CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – DISCRETE I/O BASE – MODULE 4 – CONTROL WIRNG DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – PUMP STATION NO.4 – PUMP STATION CONTROL PAPEL LAYOUT PUMP STATION NO.4 – REMOTE CONTROL PAPEL LAYOUT PUMP STATION NO.4 – REMOTE CONTROL PAPEL LAYOUT PUMP STATION NO.4 – INTRINSIGALLY SAFE BOX – CP–4 – PANEL LAYOUT PUMP STATION NO.4 – INTRINSIGALLY SAFE BOX – CP–4 – CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM PUMP STATION NO.4 – NEWDER DIAGRAM PUMP STATION No.4 - RTU CONTROL PANEL - CP-1 - PANEL LAYOUT PUMP STATION No.4 - RTU CONTROL PANEL - CP-1 - AC/DC POWER DISTRIBUTION WIRING DIAGRAM PUMP STATION No.4 - PUMP CHECK VALVES STATUS & FLOAT CONTROL - CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM PUMP STATION No.4 - BUILDING INTRUSION & PHASE FAIL - CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM PUMP STATION No.4 - BUILDING INTRUSION & PHASE FAIL - CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DRAWING SYMBOLS & STANDARDS - ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS & ENCLOSURE SPECIFICATIONS PUMP STATION No.4 - RTU CONTROL PANEL - CP-1 - CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM PUMP STATION No.4 - WETWELL FLOAT CONTROL - CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM CP1-E02 CP1-E03 CP1-E04 CP1-E05 CP1-E07 CP1-E10 CP1-E1 CP1-P01 STDS_01 CP1-J01 CP1-E01

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	PLIMP STATION NO. 4				
,	DESIGN / CHKD TH / CFD	DRAWN	AZ	٥	
	CUST	ELECTRIC		RCER ISLAN	
	Technical Systems Inc.	2303 196TH ST. S.W. LYNNWOOD, WA. 98036	(425) 775–5696	CITY OF MERCER ISLAND	
	LISTING	UL508	LETT.	OTHER	
		9/10	60/6/	DATE	
		JC 6/29/	6/6 ZY		
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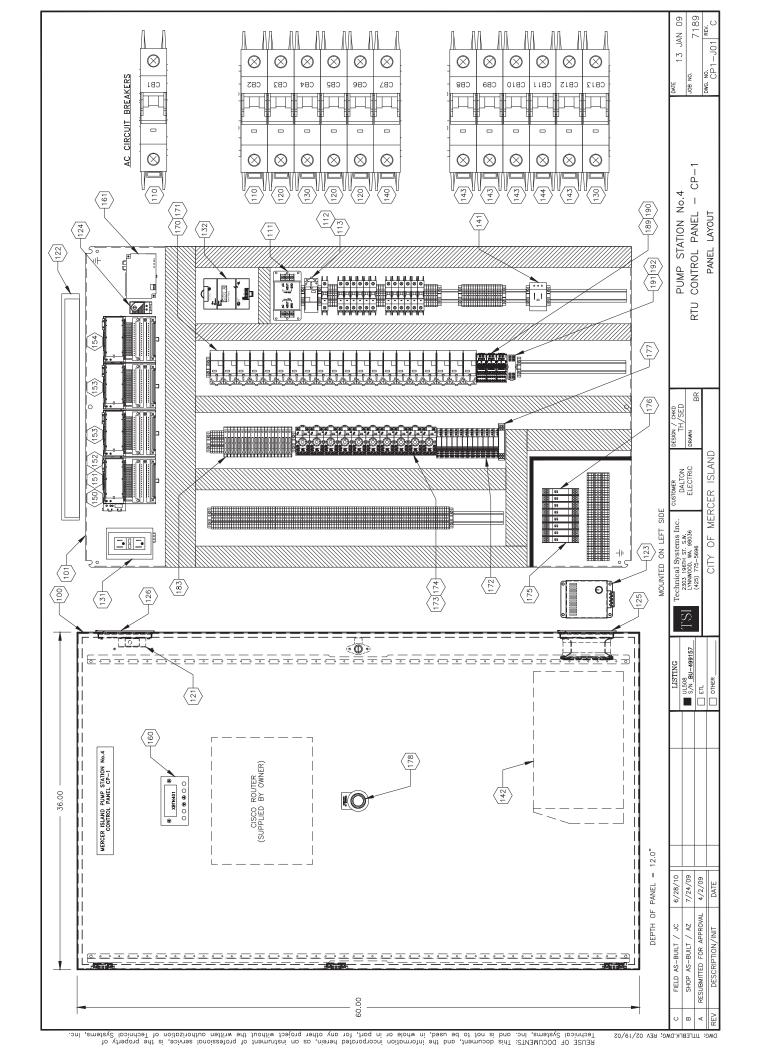
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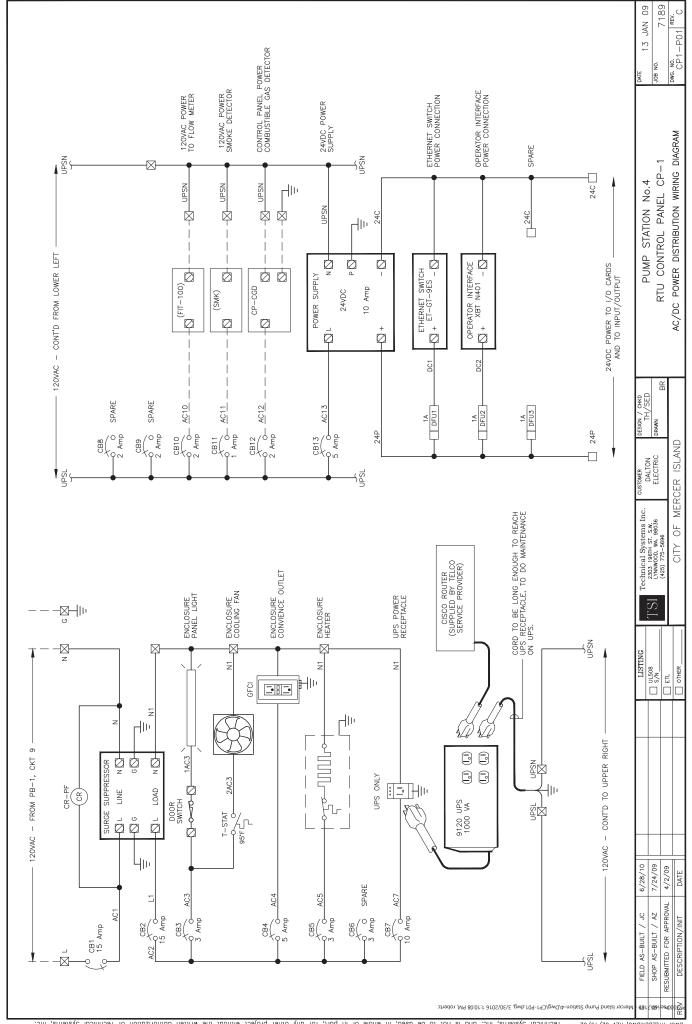
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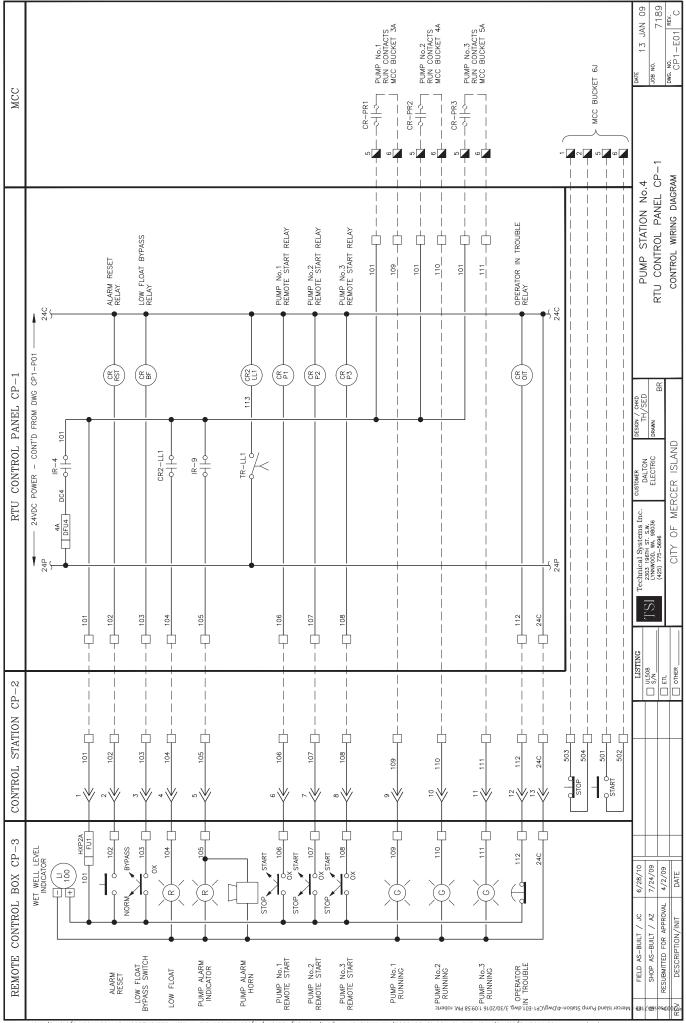
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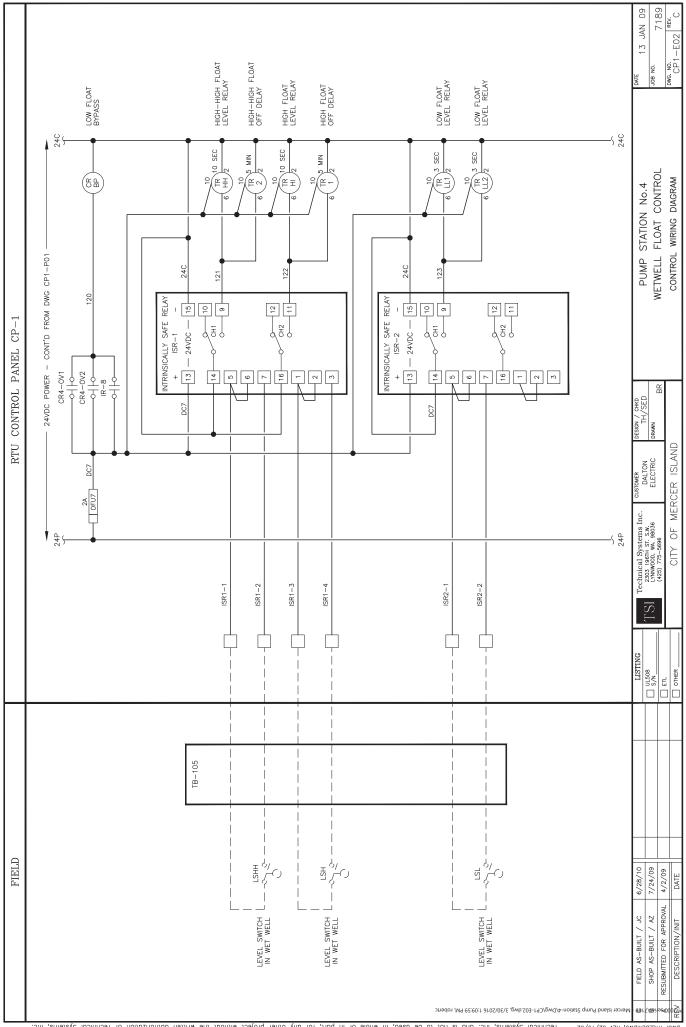
DWG. NO. JOB NO.

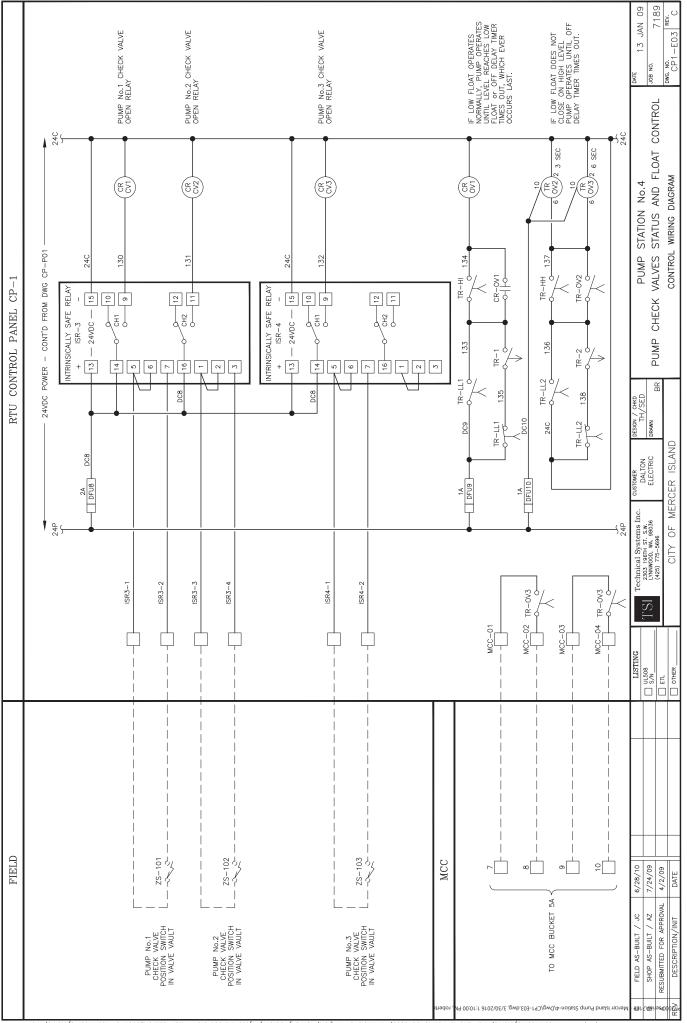
TERMINAL AND WIRING IDENTIFICATION	IFICATION	DRA	DRAWING SYMBOLS	DRA	DRAWING SYMBOLS	DR/	DRAWING SYMBOLS
		<u> </u>	CONTACT - NORMALLY OPEN	→	PUSHBUTTON — NORMALLY OPEN	+	CONNECTION
XXXX XXXX	DC FIELD DEVICE TERMINAL IN TSI PANEL (WRE AND TERMINAL ARE THE SAME NUMBER)	*	CONTACT - NORMALLY CLOSED	d	PUSHBUTTON - NORMALLY CLOSED	<u> </u>	NO CONNECTION
XXXX	AC FIELD DEVICE TERMINAL IN TSI PANEL	<i></i>	CONTACT -NORMALLY OPEN TIME TO CLOSE	\\ \ \	SWITCH, SINGLE POLE, SINGLE THROW (SPST)	(°	CIRCUIT BREAKER - SINGLE POLE
3	AL ARE THE SAME NUMBER)	<	CONTACT -NORMALLY CLOSED TIME TO OPEN	1	SWICH, SINGLE POLE, DOUBLE THROW (SPDT)	(°-(°-(°	CIRCUIT BREAKER - THREE POLE
XXXX	ZZZZ OR BIGHER AC FIELD DEVICE TERMINAL IN TSI PANEL (WRE AND TERMINAL ARE THE SAME NUMBER)		CONTACT -NORMALLY OPEN TIME TO OPEN		RESISTOR	- کې	THERMAL OVERLOAD
<		$\Rightarrow \stackrel{ }{\mapsto}$	CONTACT -NORMALLY CLOSED TIME TO CLOSE		FUSE	\$	MAGNETIC STARTER
written		8 9	COIL - CONTROL RELAY A-AMBER G-GREEN BILOT I DO DE	FUXXX XXX.XA	FUSE WITH BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR - AC	(s)	MOTOR, 3 PHASE (5 HP) DRAWOUT CIRCUIT BREAKER – LOW VOLTAGE
IMISTED SHIELDED WINE	WIKE		C-CLEAR - PUSH-TO-TES	FUXXX	FUSE WITH BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR - DC		DRAWOUT CIRCUIT BREAKER — MEDIUM VOLTAGE
CONTROL WIRE SPECIFICATION -	(UL508A STANDARD)	\ \ \	FLOW SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN		SWTCHING TERMINAL BLOCK - AC		DRAWOUT FUSED SWITCH - MEDIUM VOLTAGE
			FLOW SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED		SWITCHING TERMINAL BLOCK - DC	ļ Ø	REMOTE DEVICE WITH TERMINAL POINTS SHOWN
APPLICATION COLOR	SIZE / TYPE	 	FLOAT SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN	ŧ	GROUND - EARTH		HORN (PIEZO-ELECTRIC)
480 VAC: LOCAL CODE	12 AWG AS REQUIRED		FLOAT SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	- II-	GROUND - CHASSIS		HORN (VIBRATION)
NEUTRAL LOCAL CODE CROUND LOCAL CODE	MTW/TEW (TINNED)	\ \ \ \	PRESSURE SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN	\	SOLENOID	PANEL SPEC	SPECIFICATION - (STANDARD)
240 VAC: BLACK			PRESSURE SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	 	DIODE	PANEL MATERIALS:	0 000
NEUTRAL WHITE CROUND GREEN	12 GA MTW/TEW (TINNED)	\ /\	TEMPERATURE SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN		ZENER DIODE	PANEL SHELL DOORS MOUNTING PANS	12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL 12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL 12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL
120 VAC: RED		. 1	TEMPERATURE SWTCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	**	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE	EXTERIOR FINISH: ALPHATIC AIR DRY F	OLYURETHANE ENAMEL AND PRIMER.
GROUND GREEN	14 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)	- 🏌	LIMIT SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN (FREE)	+	METAL OXIDE VARISTOR (MOV)	COLOR IS ANSI-61	rinished Dri film inconess is 3.0 mill minimum. COLOR IS ANSI—61 LIGHT GREY.
24 VDC: POSITIVE BLUE NEGATIVE WHITE/BLUE	16 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)	0<10	LIMIT SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED (FREE)		THERMOCOUPLE	INTERIOR FINISH: ALPHATIC AIR DRY F FINISHED DRY FILM COLOR IS WHITE	OR FINISH: ALPHATIC AIR DRY POLYURETHANE ENAMEL AND PRIMER. FINISHED DRY FILM THICKNESS IS 3.0 MILL MINIMUM. COLOR IS WHITE
)			LIMIT SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN (HELD)	ſ	(z wine)		
12 VDC: BLUE	16 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)		LIMIT SWTCH - NORWALLY CLOSED (HELD)	w)	RID (3-WIRE)	PANEL LABELING	SELING REQUIREMENTS
120 VAC FOREIGN:				1)+	CAPACITOR - POLARIZED	UL 508A INDU	Ë
POWER YELLOW NEUTRAL WHITE/YELLOW	14 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)	25	3-POSITION SELECTOR SWTCH		TRANSFORMER (CPT)	UNDERWRIERS ELECTRONIC TE NON REQUIRED	UNDERWRITERS LABORATORY, INC. — UL ELECTRONIC TESTING LABS, INC. — ETL NON REQUIRED
SIGNAL: RED/BLACK BLACK/WHITE 78 M	18 AWG (Min) TSP	(00x) +	CLOSED IN POSITION-1		POTENTIOMETER		
	SNO	(x00)		—>]]]][]	HEATER		
E - ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS M	- MECHANICAL DRAWINGS		TOTAL TOTAL TO TRAIN OF C	L	TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL		
P. F – FABRICATION DRAWINGS J. – PANEL LAYOUT DRAWINGS	N - P & ID P - PANEL POWER WIRING DIAGRAMS	1 × 2 × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	CLOSED IN POSITION—1	NO NO NO	MAINTAINED CONTACTS WITH		
- LOOP DRAWINGS SD -	INSTALLATION DETAIL or STANDARD DETAIL DRAWINGS	(xo) o	CLOSED IN POSITION-2	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	MECHANICAL INTERLOCK		
1 6814/29		LISTING	Technical Systems Inc. CUST 2303 196TH ST. S.W. LYNWOOD, WA. 980356	STOMER DESIGN / CHKD DALTON SED FIFCTRIC DRAWN	TECH		DATE 9 SE
्रें % FIELD AS-BUILT / JC 6/28/10		- E	(425) 775–5696		Т	OLS & STANDARDS	S S
		ОТНЕК		AND STANDARDS	ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS & ENCLOSURE SPECIFICATIONS	ENCLOSURE SPECIF	ICATIONS TTDS_01 C

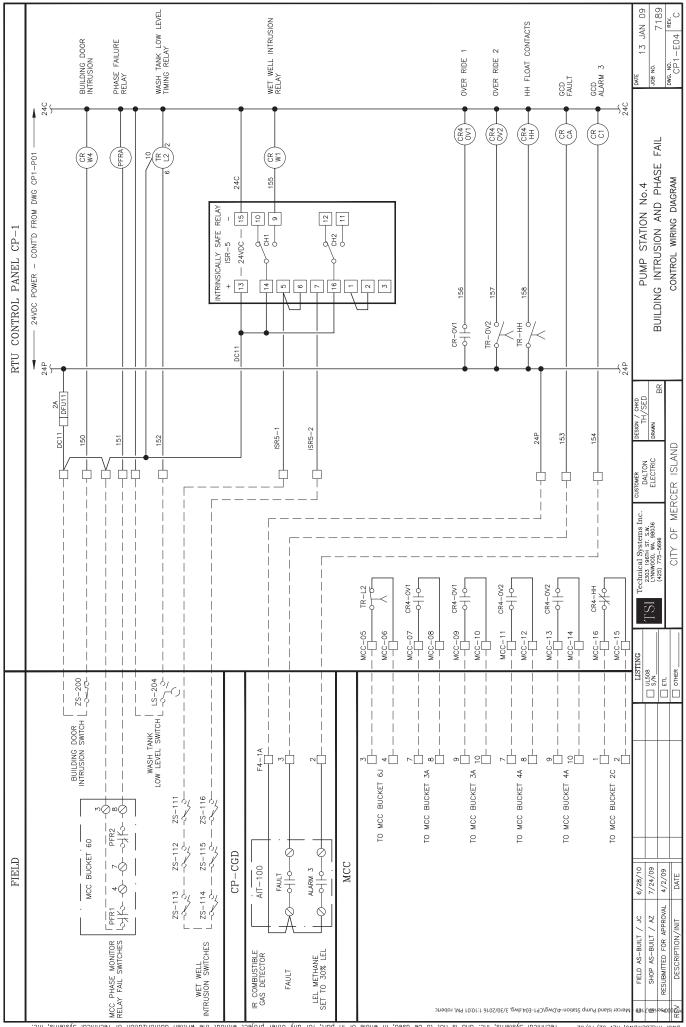


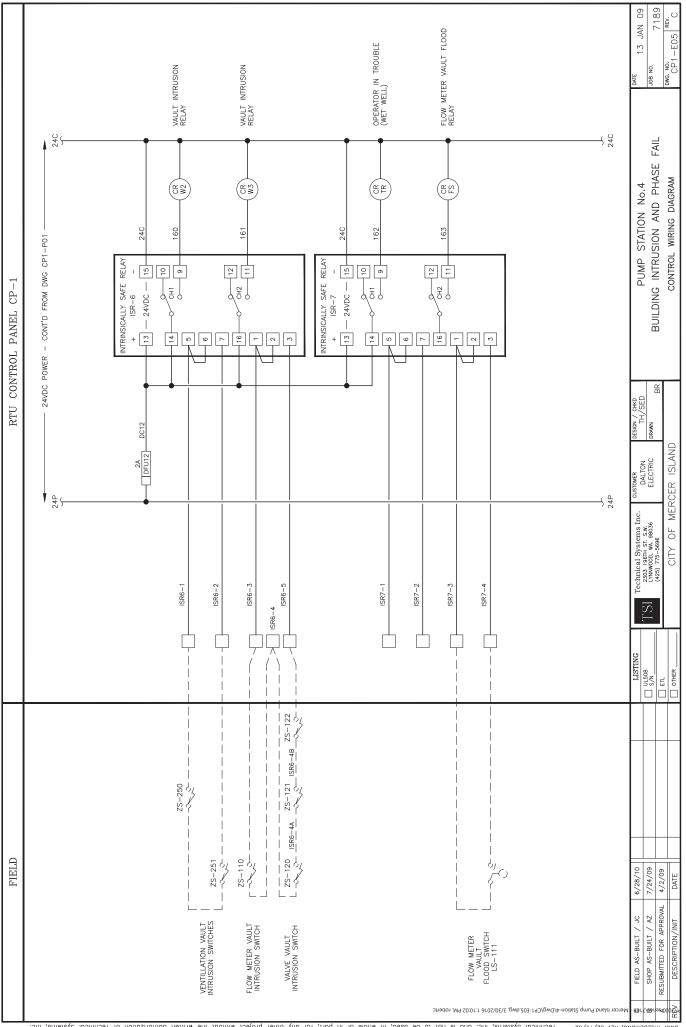


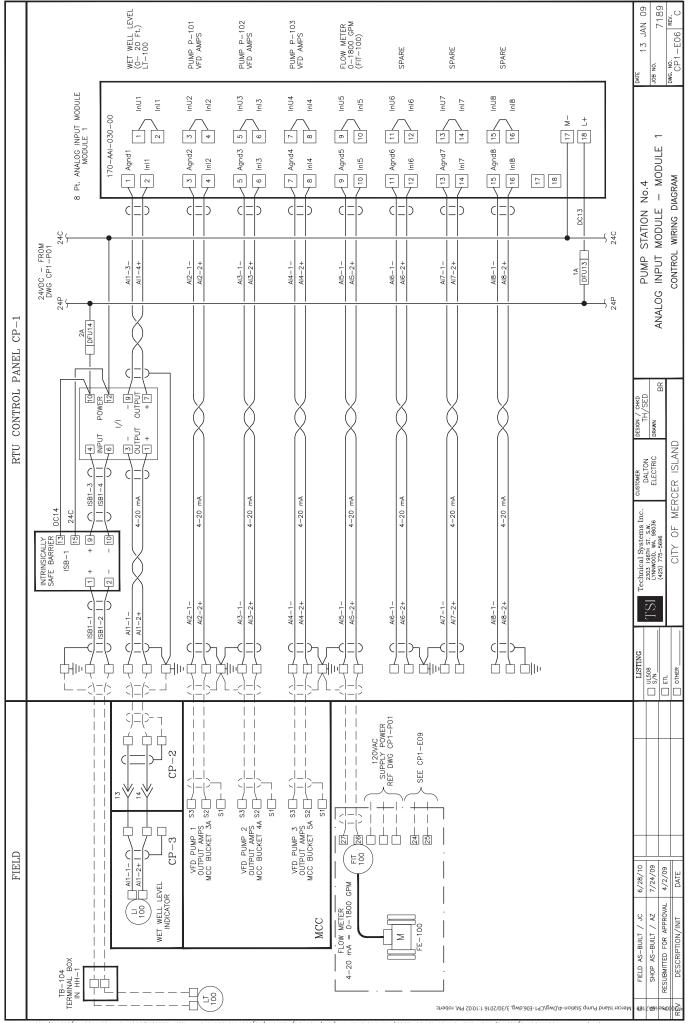




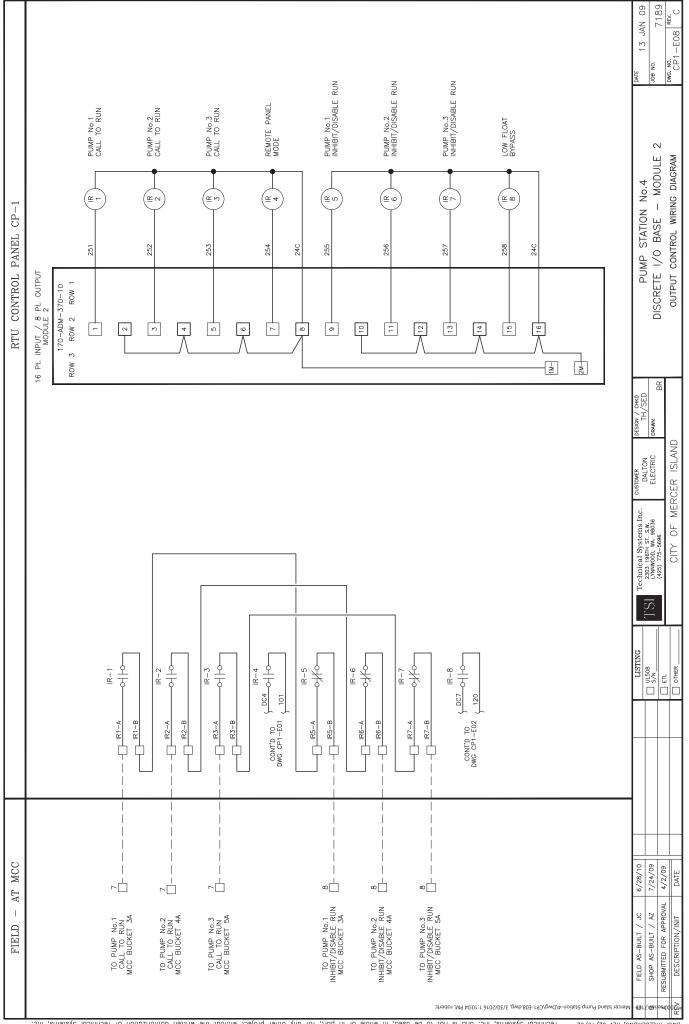




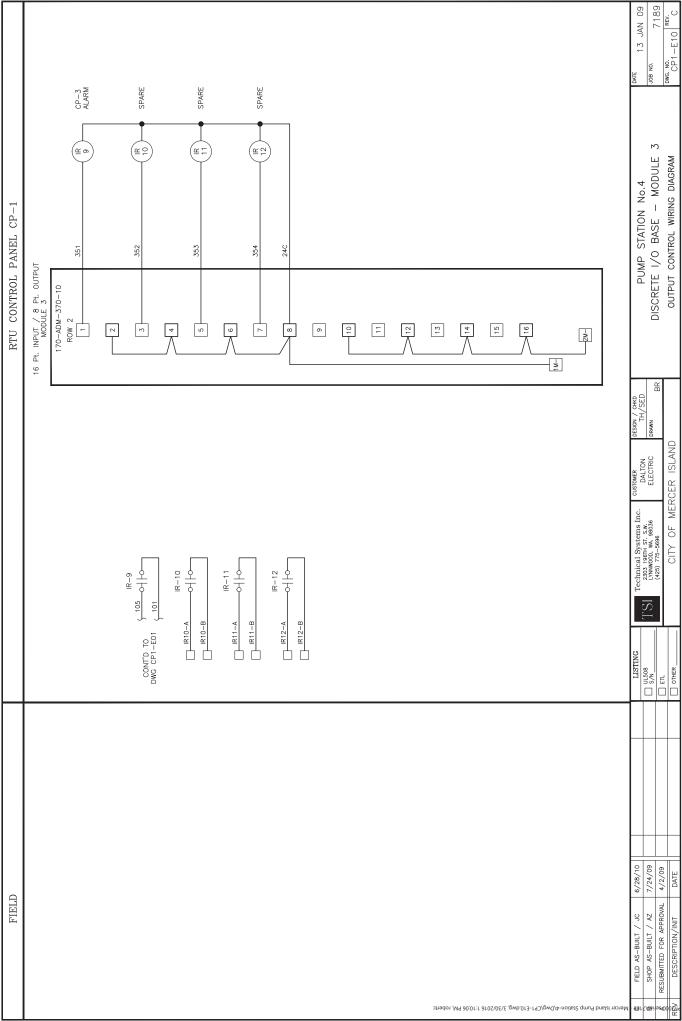


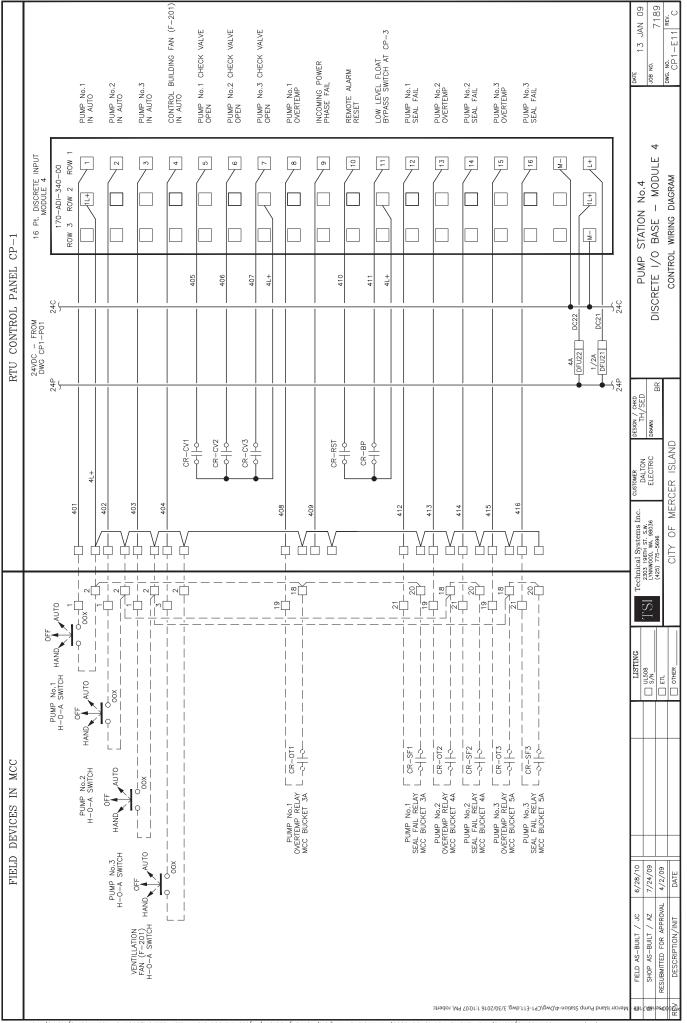


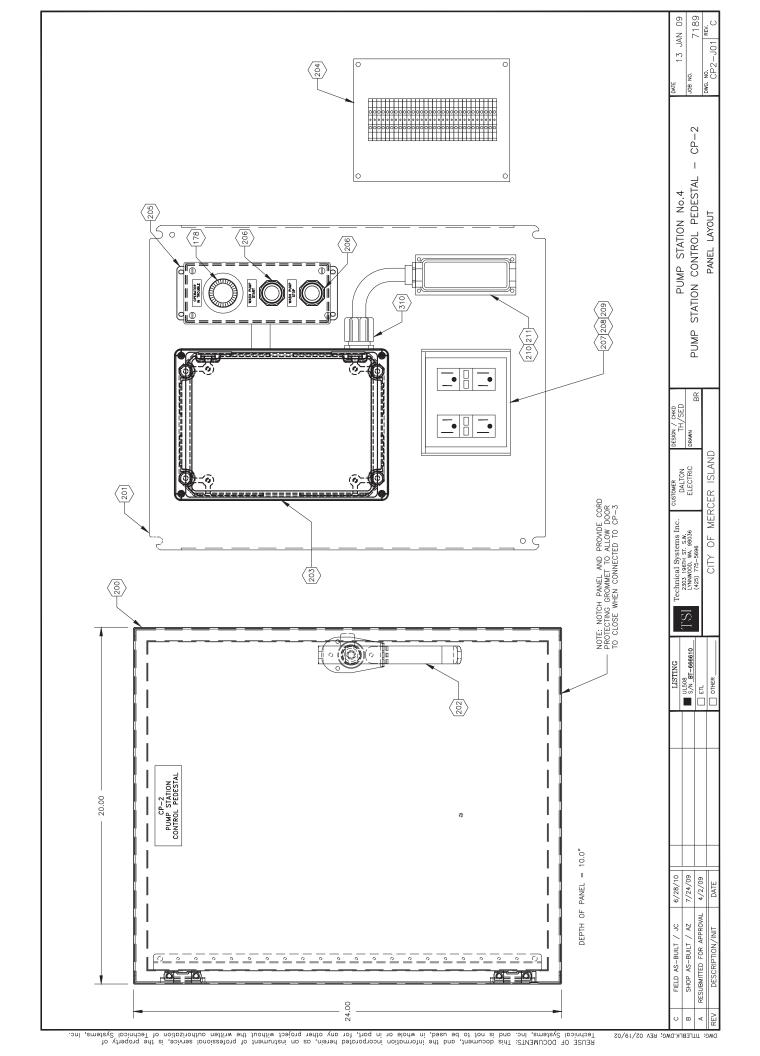
PANEL CP-1	NULT & CHATO CH HIG SH HIG SH WE SH NOR SHOWE TO WE FUE WE TO WE FUE WE FUE WE FUE SHOWE SHOWER SHOW	I INTRUSION BLE	PUMP STATION No.4 13 JAN 09 DISCRETE I/O BASE - MODULE 2 JOHE NO. 7189 INPUT CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DIAGRAM
RTU CONTROL PANEL	24P DWG CP-P01 24C 24P DWG CP-P01 24C 201 ROW 3 CP-ROW 10 CP-ROW	6A	DALTON TH/SED BRANN BR DIS
	201-2 CR-TR 201 2L+ CR-W1 202-1 CR-W3 CR-W1 202-1 CR-W3 CR-W1 CR-HH CR-HH CR-HH CR-HH CR-HH CR-HH CR-CR 210 211 CR-CR CR-PF CR-PF CR-PF CR-PF CR-PF CR-CR CR-PF CR-PF CR-CR CR-PF CR-CR CR-CR CR-CR CR-CR CR-CR CR-CR CR-CR CR-PF CR-CR	216-1	TSI TSI CANAN (425)
CONTROL STATION CP-2	GENERATOR IN TROUBLE OPERATOR IN TROUBLE ATS POSITION NORMAL POWER FUEL TANK LEVEL TANK LEVEL TANK LEVEL AARM AT GENERATOR AT MCC BUCKET 3A PUMP No.1 RUN CONTACTS RUN CONTACTS RUN CONTACTS PUMP No.3 PUMP No.3 PUMP No.3 RUN CONTACTS RUN CONTA	B10S/0E\E. gwb.T03-193/gwd/A-notist2 qmu9 bnsls1 rooraM en gangaran and gangaran an	कार,ब्बां•≈000एं! Ω

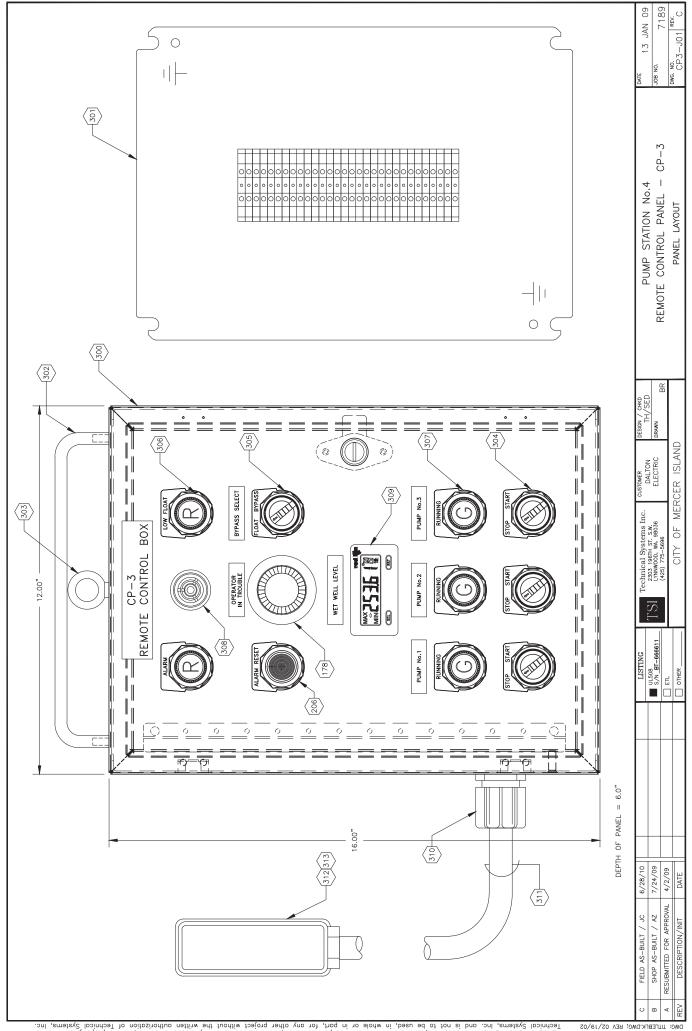


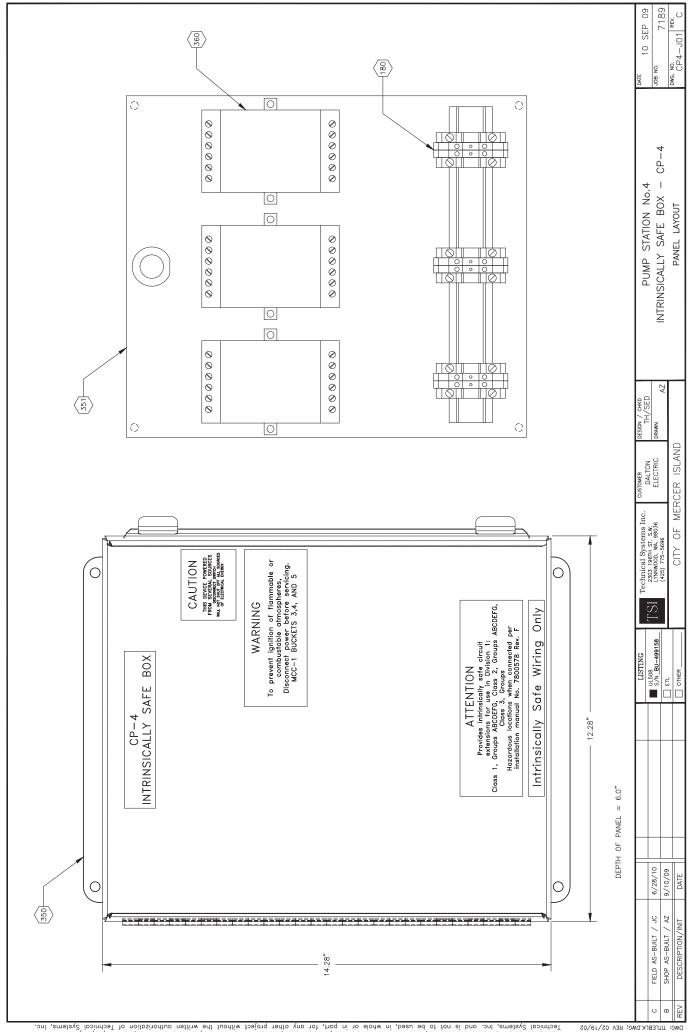
EL CP-1	GENERATOR TROUBLE FLOW TOTAL CONTROL BUILDING FLOOD GENERATOR FLOOD GENERATOR FRANTE FLOOD GENERATOR FRANTE START FRANTE START FRANTE START FRANTE START SWOKE DETECTOR INPUT SWOKE DETECTOR INPUT SWARE SPARE SPARE SPARE	CRETE I/O BASE — MODULE 3 DWG. NO. 7189 INPUT CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DWG. NO. PROJECTOR RV.	CP1-E09
RTU CONTROL PANEL CP-1	16 Pt. INPUT / 8 Pt. OUTPUT MODDLE 3. TO ADM - 370 - 10 Row 3 Row 1	BR))
	FROM -P014 -P014 -P018 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	Technical Systems Inc. CUSTOMER DESIGN / OWG DALTON TH/SED TH/SED LYNWOOD, Mx. 98039 ELECTRIC DRAWN TH/SED CUTY OF MERCER ISLAND TH/SED T	לייביט יוםטיוחשי וט וווט
	302 303 314 314 314 314 314 314 314 31	LISTING TECT TECT TECT TECT TECT TECT TECT TEC	U UIHER
	C C C C C C C C C C	000 000	
FIELD	MG: REV D2/19/02 Technical Systems, Inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written authorization of Technical Systems, Inc. REV D2/19/02 TROUBLE TROUBLE TROUBLE TO GAL TO	FIELD AS-BUILT / JC 6 SHOP AS-BUILT / AZ SHOP AS-BUILT / AZ RESUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL	REV DESCRIPTION/INIT DATE



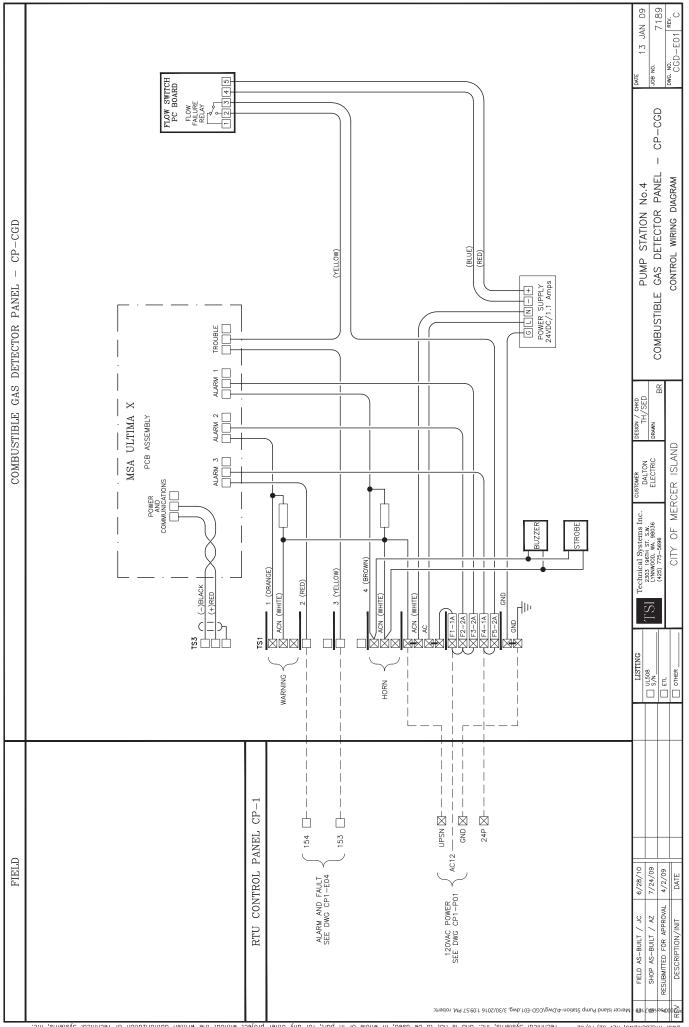


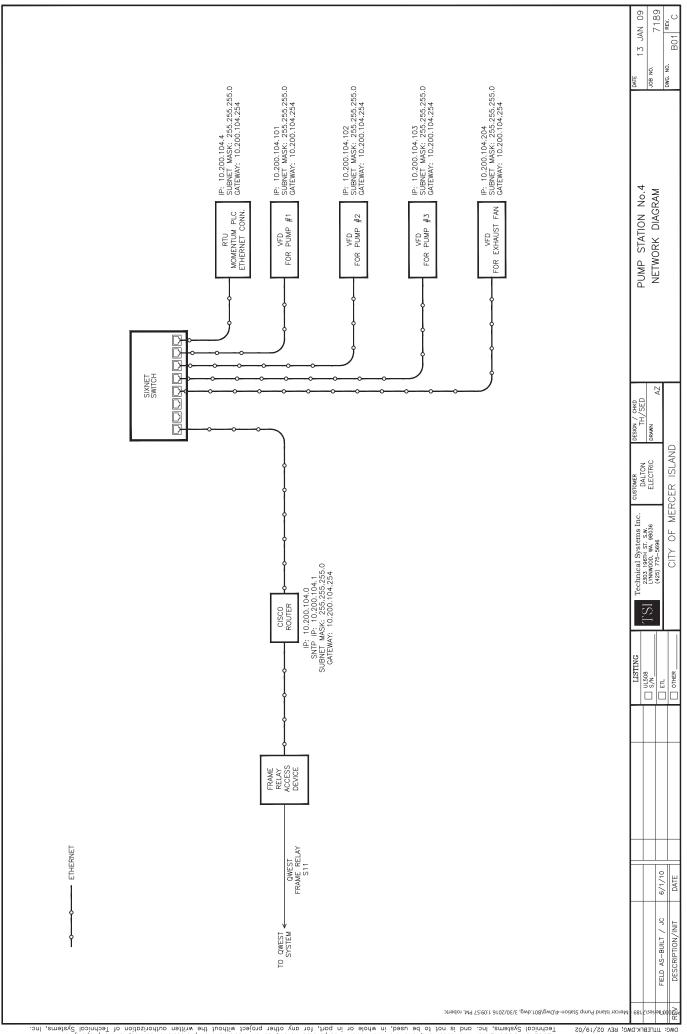






MCC-1	$ \begin{array}{c}\frac{069}{068A} - + \\\frac{068A}{068A} - + \\\frac{084}{068A} - + \\\frac{084}{068A} - + \\ \end{array} \right) $	$ \begin{array}{c}\frac{157}{156C} - + \\\frac{156C}{1} - + \\\frac{172}{1} - + \end{array} $ To MCC-1 BUCKET 4	$ \begin{array}{c}\frac{183}{-} \\\frac{182C}{-} \\\frac{198}{-} \\\frac{198}{-} \\ \end{array} \right) $ To MCC-1 BUCKET 5	0.4 OP-4 OW: 9 SEP 09 (- CP-4 OW: NO. 7189 (CP4-E01
CP1				PUMP STATION No.4 INTRINSICALLY SAFE BOX – CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM
CP2	BKT 3-13 National Series	BKT 4-13	BKT 5-13 BKT 5-13 BKT 5-14 BKT 5-15	PUI INTRINSICA CONT
CP4	BKT 3–ISR1 SR—3 SR—3 SR—3 SR—3 SR—3 AC LINE 2 AC LINE 3 AC LINE 4 AC LINE 3 AC	INTRINSICALLY SAFE RELAY ISR-4 AC LINE INTRINSICALLY SAFE RELAY ISR-5 AC LINE AC LINE BKT 5-ISR2 H BKT 5-ISR2 H C C C C C C C C C C C C	LISTING	
FIELD	SEAL FAIL DETECTION \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	SEAL FAIL DETECTION \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	19/02 Technical Systems, Inc. and is not to be used for the beaused Systems, Inc. and is not to be used sharp Station-4/Dwg/cP4-E01.dwg.3/30/2016 1:10.08 PM, robert TAIL TO PHY TAIL TO THE TAIL TO T	DWG: TITLEBLK.DWG: REV OZ 6/28/10 SHOP AS-BUILT / JC 6/28/10 PRO DESCRIPTION/INIT DATE



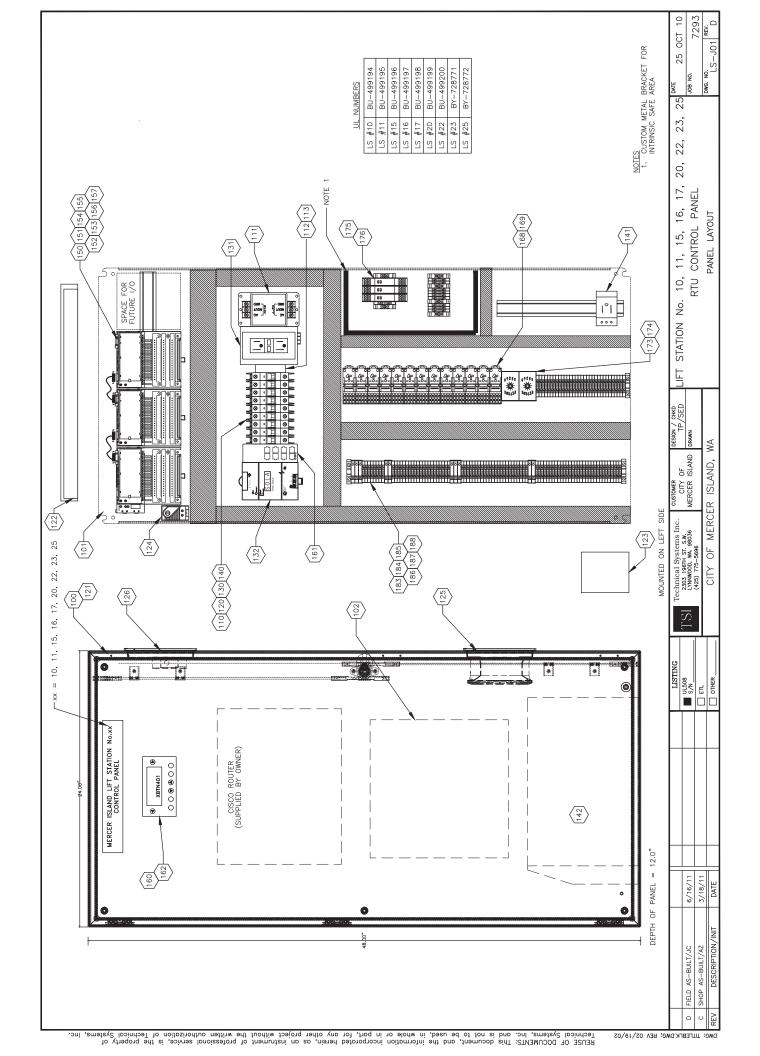


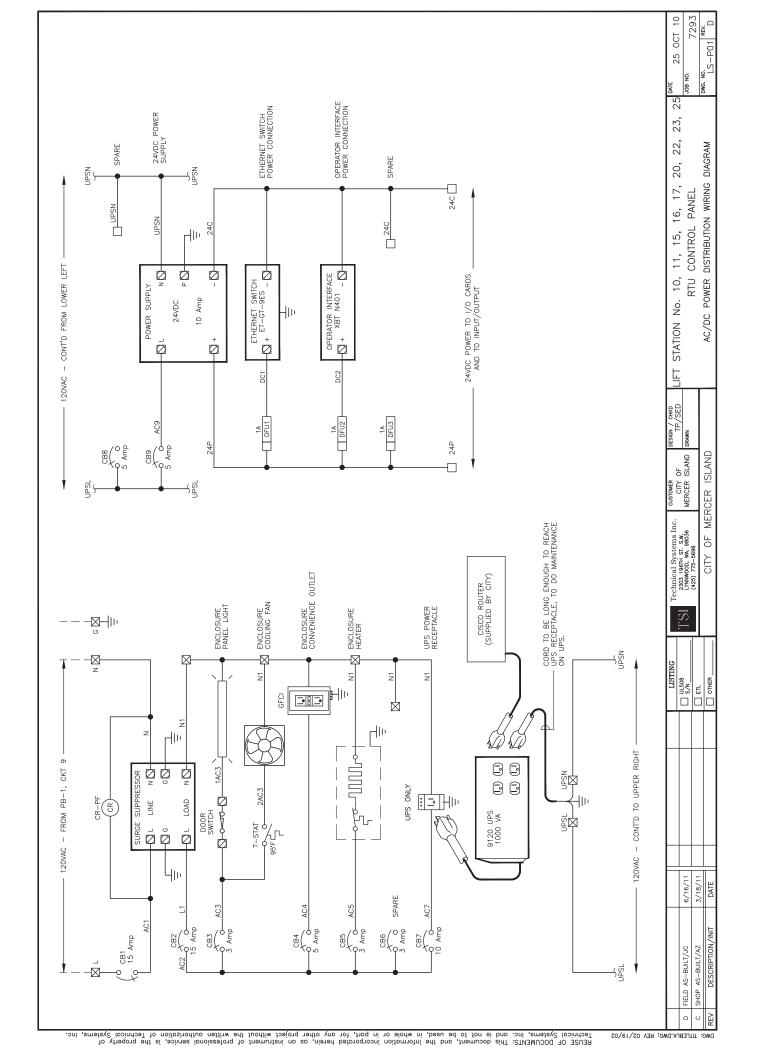
SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PHASE 2 PLC AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

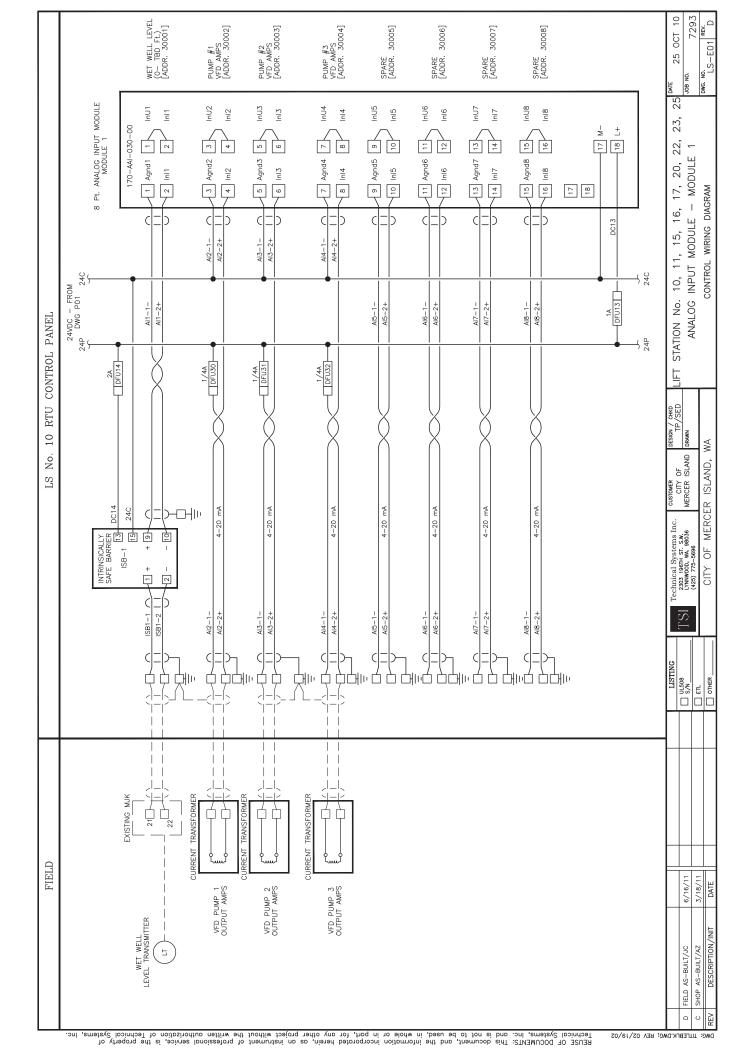


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15-401 RTO CONTING, PART - PART,	e written outbronzation	DRAWIN		
	ny other project without th	STDS_01 LS_001 LS_F01 LS_E01 LS_E02 LS_E03 LS_E04 LS_E04	DRAWING SYMBOLS & STANDARDS — ELECTRICAL SYMBOLS & ENCLOSURE SPECIFICATIONS RTU CONTROL PANEL LAYOUT RTU CONTROL PANEL — AC/DC POWER DISTRIBUTION WIRING DIAGRAM ANALOG INPUT MODULE — MODULE 1 — CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DISCRETE I/O BASE — MODULE 2 — INPUT CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DISCRETE I/O BASE — MODULE 3 — CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM DISCRETE I/O BASE — MODULE 3 — CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM WETWELL FLOAT CONTROL WIRING DIAGRAM	
FELD AS-BUILT/AC 6/16/11 15, 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25 15 15 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25 15 15 15, 15 15, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25 15 15 15 15, 15 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15,	ed, in whole or in part, for a			
Page	Inc. and is not to be us:			
Technical Systems Inc. Technical Systems Inc. Technical Systems Inc. Dissolv OHFO Technical Systems Inc. City OF Technical Systems Inc. City	Technical Systems,			
	D FIELD AS-BUILT/UC C SHOP AS-BUILT/AZ C SHOP AS-BUILT/AZ DEV. DESCRIPTION/INIT		Technical Systems Inc. Custower	% 25 0 25 0 NO

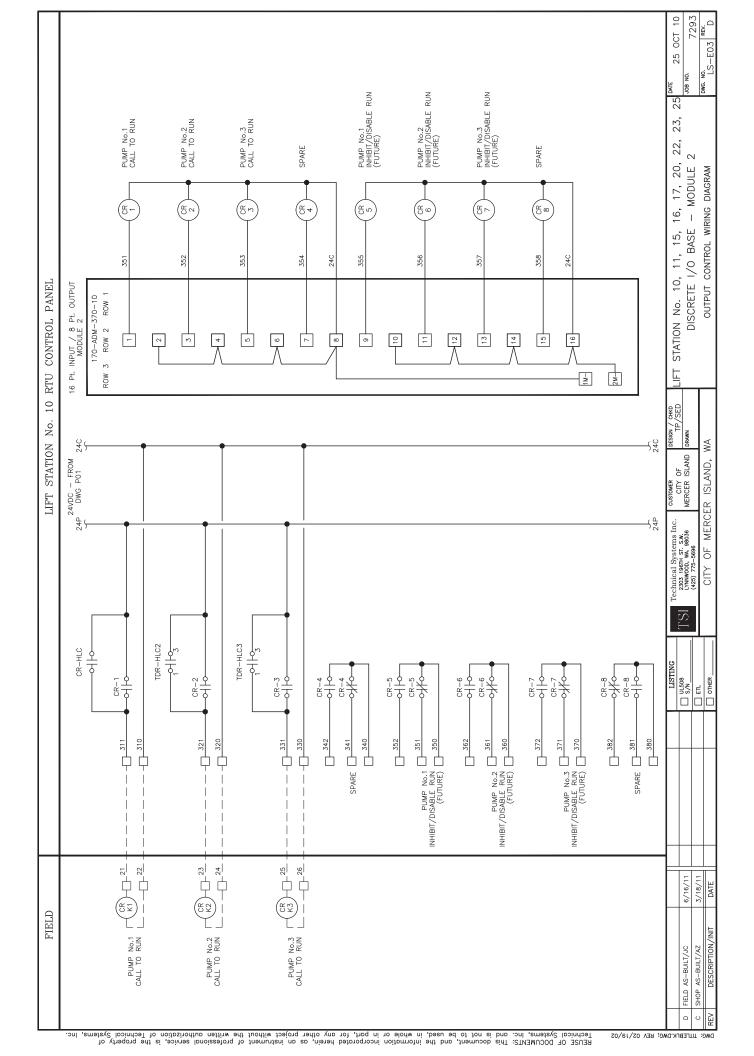
JERMINAL AND WIRING IDENTIFICATION	DRA	DRAWING SYMBOLS	<u>DR</u>	DRAWING SYMBOLS	DRAWING SYMBOLS	(MBOLS
zrews ¹ Iu	<u> </u>	CONTACT — NORMALLY OPEN	→;	PUSHBUTTON - NORMALLY OPEN	CONNECTION	
XXXX XXXX DC FIELD DEVICE TERMINAL IN TSI PANEL (MRE AND TERMINAL ARE THE SAME NUMBER)	*	CONTACT - NORMALLY CLOSED	-al-	PUSHBUTTON - NORMALLY CLOSED	— — NO CONNECTION	
XXXX	\ <u></u>	CONTACT -NORMALLY OPEN TIME TO CLOSE	\\ \ \	SWITCH, SINGLE POLE, SINGLE THROW (SPST)		CIRCUIT BREAKER - SINGLE POLE
4	<	CONTACT -NORMALLY CLOSED TIME TO OPEN		SWICH, SINGLE POLE, DOUBLE THROW (SPDT)	CIRCUIT BE	CIRCUIT BREAKER - THREE POLE
XXXX XXXX Z// OK FIIGHEK ACHEL DEWICE TERMINAL IN TSI PANEL (WIFE AND TERMINAL ARE THE SAME NUMBER)	\ 	CONTACT -NORMALLY OPEN TIME TO OPEN		RESISTOR	THERMAL OVERLOAD	OVERLOAD
c	→	CONTACT -NORMALLY CLOSED TIME TO CLOSE		FUSE	→ MAGNETIC STARTER	STARTER
SHIFTED WAY.	\$ 7		FUXXX		; (a)	MOTOR, 3 PHASE (5 HP)
TWSTED SHIELDED WRE			KXX.XA FUXXX	FUSE WITH BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR — AC	PRAWOUT CIRCU	DRAWOUT CIRCUIT BREAKER - LOW VOLTAGE DRAWOUT CIRCUIT BREAKER - MEDIUM VOLTAGE
nouţiņi) ;	PILOT LIGHT — PUSH—TO—TEST	XX.XA	FUSE WITH BLOWN FUSE INDICATOR - DC		
CONTROL WIRE SPECIFICATION — (UL508A STANDARD)		FLOW SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN	7	SWITCHING TERMINAL BLOCK - AC		DRAWOUT FUSED SWTCH - MEDIUM VOLTAGE
. broj		FLOW SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED		SWITCHING TERMINAL BLOCK - DC	ļ Ø	REMOTE DEVICE WITH TERMINAL POINTS SHOWN
# APPLICATION COLOR SIZE / TYPE	}/c	FLOAT SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN	+	GROUND - EARTH	HORN (PIEZO-ELECTRIC))-ELECTRIC)
480 VAC: POWER		FLOAT SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	- II-	GROUND - CHASSIS	HORN (VIBRATION)	(NOIT)
2 NEUTRAL LOCAL CODE → GROUND LOCAL CODE → GROUND LOCAL CODE		PRESSURE SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN		SOLENOID	PANEL SPECIFICATION	- (STANDARD)
240 VAC: POWER BLACK		PRESSURE SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	†	DIODE		CA COLD BOLLED CTEEL
	\ \ 	TEMPERATURE SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN	*	ZENER DIODE	MOUNTING PANS	12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL 12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL 12 GA COLD ROLLED STEEL
120 VAC: POWER	- } -	TEMPERATURE SWITCH - NORMALLY CLOSED	**	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE	EXTERIOR FINISH: ALPHATIC AIR DRY POLYURETHANE	ENAMEL AND PRIMER.
	- *	LIMIT SWTCH - NORMALLY OPEN (FREE)	\$	METAL OXIDE VARISTOR (MOV)	COLOR IS ANSI-61 LIGHT GREY.	S.U MILL MINIMUM.
B 24 VDC: BOSITIVE BLUE B. NEGATIVE WHITE/BLUE WHITE/BLUE 16 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)		LIMIT SWTCH - NORMALLY CLOSED (FREE)	\Diamond	THERMOCOUPLE	INTERIOR FINISH: ALPHATIC AIR DRY POLYURETHANE ENAMEL AND PRIMER. FINISHED DRY FILM THICKNESS IS 3.0 MILL MINIMUM. COLOR IS WHITE	ENAMEL AND PRIMER. 3.0 MILL MINIMUM.
		LIMIT SWITCH - NORMALLY OPEN (HELD)		(James) OTG		
12 VOCT. POSITIVE BLUE HITE/BLUE TO ANG (Min.) MTW/TEW (TINNED)		LIMIT SWTCH - NORMALLY CLOSED (HELD)	~ <u>)</u>	KID (3-WIRE)	PANEL LABELING R	REQUIREMENTS
120 VAC FOREIGN:			<u>-</u>) +	CAPACITOR — POLARIZED	UL 508A INDUSTRIAL CONTROL EQUIPMENT: UNDERWRITERS LABORATORY: INC. — UL	Ë
POWER YELLOW PEUTRAL WHITE/YELLOW 14 AWG (Min) MTW/TEW (TINNED)	. 2	3-POSITION SELECTOR SWITCH		TRANSFORMER (CPT)	ELECTRONIC TESTING LABS, INC. – ETL NON REQUIRED	NC
DOWN RED/BLACK NOTE BLACK/WHITE		CLOSED IN POSITION-1	(°)	POTENTIOMETER		
DRAWING DESIGNATIONS	(xoo)	CLOSED IN POSITION—3	—-/////	HEATER		
₩		HOTIMS GOTOR ISSUED	0	HOTIMS NOTTING HOLD NOTIONG-6		
F - FABRICATION DRAWINGS N - P & ID 13 J - PANEL LAYOUT DRAWINGS P - PANEL POWER WIRING DIAGRAMS	1 2 (x0)	CLOSED IN POSITION—1	N +	MAINTAINED CONTACTS WITH		
L – LOOP DRAWINGS	(xo) - ° °	CLOSED IN POSITION-2	<u> </u>	MECHANICAL INTERLOCK		
LEGIKYDM	LISTING UL508	Technical Systems Inc. custration of the control of	CUSTOMER DESIGN / CHKD CITY OF SED MERCER ISLAND DRAWN	TECHNICAL SY	SYSTEMS Inc.	DATE 25 OCT 10 JOB NO. 720.2
PEY DESCRIPTION / INT	EP OTHER	- 1 (2)	AND STANDARDS	Т		DWG. NO. REV. STDS 0.1



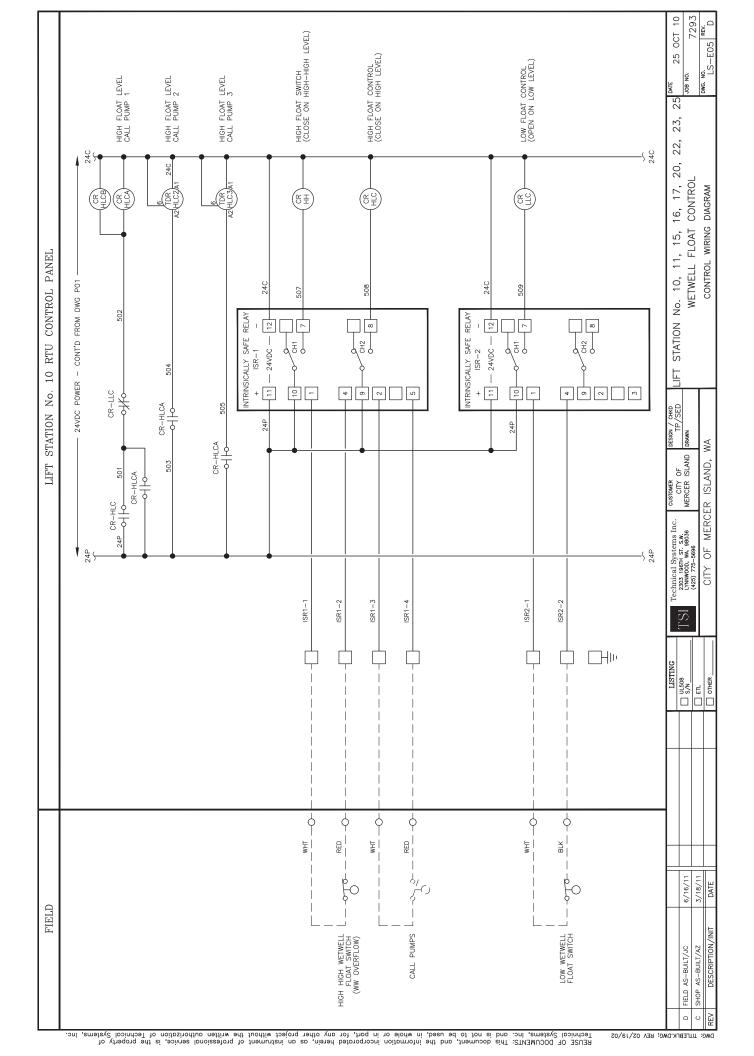




L PANEL	PANIC AJARM [ADDR. 1000001] WITRISON AJARM [ADDR. 1000002] HIGH WEYNELL ALARM [ADDR. 1000004] CADR. 1000004] CADR. 1000005] CADR. 1000013] WW OVERLOW AMOUNT OF TOO OF T	NN No. 10, 11, 15, 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25 Note 10 DISCRETE I/O BASE - MODULE 2 Note No. No.
LIFT STATION No. 10 RTU CONTROL PANEL	3.49 PMG = FROW 170 - MODULE 1 PROVIDED WINDOWS 170 - MODULE 1	OUSTOWER CETY OF DESIGNA / CHED PRAWN DISSER ISLAND PRAWN DISSER ISLAND, WA
FIELD	REUSE OF DOCUMENTS: This document, and the information incorporated herein, as an instrument of professional service, is the property of a professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, in the professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, in the professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, in the professional service, is the professional service, in the professional service, in the professional service, is the property of the professional service, in the professional s	PELD AS-BUILT/JC S/18/11



PANEL	PUMP No.1 IN AUTO PUMP No.2 IN AUTO SPARE PUMP No.1 CHECK VALVE OPEN OPEN PUMP No.2 CHECK VALVE OPEN PUMP No.3 CHECK VALVE SPARE	5, 16, 17, 20, 22, 23, 25 DMTE 25 OCT 10 SE MODULE 3 DMS. NO. 7293 DMS. NO. LS-E04 REV. DMS. NO. LS-E04 NO.
LIFT STATION No. 10 RTU CONTROL PANEL	403 403 404 404 404 404 404 404 404 404	No. 10, SCRETE I,
FIELD	EEUSE OF DOCUMENTS: This document, and the information incorporated herein, on an instrument of professional service, is the property of a service of in earl, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in whole or in part, for any other project without the written outhorization of Technical Systems, inc. and is not to be used, in which is not in part, for any other project without the written of the part of the written outhorization of the part of the	LISTING LIST

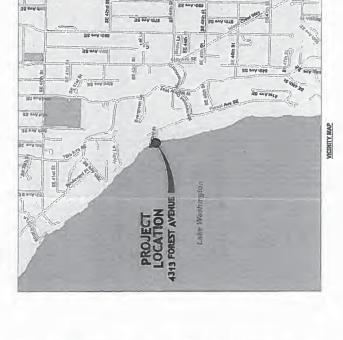


SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION #14 MODERNIZATION CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS



PUMP STATION #14 MODERNIZATION CITY OF MERCER ISLAND, WASHINGTON

PROJECT NO. WS320R



INDEX TO DRAWINGS	DRAWING	
SHT MO.	DWG NO.	SHEET TITLE
GENERAL 1	15	TITLE SHEET, LOCATION AND VICINITY MAPS,
2	52	AND INDEX TO DRAWINGS GENERAL NOTES, LEGEND AND ABBREVATIONS
ремоштом 3 4	01	WET WELL DEMOLTION PLAN GENERATOR VALIT DEMOLTION PLAN
55 CANL.	ខមខ	STE PLAN MECHANICAL SECTIONS MECHANICAL SECTION AND DETALS
STRUCTURAL. B 9	12 52	TANK LID PLAN AND DETAILS DETAILS
10 10 11	ភព	
212	ជន	ELECTRICAL PLANS AND SECTIONS ELECTRICAL ONE—LINE DAGRAM, LOAD SCHEDULE
±	13	AND CONDUIT INTERCORRECT PUMP CONTROL WIRING ELEMENTARY







2 BARTS

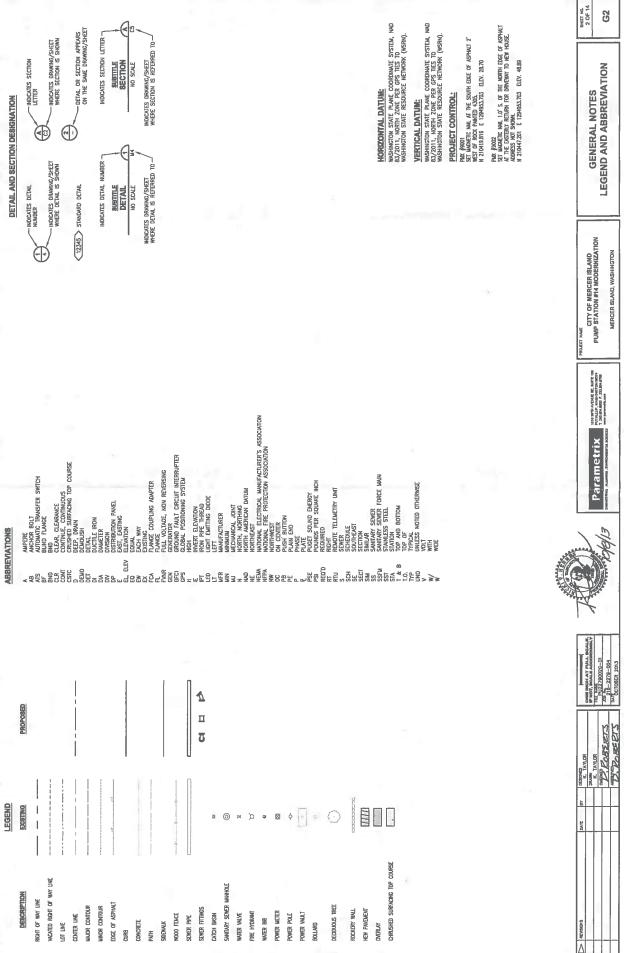
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CITY OF MERCER ISLAND PUMP STATION #14 MODERNIZATION MERCER ISLAND, WASHINGTON

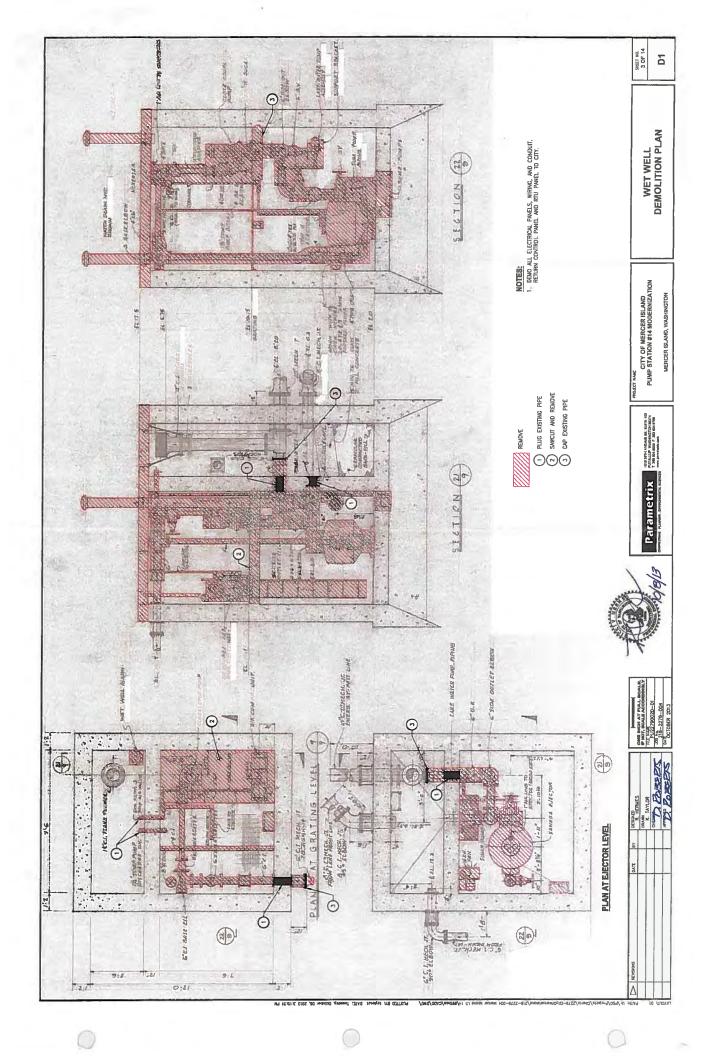
TITLE SHEET LOCATION AND VICINITY MAPS AND INDEX TO DRAWINGS

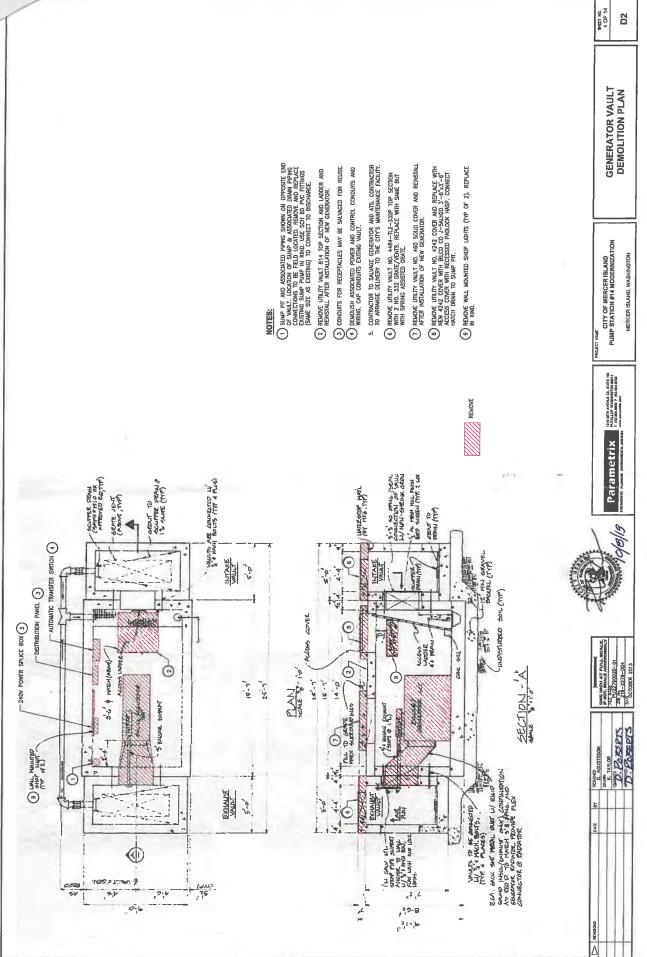
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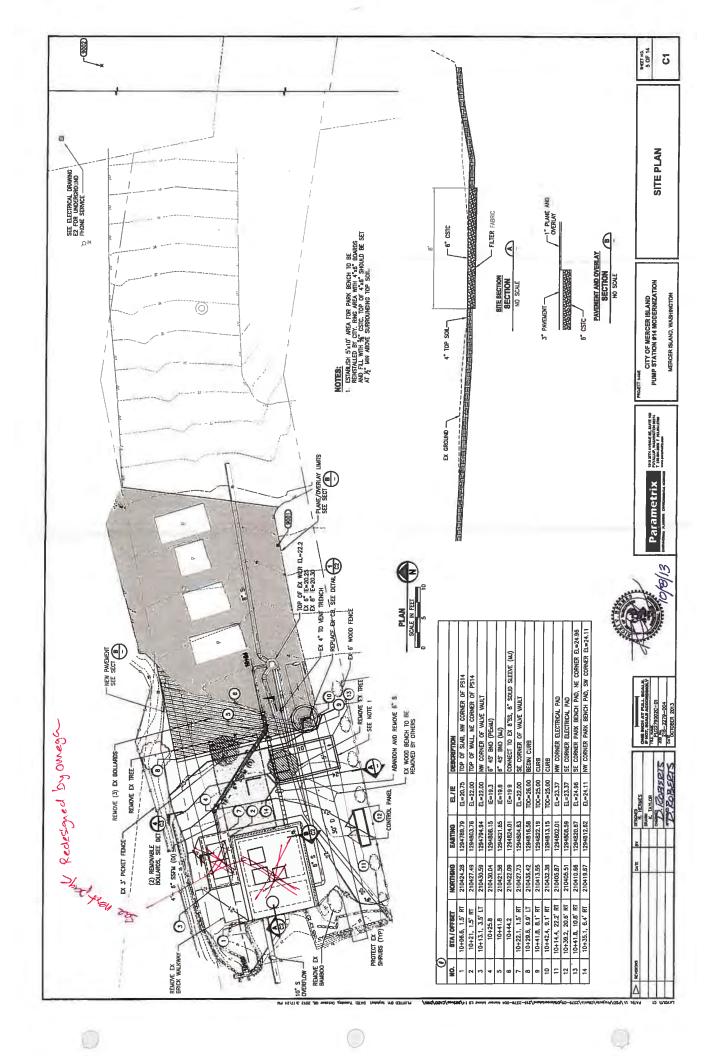
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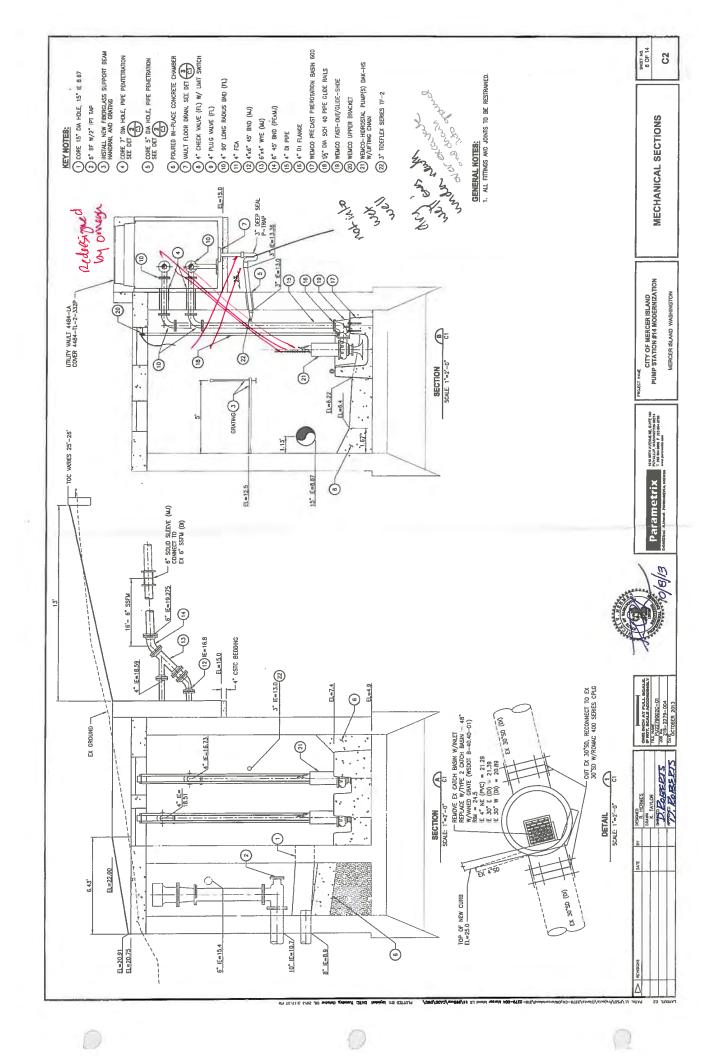


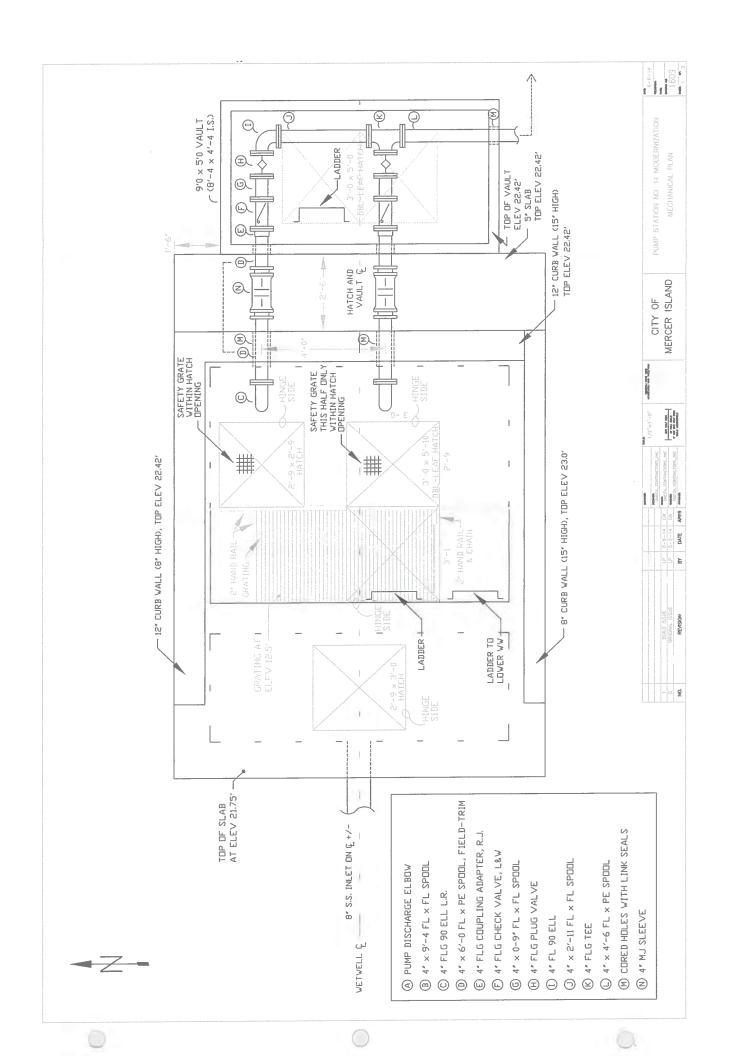


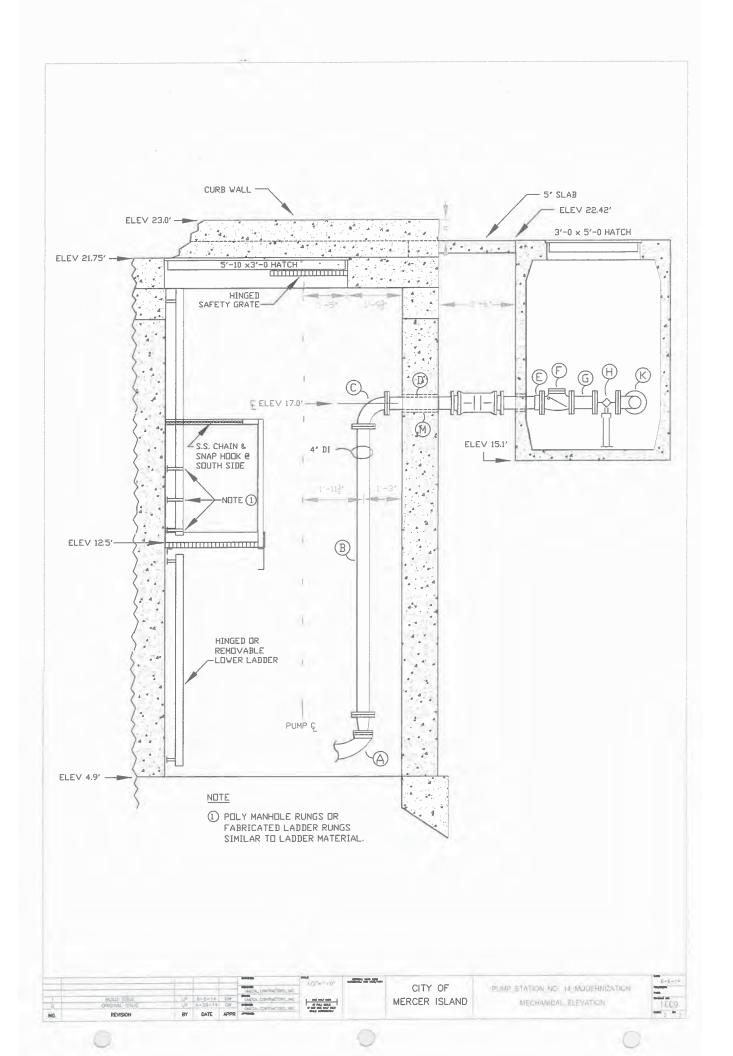
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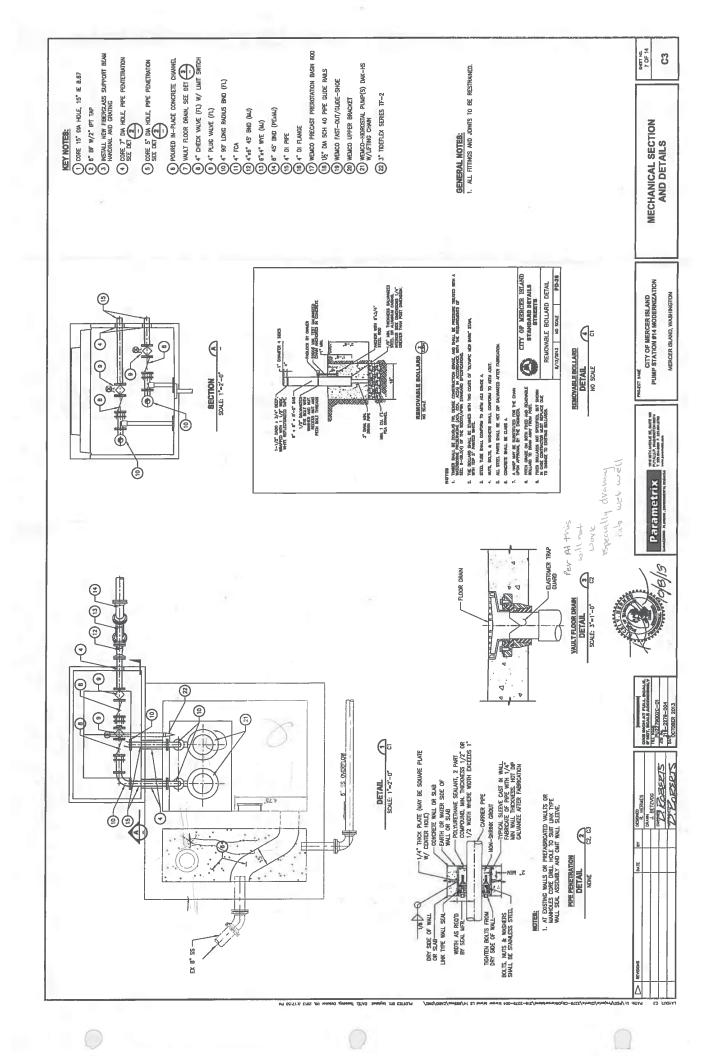
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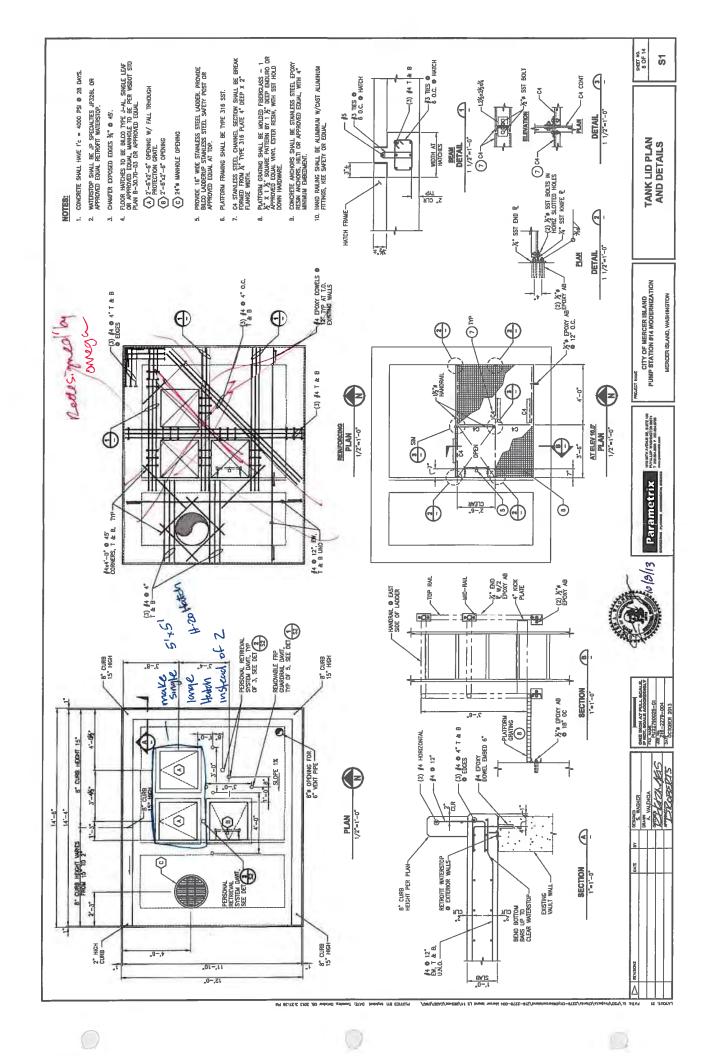


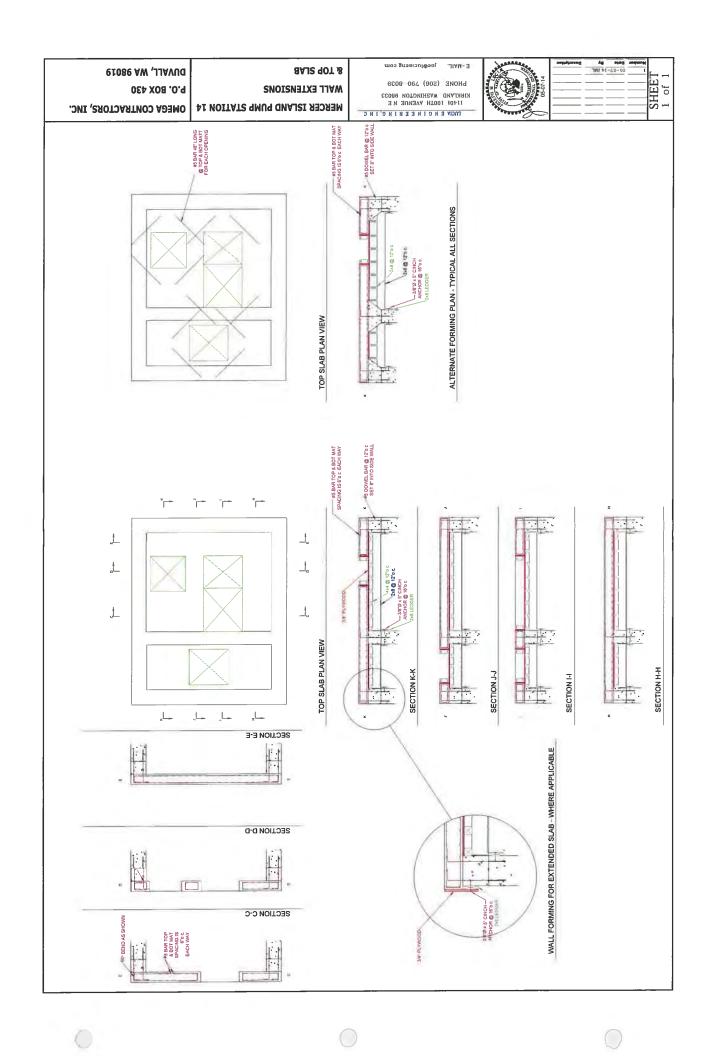


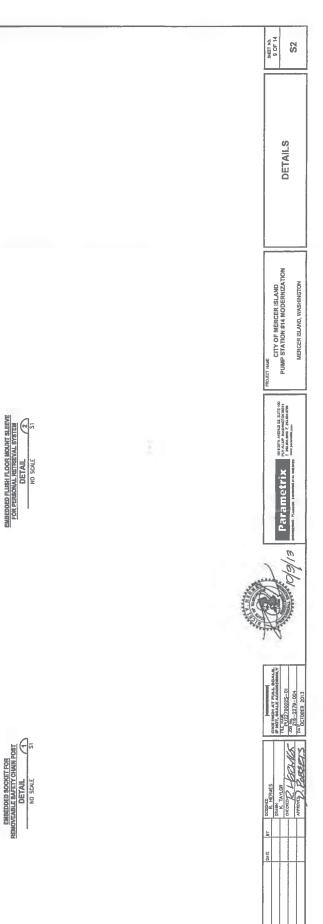


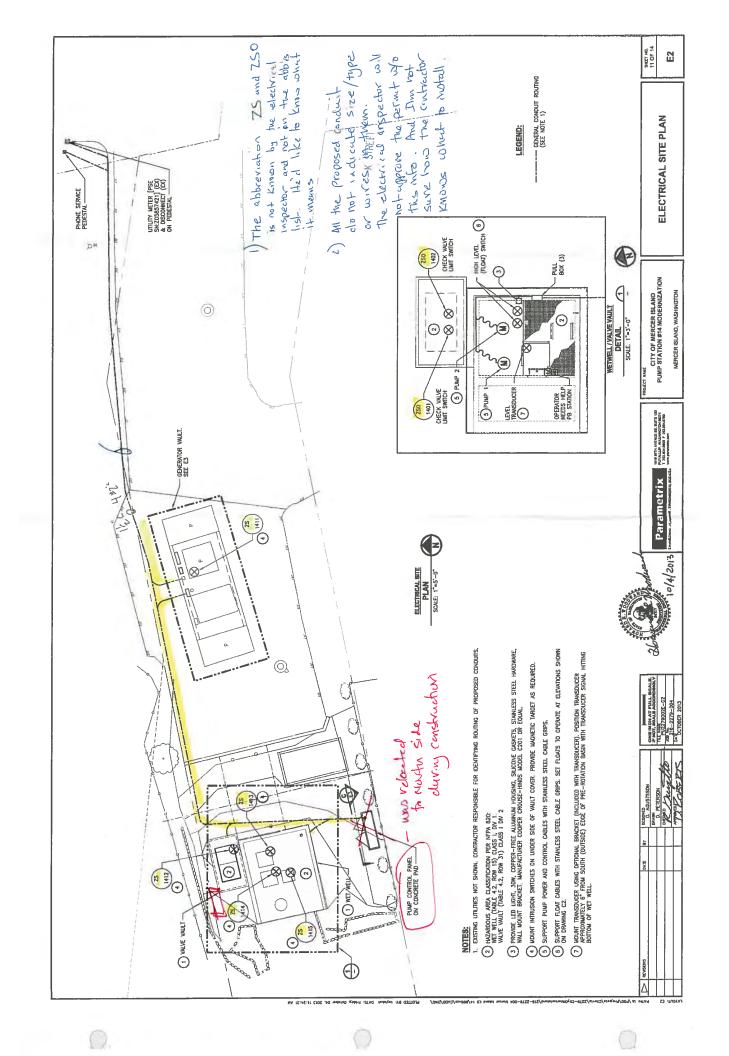


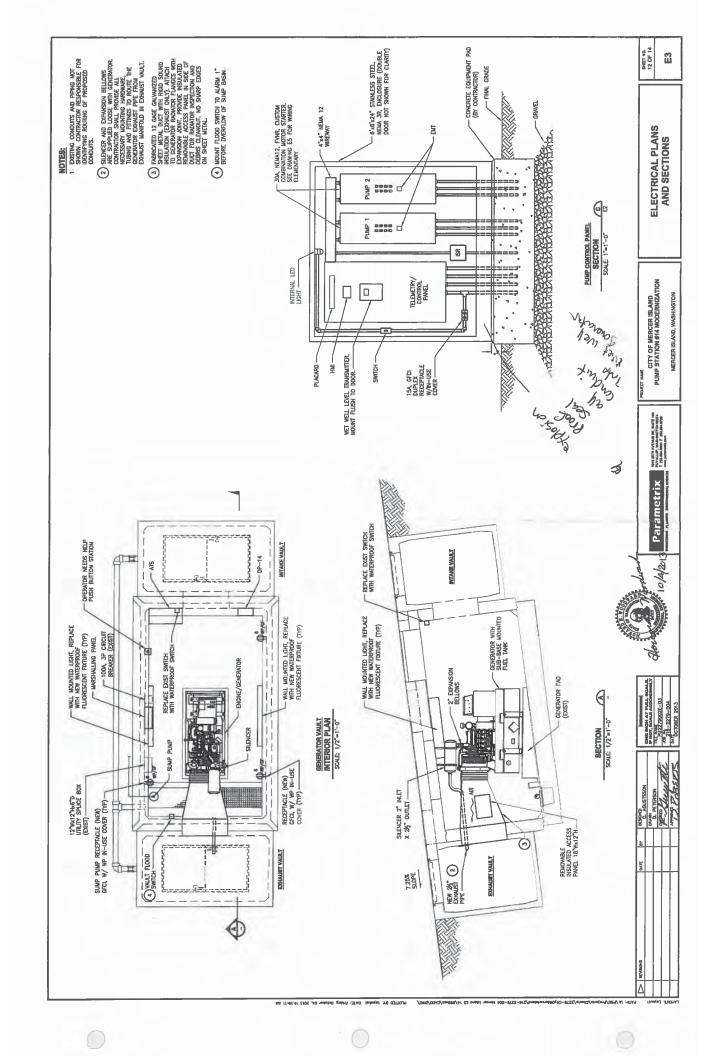


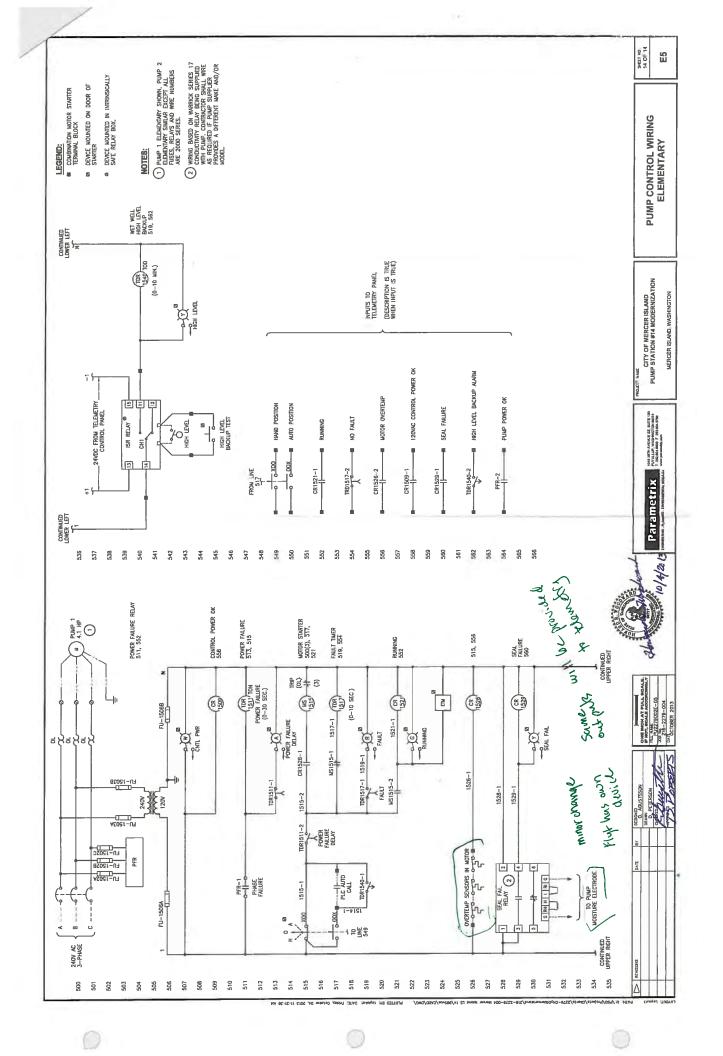






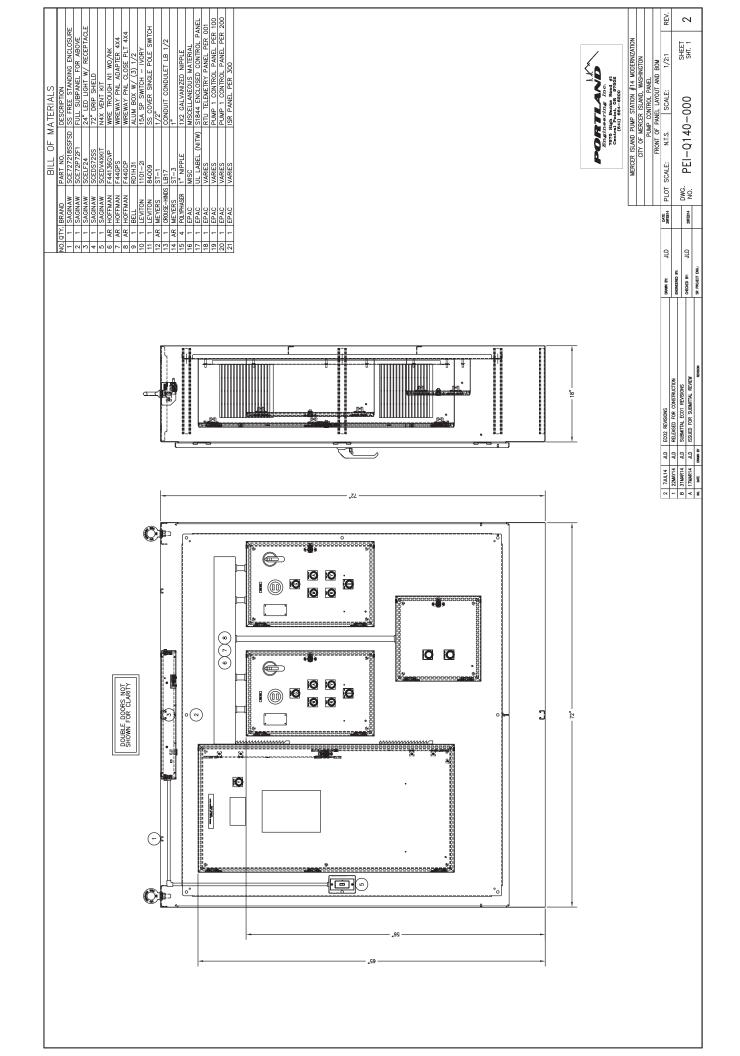






SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A PUMP STATION 14 DESIGN DRAWINGS





BILL OF MATERIALS BILL OF MATERIALS I HOFFMAN CSD-8242 MALL MITT THE 4/7 ENC. 2 1 HOFFMAN CSD-8242 MALL MITT THE 4/7 ENC. 2 1 HOFFMAN CSD-8242 MALL MITT THE 4/7 ENC. 2 1 HOFFMAN CSD-8242 MALL MITT THE AMOUNTING FOOT KIT TO STATE AND INTERPRETABLE A	POPERIOR LANGE L
	2"
	24.

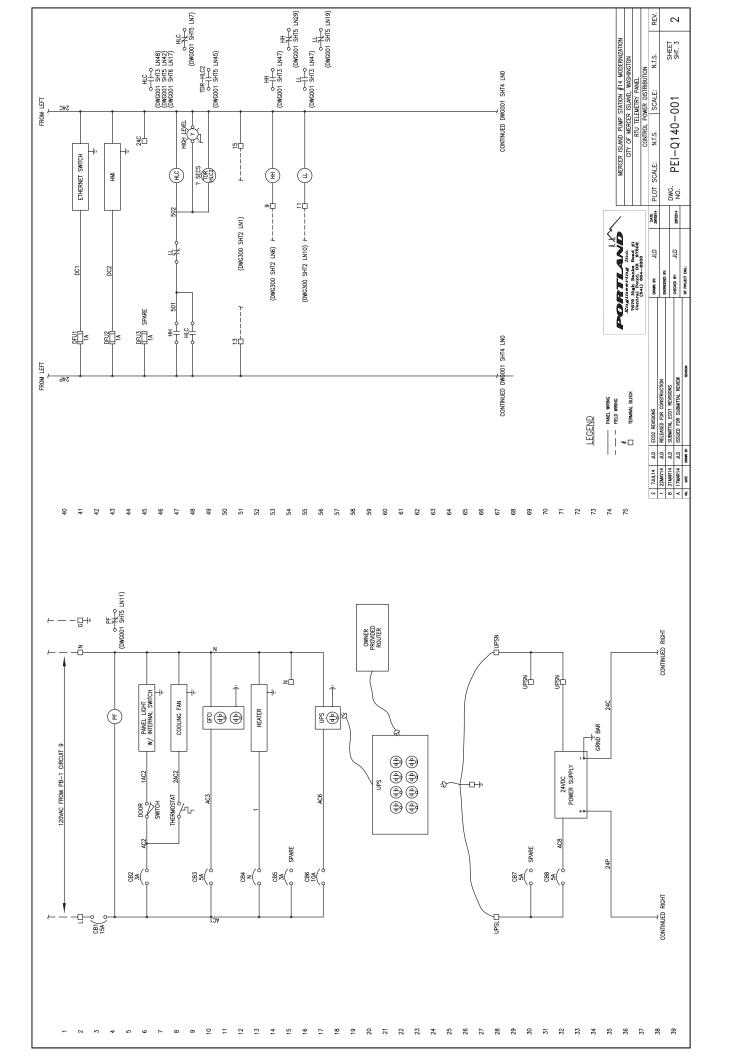
			BILL OF M/	MAIENIALO
Š	QTY.		PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
-	-	HOFFMAN	CP4824	0x22.20 BACK
2	-	HOFFMAN	LF120V18	18" FLUORESCENT LIGHT
3	-	HOFFMAN	ALFSWD	REMOTE DOOR SWITCH FOR ABOVE
4	1	HOFFMAN	LPC72	WER CABLE FOR ABO
2	-	HOFFMAN	LDSWITCH72	72" D. SWITCH CABLE FOR ABOVE
9	-	HOFFMAN	DAH1001A	100W ELECTRIC HEATER
7	-	MODICON	171-CCC-960-30	PROCESS ADAPTER
œ	-	MODICON	172-JNN-210-32	RS 232/RS 485 SERIAL ADAPTER
ნ	-	MODICON	170-AAI-030-00	8 DIFF AI MODULE
10	1	MODICON	170-ADM-370-10	
11	-	MODICON	170-ADI-340-00	24VDC 16DI MODULE
12	3	MODICON	170-INT-110-00	INTERBUS COMM ADAPTER
13	ы	MODICON	170-MCI-007-00	INTERBUS .36' CABLE
14	4	MODICON	170-XTS-001-00	SCREW TERMINAL BLCK (SET OF 3)
15	-	SQUARE D	60112	120VAC-60VDC 15A CKT BRKR
16	2	SQUARE D	60104	120VAC-60VDC 3A CKT BRKR
17	3		60106	5A CKT E
18	1	SQUARE D	60110	120VAC-60VDC 10A CKT BRKR
19	1	TELEMECANIQUE	RSB1A120F7	120VAC SPDT 12A RELAY
20	-	TELEMECANIQUE		OR ABOVE RELAY
21	3	TELEMECANIQUE		24VDC 4PDT 6A LED/TEST RELAY
22	3	TELEMECANIQUE	RXZE2S114M	ΑY
23	80	TELEMECANIQUE	RXM2AB3BD	: DPDT 12A
24	80	TELEMECANIQUE	RXZE2S108M	
25	-	AB	700H-R52TU24	
26	-	AB	700H-N101	
27	-[STEGO	KTS01141-9-00	
78	-	HUBBELL	DRUBGF115	
53	-	PHOENIX	2963860	125VAC 16A CNTRL
30	-[SOLA	SDN-10-24-100P	24VDC 10A POWER SUPPLY
31	ı			1
32	118	PHOENIX	3044102	RMINAL BLOCK
33	9	AB	1492-WFB424	
34	-	BUSSMANN	GMA-500MA	
35	2	BUSSMANN	GMA-1MA	
36	2	BUSSMANN	GMA-4MA	
37	2	BUSSMANN	GMA-6MA	MINATURE GLASS FUSE
38	AR	PHOENIX	3047028	END PLATE D-UT2.5 TB
39	AR	PHOENIX	0800886	END BRACKET
9	AR	PHOENIX	5ST1146	DIN RAIL
4	AR	AB	11492-DR6	HIGH RISE DIN RAIL
45	AR	T&B	TY4X4NPW6	4"X4" WHITE DUCT
43	AR	T&B	TY4CPW6	4" WHITE DUCT COVER
44	AR	T&B	TY2X4NPW6	(4" WHITE DU
45	AR	T&B	TY2CPW6	2" WHITE DUCT COVER
46	AR	T&B	TY1X4NPW6	1"X4" WHITE DUCT
47	AR	T&B	TY1CPW6	1" WHITE DUCT COVER
48	AR.	ELECTRO PAC	GRAVO 3.75X1.5	ENGRAVED PANEL LEGEND
49	-[EPAC	UL508	INDUSTRIAL CONTROL PANEL

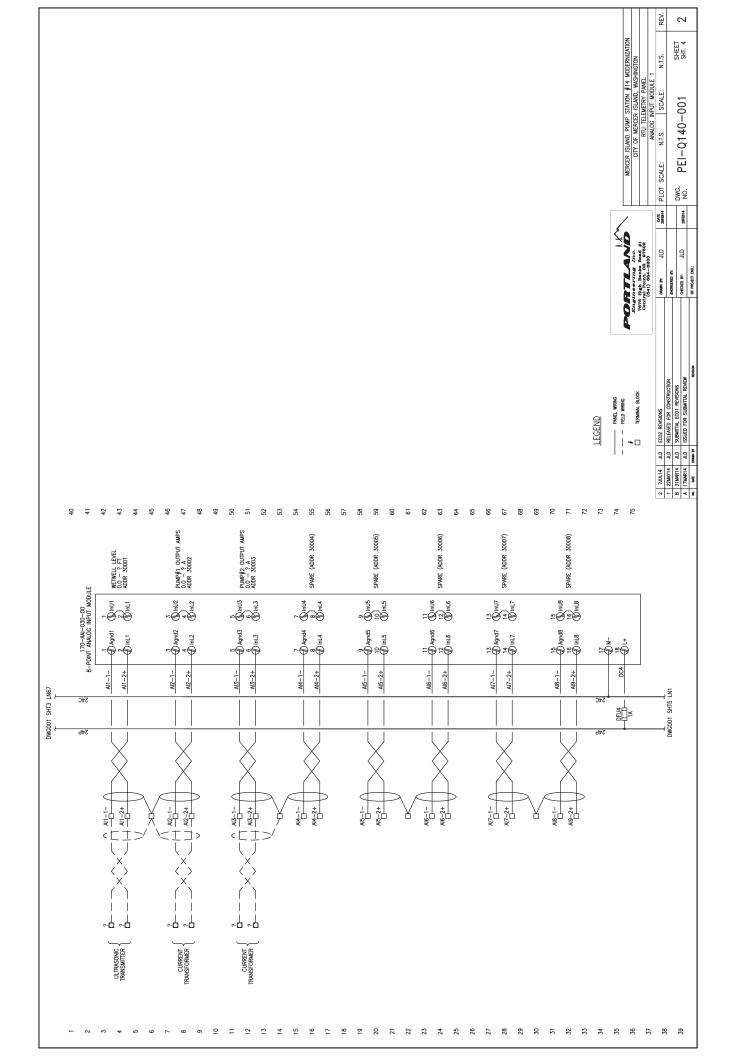


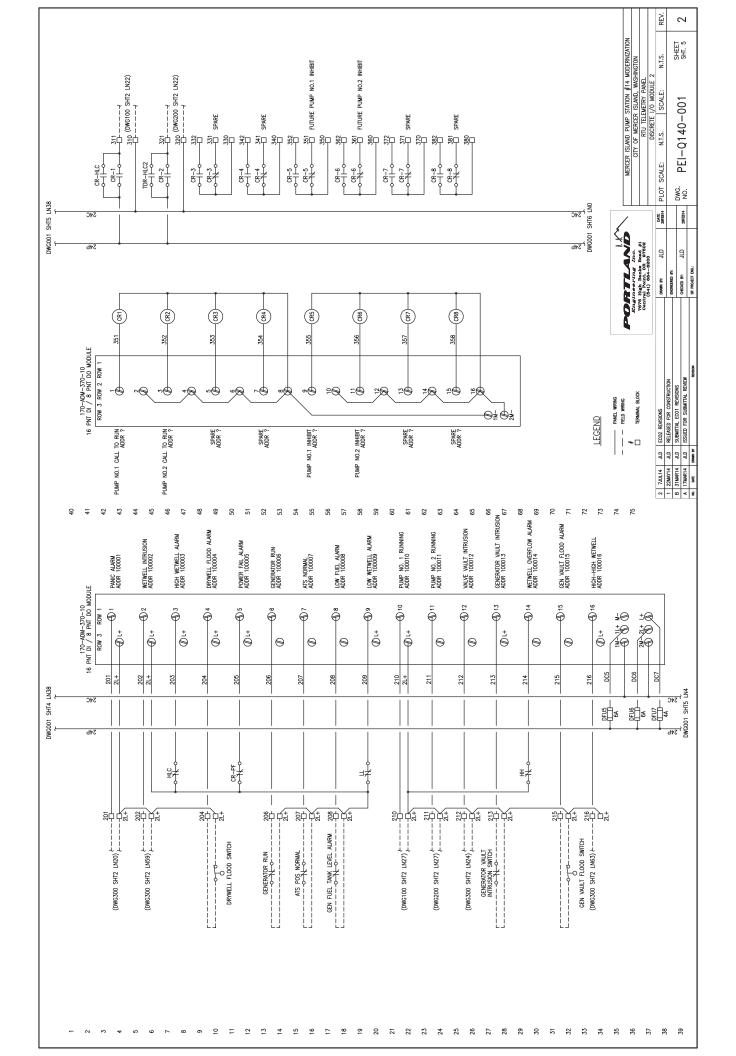
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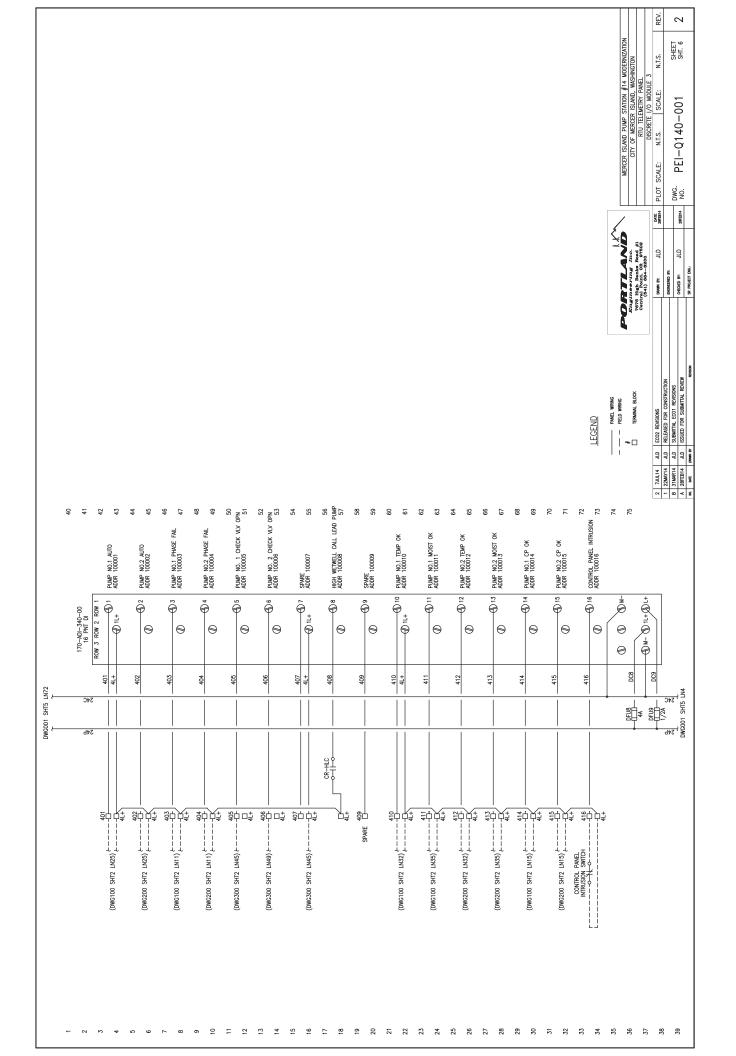
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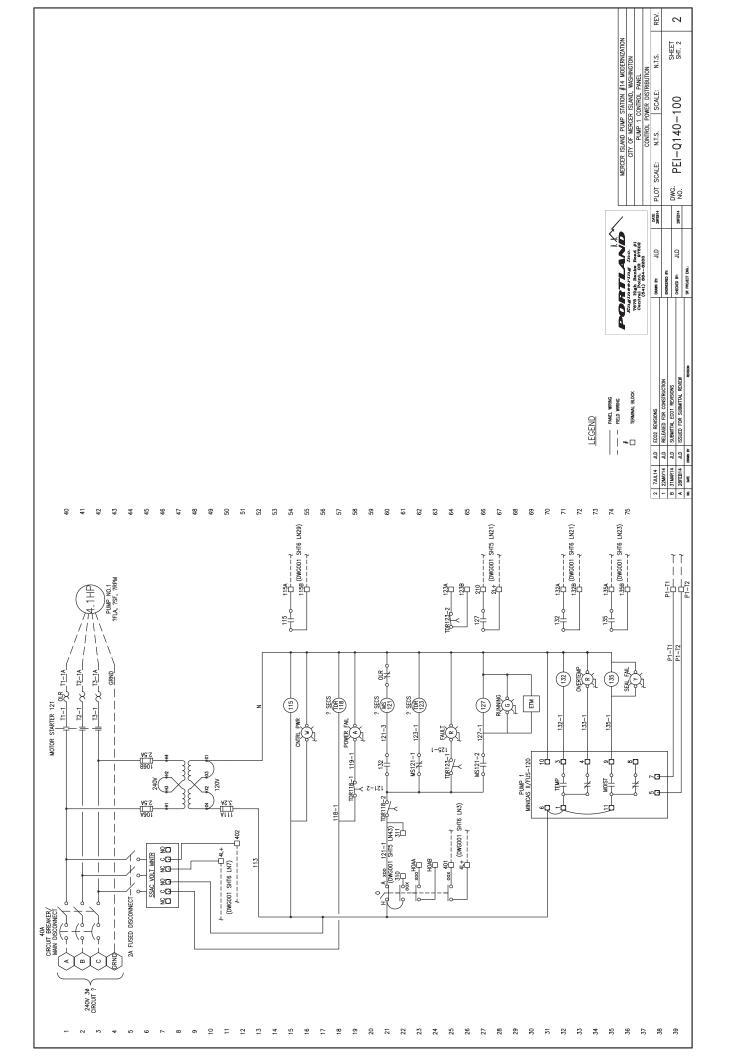




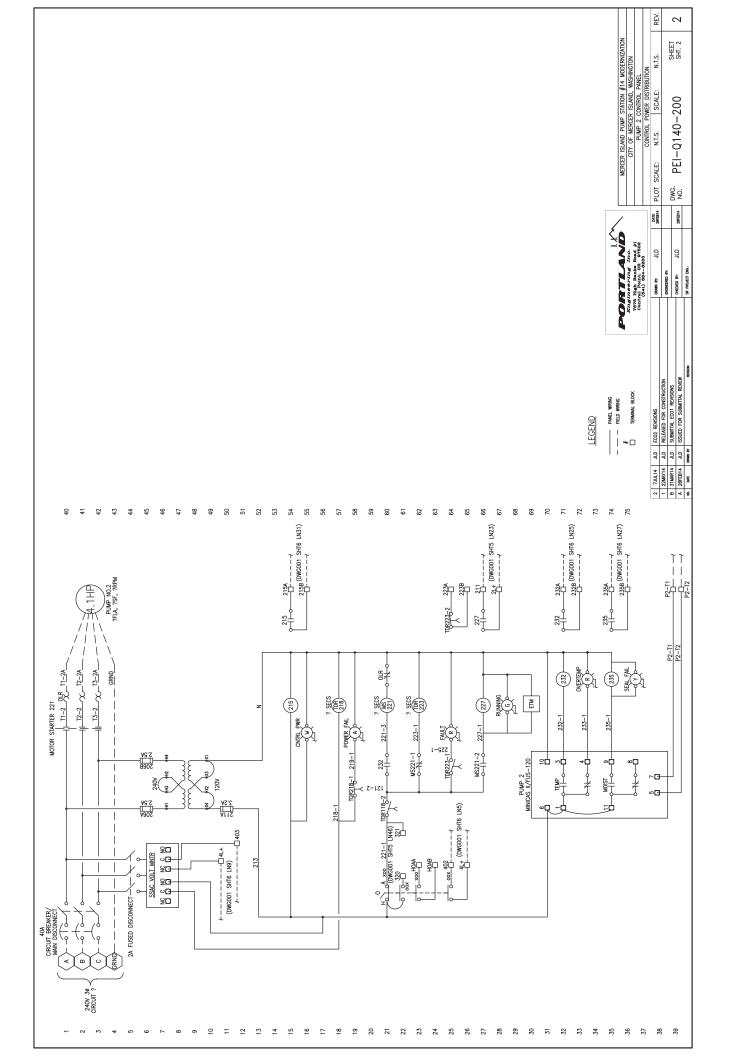




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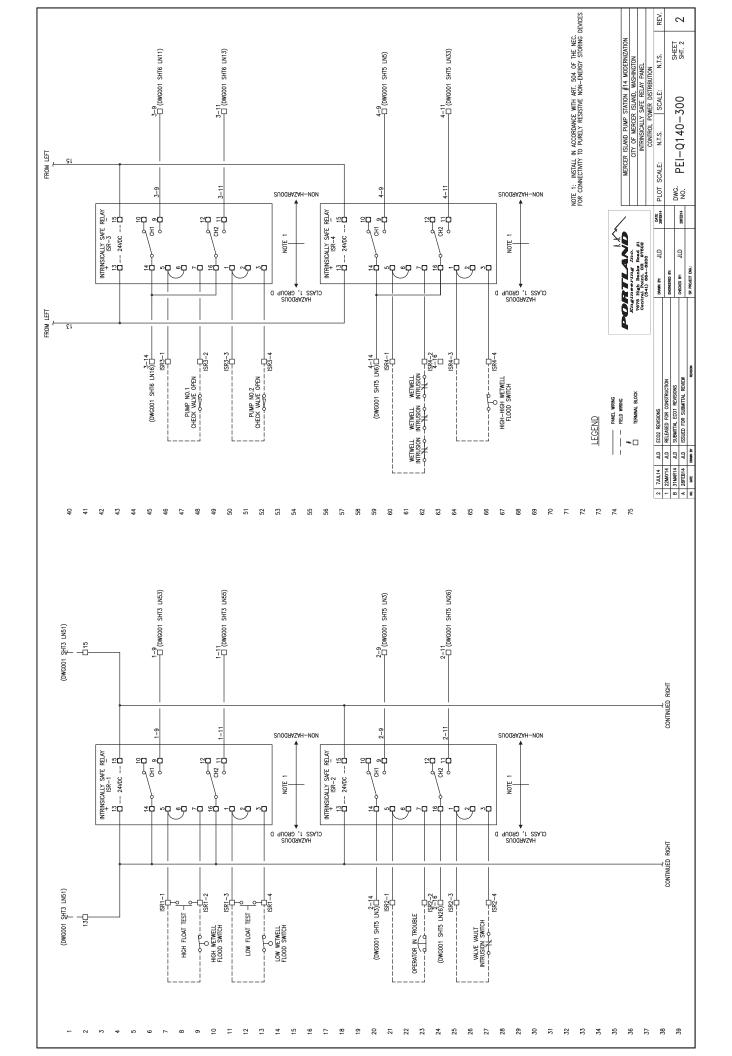
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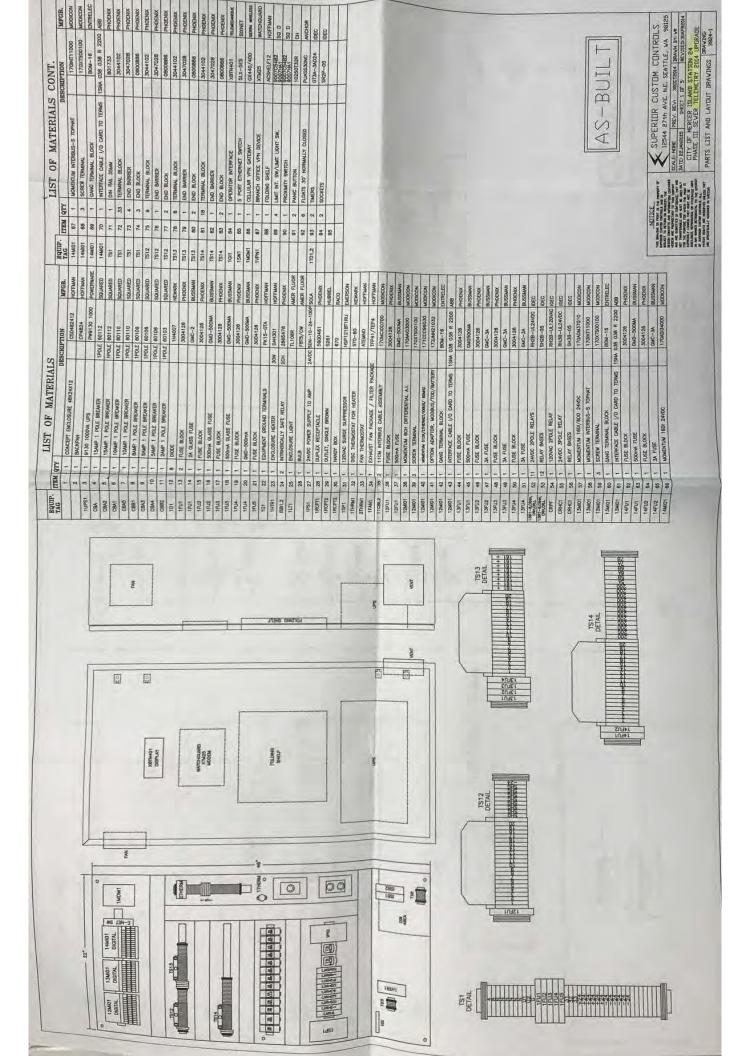


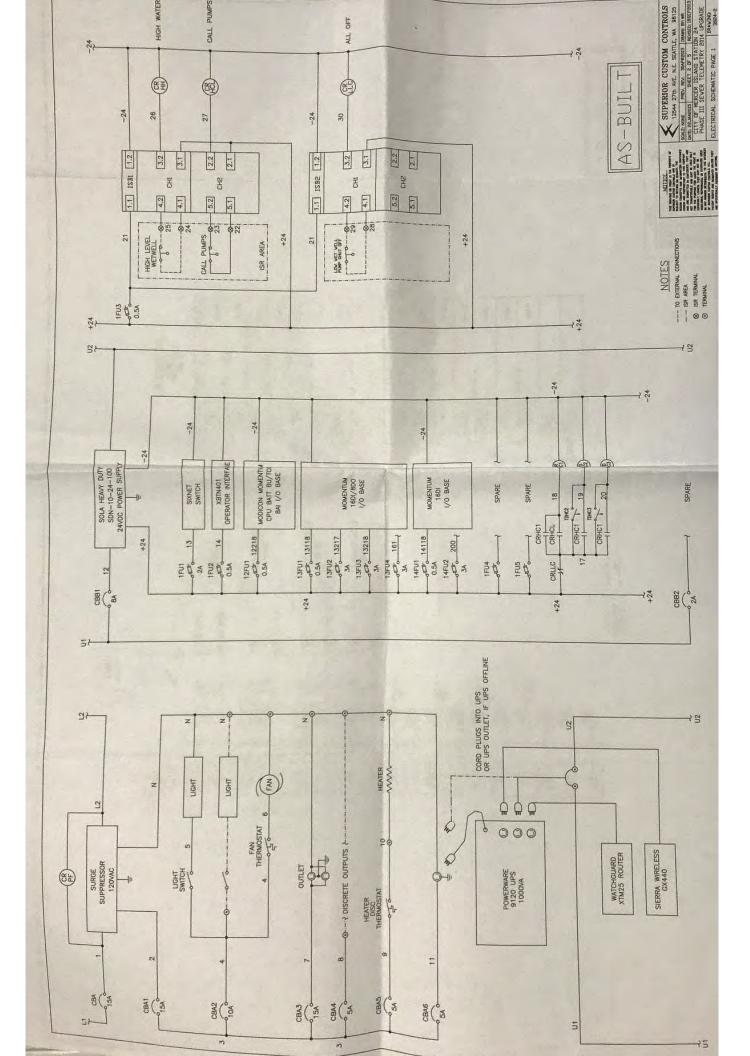
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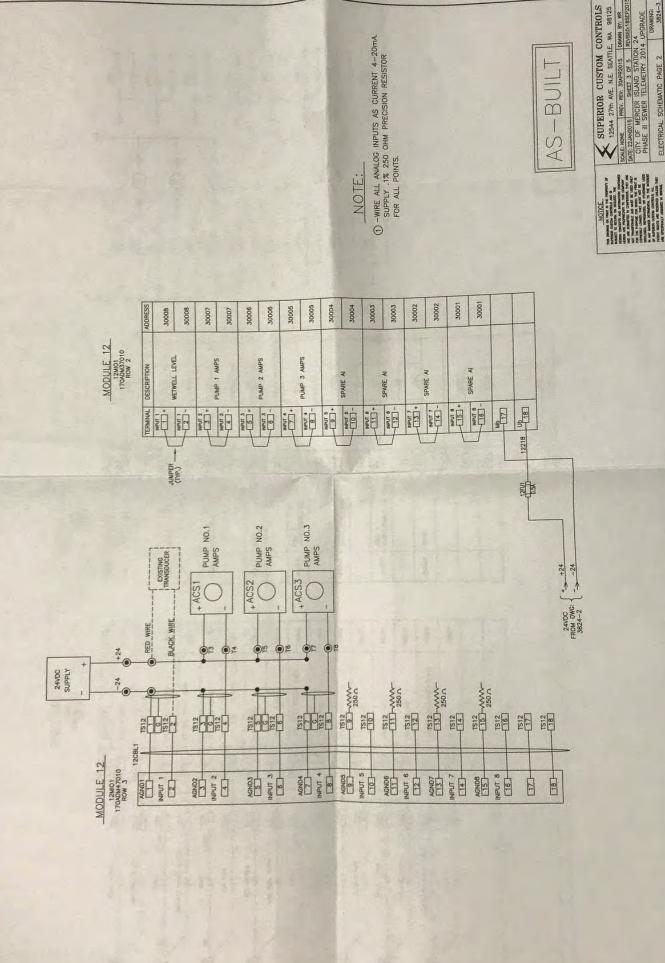


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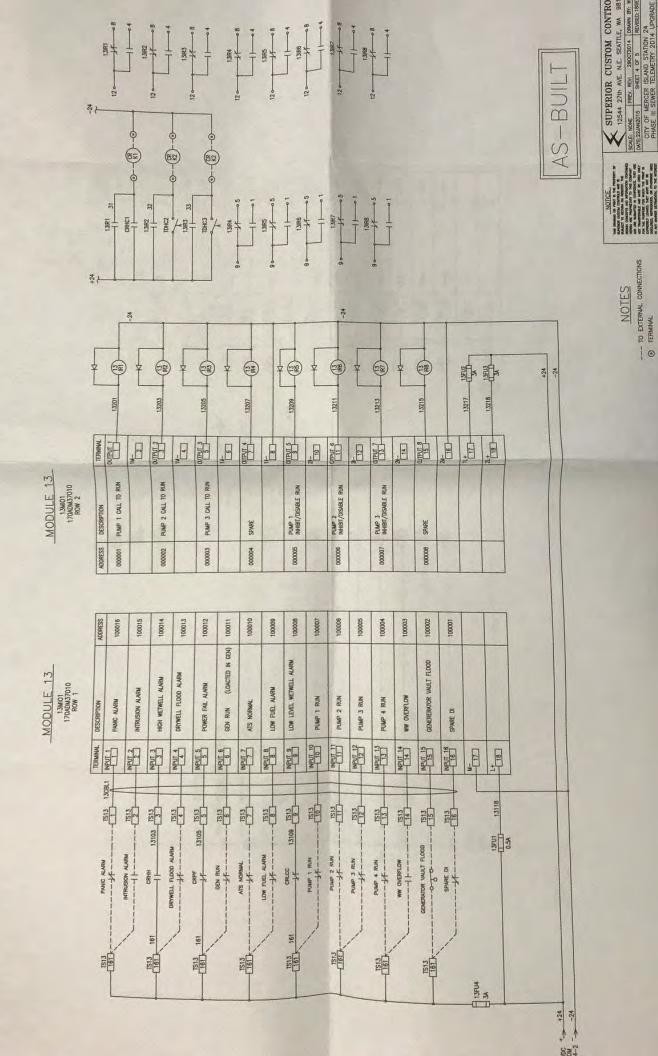








ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC PAGE 2



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SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A

PUMP STATION NO. 18 PUMP REPLACEMENT, PUMP STATIONS 13, 17, & 24 GENERATORS REPLACEMENT



CONTACT PERSONNEL

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VICINITY MAP & SA EQUIPMEN

CITY OF MERCER ISLAND

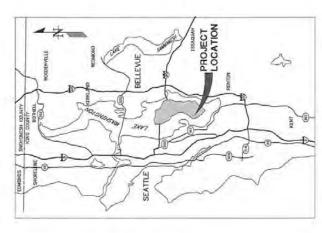
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CONTRACT NO. P18G131724



BRIAN McDANIEL
CITY OF MERCER ISLAND
UTILITIES OPERATIONS MANAGER
9611 SE 36TH ST
MERCER ISLAND, WA 98040
206-275-7812
brian.mcdaniel@mercergov.org





VICINITY MAP

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MERCER ISLAND MAP

SHEET INDEX

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PS # 18 LOCATION MAP

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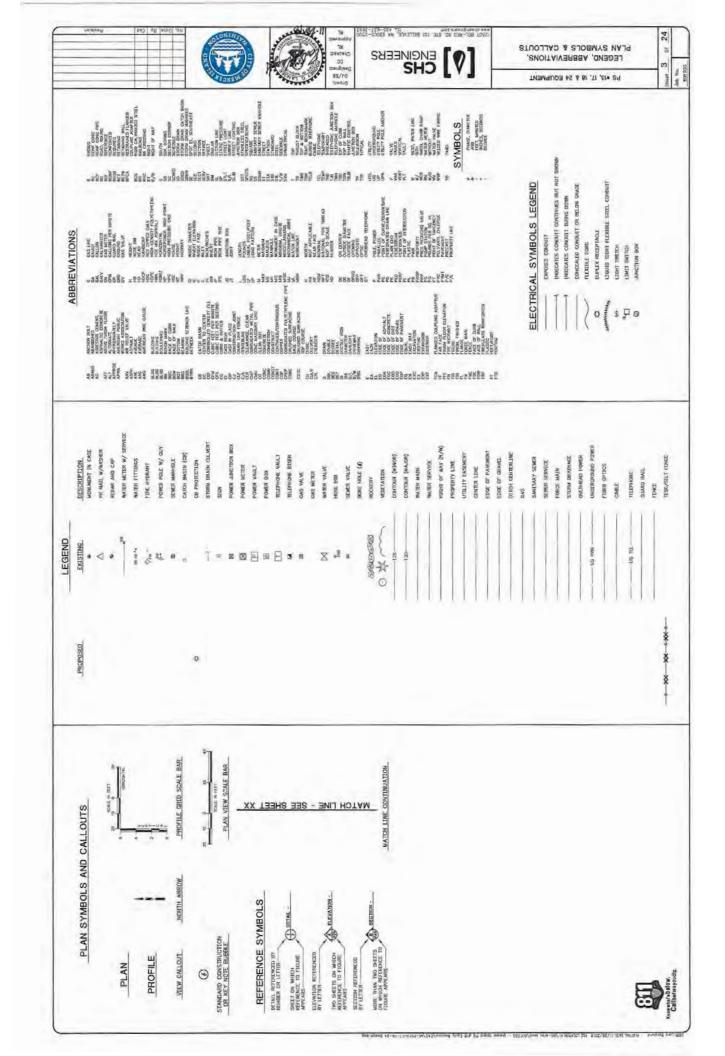
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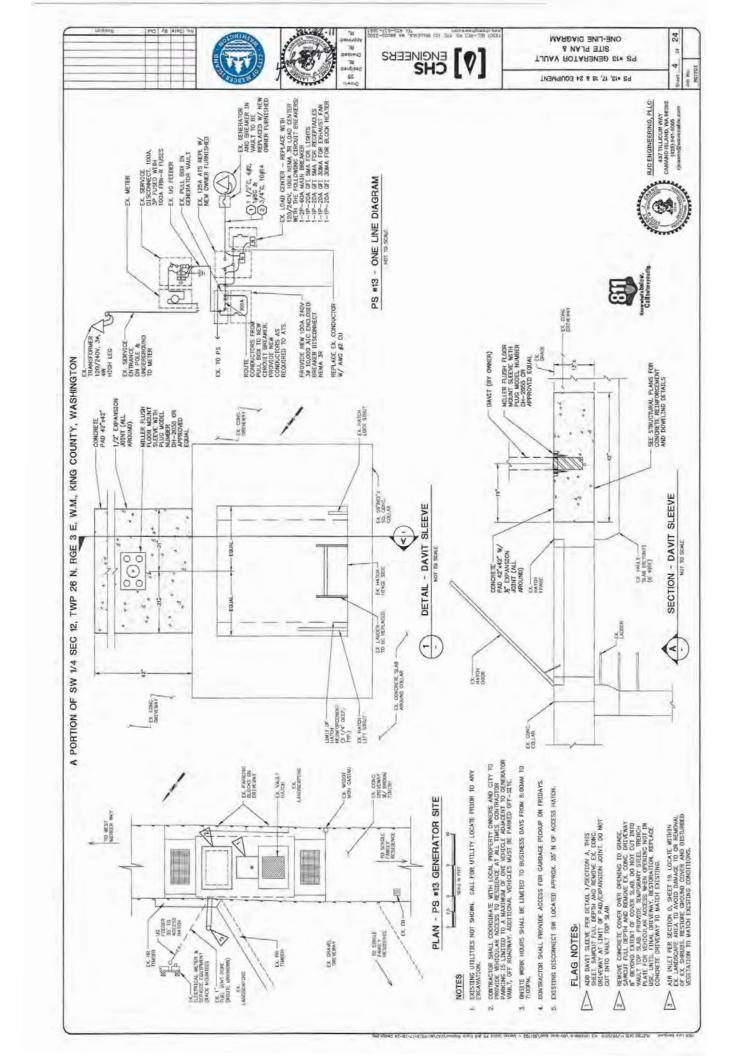
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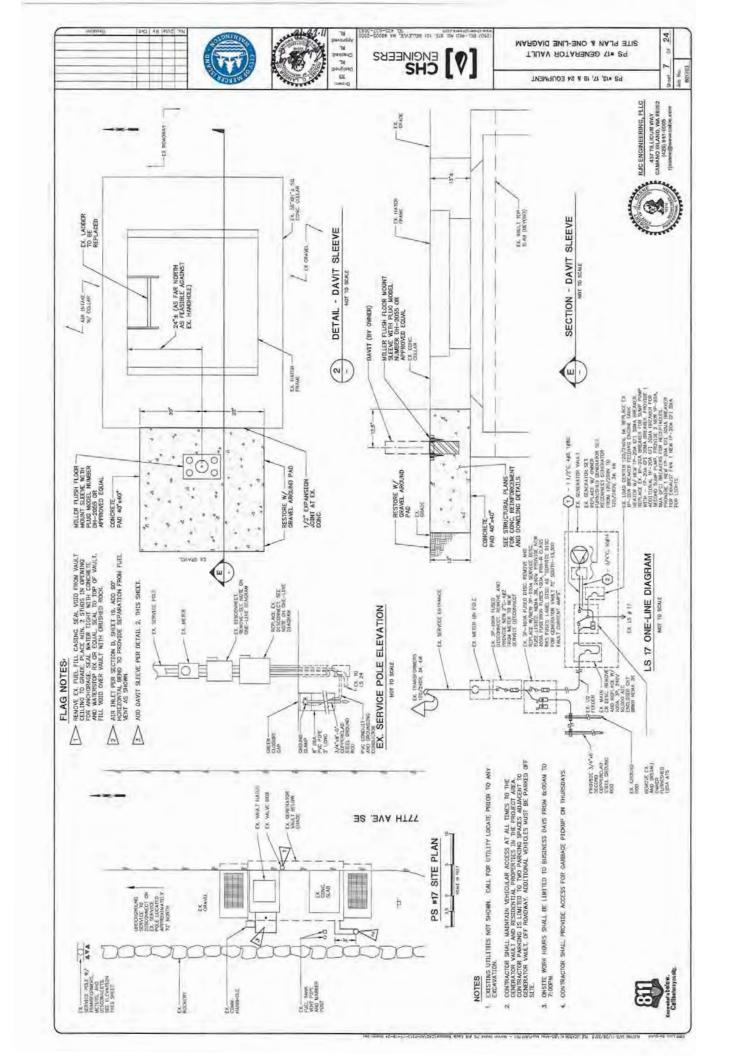


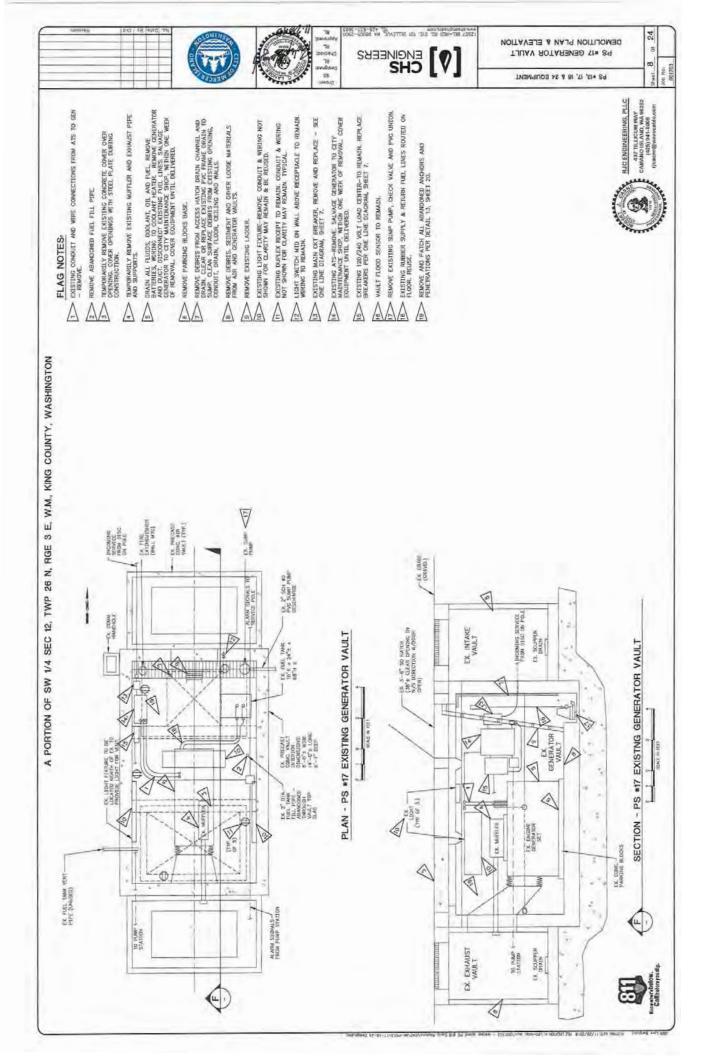
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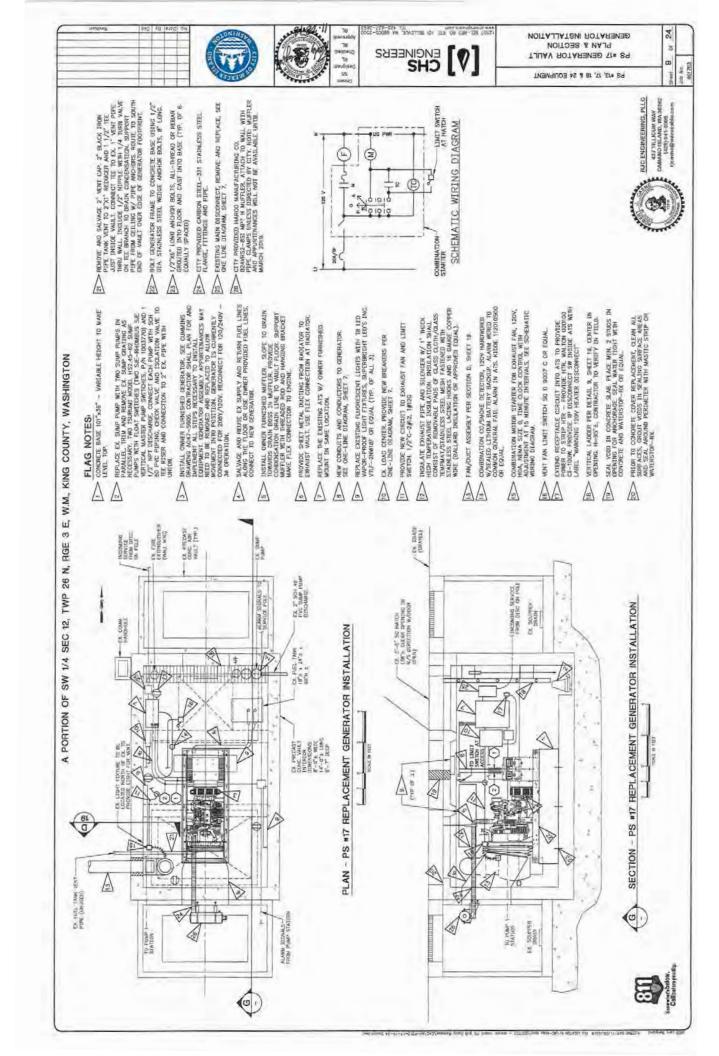
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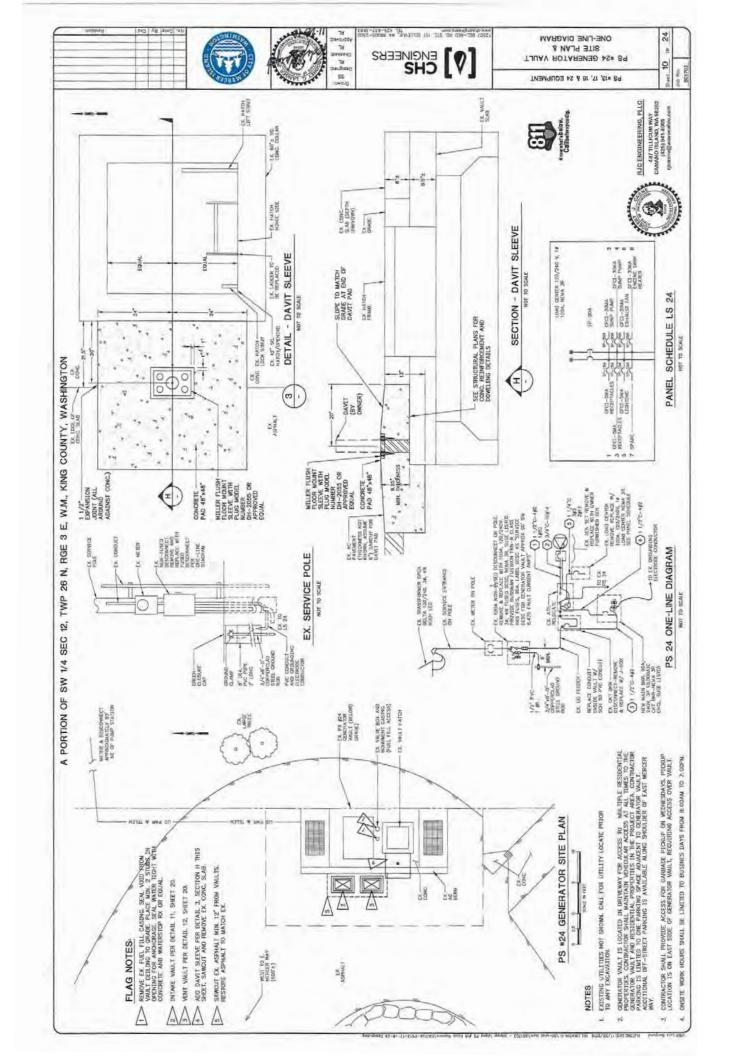
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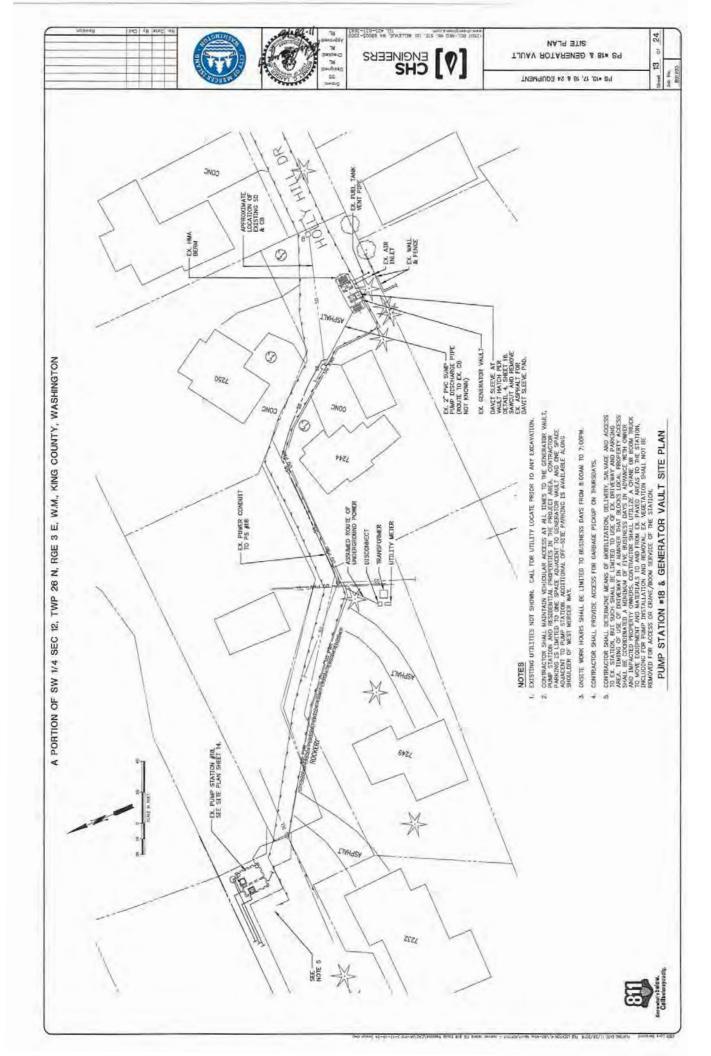
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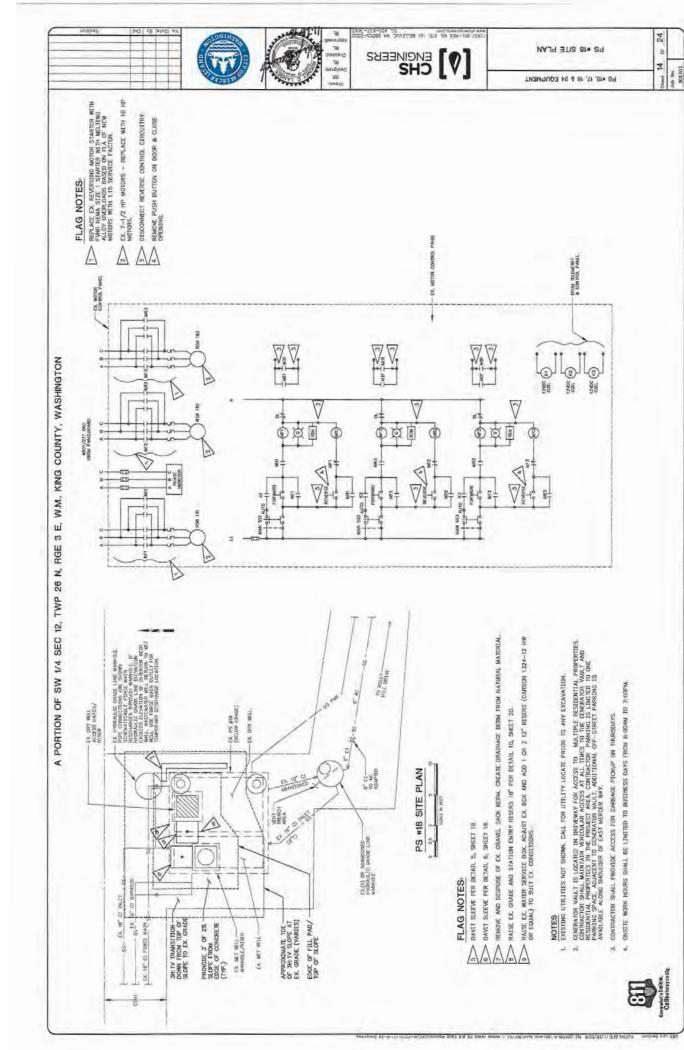


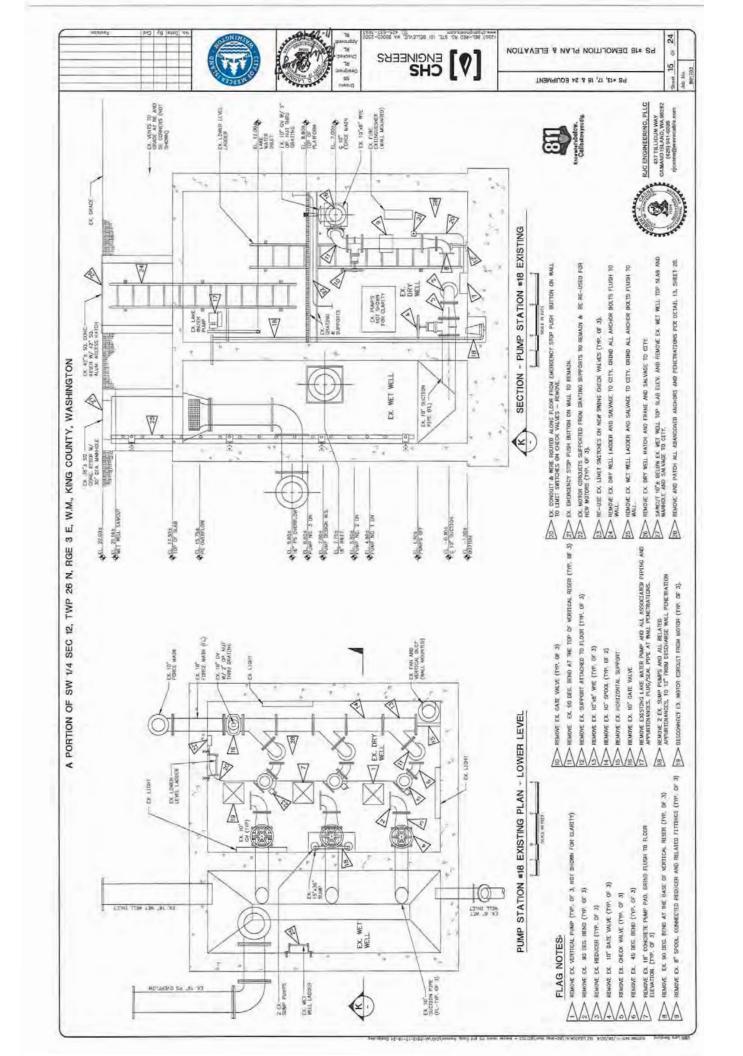


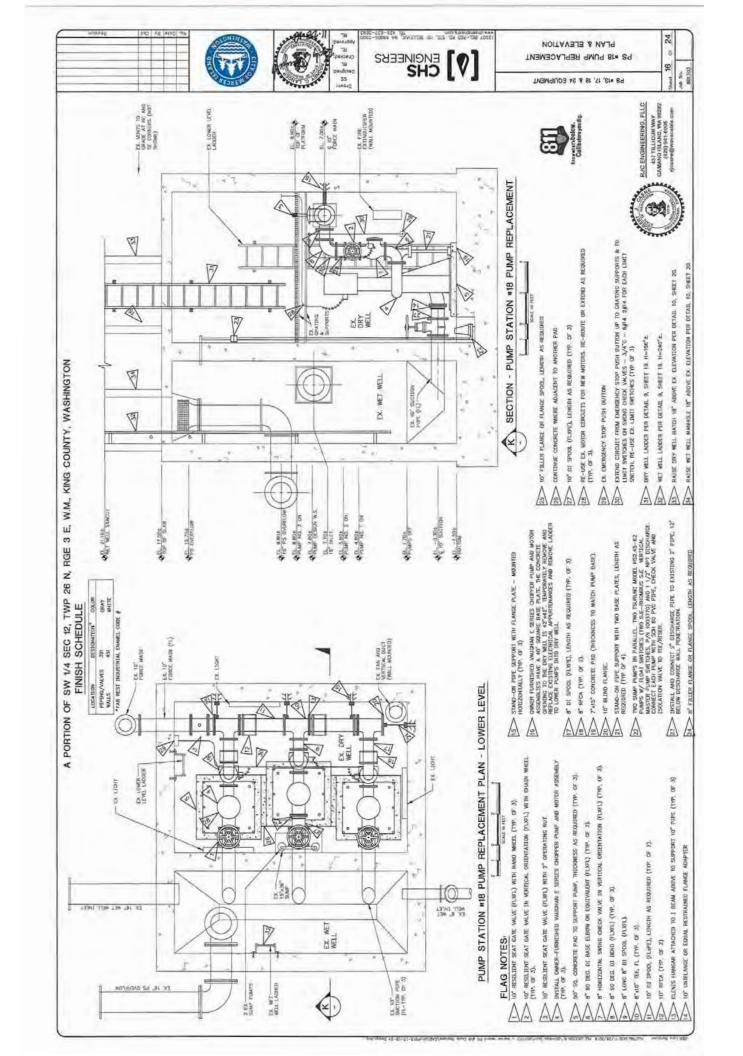


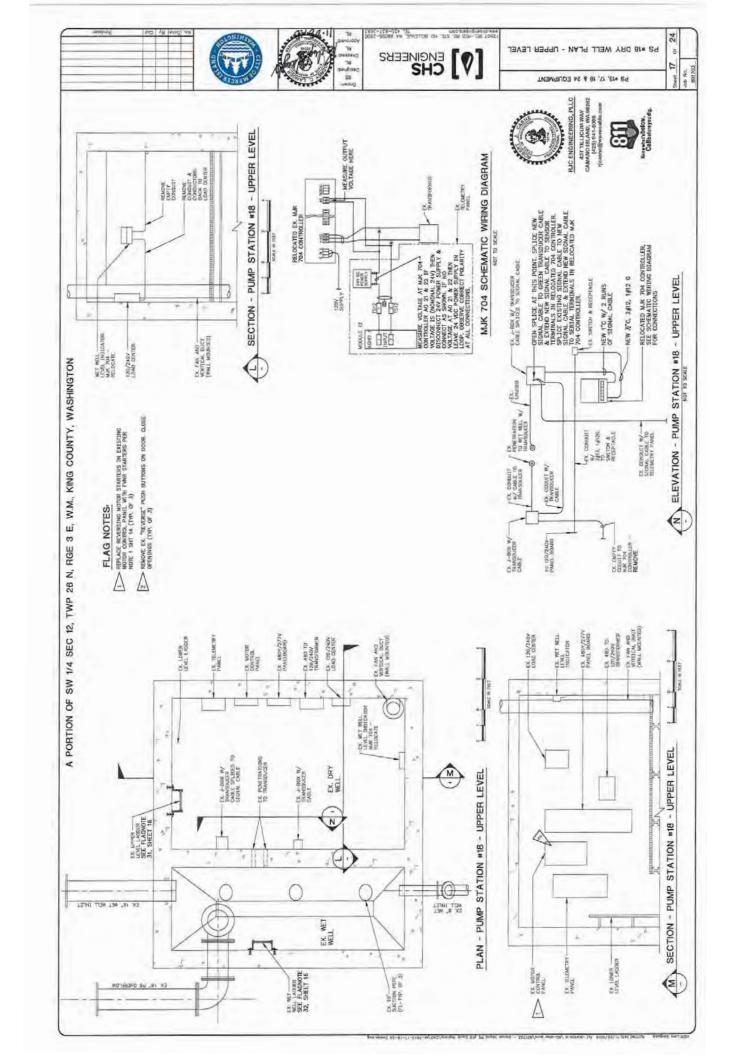


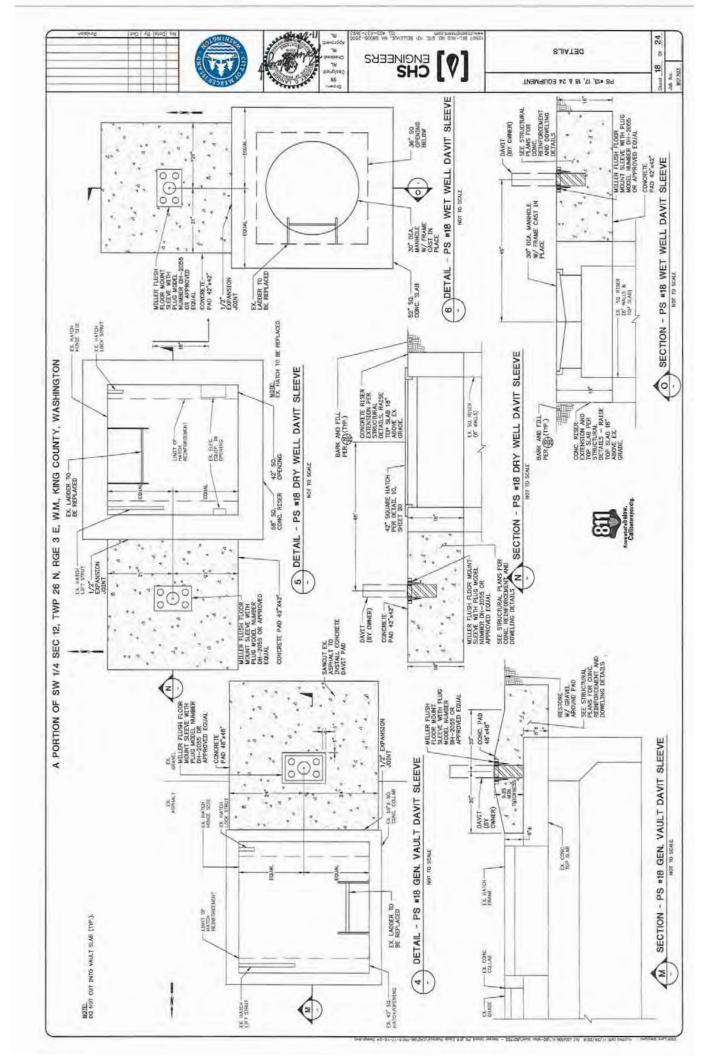


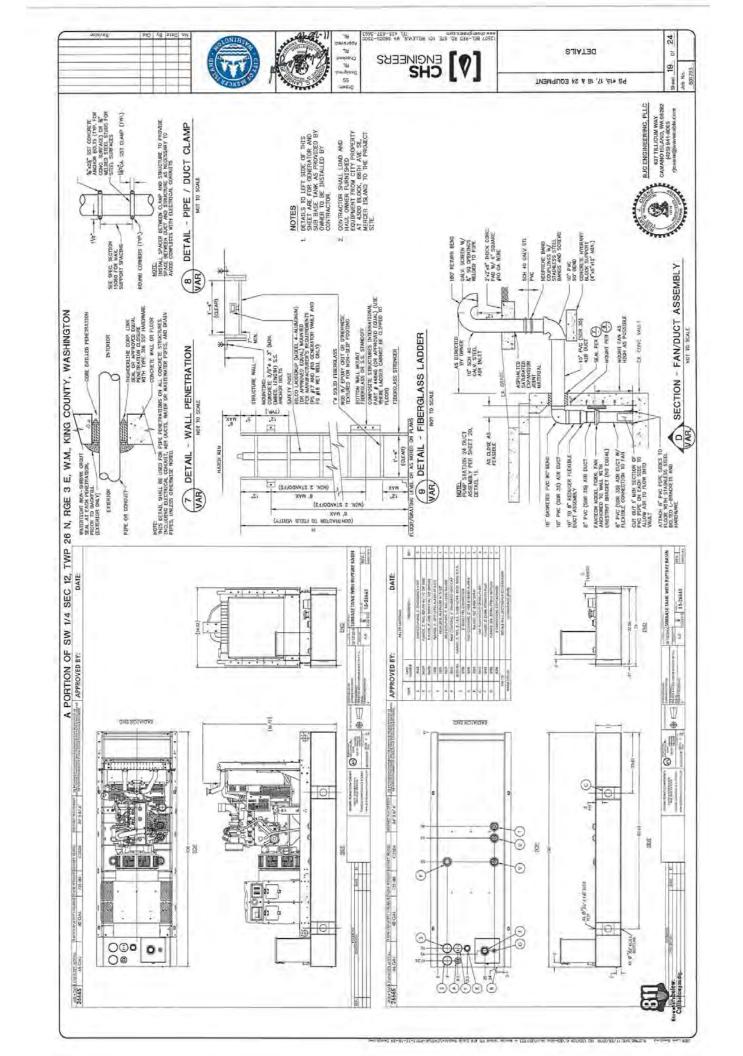


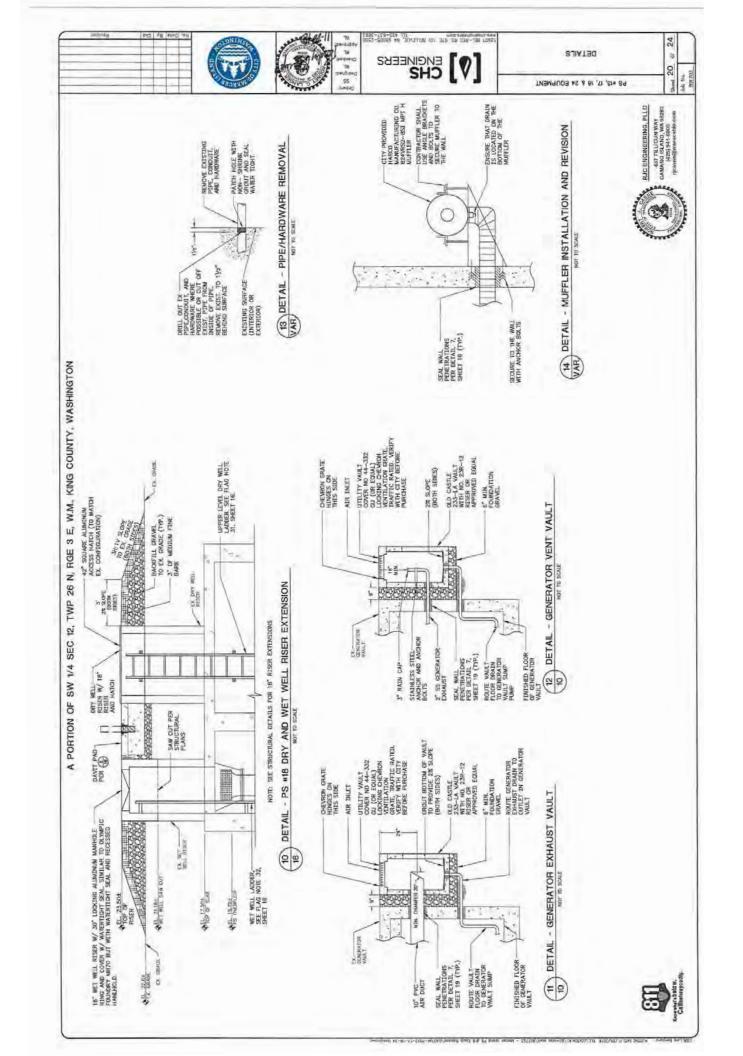












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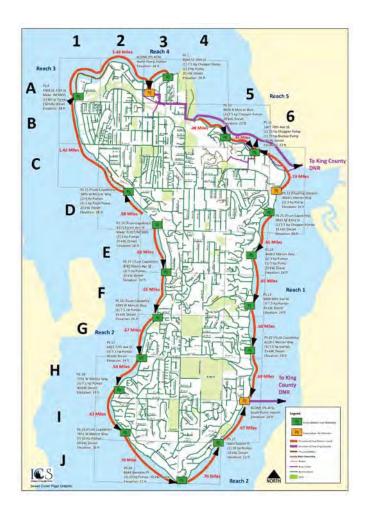




Sewer System Lake Line Access Evaluation and Lake Line Program Development

Draft Final

May 2019









Sewer System Lake Line Access Evaluation and Lake Line Program Development

May 2019

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

PURPOSE

The backbone of the City of Mercer Island's sanitary sewer system is a sewer in Lake Washington that surrounds the island and receives flow from adjacent upland areas, discharging it to King County's regional sewer system. The lake line system includes 16 miles of pipeline, 17 pump stations, one flush station, and 48 "special catch basins" that trap debris before it enters the lake line.

Existing access to the lake line, pump stations, flush station and special catch basins is limited. City operations staff can walk to each facility, but moving tools and parts to them is often challenging, and getting mobile construction equipment to them is, in many cases, impossible. Access to the pipeline in the lake is even more restricted. Some portions are accessible at street ends by way of manholes, but cleaning and inspection options are limited by the small size of the pipe, the undulating profile of the pipe, and potential sedimentation.

The Sewer System Lake Line Access Evaluation and Lake Line Program Development project was implemented to address these challenges. The project included review of existing documentation about the lake line and associated easements, field investigation of access conditions, and development of a preliminary lake line program with projects, estimated costs and priorities. Elements considered for inclusion in the lake line program include future planning studies, capital projects, surveys of existing lake line facilities, confirmation of property and easement boundaries, lake line cleaning, improved access facilities, and upgrades to pump stations.

FINDINGS

Investigations conducted for this study were extensive, and the identified issues related to accessing the lake line system are many. The evaluation report itemizes challenges and recommended actions for the entire lake line pipeline, all 17 pump stations, the flush station, and nine of the special catch basins. Each of these facilities has its particular issues and needs, but certain types of problems were identified as common issues throughout much or all of the system:

- The lake line sewer is generally within 5 to 100 feet of the shoreline, and no access to it is currently available from land.
- Portions of the lake line are within easements on private property, but coverage is incomplete.
- Many of the lake line system pump stations and special catch basins are on private property rather than in public right of way. Easements for the facilities and for accessing them have been acquired in some cases, but not all.
- Generally, the easements are expected to be sufficient to cover the City's ownership of the pipeline and pump stations, but not necessarily sufficient for access across the properties to reach the facilities or to conduct major maintenance or repairs as needed.
- Available information about existing easements is not complete. Precise locations are not defined in some cases. The rights granted by some easements are not clear.
- In some places where access easements do exist, they are impeded by physical obstacles such as steep slopes, structures, landscaping and other vegetation.

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Facility access from the water is limited. At some locations, the City built docks for water access and paid
property owners for access rights, but many of the docks have not been maintained and payments for
access have been discontinued.

THE LAKE LINE PROGRAM

This lake line program that was developed based on the access evaluation consists of the following major elements:

- Recommendations for new or modified capital projects in the City's wastewater system Capital Improvement Program (CIP) to address needs identified in the access evaluation.
- Estimates of costs and implementation periods for the new and modified recommended projects
- A plan for establishing priorities for implementation of the recommended projects.

Costs and phasing for the recommended projects are presented in Table ES-1.

Table ES-1. Lake Line Program Implementation Plan						
		Total	CIP Phasing			
Project No.	Project Name	Estimated Project Cost	Short-Term (2018-2023)	Mid-Term (2024-2028)	Long-Term (2029-2037)	Extended
Genera		\$77,500	\$77,500			
G-5	Access Code and Standards Review (New)	\$52,500	\$52,500			
G-6	Easement Review and Confirmation (New)	\$25,000	\$25,000			
Pump S	Station	\$9,895,500	\$1,533,000	\$8,362,500		
PS-1	Pump Station Accessibility Improvements (Modified)	\$592,000	\$259,000	\$333,000		
PS-7a	Capacity Analysis (New)	\$546,000	\$546,000			
PS-7b	Pump Station Alternative Analysis (New)	\$1,820,000	\$728,000	\$1,092,000		
PS-7c	Future Capacity Improvements (New)	\$6,937,500		\$6,937,500		
		\$537,147,501	\$6,583,800	\$6,898,800	\$47,273,300	\$476,391,601
L-1	Lakeline Access (Modified)	\$22,424,300	\$3,763,000		\$7,513,000	\$11,148,300
L-2	Lakeline Condition Assessment (Modified)	\$7,555,400		\$2,097,900	\$5,457,500	
L-4a	Lakeline Locate/Marking (Modified)	\$3,220,600	\$2,080,600	\$1,140,000		
L-4b	Lakeline Monitoring Evaluation (New)	\$840,000	\$140,000	\$140,000		\$560,000
L-4c	Lakeline Cleaning and Evaluation (New)	\$19,182,800		\$2,108,000	\$5,902,400	\$11,172,400
L-4d	Lakeline Alternatives Analysis (New)	\$350,000		\$350,000		
L-4e	Lakeline Repair & Replacement Program (New)	\$55,500,000			\$27,750,000	\$27,750,000
L-5b	Special Catch Basin Access Improvements (New)	\$740,000		\$740,000		
L-5c	Special Catch Basin Effectiveness Evaluation (New)	\$315,000	\$315,000			
L-5d	Special Catch Basin Preventive Maintenance (New)	\$277,800	\$185,200	\$46,300	\$46,300	
L-5e	Special Catch Basin Repair & Replacement (New)	\$910,200		\$151,600	\$379,300	\$379,300
L-5f	Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvement (New)	\$699,600	\$100,000	\$125,000	\$224,800	\$249,800
L-6	Lakeline Replacement (New)	\$425,131,801				\$425,131,801
CIP Tot	al	\$547,120,501	47,120,501 \$8,194,300 \$15,261,300 \$47,273,300 \$476,391,		\$476,391,601	
Annual	Cost	\$27,356,000	\$1,366,000	\$3,815,000	\$4,727,000	\$47,639,000

a. Project name includes an indication of whether the project was newly identified based on the access evaluation or was modified from a previously developed City CIP project.

XVI TETRA TECH

Project Prioritization

The lake line program represents the largest capital investment in the sewer system since its creation. The program will likely be implemented over decades, with projects implemented for portions of the lake line system based on need, rather than system-wide. It is anticipated that projects will generally be implemented for relatively short lake line segments or for a small number of pump stations to address a specific issue as funding allows. However, the City may gain efficiencies by implementing projects on a greater scale, which should be considered if sufficient resources are available. For longer term projects, decision trees have been developed to help determine priorities for project implementation.

Based on a preliminary review of the relationship between CIP projects, four of the projects have been identified as early priorities:

- G-5 Access Code and Standards Review—Supports all Utility in clarifying authority for access and maintenance requirements.
- **G-6 Easement Review and Confirmation**—Support use of existing easements for Operations and Maintenance, as well as Capital projects.
- **PS-1 Pump Station Accessibility Improvements**—Address access challenges to allow increased access for operations, maintenance, and capital projects.
- L-1 Lake Access—Address access challenges to allow increased access for operations, maintenance, and capital projects.

The early priority projects may not need to be implemented completely at one time. For each project, work can be initially focused only the areas required in order to carry out other related City projects. For example, initial work for easement review and confirmation (Project G-6) could focus on easements needed in order to install pump station telemetry/SCADA upgrades, which are recommended in a previous CIP project. This approach would delay early expenditures and it would allow the City to work on a limited scale, gaining valuable institutional knowledge without the risk of a large-scale project.

Facilities Affected by Recommendations

Tables ES-2 and ES-3 summarize the projects that address site-specific access recommendations for the pump stations and special catch basins that were developed based on project site visits.

TETRA TECH XVII

	Table ES-2. Applicability of Recommendations to Specific Pump Stations																		
		Pump Station No.																	
Project No.—																			
Project Name	Access Recommendation	1	4	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
G-6—Easement	Easement Review & Confirmation	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Review and Confirmation	Review dock access and ownership	Χ		Χ			Χ			Χ			Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
PS-1—Pump	Construct roadway to PS					Χ						Χ							
Station	Stairway access (repairs/installation)						Χ		Χ							Χ		Χ	
Accessibility Improvements	Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
	Proposed easement acquisition			Χ					Χ			Χ	Χ						Χ
	Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)	Χ		Χ	Χ		Χ		Χ	Χ			Χ	Χ		Χ		Χ	
	Wetland delineation (related to proposed easement acquisition)											Χ							
	Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)	Χ		Χ			Χ			Χ			Χ						
	Coordinate with utilities (related access for upgrading electrical supply)																Χ		
	Coordinate regarding exposed utilities (related to City boat access)					Χ													
PS-2—Generator Replacement	Generator upgrades/replacement (confirm location in existing easement)										Χ	Χ			Χ				

Table 1-1. Applicability of Recommendations to Specific Special Catch Basins										
		Special Catch Basin No.								
Project No.—Project Name	Project No.—Project Name		13-3	42-1	40-2	44-1	14-1	16A-1	17-1	23-1
G-6—Easement Review and Confirmation	Easement Review & Confirmation		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	X
L-5b—Special Catch Basin	New easement recommended	Χ	Χ							
Access	Expand easement recommended	Χ								
	Shared access with pump station				Χ					
	Potential water access			Χ			Χ			Χ
L-5c—Special Catch Basin Preventative Maintenance	Raise Manhole lid								Х	
L-5d—Special Catch Basin	Substantial restoration maybe required		Χ					Χ		
Repair and Replacement	Roadway/Driveway improvements required for heavy equipment			Χ					Х	
L-5f—Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvements Moving SCB suggested by City Staff		Χ			Х	Χ	Х	Χ		

XVIII TETRA TECH

1. Introduction

The City of Mercer Island owns and maintains a sanitary sewer system, the backbone of which is a sewer in Lake Washington that surrounds the island and receives flow from adjacent upland areas. This lake line system consists of over 16 miles of pipeline with 17 sewer pump stations and 1 flush station. The system discharges wastewater at three points to King County's regional sewer system. Throughout the system, 48 structures identified as "special catch basins" trap debris before it enters the lake line, and 11 hydraulic grade structures limit how high liquid levels can rise in the pipeline.

Existing access to the lake line, pump stations and catch basins is challenging. While each station can be walked to by City operations staff, moving tools and parts to them is often challenging, and getting mobile construction equipment to them is, in many cases, impossible. Access to the pipeline is even more restricted. Some portions are accessible at street ends by way of manholes, but cleaning and inspection options are limited by the small size of the pipe, the undulating profile of the pipe, and potential sedimentation.

To address these challenges, the City has implemented an evaluation of access to the lake line system. This report presents the findings of that evaluation and outlines a program of actions to improve system access based on those findings.

1.1 EXISTING SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The majority of Mercer Island's lake line system was built between 1956 and 1966. With the exception of Reach 3 on the northwest corner of the island, which was rebuilt in 2010, the system has seen no substantive upgrades since then. Maintenance has primarily included repairs to broken pipes and limited cleaning, along with repairs to existing equipment at the pump stations. The City is currently implementing SCADA Master Plan that will lead to recommendations for remote monitoring and control of some functions of the pump stations, but that does not address continuing needs for maintenance or future improvements.

The lake line sewer is generally within 5 to 100 feet of the shoreline. Portions of the lake line are within easements on private property, but coverage is incomplete. Several of the pump stations are in public rights-of-way at street ends, but most are on private property within easements. Generally, the easements are expected to be sufficient to cover the City's ownership of the pipeline and pump stations, but not sufficient for access across the properties to reach the facilities or to conduct major maintenance or repairs as needed.

1.2 ACCESS EVALUATION PROJECT

The project was conducted in accordance with Contract WS712P and one amendment. This included review of existing lake line and easement documentation, development of access approaches to lake line related facilities, field investigation of access conditions, and development of a preliminary lake line program with projects, estimated costs and priorities.

TETRA TECH 1-1



2. LAKE LINE SYSTEM FACILITIES AND OPERATION

The lake line system encircles Mercer Island to collect and convey wastewater for eventual treatment by King County. Wastewater enters the lake line through City-owned collectors and numerous private laterals that discharge directly into the lake line system. The system consists of the lake line main, pump stations, special catch basins, hydraulic grade structures, and emergency bypasses. It conveys the wastewater to King County's wastewater system, which pumps it to the east via pump stations on the east side of the island. The lake line system infrastructure is summarized in the following sections.

2.1 LAKE LINE MAIN

The lake line main consists of 12.9 miles of pipe. It is divided into five reaches for planning, as shown in Figure 2-1. Reaches 1 and 2 were constructed in 1966; Reach 3 was built in 1956 and re-constructed in 2011; Reach 4 was constructed in 1956; and Reach 5 was constructed in 1960. Pipe diameters vary from 8 to 18 inches, as summarized in Table 2-1. Reaches 1 and 2 consist solely of cast-iron material; Reaches 3 and 5 consist of both ductile-iron and cast-iron material; Reach 4 consists mostly of asbestos cement and may include some cast iron.

Information on the lake line was obtained from multiple sources. The City provided construction drawings for the pump stations. Construction drawings of the lake line were available for Utility Local Improvement Districts No. 2 (Reach 5) and No. 3 (Reach 1 and 2). Construction drawings for Reach 3 were provided but not evaluated in detail, as the design has provided sufficient access to the new lake line. Reach 4 replacement planning, anticipated to begin in 2021, might relocate the lake line; therefore, it was not considered in this study. The City's GIS reflects the location of the lake line from the as-built drawings; however, it has not been field verified.

The original lake line main is generally within 20 feet of shore and follows the contours of the lake bottom. Asbuilt drawings indicate that the pipe was buried with 2 feet minimum cover; however, the action of tides and waves has exposed some sections of lake line and presumably further buried other sections. The rebuilt section of Reach 3 is up to 100 feet offshore.

2.2 PUMP STATIONS

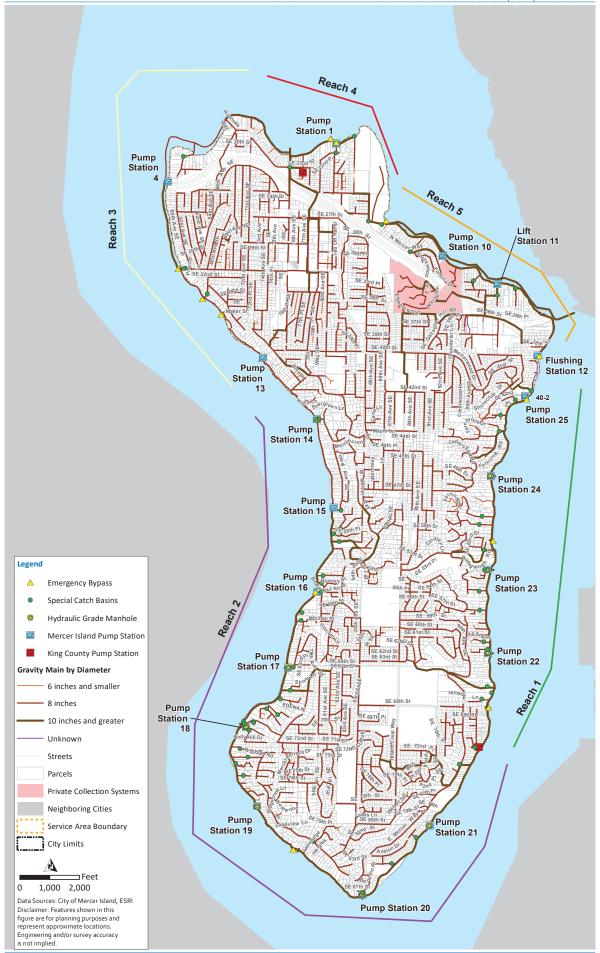
There are currently 17 pump stations and one flush station conveying wastewater flow through the lake line main to the King County facilities. Figure 2-2 shows the location and details of all the pump stations. Table 2-2 summarize the pump station locations, conditions, and characteristics. Pump stations are generally located within 50 feet of the shoreline, and some cases directly on the Lake front. While some pump stations are located in street right of way, the hydraulics of the lake line required most to be located on residential Lakefront properties. The pump stations are generally consistent in design with a wet pit and dry pit configuration. Pump Station #14 was updated in 2016 to use submersible pumps (wet pit only).

Pump Station #4 has been completely replaced as part of the Reach 3 replacement. Due to the Reach 3 alignment and profile, Pump Station #4 is much deeper and requires much larger pumps than the original pump stations. Backup generators for the pump stations are generally located uphill of the pump stations. The city is addressing generator replacement in its ongoing effort; therefore, they were not evaluated as part of this study.

TETRA TECH 2-1

Table 2-1. Mercer Island Lake Line Pipes							
Pipe Segment Location	Diameter (inches)	Length (feet)	Material				
Reach 1 (Built in 1966)							
King County System—Pump Station 22	14	3,400	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 22—Pump Station 23	12	2,950	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 23—Pump Station 24	12	3,250	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 24—Pump Station 25	12	3,200	Cast Iron				
Reach 2 (Built in 1966)							
Pump Station 14—Pump Station 15	8	3,090	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 15—Pump Station 16	10	1,139	Cast Iron				
	12	1,861	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 16—Pump Station 17	14	2,825	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 17—Pump Station 18	14	758	Cast Iron				
	16	1,942	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 18—Pump Station 19	16	3,336	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 19—Pump Station 20	16	2,252	Cast Iron				
	18	2,568	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 20—Pump Station 21	18	3,400	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 21—King County System	18	3,200	Cast Iron				
Reach 3 (Built in 2011)							
MH—Pump Station 4	16	2,858	Cast Iron				
	8	432	Cast Iron				
Pump Station 4—Pump Station 13	16	3,349	Ductile Iron				
	10	13	Cast Iron				
	8	530	Cast Iron				
Reach 4 (Built in 1956)							
MH—Pump Station 1	12	433	Asbestos Cement				
	12	46	Cast Iron				
	10	1,109	Asbestos Cement				
	10	199	Cast Iron				
Reach 5 (Built in 1960)							
Special Catch Basin 47-B—Pump Station 10	10	2,497	Cast Iron				
	10	113	Ductile Iron				
Pump Station 10—Pump Station 11	10	2,283	Cast Iron				
LS 11—FS 12	10	3,810	Cast Iron				

2-2 TETRA TECH



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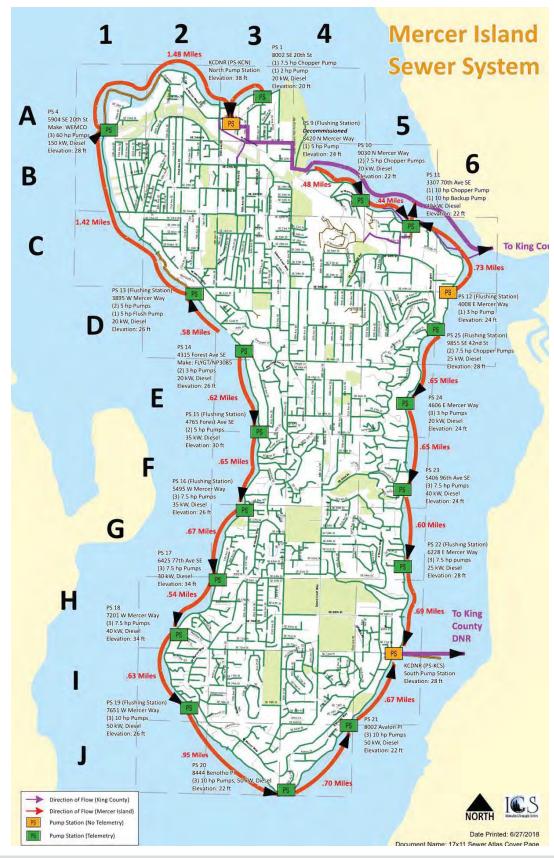


Figure 2-2. Existing Lake Line System Pump Station Information

TETRA TECH 2-5

Table 2-2. Pump Stations								
Name	Reach	Property Parcel #	Address	No. of Pumps	9			
Pump Station #1	4	5452302218, 5452302217	8002 SE 20th Street		5 hp 7.5 hp chopper			
Pump Station #4	3	5442300595	2239 60th Avenue SE- Aubrey Davis Park	3	60 hp submersible			
Pump Station #10	5	8106100220, 8106100230	9036 North Mercer Way	2	7.5 hp chopper			
Pump Station #11	5	ROW	3309 97th Avenue SE-Fruitland Landing	2	7.5 hp chopper			
Pump Station #12	5	ROW	4000 E. Mercer Way	1	3 hp Cornell			
Pump Station #13	3	3623500361	3897 West Mercer Way-Freeman Landing	3	5 h p			
Pump Station #14	2	ROW	4315 Forest Avenue SE	2	5 hp submersible			
Pump Station #15	2	ROW	4765 Forest Avenue SE	2	5 hp			
Pump Station #16	2	ROW	5495 W. Mercer Way	3	7.5 hp			
Pump Station #17	2	2524049191, 2524049220	6415 77th Avenue SE	3	7.5 hp			
Pump Station #18	2	252404TRCT	7220 Holly Hill Drive	3	7.5 hp			
Pump Station #19	2	ROW	7697 W. Mercer Way	3	10 hp			
Pump Station #20	2	ROW	8710 85th Avenue SE	3	10 hp			
Pump Station #21	2	3124059059	8000 Avalon Drive	3	10 hp			
Pump Station #22	1	1924059196, 1924059255	6223 E. Mercer Way	3	7.5 hp			
Pump Station #23	1	143870TRCT	5406 96th Avenue SE	3	7.5 hp			
Pump Station #24	1	7558700040, 7558700036	4606 E. Mercer Way	2 1	5 hp 7.5 hp chopper			
Pump Station #25	1	4131900075, 777670TRCT	4226 E. Mercer Way	2	7.5 hp			

Note: ROW = right of way

2.3 SPECIAL CATCH BASINS

There are 48 special catch basins (SCBs) in the lake line system. These catch basins collect debris, garbage, and other solids that can impede flow, preventing these materials from entering the lake line. Generally, the special catch basins are specialized manholes with a settling plate on the outlet pipe and a sump to collect materials. The City's goal is to vacuum out collected materials from the SCBs twice per year. Accessing and maintaining these catch basins is difficult. There are 21 SCBs with limited access, generally located in residential backyards or off private roads or driveways that are inaccessible to a vacuum truck. These SCBs are maintained using long lengths of flex hose that are routed overland to the location. Some SCBs are near enough to road right of ways that a flagger is required during maintenance for traffic control. Table 2-3 details SCB locations, the need for flex hose or flaggers, the City's defined priority of maintenance, and a general assessment of accessibility.

Table 2-3. Special Catch Basin Accessibility and Location								
Location	Special Catch Basin ID #	Flex Hose	Flagger	Priority	Accessible?			
1910 Faben Drive	53-1	N	N		Accessible			
8019 SE 20th Street	48-7	N	N		Accessible			
5957 SE 32nd Street-Proctor Landing	54-1	N	N		Accessible			
N Mercer Way & 84th	47-A	N	2		Limited Accessibility			
8750 North Mercer Way	46-2	N	N		Accessible			
8420 N Mercer Way	47-B	100-foot	N	High Priority	Limited Accessibility			
3625 67th Avenue SE	55-1	Υ	N		Limited Accessibility			

2-6 TETRA TECH

Location	Special Catch Basin ID#	Flex Hose	Flagger	Priority	Accessible?
14 Eldorado Beach Club Drive	42-1	300-foot ADS	N		Limited Accessibility
3350 97th Avenue SE Pump Station #11	43-1	N	N		Accessible
3312 94th Avenue SE	44-1	N	N		Accessible
4305 Forest Avenue Se	1-2	N	N		Accessible
4400 Cedar Cove Road	37-1	Υ	N		Limited Accessibility
4324 East Mercer Way	38-1	Υ	N		Accessible
Pump Station #25	40-2	Υ	N		Limited Accessibility
4808 Forest Avenue SE	2-1	250-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
4887 Forest Avenue SE	3-1	N	N		Limited Accessibility
5021 SE 50th Street	64-1	Υ	N		Accessible
5061 84th Avenue SE	4-1	N	N	High Priority	Accessible
5405 West Mercer Way	6-1	N	N		Cannot Locate
#16 Meadow Lane	14-1	450-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7 Brook Bay Road	7-1	250-foot	N		N/A
5404 96th Avenue SE	33-1	N	N		N/A
5060 96th Avenue SE-Butterworth Road	34-2	N	N	High Priority	Accessible
4834 East Mercer Way	35-2	N	N		Accessible
4822 East Mercer Way	36-1	N	N		Accessible
#9 & 10 Brook Bay Road	8-1	N	N		N/A
5911 77th Avenue SE	9-1	N	N		Accessible
6411 77th Avenue SE	10-2	N	N		Accessible
9651 East Mercer Way	27 B-2	150-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
5804 East Mercer Way	31-1	N	N		N/A
5602 East Mercer Way	32-1	200-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7428 SE 71st Street	13-6	Υ	N		Accessible
7520 SE 71st Street	13-3	N	N		Limited Accessibility
7017 Meadow Lane	14-5	N	N		Accessible
7236 Holly Hill Drive	14A-3	250-foot	N		Accessible
12 Shore Lane	11-2	300-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7 Eden Lane	12-1	N	N		Limited Accessibility
6610 East Mercer Way	27-1	N	N		Limited Accessibility
6626 East Mercer Way-North Star	26A-1	300-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7251 West Ridge Road	16-36	N	N		Accessible
7301 West Mercer Way	16A-1	600-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7447 West Mercer Way	17-1	300-foot	N		Limited Accessibility
7245 East Mercer Way	24-1	N	2		Accessible
9605 SE 72nd Street	25-1	Υ	N		Limited Accessibility
8100 Blk West Mercer Way	20-4	N	2	High Priority	Accessible
8710 85th Avenue SE	21-2	N	N		Accessible
8326 Avalon Drive	22-1	N	N		Limited Accessibility
8048 Avalon Place	23-1	400-foot	N		Limited Accessibility

TETRA TECH 2-7

2.4 HYDRAULIC GRADE STRUCTURES

Hydraulic grade structures are incorporated into many of the existing pump stations to prevent potential sanitary sewer overflows. These structures generally have a pipe outlet for normal operating conditions and an overflow weir to prevent the hydraulic grade line in the lake line from rising above certain elevations. The overflow is directed back to the pump station wet well. Table 2-4 lists the existing hydraulic grade structures by location. Locations are shown on Figure 2-1.

Table 2-4. Hydraulic Grade Structure Locations						
Name	Associated Pump Station	Property #	Address			
SS-MH-HGMH14	Pump Station #14	ROW	4315 Forest Avenue SE			
SS-MH-HGMH15	Pump Station #15	ROW	4765 Forest Avenue SE			
SS-MH-HGMH16	Pump Station #16	ROW	5495 W. Mercer Way			
SS-MH-HGMH17	Pump Station #17	2524049191, 2524049220	6415 77th Avenue SE			
SS-MH-HGMH18	Pump Station #18	252404TRCT	7220 Holly Hill Drive			
SS-MH-HGMH19	Pump Station #19	ROW	7697 W. Mercer Way			
SS-MH-HGMH20	Pump Station #20	ROW	8790 85th Avenue SE			
SS-MH-HGMH21	Pump Station #21	3124059059	8000 Avalon Drive			
SS-MH-HGMH22	Pump Station #22	1924059196, 1924059255	6223 E. Mercer Way			
SS-MH-HGMH23	Pump Station #23	143870TRCT	5406 96th Avenue SE			
SS-MH-HGMH24	Pump Station #24	7558700040, 7558700036	4606 E. Mercer Way			

Note: ROW = right of way

2.5 EMERGENCY BYPASSES

Similar to hydraulic grade structures, emergency bypasses, also known as mid-line relief structures, are located away from pump stations to prevent sanitary sewer overflows from the lake line. The bypasses discharge excessive flows that might otherwise overflow into homes. No known overflows have occurred from the emergency bypasses. Table 2-5 lists the locations of these structures. Locations are shown on Figure 2-1.

Table 2-5. Mercer Island Emergency Bypass (Overflow)							
GIS Name	Properties	Address					
DP-PS5	2174500005	3061 60th Avenue SE					
DP-55	Right of Way adjacent to 3708900070	Right of Way adjacent to 3265 67th Avenue SE					
DP-56-1	3623500260	3603 W. Mercer Way					
DP-PS1	5452302218, 5452302217	8004 SE 20th Street					
DP-48-1	5452302216, 5315102116	7838 22nd Place SE					
DP-PS9	8106100010, 0724059054	8428 N. Mercer Way 98040					
DP-PS16	1137000090	9 Brook Bay Road					
DP-20-1	3358500265, 3358500287	8095 W. Mercer Way					
DP-26-1	3024059098, 3024059098	6802 96th Avenue SE					
DP-34-1	1924059026	5026 Butterworth Road					
DP-PS25	4131900075, 4131900066	4134 100th Avenue SE					
DP-PS12	4131900005	4006 E. Mercer Way					

2-8 TETRA TECH

2.6 OPERATION AND HYDRAULICS

The lake line uses a series of pump stations to convey flows to King County facilities. Pump stations are operated in a cascade, as upstream flows trigger downstream pumping. When pump stations are in operation, the lake line operates as a low-pressure force main. When the pump stations are not operating, lake line flows are conveyed by gravity; however, the lake line's undulating profile creates complex hydraulics. Figure 2-3 shows pipeline elevations on the lake line between the upstream Pump Station 25 and downstream Pump Station 24, as an example of the irregular profile that is consistent with the entire system.

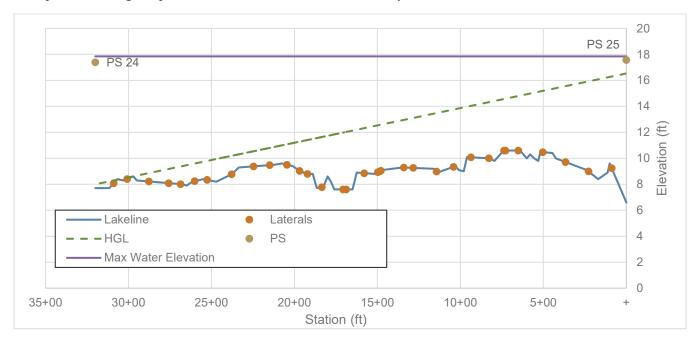


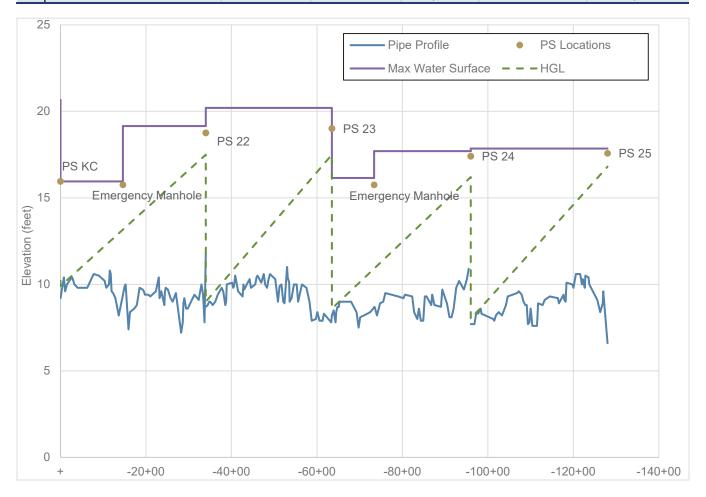
Figure 2-3. Lake Line Pipeline Elevations Between Pump Stations 24 and 25

Flows in the lake line are limited by the controls established by the hydraulic grade structures and emergency bypass structures. While flows are sufficient to move sewage to King County facilities, settling of wastewater solids likely occurs in the lake line when pumps are not running. The design flow velocity of 2.5 feet per second is not high enough to re-suspend heavy solids when pumping resumes. The extent of deposition that results is largely unknown due to the lack of access for maintenance of the lake line. Table 2-6 outlines the flows and pump station intake volumes associated with a 2.5-foot-per-second flow velocity between pump stations.

The hydraulic grade structures and emergency bypass structures also establish limits to how high the lake line system water surface elevation can rise. The resulting maximum water elevation between the pump stations is indicated for reference on Figure 2-3, and is shown for Reaches 1 and 2 on Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5. These figures also show the hydraulic gradeline for the maximum (design) operating condition, indicating how close it rises to the maximum allowed water elevation. The greatest risk of the hydraulic gradeline reaching the maximum allowed water elevation occurs at pump stations; hydraulic grade structures protect low elevations.

TETRA TECH 2-9

Table 2-6. Flow Conditions Between Pump Stations								
Segment	Diameter (inches)	Number of Laterals	Length (feet)	Flow (gallons/minute)	Flow Volume (gallons)			
Pump Station 14 – 15	8	31	3,090	392	24,206			
Pump Station 15 – 16	10	13	1,139	612	13,941			
	12	19	1,861	881	32,801			
Pump Station 16 – 17	14	20	2,825	1,200	67,773			
Pump Station 17 – 18	14	4	758	1,200	18,185			
	16	11	1,942	1,567	60,851			
Pump Station 18 – 19	16	25	3,336	1,567	104,531			
Pump Station 19 – 20	16	19	2,252	1,567	70,565			
	18	24	2,568	1,983	101,840			
Pump Station 20 – 21	18	35	3,400	1,983	134,836			
Pump Station 21 – KC Pump Station	18	33	3,200	1,983	126,904			
KC Pump Station – Pump Station 22	14	34	3,400	1,200	81,567			
Pump Station 22 – 23	12	27	2,950	881	51,995			
Pump Station 23 – 24	12	30	3,250	881	57,283			
Pump Station 24 – 25	10	33	3,200	612	39,168			
Pump Station 10 – 11	10		2,225	612	27,234			
Pump Station 11 – 12	10		3,650	612	44,676			



2-10 TETRA TECH

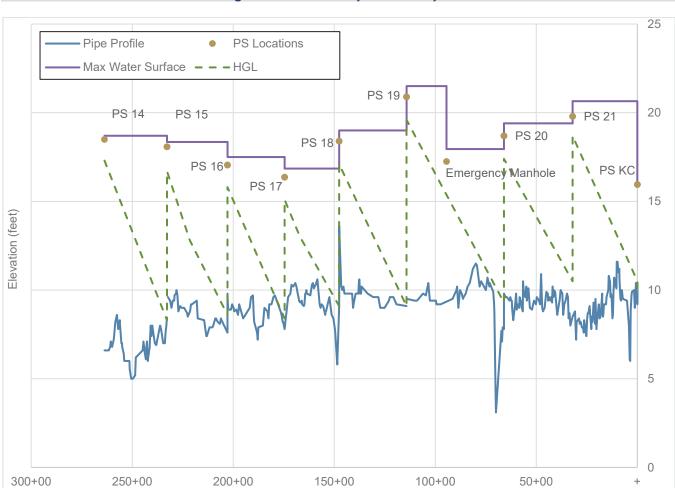


Figure 2-4. Reach 1 Hydraulic Analysis

Figure 2-5. Reach 2 Hydraulic Analysis

TETRA TECH 2-11



3. LAKE LINE ACCESS EVALUATION

Overall, the City has access to only a minor portion of the overall lake line. Therefore, the City is seeking additional access to assist in the maintenance, condition assessment, and eventual repair and replacement of the lake line.

The General Sewer Plan recommended the City continue operation and maintenance (O&M) activities to the extent possible on the lake line, including periodic cleaning. However, additional access is needed to expand lake line O&M activities. Additionally, the Plan recommended a comprehensive lake line condition assessment followed by a repair and replacement program. It is anticipated the condition assessment will require greater access than currently available. As part of this study, the access required for these activities were evaluated and a conceptual plan was recommended.

3.1 CURRENT ACCESS PRACTICES

The lake line can be accessed from the intake side of most of the system's pump stations. The presence of hydraulic grade control structures and other obstacles typically limit the City from accessing the lake line from the pump station discharge side. Between pump stations, the lake line has hundreds of connections from gravity sewers and private service laterals. However, the City has limited ability to access the lake line through these connections, since these they were not designed for access and the City does not have access easements for the private laterals. Technical challenges associated with accessing the lake line through laterals include the following:

- Large upstream flows limit effectiveness of O&M activities.
- The drop into larger diameter lake line from smaller diameter sewer/lateral may preclude wheel or track mounted closed-circuit television (CCTV) inspection, as well as limit solids removal during cleaning.
- The connections typically do not allow the operator to choose a direction when using a push cam CCTV or cleaning using a hydro-jet.

The City may consider improving existing connections to the lake line to provide access on a case by case basis, especially at those locations with good land access for maintenance equipment. An additional access structure could be added to allow access from Pump Station discharges. These improvements will likely require additional easements directly adjacent to the PSs.

3.1 EXISTING EASEMENTS

The City's GIS shows a 10-foot easement associated with the lake line. Additional easements are mapped for pump stations. It is recommended the City review the conditions of the easements to understand if they will support future operations, maintenance and repair and replacement activities. Lake line locations do not always correspond to the easement location in the City's GIS. However, the location of the lake line has not been verified in the field. Therefore, it is recommended the City delay review of potential discrepancies until the lake line location is confirmed.

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The GIS data does not show easements associated with emergency bypass structures. These structures were constructed at the same time as the lake line and pump stations that have consistent easements; therefore, it is recommended the City review its records to confirm the GIS data is accurate.

3.2 PERMITTING

To protect threatened and endangered species, work on the lake line system requires permits from multiple local, state, and federal agencies. Projects may require City shoreline permits, a State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) process, Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife Hydraulic Project Approval, and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permits, which include multiple supporting studies and agency reviews. Permits for work within Lake Washington typically limit work to 2 to 3 months in the summer or early fall to protect salmonid species. Projects on the shoreline or above the lake surface generally have fewer permit conditions and generally allow work year-round.

Permitting for most O&M activities should be expected to take 3 to 12 months, with potentially longer timeframes for work in Lake Washington. A Corps of Engineers permit can apply for up to 5 years, providing the City with an opportunity to coordinate multiple projects to reduce the time and effort associated with permitting. Permitting time varies with site conditions and the nature of the work.

3.3 LAKE LINE ACCESS OPTIONS

Access to the lake line is needed to facilitate inspection and maintenance of the existing pipe. To effectively maintain the lake line, access points must be able to allow inspection and cleaning equipment into the pipe and retrieve solids or other debris collected during cleaning activities. The City requested consideration of both submerged access and un-submerged access. There are three general types of lake line access that may be located in the water or on land:

- In-Lake Manhole / Clean out
- On-shore Access lateral
- Lakeshore Access

3.3.1 In-Lake Manholes and Cleanouts

In-Lake Manholes and Cleanouts allow direct access to the lake line from the water. In-Lake manholes and cleanouts are intended to function similarly to on-land gravity sewer manholes; however, some specialized features and access equipment is needed due to the aquatic environment.

For example, King County and other jurisdiction have implemented a "nautilus" style submerged manhole, shown in Figure 3-1, that uses an aluminum caisson to create a temporary riser from the manhole above the water surface. The manhole lid is sealed when not in use to restrict inflow into the underwater pipes. Similarly, a riser can be used to access cleanouts that are installed inline on underwater pipes.

There are several general configurations of In-Lake Manholes and Cleanouts, which are described below. Each configuration has benefits that may be suitable for certain conditions along the City's lake line.

• **Temporary**—Added and removed for specific activities. Temporary manholes/cleanouts allow the City to mitigate navigation issues or property owner concerns that might arise from permanent structures. Temporary manholes require substantial permitting, as activities disturb lake sediments.

3-2 TETRA TECH

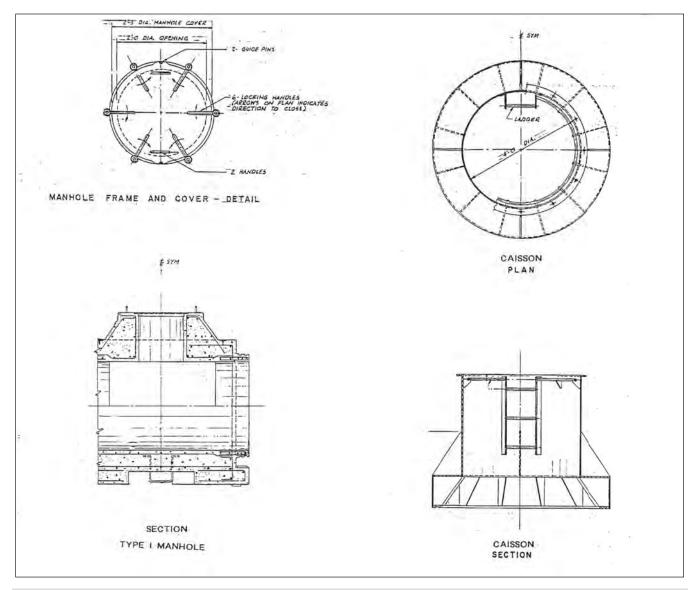


Figure 3-1. Typical Submerged Manhole

- Submerged above the Lake bed—Manholes/cleanouts that extend above the lake bed. Using specialized risers or manhole caissons to extend the access above the Lake surface. Submerged manholes/cleanouts should be placed to avoid navigation impacts. Submerged manholes may have less permitting than access activities disturbing lake sediment, though any new permanent structure associated with them will have its own associated permitting requirements.
- **Buried below the Lake bed**—To avoid navigation impacts or property owner concerns, a manhole/cleanout may be buried in approximately 6 inches or more of sediment. The City would be required to unbury these facilities before use, which requires substantial permitting as activities disturb Lake sediments.
- Under Docks—Placing a manhole/cleanout under a dock potentially provides a more stable work environment and potentially land access to facility. It is preferable the facility extends above the water surface, so once constructed, the City can conduct maintenance without State or Federal permitting (City Shoreline permit may still be required). It is anticipated that dock associated with the facility would need

TETRA TECH 3-3

to be replaced or upgraded to meet the City's weight and safety requirements associated with maintenance activities. Such a project would require property owner agreement and potentially an additional access easement.

To facilitate cleaning activities and maintenance, it is preferred for In-Lake manholes/cleanouts be located directly in-line with the lake line.

3.3.2 On Shore Access Laterals

The City may construct on-shore access lateral. The lateral would extend for an accessible area on land through the lake to the lake line. The lateral would be built specifically to allow access and cleaning. Due to the developed nature of the shoreline, there are likely limited locations where an onshore lateral could be constructed. Note that the permitting and associated environmental mitigation are likely greater for constructing an onshore lateral than for an in-lake manhole/cleanout, as it is disturbing a new area.

3.3.3 Lakeshore Access

In addition to direct access, the City should pursue lakeshore access locations for mobilization and staging. There are limited facilities on Lake Washington, so having close facilities with direct access is anticipated to reduce the cost of construction projects. This may include boat ramps or similar facilities in City-owned properties and rights of way. The City could also pursue access from private facilities, which will likely require additional easements and potentially the need to repair/reinforce roadways to support heavy machinery.

3.4 LAKE LINE O&M ACTIVITIES ACCESS

The lake line ideally would have regular O&M activities like that provided for the City's gravity sewers, including monitoring hydraulic conditions, regular cleaning and periodic CCTV inspection. The study included a conceptual evaluation of potential O&M activities and related access.

3.4.1 Lake Line Monitoring

The City currently monitors the hydraulic conditions of the lake line indirectly at the Pump Stations. Pump run times and wet well level sensors are used to determine when the lake line is reaching capacity. Sudden changes in hydraulics may also indicate a pipe break (from boating, construction of docks, deteriorating condition etc.). Historically, pipe breaks were also identified by residents based on floating debris.

The City will improve instrumentation and control at its pump stations in the coming years to better quantify conditions at the pump stations. These improvements, made as part of the SCADA program, are a major effort by the City and may require changes to the pump stations and immediately adjacent lake line. It is recommended that the City work with the contractor to understand access needs for this work. Section 4 of this report provides documentation of existing access and suggested improvements.

The City is not currently able to monitor hydraulic conditions directly away from the pump stations. Access to the lake line largely limits the ability to directly monitoring hydraulic conditions. If direct hydraulic monitoring is sought, it is recommended that the City pursue manholes or cleanouts under docks or on-land access laterals to provide access for required instrumentation maintenance (remove ragging, battery changes, instrumentation calibration, etc.). These facilities also provide a good location to install an antenna to transmit instrumentation readings, where the aquatic conditions and metallic pipe severely limit transmitting signals without an antenna.

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3.4.2 Hydro-Jet Cleaning

Feasibility Considerations

The primary cleaning method for City sewers is hydro-jet cleaning. Hydro-jet cleaning removes accumulated solids, Fats Oils and Grease (FOG), and other debris from a pipe. High pressure jet heads use water to scour material from the pipe and carry the debris along until they can be removed (typically by a vacuum truck at a manhole). Cleaning settled debris from pipes will help reduce the risk of overflows. A downside of hydro-jet cleaning is that it can damage pipe lining; therefore, caution should be used where pipes are known to be compromised.

Hydro-jetting requires access points at regular intervals to both insert the hydro-jet and remove accumulated solids. Hydro-jetting activities on lake lines in nearby Utilities have generally achieved cleaning distances of 250 feet to 700 feet. Restrictions in the lake line, typically a bend or deflected joint, commonly limit the extent of hydro-jetting to less than the available hose length. In worst case scenarios, a jetter-head has become stuck, requiring emergency pipe access for extraction. To help identify problem areas, it is recommended that the City perform CCTV inspection prior to hydro-jetting to the extent possible.

Additionally, sags in the lake line filled with wastewater may reduce the effectiveness of the hydro-jet, which is normally used in partial pipe-full conditions. To mitigate this issue, access points can be placed in large sags to allow them to be pumped dry. It is recommended that post-cleaning CCTV inspections be conducted, if possible, to provide confirmation that debris has been removed from the lake line, as well as provide valuable information on the interior condition of the pipe.

Estimated Hydro-Jet Cleaning Access Points

New access points are required to clean the lake line more effectively. It is anticipated the cleaning effort will require multiple barges and crews. Hydro-jetting will likely require that a vacuum truck be floated on a barge to the access points.

Several access points will be required for hydro-jet cleaning of lake line Reaches 1, 2, and 5, where the pipe profile is known from construction drawings. For planning purposes, in-lake access points, either manholes or cleanouts, were placed at regular intervals based on assumed cleaning length that depended on pipe size. Access points were located to provide cleaning in both directions; therefore, access spacing is assumed to double the cleaning length:

- 8-inch pipe: 250 feet cleaning length (500-foot access spacing)
- 10-inch pipe: 400 feet cleaning length
- 12-inch pipe: 500 feet cleaning length
- 14-inch and greater pipe: 700 feet cleaning length

These cleaning lengths are within typical capabilities of hydro-jet systems but may require more hose than typically used for gravity sewer cleaning. Actual distance jetted may vary depending on site specific conditions.

Proposed regular access point locations were shifted, as required, to be placed at the bottom of mapped pipe sags. Locations were adjusted away from docks for planning purposes. The resulting conceptual manhole locations, shown in Figure 3-2, should be revised once the location and profile of the lake line have been confirmed.

It was assumed that the City could hydro-jet from the suction side of each pump station. An additional manhole was set at the discharge side of each pump station, from where the City does not currently have the ability to hydro-jet. As previously discussed, Reaches 3 and 4 were not considered in this analysis. Reach 3 is a self-cleaning gravity sewer. Reach 4 was not considered due to the near-term planned replacement.

TETRA TECH 3-5



Figure 3-2. Conceptual Manhole Locations

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3.4.3 Flushing

High flows can scour settled debris from the lake line, as well as potentially remove loose debris from pipe walls. Flushing typically requires velocities of 5 to 7 feet per second, which corresponds to between 800 gallons per minute (8-inch pipe) and 4,000 gallons per minute (18-inch pipe). These flows exceed current pump and flush station capacities and would require separate equipment. At these flow rates, the resulting pressure in the lake line would result in sanitary sewer overflows and potential backups into houses. Further, to achieve the flows, the City would need to bypass the hydraulic grade manholes and likely isolate service laterals and gravity sewers to prevent sewer overflows or backups. A conceptual approach to flushing is shown in Figure 3-3. The approach uses temporary pumps to provide the necessary flushing flows. Storage is provided on the downstream end to capture flows in excess of the capacity of the downstream pump station. This downstream storage could potentially be large, from 30,000 gallons for an 8-inch pipe to 180,000 gallons for an 18-inch pipe. Smaller storage is also proposed to capture upstream flows that could not be pumped during cleaning.

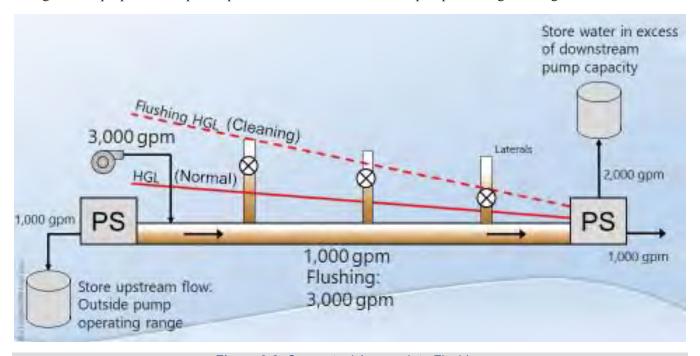


Figure 3-3. Conceptual Approach to Flushing

Discussion with City staff indicate flushing is likely not feasible due to the need to isolate private service laterals. Therefore, no access improvements were planned for this option.

3.4.4 Pigging/Ice Pigging Technologies

Pipes can be physically cleaned using a variety of pigging technologies. In general, pigging technologies require access similar to that needed for hydro-jetting. Concerns associated with these technologies include the need for sufficient flow and pressure to transport the pig and the potential for pigs becoming stuck in the sewer pipe.

Ice pigging uses a thick slurry of ice as an alternative to conventional pigging technologies. The City has investigated ice pigging for the lake line with Suez, currently the sole provider of ice pigging in the United States, and has chosen not to implement it at this time. This section documents the City's rationale for this decision.

The ice slurry is injected into a 2-inch port in the pipe and can travel for several thousand feet before being removed. Injection would not require the construction of manholes or cleanouts, representing a major cost

savings. The major advantage of ice pigging is that the ice plug will melt and not become stuck in the pipe. Ice pigging is also typically not as aggressive on pipe walls as conventional pigging or hydro-jetting.

While a promising technology, ice pigging has not been proven effective on 12-inch and larger pipes. The City understanding is that large solids, rocks, and debris may not be removed through the ice pigging. Additionally, the pigging has the potential to create pressurized conditions that may result in a sewer overflow or potentially backups into homes.

From an implementation stand point, gaining access for the specialized ice slurry equipment was seen as a major challenge. To help mitigate this issue, longer run lengths could be used; however, Suez indicated that maintaining temperatures for long run lengths can be an issue. Finally, it is possible that an Industrial Discharge Permit may be needed for the ice slurry solution due to its sodium content.

Since no manhole or cleanout is required, the effectiveness of the cleaning cannot be directly confirmed. The City may be able to evaluate pre- and post-hydraulics to infer the impact on the entire line; however, the approach is limited in the information it can provide.

3.5 LAKE LINE CONDITION ASSESSMENT ACCESS

The City of Mercer Island General Sewer Plan recommended a comprehensive condition assessment project, as the lake line is aging. Understanding the condition of the pipe will allow the City to plan for the repair and replacement of the lake line. Timing these follow-on repair and replacement efforts is important for City financial planning. However, additional access is needed to facilitate this condition assessment and follow-on repair and replacement efforts. This study did not consider the condition assessment in detail. However, if a condition assessment requires access to the interior of the pipe, then it is anticipated it will need to be hydro-jetted. This would require access manholes or cleanouts as described in the above section. No additional access is anticipated to evaluate the condition of the exterior of the pipe or pipe wall using non-invasive assessment technologies.

3.6 LAKE LINE REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT ACCESS

The General Sewer Plan recommended a comprehensive repair and replacement program to address defects in the lake line as it ages. This study did not consider the repair and replacement program in detail. However, access will likely be a major factor in repairing the lake line. Identifying the location of pipe defects for repair is likely difficult without access to the interior of the pipe, likely through manholes or cleanouts. It is anticipated that proactively installing regular manholes in the lake line would be cost-prohibitive; therefore, manholes or cleanouts will be installed, based on expected issues, to support other programs, such as hydro-jetting, or on a case-by-case basis.

3-8 TETRA TECH

4. PUMP STATION ACCESS EVALUATION

4.1 OVERVIEW

Gravity sewer systems across the island flow downhill to the lake line sewer, which rings the island. At intervals along the lake line, pump stations push the flow through the downstream lake line segment to points where they discharge to the King County system. These pump stations are a fundamental part of the City's sewer system.

The City provided GIS layers showing easements and their GIS ID number and recording number. While the site figures show potential layout of future upgraded equipment at the site, the project team decided not to show proposed permanent easements for that type of work, as some level of design would be needed before an appropriate easement boundary could be established. Likewise, temporary construction easements are not shown, but would certainly be needed for major upgrades.

Docks were constructed in the past adjacent to some pump station sites to facilitate water access and cleaning of the pump stations, although the City does not currently own a boat designated for pump station maintenance. Previous provision of boats for pump station maintenance has used contractors. Most of the docks are in disrepair, and in some cases they have been removed. The City's GIS does not indicate whether the City has easements or ownership of the docks in most cases. Therefore, it is recommended that the City further research its access rights for each dock. This should be considered along with other easement recommendations herein.

There were three days of field investigation during which all pump stations were visited. Pump station numbering is non-sequential as a result of previously abandoned pump stations. City O&M staff accompanied consultants to each pump station, coordinated with property owners, and assisted with access to the sites. Discussions of current methods for cleaning and maintenance were provided by staff while consultants documented conditions on field work sheets. Photos were taken to document conditions including, but not limited to trees, play structures, concrete sidewalks, stairs, etc. Each pump station is in a unique location including public right of way, private properties, and/or City-owned property. Each pump station was evaluated for the following concepts:

- Access
 - Driving
 - Walking
 - > Water
- Existing condition of ground surface to and around the pump station
 - Grade
 - Generator location
 - ➤ Location of pump station
 - Available space on grade for O&M and future upgrades
 - Dock
 - Odorous air
 - Obstacles

Consideration was given to future upgrades and/or rehabilitation of existing facilities. Pump station components considered in the evaluation include the following:

- Pump station structure
- Odor control unit
- Control panel
- Junction box
- Valve vault
- Reduced pressure backflow assembly
- Manhole (hydraulic grade structure)
- Generator to be moved next to pump station when driving access to pump station is available.

Figure 4-1 shows the symbols used for these components. The documentation provided for each pump station includes the following information:

- General site description—Provides input from arriving on site, parking, getting to the pump station and the conditions surrounding the site
- Pump station equipment and features—Information on pumps, generator, electrical service, hydraulic grade structure, sand filter and other that each pump station has currently
- Existing easements—Describes all existing easements that overlap with the pump station including:
 - > Pump station easement
 - > Access easement
 - > General utility easement
 - > Multiple use easement
 - > Sewer easement
 - > Storm easement
 - Vegetation easement
 - > Water easement
 - ➤ Right of way
- Existing access
 - Land access—Describes whether land access is possible and if so, what is it like for O&M staff
 - ➤ Water access—Due to site conditions, water access is the most practical way to access some pump stations
- Challenges
 - Access and easement items—Describes access challenges, including items such as parking, vegetation, grade, etc.
 - ➤ Other site-specific O&M items—O&M staff noted non-access related items needed at the pump stations. These were recorded for documentation purposes, but do not reflect a condition assessment.
- Recommended access and easement improvements—Describes access and easement improvements required for O&M activities such as replacement of pumps, general maintenance checks, pump station replacement, and foot access from crew vehicles on roadway to pump station. Any improvements noted during the site visits that are not related to easement and access are also listed here.

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4.2 PUMP STATION #1

4.2.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #1 (address 8002 SE 20th Street) is on an upland site at 8004 SE 20th Street, in the grassy backyard of the adjoining residential property. A nearby dock into Lake Washington is unused because of its poor condition. A bulkhead rockery lines the shore. The property is heavily vegetated, and the grass was soggy at the time of the site field investigation (August 28, 2018). Figure 4-2 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.2.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-1 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-1. Pump Station #1 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor		
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control		
1	Vaughn Chopper	2 hp	Diesel, below grade adjacent to pump station	20 kW	None	Not Noted		
2	Vaughn Chopper	5 hp						

4.2.3 Existing Easements

A pump station easement covers the existing pump station, its force main, and the access across the site from the roadway (see Figure 4-2). Inlet pipes are within existing sewer easements. Table 4-2 lists the recorded easements. Inlet pipes are within existing sewer easements. lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-2. Pump Station #1 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
1015	4655645	Sewer Easement				
1016	4664738	Sewer Easement				
1017	4664740	Sewer Easement				
1018	4669346	Sewer Easement				
1045	4803213	Sewer Easement				
1046	4655617	Sewer Easement				
1048	4655648	Sewer Easement				
1091	198406269002	Multiple Use Easement				
1094	194812203863792	Storm Easement				
3340	5998362	Access Easement				
3500	4691123	Sewer Easement				
3652	4655618	Sewer Easement				
3787	20180119001411	Sewer Easement				
3788	20180119001412	Access Easement				

4.2.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #1 is land access from SE 20th Street. Water access is not currently used due to dock condition, but could be considered for the future. Table 4-3 summarizes access conditions.

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Table 4-3	3. Pump Station #1 Field Investigation Access Summary
Feature	Presence
Land Access	
Gate	No
Paved Driveway	Yes
Paved Walking Path	No (grass)
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	At house. Property states "keep out."
On-Street Parking	Yes
On-Site Parking	No
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes (w/flex hose 300 to 400 feet from street. Maybe an option from barge)
Water Access	
Water Access	Maybe
Dock Access	No

Land Access

For current access, crews park on the shoulder of SE 20th Street or in the driveway of the property. They walk along the driveway and a paved path to the west side of the residence, and then through trees and across a lawn to the pump station, which is near the shoreline. The pump station can be accessed by a vacuum truck parked at the south end of the property with a 300- to 400-foot flexible hose carried through the pump station easement.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline and a dock is present. However, the dock structure is in poor condition and it is overgrown with vegetation. If the dock were sound, there is room for a barge up to about 20 feet in width.

4.2.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #1:

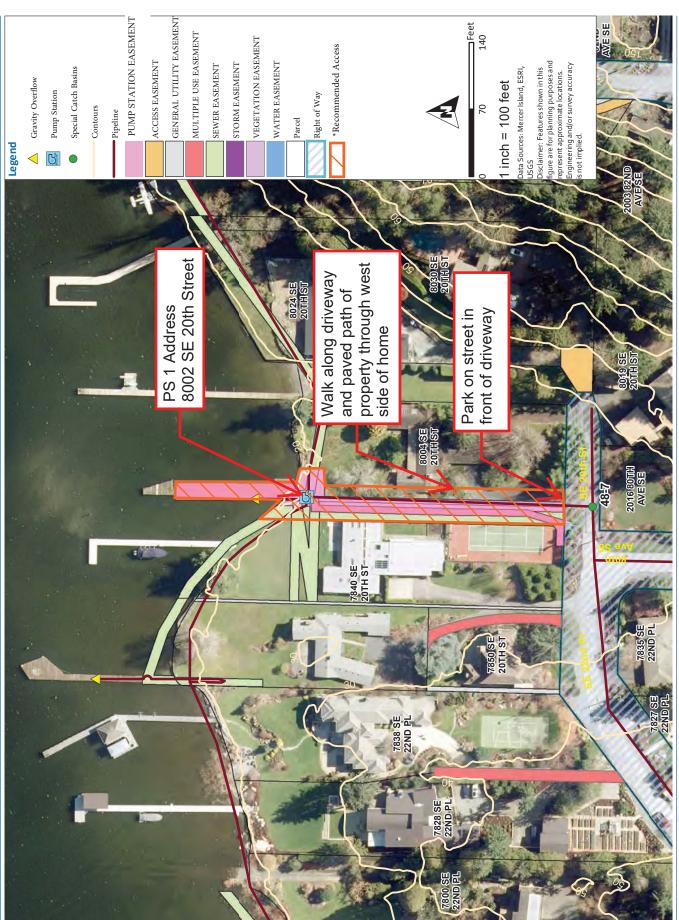
- Parking for crews is in the private driveway or on the roadway, not next to the pump station.
- Current access easement is narrow.
- The property is overgrown with vegetation along the path of the designated easement (see Figure 4-3).
- The existing dock is partially overgrown with vegetation and structurally unsound (see Figure 4-3).

Another challenge identified by City staff during the site visit at Pump Station #1, unrelated to access, is that the current lights in the wet well are not explosion-proof.

4.2.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #1 should resemble what is shown on Figure 4-4, which also shows the preferred future layout for the pump station and its accessory equipment. Future needs for the pump station should also include:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Review dock access and ownership
- Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)







Access for crews along driveway towards pump station



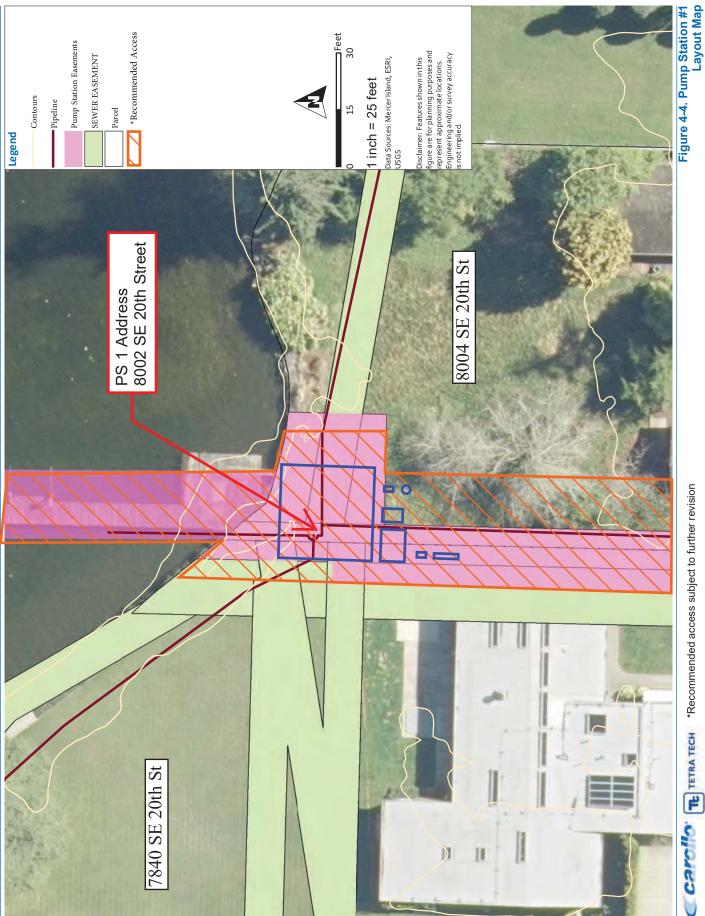
Current easement inaccessible due to vegetation & fencing



View from pump station along current easement inaccessible due to vegetation & fencing



Looking north from pump station 01, existing wooden dock





4.3 PUMP STATION #4

4.3.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #4 (address 2237 60th Avenue SE) is on an upland site, in the concrete on WSDOT right of way. A parking lot and asphalt driveway provide access to the pump station. The property is accessible by asphalt walking and driving path in good condition at the time of the site field investigation (August 28, 2018). Figure 4-5 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.3.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-4 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-4. Pump Station #4 Equipment and Features Overview							
	Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor	
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	Other
3	WEMCO	60 hp	Diesel, in control	150 kW	No	Powered Activated	Flow Meter, Air-Vacuum
		·	building			Carbon System	Valves to vent force main

4.3.3 Existing Easements

This pump station is located within public right of way (see Figure 4-5). The City holds Utility Permit 18850 from WSDOT, issued with the pump station during construction. The permit is subject to terms and conditions of Easement Deed IC 1-17-05732/33/34, I-17-05525 and Airspace Lease AA-1-10625. Table 4-5 lists the recorded easements outside of WSDOT). The City holds Utility Permit 18850 from WSDOT, issued with the pump station during construction. The permit is subject to terms and conditions of Easement Deed IC 1-17-05732/33/34, I-17-05525 and Airspace Lease AA-1-10625. lists the recorded easements outside of WSDOT.

Table 4-5. Pump Station #4 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
1394	4659070	Sewer Easement				
3660	20091203000275	Sewer Easement				

4.3.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #4 is land access from 60th Avenue SE. Water access is not currently used but could be considered if necessary. Table 4-6 summarizes access conditions.

Land Access

City crews drive directly to the pump station as there is a paved driving path for access (see Figure 4-6).

Water Access

Water access is possible as the pump station is located near the shoreline, but it is not needed, as there is adequate land access. There is no dock at the site.

4.3.5 Challenges

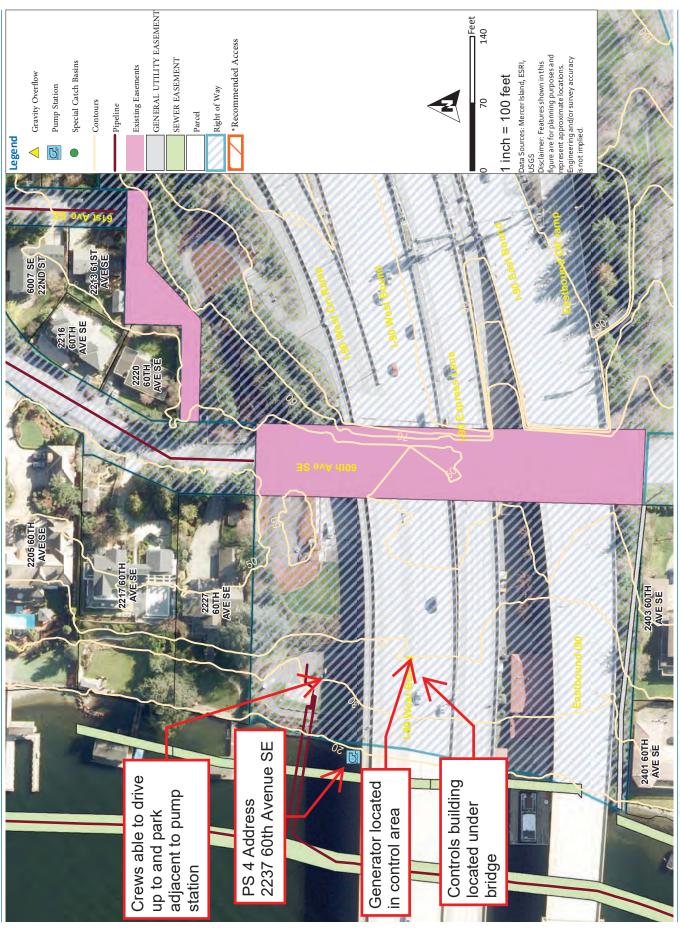
Current access crosses WSDOT right of way. Easements should be reviewed to determine access rights.

Table 4-6. Pump Station #4 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	Bollards in parking lot			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	Yes			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	None			
On-Street Parking	No			
On-Site Parking	Yes			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	No			

4.3.6 Recommendations

Pump Station #4 has sufficient access for future needs. No improvements are recommended to the existing layout, which is shown on Figure 4-7.

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View of access upland of Pump Station 4



Pump Station 4 with access from Lake WA or land
Figure 4-6
Pump Station #4 Existing Site Photos



4.4 PUMP STATION #10

4.4.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #10 is on City-owned property at 9036 N. Mercer Way on the shoreline. The site includes a poorquality pathway with switchbacks down a steep slope surrounded by vegetation. A nearby dock into Lake Washington is not useful due to its poor condition. Further research is needed to determine if the dock is owned by the City. The pump station is exposed to the lake and the ground has been eroding due to wave action at the time of the site field investigation (August 28, 2018). Figure 4-8 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.4.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-7 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-7. Pump Station #10 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps Electrical Hydrauli					Hydraulic	Odor	
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	Other
2	Vaughan Chopper	7.5 hp	Diesel, above ground, 200 feet west (upland) of pump station	20 kW	None	Not noted	None

4.4.3 Existing Easements

A pump station easement covers the existing pump station, its force main and the dock (see Figure 4-8). No easements are currently required for access due to the City owning this property. Table 4-8 lists the recorded easements. No easements are currently required for access due to the City owning this property. lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-8. Pump Station #10 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
940	5028697	Sewer Easement				
3152	199206181122	Access Easement				
3472	198510300965	Water Easement				

4.4.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #10 is land access from N. Mercer Way. Water access is currently used for cleaning purposes, but minor maintenance is completed by land. Table 4-9 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-9 and Figure 4-10.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park on west shoulder of N. Mercer Way. They walk down steep, uneven ground toward the south, then switchback to the north then east to reach the pump station. Along the way, the ground changes from broken, uneven concrete to soft soils and slick leaves. The pathway is surrounded by heavy vegetation and large trees.

Water Access

The pump station is on shoreline and is exposed to the lake. Due to proximity to the water it is cleaned by barge. The existing concrete dock is connected to land by a wooden platform but covered by an overgrown tree across it.

4-14 TETRA TECH

Table	Table 4-9. Pump Station #10 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence				
Land Access					
Gate	No				
Paved Driveway	No				
Paved Walking Path	No				
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep access on poor quality roadway that switchbacks down slope to shore, no vehicle access				
On-Street Parking	Yes, on shoulder of N. Mercer Way				
On-Site Parking	No				
Vacuum Truck Accessible	No				
Water Access					
Water Access	Yes				
Dock Access	Yes, requires dock repairs to continue use				

4.4.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #10:

- No parking for crews on site
- Property is too steep and unstable for vehicle access, and unsafe for walking access with heavy equipment on hand cart.
- Pump station exposed to lake with wave action causing erosion for soils under facility
- Dock has overgrown tree across it
- Dock's wooden planks not solid for access from lake portion to land

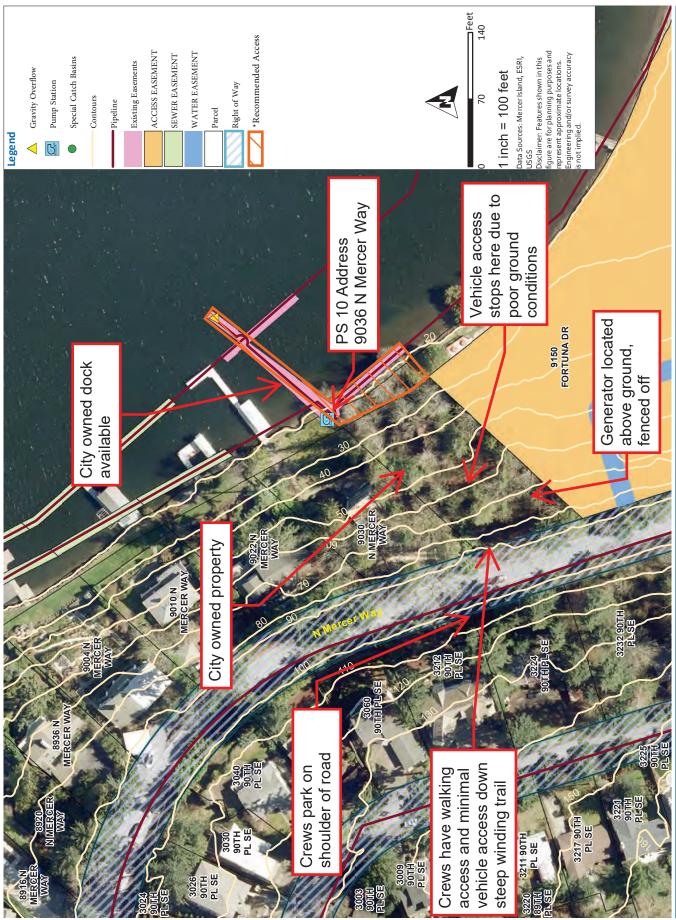
The following are the other challenges at Pump Station #10, unrelated to access:

- Rats are getting into generator and eating wiring
- Odors from pump station

4.4.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #10 should be extended westward through the City's property if property is intended to be sold. Figure 4-11 shows the recommended site layout. Future needs for the pump station should also include:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Proposed easement acquisition
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)
- Review dock access and ownership
- Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)



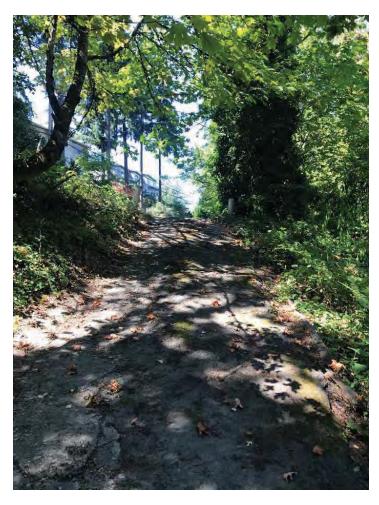




Crew currently parks on shoulder of road, opposite of properties



Walking path downhill towards pump station, above ground generator on right



On Pump Station 10 property looking upland towards road



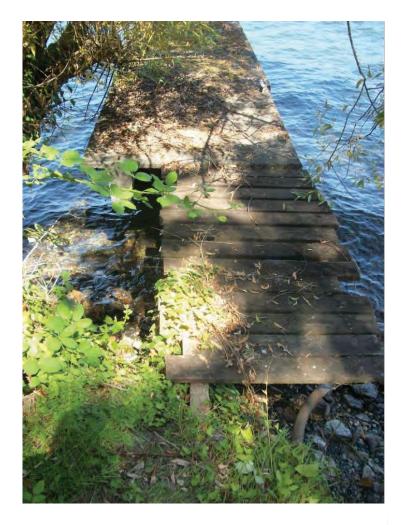
Walking path downhill towards pump station



Change of road condition from concrete to compact gravel



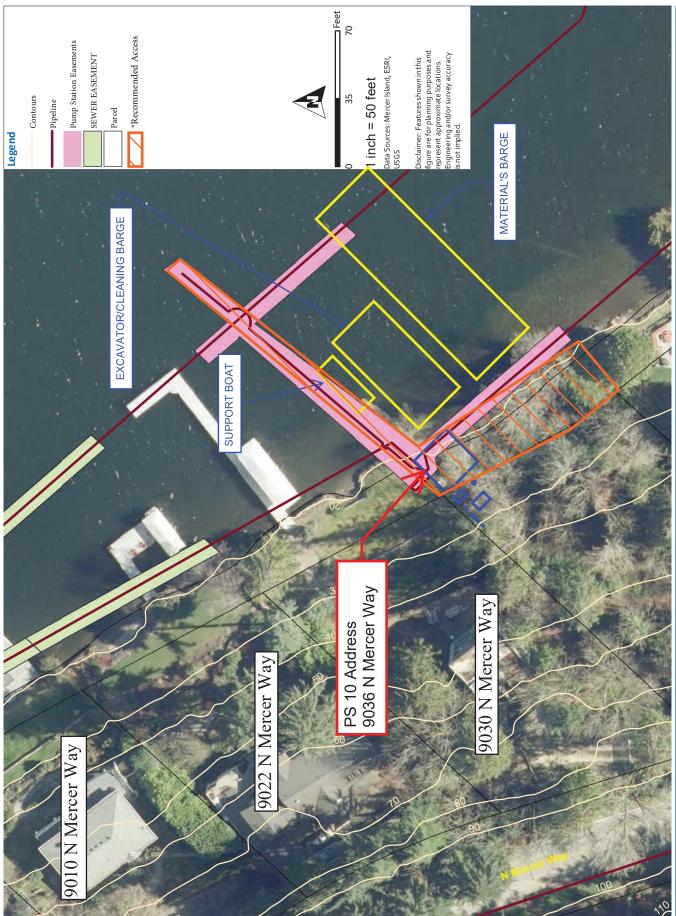
Dock at pump station 11 with overgrown trees



City dock degrading, unable to use in current condition



Pump Station 11 with vegetation growing over dock



4.5 PUMP STATION #11

4.5.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #11 is on an upland site at 3309 97th Avenue SE, within a street end park (Fruitland Landing). The site is accessible by a gravel walking and driving path in good condition. Vegetation surrounding the site was well maintained at the time of site field investigation. (August 8, 2018). A rebuilt bulkhead rockery lines the shore. Figure 4-12 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.5.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-10 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-10. Pump Station #11 Equipment and Features Overview						
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
1	Vaughn Chopper	10 hp	Diesel, below grade, 100 ft	40 kW	None	Not Noted
1	Backup	10 hp	south of pump station			

4.5.3 Existing Easements

The pump station, force main, generator, and access all lie within City right of way (see Figure 4-12). Sewer easements cover both inlet and outlet pipes. A multiple use easement on the shoreline of 3310 90th Avenue SE provides access for landing water crafts. Table 4-11 summarizes recorded easements. Sewer easements cover both inlet and outlet pipes. A multiple use easement on the shoreline of 3310 90th Avenue SE provides access for landing water crafts. summarizes recorded easements.

Table 4-11. Pump Station #10 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
856	SUB6511-002	Multiple Use Easement				
859	198107160069	Multiple Use Easement				
863	SUB7209-002	Multiple Use Easement				
867	SUB7004-001	Multiple Use Easement				

4.5.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #11 is land access by gravel path that extends north from the termination of 97th Avenue SE to the Lake Washington shoreline. Water access is not currently used but could be considered. Table 4-12 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-13.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by 97th Avenue SE. After removing the wooden bollards, located at the end of the street, they park on the gravel path that runs the length of the street end park (Fruitland Landing) and adjacent to the pump station, which is near the shoreline. The pump station can be accessed by a vacuum truck parked in its immediate vicinity.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible as the pump station is near Lake Washington and no obstacles exist that would prevent a barge from anchoring near the shoreline.

4-20 TETRA TECH

Table 4-12. Pump Station #11 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	No (gravel)			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Removable bollards at street end park (Fruitland Landing)			
On-Street Parking	Yes			
On-Site Parking	Yes, on gravel path adjacent to pump station			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	No			

4.5.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #11:

• Coordination with property owner of 3310 90th Avenue SE for landing water craft

The following is a challenge identified at Pump Station #11, unrelated to access:

• Obstruction downstream of pump station at bend toward El Dorado Beach Club

4.5.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #11 should be as shown on Figure 4-14. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)

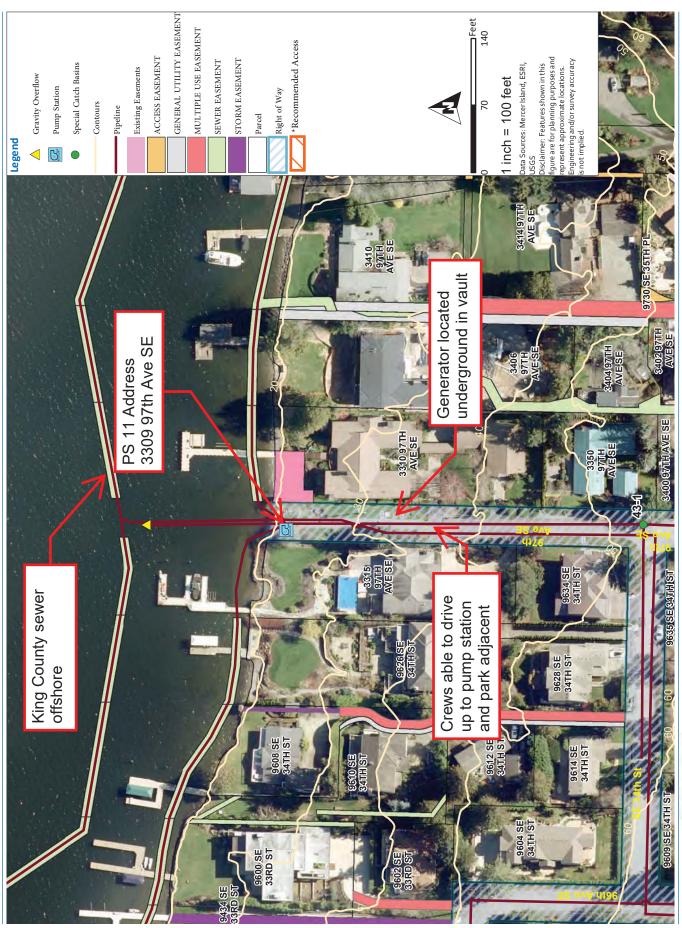


Figure 4-12. Pump Station #11 All Existing Easements Access Map



View from Fruitland Landing Park upland



View of generator at Pump Station 11 at Fruitland Landing



Access to pump station through Fruitland Landing Park



Pump Station 11 adjacent to Lake WA

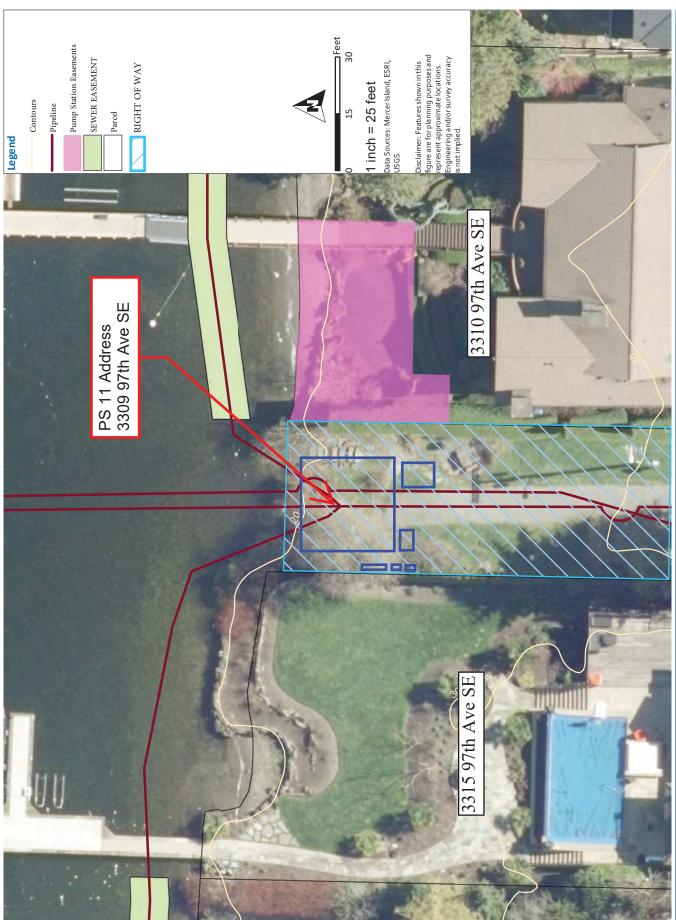




Figure 4-14. Pump Station #11 Layout Map

4.6 PUMP STATION #12

4.6.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #12 is on an upland site at 4006 E. Mercer Way, in the grassy backyard of the adjoining residential property and within public right of way. A private dock in poor condition runs into Lake Washington. Exposed gas pipelines run adjacent to the northern edge of the dock from Lake Washington and onto the shoreline where they continue below grade. A sign from Puget Sound Energy upland on public right of way and to the north of the dock cautions gas pipelines. The flush station is above grade and was being used by property owner as watercraft storage at the time of the site field investigation (August 28, 2018). Figure 4-15 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.6.2 Flush Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-13 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-13. Pump Station #12 Equipment and Features Overview						
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
1	Cornell	3.0 hp	None	None	None	None

4.6.3 Existing Easements

Public right of way covers the existing pump station, its force main, and access along the north side of the residential property at 4006 E. Mercer Way (see Figure 4-15). Inlet pipes are within existing sewer easements. Table 4-14 lists the recorded easements. Inlet pipes are within existing sewer easements. lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-14. Pump Station #12 Recorded Easements			
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type	
3230	5110645	Access Easement	
3338	5998360	Access Easement	

4.6.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #12 is land access from SE 40th Street. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for the future. Table 4-15 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-16 and Figure 4-17.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park in the public right of way on SE 40th Street or in the concrete paved driveway of the residence whose northern edge borders the right of way. They walk east, along the hedges, across the length of the driveway and through the grassy lawn to the pump station. The pump station is used for flushing only and does not need vacuum truck access.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline. A dock is present but is not city owned and would require an easement for access. Gas lines must be avoided if a barge is to anchor on the northern side of the dock.

Table 4-15. Pump Station #12 Field Investigation Access Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	No		
Paved Driveway	No		
Paved Walking Path	No		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep drive way		
On-Street Parking	Yes		
On-Site Parking	Park in right of way		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	N/A (flush only)		
Water Access			
Water Access	Yes		
Dock Access	No		

4.6.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #12:

- Steep driveway along right of way
- Current parking access is in right of way although part of property owner's parking as well
- Shallow water making water access less likely

The following are the other challenges at Pump Station #12, unrelated to access:

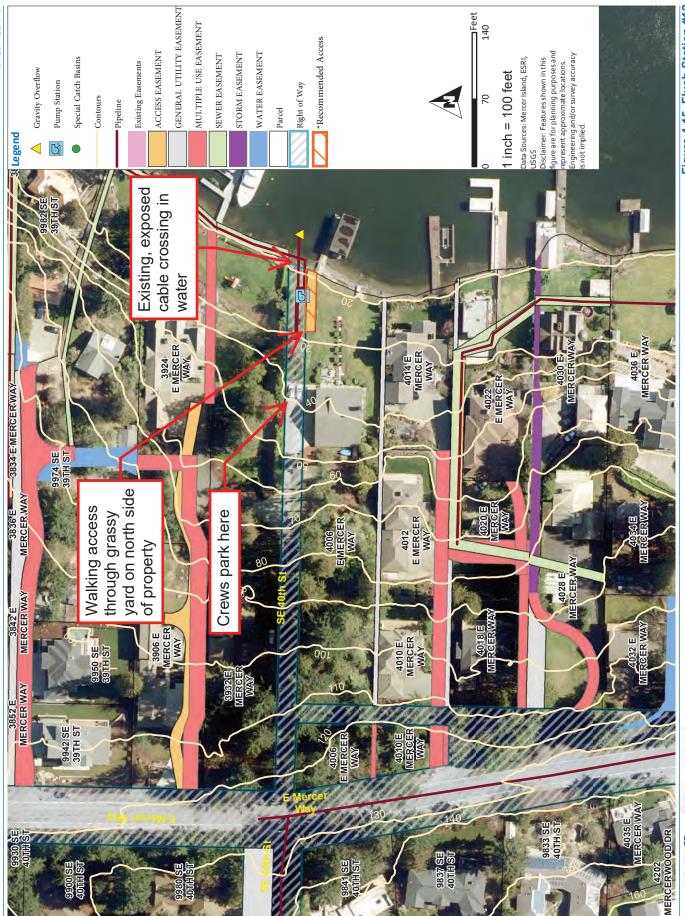
- Inlet pipe to Pump Station #12 is in poor condition. Inlet pipe clogs with sewage and Hydrogen Sulfide backs up to wet well
- Gas pipeline crossing exposed at shoreline
- Poor flow conditions due to inlet pipe being in poor condition

4.6.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #12 should be as shown on Figure 4-18). The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Construct roadway to pump station
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Coordinate regarding exposed utilities (confirm location in existing easement)

4-26 TETRA TECH







Park in driveway, view of driveway



Grassy hill, pathway to flush station



Flush station currently used as boat rack



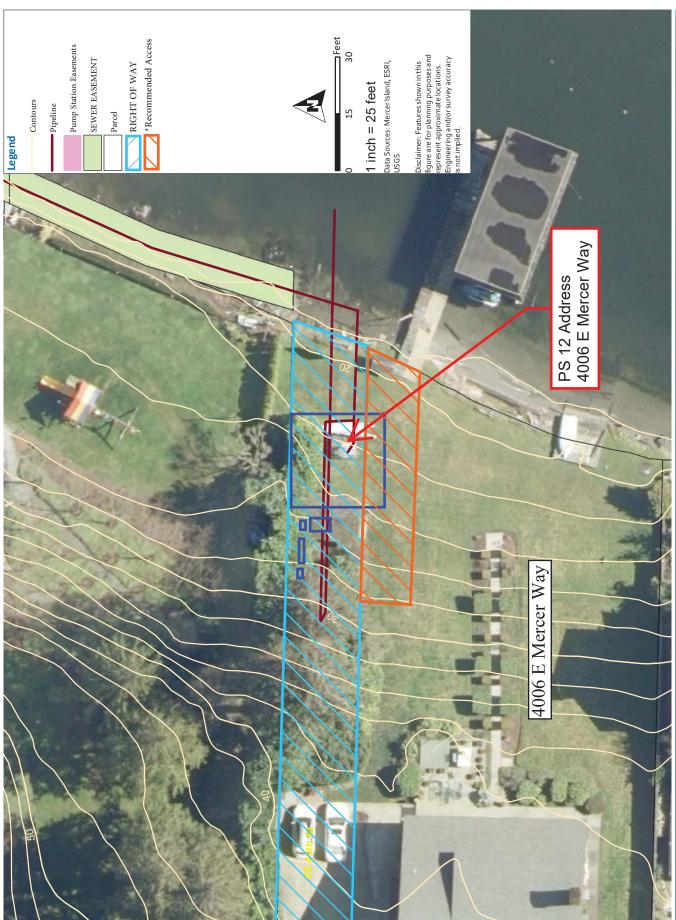
Wooden dock in need of rehabilitation



Gas pipe line crossing located east of flush station



Exposed gas pipe lines located east of flush station





4.7 PUMP STATION #13

4.7.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #13 (address 3897 W. Mercer Way) is an upland site in the middle of two grassy backyards of 4003 W. Mercer Way and 3887 W. Mercer Way. A nearby dock into Lake Washington is unused because of its poor condition. A bulkhead rockery lines the shore. The property is heavily vegetated, and the grass was soggy at the time of the site field investigation (August 28, 2018). Figure 4-19 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.7.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-16 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-16. Pump Station #13 Equipment and Features Overview						
	Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
1	Cornell	5 hp	Diesel, below grade, 185 ft	20 kW	None	Not Noted
2	Cornell	5 hp	north west from pump station			

4.7.3 Existing Easements

Public right of way extends to the northeast property line of 3887 W. Mercer Way along Freeman Avenue. The City has a pump station easement that extends from that property line southwest toward the lake shore (see Figure 4-19). The pump station easement also extends along a pathway through 3887 W. Mercer Way and along the side of the house, then along the shoreline onto a dock. A sewer easement extends from the northeast property line of 3881 W. Mercer Way to the southwest corner of 3887 W. Mercer Way. There is also a multi-use easement extending from Freeman Avenue through 4003 W. Mercer Way driveway to the 4009 W. Mercer Way property line. Table 4-17 lists the recorded easements. The pump station easement also extends along a pathway through 3887 W. Mercer Way and along the side of the house, then along the shoreline onto a dock. A sewer easement extends from the northeast property line of 3881 W. Mercer Way to the southwest corner of 3887 W. Mercer Way. There is also a multi-use easement extending from Freeman Avenue through 4003 W. Mercer Way driveway to the 4009 W. Mercer Way property line. lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-17. Pump Station #13 Recorded Easements				
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type		
1827	197789280725	Multiple Use Easement		
3230	5110645	Access Easement		
3338	5998360	Access Easement		

4.7.4 Existing Access

Primary maintenance access to Pump Station #13 is land access from Freeman Avenue. Water access is also used for cleaning purposes. Table 4-18 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-20.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park on the shoulder of Freeman Avenue, and walk down the access path per the pump station easement. Sometimes crews park in the driveway of 4003 W. Mercer Way and walk along a path, upon approval from the property owner, then northwest toward the pump station. This area is an open grass space, but the pump station is located at the bottom of a steep hill going toward Freeman Avenue.

Water Access

Current water access is used for cleaning and will be used for construction since the pump station is located near the Lake Washington shoreline. A dock is present but requires an easement for access.

Table 4-18. Pump Station #13 Field Investigation Access Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	No		
Paved Driveway	Yes		
Paved Walking Path	Yes		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Property is too steep to clean from land, minimal parking		
On-Street Parking	Yes		
On-Site Parking	No		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Only from water		
Water Access			
Water Access	Yes		
Dock Access	No, dock needs to be rehabbed		

4.7.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #13:

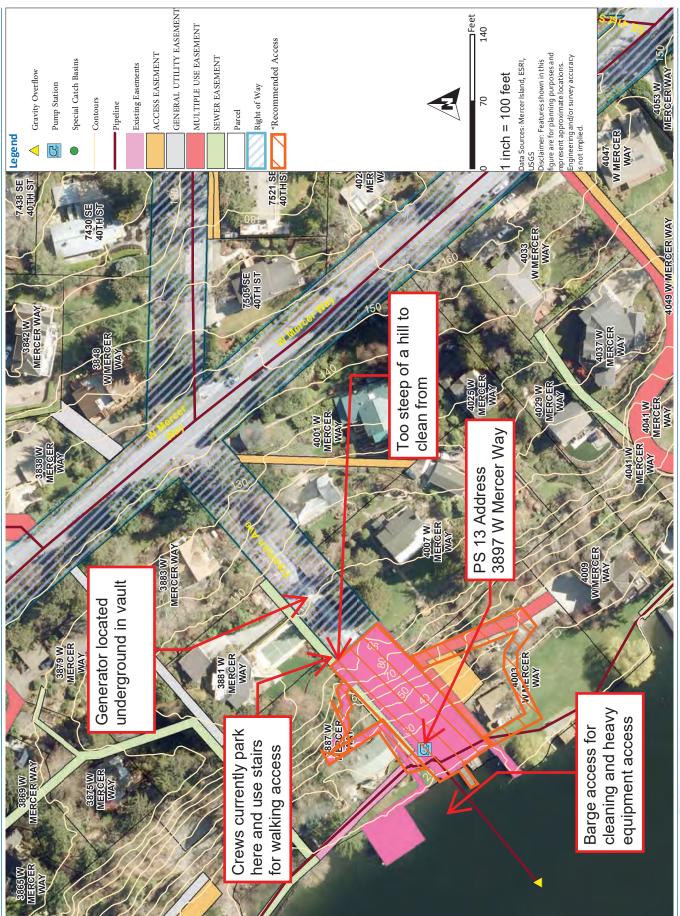
- Steep hill makes it unable to clean from land
- Minimal parking and access for crews
- Dock is unstable making it unable to be used

4.7.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #13 should be as shown on Figure 4-21. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Stairway access (repairs/installation)
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)
- Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)

4-32 TETRA TECH







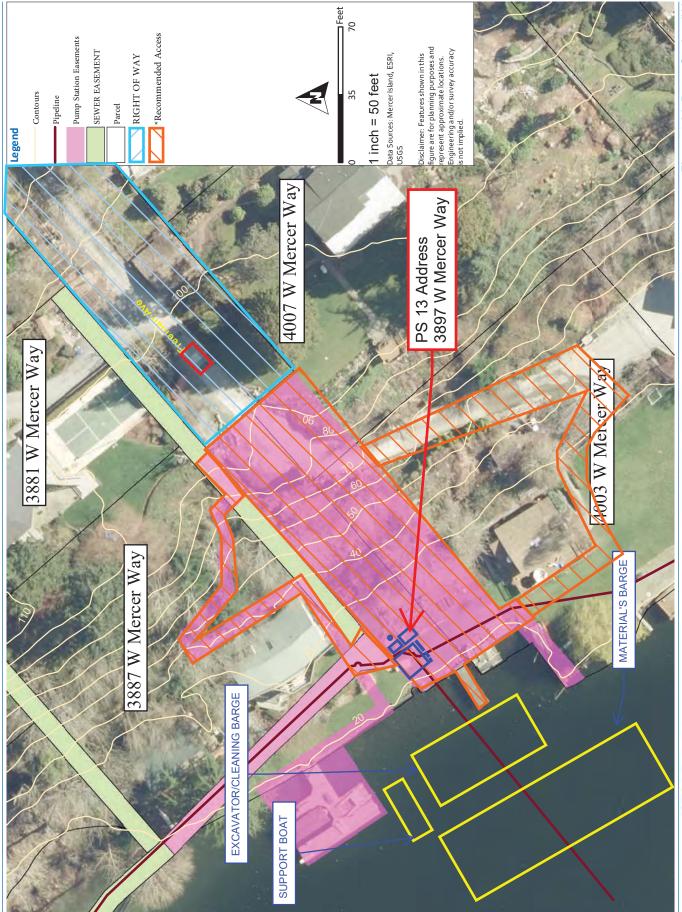
View from Pump Station 13 upland towards roadway



Existing access comes from house stairs on left with Pump Station 13 near Lake WA



City dock at Pump Station 13





4.8 PUMP STATION #14

4.8.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #14 is on an upland site at 4315 Forest Avenue, within a street end park (Forest Landing) and along the Lake Washington shoreline. The site was rebuilt in 2014 and includes a hydraulic grade structure. Removable wooden bollards separate Forest Landing and SE 43rd Street. A city dock is at the southern edge of the site and is being used as a watercraft holding bay and launch site by the residents at 4305 Forest Avenue. Access to the dock from the pump station is blocked due to a fence the residents installed prior to the time of the site field investigation (August 8, 2018). A small bulkhead rockery, with eye bolt anchors installed for recreational kayakers, separates the site and Lake Washington. Figure 4-22 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.8.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-19 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-19. Pump Station #14 Equipment and Features Overview						
Pumps			Electrical Hydraulic Odor			
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
2	Flygt (NP3085)	3 hp	Diesel, below grade, adjacent	20 kW	Yes	None
		•	to pump station			

4.8.3 Existing Easements

An access easement between the residential properties at 4311 and 4305 Forest Avenue and at the end of public right of way covers the existing pump station. Public right of way along Forest Avenue provides an approach to the site. The pump station force main, south of the site, is within a sewer easement and the inlet pipe, north of the site, is within a pump station easement. Figure 4-22 shows existing pump station and sewer easements. Table 4-20 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-20. Pump Station #14 Recorded Easements					
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type			
1794	5770448	Sewer Easement			
1797	6011026	Access Easement			

4.8.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #14 is land access from Forest Avenue. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for the future. Table 4-21 summarizes the access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-23.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by Forest Avenue. After removing the wooden bollards, located at the end of the street and at the entrance to Forest Landing, they park on the paved surface east and immediately adjacent to the pump station. Same means of land access for vacuum truck.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline. A city dock is present but is unused due to its lack of access from being connected to adjacent property. There is sufficient space for a barge to anchor offshore and access the site.

4-36 TETRA TECH

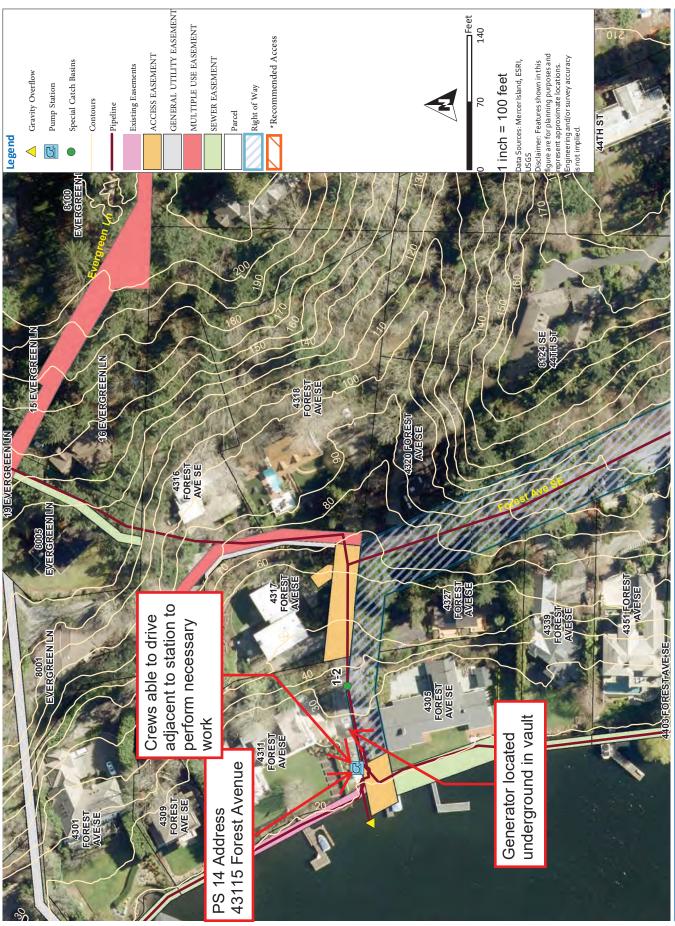
Table 4-21. Pump Station #14 Field Investigation Access Summary					
Feature	Presence				
Land Access					
Gate	No				
Paved Driveway	Yes				
Paved Walking Path	Yes				
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Removable bollards at street end park (Forest Landing)				
On-Street Parking	Yes, on the shoulder of SE 43 rd Street				
On-Site Parking	Yes				
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes				
Water Access					
Water Access	Yes				
Dock Access	Yes				

4.8.5 Challenges

The key access challenge at Pump Station #14 is that the City dock is in poor condition.

4.8.6 Recommendations

Pump Station #14 has sufficient access for currently anticipated needs. No access improvements are recommended to the existing layout, which is shown on Figure 4-24.







Driving access and current parking for crews, view upland from Pump Station 14



Pump Station 14 on shore of Lake WA

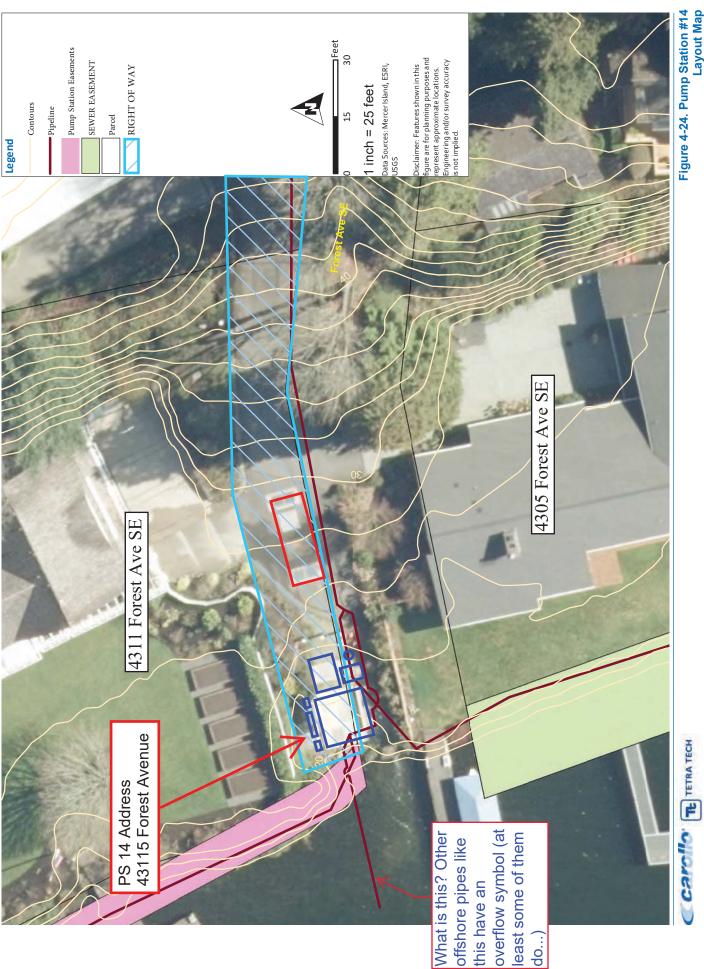


Figure 4-24. Pump Station #14 Layout Map

4.9 PUMP STATION #15

4.9.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #15 is on an upland site at 4765 Forest Avenue SE, within a street end park (Miller Landing) and along the Lake Washington shoreline. A steep concrete driveway within public right of way leads to a steep wooden staircase that begins just west of the residential driveway at 4753 Forest Avenue SE and that ends before the Lake Washington shoreline. A steep dirt trail starts at the foot of the stairs and ends at the Lake Washington shoreline adjacent to the pump station. A bulkhead that is visible at the interface of Miller Landing and Lake Washington is offset a few feet northwest of the site. The bulkhead has minor damage due to a barge collision. Dense vegetation along the length of the stairs covers the hydraulic grade structure and surrounds the pump station at the time of the site field investigation (August 8, 2018). A wooden sign in poor condition that reads, "Cable Crossing" is setback from the Lake Washington shoreline approximately 20 feet and is surrounded by vegetation. A city dock in good condition is at the site's southern edge and a private dock at its northern edge. The city dock is inaccessible from the site. Figure 4-25 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.9.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-22 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-22. Pump Station #15 Equipment and Features Overview						
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
2	Unknown	5 hp	Diesel, above grade, 140 ft north east of pump station	35 kW	Yes	Not Noted

4.9.3 Existing Easements

Public right of way covers the existing pump station and access (see Figure 4-25). The pump station force main and inlet pipe are within pump station easements. Table 4-23 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-23. Pump Station #15 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
1943	5830122	Sewer Easement				
1956	5783153	Sewer Easement				
2018	5783152	Sewer Easement				
2019	5867888	Sewer Easement				
2020	5998359	Sewer Easement				
2021	5778365	Sewer Easement				
2022	5783151	Sewer Easement				

4.9.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #15 is water access. A barge will anchor between the two docks at the northerly and southerly ends of the site. Land access is not currently used but could be considered for improved access in the future. Table 4-24 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-26.

Table 4-24. Pump Station #15 Field Investigation Access Summary					
Feature	Presence				
Land Access					
Gate	No				
Paved Driveway	Yes				
Paved Walking Path	No (stairs to dirt path)				
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep access along driveway and stairs				
On-Street Parking	Yes, on shoulder of Forest Avenue SE				
On-Site Parking	No				
Vacuum Truck Accessible	No				
Water Access					
Water Access	Yes				
Dock Access	Yes				

Land Access

Future land access—for cleaning or construction—is possible but limited to walking access. The wooden staircase that leads to the dirt path and the pump station is very steep, making hauling heavy equipment by hand impossible. Dense vegetation along the staircase and pump station could be a safety hazard if encroaching across stairs or dirt path. The dirt path from the foot of the stairs to the pump station is steep with poor traction. Vehicles will not be able to reach the site by land.

Water Access

For current access by water, crews approach the site by barge. The barge anchors between the two docks that border the site. The city dock at the southerly end of the site is used for cleaning and construction purposes. The city dock does not have walking access to the pump station.

4.9.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #15:

- Timber stairs steeply sloped
- Dense vegetation
- No walking access to city dock

Another challenge at Pump Station #15, unrelated to access, is that the location of the hydraulic grade structure is unknown.

4.9.6 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for Pump Station #15 (see Figure 4-27):

- Maintenance of existing easement (removal of vegetation)
- Easement review and confirmation
- Stairway access (repairs/installation)
- Proposed easement acquisition
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)

4-42 TETRA TECH

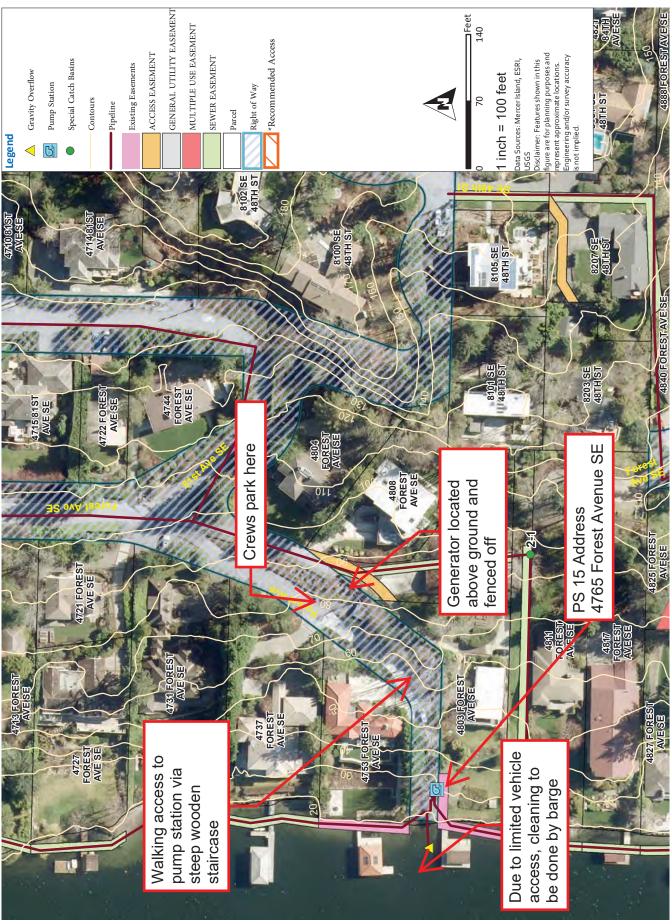




Figure 4-25. Pump Station #15 All Existing Easements Access Map



Driving access and parking area for crews



Generator located upland of Pump Station 15, walking access using private driveway on right



Wooden stairway access to Pump Station 15 from upland



Cable crossing located at pump station 15

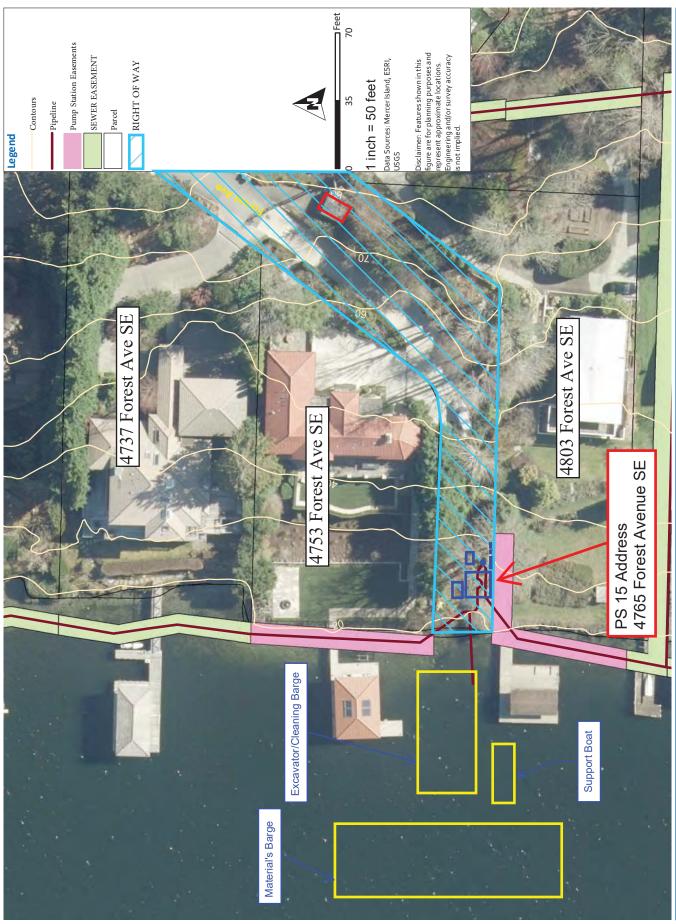




Figure 4-27. Pump Station #15
Layout Map

4.10 PUMP STATION #16

4.10.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #16 is on an upland site at 5495 W. Mercer Way, within a street end park (SE 56th Street Landing) at the end of a gravel path that terminates at the Lake Washington shoreline. Removable wooden bollards mark the end of Brook Bay Road and the beginning of the gravel path, which is within public right of way. The area along the gravel path is large, relatively flat, and covered by tree canopy at the time of site field investigation (August 8, 2018). A city dock in good condition is north of the pump station, adjacent to a wooden gate at the end of the wooden fence that partitions the right of way from the property at the northern end of the site. Dense vegetation and a large tree obstruct the wooden gate. The dock is anchoring a privately-owned watercraft. A hydraulic grade structure and lake line inlet are at the site. Figure 4-28 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.10.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-25 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-25. Pump Station #16 Equipment and Features Overview						
	Pumps		Electrical Hydraulic Od			
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
3	Unknown 7.5 hp		Diesel, above grade, 100 ft east of	35 kW	Yes	Not Noted
			pump station			

4.10.3 Existing Easements

Public right of way covers the pump station and access (see Figure 4-28). The pump station force main and the inlet pipe are within pump station easements. Table 4-26 summarizes recorded easements.

Table 4-26. Pump Station #15 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
2122	196710186251669	Multiple Use Easement				
2123	196710186251669	General Utility Easement				
2231	5835494	Sewer Easement				
2232	5998358	Sewer Easement				
2233	5770411	Sewer Easement				

4.10.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #16 is land access by gravel path that extends from the termination of Brook Bay Road. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for access for the future. Table 4-27 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-29.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by Brook Bay Road. After removing the wooden bollards, located at the end of the street, they park on the gravel path immediately adjacent to the pump station. Same means of land access for vacuum truck.

4-46 TETRA TECH

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline. A city dock in good condition is present and can be accessed from the pump station. From the pump station a gate at the end of the wooden fence, which partitions the pump station from the property at the northern edge of the site, provides access to an overgrown walkway to the city dock. Dense vegetation surrounds the wooden gate. There is sufficient space for a barge to anchor offshore and access the site.

Table 4-27. Pump Station #16 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	No (gravel)			
Paved Walking Path	No (gravel)			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Removable bollards at beginning of gravel path			
On-Street Parking	Yes, at the end of Brook Bay Road and before the gravel path			
On-Site Parking	Yes			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	Yes			

4.10.5 Challenges

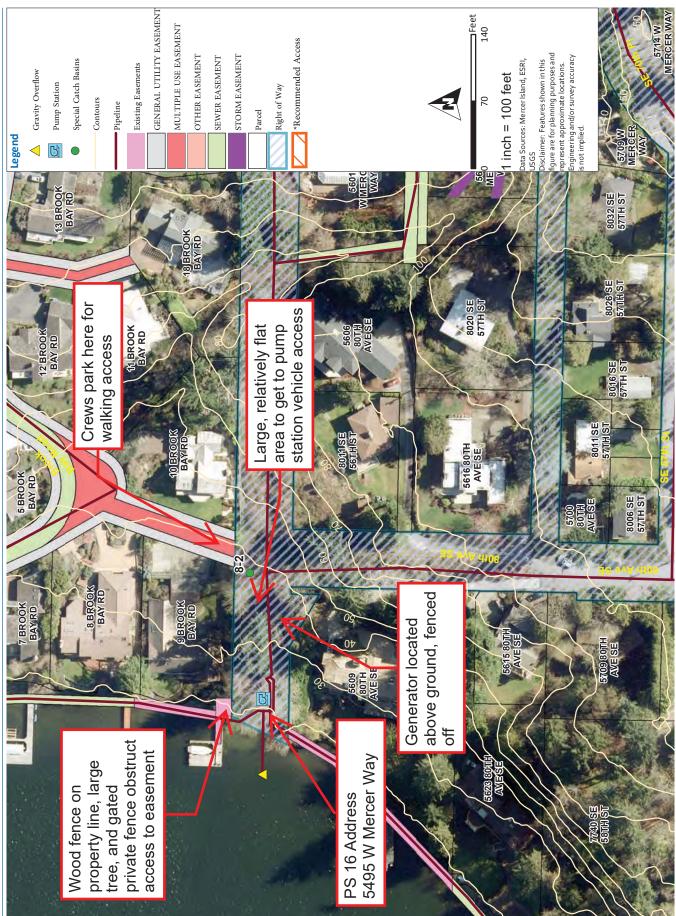
The following is the key access challenge at Pump Station #16:

Dense vegetation and large tree surrounding wooden gate to city dock

4.10.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #16 should be as shown on Figure 4-30. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)
- Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)







Parking area for crews entering the Pump Station area



Above ground generator on the left with access to pump station at the lake front



Pump Station exposed to Lake



Current pump station easement extends onto dock but gate, tree and fence preventing access

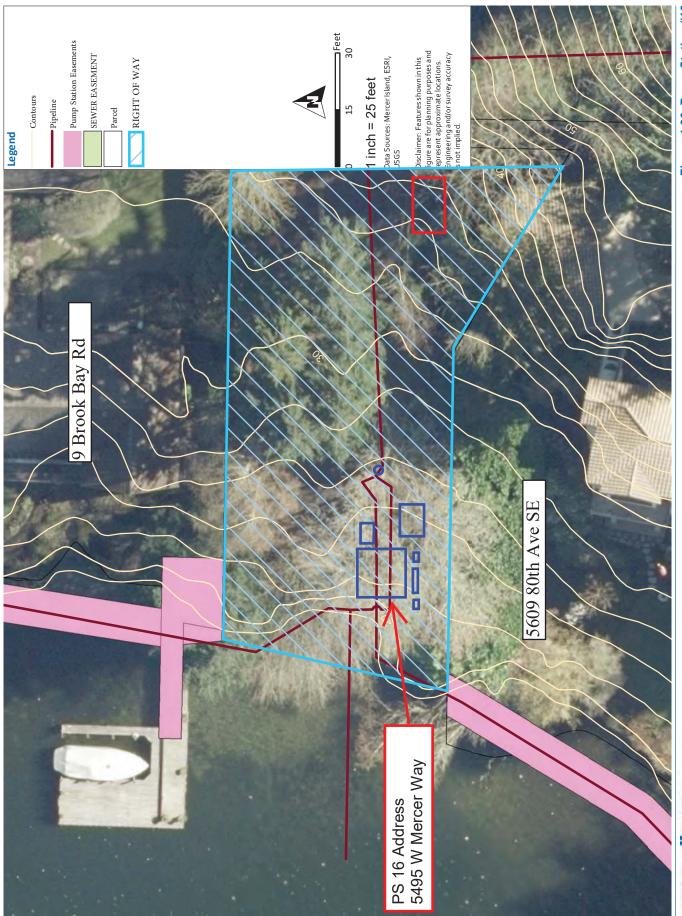




Figure 4-30. Pump Station #16
Layout Map

4.11 PUMP STATION #17

4.11.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #17 (address 6415 77th Avenue SE) is on an upland site in the backyard of the residential property at 6411 77th Avenue SE and adjacent to the Lake Washington shoreline. The pump station is surrounded by a flowerbed at the southern end of the grassy lawn approximately halfway between Lake Washington and the house. A privately owned dock runs from the southern edge of the residential property into Lake Washington. Concrete stairs lead to the water elevation from the western edge of the property. The southern edge of the property is overgrown with vegetation. A hydraulic grade structure is on-site. Figure 4-31 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.11.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-28 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-28. Pump Station #17 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor		
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	Other	
3	Unknown	7.5 hp	Diesel, below grade, 190 ft east of pump station	30 kW	Yes	Not noted	Water meter with shed cover	

4.11.3 Existing Easements

The pump station, force main, and inlet pipe are covered by pump station easements (see Figure 4-31). An additional pump station easement runs along the length of the southern edge of the residential property, but it is overgrown and inaccessible by foot. A storm easement runs the length of the northern edge of the property and provides walking access. Parking is within a pump station easement adjacent to 77th Avenue SE. Table 4-29 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-29. Pump Station #17 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
2360	5840149	Storm Easement				
2361	5844584	Sewer Easement				
2362	5768644	Sewer Easement				
2363	5750999	Sewer Easement				
2417	5055302	Water Easement				
2418	198605200400	General Utility Easement				
2469	SUB6209-003	Sewer Easement				

4.11.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #17 is land access by walking along storm and pump station easements that follow the northern perimeter of the residential property at 6411 77th Avenue SE and along the Lake Washington shoreline. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for access for the future. Table 4-30 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-32 and Figure 4-33.

Table	Table 4-30. Pump Station #17 Field Investigation Access Summary					
Feature	Presence					
Land Access						
Gate	No					
Paved Driveway	Yes					
Paved Walking Path	Yes					
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Private property, no vehicle access					
On-Street Parking	Yes, on the shoulder of 77th Avenue SE					
On-Site Parking	No					
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes					
Water Access						
Water Access	Yes					
Dock Access	Yes					

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by 77th Avenue SE, where they park on the shoulder. They walk down a steep private driveway and along the storm easement at the northern edge of the property. After reaching the Lake Washington shoreline they walk south along a pump station easement where they can reach the pump station. A vacuum truck can access the pump station with a 400-foot flex hose used from 77th Avenue SE. The hose is run through dense vegetation within the pump station easement that follows the length of the southern edge of the property.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline. Adequate space is available between the docks at the north and south ends of the property for barge access.

4.11.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #17:

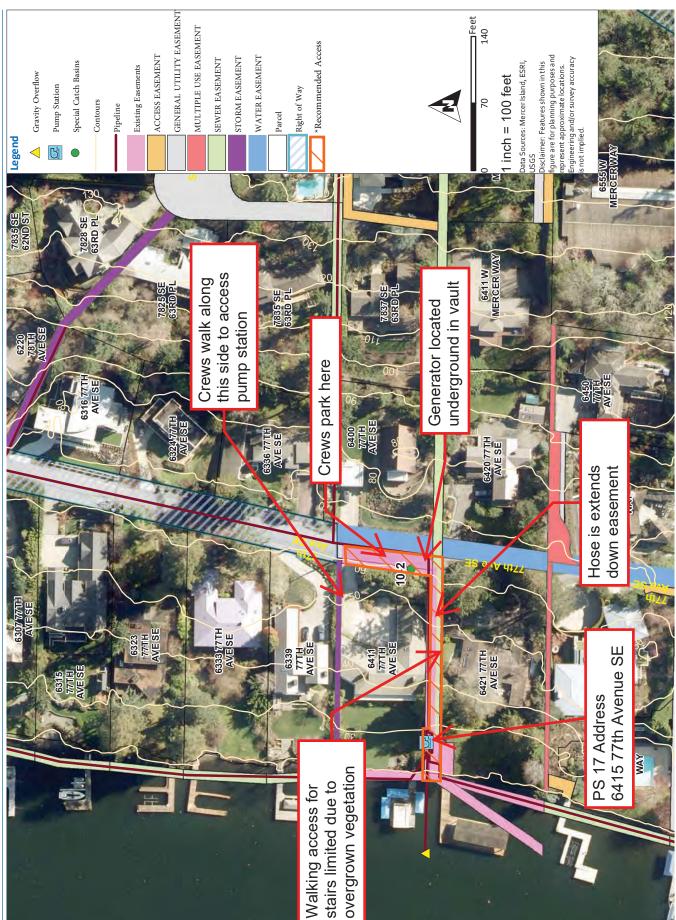
- Docks and boat houses are close together, causing water access to be far from pump station
- Existing easement is overgrown with vegetation, making it inaccessible

4.11.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #17 should be as shown on Figure 4-34. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Generator upgrades/replacement (confirm location in existing easement)

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Generator located below grade upland of pump station near parking area for crews



Walking access to pump station through private driveway



Limited water access for pump station repairs due to docks and boat lifts



Existing Pump station easement along south side of home, direct to pump station by water



View upland from pump station along existing easement showing overgrown vegetation



Pump Station located within flowerbed

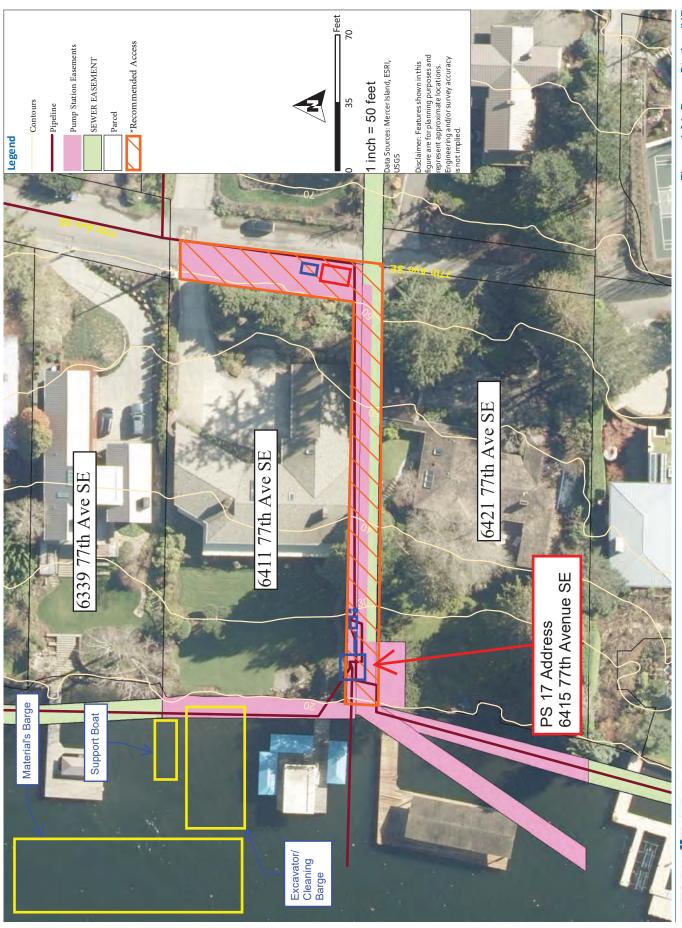


Figure 4-34. Pump Station #17 Layout Map

4.12 PUMP STATION #18

4.12.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #18 is on an upland site at 7220 Holly Hill Drive, surrounded by vegetation within a flat, marshy area. Holly Hill Drive is very steep, narrow, and winding private roadway. A paved, private, residential driveway marks the termination of Holly Hill Drive and the location where parking is easiest. A gravel path from the edge of the driveway leads to Lake Washington along the northern edge of the property. A small and narrow dirt path branches out of the gravel path and leads to the pump station. North of the pump station is a small creek that runs the length of the site and to the Lake Washington shoreline. Across the creek, on its northern bank, is a gravel road that is wide enough for a vehicle. A vegetated bank is beside the pump station's southern edge. Trees provide a canopy for the pump station. At the end of the gravel path, tree coverage stops and the area is covered in landscaping. Two private docks run into Lake Washington from the grassy area. Mooring space between docks is small. Figure 4-35 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.12.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-31 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-31. Pump Station #18 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor		
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	Other
3	Unknown	7.5 hp	Diesel, below grade, upland of the pump station along Holly Hill Drive	40 kW	Yes	Not Noted	Not noted

4.12.3 Existing Easements

The pump station is covered by a pump station easement (see Figure 4-35). Just outside of the pump station easement is a storm easement. The force main, inlet pipes, and access are within a pump station and vegetation easement. Table 4-32 lists the recorded easements.

4.12.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #18 is land access by gravel and dirt paths. The gravel path begins at the driveway of the property. The dirt path branches out of the gravel path and leads to the pump station. Water access is not currently used and due to site conditions, should not be used for access for the future. Table 4-33 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-36.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by Holly Hill Drive. Crews park in the private driveway of 7201 Holly Hill Drive after driving down the narrow, steep, and winding road. They walk down a gravel path at the northeastern corner of the driveway. The gravel path is narrow and covered by a tree canopy. Vegetation is along its length on both sides. Following the gravel path for a few feet, crews then walk along a dirt path that branches out to the east. This dirt path provides access to the pump station, which is situated in a densely vegetated, marshy area. A vacuum truck can access the pump station with a 400-foot flex hose used upland on Holly Hill Drive.

Table 4-32. Pump Station #18 Recorded Easements					
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type			
2383	5824577	Sewer Easement			
2384	5915965	Sewer Easement			
2385	5867882	Sewer Easement			
2386	5758768	Sewer Easement			
2396	5810618	Sewer Easement			
2399	1998809140716	Sewer Easement			
2401	5055309	Water Easement			
2402	198205140793	Storm Easement			
2405	5055293	Water Easement			
2406	198208050608	General Utility Easement			
2512	197802211006	Vegetation Easement			
2517	SUB6509-005	Access Easement			
2589	5770418	Sewer Easement			
2590	5758716	Sewer Easement			
2591	5055294	Water Easement			
2600	SUB6208-006	Access Easement			
2601	198208050607	General Utility Easement			
3450	198202230536	Storm Easement			
3451	198202230537	Storm Easement			
3452	198202230538	Storm Easement			
3453	198202230539	Storm Easement			
3456	198202230543	Storm Easement			
2457	198202230544	Storm Easement			
3458	198205260486	Storm Easement			
3460	198211040610	Storm Easement			

Table 4-33. Pump Station #18 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	No (gravel/dirt)			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep, narrow, and winding driveway. Park in private property driveway that has access to pump station and Lake Washington shoreline.			
On-Street Parking	Yes, private driveway			
On-Site Parking	No			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, from Holly Hill Road with a 400-foot flex hose			
Water Access				
Water Access	No			
Dock Access	No			

4-58 TETRA TECH

Water Access

Water access is not possible due to insufficient mooring space around the two private docks that run into Lake Washington from the properties surrounding the pump station. Additionally, landscaping, significant distance upland, wetland and dense vegetation pose significant obstacles to water access.

4.12.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #18:

- Pump station can flood in severe storm event
- Inadequate odor control
- Land access is difficult due to steep slope of road

4.12.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #18 should be as shown on Figure 4-37. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Construct roadway to pump station
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Proposed easement acquisition
- Wetland delineation (related to proposed easement acquisition)
- Generator upgrades/replacement (confirm location in existing easement)

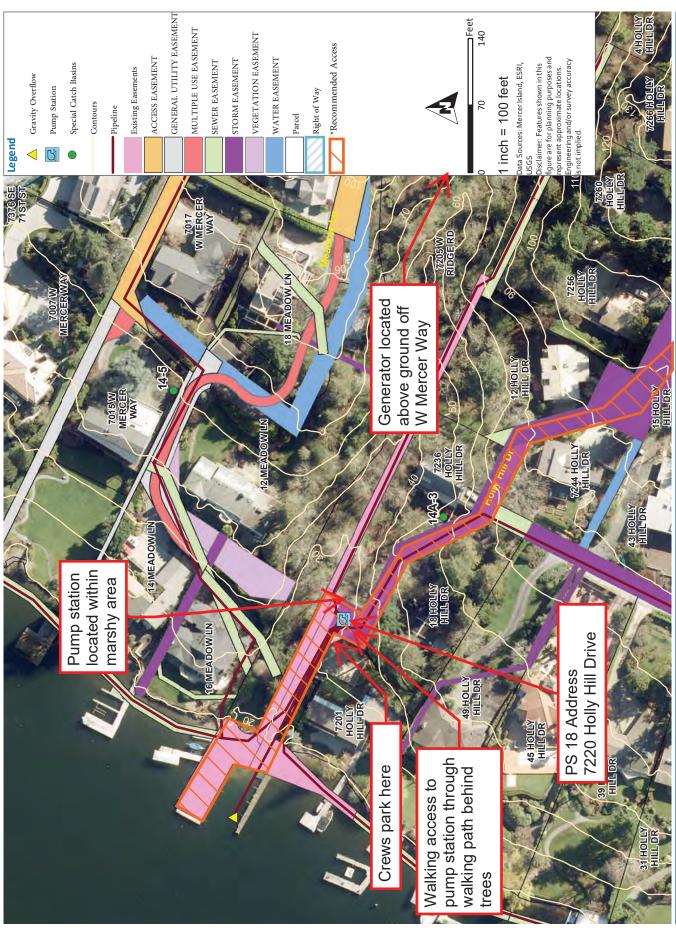


Figure 4-35. Pump Station #18 All Existing Easements Access Map



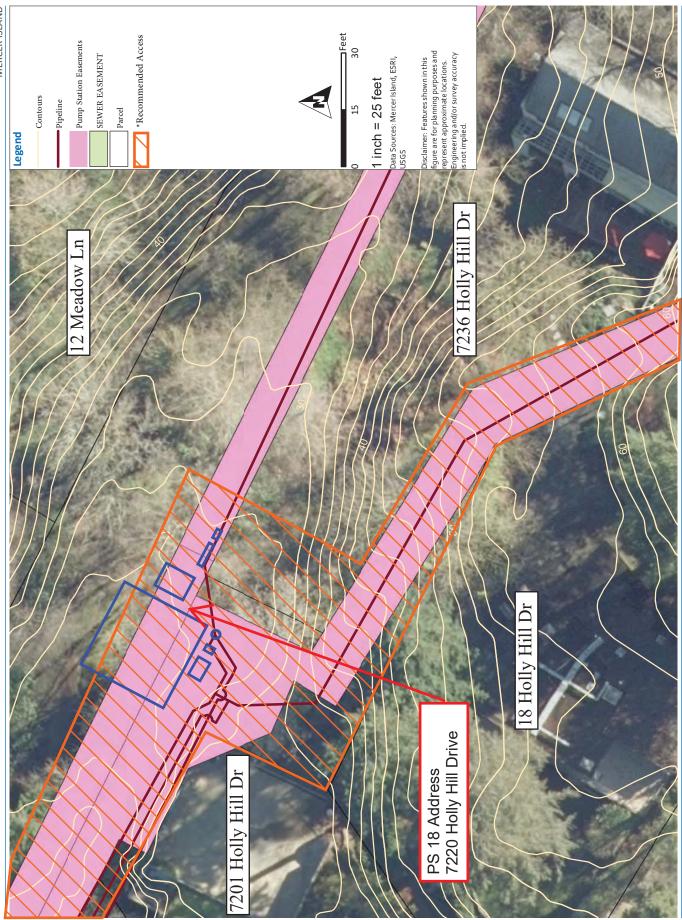
Pump Station located near marshy area, looking northeast



Pump Station located near marshy area, looking southeast



Gravel road upland of bollards, looking east from Lake WA





4.13 PUMP STATION #19

4.13.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #19 is on an upland site at 7697 W. Mercer Way, adjacent to a residential property's backyard and along the Lake Washington shoreline. The public path is not used due to steep slope and dense vegetation. A steep residential driveway leads to a gravel path along the Lake Washington shoreline. The gravel path degrades to a wide, grass and dirt strip that continues along the Lake Washington shoreline. Branches from surrounding vegetation at eye level cross the footpath and must be pushed to the side when walking south along the grass and dirt strip of land. Portions of footpath were muddy from small stream and plumbing at time of site field investigation (August 8, 2018). Trees provide canopy along Lake Washington shoreline. Small "boathouse" with plumbing is midway between the end of the gravel path and the pump station. Concrete city dock with deteriorating wood deck runs into Lake Washington from the immediate pump station vicinity. Concrete steps from the dock to the pump station. Dense vegetation around pump station. Hydraulic grade structure on slope adjacent to the eastern edge of the pump station. Figure 4-38 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.13.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-34 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-34. Pump Station #19 Equipment and Features Overview						
	Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
3	Not Noted	10 hp	Diesel, shoulder of W. Mercer Way, above grade	50 kW	Yes	Not Noted

4.13.3 Existing Easements

The pump station is not within an easement (see Figure 4-38). The inlet pipe and force main are covered by pump station easements. Public right of way covers a footpath that is unused due to dense vegetation and steep slope. Current land access is not within an easement. Table 4-35 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-35. Pump Station #19 Recorded Easements				
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type		
2626	198401259011	Multiple Use Easement		

4.13.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #19 is water access by barge. A city dock is situated adjacent to where the barge anchors. Land access is not currently used but could be considered for access for the future. Table 4-36 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-39.

Land Access

Future land access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, with the procurement of an easement. This easement would allow crews to park in right of way near 7645 W. Mercer Way after driving down the steep and winding road. The easement would extend from the right of way at the previous parking location and travel along the shoreline crossing 7649 W. Mercer Way, 7671 W. Mercer Way and 7677 W. Mercer Way, ending at 7697 W. Mercer Way. Due to minimal access here, this easement would be for small sized maintenance and foot traffic only; the station is not vacuum truck accessible.

Table 4-36. Pump Station #19 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	No (gravel/dirt)			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Public right of way is steep and covered with dense vegetation. Access outside of easement			
On-Street Parking	Yes, on shoulder of W. Mercer Way			
On-Site Parking	No			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	No			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	Yes, needs repair			

Water Access

For current access by water, crews approach the site by barge. The barge anchors adjacent to the city dock that is in the immediate vicinity of the pump station. The city dock has walking access to the pump station but needs to be repaired before use.

4.13.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #19:

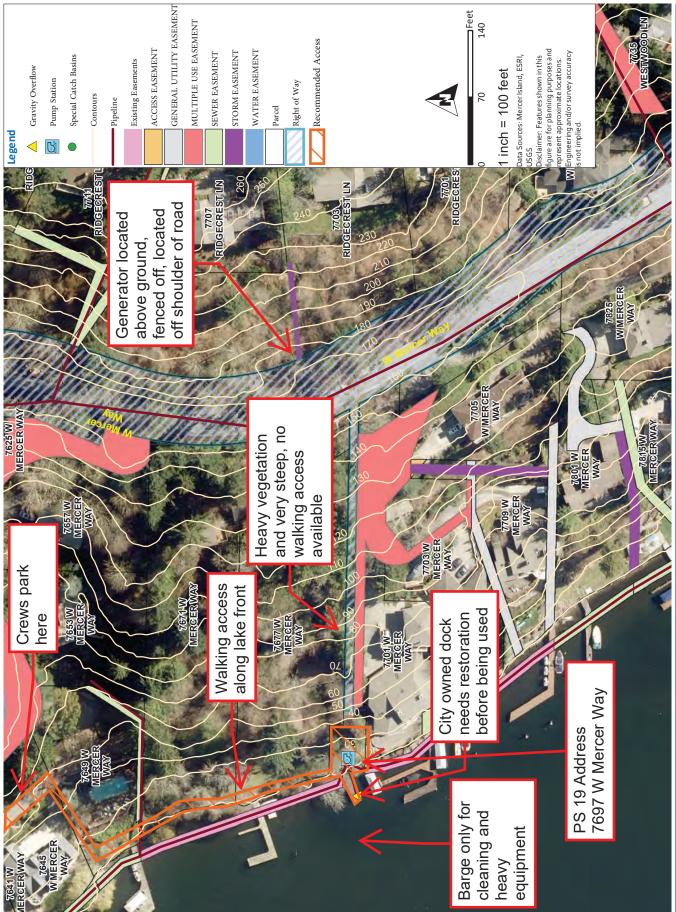
- No land access easements
- City dock wooden deck is deteriorating

4.13.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #19 should be as shown on Figure 4-40. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Proposed easement acquisition
- Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)

4-64 TETRA TECH







Generator and crew parking for generator is on the road shoulder



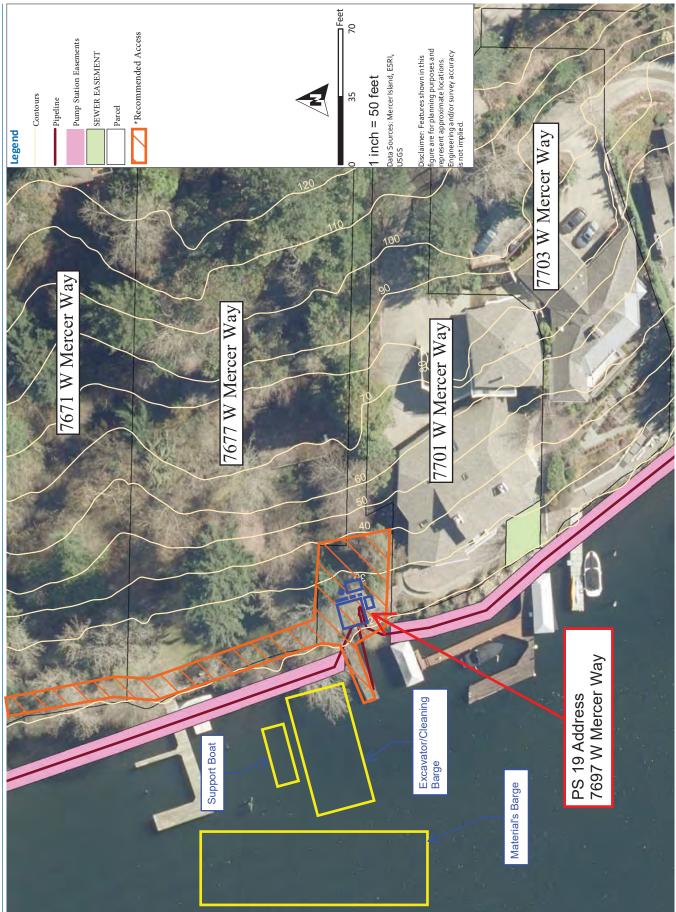
Existing walking access through drive way, walking along water front



City owned dock needs work prior to use, existing pump station behind



Heavy vegetation through existing steep ROW preventing walking access





4.14 PUMP STATION #20

4.14.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #20 is on an upland site at 8790 85th Avenue SE, at a street end park (South Point Landing) and adjacent to the Lake Washington shoreline. 85th Avenue SE is narrow, steep, and terminates at a wooden guardrail without a turnaround. South of the guardrail, the ground surface steeply slopes and descends a few feet before meeting a level concrete surface. Dry grass covered the steep slope south of the guardrail at the time of site field investigation (August 8, 2018). The pump station is situated between the bottom of the grassy decline and the Lake Washington shoreline. There is a hydraulic grade structure on the steep decline to the pump station. A bulkhead rockery is on west boundary of site. Private docks in Lake Washington are at the east and west ends of the site. Figure 4-41 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.14.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-37 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-37. Pump Station #20 Equipment and Features Overview						
	Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control
3	Not Noted	10 hp	Diesel, uphill from pump station in the bank to south of right of way, below grade	50 kW	Yes	Not Noted

4.14.3 Existing Easements

Public right of way covers the pump station, force main, inlet pipe, and access (see Figure 4-41). Pump station access easements also cover the pump station inlet pipe and force main.

4.14.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #20 is land access from 85th Avenue SE. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for the future. Table 4-38 summarizes the access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-42.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by 85th Avenue SE. Crews back their vehicles down 85th Avenue SE due to the lack of a turnaround at the termination of the right of way. They park at the wooden guardrail that marks the end of the road. They walk around the wooden guardrail and a few feet down the steep, grassy, downward slope to the pump station. A vacuum truck can access the pump station by parking in its immediate vicinity at the guardrail.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, as the pump station is near the Lake Washington shoreline. Adequate space is available between the docks at the east and west ends of the property for barge access.

4-68 TETRA TECH

Table 4-38. Pump Station #20 Field Investigation Access Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	No		
Paved Driveway	Yes		
Paved Walking Path	No		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	No turnaround. Back in and park at wooden guardrail.		
On-Street Parking	Yes		
On-Site Parking	Yes		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes		
Water Access			
Water Access	Yes		
Dock Access	No		

4.14.5 Challenges

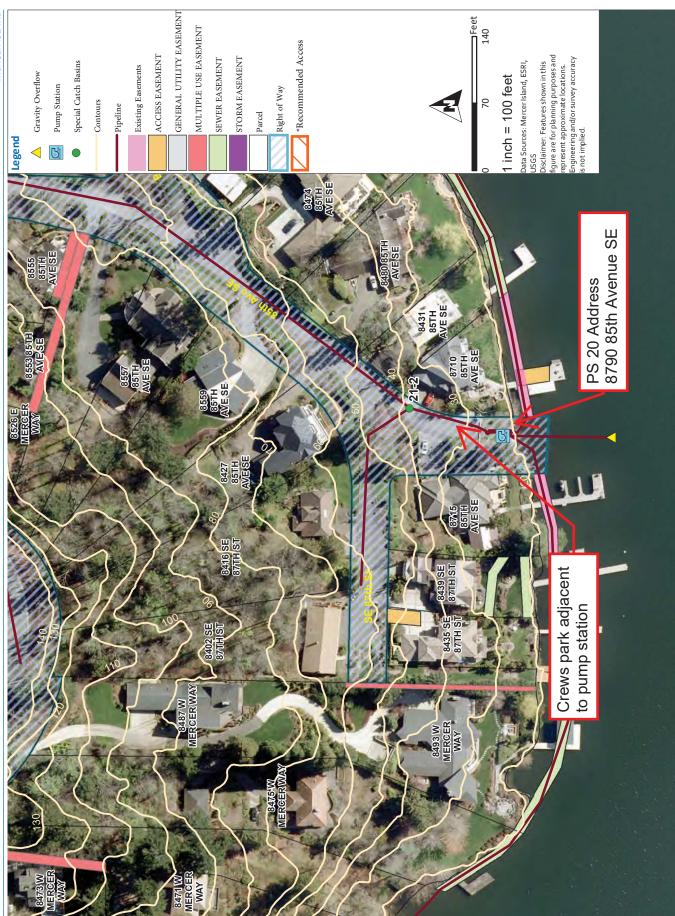
There are no access challenges at Pump Station #20. The following are other challenges at Pump Station #20, unrelated to access:

- Dry well has constant air exchange
- Inflection in wet well with rebar exposed

4.14.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #20 should be as shown on Figure 4-43. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)







Driving and parking access for crew along end of ROW



Pump Station on lake front with hill for access to it



View from lake upland showing hill



Pump station exposed to lake, acting as a bulkhead





4.15 PUMP STATION #21

4.15.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #21 is at a partially submerged site at 8000 Avalon Drive, covered by a wooden dock in the backyard of the residential property at 8002 Avalon Place. A steep and narrow private road ends at 7964 E. Mercer Way. There is no easement within the private roadway. A narrow staircase is along the length of the northern edge of property at 8002 Avalon Place. Grassy lawn extends from the private driveway at 7964 E. Mercer Way to the wooden dock. The wooden dock is beginning to rot. The wet well has a hatch with panels in the wooden deck of the dock. Wasps or bees were present at the corner of the decking at the time of the site field investigation (August 8, 2018). Cell service is poor in this location because there is no space for telecom. A private wooden dock with watercraft holding bays is connected to the dock that covers the pump station. Northeast of the pump station is a circular concrete lid that is unidentified. This pump station is the last pump station upstream of King County's south pump station. Figure 4-44 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.15.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-39 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-39. Pump Station #21 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor		
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control		
3	Cornell	7.5 hp	Upland from pump station, fenced in and between driveway and property, below grade	Power through narrow path in easement on 8002 Avalon Place. Conduit is maxed out and galvanized.	Not Noted	Sand Filter		

4.15.3 Existing Easements

The pump station, force main, and inlet pipe are covered by a pump station easement (see Figure 4-44). A multiple use easement and access easement cover the length of road from 7936 E. Mercer Way to 7964 E. Mercer Way. Walking access to the site is within a pump station easement. Table 4-40 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-40. Pump Station #21 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
2832	198205179005	Multiple Use Easement				
3062	5751000	Sewer Easement				
3063	5751021	Sewer Easement				
3064	198310280873	Water Easement				
3065	198310280874	Water Easement				
3115	198808299046	Access Easement				
3194	199001221011	Access Easement				
3461	198304200502	Sewer Easement				
3481	198903160917	Water Easement				
3609	198306210890	Sewer Easement				

4.15.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #21 is land access from the steep and private road that turns off from E. Mercer Way and ends at 7964 E. Mercer Way. Water access by anchoring a barge on the northern side of the private dock

belonging to 8002 Avalon Place is also used. Table 4-41 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-45 and Figure 4-46.

Table 4-41. Pump Station #21 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	Yes			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Down private driveway, steep, narrow, park in residential driveway at 7964 E. Mercer Way			
On-Street Parking	No, parked in residential driveway			
On-Site Parking	No			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, difficult due to steep driveway grade			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	No			

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by the private road that branches off E. Mercer Way and ends at the residential driveway of 7964 E. Mercer Way. The road is steep and narrow. Crews park at the bottom of the road within the residential driveway. They walk to the site by heading south, through vegetation that separates a grassy backyard and the driveway. Walking eastward across the backyard crews reach the wooden dock that covers the pump station. A steep and narrow set of stairs running along the northern edge of the property at 8002 Avalon Place also provides walking access to the pump station. Vacuum truck accessibility is possible but difficult due to steep driveway grade.

Water Access

For current access by water, a barge anchors immediately north of the private dock that belongs to the residents at 8002 Avalon Place.

4.15.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #21:

Wood dock starting to rot

The following are the other challenges at Pump Station #20, unrelated to access:

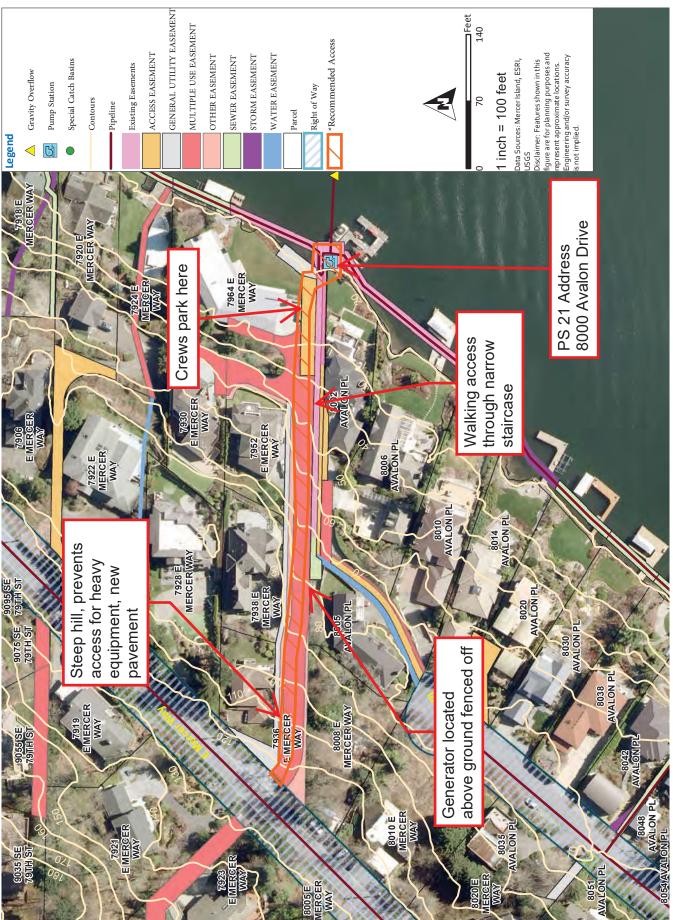
- Sand filter issue
- Cell service drop

4.15.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #21 should be as shown on Figure 4-47. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Generator upgrades/replacement (confirm location in existing easement)

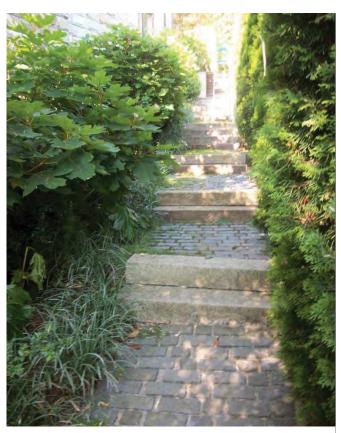
4-74 TETRA TECH







Driving access for crews on left, generator fenced off on right



Walking access to pump station on existing easement with driveway behind bushes on right



Few of pump station access for crews when driving with concrete wall on left and vegetation helow

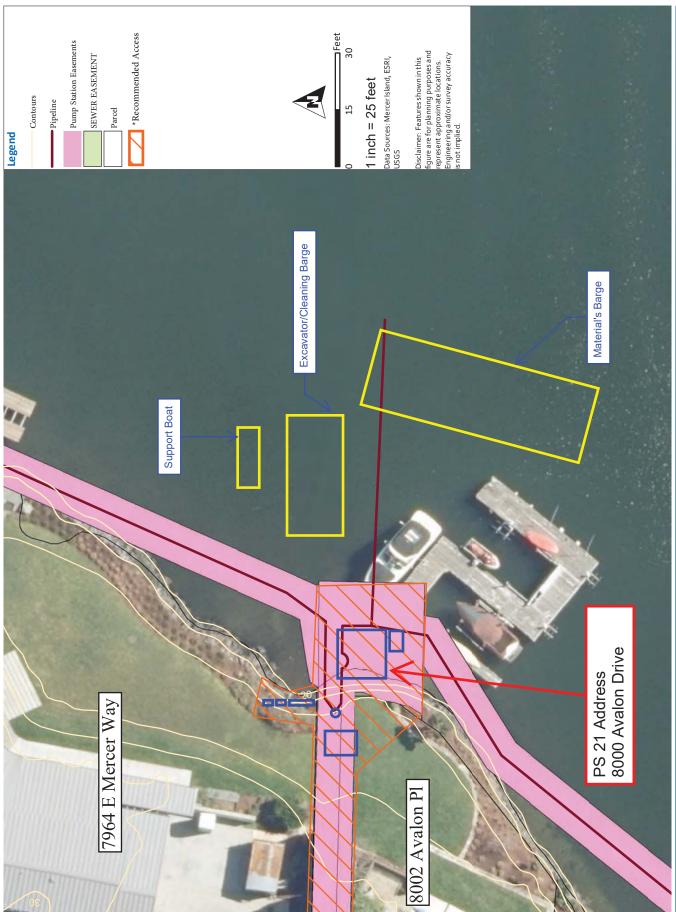


Pump station located under dock, wood dock with hatches built over top

Figure 4-45.
Pump Station #21 Existing Site
Photos (1 of 2)



View from crews parking upland, steep driveway for any heavy-duty equipment



4.16 PUMP STATION #22

4.16.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #22 is at an upland site at 6223 E. Mercer Way, on a steep grassy slope and adjacent to a paved boat launch at the Lake Washington shoreline. The steep private driveway has tight turns. The site is on a steep slope with dead grass and dirt at time of site field investigation (August 7, 2018). A gazebo is upland and in the immediate vicinity west of the pump station. There is a fish-friendly grating at the interface of the grassy slope and the Lake Washington shoreline. A City-owned dock is connected to the grating directly east of the pump station. The dock is being used as a holding bay for a private boat. Kayaks and canoes were being stored along the edge of the grassy slope and the Lake Washington shoreline at time of site field investigation. Water depth is shallow around the dock. A hydraulic grade structure is closed because of odor. Sand was observed in generator vents. Figure 4-48 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.16.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-42 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-42. Pump Station #22 Equipment and Features Overview						
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor	
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	
3	Not noted	7.5 hp	Diesel, south of driveway beside small	25 kW	Yes, closed	None	
			shed, hard to get to, below grade		because of odor		

4.16.3 Existing Easements

Pump station, inlet pipe, force main, and access are within a pump station easement (see Figure 4-48). Table 4-43 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-43. Pump Station #22 Recorded Easements					
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type			
173	5540361	Water Easement			
175	197307180568	Water Easement			
180	197801170910	Water Easement			
278	SUB6509-007	General Utility Easement			
281	SUB6509-007	General Utility Easement			
282	5750998	Sewer Easement			
285	198306210891	General Utility Easement			
286	4227581	Power Easement			
289	196808076388591	Multiple Use Easement			
3383	5540360	Water Easement			
3570	197601150421	Water Easement			
281	SUB6509-007	General Utility easement			
282	5750998	Sewer Easement			
289	196808076388591	Multiple Use Easement			

4.16.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #22 is land access from the steep driveway that terminates at the boat launch into Lake Washington. Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, by barge and utilization of the city owned dock. Table 4-44 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-49.

Table 4-44. Pump Station #22 Field Investigation Access Summary					
Feature	Presence				
Land Access					
Gate	No				
Paved Driveway	Yes				
Paved Walking Path	No				
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep driveway				
On-Street Parking	No				
On-Site Parking	Yes				
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes				
Water Access					
Water Access	Yes				
Dock Access	Yes				

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by the steep driveway that leads to the boat launch into Lake Washington. They park in the vicinity immediately north of the site, along the grassy slope, just before Lake Washington. Vacuum truck accessibility is possible at the same location where crews park.

Water Access

Current access by water is difficult due to the shallow depth of water around the city owned dock. A barge will anchor at the city owned dock, water depth permitting.

4.16.5 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #22:

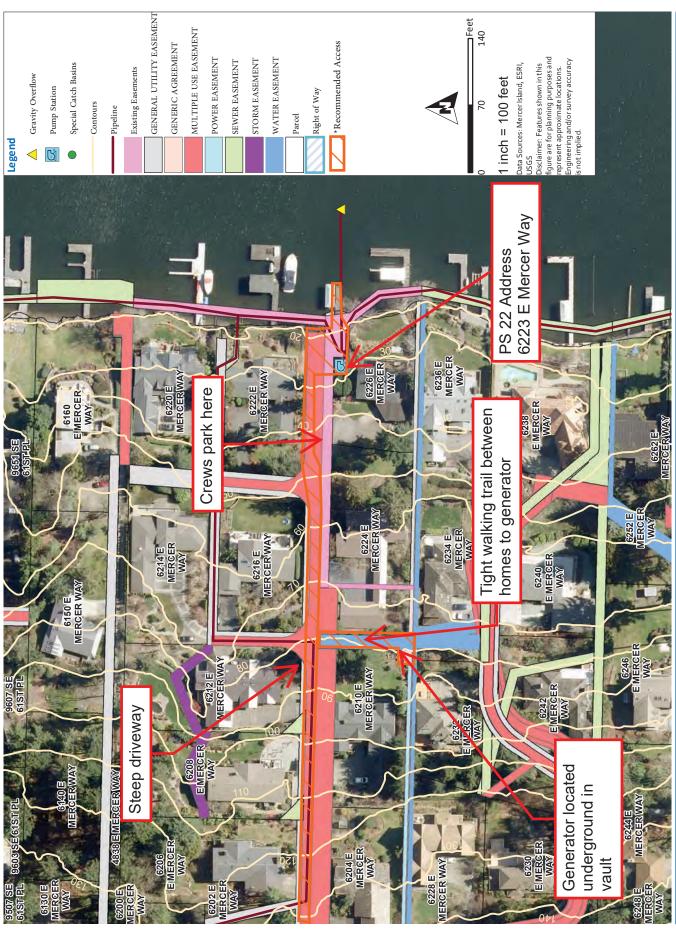
- Hydraulic grade structure closed due to odor
- Shallow water depth around city owned dock

4.16.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #22 should be as shown on Figure 4-50. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Stairway access (repairs/installation)
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)

4-80 TETRA TECH







Path to access generator behind and between homes



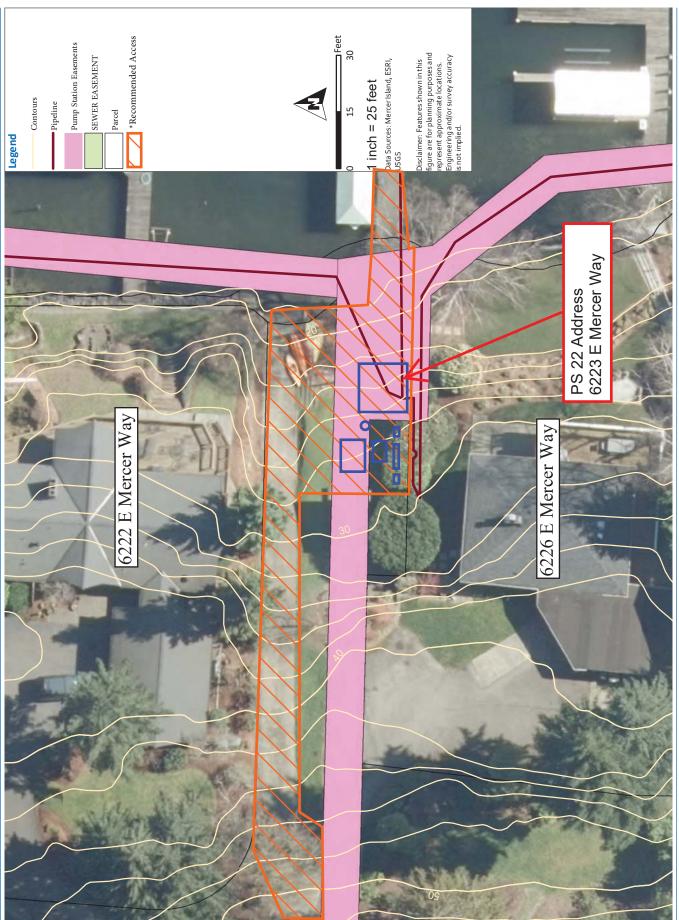
Generator sitting between homes



View of pump station from dock to upland



View of pump station from upland towards Lake WA





4.17 PUMP STATION #23

4.17.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #23 is at an upland site at 5406 96th Avenue SE, in an open grassy space within a private park. A paved walking path leads from the roadway, past the southern side of the pump station, and to the dock on the east end of the private park. It is understood that the City may have ownership or easement rights to the dock, although this would need verified. The dock is being used by multiple residents for watercraft docking. A picnic table, outdoor chairs, a fire pit, and small watercraft (kayaks, canoes, etc.) were observed within the park at the time of site field investigation (August 7, 2018). Immediately west of the pump station is a wooden retaining wall with a height of approximately one and a half feet. West of the retaining wall, grassy open space continues until the roadway. There is a large tree in the immediate vicinity east of the pump station. The shoreline on the north side of the dock is silt, mud, and wood debris. The shoreline on the south side of the dock is a bulkhead rockery. Dense vegetation is in the water surrounding the dock. Figure 4-51 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.17.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-45 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-45. Pump Station #23 Equipment and Features Overview						
	Pumps			Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor	
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	
3	Not	7.5 hp	Diesel, in parking area upland	40 kW	Yes	Not Noted	
	Noted	·	of private park, below grade				

4.17.3 Existing Easements

A pump station easement covers the pump station, access, and force main (see Figure 4-51). A sewer easement covers additional access area within the park. A portion of the inlet pipe is within a sewer easement. Table 4-46 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-46. Pump Station #23 Recorded Easements						
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type				
181	5771868	Sewer Easement				
371	5817566	Sewer Easement				
439	5875584	Sewer Easement				
440	5867889	Sewer Easement				
441	5876718	Sewer Easement				
515	5875585	Sewer Easement				
516	5810522	Sewer Easement				
517	5815833	Sewer Easement				
3498	5771970	Sewer Easement				

4.17.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #23 is land access from the private park. Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, by barge and utilization of the dock. Table 4-47 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-52.

4-84 TETRA TECH

Table	Table 4-47. Pump Station #23 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence				
Land Access					
Gate	No				
Paved Driveway	Yes				
Paved Walking Path	Yes				
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Winding road				
On-Street Parking	No				
On-Site Parking	Yes				
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes (difficult)				
Water Access					
Water Access	Yes				
Dock Access	Yes				

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by 96th Avenue SE. They park at the entrance to the private park. Following the paved walking path that runs along the southern edge of the private park, the crews access the pump station. Vacuum truck accessibility is possible from the location where crews park.

Water Access

Future water access—for cleaning or construction—is possible, by barge and utilization of the city-owned dock. Mooring space between the city-owned dock and the private dock directly south is small.

4.17.5 Challenges

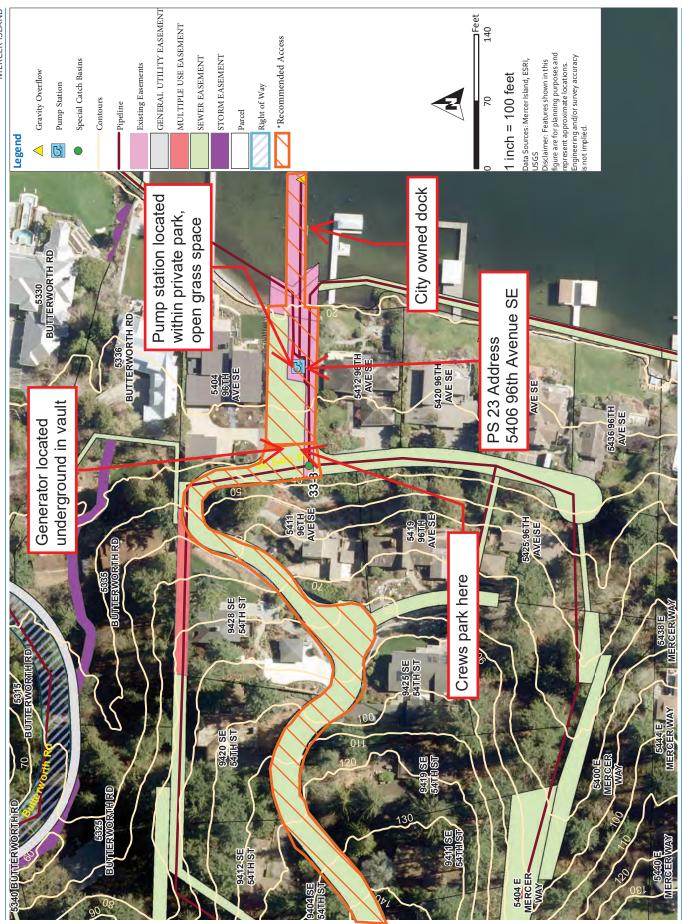
The following are the key access challenges at Pump Station #23:

- Large tree with roots beside pump station
- Water access is narrow

4.17.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #23 should be as shown on Figure 4-53. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Coordinate with utilities (related access for upgrading electrical supply)







Crews park their trucks in pull off space also used as the vault for below grade generator



Private park for community which includes green space, boat rack for canoes and access to Lake WA



Tree roots appear to be near wetwell which could cause damage



Concrete dock provides access for crews from water

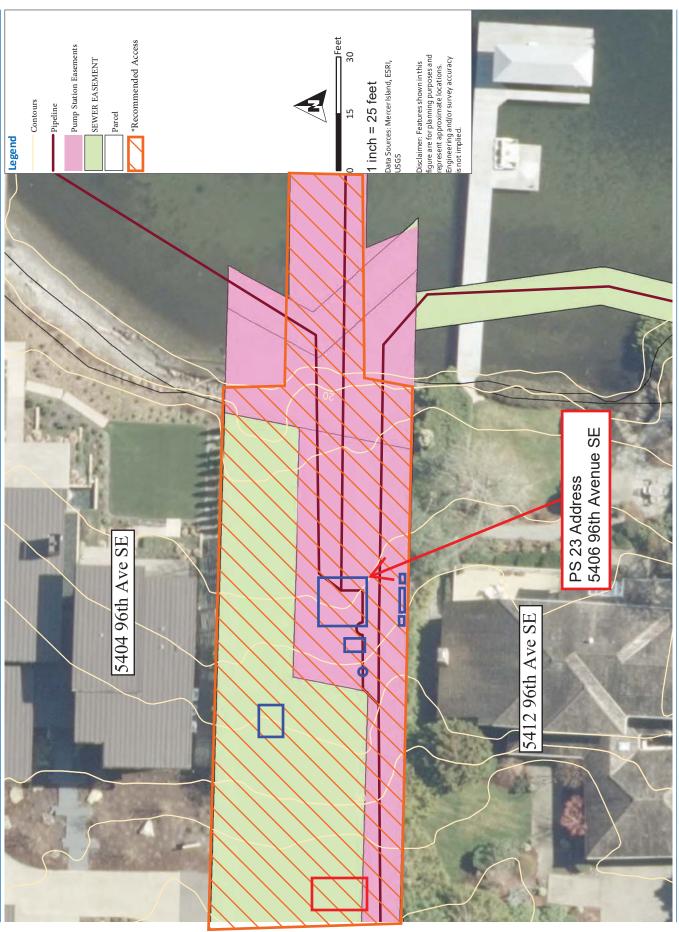


Figure 4-53. Pump Station #23
Layout Map

4.18 PUMP STATION #24

4.18.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #24 (address 4606 E. Mercer Way) is in the backyard of the residential property at 4612 E. Mercer Way. The station is partially submerged, connected to the concrete city dock as a 16-foot by 16-foot concrete structure. A steep driveway to the residential property is followed by a steep foot path on the north side of the home. The foot path was loose soil and bark at the time of the site field investigation (August 7, 2018). The footpath transitions to steep switchback stairs that lead to the backyard of the property. Half of a basketball court is adjacent to the stairs and before an artificial grass area adjacent to the Lake Washington shoreline and the pump station. There is a boat lift adjacent to the city owned dock. A bulkhead rockery is on the shoreline north of the city dock. Concrete steps, beginning at the pump station and adjacent to the south side of the city dock, lead to Lake Washington. Figure 4-54 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.18.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-48 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

	Table 4-48. Pump Station #24 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor		
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	Other	
1	Vaughan Chopper Cornell	3 hp 3 hp	Upland of residential property at beginning of	Runs along north side of home, along fence	Yes	None	Pump station is wireless	
-	00111011	0 116	driveway	line			13 1111 01000	

4.18.3 Existing Easements

Pump station easement covers the pump station, inlet pipe, and force main (see Figure 4-54). There is not an easement that covers access to the site. Table 4-49 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-49. Pump Station #24 Recorded Easements					
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type			
548	5810604	Sewer Easement			
549	5758767	Sewer Easement			
550	5802456	Multiple Use Easement			
577	198811301366	General Utility Easement			
578	198902271132	Power Easement			

4.18.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #24 is water access by work boat. Future land access—for cleaning or construction—is possible if carrying equipment by hand. Table 4-50 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-55.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park upland just before the steep driveway leading to the property at 4612 E. Mercer Way. They walk down the driveway to the steep footpath at the north end of the home. The path transitions to stone steps that switchback down and through the backyard of the property. Crews follow the path past the basketball court and onto the artificial grass where they can access the pump station. Access by land only allows equipment that can be hauled by hand. A vacuum truck cannot access the pump station.

Table 4-50. Pump Station #24 Field Investigation Access Summary				
Feature	Presence			
Land Access				
Gate	No			
Paved Driveway	Yes			
Paved Walking Path	No			
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep driveway and walking path, switchback stairs for access to backyard			
On-Street Parking	No			
On-Site Parking	Yes, private driveway			
Vacuum Truck Accessible	No			
Water Access				
Water Access	Yes			
Dock Access	Yes			

Water Access

For current access by water, crews use a work boat to reach the concrete city dock and the shoreline. Access is tight between docks and boat lifts. The pump station is accessed directly from these two locations.

4.18.5 Challenges

The following are the key access problems at Pump Station #24:

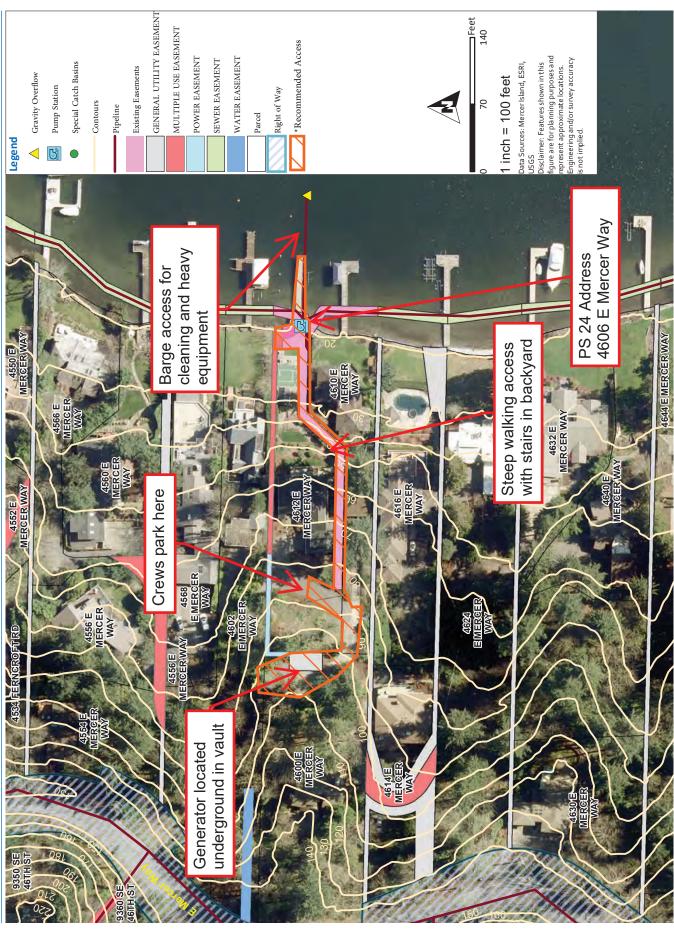
- Steep walking access
- Timber pillars in water near dock

4.18.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #24 should be as shown on Figure 4-56. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Review dock access and ownership
- Stairway access (repairs/installation)
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)

4-90 TETRA TECH







Path to Pump Station 24 from back of the house



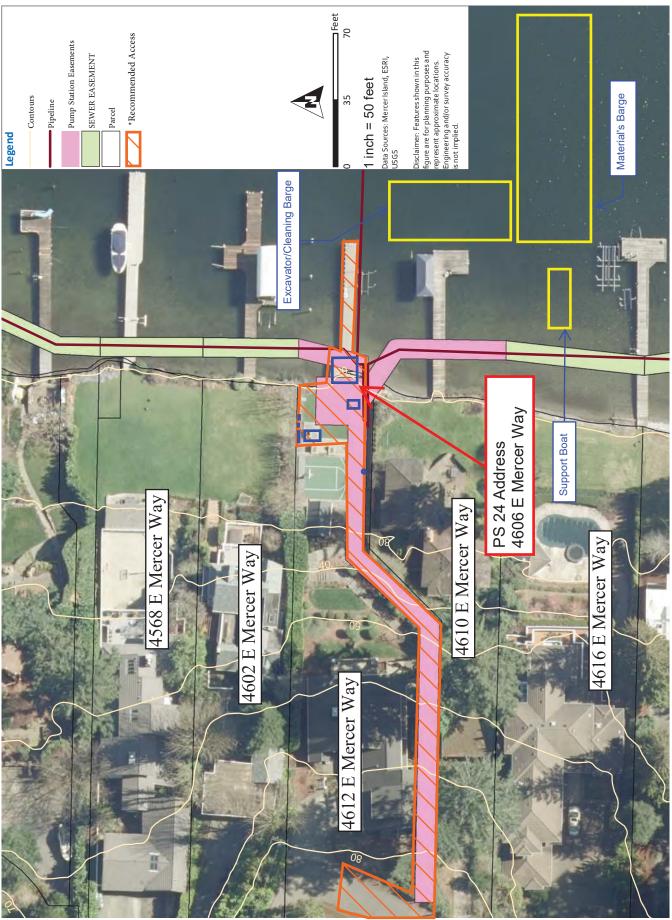
Backyard has astroturf and concrete dock connecting to Pump Station 24



Access for large equipment from concrete dock but foot access from back of house



Generator located west of the home at the top of the hill, below grade





4.19 PUMP STATION #25

4.19.1 General Site Description

Pump Station #25 (address 4266 E. Mercer Way) is located within the Mercerwood Shore Club on the southwest edge of the property. A steep driveway to the private club is followed by a flat parking lot then a grassy open space between the parking lot and the pump station. The grassy space includes a concrete basketball half court, club house, large play structure and numerous picnic tables as noted during a site field investigation (August 7, 2018). The pump station is separated from Lake Washington by several steps above the beach front. Figure 4-57 shows the overall site and vicinity.

4.19.2 Pump Station Equipment and Features

Table 4-51 summarizes equipment and features of the pump station.

Table 4-51. Pump Station #25 Equipment and Features Overview							
Pumps				Electrical	Hydraulic	Odor	
Number	Туре	Power	Generator	Service	Grade Structure	Control	
2	Vaughan Chopper	7.5	Diesel, located below grade	25 kW	Not noted	Not Noted	
			adjacent to pump station				

4.19.3 Existing Easements

Pump station easement covers the pump station, inlet pipe, and force main (see Figure 4-57). There is not an easement that covers access to the site. Table 4-52 lists the recorded easements.

Table 4-52. Pump Station #25 Recorded Easements				
GIS Object ID	Recording Number	Easement Type		
1	5750997	Sewer Easement		
2	198805060765	General Utility Easement		
759	SUB6512-002	Access Easement		
1367	20080303000775	Access Easement		

4.19.4 Existing Access

Primary access to Pump Station #25 is land access by driving along the paved Mercerwood Shorewood Club driveway and parking in the lower parking lot. Table 4-53 summarizes access conditions. Photos are provided in Figure 4-58.

Land Access

For current access by land, crews access the Mercerwood Shore Club (4150 E. Mercer Way) gate then continue along the driveway to the parking lot at the base of the hill on the shoreline. They park in the parking lot then walk west across the grassy area, past a concrete basketball court, club house, playground and numerous picnic tables to get to the pump station located along the southwest side of the property.

Water Access

Although water access is possible, the pump station is located further upland making cleaning or construction from a barge difficult. Transporting equipment to and from site is possible by water.

4-94 TETRA TECH

Table 4-53. Pump Station #25 Field Investigation Access Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	Yes		
Paved Driveway	Yes		
Paved Walking Path	No		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Need gate code for access, steep driveway		
On-Street Parking	Yes, too far from pump station		
On-Site Parking	Yes		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes		
Water Access			
Water Access	No, pump station too far upland away from water		
Dock Access	No		

4.19.5 Challenges

The following are the key access problems at Pump Station #25:

- Requires gate key and coordination with club prior to entering
- No current easement to allow access
- Hand cart used to place pumps

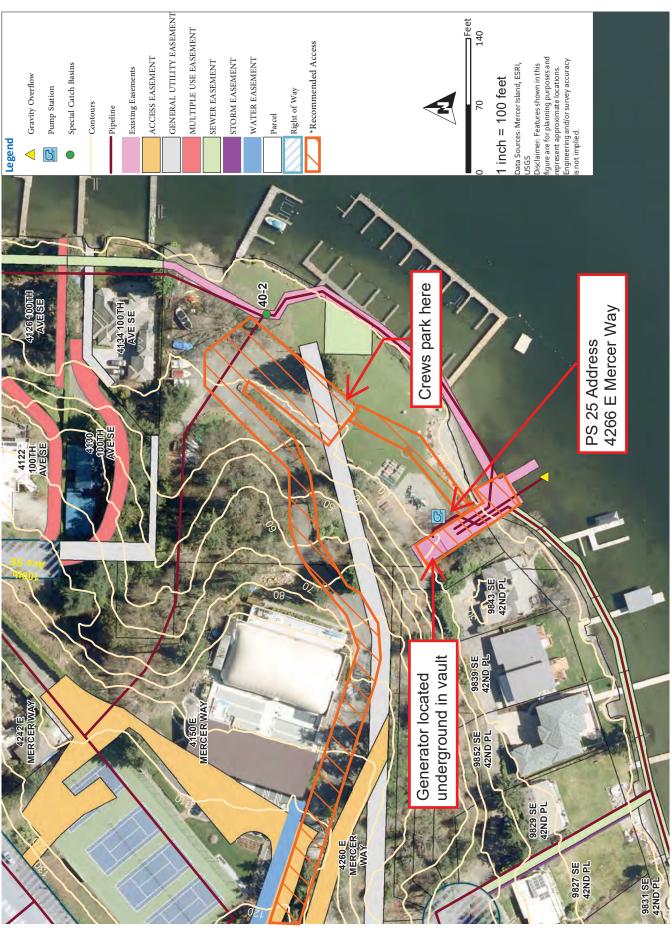
The following are the other challenges at Pump Station #25, unrelated to access:

High amount of debris in line and cannot get flow to move

4.19.6 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for Pump Station #25 should be as shown on Figure 4-59. The following are also recommended:

- Easement review and confirmation
- Maintain easement/City property (remove vegetation)
- Proposed easement acquisition







Crews park in parking lot for Mercerwood Shore Club



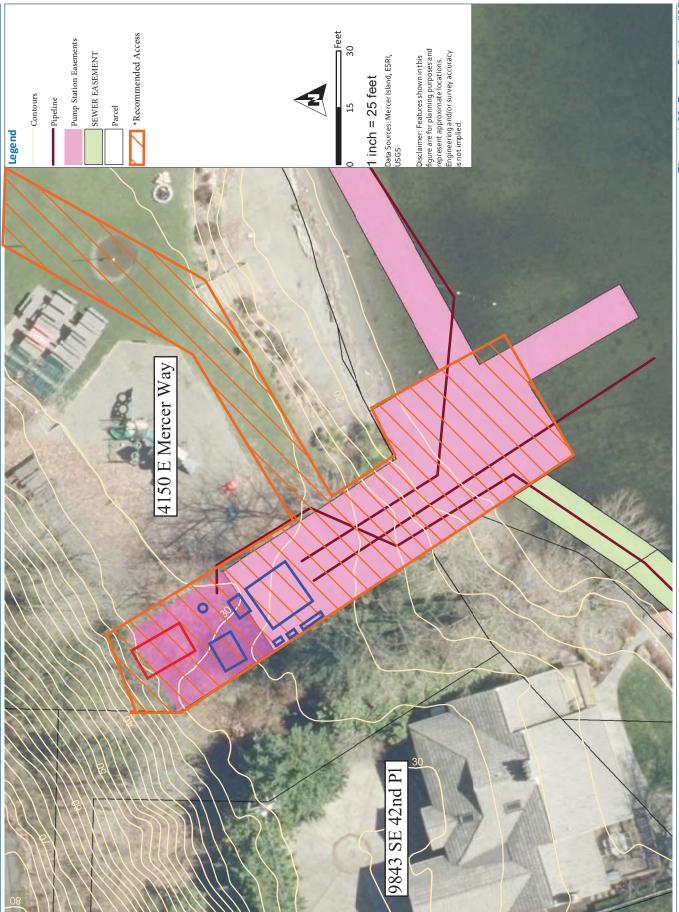
Path to Pump Station 25 which is open but has a vollevball court. basketball court and plavaround



Basketball court and playground with Pump Station behind the playground



Pump Station 25 location near but above Lake Washington





5. Special Catch Basin Access Evaluation

5.1 OVERVIEW

Selected special catch basins (SCBs) with limited access were investigated over a total of three days. The visited SCBs, chosen by City O&M staff, reflect only a portion of the City's SCBs. City staff accompanied consultants to each site, coordinated with property owners, and assisted with access to the site. Consultants noted on field work sheets the current cleaning and maintenance methods as described by City staff. Photos were taken as well as GPS points for significant obstacles such as trees, play structures, concrete sidewalks, or stairs. The following were noted:

- Access
 - Driving
 - Walking
 - Water

- Existing condition
 - Condition of ground surface
 - ➤ Grade
 - Location
 - > Available space on grade
 - > Dock
 - Odorous air
 - Obstacles

Documentation of each visited SCB below includes:

- General site description—Provides input from arriving on site, parking, getting to the pump station and the conditions surrounding the site
- Existing easements—Describes all existing easements that overlap with the pump station including:
 - > Pump station easement
 - > Access easement
 - ➤ General utility easement
 - > Multiple use easement
 - > Sewer easement
 - > Storm easement
 - > Vegetation easement
 - > Water easement
 - ➤ Right of way
- Existing access
 - ➤ Land access—Describes available access for O&M staff
 - ➤ Water access—Describes available water access to SCBs
- Existing access challenges—Provides content for what access challenges are present including items such as parking, vegetation, grade, etc.
- Recommended access and easement improvements—Identifies actions to mitigate existing challenges.

5.2 SCB 2-1

5.2.1 General Site Description

The SCB is located East of 4811 and 4803 Forest Avenue SE, at 4808 Forest Avenue SE. There is thick vegetation and blackberry bushes surrounding the SCB. Forest Avenue, to the north of the SCB, is right of way.

5.2.2 Existing Easements

Primary access to the SCB is from Forest Avenue SE right of way. The sewer pipe and its easement extend south from Forest Avenue SE and through SCB 2-1. The pipe and its easement continue west to the shoreline, then run south along the shoreline. The City's GIS shows a short length of pipe without easement directly north of SCB 2-1. There is an additional access easement that runs for approximately 100 feet along the diagonal section of Forest Avenue SE. Figure 5-1 shows easements in the site vicinity.

5.2.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 2-1 is from land requiring crews to walk to location. Water access is not currently used but could be considered for the future. Table 5-1 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-1. SCB 2-1 Field Investigation Access Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	No		
Paved Driveway	Yes		
Paved Walking Path	No (grass)		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Garage at the end of the driveway		
On-Street Parking	Maybe		
On-Site Parking	Yes		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes (with flex hose 250 feet from street)		
Water Access			
Water Access	Yes, limited by private docks.		
Dock Access	No		

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park on the driveway of 4808 Forest Avenue SE. They walk south along the left side of the house and through the backyard to access the SCB, which is surrounded by thick vegetation and blackberry bushes. From the vacuum truck, a 250-foot hose is needed to reach the site.

Water Access

Future water access is possible, where the SCB is 300 feet from the Lake Washington. Between the shoreline and the SCB is private property with a grassy hill with some vegetation. Due to it being private property, an easement or right-of-way would be required. Water access will likely be heavily constrained by existing private docks.

5.2.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 2-1:

Parking for crews is in the private driveway, not next to the SCB

5-2 TETRA TECH

- The property is overgrown with vegetation around the SCB (see Figure 5-2).
- Water access is limited by private docks.

5.2.5 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for SCB 2-1:

- Provide access along access/sewer easement. Expand the easement to facilitate access as shown on Figure 5-4.
- A new easement is recommended directly north of the SCB where no easement is currently shown in City GIS
- Alternatively, the City recommends moving SCB to end of driveway (4803 Forest Avenue) within the existing Forest Avenue SE right of way, as shown in Figure 5-3 and Figure 5-4.





 ${\sf CB~2-1} : {\sf Driveway~where~truck~parks}. \ {\sf Walk~along~left~side~of~house~to~backyard}.$



CB 2-1: Path to Special Catch Basin contains vegetation and blackberry bushes.

Figure 5-2. SCB 2-1 Existing Site Photos (1 of 2)



CB 2-1: Special Catch Basin is 300 feet from the water.



CB 2-1: City recommends to move Special Catch Basin to the manhole at the top of the driveway.

Figure 5-3. SCB 2-1 Existing Site Photos (2 of 2)





5.3 SCB 13-3

5.3.1 General Site Description

SCB 13-1 is buried in the backyard on the southeastern border of 7520 SE 71st Street. Between the SCB and SE 71st Street, there is a private playground. There is heavy vegetation around the SCB. Please reference Figure 5-5.

5.3.2 Existing Easements

Primary access to the site is via SE 71st Street right of way. There is no easement between the SCB and SE 71st Street. The SCB 13-3 upstream pipe and easement travels northeast toward 6851 W. Mercer Way and its shared private drive off W. Mercer Way. This private drive has an access easement. Downstream of the SCB, the pipe and its easement travel northwest until reaching the shoreline.

5.3.3 Existing Access

Primary access is by land, with the potential for water access in the future. Vacuum trucks enter from SE 71st Street. Table 5-2 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-2. SCB 13-3 Field Investigation Summary			
Feature	Presence		
Land Access			
Gate	No		
Paved Driveway	Yes		
Paved Walking Path	No		
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	None		
On-Street Parking	No		
On-Site Parking	Yes; within easement on private driveway		
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes (with 250-foot hose)		
Water Access			
Water Access	No		
Dock Access	No		

Land Access

Crews park in the driveway of 7520 SE 71st Street and walk around the house, past the playground, to reach SCB 13-3. From a vacuum truck parked on the end of the driveway, a 250-foot hose is needed to reach the SCB. Heavy vegetation and other obstacles block access to the SCB via the sewer easement.

Water Access

There is no water access at this time.

5.3.4 Challenges

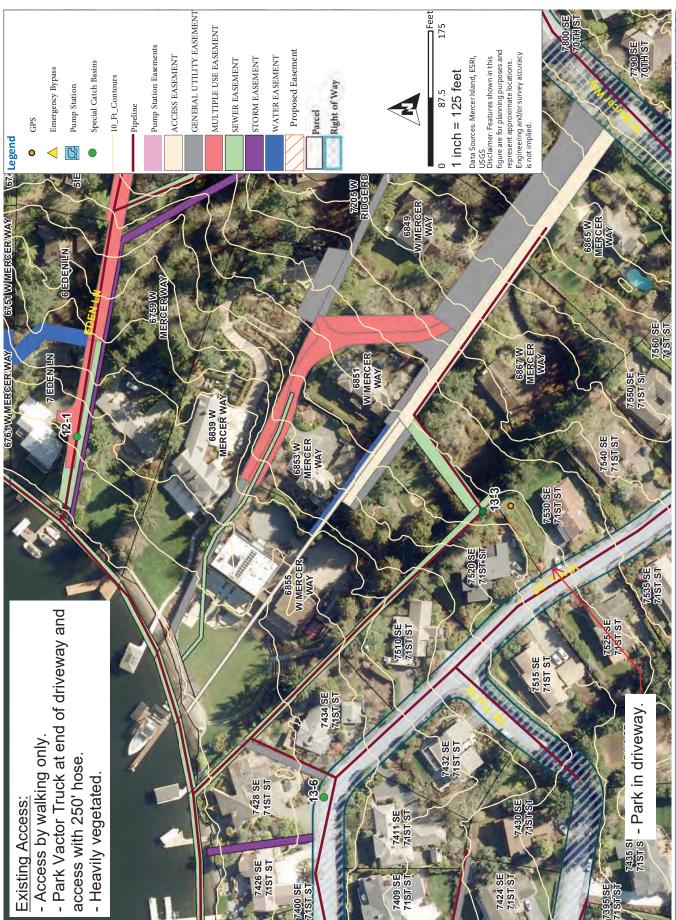
The following are access challenges presented at SCB 13-3:

- No easement for preferred access route.
- There is a private playground that blocks vehicle access to the SCB in the preferred access route (see Figure 5-7).
- Restoration would be required if access is used for vehicle / machinery.
- Easement would require major improvements to be of use.

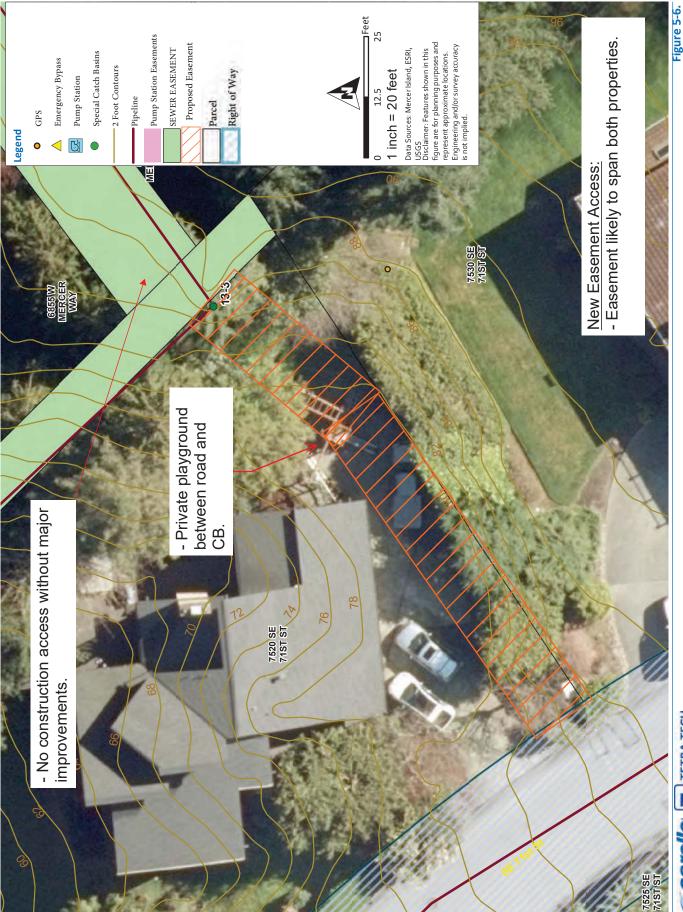
5-8 TETRA TECH

5.3.5 Recommendations

The recommended new easement is likely to span two properties (7520 and 7530 SE 71st Street), as shown on Figure 5-6. Restoration would be required if the easement is used for vehicles or heavy equipment.











CB 13-3: Location of Special Catch Basin, which is buried in backyard.



CB 13-3: Private playground between road and Special Catch Basin.

Figure 5-7. SCB 13-3 Existing Site Photos

5.4 SCB 42-1

5.4.1 General Site Description

The site is located next to 17 El Dorado Beach Club Drive, adjacent to a community park and down a steep and narrow driveway. A vacuum truck is unable to access the driveway. The SCB is within 20 feet of the water in an open community park setting, in a grassy field.

5.4.2 Existing Easements

There is a multiple use easement that runs along El Dorado Beach Club Drive. From El Dorado Beach Club Drive the pipe and its easement travel on the south end of 17 El Dorado Beach Club Drive then wrap around the left side of the property toward the shore, where it continues to the shoreline (Figure 5-8).

5.4.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 42-1 could be by land or water. The SCB is within 20 feet of the water, in an open community park (see Figure 5-10). The SCB could be accessed by land, off of El Dorado Beach Club Drive. Table 5-3 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-3. SCB 42-1 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	Yes	
Paved Walking Path	No	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep and narrow driveway	
On-Street Parking	No	
On-Site Parking	Yes	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes (with a 300- to 400-foot hose)	
Water Access		
Water Access	Yes	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site by El Dorado Beach Club Drive. A vacuum truck is unable to continue down the driveway past 13 and 14 El Dorado Beach Club Drive, as the road gets steep and narrow. Cleaning is performed using a 300- to 400-foot hose on easements next to 17 El Dorado Beach Club Drive to reach the SCB.

Water Access

Water access is possible as the SCB is 20 feet from the water, in a private park setting.

5.4.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 42-1:

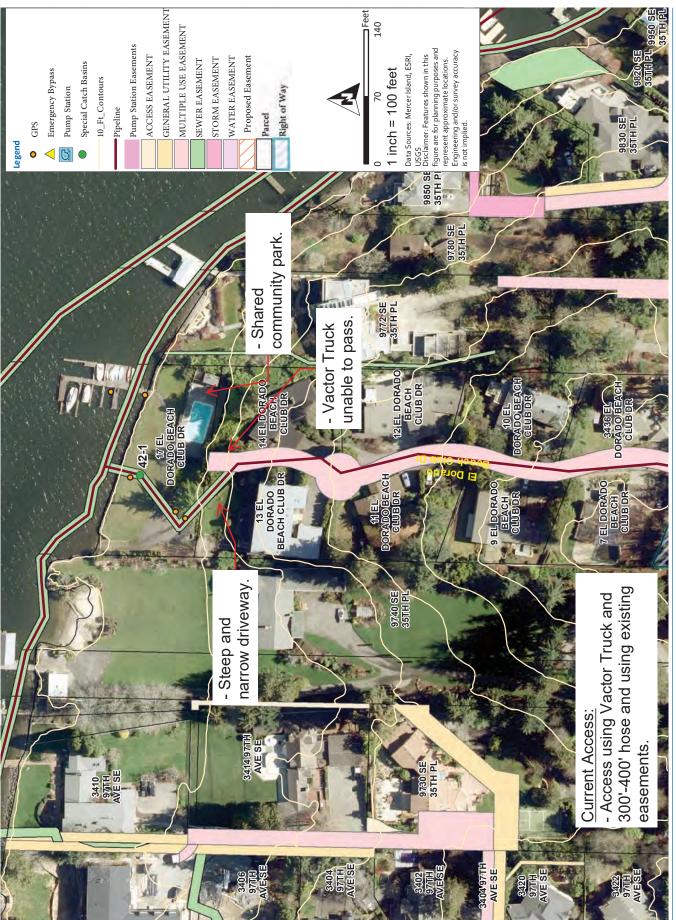
- The steep and narrow road does not allow close access for a vacuum truck (see Figure 5-10).
- Easement is likely too narrow for large vehicles.

5.4.5 Recommendations

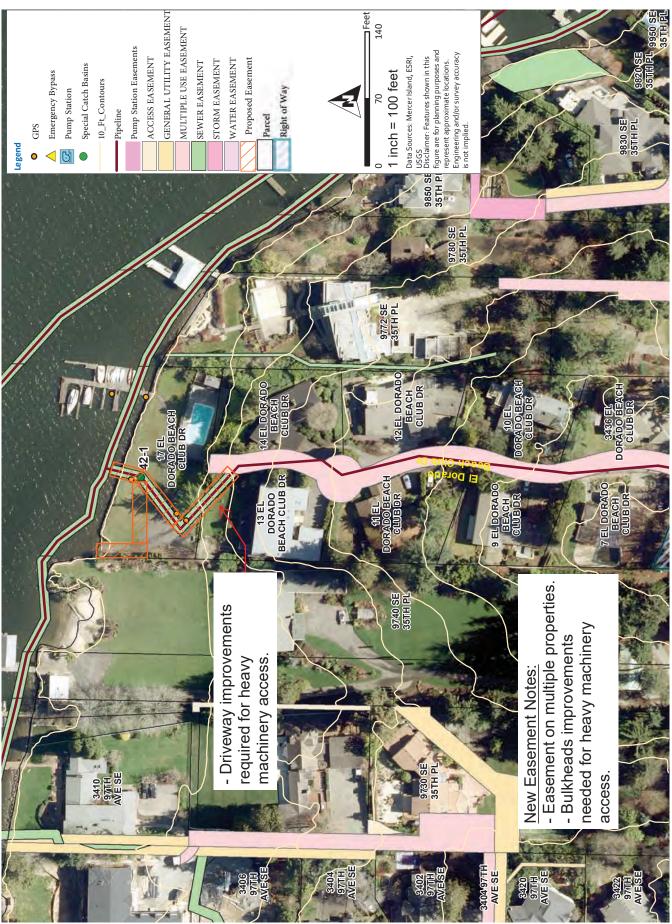
The following are future upgrades for SCB 42-1 (see Figure 5-9):

- Driveway improvements required for heavy machinery access
- Recommended access spanning multiple properties, including a shared ownership park
- Boat ramp and/or bulkheads may need improvements if accessed by water.
- Alternatively, relocating the SCB to El Dorado Beach Club Dr. may mitigate access issues.

5-14 TETRA TECH









CB 42-1: Steep and narrow driveway. Vactor truck unable to access.



CB 42-1: Special Catch Basin is 20' from water in open community park setting

Figure 5-10. SCB 42-1 Existing Site Photos

5.5 SCB 40-2

5.5.1 General Site Description

SCB 40-2 is located south of 4134 100th Avenue SE, near an abandoned settling basin, at the Mercerwood Shore Club. Water access is blocked due to the large quantity of docks near the SCB. Please reference Figure 5-11.

5.5.2 Existing Easements

A pump station easement runs along the pipeline through the SCB, and has a sewer easement just southwest of it, in the grassy area near the shoreline. A water easement extends from E. Mercer Way and runs south for approximately 300 feet. Extending from E. Mercer Way is an access easement that wraps around 4150 E. Mercer Way property. A public utility easement runs south of this, past 9826 and 9843 SE 42nd Place, traveling east, and stopping just short of the shoreline. Please see Figure 5-11 for more details.

5.5.3 Existing Access

Primary access is through walking and driving. Water access is not used due to the large quantity of boats and docks present. Table 5-4 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-4. SCB 40-2 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	No	
Paved Walking Path	No	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Yes, access with 50-foot flex duct	
On-Street Parking	No	
On-Site Parking	Park in parking lot	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, with 50-foot flex duct	
Water Access		
Water Access	No	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park in the lower parking lot of the Mercerwood Shore Club, off of E. Mercer Way. Crews can then walk from this spot toward the shoreline to access the SCB, which is located just south of 4134 100th Avenue SE. The SCB is on a private beach (see Figure 5-13), and cleaning can be done with 50 feet of flex duct extended from the truck.

Water Access

Water access is not considered at this time due to the large quantity of docks.

5.5.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 40-2:

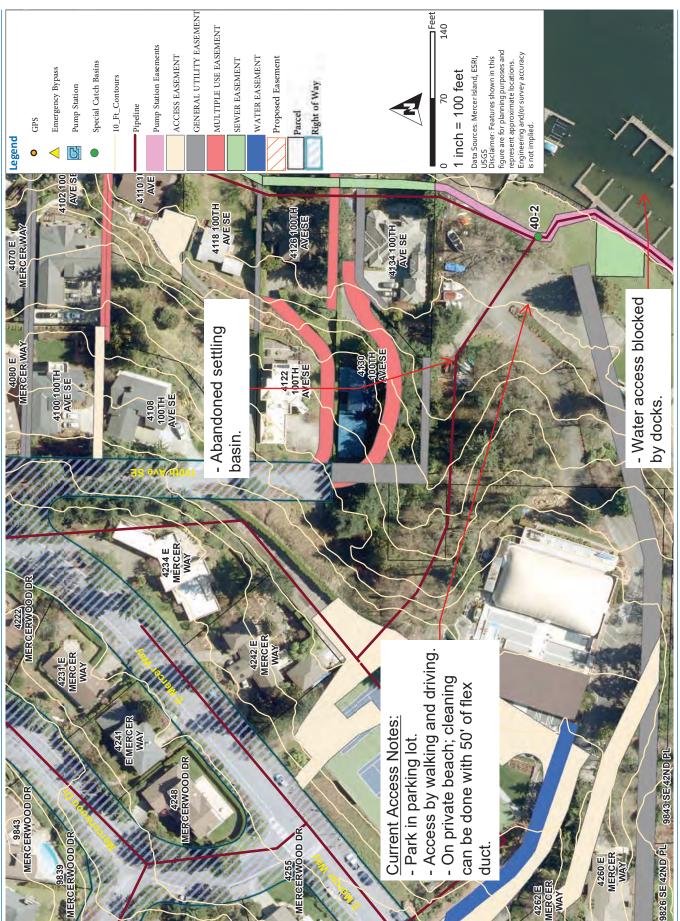
- Many docks block water access
- Vacuum trucks need to park in a parking lot not directly on site and use 50-foot flex duct to reach SCB

5-18 TETRA TECH

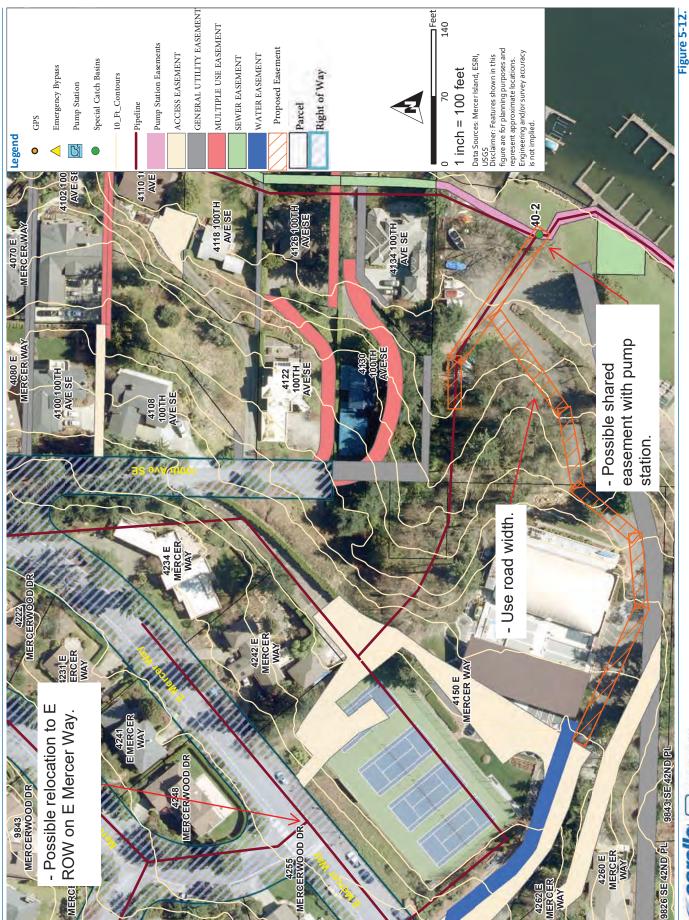
5.5.5 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for SCB 40-2 (see Figure 5-12):

- Possible relocation to right of way on E. Mercer Way
- Possible shared access with Pump Station 25











CB 40-2: SCB located on beach, near water.

5.6 SCB 44-1

5.6.1 General Site Description

SCB 44-1 lies on 9400 SE 33rd Place property, down a private paved driveway with lots of vegetation. A vacuum truck is able to park on the right-of-way on 94th Avenue SE, near 3312 94th Avenue SE. Please reference Figure 5-14.

5.6.2 Existing Easements

Public right-of-way and a multiple use easement both extend along 94th Avenue SE up to SE 33rd Place and then extend west. From 94th Avenue SE heading toward 9400 SE 33rd Place, there is a water easement as well as a multiple use easement. Just northeast of SCB 44-1 there is a sewer easement, right next to 9400 SE 33rd Place.

5.6.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 44-1 is by land off of 94th Avenue SE. Crews park on the asphalt adjacent to the roadway and walk up the paved driveway to the SCB (see Figure 5-16). There is no water access. Table 5-5 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-5. SCB 44-1 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	Yes	
Paved Walking Path	Yes	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Property owner has requested no vehicles on cobbled / tree lined driveway	
On-Street Parking	Yes	
On-Site Parking	Yes	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, with 150-foot hose	
Water Access		
Water Access	No	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park on the shoulder of 94th Avenue SE, and walk north up the driveway past 3312 94th Avenue SE, to the SCB located on the property of 9400 SE 33rd Place. A 150-foot hose run from a vacuum truck is needed to reach the SCB from the roadway. The driveway is cobbled and tree lined and the property owner has requested no vehicle access due to potential to damage the cobbles and vegetation.

Water Access

There is no water access to this site.

5.6.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 44-1:

• Property owner has requested no vehicles on the private driveway due to potential damage to vegetation and stone cobbles by heavy vehicles. It is recommended the City review its easement to determine the access available at this site.

5.6.5 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for access to SCB 44-1 (see Figure 5-15):

• The City has requested the SCB be relocated to the right of way on 94th Avenue SE

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CB 44-1: Location of SCB lies on 9400 SE 33^{rd} PI property.



CB 44-1: Private driveway; access by walking only.

Figure 5-16. SCB 44-1 Existing Site Photos

5.7 SCB 14-1

5.7.1 General Site Description

SCB 14-1 is on the southwest side of the 16 Meadow Lane residence, next to a cinderblock wall. At the time of the inspection, the homeowner was raising honey bees directly adjacent to the SCB (see Figure 5-20).

5.7.2 Existing Easements

There are several sewer easements surrounding SCB 14-1 (see Figure 5-17). One runs north and south along the pipeline on the shoreline, another extends down the eastern property line of 16 Meadow Lane, and two more run along and east and the west property lines of 16 Meadow Lane. To the east of 14 Meadow Lane is a multiple use easement, and then extending to the shoreline is a pump station easement.

The alignment of the sewer easement does not match the existing pipe. Further investigation is recommended to confirm the easements on the property.

5.7.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 14-1 is by land through Meadow Lane. There is possible water access to SCB 14-1. Table 5-6 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-6. SCB 14-1 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	Yes	
Paved Walking Path	Yes	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Narrow driveways with vegetation	
On-Street Parking	Yes	
On-Site Parking	Yes	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	No	
Water Access		
Water Access	Yes, new easement required.	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach SCB 14-1 by Meadow Lane. Vacuum truck parking is available on the northeastern end of 14 Meadow Lane. From there, crews can use a 450-foot hose to reach SCB 14-1. Crews head south from the parking spot, toward 16 Meadow Lane. SCB 14-1 is located along the southern end of this property, near the shoreline.

It is recommended the City review its records concerning easements for the SCB 14-1, as the GIS does not show an easement.

Water Access

Future water access is possible for SCB 14-1 (see Figure 5-19), however there are several docks that could cause issues for a barge.

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5.7.4 Challenges

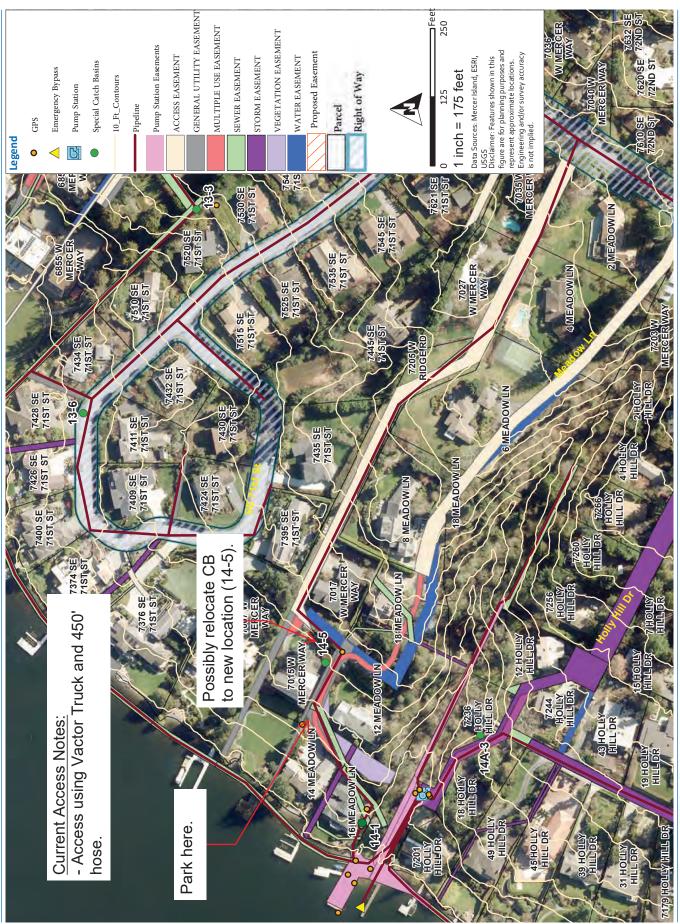
The following are the key access challenges at SCB 14-1:

- Land access by walking only.
- Honey bee hive next to the SCB.

5.7.5 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for SCB 14-1 (see Figure 5-18):

- Possible water access with new easement that spans two properties
- City recommends relocation to updated access south of Meadow Lane. SCB 14-5 is in the vicinity of this location, so more investigation is needed to understand if the relocated SCB would be redundant.



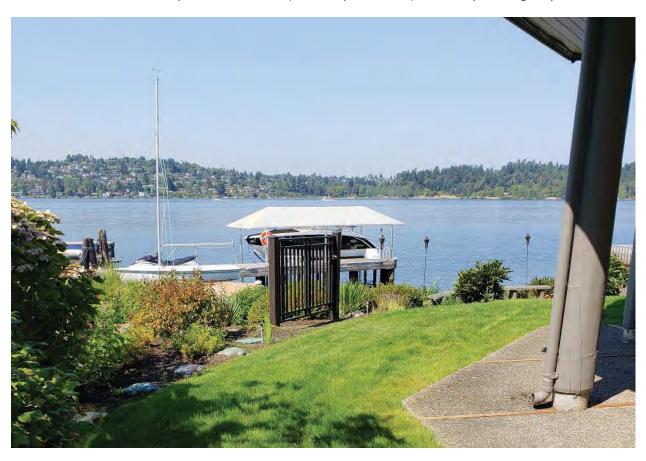








CB 14-1: Must park on road here (at the top of the hill); access by walking only

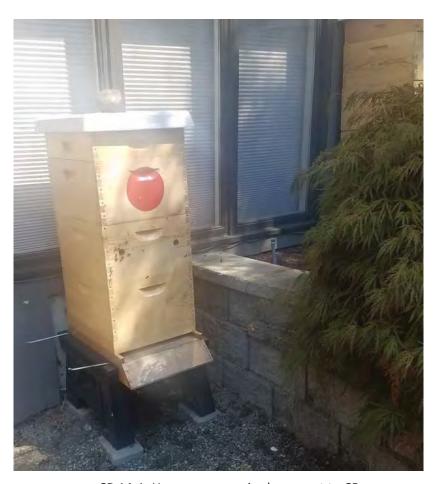


CB 14-1: Possible water access

Figure 5-19. SCB 14-1 Existing Site Photos (1 of 2)



CB 14-1: Location of SCB 14-1



CB 14-1: Homeowners raise bees next to CB

Figure 5-20. SCB 14-1 Existing Site Photos (2 of 2)

5.8 SCB 16A-1

5.8.1 General Site Description

SCB 16A-1 is located west of 7301 W. Mercer Way on the Lake shore and at the bottom of a steep uphill grade. There is a vertical drop just below the SCB. A steep road with curves leads up to the site, and parking is on the uphill section. The site is near the shoreline, several docks are present, as well as a deck from the nearby property. A structure with a decorative fountain has been placed on top of the SCB. Please reference Figure 5-24.

5.8.2 Existing Easements

There is a sewer easement that runs along the shoreline on the pipeline next to SCB 16A-1, and a multiple use easement that travels southeast from the southern end of 7301 W. Mercer Way (see Figure 5-21). It is suggested to utilize this multiple use easement.

5.8.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 16A-1 is through land, with the potential for water access in the future. A vacuum truck or pumper tank with support truck could be used; both would enter from W. Mercer Way. Table 5-7 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-7. SCB 16A-1 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	Yes	
Paved Walking Path	Yes, with some grassy sections	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Steep access along driveway, rock outcroppings	
On-Street Parking	Yes	
On-Site Parking	Yes	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, with a 600-foot hose	
Water Access		
Water Access	Yes, limited by existing docks.	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

Current access is with a pumper tank and support truck, with parking in the driveway of 7301 W. Mercer Way. There are rock outcroppings near 7341 W. Mercer Way that a vacuum truck cannot pass; however, a vacuum truck can be used with 600 feet of hose. Due to a steep slope, land access is from the south of the SCB.

Water Access

Water access is possible for SCB 16A-1 but may be limited by docks along the shoreline (see Figure 5-23).

5.8.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 16A-1:

- Rock outcroppings do not let a full-size vacuum truck reach the site without 600 feet of hose.
- A pumper tank and support truck can reach the site; this is the only site the pump truck is used.

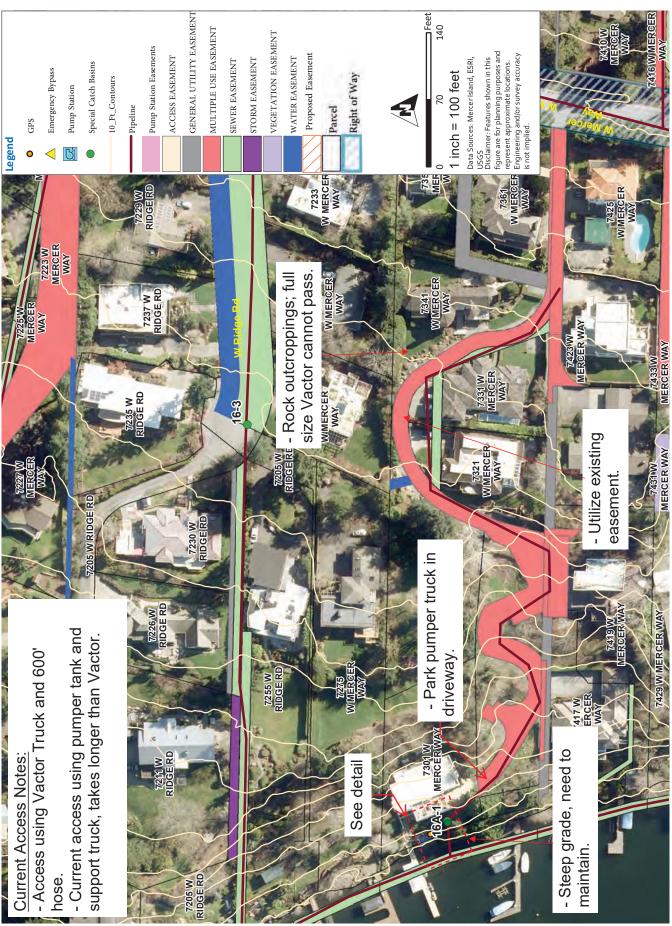
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- Access to the SCB is down a steep grade.
- A decorative fountain potentially blocks access

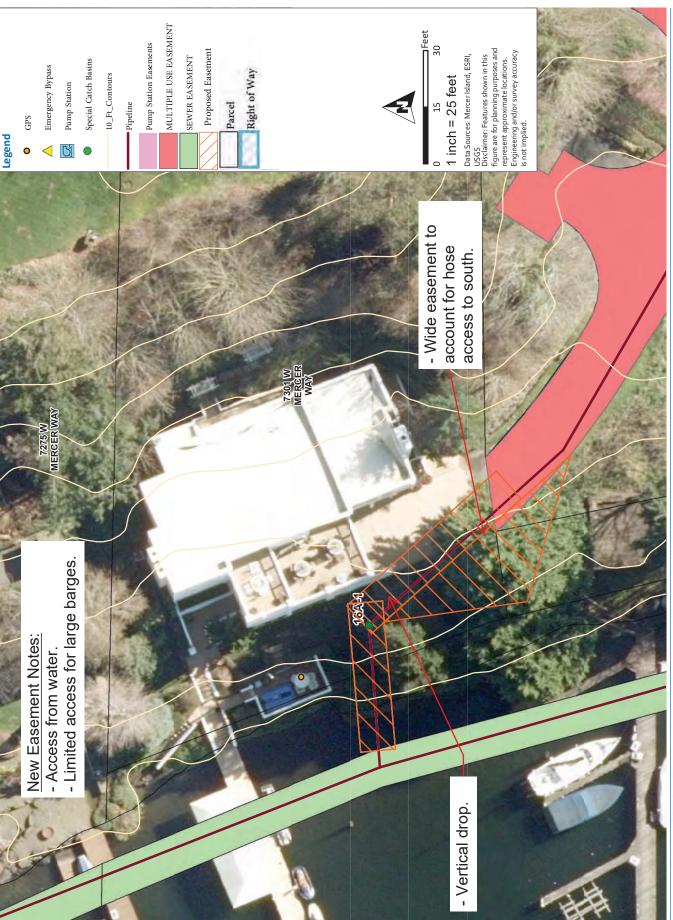
5.8.5 Recommendations

The following are future upgrades for SCB 16A-1 (see Figure 5-22):

- City requested considering possible relocation of the SCB.
- Recommended access from 7301 W. Mercer Way driveway to the SCB on the western border of the property
- Homeowner remove decorative fountain that is on top of the SCB









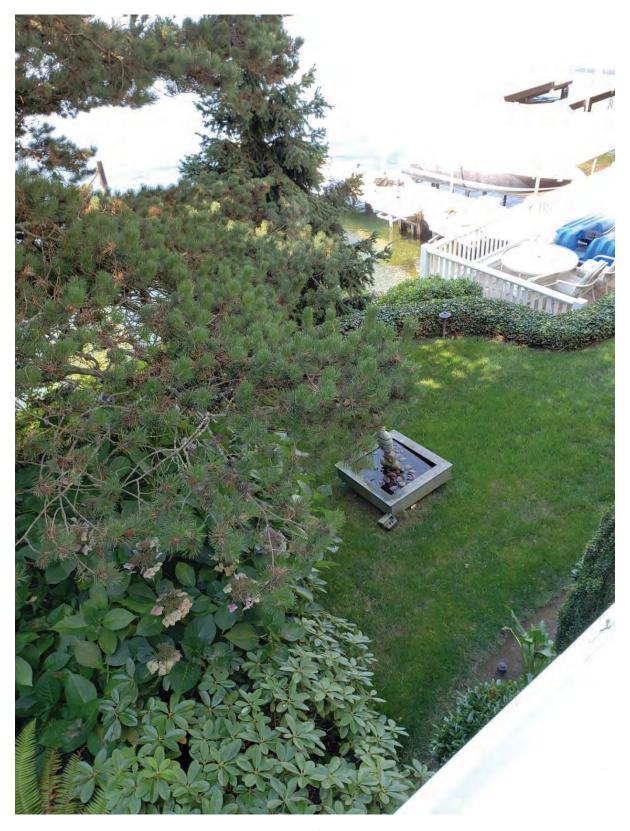


CB 16A-1: Steep road with curves; must park on road uphill



CB 16A-1: Possible access from water

Figure 5-23. SCB 16A-1 Existing Site Photos (1 of 2)



CB 16A-1: Decorative fountain on structure

5.9 SCB 17-1

5.9.1 General Site Description

SCB 17-1 is buried underneath a gravel driveway at the end of a private road off of W. Mercer Way. The SCB is located around the southeast corner of 7441 W. Mercer Way. A steep curvy road limits vacuum truck access to the site. Behind the gravel driveway is a steep drop-off to the shoreline.

5.9.2 Existing Easements

There is a storm easement, sewer easement, and pipeline running through SCB 17-1 and extending both east and west of it (see Figure 5-25). A multiple use easement begins just east of the SCB and continues east toward W. Mercer Way.

5.9.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 17-1 is by land. Vacuum trucks enter off of W. Mercer Way. There is no water access at this time. Table 5-8 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-8. SCB 17-1 Field Investigation Access Summary		
Feature	Presence	
Land Access		
Gate	No	
Paved Driveway	No (gravel)	
Paved Walking Path	Yes	
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Narrow and steep private road	
On-Street Parking	Yes, on uphill road by 7423 W. Mercer Way	
On-Site Parking	No	
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes, with 300-foot hose	
Water Access		
Water Access	No	
Dock Access	No	

Land Access

For current access by land, crews approach the site from W. Mercer Way, and park a vacuum truck to the northwest of 7433 W. Mercer Way, on the uphill road. Access is then available with a 300-foot hose. From the parking spot, crews head south to 7445 W. Mercer Way, then continue west until reaching the SCB in the gravel driveway of 7441 W. Mercer Way. The private road leading to SCB 17-1 does not provide access for heavy equipment and needs improvement.

Water Access

Water access is not available at this time due to the steep grade between the shoreline and the SCB.

5.9.4 Challenges

The following are the key access challenges at SCB 17-1 (see Figure 5-27):

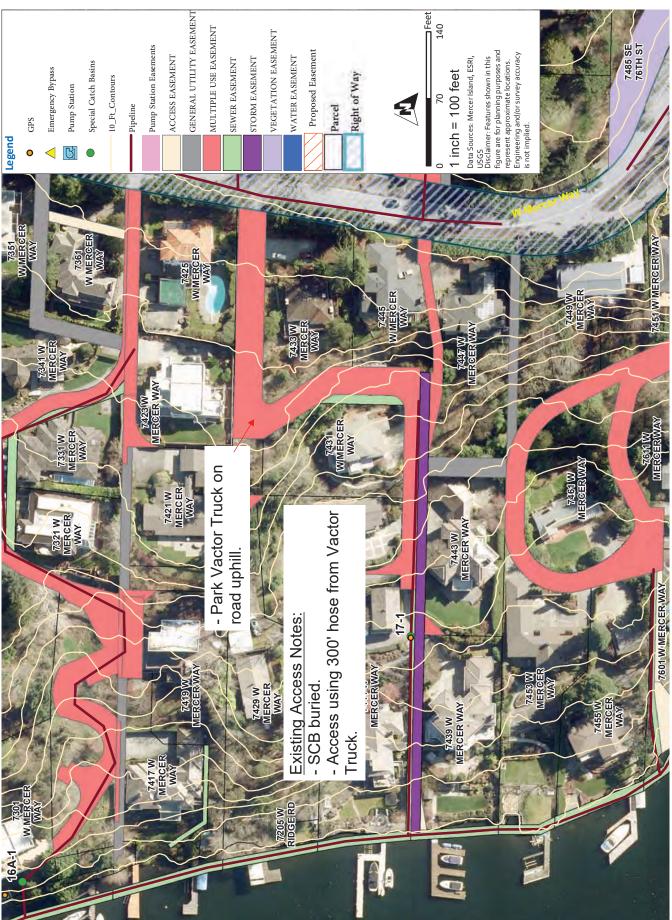
- SCB is buried under a gravel driveway
- Private roadway does not provide access for heavy equipment

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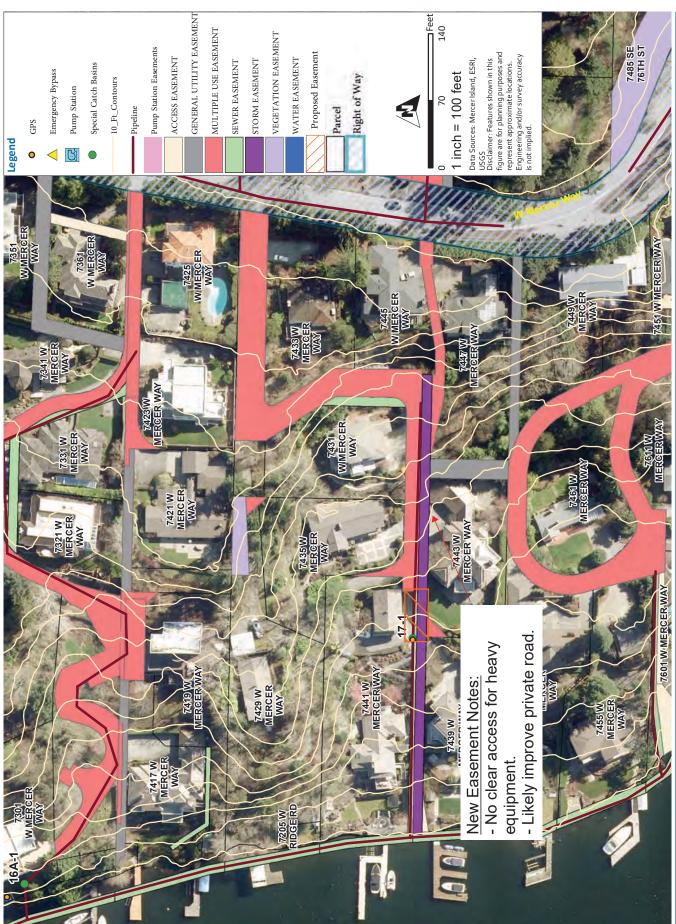
5.9.5 Recommendations

For adequate future access, the pump station easement for SCB 17-1 (see Figure 5-26):

- Improve access to allow for future use of heavy equipment (width, road material type/condition).
- Consider raising the manhole lid to unbury the SCB.



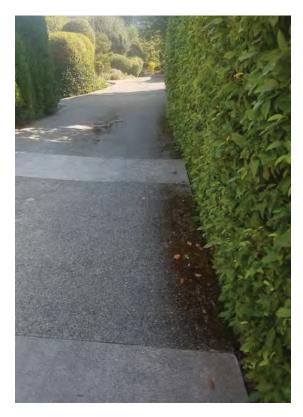








CB 17-1: CB located underneath gravel; Background shows no access to water due to slope.



CB 17-1: Steep, curvy road that limits vacuum truck access.

Figure 5-27. SCB 17-1 Existing Site Photos

5.10 SCB 23-1

5.10.1 General Site Description

SCB 23-1 is located between properties 8048 and 8042 Avalon Place, on the southeastern end near the shoreline. The land here is very steep and does not allow for heavy maintenance access. Crews descend steep rock stairs from the street to access the SCB. There is access from the water, between two private docks. There is some vegetation along the shoreline, and grassy areas around the SCB.

5.10.2 Existing Easements

There is a sewer easement that runs along a pipeline between properties 8048 and 8042 Avalon Place, then continues along the shoreline (see Figure 5-28).

5.10.3 Existing Access

Primary access to SCB 23-1 could be from land or water. If entering from land, vacuum trucks should enter from Avalon Place. From the water, there is limited room to access between the two docks present. Table 5-9 summarizes access conditions.

Table 5-9. SCB 23-1 Field Investigation Access Summary								
Feature	Presence							
Land Access								
Gate	No							
Paved Driveway	Yes							
Paved Walking Path	No, grass							
Upland Driving Access/Barriers	Houses							
On-Street Parking	Yes, on Avalon Place							
On-Site Parking	Yes							
Vacuum Truck Accessible	Yes							
Water Access								
Water Access	Yes							
Dock Access	Yes							

Land Access

For current access by land, crews park vacuum trucks on Avalon Place, which is right of way, in front of 8048 Avalon Place. From the parking spot, crews walk along the northeastern side of the house, toward the shoreline and down steep rock stairs (see Figure 5-30) to a grassy landing that contains the SCB. From the vacuum truck, a 400- to 500-foot hose is needed. Large amounts of debris are typically collected from the SCB.

Water Access

Access to SCB 23-1 from water is possible. There are two docks extending from properties 8048 and 8042 Avalon Place that constrain water access (see Figure 5-30). The SCB is located uphill of the shoreline that is accessible by steep rock stairs.

5.10.4 Challenges

The following are key access challenges at SCB 23-1:

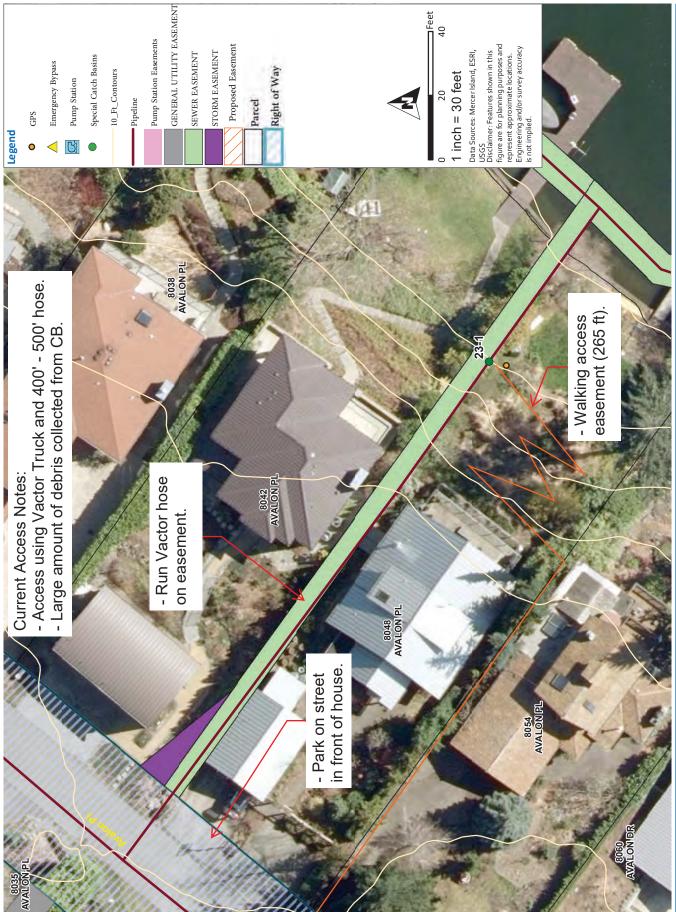
- Steep walkway/stairs leading down to the SCB from Avalon Place, does not allow for heavy maintenance access
- Access from water is via steep stairs.

5.10.5 Recommendations

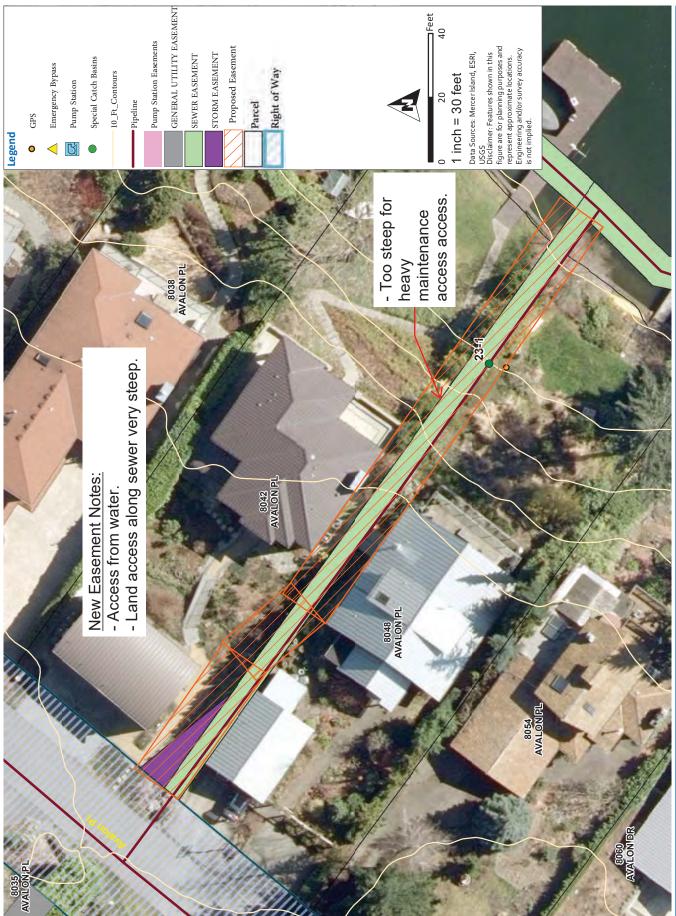
For adequate future access for SCB 23-1 the following should be addressed (see Figure 5-29):

• Access primarily should be considered from water, as land access pathway is very steep

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CB 23-1: Accessible from water.



CB 23-1: Staff must climb down steep switchbacks from street.

Figure 5-30. SCB 23-1 Existing Site Photos



6. EMERGENCY BYPASS ACCESS EVALUATION

The emergency bypass structures or mid-line relief overflows were constructed away from pump stations to prevent sanitary sewer overflows from the lake line. The bypasses discharge excessive flows that could otherwise overflow into homes. City staff will conduct regular maintenance and monitoring on these structures via SCADA. To do so, staff are currently accessing the structures by foot. The GIS data does not show easements associated with constructed emergency bypass structures; therefore, it is recommended that the City explore additional easements.

The emergency bypass structures were not visited, so no specific access recommendations are provided. We anticipate that the access requirements for the emergency bypass should be similar to those for the special catch basins. Unlike the special catch basins, the City does not have the option to relocate the structures. However, given their location, it is anticipated that the City will be able to access the structures by water if land access is not available.



7. LAKE LINE PROGRAM

This chapter presents a lake line program based on the evaluations performed for this report. The lake line program consists of the following major elements:

- Recommendations for new or modified capital projects in the City's wastewater system Capital Improvement Program (CIP) to address needs identified in the access evaluation.
- Estimates of costs and implementation periods for the new and modified recommended projects
- A plan for establishing priorities for implementation of the recommended projects.

7.1 CAPITAL PROJECT OVERVIEW

7.1.1 Categories

Capital projects are categorized by the nature of the infrastructure they apply to, as follows:

- General (G)—General projects are those that are not related to specific infrastructure, such as updating the General Sewer Plan or conducting an easement review.
- Pipe (P)—Pipe projects are those that would improve the gravity collection system.
- Pump Station (PS)—Pump station projects are those that would improve the City's pump stations.
- Lake Line (L)—Lake line projects are those that would improve the lake line, hydraulic structures, and special catch basins.

7.1.2 Capital Planning Periods

CIP projects were allocated into three planning periods:

- Short-term—2019 through 2028 (this includes the periods that are designated short-term and mid-term in the General Sewer Plan)
- Long-term—2029 through 2037
- Extended-term—Beyond 2037.

7.1.3 Project Cost Estimating

Project cost estimates presented in this chapter are Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering Class 5 estimates. Class 5 estimates are budget-level estimates. Actual costs may vary from these estimates by -50 percent to +100 percent. All costs are in January 2017 dollars to be consistent with the General Sewer Plan. The Engineering News Report (ENR) U.S. 20-City Construction Cost Index for January 2017 is 10,532. The estimates are subject to change as project designs mature. Cost of labor, materials, equipment may vary in the future.

The CIP cost estimates were based on construction costs that are inflated using cost factors to account for non-construction project elements. Cost factors used by the City for wastewater planning and consistent with the City's General Sewer Plan are shown in Table 7-1. For a typical project, the cost factors would increase the construction costs by 85 percent to represent total project costs. However, cost factors have been removed when not applicable in some cases.

Table 7-1. Cost Factors; General Sewer Plan, City of Mercer Island										
Adjustment Factors	Description	Factor								
Contingency	Costs that may occur due to uncertainty in project scope and conditions.	30%								
General Conditions & Overhead	Contractor costs indirectly related to construction.	25%								
Engineering/Planning	Cost for planning and design of project	30%								
City Administration	Costs for City Staff Involvement and Management	10%								

7.2 RECOMMENDED PROJECTS AND ESTIMATED COSTS

Brief descriptions and cost summaries are provided below for each CIP project that is new or modified based on the findings of this report. To the extent possible, the new or modified projects developed for this lake line program maintained the numbering system from the General Sewer Plan. In some cases, a single CIP project (for example L-4) was divided into multiple projects differentiated by a letter (for example, L-4a). New projects were added to reflect new activities recommended in this report.

Individual project cost sheets generated for each project are provided in the appendix to this report. Each sheet provides project identifiers, description, costs, project type, and comments to aid in future implementation. A location map is included for projects that are located in a specific area, where applicable.

7.2.1 G-5 Access Code and Standards Review

Implement code / standard changes to support utility maintenance, including the sewer system.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. It calls for a comprehensive review of codes and standards relating to utility access. Several considerations were identified in the lake line access evaluation:

- City operators have authority to access utilities for maintenance without an easement.
- Correcting improperly recorded easements for all public utilities by prior property owners.
- Property owner maintenance requirements for private lake line laterals and special catch basins.
- Development standards for construction of special catch basins on private lake line laterals, dock configuration over the lake line, and infrastructure in easements, etc.

The estimated cost for the planning consultant services is \$27,500, and for internal city staff effort is \$25,000. The total estimated cost is \$52,500. Consultant services is a budget estimate for planning consultant to assist. Legal assistance and public outreach costs are not included.

7.2.2 G-6 Easement Review and Confirmation

Review and confirm easements to be used for lake line system access including easement language and rights of use for existing docks. Identify additional easement language needed to conduct full spectrum of operation and maintenance activities on the lake line system.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program.

The estimated cost for the planning consultant services is \$25,000, and for internal city staff effort is \$25,000. The total estimated cost is \$50,000. Consultant services is a budget estimate for planning consultant to assist. Legal assistance and public outreach costs are not included.

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7.2.3 PS-1 Pump Station Accessibility Improvements

Address priority pump station accessibility issues to support pump station repair, rehabilitation, and capacity improvements. Evaluate access at all stations, identify conditions/concerns and needs, prioritize future work. Consider long term contracting with a vendor to rent a boat or purchasing a boat to access pump stations that have limited land access.

This is a modification of a project included in the General Sewer Plan. Pump station access may include:

- New or improved walking path / stairs for additional access and safety
- Improvements to existing roads for condition, increased, and safety
- New or improved docks and/or bulkheads to facilitate access from the Lake

A budgetary estimate of \$20,000 (without cost factors) of construction costs was made for each pump station. This is based on medium construction boat dock (4-inch decking) with average piling ~\$80 per square foot per Marshall Valuation Service (inflated from 2009 to 2018 using ENR 20-City Index). For 30-by-8-foot dock, costs would be ~\$20,000. Alternatively, metal stairs are \$600/riser (10 feet) in a built environment per Marshall & Swift Valuation Service; Assume 100 vertical feet (total of \$6,000), \$10,000 for vegetation management, and \$4,000 for additional geotechnical in non-built environment. Major improvements to road are not budgeted. The project plans on rehabilitating 12 pump stations at a cost of \$37,000 per pump station. The total planned cost is \$592,000.

7.2.4 PS-7a Capacity Analysis

At each pump station assessed, conduct a detailed capacity study that considers existing pump station flows and the future increase in flows from additional customers and increased I/I.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. It is intended to identify future pump station capacity improvements. It is recommended that several years of monitoring be available before an evaluation. The pump station capacity study assumes analysis of available information. Note that the analyses for Pump Stations #23, #24 and #25 have been addressed as part of the Project PS-4, so additional capacity analysis is not included for these pump stations. In addition, Pump Station #4 was recently constructed and is assumed to have adequate capacity for future needs.

There are 13 pump stations where capacity studies are recommended, at an estimated cost of \$39,000 each, giving a total cost estimate of \$546,000.

7.2.5 PS-7b Pump Station Alternative Analysis

For identified capacity deficiencies (determined from PS-7a), conduct a follow-on alternatives analysis to determine next steps. Alternatives may consider increase in pump station capacity or reduction in the I/I of the tributary basins. Analysis shall evaluate system I/I and pump flows so that cost effective solutions can be selected.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. While the PS-7a capacity studies assumes analysis of pre-existing available information, PS-7b anticipates collection of additional flow monitoring data for analysis. It is assumed that the project will take two years—flow monitoring in fall/winter of the first year (October through February) followed by analysis. Analysis of a single pump station will require monitoring of the upstream and downstream pipe segment and the corresponding pump stations.

An alternative analysis and capacity improvements for five pump station areas is assumed for budgetary purposes. For each pump station alternative analysis area unfactored costs assume: \$100,000 for up to 12 flow meters or

other field investigations; \$120,000 for analyses; and \$40,000 for reporting, project management, and miscellaneous costs. With cost contingency and City administration factors, the anticipated total project cost is \$1,820,000.

7.2.6 PS-7c Future Capacity Improvements

Implement pump station improvements to address future capacity needs.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. A budgetary placeholder was included for pump station improvements to address future capacity needs. However, the feasibility of station capacity increases is highly constrained by downstream capacity of the lake line. Additional hydraulic capacity improvements are included in the budget allocations for Project L-4 and Project P-5.

There are 5 pump station capacity improvements planned, with a budgetary place holder of \$1,387,500 each. This gives a total estimated cost of \$6,937,500.

7.2.7 L-1 Lake Access

Provide access points to the lake line for cleaning and other routine maintenance. In preparation for installation, evaluate potential locations, consider access feasibility, identify recommended locations, and prioritize their installation.

This is a modification of a project included in the General Sewer Plan. To effectively maintain the lake line, access points must be sufficient for inspection, insertion of cleaning equipment into the pipe, and retrieval of solids and other debris collected during cleaning activities. Access points may include manholes or clean outs in the water or on land. In-line manholes or cleanouts are recommended to provide the most effective access.

Installation will be split into phases. It is anticipated one access point will be constructed in the short term. Its location will be based on priority. Design, environmental review, permitting and easement discussions are anticipated part of that process. Additional access points will be prioritized for design and construction in the midterm and long-term. Installation of new access points may require acquisition of new easements or property.

Access points should be spaced at a maximum of 1,400 feet to facilitate cleaning and at the bottom of known pipe sags. A minimum of 97 access points is anticipated. Additional access points may be required where the pipe alignment or defects restrict inspection or maintenance activities.

For the estimate it was assumed that manholes would be installed on the lake line with the following spacing depending on pipe diameter.

- 8-inch lake lines 500 feet spacing
- 10-inch lake lines 800 feet spacing
- 12-inch lake lines 1,200 feet spacing
- > 12-inch lake lines -1,400 feet spacing

In addition, it has been assumed that one additional manhole will be required upstream of each pump station. Also as access is anticipated close to lake line features that restrict cleaning, such as a pipe sag or bend, approximately one additional manhole has been assumed for each lake line section between pump stations.

Construction costs have been based on 2018 City of Renton temporary lake line manhole installation. It is anticipated for the initial installation that there will be one-time costs to develop a standard access structure that can used on subsequent phases. These one-time costs include feasibility and pre-design, as well as environmental permitting and final design (\$185,000 per activity, \$370,000 total). Using a standardized access structures

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approach, access points are anticipated to cost \$131,000 (unfactored) per structure based on recent similar project costs.

The total cost estimate for regular access points on the entire lake line is \$22,424,300. However, costs assume that access points will only be added to a portion of the lake line in the next 20 years.

7.2.8 L-2 Lake Line Condition Assessment

Conduct an initial condition assessment of the entire lake line system to identify segments of pipe for further detailed condition assessment. For subsequent condition assessment, obtain pipe thickness and lining conditions through a combination of pipe coupons and ultrasonic thickness (UT) testing. If conducted in conjunction with installation of access points and cleaning (Project L-4c), use CCTV video information in the condition assessment for this project.

Description

This is a modification of a project included in the General Sewer Plan. It is intended that this project inform lake line repair and replacement (Project L-4e). The initial condition assessment of the entire lake line system is recommended to identify segments of pipe for further detailed condition assessment. This initial condition assessment should include a review of both historical project documentation from the lake line original construction and subsequent projects, as available, to determine the original pipe material, wall thickness, lining, coating, joint type, gasket material, and test pressure.

Cost Estimate

The initial condition assessment has been estimated based on the lengths of lake line for Reaches 1, 2 and 5 (14,000 feet, 28,700 feet and 9,400 feet respectively) and assuming approximately \$40 per foot (unfactored cost). Subsequent condition assessment is estimated at \$3,700,000, giving a total project cost estimate of \$7,555,400.

7.2.9 L-4a Lake Line Locating and Marking

Locate and mark the lake line system to aid asset management of the system.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program.

Location of the lake line piping should include verification of plan and profile of the lake line sewer and private laterals, as well as location of special catch basins, and emergency bypass locations. Overflow elevations in the lake line system should be measured to meet state regulations. At pump stations, confirmation of station piping configurations should be included in addition to general layout. In addition, the project includes location of the following key base map features: lateral cleanouts and valves; finished floor elevations of structures adjacent to lake line; bulkheads at private lateral crossing; docks, pilings, and boat cradles; near-shore bathymetry.

Locations should survey grade, to the extent possible, to provide horizontal and vertical geospatial information. Toning or other location technology is anticipated at pump stations to determine alignment of buried piping. For location of the lake line a diver will be required to assist with the lake line survey due to water depths. Advanced technology, such as toning, may also be required where the lake bed or aquatic vegetation does not allow probing for the lake line. If excavation is required to verify locates of the lake line then permitting will be needed.

Lake line locations could be included on lake bathymetry maps to reduce the risk of damage from boat anchors.

Durable survey-grade markers should be installed on docks or at other locations agreed with property owners to enable future location of the lake line, laterals, emergency bypass locations and other lake line system facilities. Marker locations should be recorded at the King County Recorder's office.

There are 17 pump station surveys at an estimated cost of \$24,000 each. In addition, a \$30 per linear foot (unfactored cost) was allocated to the lengths of lake line for Reaches 1, 2 and 5 (14,000 feet, 28,700 feet and 9,400 feet respectively).

Marking is assumed to be every 50 feet for Reaches 1, 2 and 5, with 2 hours of effort at \$75 per hour plus a \$37 King County Recorder Fee (both unfactored).

The total estimated project cost of \$3,220,600.

No locating and marking was assumed for Reach 3 or Reach 4. Reach 3 location is known from the 2011 replacement. Reach 4 will be replaced in the mid-term, and any location will be conducted as part of that project.

7.2.10 L-4b Lake Line Monitoring Evaluation

Evaluate the current hydraulic capacity and level of service of a given lake line segment using available information without having access to the pipe itself; and determine if further investigation is warranted, likely by installing in-lake access to the lake line (L-4b and L-4c) and/or conducting a condition assessment (L-3).

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. It is anticipated the evaluation will consider pipe hydraulic capacity, I/I, pumping pressures, known maintenance issues, and other pertinent information. Flow monitoring, dye testing, and other non-invasive testing may be conducted prior to the evaluation to provide information on the lake line and its inflows, which are not included in the project costs.

The estimate includes 12 sections between pump stations at a cost of \$70,000 each, which gives a total estimated cost of \$840,000. Project costs (unfactored) assume \$25,000 for evaluation of pump station hydraulics, \$15,000 for evaluation of other data, and \$10,000 for reporting and project management.

7.2.11 L-4c Lake Line Cleaning and Evaluation

Clean settled debris from the lake line to help reduce the risk of overflows and prolong the useful life of the pipe.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. New access points are required to clean the lake line. Hydro-jetting is anticipated to be the preferred cleaning method, requiring a vacuum truck to be floated on a barge to the access points installed in Project L-1. The effort involved in the lake line cleaning is greater than in a gravity sewer due to the nature of working on the water. Additionally, bypass pumping may be required in some segments of lake line. It is anticipated the cleaning effort will require multiple barges and crews. Permits may be required for cleaning activities.

Costs assume cleaning is performed every 10 years. It was estimated (from Project L-1) that cleaning would be from a total of 91 access points at an estimated cost of \$210,800 each. This yields a cost estimate of \$19,182,800.

7.2.12 L-4d Lake Line Alternatives Analysis

Perform an alternative analysis to determine preferred improvements to lake line reaches with confirmed deficiencies.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. It is assumed that alternative analysis will use data collected in prior work to determine the deficiencies, including gravity sewer I/I evaluation, pump station evaluation, and condition assessment. The alternative analysis will develop conceptual level layouts on several alternatives. Based on the analysis, the City may choose to conduct repair and replacement of localized

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deficiencies or replace lake line sections between pump stations and upgrade the associated pump stations, as part of other CIP projects.

The estimated unit cost is \$350,000 between pump stations (in Reaches 1, 2 and 5) with the total estimated cost is \$4,200,000. Preliminary design and construction are placeholders for future work. Costs should be updated when evaluation is complete and option for replacement/rehabilitation is selected.

7.2.13 L-4e Lake Line Repair and Replacement Program

Implement repair and replacement improvements based on the initial and further lake line condition assessments associated with Project L-2, to continue to operate the lake line in a safe and effective manner.

This is a modification of a project included in the General Sewer Plan. It is labeled as project L-4 in the General Sewer Plan.

A budgetary unfactored cost of \$1,500,000 per year has been assumed. It is assumed that there will be 20 lake line repair and replacement annual phases. This yields a total cost estimate of \$55,500,000. Costs should be updated when evaluation is complete and option for repair/replacement is selected.

7.2.14 L-5b Special Catch Basin Access

Address priority special catch basin accessibility issues to support repair, rehabilitation, and other improvements.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. Access may include:

- New or expanded easements.
- New or improved walking path / stairs for additional access and safety
- Improvements to existing roads for condition, increased, and safety

The total project cost estimate for SCB accessibility improvements is \$740,000.

7.2.15 L-5c Special Catch Basin Effectiveness Evaluation

Evaluate the effectiveness of each special catch basin in removing debris from entering the downstream system, identify improvements where needed, and inform the frequency of cleaning.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. It will evaluate the debris removal effectiveness of the SCBs using the City collection system hydraulic model to examine localized flow conditions and using a computational fluid dynamics model (3-D) for a representative SCB to establish the range of effective conditions.

The project will identify where minor or more significant improvements are needed. Minor improvements may include modification to manhole inlet/outlet, bottom, installation of baffles. Major improvements may consist of replacement of manhole with a larger structure to enable greater debris collection.

The study will identify the recommended frequency of cleaning based on the risk of debris being suspended in large flow events.

The estimated cost for the SCB effectiveness study is \$315,000.

7.2.16 L-5d Special Catch Basin Preventive Maintenance

Perform preventative maintenance at special catch basins with limited accessibility to extend their function use and delay expensive repair and replacement projects.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. Preventative maintenance activities may include sealing cracks, spray lining, venting, and installing new lids. It is anticipated that the use of heavy machinery will not be feasible in these activities due to the limited access at these sites. It is recommended to confirm the effectiveness of SCBs (Project L-5c) before preventive maintenance activities are implemented.

The estimate assumes 60 SCB preventative maintenance activities at an estimated cost of \$46,250 each. The total estimated project cost is \$277,800.

7.2.17 L-5e Special Catch Basin Repair and Replacement

Repair and replace special catch basins that reach the end of their useful life

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. A majority of SCBs have limited access, making repair and replacement difficult and more costly than repair and replacement of typical collection system projects. SCBs requiring repair and replacement should be identified through maintenance inspections and other SCB projects. It is recommended that the effectiveness of SCBs be verified before repair and replacement activities are implemented. Replacement is anticipated at 1 per year starting in the mid-term.

There will be 24 catch basin repair and replacement projects, at an estimated cost of \$37,900 each, yielding a total estimated cost of \$910,200 each. This assumes 1 SCB per year, and the following unfactored costs: 15-foot manhole installation - \$5,000, settling plate - \$5,500, site restoration - \$5,000, and mobilization and demobilization - \$5,000. The total project cost estimate is \$910,200.

7.2.18 L-5f Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvements

Relocate or improve Special Catch Basins (SCB) to improve access or increase effectiveness based on Project L-2b

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. Relocated SCBs will be located and sized to provide effective removal of debris and efficient periodic cleaning. Where relocation is not possible, existing SCBs may be improved to increase effectiveness beyond the scope of Projects L-5d. It is anticipated that construction of some SCB improvements will require major access improvements. New or enlarged SCB locations may require additional easements or property acquisition.

This project assumes one SCB will be relocated per year based on City staff prioritization. This will represent nine short-term and mid-term SCB relocations, at an estimated cost of \$25,000 each. An additional 10 SCB relocations are assumed in the extended-term, which yields a total estimated cost of \$699,600. The cost estimate assumes the following unfactored costs: 15-foot manhole installation - \$5,000, settling plate - \$5,500, site restoration - \$2,000, and mobilization and demobilization - \$1,000. The total project cost is estimated to be \$699,600.

7.2.19 L-6 Lake Line Replacement

Replace longer sections of lake line that reach the end of their useful life.

This is a new project developed for the lake line program. The replacement of Reach 3 of the City lake line provides a template. That project constructed a new sloped (as opposed to undulating profile) gravity lake line

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further offshore. That gravity pipe is much deeper than the previous lake line and required a new, deep pump station.

Costs were estimated based on Reach 3 expenses of \$25 million for 7,200 feet of lake line. Costs were escalated by 27% to account (ENR Seattle 2010 CCI 8805 to CCI 11185). Per unit linear foot costs were allocated to the lengths of lake line for Reaches 1, 2 and 5 (14,000 feet, 28,700 feet and 9,400 feet respectively). The total estimate of \$425,131,801. Preliminary design and construction are placeholders for future work. Revisit costs when evaluation is complete and option for replacement is selected.

7.3 INCORPORATION INTO THE CIP

The CIP is the City's planning and budgeting guideline for its wastewater system. The capital projects identified for the lake line program will be incorporated into the existing CIP. They will be added to the following existing projects recommended in the City's General Sewer Plan, which were not changed based on the findings of this access evaluation; see the General Sewer Plan for details on these projects:

- G-1 Pipe Flow Monitoring
- G-2 Comprehensive Hydraulic Model Development
- G-3 Major Basin Inflow and Infiltration Evaluation
- G-4 General Sewer Plan Update
- P-1 to P-8 Town Center Pipe Upsize Projects
- P-9 Backyard Sewer System Improvements
- P-10 Comprehensive Pipeline Repair and Replace Program (Per General Sewer Plan)
- PS-2 Generator Replacement
- PS-3 Pump Station Monitoring
- PS-4, PS-23, PS-24, PS-25 Capacity Improvements
- PS-5 Pump Station Repair and Replacement Improvements
- PS-6 Telemetry/SCADA Upgrades and Maintenance
- L-3 Reach 4 Lake Line Replacement
- L-5a Special Catch Basin Improvements

Complete costs and schedule for CIP projects, including those developed for the lake line program, are presented in Table 7-2Error! Reference source not found. Costs and schedules for projects that are not new or modified in the lake line program were taken from the City's existing CIP without update for this report. All costs shown are considered to be in the category of repair and replacement.

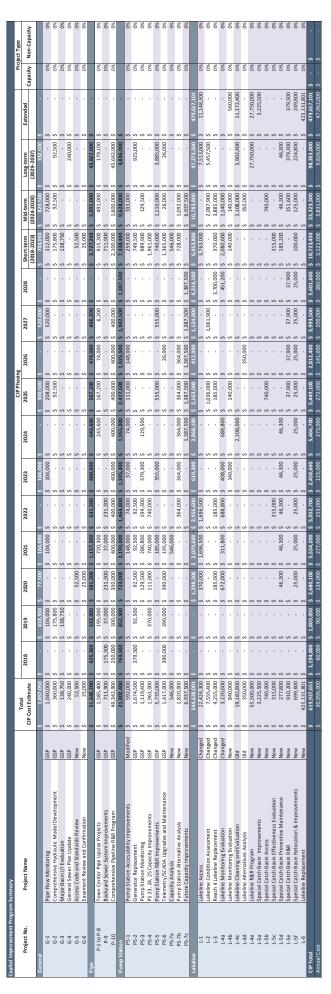
Spending on short-term planning projects is allocated to individual years to assist the City in CIP planning. Projects in the long-term and extended-term planning horizons do not provide the same level of specificity, reflecting that additional information, collected over time, will inform City needs, resources and direction. The project timing in this chapter is subject to change as the City regularly reviews and updates its CIP based on changing conditions and priorities.

Lake line program costs shown on **Error! Reference source not found.** were allocated to specific years with input from the City. It is anticipated that projects will generally be implemented for relatively short lake line segments or small number of pump stations to address a specific issue. Annual costs are intended to be budgetary place holders and not for a specific project area unless otherwise stated. These smaller project areas will allow the City to conduct a more comprehensive evaluation and perform the work in a reasonable timeframe.











Further, permit limitations effectively constrain the amount of in-water work that can be completed in a given year. The City may gain efficiencies by implementing projects on a greater scale, which should be considered if sufficient resources are available. Costs not completed in the short-term or long-term are placed in the extended-term.

All capital projects in the City's General Sewer Plan and the lake line program are "non-capacity" in terms of development. That is, they are not required because of future growth associated with new development. Projects that would increase capacity to address future increases in inflow and infiltration due to aging infrastructure or other maintenance issues are considered non-capacity, as they are not associated with future development.

7.4 FACILITIES AFFECTED BY RECOMMENDATIONS

The updated CIP with the new lake line program elements incorporated addresses all the access recommendations presented in Chapters 4 and 5 based on the site visits of pump stations and special catch basins. Table 7-3 and Table 7-4 summarize the projects that address these recommendations.

	Table 7-3. Applicability of Rec	on	nme	end	latio	ons	to S	Spec	ific	Pur	np (Stat	ions	6					
		Pump Station No.																	
Project No.—																			
Project Name	Access Recommendation	1	4	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
G-6—Easement	Easement Review & Confirmation	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
Review and Confirmation	Review dock access and ownership	Χ		Χ			Χ			Χ			Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	
PS-1—Pump	Construct roadway to PS					Χ						Χ							
Station	Stairway access (repairs/installation)						Χ		Χ							Χ		Χ	
Accessibility Improvements Maintain easement/City property (remov vegetation)		Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ
	Proposed easement acquisition			Χ					Χ			Χ	Χ						Χ
	Bulkhead/shoreline condition assessment (related to City boat access)	Χ		Χ	Χ		Χ		Χ	Χ			Χ	Χ		Χ		Χ	
	Wetland delineation (related to proposed easement acquisition)											Χ							
	Dock condition assessment (related to City boat access)	Χ		Χ			Χ			Χ			Χ						
	Coordinate with utilities (related access for upgrading electrical supply)																Χ		
	Coordinate regarding exposed utilities (related to City boat access)					Χ													
PS-2—Generator Replacement	Generator upgrades/replacement (confirm location in existing easement)										Χ	Χ			Χ				

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Table 7-	Table 7-4. Applicability of Recommendations to Specific Special Catch Basins												
		Special Catch Basin No.											
Project No.—Project Name	Access Recommendation	2-1	13-3	42-1	40-2	44-1	14-1	16A-1	17-1	23-1			
G-6—Easement Review and Confirmation	Easement Review & Confirmation	Χ	Х	Χ	X	Χ	Х	X	Х	Х			
L-5b—Special Catch Basin	New easement recommended	Χ	Χ										
Access	Expand easement recommended	Χ											
	Shared access with pump station				Χ								
	Potential water access			Χ			Χ			Χ			
L-5c—Special Catch Basin Preventative Maintenance	Raise Manhole lid								Χ				
L-5d—Special Catch Basin	Substantial restoration maybe required		Χ					Χ					
Repair and Replacement	Roadway/Driveway improvements required for heavy equipment			Χ					X				
L-5f—Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvements	Moving SCB suggested by City Staff	Χ			Х	Х	Х	Χ					

7.5 ESTABLISHING IMPLEMENTATION PRIORITY

The lake line program projects represent the largest capital investment in the sewer system since its creation. Given the scale of the effort, it is anticipated that projects will typically be implemented in portions of the lake line system based on need, rather than system-wide. This will present a challenge for City staff tracking and implementation. Some CIP projects will likely require (or at least benefit from) prior completion of related projects.

7.5.1 Early Priority Projects

Based on a preliminary review of the relationship between CIP projects, four of the projects that are new or modified for the lake line program have been identified as early priorities, as listed in Table 7-5. These priority projects must or should be done before other CIP projects can get underway. The projects that require or would benefit from the priority projects are listed as dependent projects in the table.

	Table 7-5. Early Priority P	rojects
Early Priority Project	Benefit	 Dependent Projects
G-5 Access Code and Standards Review	Supports all Utility in clarifying authority for access and maintenance requirements.	 G-1 Pipe Flow Monitoring G-3 Major Basin I/I Evaluation L-4a Lake Line Locate/Marking
G-6 Easement Review and Confirmation	Support use of existing easements for Operations and Maintenance, as well as Capital projects.	 PS-2 Generator Replacement PS-6 Telemetry/SCADA Upgrades and Maintenance L-4a Lake Line Locate/Marking
PS-1 Pump Station Accessibility Improvements	Address access challenges to allow increased access for operations, maintenance, and capital projects.	 PS-2 Generator Replacement PS-6 Telemetry/SCADA Upgrades and Maintenance PS-4, PS-23, PS-24, PS-25 Capacity Improvements
L-1 Lake Access	Address access challenges to allow increased access for operations, maintenance, and capital projects.	 PS-3 Pump Station Monitoring PS-4: PS-23, PS-24, PS-25 Capacity Improvements

The early priority projects may not need to be implemented completely at one time. For each project, work can be initially focused only the areas required for the dependent projects. For example, initial work for easement review

and confirmation (Project G-6) could focus on easements needed where pump station access will be required to install telemetry/SCADA upgrades (Project PS-6). Similarly, initial lake access improvements under Project L-1 would focus on lake line segments needed to support the capacity improvements under Project PS-4. This approach would delay early expenditures and it would allow the City to work on a limited scale, gaining valuable institutional knowledge without the risk of a large-scale project.

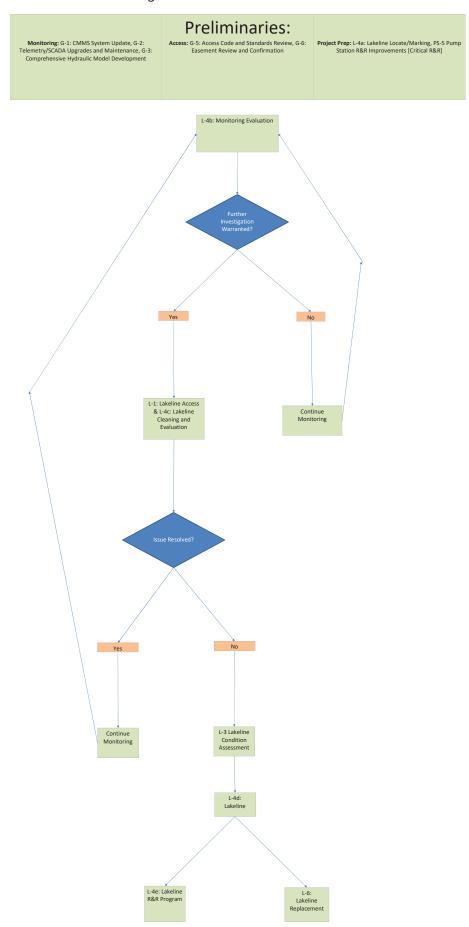
7.5.2 Decision Trees

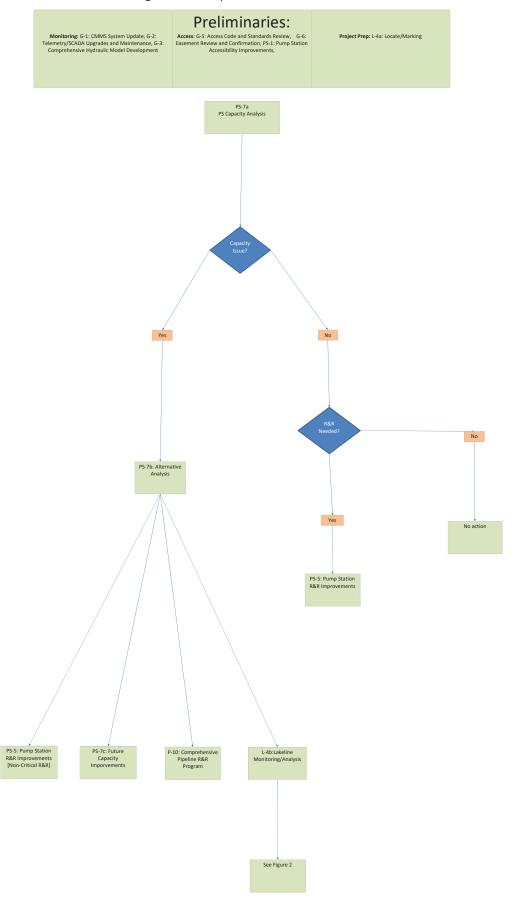
Some projects within the lake line program are dependent on earlier completion of related projects. Decision trees were developed for the lake line, pump stations, and SCBs to provide a logical progression to implementing projects, as shown in Figure 7-1Error! Reference source not found., Figure 7-2Error! Reference source not found., and Figure 7-3Error! Reference source not found. In addition to the specific projects, a number of preliminary projects are recommended to support the infrastructure/problem specific projects.

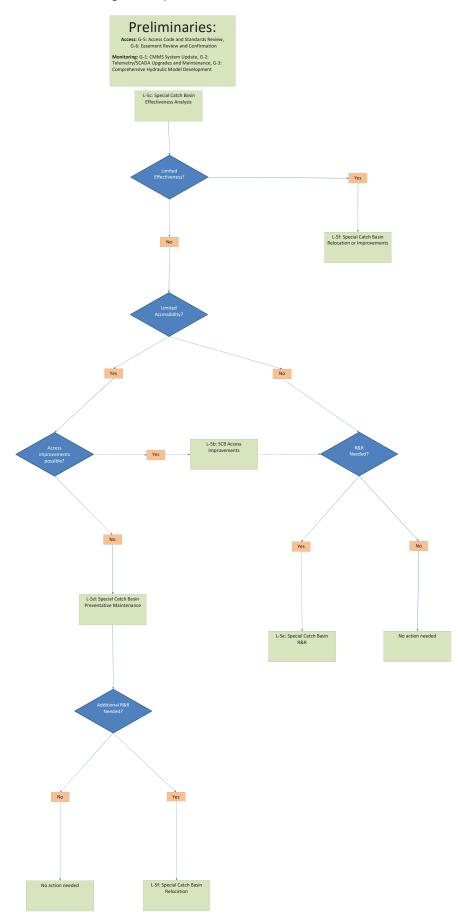
The decision trees were developed anticipating that projects will generally be implemented for relatively short lake line segments or small number of pump stations to address a specific issue. The City may gain efficiencies in implementing projects on a greater scale; however, this must be balanced by cost. Additionally, permit limitations may effectively limit the amount of in-water work that can be completed in a given year.

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Figure 7-1: Lakeline Decision Tree







7.6 EQUIPMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Specialized equipment could improve the efficiency of accessing the lake line system, especially pump stations and special catch basins. The City currently owns the following:

- **Easement machine**—Attached to a vacuum truck, an easement machine supports hydro-jet cleaning by allowing staff to more easily reach areas with constrained access.
- **Small utility vehicle (e.g. Gator)**—Coordinate with Parks Department for use of a small utility vehicle to convey staff, tools, and parts to locations without improved roads.

As part of the access study, the consultant and City staff discussed the merits of long term contracting with a vendor to rent or purchase equipment such as the following:

- Work boat—A work boat that can work in shallow water and transfer heavy parts from the boat to the land could be used to access facilities by water.
- Large vacuum truck—A large vacuum truck would allow City staff to perform maintenance in both the
 gravity sewer system and lake line system. The City currently contracts with a vendor for vacuum truck
 services.
- Small vacuum truck—A small vacuum truck would allow City crews to access locations that may not allow a large vacuum truck. However, small vacuum trucks have less tankage and may have less powerful cleaning motors and pumps.
- Small utility vehicle (e.g. Gator)—If use of Parks Department vehicles is not feasible.

Beyond those equipment types a barge could be used to convey and stage heavy equipment and materials on the lake. The closest facility to load heavy equipment, such as a vacuum truck, onto a barge is currently on the Duwamish River. A new Marine equipment shop and facility would provide the ability to mobilize and demobilize heavy equipment and save mobilization time and effort. However, this should be weighed with the cost of such a facility. Portions of the facilities, such as a boat ramp, could be open to the public.

Any equipment to be purchased would be funded through the operations budgets and therefore is not included as a CIP project.

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Sewer System Lake Line Access Evaluation and Lake Line Program Development

Appendix. Lake Line Program Project Cost Sheets







Project ID:	G-5	Budget Number:		Facility Type: General
Project Name:	Access Code and Standards Review			
		Project Timing:	Short Term	
Project Cost	\$52,500	Project Cost (Future \$):	\$57,368	
(Current \$):	732,300	roject cost (ruture \$7.	737,300	Go to CIP Summary
Project Status	Planned, Budgeted	Inflation Rate:	3%	

Project Description:

Project to perform a comprehensive review of codes and standards relating the Utility access. Implement code / standard changes to support Utility maintenance, including the Sewer System. Several considerations were identified in the Lakeline Access Evaluation:

- City Operators have authority to access Utilities for maintenance without an easement.
- Correcting improperly recorded easements for all Public Utilities by prior property owners.
- Property owner maintenance requirements for private Lakeline laterals and Special Catch Basins.
- Standards for construction of Special Catch Basins on private Lakeline laterals, dock configuration over the Lakeline, and infrastructure in easements, etc.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency		Contingency		GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning		City Admin		Total Cost (Current \$)	
			(3/01111)		0%	6	0%		0%		10%	(Cu	rrent \$)		
Planning Consultant Services	1	LS	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,500	\$	27,500		
Internal City Staff Effort										\$	25,000	\$	25,000		
Project Cost (Current \$)												\$	52,500		

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Consultant services is a budget estimate for planning consultant to assist City staff in providing code language. Legal opinion and public outreach costs are not included.

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 52,500
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	\$ 52,500

Project Timing:

Project Element	Timing	ject Cost urrent \$)	oject Cost uture \$)
Planning Consultant Services	2020	\$ 27,500	\$ 30,050
Internal City Staff Effort	2020	\$ 25,000	\$ 27,318

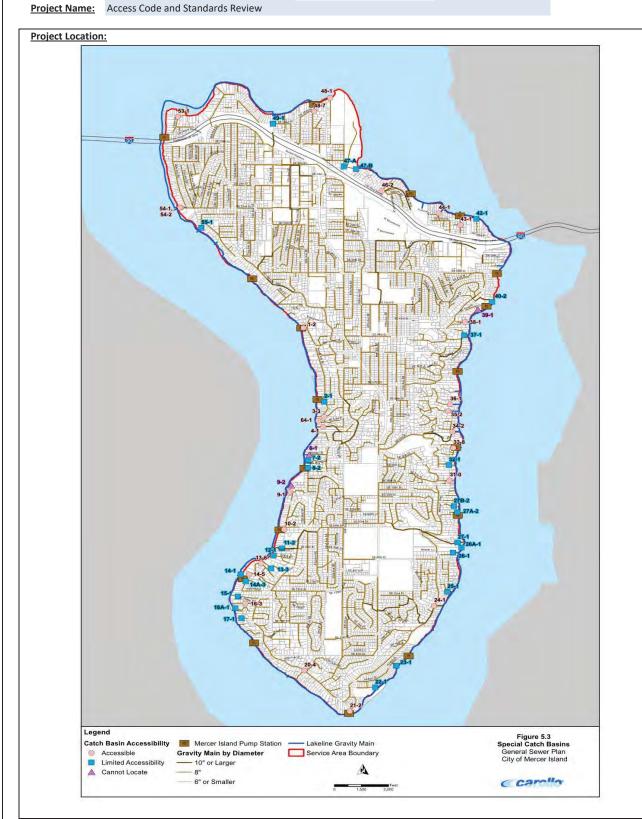
Total Project Cost \$ 52,500 \$ 57,368
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Timing Notes





Project ID: G-5 <u>Budget Number:</u> General







Project ID: G-6 <u>Budget Number:</u> General

Project Name: Easement Review and Confirmation

Project Timing: \$ 2,020

 Project Cost (Current \$):
 \$50,000
 Project Cost (Future \$):
 \$27,318

 Project Status
 Planned, Budgeted
 Inflation Rate:
 3%

Project Description:

Review and confirm easements to be used for Lakeline System access. Identify additional easement language needed to conduct full spectrum of operation and maintenance activities on the Lakeline System.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency	GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning	City Admin		Total Cost (Current \$)	
		(3/01111)			0%	0%	0%	0%		(current 3)	
Planning Consultant Services	1	LS	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	25,000
Internal City Staff Effort								\$	25,000	\$	25,000
Project Cost (Current \$)										\$	50,000

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Consultant services is a budget estimate for a consultant to assist City staff in identifying and sorting easements. Legal assistance costs for interperting easement language are not included.

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 50,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	\$ 50,000

Project Timing:

Project Element	Timing	ject Cost urrent \$)	Project Cost (Future \$)			
Internal City Staff Effort	2020	\$ 25,000	\$	27,318		

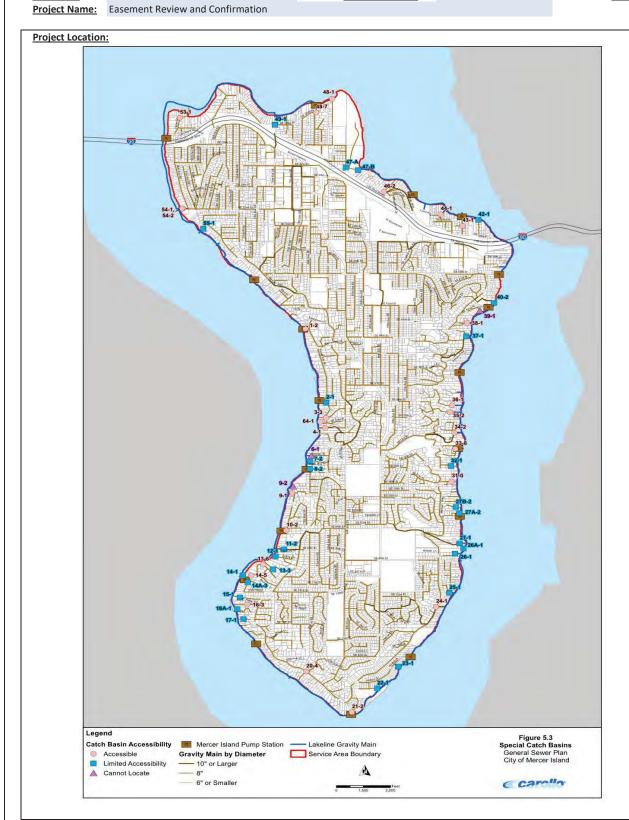
Total Project Cost	\$ 25,000	\$ 27,318

Timing Notes





 Project ID:
 G-6
 Budget Number:
 Facility Type:
 General







Budget Number: WS712P Facility Type: Pump Stations Project ID:

Inflation Rate:

Project Name: Pump Station Accessibility Improvements

Project Timing: Short to Mid Term

Project Cost \$592,000 Project Cost (Future \$): (Current \$):

\$721,270 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Project Status

Address priority pump station accessibility issues to support pump station repair, rehabilitation, and capacity improvements.

Pump Station access may include:

- New or improved walking path / stairs for additional access and safety
- Minor improvements to existing roads for condition, increased, and saftey

Planned, Budgeted

• New or improved docks and/or rockery bulkheads to facilitate access from the Lake

Evaluate access at all stations, identify conditions/concerns and needs, prioritize future work.

Consider long term contracting with a vendor to rent a boat or purchasing a boat to access pump stations that have limited land access.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element Quan		Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency		GC & Overhead		Engineer/ Planning		City Admin		Total Cost (Current \$)	
			(\$/01111)			30%	25%		20%		10%		(Current 3)	
Pump Station Access Evaluation	1	LS	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$	24,000	\$	20,000	\$	16,000	\$	8,000	\$	148,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	2	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 40,000	\$	12,000	\$	10,000	\$	8,000	\$	4,000	\$	74,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	1	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,000	\$	37,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	2	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 40,000	\$	12,000	\$	10,000	\$	8,000	\$	4,000	\$	74,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	1	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,000	\$	37,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	2	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 40,000	\$	12,000	\$	10,000	\$	8,000	\$	4,000	\$	74,000
PS Accessibility Improvements	4	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 80,000	\$	24,000	\$	20,000	\$	16,000	\$	8,000	\$	148,000
Project Cost (Current \$)													\$	592,000

Medium construction boat dock (4" decking) with average piling ~\$80 per square foot per Marshall Valuation Service (inflated from 2009 to 2018 using ENR 20-City Index). For 30 ' X 8' dock, costs would be ~\$20,000. Metal stairs are \$600/riser (10') in a built environment per Mashall Valuation Service; Assume 100' vertical feet (total of \$6,000), \$10k for vegetation management, and \$4k for additional geotechnical in non-built environment. Costs will not support major improvements to roads.

Cost	Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 592,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

Total Project	100% \$	592,000
1010311 E1CO1(E)CI	100% 3	392.UUU I

Project Timing:				
Project Element	Timing	Project Cost (Current \$)		oject Cost Future \$)
Pump Station Access Evaluation	2021	\$	148,000	\$ 166,575
PS Accessibility Improvements	2022	\$	74,000	\$ 85,786
PS Accessibility Improvements	2023	\$	37,000	\$ 44,180
PS Accessibility Improvements	2024	\$	74,000	\$ 91,011
PS Accessibility Improvements	2025	\$	37,000	\$ 46,870
PS Accessibility Improvements	2025	\$	74,000	\$ 93,741
PS Accessibility Improvements	2026	\$	148,000	\$ 193,106
Total Project Cost		\$	592,000	\$ 721,270

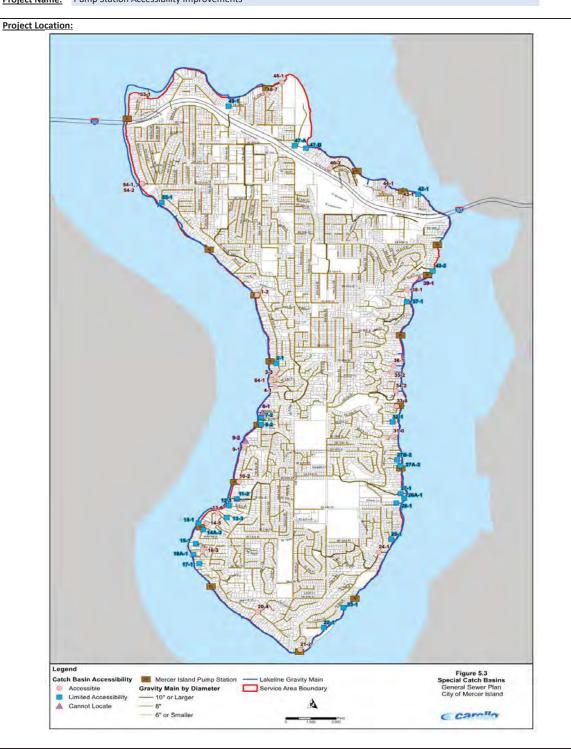
Timing Notes





 Project ID:
 PS-1
 Budget Number:
 WS712P
 Facility Type:
 Pump Station Accessibility Improvements

 Project Name:
 Pump Station Accessibility Improvements







<u>Project ID:</u> PS-7a <u>Budget Number:</u> Pump Station

Project Name: Capacity Analysis

Project Timing: Mid-term

Project Cost (Future \$):

(Current \$):

\$614,528

<u>Project Status</u> Planned, Budgeted <u>Inflation Rate:</u> 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Identify future pump station capacity improvements. Conduct detailed pump station capacity study that considers existing pump station flows and future increase in flows from additional customers and increased I/I. It is recommended that several years of monitoring facilitated be available before an evaluation.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Sı	ubtotal	Со	ntingency	GC & verhead		ngineer/ lanning	Cit	ty Admin	otal Cost urrent \$)
Pump Station Capacity Study	13	PS	\$ 30,000	\$	390,000	\$	30% 117,000	\$ 0%	\$	0%	\$	10% 39,000	\$ 546,000
					·		·		Ė			·	
Project Cost (Current \$)													\$ 546,000

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Pump station Capacity study assumes analysis of available information.

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 546,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	\$ 546,000

Project Timing:				
Project Element	Timing		ect Cost rrent \$)	oject Cost uture \$)
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2021	\$!	546,000	\$ 614,528
Total Project Cost		\$!	546,000	\$ 614,528





 Project ID:
 PS-7a
 Budget Number:
 Facility Type:
 Pump Station

Project Name: Capacity Analysis **Project Location:** Figure 5.3 Special Catch Basins General Sewer Plan City of Mercer Island Catch Basin Accessibility Lakeline Gravity Main Accessible
 Limited Accessibility
 Cannot Locate Gravity Main by Diameter Service Area Boundary 10" or Larger Carolla





Project ID:	PS-7b	Budget Number:		Facility Type: Pump Station
Project Name:	Pump Station Alternative Analysis			
		Project Timing:	Long Term	
Project Cost	\$1,820,000	Project Cost (Future \$):	\$2,240,327	
(Current \$):	' ' '			Go to CIP Summary
Project Status	Planned, Budgeted	Inflation Rate:	3%	

Project Description:

For identified capacity deficiencies (PS-7a), conduct a follow on Alternatives Analysis to determine next steps. It may be necessary to increase the capacity of these pump stations or reduce the I/I of the tributary basins. I/I analysis and monitoring of pump flow is required to determine the best solutions to address capacity issues. An alternative analysis and capacity improvements for 5 pump stations is assumed for budgetary purposes. It is assumed the project will take 2 years – flow monitoring in fall/winter of the first year (October through Feb) followed by analysis. It is anticipated that analysis of a single pump station will require monitoring of the upstream and downstream pipe segment and the corresponding pump stations. For example, analysis of PS 24 likely will require monitoring pipe segments between PS 25 to PS 24 and from PS 24 to PS 23, with corresponding analysis using data from three pump stations.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):														
Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	٤	Subtotal	Co	ontingency	GC & erhead	_	ineer/ nning	Ci	ity Admin		otal Cost Current \$)
			(3/ 01111)				30%	0%		0%		10%	,,	urrent 9)
Alternative Analysis	1	PS	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	78,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	364,000
Alternative Analysis	1	PS	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	78,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	364,000
Alternative Analysis	1	PS	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	78,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	364,000
Alternative Analysis	1	PS	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	78,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	364,000
Alternative Analysis	1	PS	\$ 260,000	\$	260,000	\$	78,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,000	\$	364,000
Project Cost (Current \$)													\$	1,820,000

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Pump station Capacity study includes flow monitoring costs of \$100,000 for up to 12 flow meters or other field investigations, \$120,000 for analyses, and \$40,000 for reporting, PM, and misc

Cost Allocation:		
Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 1,820,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

Total Project	100% \$	1,820,000
Total Troject	100%	1,020,000

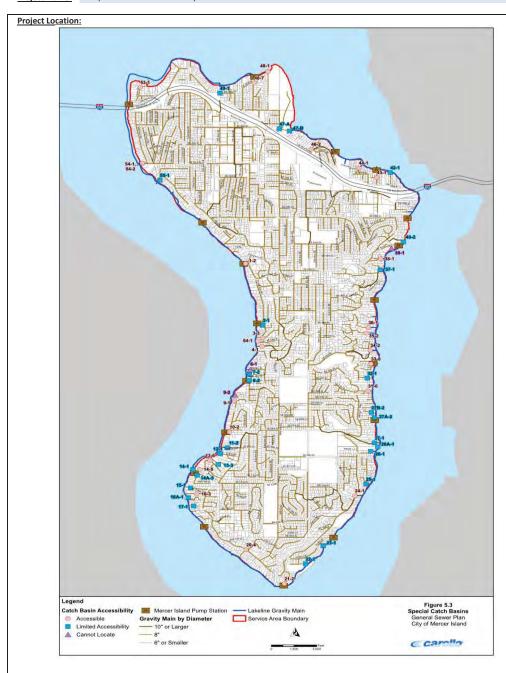
Project Timing:			
Project Element	Timing	roject Cost Current \$)	roject Cost Future \$)
Pump Station Alternatives Analysis 1	2022	\$ 364,000	\$ 421,976
Pump Station Alternatives Analysis 2	2023	\$ 364,000	\$ 434,635
Pump Station Alternatives Analysis 3	2024	\$ 364,000	\$ 447,674
Pump Station Alternatives Analysis 4	2025	\$ 364,000	\$ 461,104
Pump Station Alternatives Analysis 5	2026	\$ 364,000	\$ 474,937
Total Project Cost		\$ 1,820,000	\$ 2,240,327





 Project ID:
 PS-7b
 Budget Number:
 Facility Type:
 Pump Station

 Project Name:
 Pump Station Alternative Analysis







<u>Project ID:</u> PS-7c <u>Budget Number:</u> Pump Station

Project Name: Future Capacity Improvements

\$6,937,500

Project Timing: Long Term

3%

Project Cost (Current \$): Project Status

<u>Project Cost (Future \$):</u> \$9,059,775

Planned, Budgeted <u>Inflation Rate:</u>

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

A budgetary place holder was included for Pump station improvements. Capacity improvements are highly constrained by downstream capacity of the Lakeline; therefore, it is anticipated additional capacity may be gained through improvements to the Lakeline (CIP ID L-4) or to the gravity collection system (CIP ID P-5).

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	9	Subtotal	Co	ntingency	GC & Overhead 25%	Engineer/ Planning 20%	City Ac			otal Cost Current \$)
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	1	PS	\$ 750,000	Ċ	750,000	Ċ	225,000	\$ 187,500	\$ 150,000		75,000	¢	1,387,500
		_	· ·	٠		_						٠	
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	1	PS	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$	225,000	\$ 187,500	\$ 150,000	\$	75,000	\$	1,387,500
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	1	PS	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$	225,000	\$ 187,500	\$ 150,000	\$	75,000	\$	1,387,500
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	1	PS	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$	225,000	\$ 187,500	\$ 150,000	\$	75,000	\$	1,387,500
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	1	PS	\$ 750,000	\$	750,000	\$	225,000	\$ 187,500	\$ 150,000	\$	75,000	\$	1,387,500
Project Cost (Current \$)												\$	6,937,500

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Pump station improvements are a budgetary place holder for capacity improvements to pump station improvements. It is anticiapted the existing pump station structure will continue to be used with changes to pumps, intlets/outlet, and adjacent structures.

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 6,937,500
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

Total Project	100%	\$ 6,937,500

|--|

Project Element	Timing	Current \$)	(Future \$)		
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2024	\$ 1,387,500	\$	1,706,450	
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2025	\$ 1,387,500	\$	1,757,643	
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2026	\$ 1,387,500	\$	1,810,373	
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2027	\$ 1,387,500	\$	1,864,684	
Pump Station Capacity Improvements	2028	\$ 1,387,500	\$	1,920,624	
Total Project Cost		\$ 6,937,500	\$	9,059,775	





 Project ID:
 PS-7c
 Budget Number:
 Pump Station

 Project Name:
 Future Capacity Improvements







Project ID: US711C Budget Number: WS711C Facility Type: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Access

Short to Extended Term

Project Cost

<u>Project Timing:</u> <u>Project Cost (Future \$):</u>

\$64,858,552

(Current \$):
Project Status Planned, Budgeted

φο 1)000)

Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Provide access points to the Lakeline for cleaning and other routine maintenance. Access points may include manholes or clean outs in the water or on land. Evaluate feasibility of and confirm locations for access points into the Lakeline and prioritize locations for future installation. To effectively maintain the Lakeline, access point mush be able to allow inspection and cleaning equipment into the pipe and retrieve solids or other debris collected during cleaning activities. In-line access points, either manholes or cleanouts, are recommended to provide the most effective access.

Project	COSL	Estimate	(Current	ąį.

Project Element	(S/Unit)		Contingency	GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning	City Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)				
			(3/01111)			30%	25% 20%		10%	(current 9)	
Feasibility and Pre-Design	1	LS	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	30,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 185,000	
Environmental and Final Design	1	LS	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	30,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 185,000	
PS 14 - 15	11	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 1,441,000	\$	432,300	\$ 360,250	\$ 288,200	\$ 144,100	\$ 2,665,900	
PS 15 - 16	9	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 1,179,000	\$	353,700	\$ 294,750	\$ 235,800	\$ 117,900	\$ 2,181,200	
PS 16 - 17	6	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 786,000	\$	235,800	\$ 196,500	\$ 157,200	\$ 78,600	\$ 1,454,100	
PS 17 - 18	6	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 786,000	\$	235,800	\$ 196,500	\$ 157,200	\$ 78,600	\$ 1,454,100	
PS 18 - 19	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS 19 - 20	10	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 1,310,000	\$	393,000	\$ 327,500	\$ 262,000	\$ 131,000	\$ 2,423,500	
PS 20 - 21	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS 21 - KC	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS KC - 22	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS 22 - 23	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS 23 - 24	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
PS 24 - 25	7	МН	\$ 131,000	\$ 917,000	\$	275,100	\$ 229,250	\$ 183,400	\$ 91,700	\$ 1,696,500	
Project Cost (Current \$)										\$ 22,424,300	

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Based on manhole spacing assumptions vary depending on pipe diameter. 1 additional manhole for upstream of PS and 1 additional manhole for unidentified pipping features that restrict cleaning, like sag or bend. Costs based on 2018 Renton temporary manhole installation.

Project Timing:

Access Point Construction Extended-Term

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 22,424,300
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

otal Project	100%	\$	22,424,300
--------------	------	----	------------

Project Element	Timing Project Cost (Current \$)				Timing Project Cost Project (Current \$) (Futu			
Evaluate Feasibility	2020	\$ 185,000	\$ 202,154					
Access Pre-Design & Environmental Review	2020	\$ 185,000	\$ 202,154					
Access Point Construction	2021	\$ 1,696,500	\$ 1,909,426					
Access Point Construction	2022	\$ 1,696,500	\$ 1,966,708					
Access Point Construction Long-Term	Long-term	\$ 7,513,000	\$ 11,705,009					

Total Project Cost \$22,424,300 \$ 64,858,552

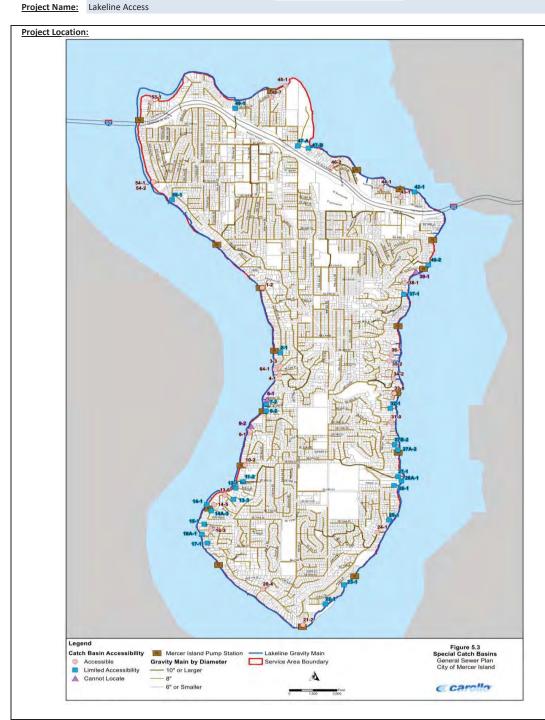
Extended

\$11,148,300 \$ 48,873,099





 Project ID:
 L-1
 Budget Number:
 WS711C
 Facility Type:
 Lakeline







Project ID: L-2 Budget Number: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Condition Assessment

Project Timing: 2025 to Long-term

\$11,242,086

Project Cost (Future \$): \$7,555,400 Project Cost (Future \$):

Project Status Planned, Budgeted Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Initial condition assessment to complete a high level assessment of the entire Lakeline system and identify segments of pipe for further detailed condition assessment. Initially review historical project documentation from the Lakeline original construction and subsequent projects, as available, to determine the original pipe material, wall thickness, lining, coating, joint type, gasket material, and test pressure. IT is recommended the City obtain pipe thickness and lining conditions through a combination of pipe coupons and Ultrasonic Thickness (UT) testing. Use results of assessment and testing to inform Lakeline R&R. If conducted in conjunction to installation of access points and cleaning, it is recommended the City conduct a CCTV inspection of the Lakeline.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):												
Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency	GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning	City Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)			
			(3/01111)		30%	25%	20%	10%	(Current 3)			
Lakeline Survey Reach 1	14,000	LF	\$ 40	\$ 560,000	\$ 168,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 112,000	\$ 56,000	\$ 1,036,000			
Lakeline Survey Reach 2	14,350	LF	\$ 40	\$ 574,000	\$ 172,200	\$ 143,500	\$ 114,800	\$ 57,400	\$ 1,061,900			
Lakeline Survey Reach 2	14,350	LF	\$ 40	\$ 574,000	\$ 172,200	\$ 143,500	\$ 114,800	\$ 57,400	\$ 1,061,900			
Lakeline Survey Reach 5	9,400	LF	\$ 40	\$ 376,000	\$ 112,800	\$ 94,000	\$ 75,200	\$ 37,600	\$ 695,600			
Further Condition Assess	1	LS	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 3,700,000			
Project Cost (Current \$)									\$ 7.555,400			

Notes on Cost Estimation:

There are approximately 50,000 LF of Lakeline that needs to be assessed. Cost estimate assumes \$40/LF. It is recommended that non-contact technologies be considered for detailed assessment, such as ultrasonic thickness testing and radiology. Costs are from General Sewer Plan. Cost factors for construction have been added.

Go to Assumptions Tab





L-4a Facility Type: General **Project ID: Budget Number:**

Lakeline Monitoring Evaluation Project Name: **Project Timing:** Short to Mid-term

Project Cost Go to CIP \$3,220,600 Project Cost (Future \$): \$3,842,631 (Current \$): **Summary Project Status** Planned, Budgeted **Inflation Rate:** 3%

Project Description:

Locate and mark the Lakeline System, including pump stations, special catch basins, emergency bypass locations, and the Lakeline. Verify the plan and profile for the Lakeline system. In addition, locate key basemap features including: private Lakeline laterals and their cleanouts and valves; finished floor elevations of structures adjacent to Lakeline; bulkheads at private lateral crossing; docks, pilings, and boat cradles; near shore bathymetry.

G-9

Locations should be made survey grade, to extent possible, to provide horizontal and vertical geospatial information. It is anticipated a diver will be required to assist with the Lakeline survey due to water depths. Advanced technology, such as toning, may be required where the Lake bed or aquatic vegetation does not allow propping for the Lakeline. Permits will be required to pot-hole to verify locates of the Lakeline. Record survey data with King County Recorder's office and potentially include in Lake bathymetry maps.

Note, overflow elevations in the Lakeline System should be identified to meet state regulations.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):	Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):													
Project Element	Quantity	Unit		nit Cost \$/Unit)		Subtotal	Co	ontingency Engineer/ Planning		City Admin		Total Cost (Current \$)		
								30%		20%		10%		
Pump Station Survey	17	LS	\$	15,000	\$	255,000	\$	76,500	\$	51,000	\$	25,500	\$	408,000
Lakeline Survey Reach 1	14,000	LF	\$	30	\$	420,000	\$	126,000	\$	84,000	\$	42,000	\$	672,000
Lakeline Survey Reach 2 Part A	14,350	LF	\$	30	\$	430,500	\$	129,150	\$	86,100	\$	43,050	\$	688,800
Lakeline Survey Reach 2 Part B	14,350	LF	\$	30	\$	430,500	\$	129,150	\$	86,100	\$	43,050	\$	688,800
Lakeline Survey Reach 5	9,400	LF	\$	30	\$	282,000	\$	84,600	\$	56,400	\$	28,200	\$	451,200
Marking	1,042	LS	\$	187	\$	194,854	\$	58,456	\$	38,971	\$	19,485	\$	311,800
Project Cost										<u> </u>		•	\$	3,220,600

Notes on Cost Estimation:

No locating and

C--+ All---+!--

Project Type	Percent	Cost					
Capacity:		\$	-				
R&R:	100%	\$	3,220,600				
Upgrade:	0%	\$	-				
			•				
Total Project	100%	\$	3,220,600				

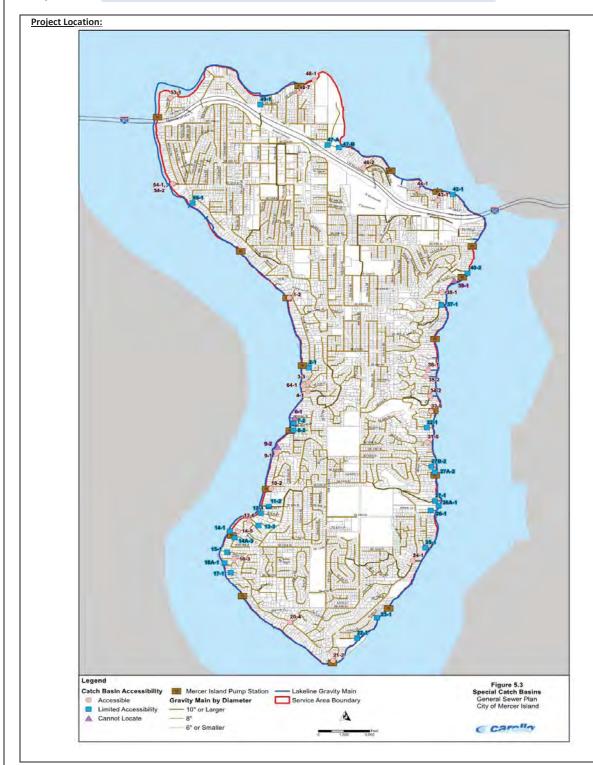
Project Element	Timing		roject Cost Current \$)	Project Cost (Future \$)		
Pump Station Survey	2023	\$	408,000	\$	487,173	
Lakeline Survey Reach 1	2020	\$	672,000	\$	734,313	
Lakeline Survey Reach 2 Part	2022	\$	688,800	\$	798,508	
Lakeline Survey Reach 2 Part I	2024	\$	688,800	\$	847,137	
Lakeline Survey Reach 5	2028	\$	451,200	\$	624,566	
Marking	2021	\$	311,800	\$	350,934	
Total Project		Ś	3.220.600	Ś	3.842.631	





 Project ID:
 L-4a
 Budget Number:
 Facility Type:
 General

 Project Name:
 Lakeline Monitoring Evaluation





(Current \$):

City of Mercer Island **General Sewer Plan Capital Improvement Program**



L-4b **Project ID: Budget Number:** Facility Type: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Monitoring Evaluation

Project Timing: Medium- to Extended-term

Project Cost \$280,000.00

\$344,515.13 Project Cost (Future \$):

Project Status Planned, Budgeted **Inflation Rate:** 3% Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Evaluate the current level of service of a given Lakeline segment using available information without having access to the pipe itself. Determine if further investigation is warranted, likely by installing in-lake access to the Lakeline (L-4b and L-4c) and/or conducting a condition assessment (L-3). It is anticipated the evaluation will consider pipe hydraulic capacity, I/I, pumping pressures, known maintenance issues, and other pertinent information. Flow monitoring, dye testing, and other non-invasive testing may be conducted prior to the evaluation to provide information on the Lakeline and it's inflows, which are not included in the project costs.

Project Cost Estimate (C	Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal		Contingency		Contingency 30%		Engineer/ Planning		y Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)	
			(3/01111)			0%				10%				
PS 14 - 15	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 15 - 16	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 16 - 17	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 17 - 18	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 18 - 19	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 19 - 20	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 20 - 21	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 21 - KC	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS KC - 22	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 22 - 23	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 23 - 24	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
PS 24 - 25	1	Evaluation	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	70,000		
Project Cost (Current \$)											\$	840,000		

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Assumes study cost of \$50,000: \$25k for evaluation of pump station hydraulics, \$15k for evaluation of other data, and \$10k for reporting/PM.

Go to Assumptions Tab





<u>Project ID:</u> L-4b <u>Budget Number:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Monitoring Evaluation

Cost Allocation	<u>:</u>		
Project Type	Percent	Cı	ırrent Cost (\$)
Capacity:	0%	\$	-
R&R	100%	\$	280,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$	-

Project Timing:					
Project Element	Timing	oject Cost urrent \$)	\$) (Future		
2 Segements	2023	\$ 140,000	\$	167,167	
2 Segements	2025	\$ 140,000	\$	177,348	
13 Segements	Extended	\$ 560,000	\$	2,454,987	

Total Project Cost	\$ 280,000	\$ 344,515

Timing Notes

Project Location:

Assume manhole installation will occur for different Pump Station reaches about every 3 years based on project planning and implementation timing.

_	May 2019	_



(Current \$):

City of Mercer Island General Sewer Plan Capital Improvement Program



Project ID: L-4c Budget Number: Facility Type: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Cleaning and Evaluation

Project Timing: 2024 to Long-term

Project Cost (10.103.000.00 Project Cost (5.10.103.000.00 Cost (5.10.103.00 Co

\$19,182,800.00 **Project Cost (Future \$):** \$60,767,072.59

Project Status Planned, Budgeted Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Cleaning settled debris from the Lakeline may help reduce the risk of overflows and prolong the useful life of the pipe. New access points are required to clean the Lakeline. Hydro-jetting is anticipated to be the preferred cleaning method; requiring a Vactor truck be floated on a barge to the access points installed in Project L-8. The effort involved in the Lakeline cleaning is greater than in a gravity sewer due to the nature of working on the water. Additionally, bypass pumping may be required in some segments of Lakeline. It is anticipated the cleaning effort will requiring multiple barges and crews. Permits may be required for cleaning activities. Costs assume cleaning is performed every 30 years.

Proiect	Cost	Estimate	(Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit		Init Cost \$/Unit)	Subtotal	Со	ntingency	Engineer/ Planning	City Admin		Total Cost Current \$)
			'	ş/Ullit/			30%	30%	10%	('	current 3)
PS 14 - 15	11	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 1,364,000	\$	409,200	\$ 409,200	\$ 136,400	\$	2,318,800
PS 15 - 16	9	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 1,116,000	\$	334,800	\$ 334,800	\$ 111,600	\$	1,897,200
PS 16 - 17	6	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 744,000	\$	223,200	\$ 223,200	\$ 74,400	\$	1,264,800
PS 17 - 18	6	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 744,000	\$	223,200	\$ 223,200	\$ 74,400	\$	1,264,800
PS 18 - 19	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS 19 - 20	10	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 1,240,000	\$	372,000	\$ 372,000	\$ 124,000	\$	2,108,000
PS 20 - 21	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS 21 - KC	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS KC - 22	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS 22 - 23	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS 23 - 24	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
PS 24 - 25	7	МН	\$	124,000	\$ 868,000	\$	260,400	\$ 260,400	\$ 86,800	\$	1,475,600
Project Cost (Current \$)										\$	19,182,800

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Based on the number of manholes that were installed in Project L-1

Go to Assumptions Tab





<u>Project ID:</u> L-4c <u>Budget Number:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Cleaning and Evaluation

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 19,182,800
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

Total Floject	100%	\$ 19.182.800

Project Timing:

Project Element	Timing	Project Cost (Current \$)	Project Cost (Future \$)
10 Manholes	2024	\$ 2,108,000	\$ 2,592,574
38 Manholes	Long-term	\$ 5,902,400	\$ 9,195,747
Remaining Manholes	Extended	\$ 11,172,400	\$ 48,978,752

Total Project Cost	Ś	19.182.800	\$ 60,767,073
	Ψ	,	Ψ 00). 0. , 0. 0

Timing Notes

Project Location:

Assume manhole cleaning will happen for different Pump Station reaches about every 3 years.

May 2019	_





Project ID: L-4d Budget Number: Facility Type: Lakeline

<u>Project Name:</u> Lakeline Alternatives Analysis

Project Timing: 2026 to 2026

Project Cost (Substituting Substituting Subs

(Current \$):

Project Status
Planned, Budgeted
Inflation Rate:

3%

Go to CIP Summary

Inflation Rate:

Project Description:

Perform an alternative analysis to determine preferred improvements to Lakeline reaches with confirmed deficiencies. It is assumed the alternative analysis will use data collected in prior work used to determine the deficiencies, including gravity sewer I/I evaluation, pump station evaluation, condition assessment, etc. It is anticipated the Alternative Analysis will develop conceptual level layouts on several alternatives. Based on analysis, the City may choose to conduct R&R or replace the Lakeline and associated pump station.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal		Contingency		Contingency		GC & Overhead			ngineer/ lanning	City Admin		Total Cost	
			(\$/Unit)				30%		0%		0%	10%		(Current \$)			
PS 14 - 15	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 15 - 16	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 16 - 17	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 17 - 18	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 18 - 19	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 19 - 20	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 20 - 21	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 21 - KC	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS KC - 22	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 22 - 23	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 23 - 24	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
PS 24 - 25	1	LS	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,000	\$	350,000		
Project Cost (Current \$)														\$ 4	4,200,000		

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Assumes \$100,000

Go to Assumptions Tab





Project ID: L-4d Budget Number: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Alternatives Analysis

Project Type	pe Percent Cost						
Capacity:		\$ -					
R&R:	100%	\$ 4,200,000					
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -					
Total Project	100%	\$ 4,200,000					

Project Timing:			
Project Element	Timing	Cost	oject Cost uture \$)
Reach 4 Evaluation	2026	\$ 350,000	\$ 456,671
Total Project Cost		\$ 350,000	\$ 456,671

Timing Notes

	Project Location:
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May 2019





<u>Project ID:</u> L-4e <u>Budget Number:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline R&R Program

Project Timing:

Extended

Project Cost (Current \$): Project Status

\$55,500,000.00

Planned, Budgeted

Project Cost (Future \$):

Inflation Rate:

\$164,886,987.83 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Based on the initial and further Lakeline condition assessments, implement R&R improvements to continue to operate the Lakeline in a safe and effective manner. A budgetary value of \$1.5M per year has been assumed.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency 30%	GC & Overhead 25%	Engineer/ Planning 20%	City Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)	
Lakeline R&R Program	10	Yrs	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$1,500,000	\$ 27,750,000	
Lakeline R&R Program	10	Yrs	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 3,750,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$1,500,000	\$ 27,750,000	
Project Cost (Current \$)									\$ 55,500,000	

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Preliminary desgin and construction are placeholders for future work. Revisit costs when evaluation is complete and option for replacement/rehabilitation is selected. Costs from the General Sewer Plan.

Go to Assumptions Tab

May 2019





<u>Project ID:</u> L-4e <u>Budget Number:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline R&R Program

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	######
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	######

Project Timing:			
Project Element	Timing	Project Cost (Current \$)	Project Cost (Future \$)
Lakeline R&R Program	Long-term	#########	\$ 43,233,596
Lakeline R&R Program	Extended	#########	###########
Total Project Cost		#########	###########

Project Location.	
	May 2019
	IVIAY ZUIS





Project ID: L-5b Budget Number: WS511R Facility Type: Lakeline

Project Name: Special Catch Basin Access

Project Timing: Short Term

Project Cost (740,000 Project Cost (5 thurs \$1)

\$740,000 Project Cost (Future \$): \$937,410

Project Status Planned, Budgeted Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Address priority special catch basin accessibility issues to support repair, rehabilitation, and other improvements.

Access may include:

- New or expanded easements.
- New or improved walking path / stairs for additional access and safety
- Minor Improvements to existing roads for condition, increased, and safety

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):											
Project Element	nent Quantity Unit Cost (\$/Unit)		Subtotal Contingency		GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning		City Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)		
			(\$/UIIIL)		30%	25%	20%		10%	(current 3)	
SCB Accessibility Improvements	20	PS	\$ 20,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 80,00	0	\$ 40,000	\$	740,000
Project Cost (Current \$)										\$	740,000

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Medium construction boat dock (4" decking) with average piling ~\$80 per square foot per Marshall Valuation Service (inflated from 2009 to 2018 using ENR 20-City Index). For 30 ' X 8' dock, costs would be ~\$20,000. Metal stairs are \$600/riser (10') in a built environment per Mashall Valuation Service; Assume 100' vertical feet (total of \$6,000), \$10k for vegetation management, and \$4k for additional geotechnical in non-built environment. Costs will not support major improvements to roads.

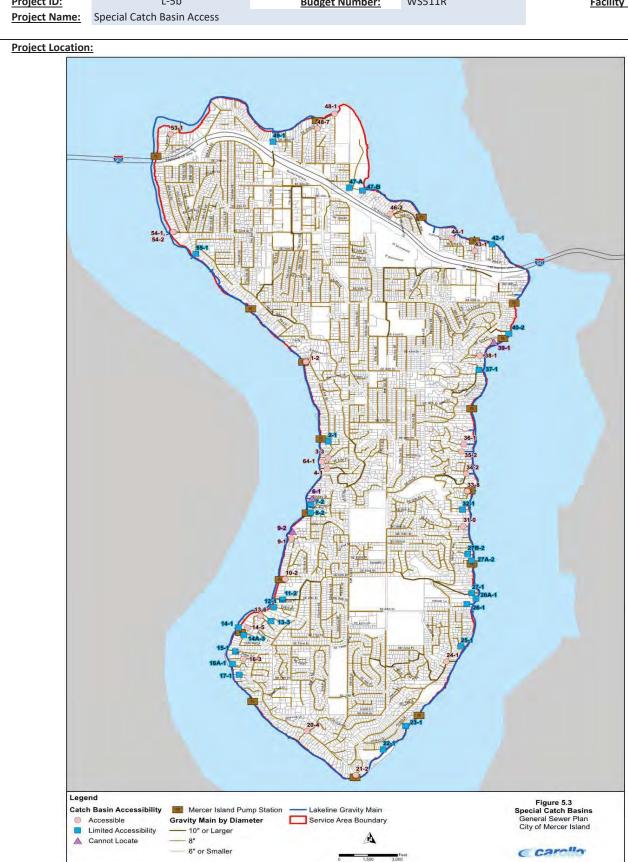
Cost Allocation:			
Project Type	Percent		Cost
Capacity:		\$	-
R&R:	100%	\$	740,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$	-
Total Project	100%	Ś	740.000

Project Timing:			
Project Element	Timing	oject Cost urrent \$)	oject Cost Future \$)
SCB Improvements	2025	\$ 740,000	\$ 937,410
Total Project Cost		\$ 740,000	\$ 937,410





Project ID: L-5b **Budget Number:** WS511R Facility Type: Lakeline







L-5c WS511R Facility Type: Lakeline Project ID: **Budget Number:**

Special Catch Basin Effectiveness Evaluation Project Name:

> **Short Term Project Timing:**

Project Cost

\$315,000 **Project Cost (Future \$):** \$365,171 (Current \$): 3% **Project Status** Planned, Budgeted **Inflation Rate:**

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Special Catch Basins (SCB) remove debris from entering the Lakeline and are cleaned up to two times a year by the City. The study will evaluate the effectiveness of each SCB at removing debris using the hydraulic model, recommending improvements where applicable. CFD (3-D) modeling will be performed on a representative SCB to establish the range of effective conditions. Minor improvements may require modification to manhole inlet/outlet, bottom, installation of baffles, etc. Major improvements may require replacement of manhole with a larger structure to enable greater debris collection. Additionally, the Study will identify the recommended frequency of cleaning based on the risk of debris being resuspended in large flow events.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$)	<u>):</u>											
Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Cor	ntingency	GC & verhead	gineer/ anning	Cit	y Admin		otal Cost
			(3/01111)			30%	0%	0%		10%	(Current \$)	
SCB Effectiveness Study	1	LS	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$	67,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$	22,500	\$	315,000
Project Cost (Current \$)											\$	315,000

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Assumes 50 SCB's studied. Hydraulic modeling of \$1,500 per SCB. Improvement identification of \$2,000 per SCB. CFD modeling cost of \$25k. PM and

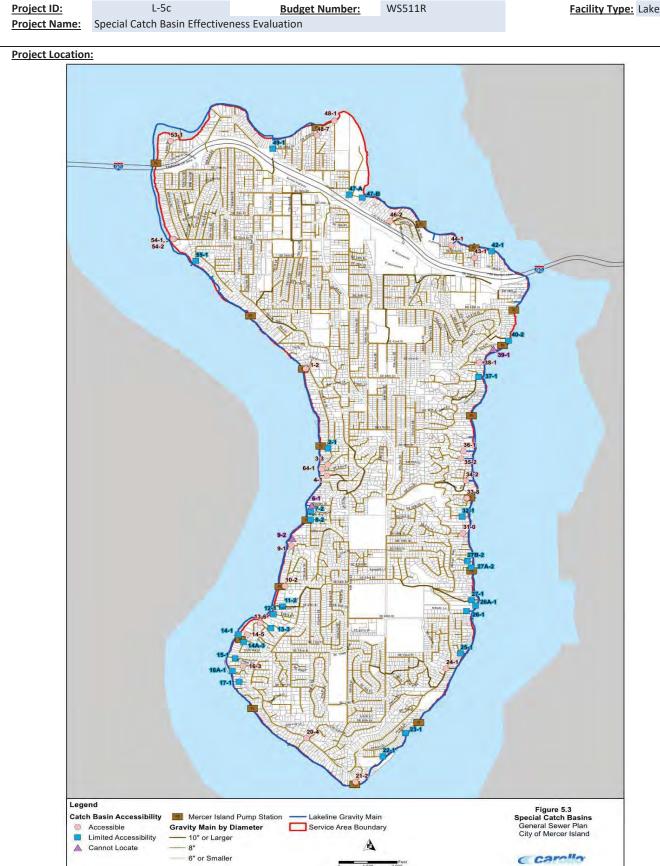
Cost Allocation:		
Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 315,000
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	\$ 315,000

Project Timing:							
Project Element	Timing		oject Cost urrent \$)		oject Cost Future \$)		
SCB Effectiveness Study	2022	\$	\$ 315,000		315,000 \$ 36		365,171
Total Project Cost		\$	315,000	\$	365,171		





Facility Type: Lakeline







<u>Project ID:</u> L-5d <u>Budget Number:</u> WS511R <u>Facility Type:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Special Catch Basin Preventive Maintenance

Project Timing: 2020 to Long Term

Project Cost

| Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Section | Sect

Project Description:

Perform preventative maintenance to extend the life of Special Catch Basins with limited accessibility and delay expensive R&R projects. Preventative maintenance activities will likely need to avoid use heavy machinery due to access limitations and may include sealing cracks, spray lining, venting, install new lids, etc. It is recommended to confirm the effectiveness of SCBs before preventative maintenance activities.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency	GC & Overhead	Engineer/ Planning	City Admin	Total Cost (Current \$)
			(3/01111)		30%	25%	20%	10%	(Current 3)
2020 SCBs	10	SCB	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
2021 SCBs	10	SCB	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
2022 SCBs	10	SCB	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
2023 SCBs	10	LS	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
Mid-term SCBs	10	LS	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
Long-term SCBs	10	LS	\$ 2,500	\$ 25,000	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,250	\$ 5,000	\$ 2,500	46300
Project Cost (Current \$)									\$ 277,800

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Cost of \$2,500 per manhole assumes \$1,000 for preparing manhole bottom and walls and spray on lining, \$500 for general improvements, and \$1,000 for mob/demo.

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 277,800
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

Project Timing:

Project Element	Timing	ject Cost ırrent \$)	oject Cost uture \$)
2020 SCBs	2020	\$ 46,300	\$ 50,593
2021 SCBs	2021	\$ 46,300	\$ 52,111
2022 SCBs	2022	\$ 46,300	\$ 53,674
2023 SCBs	2023	\$ 46,300	\$ 55,285
Mid-term SCBs	2024	\$ 46,300	\$ 56,943
Long-term SCBs	Long-term	\$ 46,300	\$ 72,134

100% \$ 277,800

Total Project Cost	\$ 277,800	\$ 340,740





Facility Type: Lakeline

Project ID: L-5d Budget Number: WS511R

Project Name: Special Catch Basin Preventive Maintenance







Project ID: L-5e <u>Budget Number:</u> WS511R <u>Facility Type:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Special Catch Basin R&R

Project Timing: 2025 to Long-term

\$2,454,611

Project Cost (Future \$):

(Current \$):

Project Status Planned, Budgeted Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Special Catch Basins that reach the end of their useful life will need to be repaired and replaced. A majority of SCB have limited access making R&R activities very difficult and more costly than typical collection system projects. SCBs requiring R&R should be located through maintenance inspections and other SCB projects. Effectiveness of SCBs will be verified before R&R activities. Replacement is anticipated at 1 per year starting in the mid-term.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal		Contingency		GC & Overhead		Engineer/ Planning		City Admin		otal Cost urrent \$)
			(3/01111)			30%		25%		20%	10%		2	urrent 3)
Catch Basin R&R	1	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 20,500	\$	6,150	\$	5,125	\$	4,100	\$	2,050	\$	37,900
Catch Basin R&R	1	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 20,500	\$	6,150	\$	5,125	\$	4,100	\$	2,050	\$	37,900
Catch Basin R&R	1	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 20,500	\$	6,150	\$	5,125	\$	4,100	\$	2,050	\$	37,900
Catch Basin R&R	1	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 20,500	\$	6,150	\$	5,125	\$	4,100	\$	2,050	\$	37,900
Catch Basin R&R	10	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 205,000	\$	61,500	\$	51,250	\$	41,000	\$	20,500	\$	379,300
Catch Basin R&R	10	SCB	\$ 20,500	\$ 205,000	\$	61,500	\$	51,250	\$	41,000	\$	20,500	\$	379,300
Project Cost (Current \$)													\$	910,200

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Assumes 1 SCB's per year. Assumes 15' manhole installation costs of \$5000. Settling plate costs of \$5500. Site restoration costs of \$5000. Mob/demob costs of \$5000.

Go to Assumptions Tab

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 910,200
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

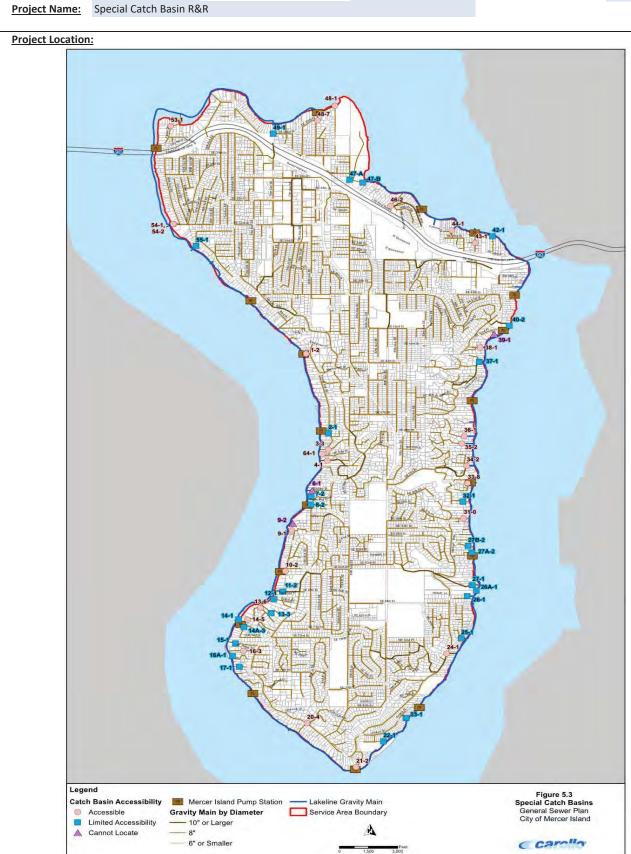
Project Timing:	
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Project Element	Timing		oject Cost urrent \$)		roject Cost Future \$)
Catch Basin R&R	2025	\$	37,900	\$	48,011
Catch Basin R&R	2026	\$	37,900	\$	49,451
Catch Basin R&R	2027	\$	37,900	\$	50,934
Catch Basin R&R	2028	\$	37,900	\$	52,462
Catch Basin R&R	Long-term	\$	379,300	\$	590,937
Catch Basin R&R	Extended	\$	\$ 379,300		1,662,816
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<u>Project ID:</u> L-5e <u>Budget Number:</u> WS511R <u>Facility Type:</u> Lakeline







<u>Project ID:</u> L-5f <u>Budget Number:</u> WS511R <u>Facility Type:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvements

Project Timing: 2020 to Extended

Project Cost (Current \$):

\$699,600

Project Cost (Future \$):

\$1,722,859

Project Status Planned, Budgeted Inflation

Inflation Rate: 3%

Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

Relocate or improve Special Catch Basins (SCB) to improve access or increase effectiveness based on Project L-2b. Relocated SCBs will be located and sized to provide effective removal of debris and provide efficient periodic cleaning. Where relocation is not possible, existing SCBs may be improved to increase effectiveness. It is anticipated that construction of some SCB improvements will require major access improvements. New or enlarged SCBs locations may require additional easements or property acquisition. Project assumes one SCB will be relocated per year based on City staff prioritization.

Project Cost Estimate (Current \$):

Project Element	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)	Subtotal	Contingency GC & Engineer/ Overhead Planning City Admir		City Admin		otal Cost urrent \$)					
			(3/01111)			30%		25%		20%		10%		urrent 3)
SCB Relocation 2020	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation 2021	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation 2022	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation 2023	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Mid	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Mid	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Mid	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Mid	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Mid	1	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 13,500	\$	4,050	\$	3,375	\$	2,700	\$	1,350	\$	25,000
SCB Relocation Long	9	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 121,500	\$	36,450	\$	30,375	\$	24,300	\$	12,150	\$	224,800
SCB Relocation Extended	10	LS	\$ 13,500	\$ 135,000	\$	40,500	\$	33,750	\$	27,000	\$	13,500	\$	249,800
Project Cost (Current \$) \$										\$	699,600			

Notes on Cost Estimation:

Assumes 1 SCB's per year. Assumes 15' manhole installation costs of \$5000. Settling plate costs of \$5500. Site restoration costs of \$2000. Mob/demob costs of \$1000.

Go to Assumptions Tab

Cost Allocation:

Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 699,600
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -

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Project riming:						
Project Element	Timing	Project Cost (Current \$)		Project Cost (Future \$)		
SCB Relocation 2020	2020	\$	25,000	\$	27,318	
SCB Relocation 2021	2021	\$	25,000	\$	28,138	
SCB Relocation 2022	2022	\$	25,000	\$	28,982	
SCB Relocation 2023	2023	\$	25,000	\$	29,851	
SCB Relocation Mid	2024	\$	25,000	\$	30,747	
SCB Relocation Mid	2025	\$	25,000	\$	31,669	
SCB Relocation Mid	2026	\$	25,000	\$	32,619	
SCB Relocation Mid	2027	\$	25,000	\$	33,598	
SCB Relocation Mid	2028	\$	25,000	\$	34,606	
SCB Relocation Long	Long-term	\$	224,800	\$	350,231	
SCB Relocation Extended	Extended	\$	249,800	\$	1,095,100	





<u>Project ID:</u> L-5f <u>Budget Number:</u> WS511R <u>Facility Type:</u> Lakeline

Project Name: Special Catch Basin Relocation & Improvements

Project Location:





Project Cost

City of Mercer Island **General Sewer Plan Capital Improvement Program**



L-6 Budget Number: Facility Type: Lakeline

Project Name: Lakeline Replacement

\$425,131,800.51

Project Timing:

Project Cost (Future \$): \$1,863,737,858.99

Extended

(Current \$): **Project Status** Planned, Budgeted **Inflation Rate:** 3% Go to CIP Summary

Project Description:

For example purposes, the cost of replacing the remaining lakeline was calculated based on Reach 3 expenses of \$25M for 7,200 feet of Lakeline. Costs were escalated by 27% to account (ENR Seattle 2010 CCI 8805 to CCI 11185). Reach 3 constructed a new gravity Lakeline reach into Lake Washington, extended beyond the near shore environment. The gravity pipe is much deeper than the previous Lakeline, requiring a new, deep pump station transfers flows to KC facilities.

Project Element		Unit	Unit Cost (\$/Unit)		Subtotal		C	Contingency GC & Overhead		Engineer/ Planning	City Admin		Total Cost (Current \$)	
			(+)	o,				30%	25%	20%		10%		Ψ1
Lakeline Survey Reach 1	14,000	LF	\$	4,411	\$	61,750,741	\$	18,525,222	\$15,437,685	\$12,350,148	\$	6,175,074	\$	114,238,872
Lakeline Survey Reach 2	28,700	LF	\$	4,411	\$	126,589,020	\$	37,976,706	\$31,647,255	\$25,317,804	\$	12,658,902	\$	234,189,687
Lakeline Survey Reach 5	9,400	LF	\$	4,411	\$	41,461,212	\$	12,438,364	\$10,365,303	\$ 8,292,242	\$	4,146,121	\$	76,703,242
Project Cost (Current \$)													\$	425,131,801

Preliminary desgin and construction are placeholders for future work. Revisit costs when evaluation is complete and option for replacement/rehabilitation is selected.

Go to Assumptions Tab

May 2019





 Project ID:
 L-6
 Budget Number:
 Facility Type:
 Lakeline

 Project Name:
 Lakeline Replacement

Cost Allocation	<u>:</u>	
Project Type	Percent	Cost
Capacity:		\$ -
R&R:	100%	\$ 425,131,800.51
Upgrade:	0%	\$ -
Total Project	100%	\$ 425,131,801

Project Timing:			
Project Element	Timing	Project Cost (Current \$)	Project Cost (Future \$)
Lakeline R&R Program	Extended	\$ 425,131,801	\$ 1,863,737,859
Total Project Cost		\$ 425,131,801	\$ 1,863,737,859

Timing Notes

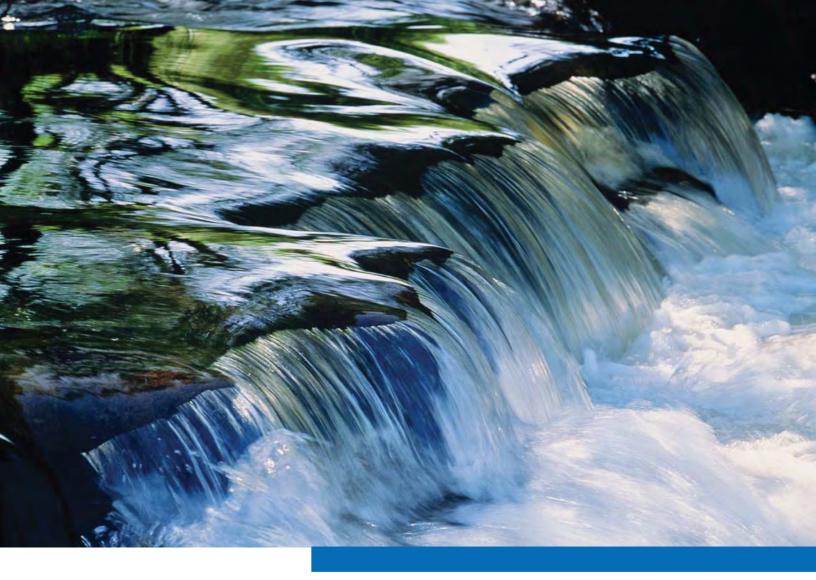
Г	Project Location:	
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May 2019



SECTION 01 11 00_SUMMARY OF WORK ATTACHMENT A NFPA 820 ASSESSMENT







City of Mercer Island Wastewater Pump Station Control and Monitoring

NFPA 820 ASSESSMENT

FINAL | March 2021





City of Mercer Island Wastewater Pump Station Control and Monitoring

NFPA 820 ASSESSMENT

FINAL | March 2021





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Abbreviations

ACH air changes per hour

AHJ authorities having jurisdiction

Carollo Carollo Engineers, Inc.
City City of Mercer Island

cf cubic feet

cfm cubic feet per minute

CGD combustible gas detection

Div. Division

D/W Dry Well/Wet Well
FE fire extinguisher
gpm gallons per minute

HVAC heating, ventilation, and air conditioning

I/O input and output

LC limited combustible

LCP local control panel

LFS low flame spread

N/A not applicable

NC noncombustible

NEC National Electric Code

NFPA National Fire Protection Agency

NR not required

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PS pump station S Submersible

SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition

SST stainless steel

TAB testing and balancing

WWPS wastewater pump or pumping station



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.1 Introduction

The National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) 820 Standard for Fire Protection in Wastewater Treatment and Collection Facilities was established to mitigate fire and explosion hazards specific to wastewater treatment facilities and their associated collection systems. Wastewater pump stations (WWPS) are categorized by NFPA 820 as part of the collection systems category. Carollo Engineers, Inc. (Carollo) was tasked by the City of Mercer Island (City) to conduct an assessment of their existing WWPS and associated ancillary facilities for compliance to the NFPA 820 Standard. The purpose of this report is to document these findings and make recommended improvements for each pump station (PS) in order to comply with the NFPA 820 standard.

The information contained in this report has been developed for the sole use of the City of Mercer Island. The report is not an all-encompassing evaluation dealing with the pump stations in their entirety from every aspect. The recommended improvements identified rely on information provided by the City of Mercer Island in the form of Drawings, Testing and Balancing (TAB) report, and field visits for items solely relating to the NFPA 820 standard. The information provided is not intended for use beyond the contracted scope of services. Pump station field visits were a visual inspection only, limited to those areas and sections fully accessible and visible on the date of inspection.

ES.2 Scope and Method

Carollo reviewed existing As-Built drawings, Conformed documents, performed field visits, and conducted NFPA 820 analyses for 18 existing PSs and their ancillary facilities for the City. Table ES.1 summarizes the 18 PSs that were evaluated as a part of this project.

Table ES.1 Pump Stations included in NFPA 820 Evaluation

Pump Station Number	Pump Station Type	Ancillary Facilities	Public/Private Property
1	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
4	Submersible	Below grade vaults	Right of Way
10	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
11	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
12	Dry Well (Flushing)	None	Right of Way
13	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
14	Submersible	Below grade vaults	Right of Way
15	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
16	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
17	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
18	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
19	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
20	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way



Pump Station Number	Pump Station Type	Ancillary Facilities	Public/Private Property
21	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
22	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
23	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
24	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
25	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private

Each station was analyzed based on existing area classification of the physical space per NFPA 820, ventilation methods, electrical equipment rating, materials used for pump station construction, presence of fire protection measures, and audible and visual alarms. Ancillary facilities were also analyzed with compliance to NFPA 820 standards.

A map from the City of Mercer Island's 2018 General Sewer Plan is shown in Figure ES.1 identifying the location of all evaluated PSs



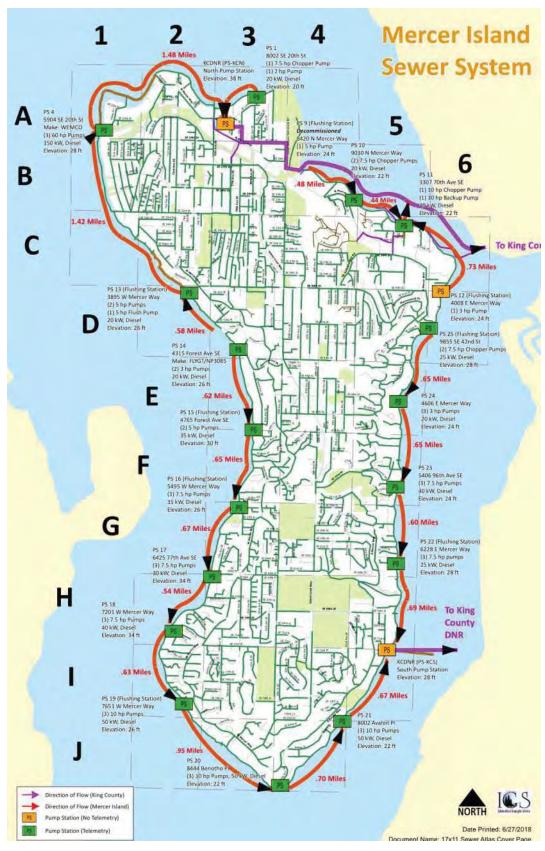


Figure ES.1 City of Mercer Island PS Locations and Sewer System



ES.3 Findings and Recommended Improvements

Two types of WWPS, Dry Well / Wet Well and Submersible, were identified during the assessment of the existing PSs. Fifteen pump stations were identified to be a Dry Well / Wet Well type pump station and two pump stations were identified to be a Submersible type pump station. One existing PS was identified as a Flushing PS and is not covered under NFPA 820 standards. PSs that do not store or handle raw sewage and/or stormwater are not discussed in NFPA 820.

The main mitigation areas or means of achieving NFPA 820 compliance for WWPSs are as follows:

- **Ventilation** providing sufficient ventilation measured as number of air changes per hour (ACH) to reduce risks of accumulation of explosive gases.
- **Electrical equipment** installing explosion proof or appropriately protected electrical equipment and seal fittings rated for area classification (Class 1, Div. 1 or Class 1, Div. 2).
- Materials of construction utilizing noncombustible or limited-combustible building materials.
- **Fire protection** providing fire detection systems, combustible gas detection (CGD) systems, fire extinguishers to detect and/or protect from fires, and smoke detection systems that shutdown the ventilation system to prevent spread of smoke and fire.
- **Audible and visual alarms** providing warnings to personnel when combustible gases or hazardous conditions are present.

Findings show that all pump stations require modifications to the existing facilities in order to comply with the current NFPA 820 standard. Pump station ancillary facilities (primarily below grade vaults) were either not present or do not require any improvements. The improvements proposed for each pump station in Section 3 of this report present solutions for multiple scenarios. The listed improvements provide the City with flexibility when deciding which mitigation measures to implement. It is important to note that different combinations of the listed improvements can impact the pump station's compliance to the standard. A summary of recommended improvements for each pump station evaluated is shown in Table ES.2 and summarized in the list below. Table ES.2 consolidates improvements presented in Section 3 and approved alternatives to the NFPA 820 standard, discussed in Section 4 of this report, into one preferred scenario. This scenario identifies the improvements required to provide a safe and practical solution consistent with current pump station design practices. Typical Dry Well / Wet Well pump station design establishes an unclassified dry well space and a physically separated wet well. The wet well is commonly classified as a Class I Division (Div.) 1 hazardous location because no or minimal (less than 12 ACH) ventilation is provided in the wet well. In order to achieve an unclassified dry well space and a physically separated wet well, all recommended improvements identified in Table ES.2 for Dry Well / Wet Well PSs must be implemented. Submersible pump stations are not specifically discussed in NFPA 820. However, the recommended improvements in Table ES.2 for these types of pump stations are aimed to provide a safe and practical solution consistent with wet well design and current pump station design practices.

The recommended improvements in Table ES.2 are summarized as follows:

- WWPS Nos. 1, 10, 16, and 17 require modifications to the existing structure to create a physically separated Wet Well.
- All pump station exhaust fans require a fan flow monitoring system to indicate fan failure.
- WWPS Nos. 13 and 18 require increased air flow to declassify the Dry Well space.
- Existing electrical equipment is adequately rated for the area classification for all WWPSs, except WWPS No. 14. WWPS No. 14 will require adequately rated electrical equipment.
- The materials of construction for all WWPSs are appropriate.



- Additional CGD systems are not required for any WWPS.
- Installation of audible and visual alarms inside all WWPS is required for all WWPS except WWPS No. 4 and 14:
 - Audible alarms shall be tied to the pump access hatch position and shall alarm in the open position only.
 - Remote fan failure will be sent to the City's SCADA system.
- Installation of a single NO-GO light outside all WWPS is required except for WWPS No. 4 and 14.





											Mitigation Measures ⁽⁴⁾	asures ⁽⁴⁾						
Waste Water		Pump	Grirrant Aras	Area Separation		Ventilation		Recomi Equipm the	Recommended Electrical Equipment Rating Within the Pump Station	Electrical ng Within ation	Materials of Construction	of on	Fire prot	Fire protection measures	asures		Alarms	
Pump Station No.	Public/Private Property		_	Physically Separate Dry Well and Wet Well	Increase or Improve Ventilation	Install Flow Monitoring	No Improvements Identified	Class I Class I Div. 1 Div. 2		Unclassified Ir	No Improvements Identified	Provide NC, LC, or LFS Material	No Improvements Identified	Install CGD System	Provide Fire Extinguishers (On all levels)	No Improvements Identified	Install Inside Dry Well (audible & visual) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Install Outside Dry Well (NO-GO visual) ⁽¹⁰⁾
1	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>	>	>				>	>		×(8)				>	>
4(5)	Right of Way	S	Class I Div. 1				>			`>	>		>			>		
10	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>	>	>					>		>				>	>
11(6)	Right of Way	D/W	ı				1				1		1		1	ı		1
12(7)	Right of Way	N/A	1				1		- 1									
13	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 2		>	`>				>	>		>				>	>
14	Right of Way	S	Class I Div. 1	>			>	(6) >	(6)		>		>			>		
15	Right of Way	D/W	Unclassified			`>				`>	>		>				>	>
16	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>		>				>	>		>				>	>
17	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>		`>				`>	>		>				>	>
18	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 2		>	>				>	>		>				>	>
19	Private	D/W	Unclassified			`>				>	>		>				>	>
70	Right of Way	D/W	Unclassified			>				>	>		>				>	>
21	Private	D/W	Unclassified			`>				`>	>		>				>	>
22	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>				>	>		>				>	>
23	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>				>	>		>				>	>
74	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>				>	>		>				>	>
25	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>				>	>		>				>	>
otes:																		

Notes:

Abbreviations: D/W et Viel | S = Submersible, NC = Noncombustible, LC = limited combustible, LFS = low flame spread.

Abbreviations: D/W = Dy Well | Wet Vell, | S = Submersible, NC = Noncombustible, LFS = low flame spread.

(2) WWFS NFA & 20. Assessments were performed on July 4, 202 and October 20, 2020.

(3) For D/W type pump stations, current Area Cassification histed is only for the Dry Well space of the pump station. The west well space for all D/W and S type pump stations are Class I Div. 1.

(4) See Section 3 of this report for specific recommendations.

(5) Only a high-level assessment was performed on WWPS No. 11 will be converted to a submersible pump station within the immediate future.

(5) Fullshing Pump Station No. 12 was not assessed as part of this report. WWPS No. 11 will be converted to a submersible pump station within the immediate future.

(6) See Section 3 for recommendations on fire extinguisher location.

(6) See Section 3 for recommendations on fire extinguisher location.

(7) See Section 3 for recommendations on fire extinguisher location.

(9) See Section 3 for recommendations on availing lettrical equipment rating.

Section 1

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

The City owns and operates seventeen (17) WWPS and one flushing pump station as part of their lake line sewer system and is seeking increased control and monitoring of these pump stations with its new supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) system. The City has commissioned Carollo to complete a NFPA 820 assessment to assist with establishing the number and type of input and output (I/O) points to support the City's design of the new SCADA system.

The purpose of this report is to document the existing conditions of seventeen (17) WWPS and one flushing pump station along the City's lake line sewer system and its compliance to NFPA 820 – Standard for Fire Protection in Wastewater Treatment and Collection Facilities. Figure 1.1 presents the general layout of the City's lake line sewer system and associated wastewater and flushing pump stations.

Combustible gases resulting from wastewater conveyance and treatment are fire and explosion hazards that can create an occupational health and safety hazard if not handled properly. NFPA 820 provides guidance for construction and fire protection measures to enhance safety when working with wastewater. WWPSs convey wastewater and are classified as Collection Systems components under NFPA 820. The standard establishes minimum criteria for protection against fire and explosion hazards for these facilities.

This report reviews the hazardous area classifications and mitigation measures present at the existing WWPSs. Since construction of these WWPSs pre-dates the establishment of the NFPA 820 standard, these facilities may not have been designed to meet current NFPA 820 requirements. The objective of this report is to provide the City with a summary of existing conditions relative to requirements identified in the current NFPA 820 standard and to make recommendations for future improvements to satisfy requirements of the standard and improve fire safety at each WWPS.

The information contained in this report has been developed for the sole use of the City of Mercer Island. The report is not an all-encompassing evaluation dealing with the pump stations in their entirety from every aspect. The recommended improvements identified rely on information provided by the City of Mercer Island in the form of Drawings, TAB report, and field visits for items solely relating to the NFPA 820 standard. The information provided is not intended for use beyond the contracted scope of services. Pump station field visits were a visual inspection only, limited to those areas and sections fully accessible and visible on the date of inspection.



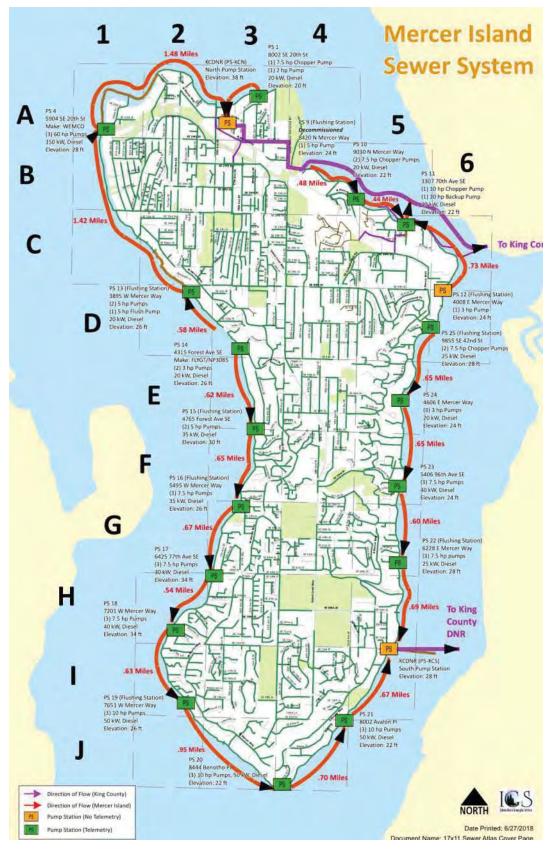


Figure 1.1 Existing Lake Line Sewer System



This report includes the following four sections:

- **Section 1 Introduction and Background.** This section provides background on the NFPA 820 standard, definitions, classifications, and mitigation measures.
- Section 2 WWPS NFPA 820 Scope and Methods. This section describes the scope of this study as well as the methods employed for the NFPA 820 assessment of the City's WWPSs.
- **Section 3 WWPS NFPA 820 Assessment.** This section summarizes the results of the NFPA 820 assessment. Key observations, assessment results, and improvements are included for each WWPS.
- **Section 4 Summary.** This section consolidates all the improvements in Section 3 of this report into one comprehensive recommended improvements table highlighting one preferred scenario.

1.1 NFPA 820 Background

NFPA 820 is a standard that establishes minimum requirements for protection against fire and explosion hazards in collection systems. This includes hazard classification of specific areas and types of collection systems. The need to develop NFPA 820 was based on fire or explosion incidents that, while infrequent, can be severe when they do occur. The first edition of NFPA 820 was issued in 1990 and was released as a recommended practice. In 1995, the document was changed to a standard, which contains mandatory requirements. Although the NFPA develops and revises the standard, it has no power to enforce it. As a result, the standard is enforced by local authorities having jurisdiction (AHJ) such as fire marshals, building inspectors, or federal, state, or local agencies. The complete NFPA 820 reference can be found at the following website:

http://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=820

While this standard does not apply to facilities, equipment, structures, or installations that existed or were approved for construction or installation prior to the effective date of the standard, agencies often review and comply with this standard wherever possible to reduce risk of safety hazards. NFPA 820 states that:

"...in those cases where the authority having jurisdiction determines that the existing situation presents an unacceptable degree of risk, the authority having jurisdiction shall be permitted to apply retroactively any portion of this standard deemed appropriate."

Conversely, NFPA 820 also states that:

"...the retroactive requirements of this standard shall be permitted to be modified if their application clearly would be impractical in the judgement of the authority having jurisdiction, and only where it is clearly evident that a reasonable degree of safety is provided."

As improvements to existing pumping stations are considered, NFPA classifications must be understood to determine the appropriate modifications to improve fire safety and decrease fire hazards. This analysis of the City's WWPSs was performed using the 2020 edition of NFPA 820. The next planned version of NFPA 820 will be released in 2024. Depending upon the timing of the planned improvements, the results of the NFPA 820 assessment included in this report may need to be revisited.

The following sections provide additional background on the NFPA classification and mitigation measures, and NFPA classifications as related to the City's WWPSs.



1.1.1 Understanding NFPA Classification and Mitigation Measures

NFPA 820 undertakes the assessment of wastewater collection facilities by breaking down each facility by National Electric Code (NEC) hazardous location classification, herein referred to as area classification, and establishes their minimum criteria for protection against fire and explosion hazards, herein referred to as mitigation measures. The initial assessment of a wastewater collection facility requires the determination of its area classification. Once area classification has been determined, measures to mitigate hazards can be identified. This section provides a summary of the area classifications and associated mitigation measures.

1.1.1.1 Area Classification

NFPA 820 is used to determine the area classification of an area, while the NEC (or NFPA 70) describes the requirements for the electrical installation within the classified area. According to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):

"Locations are classified depending on the properties of the flammable vapors, liquids, or gases, or combustible dusts or fibers that may be present, and the likelihood that a flammable or combustible concentration or quantity is present."

Area Classification is described by Class and Division. A "Class" denotes what type of combustible hazard is present:

- Class I refers to gases or vapors.
- Class II refers to dust.
- Class III refers to fibers.

Class I locations are more frequently found in collection facilities as a result of gases and vapors such as methane and hydrogen sulfide, which naturally form in sewage.

Class II and Class III areas are not typically found in collection facilities but are more common in manufacturing or agricultural facilities.

A "Division (Div.)" refers to the probability of a combustion hazard being present. Div. 1 areas are more likely to experience combustible conditions than Div. 2 and may even exhibit combustible conditions under normal operation:

- A Class I Div. 1 area is a location where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases or vapors:
 - Can exist under normal operating conditions.
 - May exist frequently because of maintenance operations.
 - Can exist due to a breakdown or faulty operation of equipment or processes with simultaneous failure of electrical equipment that could cause ignition.

An example of a Class I Div. 1 location within a collection system is an enclosed wet well without sufficient ventilation.

- A Class I Div. 2 area is a location where volatile flammable liquids or flammable gases:
 - Are handled, processed, or used, but will normally be confined within closed containers or closed systems.
 - Can only escape containers or closed systems in cases of accidental rupture or breakdown in case of abnormal operation of equipment.
 - Are normally removed by positive mechanical ventilation but might become hazardous through failure or abnormal operation of the ventilation equipment.

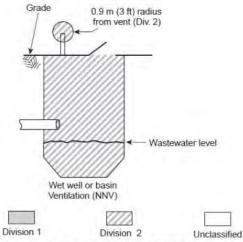


- Are normally prevented from being communicated from an adjacent Class I Div. 1 location but might occur as a result of failure or abnormal operation of ventilation equipment.

Examples of a Class I Div. 2 location within a collection system is the dry well side of a WWPS or below grade wastewater valve vault with a closed piping system and insufficient ventilation, or an enclosed wet well with sufficient ventilation.

Structure openings such as doors, hatches, and vents that connect a classified structure to atmosphere can also hold area classification within a given radius and volume. Figures 1.2 and 1.3 show the extent of area classification for structure openings that serve different area classifications.





Note: Ventilation codes defined in Table 4.2.2 notes.

FIGURE A.4.2(a) Wet Well or Basin Serving a Storm Sewer; Illustration of Table 4.2.2, Row 4.

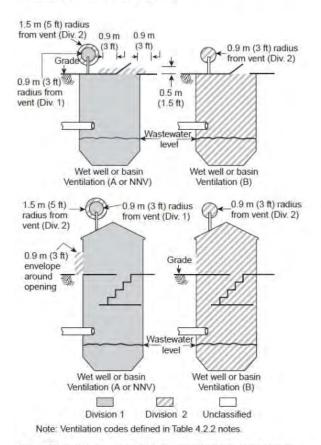
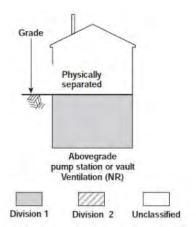


FIGURE A.4.2(b) Wet Well or Basin Serving Separate or Combined Sanitary Sewer; Illustration of Table 4.2.2, Rows 14 and 32.



Note: Ventilation codes defined in Table 4.2.2 notes.

FIGURE A.4.2(c) Abovegrade Equipment Housing or Vault Physically Separated from Wet Well or Basin; Illustration of Table 4.2.2, Rows 16 and 28.

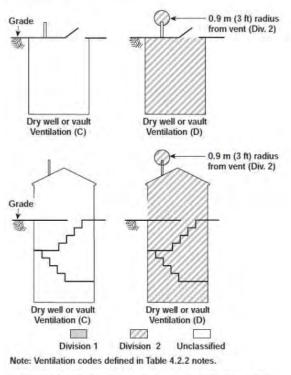
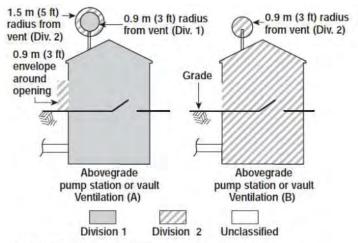


FIGURE A.4.2(d) Belowgrade or Partially Belowgrade Equipment Housing or Vault Physically Separated from Wet Well or Basin; Illustration of Table 4.2.2, Rows 5, 15, 29, and 34.

Figure 1.2 Area Classification of Openings Serving Classified Spaces - Part 1





Note: Ventilation codes defined in Table 4.2.2 notes.

FIGURE A.4.2(e) Abovegrade Equipment Housing or Vault not Physically Separated from Wet Well or Basin; Illustration of Table 4.2.2, Row 17.

Figure 1.3 Area Classification of Openings Serving Classified Spaces - Part 2

The extent of classified areas when evaluating hazardous spaces can play a significant role when applying NFPA 820 to a given structure.

Ventilation also plays a key role in determining the area classification of a given structure. Ventilation of an area is measured in NFPA 820 by the number of ACH. Providing ventilation rates above six (6) or twelve (12) ACH, as specified for each type of area in NFPA 820, can reduce, or declassify, the classification of certain areas from Div. 1 to Div. 2 or from Div. 2 to unclassified. An air change is defined as the exhaust and supply of one full enclosure volume of air over a given period of time. For example, a 10,000 cubic foot (cf) enclosure with a ventilation rate of 1,000 cubic feet per minute (cfm) would yield 6 ACH.

NFPA 820 notes that all mechanically ventilated spaces need to be served by both supply and exhaust fans. However, the standard provides exceptions to this requirement. One exception states:

"For covered process facilities that are not routinely entered by personnel and where mechanically ventilated, the space shall be permitted to be ventilated by exhaust fans only, and the induced supply (outside) air shall meet the ventilation rate specified in the applicable chapter when determining the area classification."

An example of a "not routinely" entered structure is the dry well of a pump station that is only occupied to accommodate periodic operations and/or maintenance. Other exceptions and ventilation requirements are listed in Chapter 9 of NFPA 820.

1.1.1.2 Mitigation Measures

Outside of area classifications, NFPA 820 discusses different methods to reduce hazardous risks. NFPA 820 provides information on ventilation (and ventilation monitoring), electrical equipment requirements, materials of construction, fire protection measures, and audible and visual alarms as ways to address (and/or reduce) risk and comply with area classification. This report categorizes these items as mitigation measures as a function of area classification. This section reviews each measure and explains its significance when assessing a structure for compliance to the NFPA 820 standard.



Electrical Equipment

The classification of an area affects which components of electrical equipment are permitted to be used and installation methods per the NEC. As a means to mitigate risk, certain components are required to be explosion proof or otherwise rated or installed for the appropriate environment. An outline of these electrical equipment requirements is shown in Table 1.1.

 Table 1.1
 Equipment Requirements for Classified Areas

Component	Class I Div. 1 Requirements	Class I Div. 2 Requirements
Wiring Methods	 All must be rated for Class I Div. 1 (usually must be threaded rigid metal conduit), concerned primarily with preventing combustion within the raceway from migrating or causing ignition elsewhere. 	 Less stringent, concerned primarily with preventing gases from migrating between areas with different classifications.
Flexible Connections	All must be rated for Class I Div. 1 (explosion proof or intrinsically safe circuits)	 Requirements are less stringent, and typical liquid tight flexible metal conduit is allowed in most cases.
Boxes	Explosion Proof	 Explosion proof only if contacts, switches, or arc creating components contained.
Motors	Explosion Proof	 Explosion proof or Class I Div. 2 rated only if contacts, switches, arc creating components, or high-temperature components (such as winding heaters) contained.
Fittings	Explosion Proof	 Explosion proof only if contacts, switches, or arc creating components contained.
Conduit Bodies	Explosion Proof	 Explosion proof only if contacts, switches, or arc creating components contained.
Seals	 Required entering all explosion proof enclosures containing components that may produce sparks, arcs, or high temperature. Required when conduit 2 inches or larger and enclosure contains terminals, splices, or taps. Required in every conduit crossing a Class I Div. 1 boundary, within 10 feet of the boundary. 	 Required entering all explosion proof enclosures that may produce sparks, arcs, or high temperature. Required in every conduit crossing a Class I Div. 2 boundary, within 10 feet of the boundary.
Lighting	Entire assembly rated for Class I Div. 1	 Fixtures listed for the environment with operating temperature class (T code) consistent with explosive gases that may be present.

Ventilation

Ventilation serves as one of the mitigation measures indicated by NFPA 820. Ventilation rates can reduce risk by controlling the amount of air changes within a structure and help determine the area classification of a facility. Chapter 9 of NFPA 820 provides a list of requirements for installation of mechanical ventilation within structures.



Because ventilation rates play such a significant role in determining area classification and mitigation measures, NFPA 820 requires ventilation monitoring of all ventilation systems that declassify a given structure. NFPA 820 states:

"All continuous ventilation systems that are used to reduce the classification of a space shall be fitted with flow detection devices connected to alarm signaling systems to indicate inadequate ventilation and ventilation system failure."

Due to this requirement, ventilation monitoring systems have been identified by this report as a mitigation measure.

Materials of Construction

Materials of construction also serves as a mitigation measure required by NFPA 820. Proper selection of construction material can reduce explosion and fire hazards within collection facilities. NFPA 820 breaks down materials of construction into four basic categories:

- Combustible.
- Noncombustible.
- Limited-combustible.
- Low flame spread index.

Chapter 8 of NFPA 820 further explains the requirements of each material category. Each collection facility has a requirement for its material of construction that must be considered. This material of construction is also tied to the facility's area of classification.

Fire Protection

NFPA 820 also considers fire protection measures as a mitigation measure when assessing collection systems. Fire protection measures provide methods for fire control or fire extinguishment. For collection systems, four different fire protection measures are observed:

- Fire Detection Systems.
- Combustible Gas Detection (CGD) Systems.
- Fire Extinguishers.
- Smoke detection systems.

Chapter 7 of NFPA 820 explains the requirements that govern the first three fire protection measures. Chapter 8 Section 8.3.8.2 defines the requirements for smoke detection systems. Essentially, smoke detection systems must be designed to shut down ventilation systems exceeding 2,000 cfm upon detection of smoke. NFPA 820 requires the presence of these fire protection measures within the facility based on its type, area classification, and ventilation capacity.

Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms are required by NFPA 820 for structures that observe a reduction in area classification through ventilation with the exception that dual visual alarms are allowed at the entrance to facilities that are not normally occupied. Auxiliary power supply must also be provided to ensure continuous operation of alarms during failure of normal power supply. These alarms serve as a mitigation measure and aid in determining the type of environment of a collection facility. They serve as warnings to collection facility personnel when combustible gas or hazardous risk is present within each facility. NFPA 820 provides requirements for location and type of these alarms as shown in Table 1.2. Additional requirements for audible and visual alarms can be observed in Chapter 7.6 of NFPA 820.



Table 1.2 Audible and Visual Alarms Location and Type

Location	Alarm Notification Appliances
Entrance(s) to spaces in occupied facilities	Visual and audible alarms
Entrances to remote spaces that are not constantly attended	Visual and audible alarms or a dual light ⁽¹⁾ warning system
Within spaces	Visual and audible alarms
Constantly attended location (local or remote)	Visual and audible alarms

(2) Table 1.2 is a direct copy of NFPA 820 (2020) Table 7.6.1.

1.1.1.3 NFPA Classification of Pumping Stations

NFPA 820 categorizes facilities into three major groups: Collection Systems, Liquid Stream Treatment Processes, and Solids Treatment Processes.

Collection systems are described as buildings and structures involved in the collection and transportation of municipal wastewater. Pumping stations, also referred to as pump stations, fall under the category of collection systems. Under chapter four of the NFPA 820 standard, different types of pumping stations are defined. Typically, pump stations are composed of three areas that pertain to NFPA 820: the pump station structure, which consists of 2 areas, the dry well and wet well, and ancillary facilities such as below-grade meter or valve vaults. As such, each pump station type, component, and physical layout/orientation must be taken into consideration when being assessed for compliance to NFPA 820. Improper categorization of the pump station could lead to reduced fire safety and increased fire hazards. The pump stations that are discussed in this report generally fall under the WWPS category and consist mainly of partially below grade stations with a few exceptions.

Pump Station Structure

The pump station structure consists of two physically separated structures, a dry well and a wet well.

NFPA 820 defines a dry well as:

"The portion of a pumping station designed to provide isolation and shelter or accommodations for controls or equipment associated with pumping of wastewater and designed to completely and permanently exclude wastewater or wastewater-derived atmospheres."

NFPA 820 also defines a wet well as:

"The portion of the pumping station that receives and temporarily stores wastewater for the purpose of pumping."

It is important to note that pump stations can exist without the existence of a dry well and only have a wet well with submersible pumps. For the purposes of this report, and the pump stations assessed for this project, the definition provided by the standard is maintained with the exception of two pump stations (Pump Stations No. 4 and No. 14).

NFPA 820 further differentiates pump station types by indicating differences between storm water and wastewater pump stations. The pump stations evaluated in this report are under the wastewater pump stations category.

The standard further breaks down each type of pump station into physical construction of the station: below grade or partially below grade, above grade, and above grade with no physical separation from the wet well.



NFPA 820 defines physical separated structures as:

"Structures that have a gas tight partition between two adjacent spaces, or two nonadjacent spaces, with no means of gas communication between the spaces and where personnel entry into the spaces is by individual, exterior access ports with no physical connection, or an airlock."

Area Classification

Area classifications consists of class and division. It is a function of combustible hazard present, physical space, and ventilation rates. All pump stations are categorized as a Class I facility due to the presence of combustible gases and vapors.

WWPS wet wells are classified as Div. 1 if the structure is not ventilated or ventilated at less than 12 ACH. Wet wells are classified as Div. 2 if continuously mechanically ventilated at 12 ACH or more.

Below Grade Pump Stations

Below grade or partially below grade WWPS dry wells that are physically separated from their wet wells are classified as Div. 2 if the structure is not ventilated or ventilated at less than 6 ACH. These dry wells are unclassified if continuously mechanically ventilated at 6 ACH or more.

Above Grade Pump Stations

Above grade WWPSs that are physically separated from their wet well are unclassified regardless of ventilation rates.

Above grade WWPSs that are not physically separated from their wet well are Div. 1 if the structure is not ventilated or ventilated at less than 12 ACH. These pumping stations are Div. 2 if continuously mechanically ventilated at 12 ACH or more.

Exemptions

Some pump stations can be exempt from having the presence of both supply and exhaust fans in order to declassify a space depending on their occupancy. As indicated previously, NFPA 820 can take exception for covered structures that are not routinely occupied. These non-routinely occupied spaces can utilize exhaust fans with passive supply in lieu of a supply fan to declassify their space.

Note that any vents, doors, or hatches that service these pump station structures contain an additional classification for a given envelope. The extent of classification for all pump stations extends to the entire closed space if not physically separated.

Table 1.3 summarizes the information described above.

Table 1.3 Pump Station Area Classifications

Pump Station Type	Class	Ventilation Rate (ACH)	Division	Extent of Classified Area
Wastewater numb station wet well	- 1	<12	1	Enclosed Space
Wastewater pump station wet well	1	≥12	2	Enclosed Space
Below grade or partially below grade	1	<6	2	Enclosed Space
wastewater pump station dry well	1	≥6	Unclassified	Enclosed Space
Above grade wastewater pump station - Physically separated from wet well	1	N/A	Unclassified	Enclosed Space
Above grade wastewater pump station -	1	<12	1	Enclosed Space
Not Physically separated from wet well	ı	≥12	2	Enclosed Space



Mitigation Measures

NFPA 820 provides specific mitigation measures for the different types of pump stations.

Ventilation

As indicated by Table 1.3, pump stations can be operated at higher ventilation rates to declassify their area classification to mitigate risk. Flow monitoring devices must be provided in pump stations that use ventilation to reduce their classification. Installed electrical equipment must comply with the area classification of the pump station structure.

Materials of Construction

Pump station dry well and wet well construction materials must be noncombustible, limited-combustible, or have a low flame spread index. An exception must be taken for above grade WWPSs - not physically separated from a wet well that is Div. 1. In this scenario, only noncombustible materials are allowed.

Fire Protection

For fire protection measures, WWPS wet wells require the use of CGD systems only when it is mechanically ventilated or opens into a building interior. The remaining pump station structures only require the presence of a fire extinguisher. If the pump station structures are mechanically ventilated at rates higher than 2000 cfm a smoke detection system that shuts down the ventilation system upon detection of smoke must be installed.

Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms must be installed in WWPS wet wells that are mechanically ventilated. Below grade or partially below grade WWPS dry wells and above grade WWPSs that are not physically separated require audible and visual alarms if mechanically vented. Above grade WWPSs that are physically separated from their wet well do not require audible and visual alarms under any scenario.

Mitigation measures for each pump station are summarized in Table 1.4.

Table 1.4 Pump Station Mitigation Measures

Pump Station Type	Materials of Construction	Fire Protection Measures	Alarms
Wastewater pump station wet well	NC, LC, or LFS	CGD, if mechanically ventilated or opens to a building interior	Yes, if mechanically ventilated or opens to a building interior
Below grade or partially below grade wastewater pump station dry well	NC, LC, or LFS	FE	Yes, if mechanically ventilated to declassify space
Above grade wastewater pump station - Physically separated from wet well	NC, LC, or LFS	FE	No
Above grade wastewater pump station - Not Physically separated from wet well	NC (if Div. 1) NC, LC, or LFS (if Div. 2)	FE	Yes, if mechanically ventilated to declassify space

Note:

 $Abbreviation: {\sf FE-fire\ extinguisher}.$



Pump Station Ancillary Facilities

Pump station ancillary facilities are structures that are constructed alongside (or in the general vicinity of) pump stations to aid in the conveyance of water and wastewater. Below grade vaults are the most common type of pump station ancillary facility.

NFPA 820 defines vaults as:

"An enclosed structure, usually underground, used to permit personnel access to various types of equipment and instrumentation."

These vaults may contain pipes, valves, and/or flow measuring elements/devices that measures the flow capacity of the pump stations. These structures can accumulate vapors from flammable or combustible liquids, and therefore need to be considered in an NFPA 820 assessment.

Area Classification

NFPA 820 defines two types of below grade valve vaults and two types of metering vaults. However, the suggested mitigation measures within NFPA 820 for below grade valve and metering vaults are identical, so for the purposes of this report, below grade valve vaults and below grade metering vaults will be treated simply as below grade vaults for simplicity. The two types of below grade vaults are generally defined as:

- Below grade vaults that are physically separated from the wet well with a closed piping system.
- Below grade vaults with an exposed wastewater surface.

Both types of vaults fall under the collection facilities category and are categorized as Class I due to the presence of vapors and gases.

Below grade vaults that are physically separated from the wet well with a closed piping system are Div. 2 if not normally ventilated and unclassified if continuously ventilated at 6 ACH.

Below grade vaults with an exposed wastewater surface are Div. 1 if not normally ventilated and Div. 2 if continuously ventilated at 12 ACH.

It is important to note that some below grade vaults are exempt from having both a supply and exhaust fan to declassify a space depending on their occupancy. As indicated previously, NFPA 820 takes exception for covered structures that are not routinely occupied. These non-routinely occupied spaces can utilize only exhaust fans with passive supply to declassify their space.

Note that any vents, doors, or hatches that service these below grade vault structures contain an additional classification for a given envelope. The extent of classification for all below grade vaults extends to the entire closed space if not physically separated.

Below grade vault area classification is summarized in Table 1.5.

Table 1.5 Below Grade Vault Area Classifications

Vault Type	Class	Ventilation Rate	Division	Extent of Classified Area
Below grade vault - Physically separated from the wet well and with closed piping	ı	Not normally Ventilated	2	Enclosed Space
system		≥6	Unclassified	Enclosed Space
Below grade vault with an exposed	1	Not Normally Ventilated	1	Enclosed Space
wastewater surface		≥12 2		Enclosed Space



Mitigation Measures

NFPA 820 provides specific mitigation measures for the two different types of below grade vaults.

Ventilation

As indicated by Table 5, below grade vaults can be operated at higher ventilation rates to declassify their area classification to mitigate risk. Flow monitoring devices must be provided in below grade vaults that use ventilation to reduce their classification. Installed electrical equipment must comply with the area classification of the below grade vault.

Materials of Construction

Materials of construction for below grade vaults must be noncombustible, limited-combustible, or have a low flame spread index. An exception must be taken for below grade vaults with exposed wastewater surface that is not normally ventilated. In this scenario, only noncombustible materials of construction are allowed.

Fire Protection

CGD or fire extinguishers are not required for either type of below grade vaults. If the vaults are ventilated at rates greater 2,000 cfm then a smoke detection system must be installed that shuts down the ventilation system upon detection of smoke.

Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms must be installed in below grade vaults that are mechanically ventilated and observe a declassification in space.

Table 1.6 summarizes the information discussed above.

Table 1.6 Below Grade Vault Mitigation Measures

Vault Type	Materials of Construction	Fire Protection Measures	Audible and Visual Alarms
Below grade vault – Physically separated from the wet well and with closed piping system	NC, LC, or LFS	NR	Yes, if ventilated to declassify space
Below grade vault with an exposed wastewater surface	NC (if Div. 1) NC, LC, or LFS (if Div. 2)	NR	Yes, if ventilated to declassify space

Note:

Abbreviation: NR - not required.

1.2 City Pumping Stations

Pumping stations are crucial to the transportation of wastewater. They provide the ability to collect and convey wastewater to treatment facilities from locations unserviceable by a sewer gravity pipe. However, WWPS structures can accumulate combustible gases and become susceptible to hazardous conditions. Therefore, pump stations must provide provisions such as ventilation systems and alarm systems in order to maintain function and reduce hazardous risk. NFPA 820 provides design standards that can be validated when assessing existing pump stations with regards to these hazardous environments. Eighteen (18) existing pump stations were reviewed, observed, and assessed for the City with respect to NFPA 820. During



these assessments, two different types of pump stations were essentially observed: 1) Dry Well / Wet Well pump stations; and 2) Submersible pump stations.

The following sections provide background information on the observed pump station types and ancillary facilities.

1.2.1 Dry Well / Wet Well Pump Stations

Dry Well / Wet Well pump stations are pump station facilities that consist of a WWPS wet well and a below grade or partially below grade WWPS dry well. In these pump stations, the dry well and the wet well are physically separated, and the pumps reside within the dry well. The wet well area classification is Class I Div. 1 when ventilation rates are less than 12 ACH and Class I Div. 2 when ventilation rates are 12 ACH or more. The dry well area classification is Class I Div. 2 when ventilation rates are less than 6 ACH and unclassified when ventilation rates are 6 ACH or more. Dry Well / Wet Well pump stations observed for these assessments are not routinely occupied, therefore, are exempt from being serviced by both supply and exhaust fans. These non-routinely occupied spaces can utilize only exhaust fans with passive supply to declassify their space. The extent of their area of classification is throughout the entire closed space. See Figure 1.4 for a section view of a typical City Dry Well / Wet Well installation and Table 1.7 for a summary of area classifications.

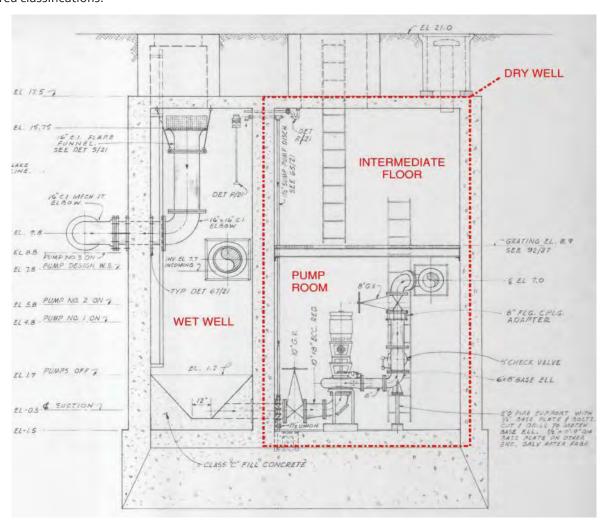


Figure 1.4 Typical Dry Well / Wet Well Pump Installation - Existing WWPS No. 18



Table 1.7 Dry Well / Wet Well Pump Station Area Classifications

Dry Well / Wet Well Pump Station Structures	NFPA Location/Function	NFPA Table Reference	Ventilation Requirements	Extent of Classified Area
Dry well	Below grade or Partially below grade pumping station dry well	Table 4.2.2 Row 15	<6 ACH (Class I Div. 2) ≥6 (Unclassified)	Enclosed Space
Wet well	Wastewater pumping station wet wells	Table 4.2.2 Row 14	<12 ACH (Class I Div. 1) ≥12 (Class I Div. 2)	Enclosed Space

1.2.2 Submersible Pump Stations

Submersible pump stations are pump station facilities that only consist of a WWPS wet well. These stations contain centrifugal pumps that can be submerged under wastewater inside the wet well and pump out of the wet well through closed piping systems. In submersible pump stations, the wet well is classified as Class I Div. 1 when ventilation rates are less than 12 ACH and Class I Div. 2 when ventilation rates are 12 ACH or more. Submersible pump stations observed for these assessments are not routinely occupied, therefore, are exempt from being serviced by both supply and exhaust fans. These non-routinely occupied spaces can utilize only exhaust fans with passive supply to declassify their space. The extent of their area of classification is throughout the entire closed space. See Figure 1.5 for a section view of a typical City Submersible Pump Station installation and Table 1.8 for a summary of area classifications.

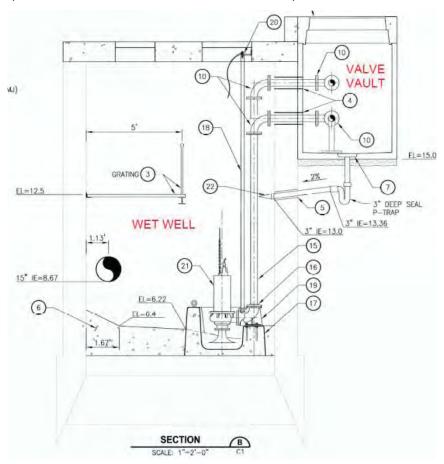


Figure 1.5 Typical Submersible Pump Station Installation - Existing WWPS No. 14



Table 1.8 Submersible Pump Station Area Classifications

Submersible Pump Station Structure	NFPA Location/Function	NFPA Table Reference	Ventilation Requirements	Extent of Classified Area
Wet well	Wastewater pumping station wet wells	Table 4.2.2 Row 14	<12 ACH (Class I Div. 1) ≥12 (Class I Div. 2)	Enclosed Space

1.2.3 Ancillary Facilities

As previously mentioned, and shown in Figure 1.5, pump stations typically contain ancillary facilities that aid in the collection and conveyance of wastewater. The existing pump stations observed included below grade valve or metering vaults adjacent to the pump stations. These below grade vaults were physically separated from the wet well and contained closed piping systems. These ancillary facilities are classified as Class I Div. 2 if not normally ventilated and unclassified if ventilated at rates of 6 ACH or more. Below grade vaults observed for these assessments are not routinely occupied, therefore, are exempt from being serviced by both supply and exhaust fans. These non-routinely occupied spaces can utilize exhaust fans with passive supply to declassify their space. The extent of their area of classification is throughout the entire closed space. See Table 1.9 for a summary of below grade vault classifications and requirements.

Table 1.9 Below Grade Vaults Area Classifications

Metering Vault Structure	NFPA Location / Function	NFPA Table Reference	Ventilation Requirements	Extent of Classified Area
Below grade valve vault	Below grade valve vault - physically separated from the wet well and with closed piping system	Table 4.2.2 Row 29	Not normally ventilated (Class I Div. 2) ≥6 (Unclassified)	Enclosed Space
Below grade metering vault	Below grade metering vault - physically separated from wet well and with closed piping system	Table 4.2.2 Row 34	Not normally ventilated (Class I Div. 2) ≥6 (Unclassified)	Enclosed Space

Each pump station assessed was categorized by pump station type and presence of ancillary facilities.





Section 2

WWPS NFPA 820 ASSESSMENT SCOPE AND METHODS

Eighteen (18) existing PSs were included in this NFPA 820 assessment for the City. Carollo reviewed existing documents, conducted field visits, and performed an analysis to determine the appropriate improvements necessary to comply with the current NFPA 820 standards.

2.1 Review Existing Documents

Existing drawings, ventilation systems, TAB report, building layout and dimensions, mechanical and electrical equipment, and pump station types were all reviewed and discussed prior to conducting field visits.

2.2 Conduct Pump Station Field Visit

Carollo performed two days of on-site assessment of each pump station. Assessments were performed on July 14th and October 20th, 2020. The assessment team included Carollo, Follett Engineering, and City staff. The assessment team performed assessments on eighteen (18) pump stations noting items that are noncompliant to the NFPA 820 standard. Photos and notes were taken to document conditions at the time of the field visits. Items noted during the NFPA 820 assessment related to NFPA compliance included:

- For area classification:
 - Physical space of the pump station and its ancillary facilities:
 - Presence of a dry well, wet well, and below grade vaults.
 - Enclosure of dry well, wet well, and below grade vaults.
 - Extent of area classification.
 - Structure openings presence of vents, doors, hatches, etc...
 - Ventilation:
 - Physical separation of dry well, wet well, and below grade vaults.
 - Sources of combustible gases.
- For mitigation measures:
 - Ventilation:
 - Methods of ventilation:
 - Exhaust vs. Supply.
 - Passive, Mechanical, or None.
 - Flow monitoring devices:
 - Presence of flow monitoring device.
 - Condition of device.
 - Electrical equipment:
 - Compliance to area classification on all electrical equipment.
 - Materials of construction:
 - Noncombustible, limited combustible, or low flame spread index materials.
 - Presence of combustible materials inside the pump station.



- Fire protection measures:
 - Presence of CGD systems.
 - Presence of fire extinguishers.
 - Presence of smoke detection systems.
- Audible and visual alarms:
 - Presence of alarms outside and within each pump station.

2.3 Conduct Pump Station NFPA 820 Analysis

Information (photos, notes, and existing drawings) collected during field visits was analyzed and reviewed against NFPA 820. Pump station structure and ancillary facilities were reviewed to determine existing area classification and presence of mitigation measures. Air change calculations for each space were conducted based on As-Built drawings, field obtained measurements, and an existing TAB report to determine area classification with regards to the existing ventilation system. These calculations are included in Appendix A. Each pump station was evaluated for upgrades and/or modifications for compliance with the NFPA 820 standard. Improvements are presented for each pump station in Section 3 of this report.



Section 3

WWPS NFPA 820 ASSESSMENT

The seventeen (17) WWPSs and one (1) flushing pump station included in the NFPA 820 assessment surround the island and are located along the City's lake line sewer system.

Table 3.1 summarizes the pump station types, associated ancillary facilities, and right of way at each pump station. The improvements highlighted in this section reflect the current conditions of each pump station at the time of the visit.

The following sections summarize the NFPA 820 assessment results for each of the 17 WWPSs and one flushing pump station.

Table 3.1 Pump Station NFPA 820 Classification

Pump Station Number	Pump Station Type	Ancillary Facilities	Public/Private Property
1	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
4	Submersible	Below grade vaults	Right of Way
10	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
11	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
12	Dry Well (Flushing)	None	Right of Way
13	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
14	Submersible	Below grade vaults	Right of Way
15	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
16	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
17	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
18	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
19	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
20	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Right of Way
21	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
22	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
23	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
24	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private
25	Dry Well / Wet Well	None	Private



3.1 Wastewater Pump Station No. 1

WWPS No. 1 is located on an upland site at 8004 SE 20th Street, in the grassy backyard of an adjoining residential property. The site is currently accessible by vehicle followed by a short walk around the side of a residential home. The pump station was placed in service in 1955 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a single level structure with a mezzanine platform that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.1 shows a location map of WWPS No. 1. The location maps presented within this report for all assessed PSs are small screenshots from the City of Mercer Island's 2018 General Sewer Plan.

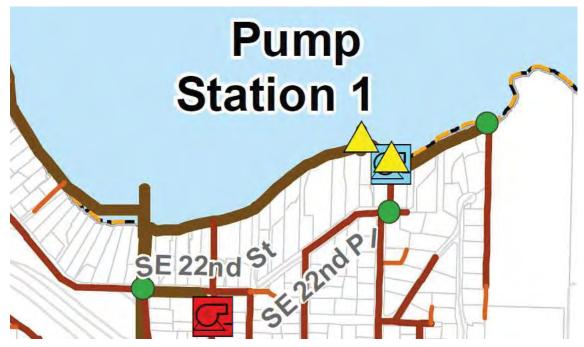


Figure 3.1 WWPS No. 1 Location Map

3.1.1 Observations

3.1.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains a single pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.1.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust directly into the wet well. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment. The wet well does not contain any form of mechanical ventilation aside from the exhaust fan discharge ducting from the dry well. Supply air enters the dry well space through small cracks at the hatch at grade (i.e., there is no dedicated supply air duct).

3.1.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and local control panels (LCPs).



3.1.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.1.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. A fire extinguisher is located on the mezzanine platform behind a valve actuator. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.1.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.1.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 1.

3.1.2 Assessment Results

3.1.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 1 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall. However, the dry well is not physically separated as defined by the NFPA 820 standard. The existing exhaust fan duct discharge inside the wet well provides a conduit for gas to travel from the wet well back to the dry well in the event of a fan failure. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 1.

3.1.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 220 cfm; however, the actual airflow capacity is 160 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 11.6 ACH within the dry well. The ventilation system operates continuously; however, a minimum of 12 ACH is required to declassify the current dry well from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2. In addition, the existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.1.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 1 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 1 space.

3.1.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.1.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

A fire extinguisher is provided in the dry well on the mezzanine platform behind a valve actuator. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required by NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed and are required due to the station's current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.1.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.



3.1.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.1.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 1 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.1.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2 by establishing a physically separated dry well. The existing exhaust duct that terminates inside the wet well should be rerouted to terminate outside of the pump station at grade and its existing penetration into the wet well should be sealed completely.

3.1.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity is sufficient to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space provided that the wet well is physically separated from the wet well. If a physically separated pump room cannot be achieved, fan flow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 12 ACH to declassify the space from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. A fan flow monitoring system must also be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected. Supply air duct must be provided to facilitate air flow through the dry well.

3.1.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. An unclassified area classification will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.1.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station materials of construction.

3.1.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

The existing fire extinguisher should be in a more easily accessible location. A CGD system must be installed if a physical separation between the dry well and wet well is not achieved.

3.1.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.1.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.2 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 1.



Table 3.2 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 1

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Existing fan exhaust duct terminates inside the wet well. Dry Well / Wet Well not physically separated. Class I Div. 1 Space. 	 Reroute fan exhaust duct and terminate outside of pump station. Seal existing exhaust duct penetration into wet well.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 11.6 ACH⁽¹⁾. No HVAC ducts to facilitate air supply into WWPS. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 12 ACH minimum for Dry Well / Wet Well if no physical separation. Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system. Install supply duct to facilitate air flow inside dry well.
Electrical equipment	N/A	• Not rated for Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space.	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	 No CGD system installed. Fire extinguisher is present at the mezzanine. 	 Locate fire extinguisher in a more accessible location. Install CGD system in Dry Well if not physically separated from Wet Well.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault Notes:	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.

Abbreviation: HVAC - heating, ventilation, and air conditioning.

(1) See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.

3.2 Wastewater Pump Station No. 4

WWPS No. 4 is located on an upland site at 2237 60th Avenue SE below the I-90 bridge. A parking lot and asphalt driveway / walking path provide access to the pump station. The pump station was constructed in 2008 and is understood to have a firm pumping capacity of 2000 gallons per minute (gpm) per discussions with the City. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of only a wet well, some ancillary below grade vaults, and a below grade odor control vault. The wet well structure is used to contain sewage and includes submersible pumps to convey raw sewage from the wet well into the lake line sewer system.



It is understood that per previous conversations with the City, WWPS No. 4 will not require extensive SCADA upgrades and therefore only a high-level assessment was performed. This high-level assessment did not produce any recommended improvements.

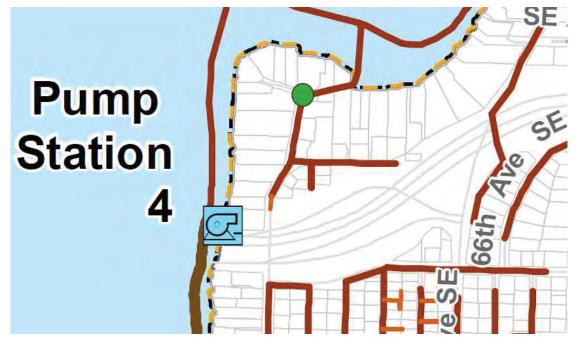


Figure 3.2 WWPS No. 4 Location Map

3.3 Wastewater Pump Station No. 10

WWPS No. 10 is on City-owned property at 9036 N. Mercer Way located on the shoreline. The site is currently accessible only by foot through a steep and slick road surrounded by overgrown vegetation. The pump station was placed in service in 1961, and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.3 shows a location map of WWPS No. 10.



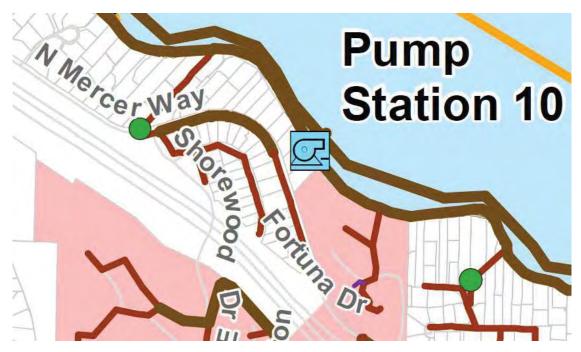


Figure 3.3 WWPS No. 10 Location Map

3.3.1 Observations

3.3.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.3.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment. Supply air enters the dry well space via infiltration only i.e., there is no dedicated supply air duct and air infiltrates through the small cracks at the hatch at grade.

3.3.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.3.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.3.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment

3.3.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.



3.3.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 10.

3.3.2 Assessment Results

3.3.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 10 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall. However, the dry well is not physically separated as defined by the NFPA 820 standard. The existing exhaust duct above grade is less than 3 feet away and less than 1.5 feet above from the wet well manhole which provides a conduit for gas to travel from the wet well back to the dry well in the event of a fan failure. In addition, some of the abandoned conduit penetrations into the wet well are not gas tight i.e. fully sealed, therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 1.

3.3.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 220 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 210 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in 9.4 ACH within the dry well. The ventilation system operates continuously; however, a minimum of 12 ACH is required to declassify the current dry well from Class I Div.1 to Class I Div. 2. In addition, the existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.3.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 1 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 1 space.

3.3.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.3.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are required due to its current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.3.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.3.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.3.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 10 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.3.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2 by establishing a physically separated dry well. The existing exhaust duct at grade should be rerouted to terminate, at a



minimum, 3 feet away from the existing wet well manhole or extended to terminate 1.5 feet minimum above the manhole lid. Existing conduit penetrations into the wet well that are not fully sealed should be sealed completely.

3.3.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity is sufficient to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space provided that the dry well is physically separated from the pump room. If a physically separated pump room cannot be achieved, fan flow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 12 ACH to declassify the space from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. A fan flow monitoring system must also be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected. Supply air duct must be provided to facilitate air flow through the dry well.

3.3.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.3.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.3.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

A CGD system should be installed if a physical separation between the dry well and wet well is not achieved.

3.3.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.3.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.3 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 10.

Table 3.3 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 10

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Existing exhaust duct terminates less than 3 feet away and less than 1.5 feet above wet well manhole. Existing conduit penetrations are not fully sealed. Dry Well / Wet Well not physically separated. Class I Div. 1 Space. 	 Reroute exhaust duct and terminate 3 feet away or 1.5 feet above from wet well manhole at a minimum. Seal existing conduit penetrations.



Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 9.4 ACH⁽¹⁾. No HVAC ducts to facilitate air supply into WWPS. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 12 ACH minimum for Dry Well if no physical separation between Dry Well / Wet Well. Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system. Install supply duct to facilitate air flow inside dry well.
Electrical equipment	N/A	• Not rated for Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space.	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	 No CGD system installed. Fire extinguisher is present on all levels. 	 Install CGD system in Dry Well if not physically separated from Wet Well.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A for m	ore information on airflo	w calculations.	

3.4 Wastewater Pump Station No. 11

WWPS No. 11 is on an upland site at 3309 97th Avenue SE, within a street end park (Fruitland Landing). The site is accessible by vehicle followed by a short walk through a gravel path. The pump station was placed in service in 1961, and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. It is understood that WWPS No. 11 is in the process of being converted from a Dry Well / Wet Well Pump Station to a submersible style pump station, therefore, an NFPA assessment of the existing pump station was not performed. The design engineer responsible for the conversion of WWPS No. 11 should review the pump station design with regards to the NFPA 820 standard. Figure 3.4 shows a location map of WWPS No. 11.



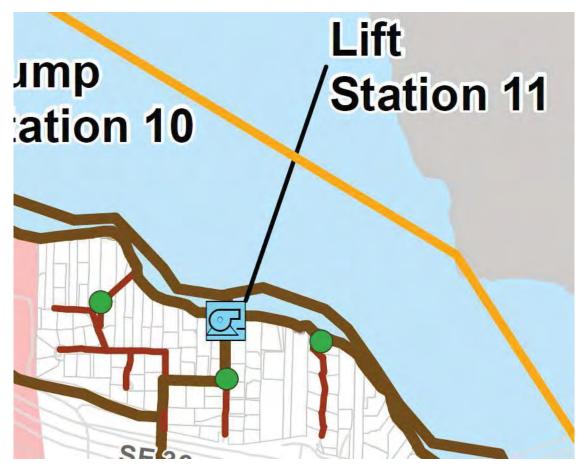


Figure 3.4 WWPS No. 11 Location Map

3.5 Flushing Pump Station No. 12

Flushing Pump Station No. 12 is on an upland site at 4006 E. Mercer Way, in the grassy backyard of the adjoining residential property and within public right of way. The site is accessible by vehicle followed by a short walk through a residential backyard. The pump station was placed in service in 1961 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of only a dry well structure with a single pump that pulls water from the lake structure and discharges to the lake line system. Since the flushing pump station does not handle and/or store raw sewage or storm water, Flushing PS No. 12 does not need to be assessed per NFPA 820 standards and no recommended improvements have been identified for this pump station. Figure 3.5 shows a location map of Flushing PS No. 12.





Figure 3.5 Flushing PS No. 12 Location Map

3.6 Wastewater Pump Station No. 13

WWPS No. 13 is located on an upland site at 3897 W. Mercer Way in the middle of two grassy backyards of 4003 W. Mercer Way and 3887 W. Mercer Way. The site is currently accessible through a set of wooden access platforms and stairs that connect to a resident's back patio. The pump station was placed in service in 1961 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.6 shows a location map of WWPS No. 13.





Figure 3.6 WWPS No. 13 Location Map

3.6.1 Observations

3.6.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.6.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade. The existing exhaust fan does not produce enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment. Supply air enters the dry well space via infiltration only i.e., there is no dedicated supply air duct and air infiltrates through the small cracks at the hatch at grade.

3.6.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.6.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.6.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.6.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.



3.6.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 13.

3.6.2 Assessment Results

3.6.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 13 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.6.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown, and no supporting documents provide this information, however, the actual airflow capacity is 75 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 3 ACH within the dry well which is not enough to declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified (6 ACH minimum). The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.6.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.6.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.6.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.6.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.6.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.6.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 13 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.6.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified by improving dry well ventilation.



3.6.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. Supply air duct must be provided to facilitate air flow through the dry well. A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.6.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.6.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.6.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.6.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.6.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.4 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 13.

Table 3.4 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 13

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	 Declassify space from Class I Div. 2 to Unclassified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 3.03 ACH⁽¹⁾. No HVAC ducts to facilitate air supply into WWPS. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 6 ACH minimum for Dry Well Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system. Install supply duct to facilitate air flow inside dry well.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.



Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.

⁽¹⁾ See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.

3.7 Wastewater Pump Station No. 14

WWPS No. 14 is on an upland site at 4315 Forest Avenue, within a street end park (Forest Landing) and along the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is accessible by vehicle via Forest Avenue. The pump station was converted into a submersible pump station and placed into service in 2014. It's designed firm pumping capacity is 200 gpm as indicated in the provided As-Builts. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and two below grade vaults. The wet well structure contains submersible pumps and ancillary equipment. The below grade vaults contain various valves and piping. Figure 3.7 shows a location map of WWPS No. 14.

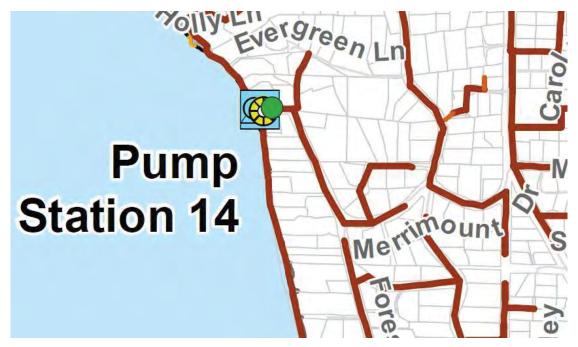


Figure 3.7 WWPS No. 14 Location Map



3.7.1 Observations

3.7.1.1 Area Classification

The pump station is a submersible pump station and does not contain a separate dry well. All pumping equipment, piping, and ancillary equipment are housed inside the wet well and below grade vaults. The wet well and below grade vaults are physically separated and can only be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade. The ladder within the wet well terminates to an intermediate floor with metal grating. The site contains two separate below grade valve vaults; one below grade valve vault with closed piping and one below grade valve vault with an exposed wastewater surface.

3.7.1.2 Ventilation

The wet well is passively ventilated by a gooseneck vent that terminates above grade. The below grade vaults do not contain any form of ventilation.

3.7.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The wet well and below grade vaults contain various electrical equipment such as submersible motors, lighting, and various instrumentation. The pump station LCPs are located inside a stainless steel (SST) enclosure outdoors and adjacent to the pump station wet well.

3.7.1.4 Materials of Construction

The wet well and below grade vaults are constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.7.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The wet well does not contain any CGD sensors. No fire extinguishers and smoke detectors were observed at either the wet well or below grade vaults. A fire extinguisher is located inside the LCP.

3.7.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed at the pump station.

3.7.2 Assessment Results

3.7.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 14 is categorized as a submersible pump station. The pump station does not have a dry well and all pumps, piping, and instrumentation are housed inside the wet well or below grade vaults.

- Wet well:
 - Since the wet well is not mechanically ventilated, the area classification of the wet well is Class I Div. 1.
- Below grade vaults:
 - Since both below grade vaults are not ventilated, the below grade vault with a closed piping system is Class I Div. 2 and the below grade vault with an exposed wastewater surface is Class I Div. 1.

3.7.2.2 Ventilation

Since the wet well is not mechanically ventilated and below grade vaults are not ventilated, no ventilation assessments were performed.

3.7.2.3 Electrical Equipment

The existing intrusion and limit switches are not rated for either Class I Div. 1 space or Class I Div. 2 space and require further investigation for presence of intrinsically safe circuits. The submersible pump motors and



lighting inside the wet well are assumed to be Class I Div. 1 rated per the existing drawings provided by the City. The existing LCP SST enclosure intake air vent is both less than 3 feet away and 1.5 feet above the wet well hatch opening and is not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. The electrical conduits that run to and from the wet well appear to be unsealed and terminate less than 3 feet away. These unsealed conduits provide an avenue for hazardous gas to travel from the wet well to the LCP.

3.7.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.7.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

A fire extinguisher is located inside the LCP. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.7.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment and are not required per NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are only required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.7.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 14 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.7.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. Current pump station design practice typically maintains submersible pump stations as Class I Div. 1, below grade vaults with closed piping systems as Class I Div. 2 and below grade vaults with exposed wastewater surfaces as Class I Div. 1.

3.7.3.2 Ventilation

Since no mechanical ventilation is present at the pump station, no ventilation improvements were identified.

3.7.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. The existing conduit that runs to and from the wet well must be completely sealed. The LCP SST enclosure vent must be relocated 3 feet away or 1.5 feet above the existing wet well hatch minimum or replaced with a Class I Div. 2 rated LCPs. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power such as intrusion and limit switches must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification.

3.7.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.7.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.7.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No improvements were identified on pump station audible and visual alarms.

Table 3.5 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 14.



Table 3.5 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 14

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Row 14 Figure A.4.2(a)	Submersible type pump station.Class I Div. 1 Space.	No improvements identified.
Below grade valve vaults	Table 4.2.2. Row 29 & Row 30	• Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space.	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Row 14 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Passive ventilation on Wet Well. No ventilation on below grade vaults. 	No improvements identified.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Intrusion and limit switches are not rated for either Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space. Unsealed conduits are less than 5 feet away from enclosure vent. Wet well hatch is less than 3 feet away and 1.5 feet above enclosure vent. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification. Seal existing conduits. Relocate enclosure vent 3 feet away or 1.5 feet above minimum from wet well hatch or rated for Class I Div. 2 environment.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Row 14 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Row 14 Section 7.4	No CGD system.Fire extinguisher inside LCP.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible and visual alarms observed. 	No improvements identified.

3.8 Wastewater Pump Station No. 15

WWPS No. 15 is on an upland site at 4765 Forest Avenue SE, within a street end park (Miller Landing) and along the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is currently accessible by a set of wooden stairs that leads down to the pump station. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.8 shows a location map of WWPS No. 15.



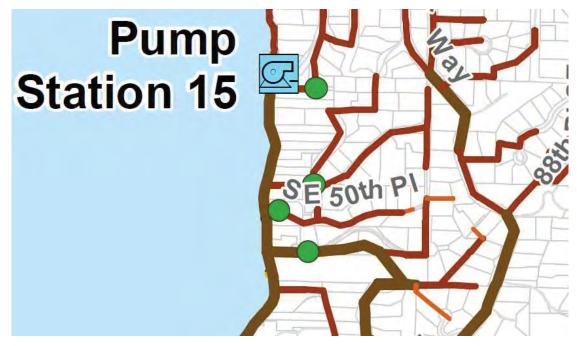


Figure 3.8 WWPS No. 15 Location Map

3.8.1 Observations

3.8.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.8.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.8.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.8.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.8.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.8.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.8.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 15.



3.8.2 Assessment Results

3.8.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 15 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.8.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 400 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 310 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 16.9 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.8.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.8.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.8.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.8.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.8.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.8.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 15 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.8.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.8.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.



3.8.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The Dry Well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.8.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.8.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.8.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.8.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.6 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 15.

Table 3.6 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 15

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well.	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 16.9 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified.	No improvements identified.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	 No CGD system installed. Fire extinguisher is present on all levels. 	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible or visual alarm systems installed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A for m	ore information on airflo	w calculations.	





3.9 Wastewater Pump Station No. 16

WWPS No. 16 is on an upland site at 5495 W. Mercer Way, within a street end park (SE 56th Street Landing) at the end of a gravel path that terminates at the Lake Washington shoreline. Removable wooden bollards at the end of Brook Bay Road provide vehicle access to the gravel path that leads to the pump station. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.9 shows a location map of WWPS No. 16.

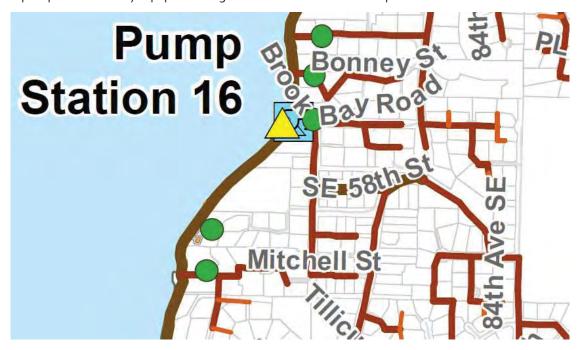


Figure 3.9 WWPS No. 16 Location Map

3.9.1 Observations

3.9.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.9.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.9.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.9.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.



3.9.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.9.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.9.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 16.

3.9.2 Assessment Results

3.9.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 16 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall. However, the dry well is not physically separated as defined by the NFPA 820 standard. The existing Bioxide dosing location is not completely sealed and gas tight which provides a path for gas to travel from the wet well back to the dry well. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 1.

3.9.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 400 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 365 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 11.3 ACH within the dry well. The ventilation system operates continuously; however, a minimum of 12 ACH is required to declassify the current dry well from Class I Div.1 to Class I Div. 2. In addition, the existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.9.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 1 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 1 space.

3.9.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.9.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are required due to its current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.9.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.9.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.



3.9.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 16 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.9.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2 by establishing a physically separated dry well. The existing Bioxide dosing location needs to be completely sealed to prevent wet well gas from traveling back into the dry well.

3.9.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity is sufficient to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space provided that the dry well is physically separated from the pump room. If a physically separated pump room cannot be achieved, fan flow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 12 ACH to declassify the space from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. A fan flow monitoring system must also be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.9.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.9.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.9.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

A CGD system should be installed if a physical separation between the dry well and wet well is not achieved.

3.9.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.9.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.7 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 16.



Table 3.7 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 16

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well / Wet Well not physically separated. Class I Div. 1 Space. 	 Completely seal off Bioxide dosing location to reduce area classification.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 11.3 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 12 ACH minimum for Dry Well / Wet Well if no physical separation. Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Not rated for Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system.Fire extinguisher is present at all levels of the pump station.	 Install CGD system in Dry Well if not physically separated from Wet Well.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible and visual alarms observed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.

(1) See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.



3.10 Wastewater Pump Station No. 17

WWPS No. 17 is on an upland site at 6415 77th Avenue SE in the backyard of the residential property at 6411 77th Avenue SE and adjacent to the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is currently accessible by foot through a stone pathway. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.10 shows a location map of WWPS No. 17.

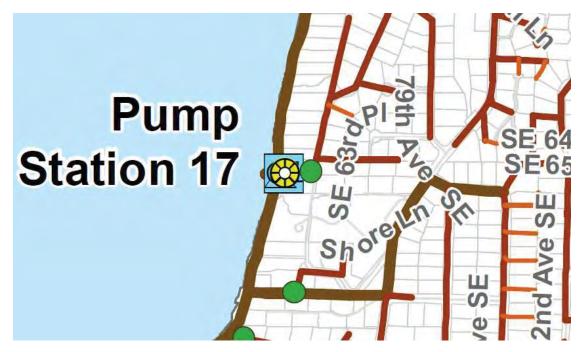


Figure 3.10 WWPS No. 17 Location Map

3.10.1 Observations

3.10.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.10.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.10.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.10.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.



3.10.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.10.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.10.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 17.

3.10.2 Assessment Results

3.10.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 17 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall. However, the dry well is not physically separated as defined by the NFPA 820 standard. The existing supply air duct at grade is less than 3 feet away and less than 1.5 feet above the wet well manhole lid which provides a conduit for gas to travel from the wet well back to the dry well. In addition, some of the existing conduit penetrations into the wet well are not gas tight i.e. fully sealed, therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 1.

3.10.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 400 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 260 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 7.1 ACH within the dry well. The ventilation system operates continuously; however, a minimum of 12 ACH is required to declassify the current dry well from Class I Div.1 to Class I Div. 2. In addition, the existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.10.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 1 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 1 space.

3.10.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.10.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are required due to its current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.10.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.10.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.



3.10.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 17 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.10.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2 by establishing a physically separated dry well. The existing conduits penetrating the wet well needs to be completely sealed to prevent wet well gas from traveling back into the dry well. The existing supply duct at grade should be rerouted to terminate, at a minimum, 3 feet away from or 1.5 feet above the existing wet well manhole.

3.10.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity is sufficient to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space provided that the dry well is physically separated from the pump room. If a physically separated pump room cannot be achieved, fan flow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 12 ACH to declassify the space from Class I Div. 1 to Class I Div. 2. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. A fan flow monitoring system must also be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.10.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.10.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.10.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

A CGD system should be installed if a physical separation between the dry well and wet well is not achieved.

3.10.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.10.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.8 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 17.



Table 3.8 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 17

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Existing supply duct terminates less than 3 feet away and less than 1.5 feet above wet well manhole. Existing conduit penetrations are not fully sealed. Dry Well / Wet Well not physically separated. Class I Div. 1 Space. 	 Reroute supply duct and terminate 3 feet away from or 1.5 feet above the wet well manhole at a minimum. Seal existing conduit penetrations.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 7.1 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 12 ACH minimum for Dry Well / Wet Well if no physical separation. Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Not rated for Class I Div. 1 or Div. 2 space. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system.Fire extinguisher is present at all levels of the pump station.	 Install CGD system in Dry Well if not physically separated from Wet Well.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible and visual alarms observed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.

See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.

3.11 Wastewater Pump Station No. 18

WWPS No. 18 is on an upland site at 7220 Holly Hill Drive, surrounded by vegetation within a flat, marshy area. The site is currently accessible by foot through a combination of gravel and dirt paths. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.11 shows a location map of WWPS No. 18.





Figure 3.11 WWPS No. 18 Location Map

3.11.1 Observations

3.11.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.11.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan does not produce enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.11.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.11.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.11.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.11.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.11.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 18.



3.11.2 Assessment Results

3.11.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 18 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.11.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 400 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 270 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 5.9 ACH within the dry well. The ventilation system operates continuously; however, a minimum of 6 ACH is required to declassify the current dry well from Class I Div.2 to an Unclassified space. In addition, the existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.11.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power is not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.11.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.11.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are required due to its current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.11.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.11.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.11.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 18 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.11.3.1 Area Classification

The current dry well classification must be reduced from Class I Div. 2 to Unclassified by improving ventilation rates.

3.11.3.2 Ventilation

The dry well exhaust fan actual airflow capacity must be increased to provide a minimum of 6 ACH and declassify the space from Class I Div. 2 to an unclassified space. See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations. A fan flow monitoring system must also be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.



3.11.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.11.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.11.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.11.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.11.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.9 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 16.

Table 3.9 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 18

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 5.9 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Increase ventilation rate to 6 ACH minimum. Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system.Fire extinguisher is present at all levels of the pump station.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible and visual alarms observed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A form	nara information on airfle	u calculations	

(1) See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.



3.12 Wastewater Pump Station No. 19

WWPS No. 19 is on an upland site at 7697 W. Mercer Way, adjacent to a residential property's backyard and along the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is currently accessible by foot through a gravel and dirt path. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.12 shows a location map of WWPS No. 19.



Figure 3.12 WWPS No. 19 Location Map

3.12.1 Observations

3.12.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.12.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.12.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.12.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.



3.12.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.12.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.12.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 19.

3.12.2 Assessment Results

3.12.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 19 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.12.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is currently unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 380 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 8.5 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.12.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.12.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.12.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are required due to its current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.12.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.12.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.12.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 19 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.



3.12.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an Unclassified space.

3.12.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.12.3.3 Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be rated for the appropriate area of classification. All mechanical equipment and ancillary items receiving power must also be rated for the appropriate area of classification. Unclassified area classifications will require the least number of electrical upgrades.

3.12.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.12.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.12.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.12.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.10 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 19.

Table 3.10 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 19

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 8.5 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. 	 Provide equipment rated for area classification.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system.Fire extinguisher is present at all levels of the pump station.	No improvements identified.



Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible and visual alarms observed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault Note:	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.

3.13 Wastewater Pump Station No. 20

WWPS No. 20 is on an upland site at 8790 85th Avenue SE, at a street end park (South Point Landing) and adjacent to the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is currently accessible by vehicle with a short walk to the site. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.13 shows a location map of WWPS No. 20.

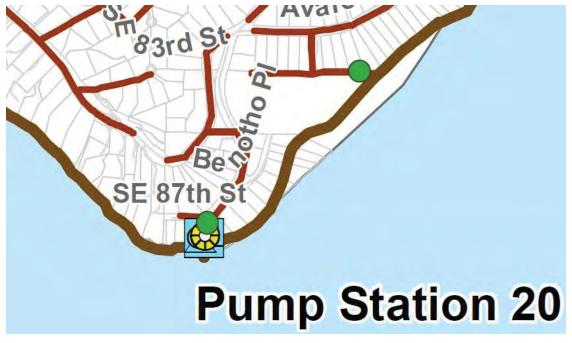


Figure 3.13 WWPS No. 20 Location Map

3.13.1 Observations

3.13.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.



3.13.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust above grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates above grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.13.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.13.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.13.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.13.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.13.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 20.

3.13.2 Assessment Results

3.13.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 20 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.13.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is 400 cfm, however, the actual airflow capacity is 410 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 8.6 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.13.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.13.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.13.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.



3.13.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.13.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.13.3 Improvements

For WWPS No.20 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.13.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.13.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.13.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The Dry Well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.13.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.13.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.13.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.13.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.11 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 20.



Table 3.11 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 20

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well.	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 8.6 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified.	No improvements identified
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible or visual alarm systems installed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A for mo	ore information on airflo	w calculations.	

3.14 Wastewater Pump Station No. 21

WWPS No. 21 is a partially submerged site located at 8000 Avalon Drive, covered by a wooden dock in the backyard of the residential property at 8002 Avalon Place. The site is currently accessible by vehicle with a short walk through a narrow staircase. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.14 shows a location map of WWPS No. 21.



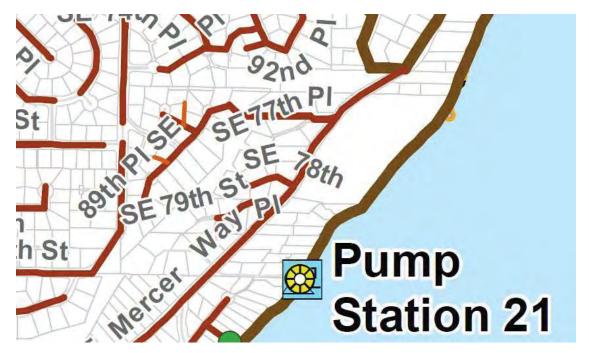


Figure 3.14 WWPS No. 21 Location Map

3.14.1 Observations

3.14.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.14.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates at grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.14.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.14.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.14.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.14.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.14.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 21.



3.14.2 Assessment Results

3.14.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 21 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.14.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 325 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 7.4 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.14.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power is not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.14.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.14.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.14.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.14.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.14.3 Improvements

For WWPS No. 21 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.14.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.14.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.



3.14.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The dry well is considered an unclassified space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.14.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.14.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.14.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.14.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.12 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 21.

Table 3.12 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 21

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 7.4 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified	No improvements identified
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible or visual alarm systems installed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note:	are information on sirfle		



⁽¹⁾ See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.



3.15 Wastewater Pump Station No. 22

WWPS No. 22 is at an upland site at 6223 E. Mercer Way, on a steep grassy slope and adjacent to a paved boat launch at the Lake Washington shoreline. The site is currently accessible by vehicle via a steep driveway. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.15 shows a location map of WWPS No. 22.

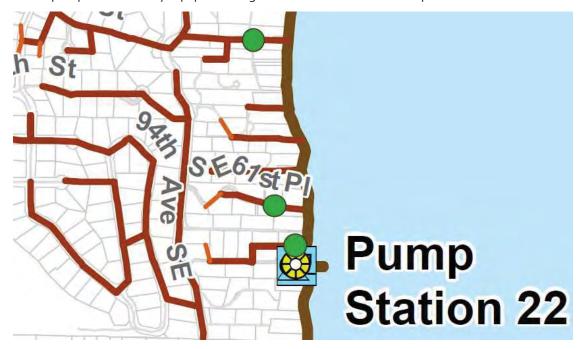


Figure 3.15 WWPS No. 22 Location Map

3.15.1 Observations

3.15.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at finished grade.

3.15.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates at grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.15.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels. An unused existing electrical outlet is located near the wet well manhole lid.

3.15.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.



3.15.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.15.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.15.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 22.

3.15.2 Assessment Results

3.15.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 22 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.15.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 380 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 12.6 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.15.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. The existing outlet near the wet well is less than 3 feet away from and 1.5 feet above the wet well manhole lid; therefore, it needs to be rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.15.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.15.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.15.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.15.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.



3.15.3 Improvements

For WWPS No.22 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.15.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.15.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.15.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment within the dry well. The dry well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards. The existing electrical outlet near the wet well manhole lid needs to be upgraded to be rated as a Class I Div. 2 compliant electrical outlet, decommissioned and removed, or relocated at a minimum of 3 feet away from or 1.5 above the wet well manhole lid.

3.15.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.15.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.15.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.15.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.13 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 22.

Table 3.13 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 22

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 12.6 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.



Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Electrical equipment	N/A	 Dry Well is Unclassified. Existing electrical outlet near wet well manhole. 	 No improvements identified for the Dry Well. Existing electrical outlet rated for Class I Div. 2, relocated to be 3 feet away or 1.5 feet above Wet Well lid, or decommissioned and removed
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A for m	ore information on airflo	w calculations.	

3.16 Wastewater Pump Station No. 23

WWPS No. 23 is at an upland site at 5406 96th Avenue SE, in an open grassy space within a private park. The site is currently accessible by vehicle with a short walk along a paved walking path. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.16 shows a location map of WWPS No. 23.



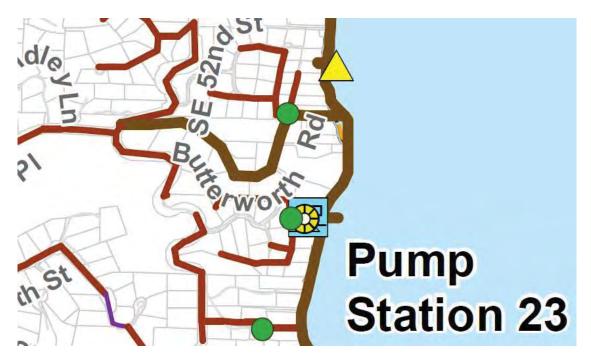


Figure 3.16 WWPS No. 23 Location Map

3.16.1 Observations

3.16.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at grade.

3.16.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates at grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.16.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.16.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.16.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.16.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.16.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 23.



3.16.2 Assessment Results

3.16.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 23 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.16.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 470 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 15.7 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.16.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.16.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.16.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.16.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.16.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.16.3 Improvements

For WWPS No.23 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.16.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.16.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.



3.16.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The dry well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.16.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.16.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.16.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.16.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.14 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 23.

Table 3.14 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 23

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 15.7 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified.	No improvements identified.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible or visual alarm systems installed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
Note: (1) See Appendix A for me	ore information on airflo	w calculations.	



3.17 Wastewater Pump Station No. 24

WWPS No. 24 is located at 4606 E. Mercer Way, in the backyard of the residential property at 4612 E. Mercer Way. The station is partially submerged, connected to the concrete city dock as a 16-foot by 16-foot concrete structure. The site is currently accessible by vehicle with a short walk through a steep walking path into a residential backyard. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.17 shows a location map of WWPS No. 24.

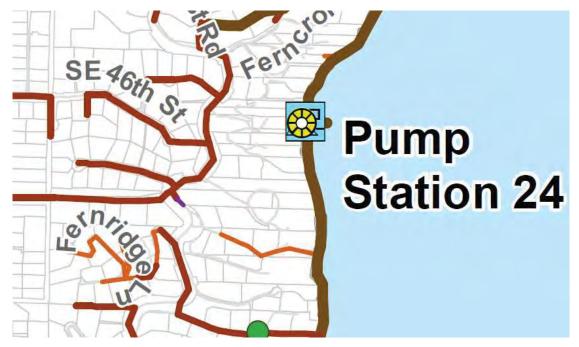


Figure 3.17 WWPS No. 24 Location Map

3.17.1 Observations

3.17.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at grade.

3.17.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates at grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.17.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.17.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.



3.17.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.17.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.17.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 24.

3.17.2 Assessment Results

3.17.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 24 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.17.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 355 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 11.8 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.17.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.17.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.17.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.

3.17.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.17.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.17.3 Improvements

For WWPS No.24 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.



3.17.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.17.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.17.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The Dry Well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.17.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.17.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.17.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.17.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.15 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 24.

Table 3.15 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 24

Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Dry Well / Wet Well	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well.	No improvements identified.
Ventilation	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 11.8 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
Electrical equipment	N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified.	No improvements identified.
Materials of Construction	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Fire Protection Measures	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.



Pump Station Component	NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Audible and visual alarms	Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	No audible or visual alarm systems installed.	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Below grade valve/metering vault	Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults observed.	No improvements identified.

(1) See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.

3.18 Wastewater Pump Station No. 25

WWPS No. 25 is located at 4266 E. Mercer Way within the Mercerwood Shore Club on the southwest edge of the property. The site is currently accessible by vehicle with a short walk from the club parking lot through a small park. The pump station was designed in 1964 and its current firm pumping capacity is unknown due to a lack of existing information. The pump station is a below grade structure consisting of a wet well and dry well. The wet well structure is used to contain raw sewage and the dry well structure is a two-level structure that houses pumps and ancillary equipment. Figure 3.18 shows a location map of WWPS No. 25.

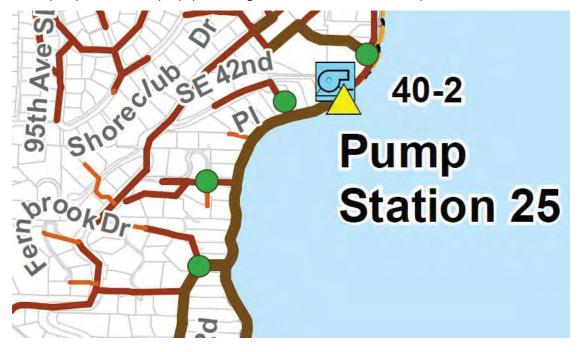


Figure 3.18 WWPS No. 25 Location Map

3.18.1 Observations

3.18.1.1 Area Classification

The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and contains an intermediate floor and pump room. The dry well can be accessed through an access hatch and ladder located at grade.



3.18.1.2 Ventilation

The dry well is ventilated by a continuous ventilation system consisting of an exhaust fan that is ducted to exhaust at grade and a passive supply air duct that terminates at grade. The existing exhaust fan produces enough airflow. No fan flow monitoring devices were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.18.1.3 Electrical Equipment

The dry well contains various electrical equipment such as instrumentation, lighting fixtures, fan and pump motors, and LCP panels.

3.18.1.4 Materials of Construction

The station is constructed of concrete walls, floors, and roof, and a metal hatch.

3.18.1.5 Fire Protection Measures

The pump station does not contain any CGD sensors. Fire extinguishers are located on all levels of the pump station. No smoke detectors were installed at the time of the assessment.

3.18.1.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

No audible and visual alarms were installed inside and/or outside of the pump station at the time of the assessment.

3.18.1.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were constructed at WWPS No. 25.

3.18.2 Assessment Results

3.18.2.1 Area Classification

WWPS No. 25 is categorized as a Dry Well / Wet Well pump station. The dry well is separated from the wet well by a concrete wall and is physically separated per NFPA 820 standards. Therefore, the area classification of the dry well is Class I Div. 2.

3.18.2.2 Ventilation

The design airflow capacity of the existing exhaust fan is unknown due to a lack of existing information; however, the actual airflow capacity is 290 cfm as identified in the TAB report in Appendix B. The actual airflow capacity results in approximately 13.6 ACH within the dry well which is sufficient to declassify the dry well from Class I Div. 2 to unclassified. The existing exhaust fan does not have a flow monitoring and alarm system to monitor fan run status which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards.

3.18.2.3 Electrical Equipment

Existing electrical equipment and mechanical equipment receiving power are not rated for Class I Div. 2 space. Lighting fixtures, instrumentation, and other ancillary items receiving power are also not rated for Class I Div. 2 space.

3.18.2.4 Materials of Construction

Overall pump station construction is noncombustible which complies with NFPA 820 standards.

3.18.2.5 Fire Protection Measures

Fire extinguishers are provided in all levels of the dry well near the access ladders. No smoke detectors were observed but are not required per NFPA 820 standards. No CGD systems have been installed but are not required per current NFPA 820 area classification.



3.18.2.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Audible and visual alarms were not present within the dry well at the time of assessment which does not comply with NFPA 820 standards. Audible and visual alarms are required for spaces that use ventilation to declassify a space per the NFPA 820 standard.

3.18.2.7 Below Grade Vaults

No below grade vaults were assessed at the time of the visit.

3.18.3 Improvements

For WWPS No.25 to be NFPA 820 compliant and reduce the risk for fire and explosion hazards within the structure, improvements are recommended as summarized below.

3.18.3.1 Area Classification

No improvements were identified on pump station area classification. The dry well is currently declassified to the lowest area classification possible which is an unclassified space.

3.18.3.2 Ventilation

A fan flow monitoring system must be provided and installed to monitor fan run status. The fan flow monitoring system shall be designed to send an alarm when no fan flow is detected.

3.18.3.3 Electrical Equipment

No improvements were identified for the existing electrical equipment. The dry well is considered an unclassified area space and will not require any electrical improvements per NFPA 820 standards.

3.18.3.4 Materials of Construction

No improvements were identified for pump station material of construction.

3.18.3.5 Fire Protection Measures

No improvements were identified on pump station fire protection measures.

3.18.3.6 Audible and Visual Alarms

Provide a dual light warning system for the entrance to the pump station. Dual light warning systems are permitted in lieu of audible and visual alarms in remote spaces that are not constantly attended. An audible and visual alarm must also be provided within the dry well.

3.18.3.7 Below Grade Vault

No below grade vaults were observed at the pump station, therefore, there are no recommended improvements for this ancillary facility.

Table 3.16 summarizes the NFPA classifications, key observations, and improvements for WWPS No. 25.



Table 3.16 Summary of NFPA 820 Assessment and Improvements for WWPS No. 25

NFPA 820 Reference	Key Observations	Improvements
Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15	 Dry Well is physically separated from Wet Well. 	No improvements identified.
Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9	 Ventilates continuously at 13.6 ACH⁽¹⁾. No flow monitoring present. 	 Provide fan flow monitoring and alarm system.
N/A	Dry Well is Unclassified.	No improvements identified.
Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3	Full Concrete Structure.	No improvements identified.
Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4	No CGD system installed.Fire extinguisher is present on all levels.	No improvements identified.
Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1	 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. 	 Install dual light warning system at entrance to WWPS. Install audible and visual alarms inside WWPS.
Table 4.2.2. Rows 29, 30, 34, & 35	No below grade vaults exist.	No improvements identified.
	Reference Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9 N/A Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3 Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.2.5, 7.4 Section 7.6 Table 7.6.1 Table 4.2.2 Rows 29, 30, 34,	Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9 N/A Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3 Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 8.2.3 Table 4.2.2 Rows 14 & 15 Section 7.5 Chapter 9 No flow monitoring present. Pull Concrete Structure. Full Concrete Structure. Fire extinguisher is present on all levels. Section 7.2.5, 7.4 No audible or visual alarm systems installed. Table 4.2.2 Rows 29, 30, 34, No below grade vaults exist.

(1) See Appendix A for more information on airflow calculations.





Section 4

NFPA 820 STANDARD ALTERNATE REQUEST

Audible and visual alarm recommendations highlighted in Section 3 of this report required modifications to the existing WWPS that the City identified as potentially problematic to maintaining peace with their surrounding neighbors. A meeting was held on February 18, 2021 with the City, the Fire Marshal (AHJ), and Carollo to discuss potential alternatives to these recommendations.

Per NFPA 820 Section 1.4.3:

"The retroactive requirements of this standard shall be permitted to be modified if their application clearly would be impractical in the judgement of the authority having jurisdiction, and only where it is clearly evident that a reasonable degree of safety is provided."

An alternate request document highlighting the discussed alternatives was submitted and approved by the Fire Marshal and the City of Mercer Island Fire Department. See Appendix C for details of the alternate request document.

The approved alternatives to the audible and visual recommendations highlighted in Section 3 are summarized below:

- In lieu of a dual light warning system at the entrance to each pump station, provide a single no-go light outside each wastewater pump station coupled with a remote fan failure signal to the City's SCADA system.
- In lieu of providing an audible alarm that continuously sounds within each pump station, the installed audible alarm will be programmed to activate only when the pump access hatch is open.

These approved alternatives will serve as replacements to the audible and visual recommendations highlighted in Section 3 of this report and will be reflected in Table 5.1.



Section 5

SUMMARY

Carollo was tasked by the City of Mercer Island to assess eighteen (18) existing pump stations for compliance to the NFPA 820 Standard for Fire Protection in Wastewater Treatment and Collection Facilities. This report summarizes the results of this assessment and lists improvements to each of the eighteen (18) existing pump stations for compliance with current NFPA 820 standards. The individual improvements summarized for each pump station in Section 3 of this report present solutions for multiple scenarios. These scenarios provide the City with flexibility when deciding which mitigation measures to implement. However, different combinations of the listed improvements can impact the pump station's compliance to the standard. Table 5.1 consolidates the listed improvements presented in Section 3 of this report and approved alternatives indicated in Section 4 of this report into one preferred scenario. This scenario provides recommendations on the proposed improvements in order to achieve a safe and practical solution consistent with current pump station design practices. Typical Dry Well / Wet Well design and construction establishes an unclassified dry well space and a physically separated wet well. All the recommended improvements highlighted in Table 5.1 must be implemented or satisfied in order to achieve an unclassified dry well space and a physically separated wet well. Submersible pump stations are not specifically discussed in NFPA 820. However, the recommended improvements in Table 5.1 for submersible pump stations are aimed to provide a safe and practical solution consistent with wet well design and current pump station design practices.



Table 5.1 NFPA 820 Recommended Improvements Summary Table

										Mitigation Measures ⁽⁴⁾	(+)50111564						
Waste Water		Pump	Current Area	Area Separation		Ventilation		Recomme Equipment the Pur	Recommended Electrical Equipment Rating Within the Pump Station	Materials of Construction	of ion	Fire prot	Fire protection measures	asures		Alarms	
Pump Station No.	Public/Private Property	Station Type	Classification ⁽³⁾	Physically Separate Dry Well and Wet Well	Increase or Improve Ventilation	Install Flow Monitoring	No Improvements Identified	Class I Class I Div. 1 Div. 2	s I Unclassified	No Improvements Identified	Provide NC, LC, or LFS Material	No Improvements Identified	Install CGD System	Provide Fire Extinguishers (On all levels)	No Improvements Identified	Install Inside Dry Well (audible & visual) ⁽¹⁰⁾	Install Outside Dry Well (NO-GO visual) ⁽¹⁰⁾
1	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>	>	>			>	>		(8)				>	>
4 (5)	Right of Way	S	Class I Div. 1				>		>	>		>			>		
10	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>	>	>				>		>				>	>
11(6)	Right of Way	D/W													1		ı
12(7)	Right of Way	N/A	1				1	1							1		1
13	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 2		>	>			>	>		>				>	>
14	Right of Way	S	Class I Div. 1	>			>	(6) (6)		>		>			>		
15	Right of Way	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
16	Right of Way	D/W	Class I Div. 1	>		>			>	>		>				>	>
17	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 1	`		>			>	>		>				>	>
18	Private	D/W	Class I Div. 2		>	>			>	>		>				>	>
19	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
20	Right of Way	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
21	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				`	>
22	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
23	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
24	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
25	Private	D/W	Unclassified			>			>	>		>				>	>
Notes: Abbreviation (1) Allchec(2) Allchec(3) YouNPS (3) For DMY See Sec (4) See Sec (5) Only al (6) The axii (7) Flushin (8) See Sec (9) See Sec (10) See Sec Sec (10) See Sec Sec (10) See Sec Sec (10) See Sec Sec Sec Sec (10) See Sec Sec Sec Sec Sec Sec Sec Sec Sec	verlations: D/W = Dry Well / Wet Well, S = Submersible, NC= which clecked recommendations in this table must be implem WWPS NRPA 820 Assessments were performed on July 14, For D/W type purple statements were a Classification list See Section 3 of this report for specific recommendations. Only a high-level assessment was performed on WWPS NO. The existing WWPS No. 11 was not assessed as part of the See Section 3 for recommendations on inter-scringsible in Com- See Section 3 for recommendations on existing electrical a See Section 4 for installation details on audible and/or visus.	Vet Well, S = 5 Institute that the stable from the second to second the second to second the second that the second the s	Notes: (1) Edit exted recommendations in this table must be implemented or satisfied in order to achieve an unclassified dry well space with a physically separated wet well. (2) WMPS NFPA R2D Assessments were performed on July 4, 2020 and October 20, 2020. (3) World Vippe pump stations, current Area Classification listed is only for the Dry Well space of the pump station. The wet well space for all DIV and 5 type pump stations, current Area Classification listed is only for the Dry Well space of the pump station. The wet well space for all DIV and 5 type pump stations are Class I DIV. 1. (4) See Section 3 of this report for specific recommendations. (5) To only a high-free assessment was performed on WWPS No. 4. (6) To leavishing WWPS No. 11 was not assessed as part of this report since it is not considered a WWPS. (7) Flushing Pump Station No. 12 was not assessed as part of this report since it is not considered a WWPS. (8) See Section 3 for recommendations on existing electrical equipment rating. (9) See Section 3 for recommendations on evisiting leaving leav	incombustible, LC and or statisfied in. 20 and october 20. is only for the Dry ort. WWPS No. 11. erport since it is no ment rating.	= limited comburder to achieve. 7, 2020. Well space of the will be converte.	istible, LFS = low 1 an unclassified dry pump station. Tl d to a submersible WWPS.	flame spread. y well space with a physically separated wet well. he wet well space for all D/W and S type pump state to the space for all by the space for the sp	rsically separat	ed wet well. ype pump stations ar ; future.	e Class I Div. 1.							

Appendix A AIR CHANGE CALCULATIONS





Appendix A: Air Change Calculations, City of Mercer Island

2 4 5 1 5 2 2		Appendix A: An ending carearance, any or men								
Pump Station No.	Pump Station No. Top to Platform (ft)	Bottom to Platform (ft)	Height (ft) V	Width (ft)	Length (ft)	Volume (cf)	Design Fan Rating (CFM)	Actual Fan Rating (CFM)	Minutes/air change	Air change/hour
1			10.54	8.02	9.75	824.28	220	160	5.15	11.6
10	7.32	8.50	15.82	9.13	9.31	1344.96	220	210	0.40	9.4
12	9.17	2.58	11.74	5.27	7.53	465.75	Not on Fan	85	5.48	11.0
13	9:99	08:6	15.95	9.16	10.17	1485.09	Not on Fan	75	19.80	3.0
15	7.88	7.58	15.46	7.51	9.48	1099.33	400	310	3.55	16.9
16	79.7	9.81	17.47	8.50	12.99	1929.88	400	365	5.29	11.3
17	7.87	11.92	19.78	8.50	12.99	2184.90	400	260	8.40	7.1
18	8.00	10.42	18.42	9.75	15.01	2736.73	400	270	10.14	5.9
19	8.05	10.45	18.50	9.67	14.97	2677.94	Not on Fan	380	7.05	8.5
20	10.40	96.7	18.35	9.81	15.85	2855.28	400	410	96.9	8.6
21	7.80	10.33	18.13	14.96	9.76	2646.51	Not on Fan	325	8.14	7.4
22	8.04	68.8	16.43	8.52	12.99	1816.95	Not on Fan	380	4.78	12.5
23	80.8	8.33	16.41	8.50	12.92	1801.84	Not on Fan	470	3.83	15.7
24	7.93	8.46	16.39	8.51	12.98	1810.44	Not on Fan	355	5.10	11.8
25	9.08	8.85	17.93	7.50	9.51	1277.55	Not on Fan	290	4.41	13.6
Notes:										

(1) Design fan rating based on manufacture plate.(2) Actual fan rating based on Neudorfer Engineer 12/17/19 report.

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Appendix B

TEST, ADJUST, AND BALANCE REPORTS







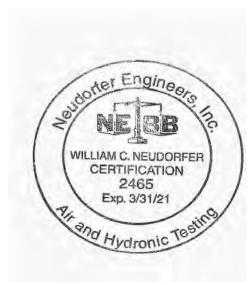
TEST, ADJUST & BALANCE BALANCE REPORT

Mercer Island Pump Station Mercer Island, Washington

2019-1162

Project Completion Date: 12/17/19

Revision Date: Revision Number:



5516 1st Ave S Seattle, WA 98108 Phone (206) 621-1810 Fax (206) 343-9820 2501 SE Columbia Way, Ste. #230 Vancouver, WA 98661 Phone (503) 235-8924 Fax (503) 235-8925



PROJECT LOCATION

Mercer Island Pump Station Mercer Island, WA

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Report Title

CERTIFIED TEST: BALANCE REPORT

Project: Mercer Island Pump Station

Mercer Island, Washington

--

NEI Job#: 2019-1162

Engineer: --

Contractor: Mercer Island Maintenance Facility

TAB Firm: Neudorfer Engineers Inc

5516 1st Avenue South

Seattle, WA 98108

Test Engineer: Andy Eaden

Architect: --



5516 1st Ave S Seattle, WA 98108 Phone (206) 621-1810 Fax (206) 343-9820 2501 SE Columbia Way, Ste. #230 Vancouver, WA 98661 Phone (503) 235-8924 Fax (503) 235-8925



CERTIFICATION

The data presented in this report is a record of system measurements and final adjustments that have been obtained in accordance with the current edition of the NEBB Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing of Environmental Systems. Any variances from design quantities which exceed NEBB tolerances are noted in the Test-Adjust-Balance Report Project Summary.

Significant / Noteworthy Remarks are noted on the General Remarks and General Field Notes pages. Other remarks are noted on individual test sheets.

Noted deficiencies are not Neudorfer Engineers responsibility to repair. Prior to issuance of this report, Deficiency Reports are forwarded to our contracted agent.

Warranty is limited to one year from the date of substantial completion. Within that time, any discrepancies, ambiguities, or omissions found in this report will be retested, adjusted, or balanced as needed. A written notification will be required.

Submitted and Certified by:

NEBB TAB Firm: Neudorfer Engineers Inc

Certification No: 2465

Expiration Date: March 31, 2021

Certification Date: **December 17, 2019**

(Date completed)

Signed and Sealed by:

NEBB Supervisor: William C. Neudorfer





Warranty

Project: Mercer Island Pump Station

Warranty of Services:

Neudorfer Engineers, Inc. warrants that the air balancing, evaluated during this performance evaluation are operating at the specified levels as documented within this report. At and only this time, and makes no other warranties, stated or implied, concerning the continued performance, operation or safety in the use of this equipment past this time. Neudorfer Engineers warrants the air and hydronic balancing for 1 year from the date of substantial completion. Neudorfer Engineers reserves the right to correct errors or omissions in the collections of data.

Warranty Procedures:

For all warranty items, Neudorfer Engineers requires written request. The written request should be specific on the areas of concern, such rooms, or equipment, and the type of issue the occupants are experiencing. Once written notification is received, Neudorfer Engineers will schedule a Technician. It is recommended that an Owner or A/E Representative be on site at that time.

Voided Warranty and Additional Charges:

If a complaint issue is due to a mechanical equipment failure, control or maintenance related, the return trip maybe subject to a service charge, not covered under warranty. Neudorfer Engineers reserves the right to resolve any TAB issue. If a third party or competing Test & Balance Commissioning firm test or adjust any equipment, all project warranty is voided. (This is typical standard for the Mechanical industry, as Manufacture, Mechanical and Control Contractor voids all warranty when a competing firm tests or manipulates their systems.) Any return trips to the job site are subject to a service charge and a purchase order will be required before returning to the job site.

Document Archiving

An electronic file of all test documents will be kept on file until the end of the Warranty period. During that time an electronic copy of the test data will be provided a no charge. Any additional hard / bound copies requested will be subject to a fee.



Terms and Abbreviations

Project: Mercer Island Pump Station

AC or ACU Air Conditioner or Air Conditioning Unit

Act. Actual

ACCU Air Cooled Condensing Unit

Address Equipment designation number given on the Control Program

AH or AHU Air Handler or Air Handling Unit

Amps Amperage

AP Access Point

APP. Application

Arr Arrangement

AVG Average

BHP Brake Horsepower

BTU British Thermal Units

BTUH British Thermal Units per Hour

CAV Constant Air Volume

CBV Calbirated Balancing Valve

(Circuit Setter)

CC Cooling Coil

CD Ceiling Diffuser

CFLA Correct Full Load Amperage

CFM Cubic Feet per Minute

CH Chiller

CHWS Chilled Water Supply

CHWR Chilled Water Return

Coeff. Coefficient

CP Circulating Pump

CR Ceiling Register

CRAC Computer Room Air Conditioner

CRU Computer Room Unit

CT Cooling Tower

CU Condenser Unit

CUH Cabinet Unit Heater

CWS Condenser Water Supply

CWR Condenser Water Return

DAT Discharge Air Temperature

DB Dry Bulb

DD Direct Drive

DDC Direct Digital Controls: EMS Control

System for the HVAC

Delta Difference, net decrease or increase

Des. Design

Dia. Diameter

Disch. Discharge

DNL Data Not Listed

EA Exhaust Air

EAT Entering Air Temperature

Economizer Controls and components that allow an

air handler to logically utilize outdoor air for cooling as opposed to the use of

mechanical cooling.

EDC Electric Duct Coil

EDH Electric Duct Heater

EF Exhaust Fan

EG Exhaust Grille

EMCS Energy Management Control System

ERU Energy Recovery Unit

E.S.P. External Static Pressure

Evap. Evaporator

EWT Entering Water Temperature

FCU Fan Coil Unit

FD Fire Damper

FH Fume Hood

FLA Full Load Amperage: Maximum

amperage a motor can draw.

Flow Hood Instrument that captures air and

converts the reading to CFM.

FPB Fan Powered Box

FPM Feet per Minute

FR Field Report

FT Foot, Feet

FTU Fan Terminal Unit

GPM Gallons per Minute

HC Heating Coil

HD Pressure Difference across the entering and leaving side of a pump.

 $\textbf{Heater O.L.} \ \ \textbf{Thermal overload protection for motors}$

located at the motor starter (starter heaters)

HEPA High Efficiency Particulate Arrestance **HOA** Hand / Off / Auto Switch

UD ...

HP Horsepower



Terms and Abbreviations

Project: Mercer Island Pump Station

HRC Heat Recovery Coil

HUH Hydronic Unit Heater

HVAC Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning

HWS Heating Water Supply

HWR Heating Water Return

HX Heat Exchanger

HZ Hertz, cycle per second

I.D. Inside Diameter

in. inches

in.w.g. inches of water gauge

Kfactor Correction factor to the free area need to

calculate CFM.

KW Kilowatts

LAT Leaving Air Temperature

LWG Low Wall Grille

LWR Low Wall Register

LWT Leaving Water Temperature

MAU Make-up Air Hangling Unit

MBH 1,000 BTUH

MAX. Maximum Flow Requirements for DDC

MBH Mega BTUs per hour (1MBH=1,000BTUH)

MIN Minimum Flow Requirements for DDC

N/A Not Available

N/S Not Shown or Specified

OA Outside Air

OBD Opposed Blade Damper

O.D. Outside Diameter

PD Pressure Drop.

PH Phase

PHC Preheat Coil

Prim. Primary

PSI Pounds per Square Inch

RA Return Air

RAT Return Air Temperature

RF Return Fan

RH Relative Humidity

RHC Reheat Coil

RPM Revolutions per Minute

RTU Roof Top Unit

RVA Rotating Vane Anemometer -reads air velocity in feet per minute

SA Supply Air

SAT Supply Air Temperature

S.F. Service Factor

Schedule Design data obtained from the

(sched) mechanical prints' schedule of

equipment.

SCR Silcon Controlled Rectifier Speed Controller

SF Supply Fan

SFD Smoke/Fire Damper

SP Static Pressure

Spec(s) Specifications

sq.ft. square feet

Submittals Submitted data on equipment

(subs) capabilities.

Suct. Suction

SWG Sidewall Grille

SWR Sidewall Register

TAB Test; Adjust; and Balance

Tach Tachometer

Tech Technician

TSP Total Static Pressure: Difference between the entering and leaving static pressure of a fan.

TP Traverse or Test Point

UH Unit Heater

VAV Variable Air Volume; box that contains a motorized damper that modulates airflow.

VD Volume Damper

VFD Variable Frequency Drive

Velgrid Instrument that reads used to read velocity in feet per minute.

VP Velocity Pressure

VVT Variable Volume Terminal

WC Water Column

W.G. Water Gauge

WB Wet Bulb

PROJECT LOCATION

Mercer Island Pump Station
Seattle, Washington

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This project has been balanced per plans and specifications using the National Environmental Balancing Bureau (NEBB) standards and procedures.

Neudorfer Engineers performed the air balancing on the following: (16) Existing Exhaust Fans.

These fans have been checked for unit data, operating amperage, voltage, rotation, and operating static pressure.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #1

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #1. Design is 220 CFM and actual is 160 CFM (72% of design total). This is a direct drive with no speed controller.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #10

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #10. Design is 220 CFM and actual is 210 CFM (95% of design total).

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #12

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #12. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 85 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #13

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #13. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 75 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #15

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #15. Design is 400 CFM and actual is 310 CFM (77% of design total). This is a direct drive motor and no speed controller was installed.



PROJECT LOCATION

Mercer Island Pump Station
Seattle, Washington

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (CONTD.)

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #16

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #16. Design is 400 CFM and actual is 365 CFM (91% of design total).

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #17

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #17. Design is 400 CFM and actual is 260 CFM (65% of design total). This is a direct drive motor and no speed controller was installed.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #18

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #18. Design is 400 CFM and actual is 270 CFM (67% of design total). This is a direct drive motor and no speed controller was installed.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #19

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #19. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 380 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #20

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #20. Design is 400 CFM and actual is 410 CFM (102% of design total).

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #21

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #21. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 325 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #22

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #22. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 380 CFM.



PROJECT LOCATION

Mercer Island Pump Station
Seattle, Washington

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY (CONTD.)

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #23

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #23. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 470 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #24

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #24. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 355 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station #25

The existing exhaust fan serves Pump Station #25. No design located on the actual fan, the actual is 290 CFM.

Exhaust Fan for Pump Station First Hill

There is no pit exhaust fan for this station. There were exhaust fans for the generator.

No balancing diagrams are attached to this report.



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #1)

AREA: 8002 SE 20th St.

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech	
Fan Model Number	FR150	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Т	est Data	
Total Design Flow	220 CFM	
Total Actual Flow	160 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	120 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	0.75 Amps	

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	90 Watts HP	
Motor RPM	2500 RPM	
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	

Test Pressures		
Fan Suction SP	-0.07 in. wc	
Fan Discharge SP	0.65 in. wc	
Actual Total SP	0.72 in. wc	
Actual External SP	0.72 in. wc	



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #1)/Duct-01 AREA: 8002 SE 20th St.

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	6 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.20 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

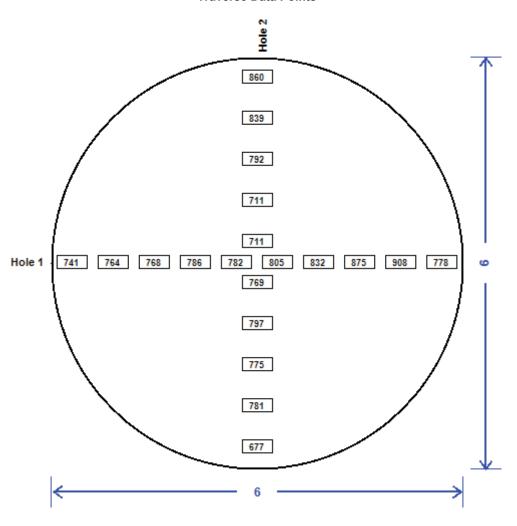
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	15751	
Average Reading	788 FPM	
Design Total Flow	220 CFM	
Actual Total Flow	158 CFM	
Static Pressure	-0.07 in.	

Log:

EF (Pump Station #1)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #10)

AREA: 9030 N Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech	
Fan Model Number	FR150	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Т	est Data
Total Design Flow	220 CFM
Total Actual Flow	210 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts
Motor Amps T1	0.71 Amps

Tested By: Andy Eaden

Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	90 Watts HP	
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	0.77 Amps	

Test Pressures		
Fan Suction SP	-0.16 in. wc	
Fan Discharge SP	0.29 in. wc	
Actual Total SP	0.45 in. wc	
Actual External SP	0.45 in. wc	



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #10)/Duct-01

AREA: 9030 N Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	6 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.20 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

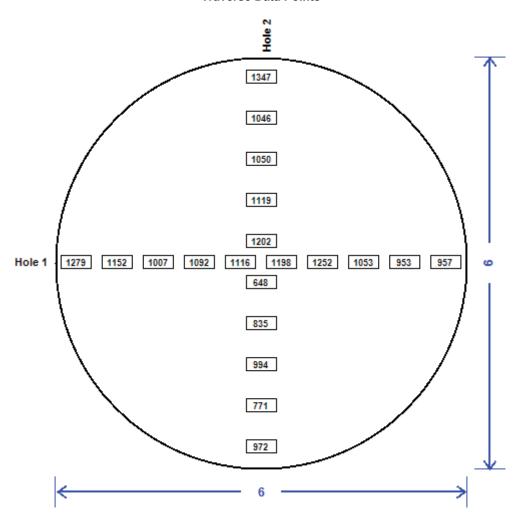
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

	Final Data
Sum of Readings	21043
Average Reading	1052 FPM
Design Total Flow	220 CFM
Actual Total Flow	210 CFM
Static Pressure	0.29 in.

Log:

EF (Pump Station #10)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #12)

AREA: 4008 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	KANALFLANKT	
Fan Model Number	Turbo T1	
Fan Serial Number	0013371 03187	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

1	est Data
Total Actual Flow	85 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts
Motor Amps T1	0.05 Amps

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

	Motor Data
Motor HP	42 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	0.50 Amps

Te	st Pressures
Fan Suction SP	-0.12 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.04 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.16 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.16 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #12)/Duct-01 AREA: 4008 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	4 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.09 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

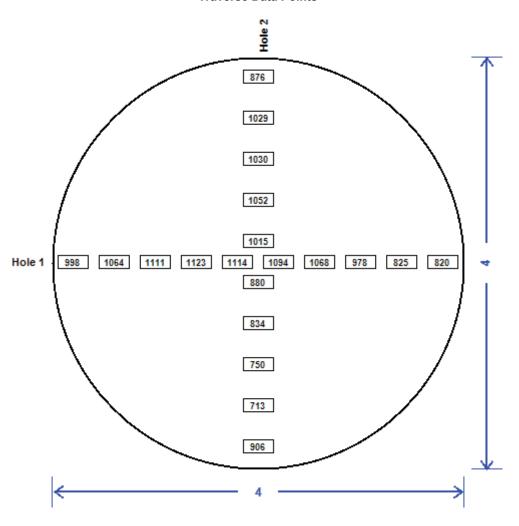
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

	Final Data
Sum of Readings	19280
Average Reading	964 FPM
Actual Total Flow	87 CFM
Static Pressure	-0.12 in.

Log:

EF (Pump Station #12)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #13)

AREA: 3895 W Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Kanaflakt	
Fan Model Number	K6	
Fan Serial Number	0034374	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Vertical	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Т	est Data
Total Actual Flow	75 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts
Motor Amps T1	0.53 Amps

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

	Motor Data
Motor HP	81 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	0.73 Amps

Test Pressures			
Fan Suction SP	-0.02 in. wc		
Fan Discharge SP	0.05 in. wc		
Actual Total SP	0.07 in. wc		
Actual External SP	0.07 in. wc		



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #13)/T-01

AREA: 3895 W Mercer Way

Unit Data			
Type of Traverse	Round		
Diameter	6 in.		
Insulation Width	0 in.		
Air Flow Area	0.20 sq. ft.		
Number Of Rows	2		
Readings Per Row	10		
Total Readings	20		

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

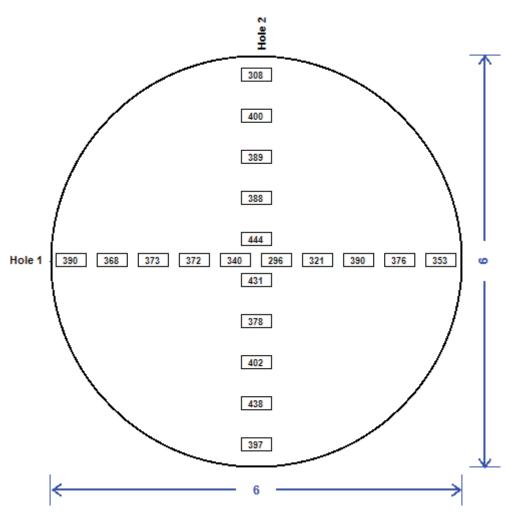
DATE:

CONTACT:

Final Data			
Sum of Readings	7554		
Average Reading	378 FPM		
Actual Total Flow	76 CFM		
Static Pressure	-0.02 in.		

Log: EF (Pump Station #13)/T-01 12/11/2019 Andy Eaden

A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #15) AREA: 4765 Forest Ave SE

Unit Data			
Fan Manufacturer	Kanaflakt		
Fan Model Number	0034571		
Fan Serial Number	00392		
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise		
Fan Discharge	Inline		
Drive Type	Direct Drive		

Test Data			
Total Design Flow	400 CFM		
Total Actual Flow	310 CFM		
Motor Volts T1-T2	120 Volts		
Motor Amps T1	1.30 Amps		

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data			
Motor HP	150 Watts HP		
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts		
Motor Phase	1		
Motor Hertz	60 Hz		
Motor Full Load Amps	1.30 Amps		

Test Pressures			
Fan Suction SP	-0.08 in. wc		
Fan Discharge SP	0.17 in. wc		
Actual Total SP	0.25 in. wc		
Actual External SP	0.25 in. wc		



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #15)/T-01 AREA: 4765 Forest Ave SE

Unit Data			
Type of Traverse	Round		
Diameter	8 in.		
Insulation Width	0 in.		
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.		
Number Of Rows	2		
Readings Per Row	10		
Total Readings	20		

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

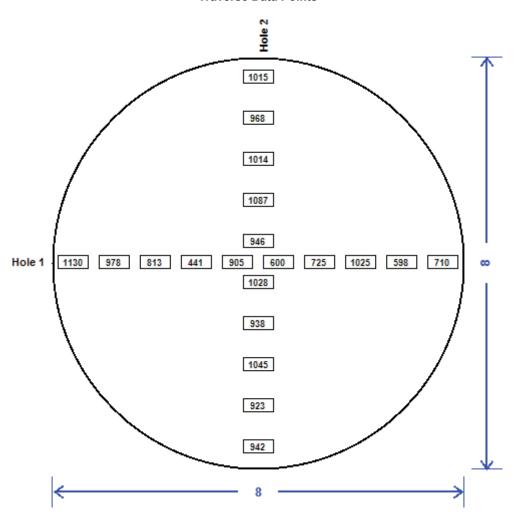
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	17831	
Average Reading	892 FPM	
Design Total Flow	400 CFM	
Actual Total Flow	312 CFM	
Static Pressure	0.20 in.	

Log:

EF (Pump Station #15)/T-01	12/11/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #16)

AREA: 5495 W Mercer Way

Unit Data			
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech		
Fan Model Number	FR225		
Fan Serial Number	2169933		
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise		
Fan Discharge	Inline		
Drive Type	Direct Drive		

Test Data			
Total Design Flow	400 CFM		
Total Actual Flow	365 CFM		
Motor Volts T1-T2	120 Volts		
Motor Amps T1	1.10 Amps		

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	150 Watts HP	
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	1.30 Amps	

Test Pressures			
Fan Suction SP	-0.19 in. wc		
Fan Discharge SP	0.53 in. wc		
Actual Total SP	0.72 in. wc		
Actual External SP	0.72 in. wc		



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #16)/T-01

AREA: 5495 W Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	8 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

DATE:

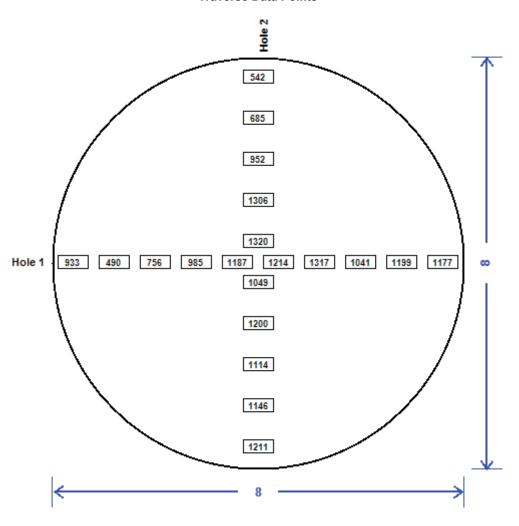
CONTACT:

12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	20824	
Average Reading	1041 FPM	
Design Total Flow	400 CFM	
Actual Total Flow	364 CFM	
Static Pressure	0.53 in.	

Log: EF (Pump Station #16)/T-01 12/11/2019 Andy Eaden A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #17)

AREA: 6425 77th Ave SE

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech	
Fan Model Number	FR225	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Test Data		
Total Design Flow	400 CFM	
Total Actual Flow	260 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	1.31 Amps	

CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden

DATE:

12/17/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	137 Watts HP	
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	1.35 Amps	

Date: 12/16/2019

Test Pressures		
Fan Suction SP	-0.18 in. wc	
Fan Discharge SP	0.49 in. wc	
Actual Total SP	0.67 in. wc	
Actual External SP	0.67 in. wc	



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #17)/T-01

AREA: 6425 77th Ave SE

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	8 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By:	Andy Eaden
Date:	12/11/2019

DATE:

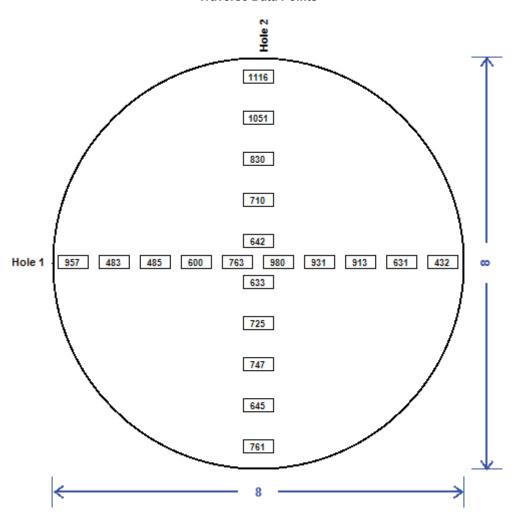
CONTACT:

12/17/2019 Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	15035	
Average Reading	752 FPM	
Design Total Flow	400 CFM	
Actual Total Flow	263 CFM	
Static Pressure	0.49 in.	

Log:

EF (Pump Station #17)/T-01	12/11/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #18)

AREA: 7201 W Mercer Way

Unit Data	
Fan Manufacturer	Kanaflakt
Fan Model Number	0034571
Fan Serial Number	00392
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise
Fan Discharge	Inline
Drive Type	Direct Drive

Test Data	
Total Design Flow	400 CFM
Total Actual Flow	270 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	120 Volts
Motor Amps T1	1.30 Amps

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

r	Motor Data
Motor HP	150 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	1.30 Amps

Test Pressures		
Fan Suction SP	-0.08 in. wc	
Fan Discharge SP	0.17 in. wc	
Actual Total SP	0.25 in. wc	
Actual External SP	0.25 in. wc	



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #18)/T-01 AREA: 7201 W Mercer Way

Unit Data	
Round	
8 in.	
0 in.	
0.35 sq. ft.	
2	
10	
20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

DATE:

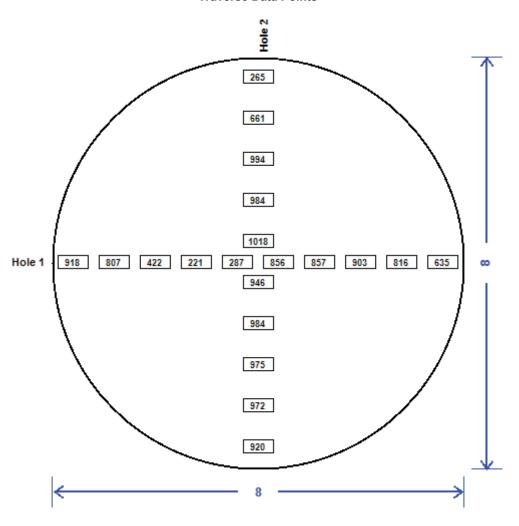
CONTACT:

12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data	
Sum of Readings	15441
Average Reading	772 FPM
Design Total Flow	400 CFM
Actual Total Flow	270 CFM
Static Pressure	0.17 in.

Log: F (Pump Station #18)/T-01 12/11/2019 Andy Eaden A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #19)

AREA: 7651 W Mercer Way

Unit Data	
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech
Fan Model Number	FR225
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise
Fan Discharge	Inline
Drive Type	Direct Drive

Test Data		
Total Actual Flow	380 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	120 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	1.00 Amps	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

	Motor Data
Motor HP	137 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	1.35 Amps

Test Pressures		
Fan Suction SP	-0.16 in. wc	
Fan Discharge SP	0.30 in. wc	
Actual Total SP	0.46 in. wc	
Actual External SP	0.46 in. wc	



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #19)/T-01

AREA: 7651 W Mercer Way

Unit Data	
Type of Traverse	Round
Diameter	8 in.
Insulation Width	0 in.
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.
Number Of Rows	2
Readings Per Row	10
Total Readings	20

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

12/17/2019

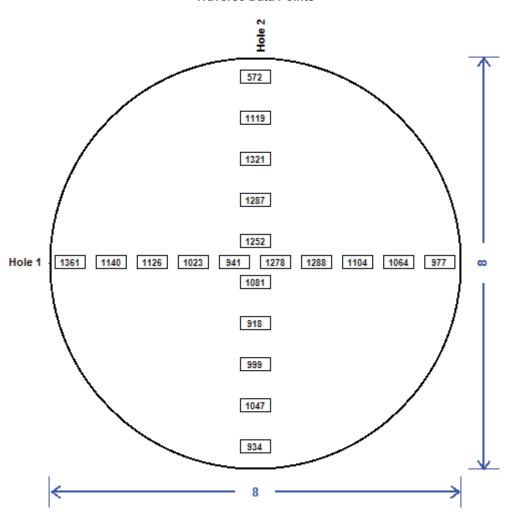
Andy Eaden

DATE:

CONTACT:

Final Data	
Sum of Readings	21832
Average Reading	1092 FPM
Actual Total Flow	382 CFM
Static Pressure	0.30 in.

Log: EF (Pump Station #19)/T-01 12/11/2019 Andy Eaden A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #20)

AREA: 8444 Benotho PI

Unit Data	
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech
Fan Model Number	FR225
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise
Fan Discharge	Inline
Drive Type	Direct Drive

Test Data		
Total Design Flow	400 CFM	
Total Actual Flow	410 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	122 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	1.10 Amps	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	1.35 Amps	

Test Pressures	
Fan Suction SP	-0.19 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.28 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.47 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.47 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #20)/Duct-01 AREA: 8444 Benotho PI

Unit Data	
Type of Traverse	Round
Diameter	8 in.
Insulation Width	0 in.
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.
Number Of Rows	2
Readings Per Row	10
Total Readings	20

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

12/17/2019

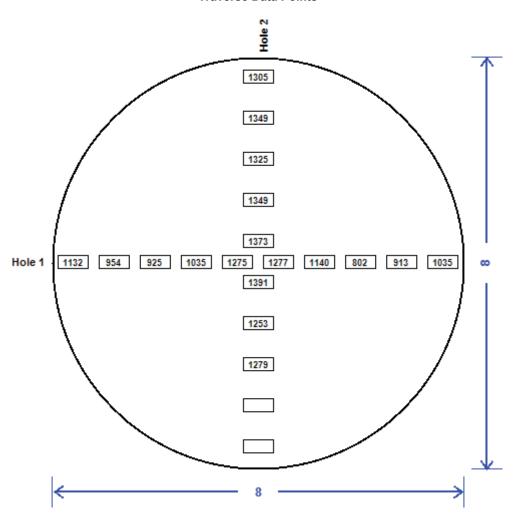
Andy Eaden

DATE:

CONTACT:

Final Data	
Sum of Readings	21112
Average Reading	1173 FPM
Design Total Flow	400 CFM
Actual Total Flow	411 CFM
Static Pressure	0.28 in.

Log: EF (Pump Station #20)/Duct-01 12/2/2019 Andy Eaden A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #21)

AREA: 8002 Avalon PI

Unit Data	
Fan Manufacturer	Soler & Palau
Fan Model Number	TD-200
Fan Serial Number	5211371300
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise
Fan Discharge	Inline
Drive Type	Direct Drive

Test Data		
Total Actual Flow	325 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	0.86 Amps	

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	100 Watts HP	
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	1.00 Amps	

Test Pressures	
Fan Suction SP	-0.16 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.43 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.59 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.59 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #21)/Duct-01

AREA: 8002 Avalon PI

Unit Data	
Type of Traverse	Round
Diameter	8 in.
Insulation Width	0 in.
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.
Number Of Rows	2
Readings Per Row	10
Total Readings	20

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

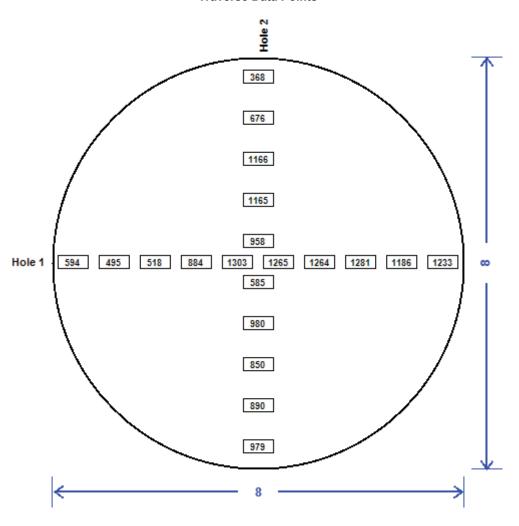
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data	
Sum of Readings	18640
Average Reading	932 FPM
Actual Total Flow	326 CFM
Static Pressure	0.43 in.

Log:

EF (Pump Station #21)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #22)

AREA: 6228 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Soler & Palau	
Fan Model Number	TD-200	
Fan Serial Number	5211371300	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

1	est Data
Total Actual Flow	380 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	121 Volts
Motor Amps T1	1.06 Amps

Tested By: Andy Eaden

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

	Motor Data
Motor HP	100 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	1.00 Amps

Date: 12/16/2019

Т	est Pressures
Fan Suction SP	-0.02 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.33 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.35 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.35 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #22)/Duct-01 AREA: 6228 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	8 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

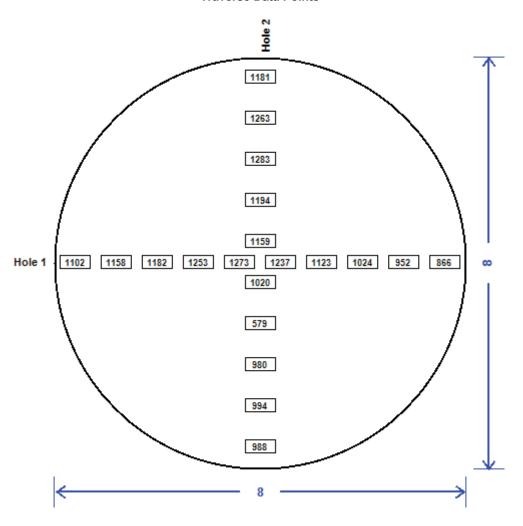
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

	Final Data
Sum of Readings	21811
Average Reading	1091 FPM
Actual Total Flow	382 CFM
Static Pressure	0.33 in.

Log: EF

EF (Pump Station #22)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #23)

AREA: 5406 96th Ave SE

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Fantech	
Fan Model Number	FG 8XL (4YM44A)	
Fan Serial Number	45018	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

	Test Data
Total Actual Flow	470 CFM
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts
Motor Amps T1	1.30 Amps

Tested By: Andy Eaden

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

	Motor Data
Motor HP	150 Watts HP
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts
Motor Phase	1
Motor Hertz	60 Hz
Motor Full Load Amps	1.32 Amps

Date: 12/16/2019

Т	est Pressures
Fan Suction SP	-0.22 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.43 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.65 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.65 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #23)/Duct-01

AREA: 5406 96th Ave SE

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	8 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

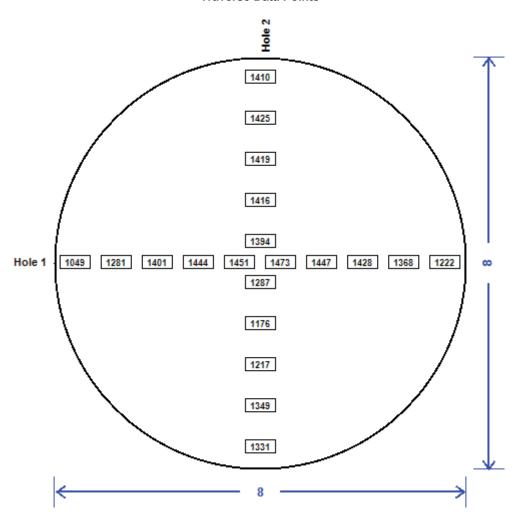
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	26988	
Average Reading	1349 FPM	
Actual Total Flow	472 CFM	
Static Pressure	0.43 in.	

Log:

EF (Pump Station #23)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #24)

AREA: 4606 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	KANALFLANKT	
Fan Model Number	Turbo T3	
Fan Serial Number	0034571 00390	
Fan Rotation	Counterclockwise	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Test Data		
Total Actual Flow	355 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	1.44 Amps	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data		
Motor HP	150 Watt HP	
Motor Rated Volts	115 Volts	
Motor Phase	1	
Motor Hertz	60 Hz	
Motor Full Load Amps	1.30 Amps	

1	est Pressures
Fan Suction SP	-0.11 in. wc
Fan Discharge SP	0.30 in. wc
Actual Total SP	0.41 in. wc
Actual External SP	0.41 in. wc



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #24)/Duct-01 AREA: 4606 E Mercer Way

Unit Data		
Type of Traverse	Round	
Diameter	8 in.	
Insulation Width	0 in.	
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.	
Number Of Rows	2	
Readings Per Row	10	
Total Readings	20	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

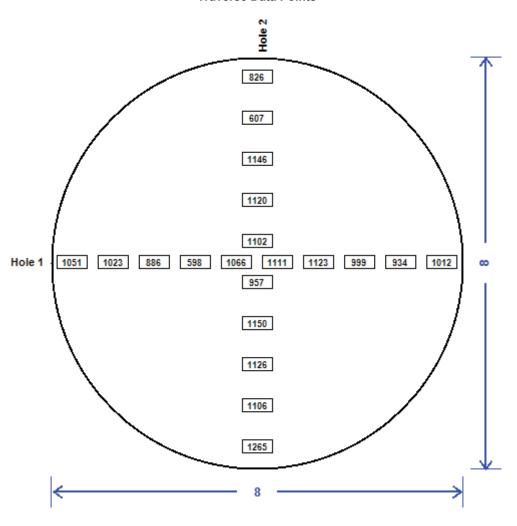
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data		
Sum of Readings	20208	
Average Reading	1010 FPM	
Actual Total Flow	354 CFM	
Static Pressure	0.30 in.	

Log:

EF (Pump Station #24)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #25)

AREA: 9855 SE 42nd St

Unit Data		
Fan Manufacturer	Soler & Palau	
Fan Model Number	TD-200	
Fan Serial Number	5211371300	
Fan Discharge	Inline	
Drive Type	Direct Drive	

Test Data		
Total Actual Flow	290 CFM	
Motor Volts T1-T2	119 Volts	
Motor Amps T1	0.96 Amps	

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

Motor Data				
Motor HP	100W HP			
Motor Rated Volts	120 Volts			
Motor Phase	1			
Motor Hertz	60 Hz			
Motor Full Load Amps	1.00 Amps			

Test Pressures			
Fan Suction SP	-0.15 in. wc		
Fan Discharge SP	-0.71 in. wc		
Actual Total SP	0.83 in. wc		
Actual External SP	0.83 in. wc		



PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station

LOCATION: SEATTLE, WA PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF (Pump Station #25)/Duct-01

AREA: 9855 SE 42nd St

Unit Data			
Type of Traverse	Round		
Diameter	8 in.		
Insulation Width	0 in.		
Air Flow Area	0.35 sq. ft.		
Number Of Rows	2		
Readings Per Row	10		
Total Readings	20		

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/16/2019

DATE:

CONTACT:

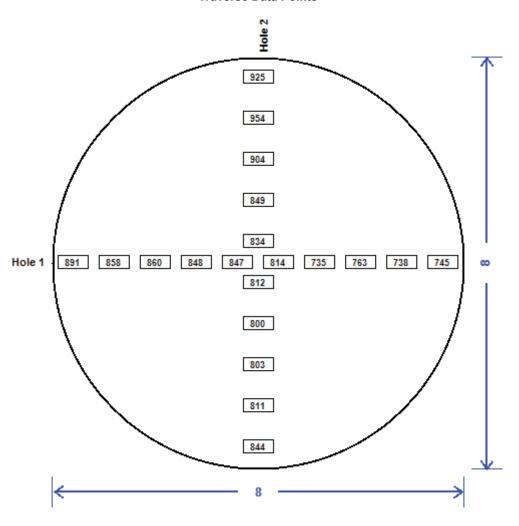
12/17/2019

Andy Eaden

Final Data			
Sum of Readings	16635		
Average Reading	832 FPM		
Actual Total Flow	291 CFM		
Static Pressure	0.71 in.		

Log:

EF (Pump Station #25)/Duct-01	12/2/2019	Andy Eaden	A Shortridge Multimeter with a Pitot Tube was used
			to obtain velocity readings.





PROJECT: Mercer Island Pump Station SEATTLE, WA

LOCATION: PROJECT #: 2019-1162

SYSTEM/UNIT: EF-First Hill

DATE: 12/17/2019 CONTACT: Andy Eaden

Tested By: Andy Eaden Date: 12/11/2019

Log: EF-First Hill 12/11/2019 Andy Eaden There is no pit exhaust, only generator exhaust.



Instrument Calibrations

Instrument Type	Air Data Meter with Flowhood
Instrument Manufacturer	Shortridge
Instrument Model Number	ADM 860
Instrument Serial #	M92595
Calibration Due Date	2/6/2020
Instrument Type	Tachometer
Instrument Manufacturer	Shimpo
Instrument Model Number	DT-207L
Instrument Serial #	C1CB0033
Calibration Due Date	10/18/2020
Instrument Type	Amp Probe
Instrument Manufacturer	Fluke
Instrument Model Number	32
Instrument Serial #	02926-1
Calibration Due Date	10/18/2020
Instrument Type	Temperature Probe
Instrument Manufacturer	Shortridge
Instrument Model Number	ADM 860
Instrument Serial #	M92595
Calibration Due Date	2/6/2020
Instrument Type	Air Foil
Instrument Manufacturer	Shortridge
Instrument Model Number	ADM 860
Instrument Serial #	M92595
Calibration Due Date	2/6/2020
Instrument Type	Hydrometer
Instrument Manufacturer	Shortridge
Instrument Model Number	HDM-250
Instrument Serial #	W11007
Calibration Due Date	9/24/2020

Appendix C

NFPA 820 STANDARD ALTERNATE REQUEST







February 24, 2021

Jeromy Hicks Mercer Island Fire Department 3030 78th Avenue SE Mercer Island, WA 98040

Subject: National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) 820 Standard Alternate Request

Scope of Work

The purpose of this work is to assess the City of Mercer Island's Lakeline Pump Stations with regards to the NFPA 820 standard. The effort involved the observation, assessment, and development of recommended improvements for seventeen (17) wastewater pump stations and one (1) flushing pump station.

Standard Deficiencies

The results of this work have identified that the City of Mercer Island's Lakeline Pump Stations will need to make audible and visual alarm improvements to adhere to the NFPA 820 Standard. The City is requesting variance to the audible and visual alarm requirements highlighted in Section 7.6 and Table 7.6.1 of the NFPA 820 standard in order to preserve peace with its surrounding neighbors while trying to maintain the intent of the standard. See below for specific references to the NFPA 820 standard.

7.6 Alarm Signaling Systems.

7.6.1* Distinct local and remote alarms shall be displayed in accordance with Table 7.6.1.

7.6.2* Local and remote alarms required in Table 7.6.1 shall be located to be readily heard and seen by responsible personnel.

Table 7.6.1 Location and Type of Alarm Signaling Notification Appliances Required in 7.6.1

Location	Alarm Notification Appliances
Entrance(s) to spaces in occupied facilities	Visual and audible alarms
Entrances to remote spaces that are not constantly attended	Visual and audible alarms or a dual light warning system
Within spaces	Visual and audible alarms
Constantly attended location (local or remote)	Visual and audible alarms



Jeromy Hicks Mercer Island Fire Department February 24, 2021

Page 2

Proposed Alternative

Below is a list of items that are being proposed as alternatives to the audible and visual alarm requirements highlighted in Section 7.6 and Table 7.6.1 of the NFPA 820 Standard:

- In lieu of a dual light warning system at the entrance to each pump station, the proposed alternative will provide a single no-go light outside each wastewater pump station coupled with a remote fan failure signal to the City's SCADA system.
 - o It is believed that this alternative still meets the intent of Sections 7.6.1 and 7.6.2 and Table 7.6.1, as it still maintains both remote and local alarms to warn and prevent operations staff from entering a hazardous area.
- In lieu of providing an audible alarm that continuously sounds within each pump station, the installed audible alarm will be programmed to activate only when the pump access hatch is open.
 - It is believed that this alternative still meets the intent of Sections 7.6.1 and 7.6.2 and Table 7.6.1 as it still maintains the audible alarm requirement to warn and prevent operations staff from entering a hazardous area.

Summary Statement

We believe the proposed alternatives will meet the intent of the NFPA 820 standard which is to provide a degree of fire and explosion protection for life, property, continuity of mission, and protection of the environment.

Sincerely,

CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

John Sagun, PE Lead Mechanical Engineer.

SECTION 01 12 16

WORK SEQUENCE AND CONSTRAINTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies project milestones, construction sequencing requirements, work restrictions, and constraints for the Work.
- B. The Contractor shall coordinate all work hours, shutdowns, and closures during the construction period with the Owner and all utility service companies.

1.02 CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS

- A. The existing sewer pump stations are currently and continuously in operation, and those functions shall not be interrupted except as specified herein. The Contractor shall coordinate the work to avoid any interference with normal operation of equipment and processes.
- B. If an electrical shutdown is required at a sewer pump station site, a maximum of 15 minutes of downtime is allowed. Coordinate with the Owner to initiate a wetwell drawdown prior to electrical shutdown.

1.03 SUBMITTAL

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Action Submittal:
 - 1. The Contractor shall submit a detailed outage plan and time schedule for operations which will make it necessary to remove an item from service. The schedule shall be coordinated with the construction schedule specified in the General Conditions of the Contract Documents and shall meet the restrictions and conditions specified in this section. The detailed plan shall describe the length of time required to complete said operation. The plan shall minimize the amount of downtime required for the system.
 - 2. Contractor shall submit an outline of the cutover approach on a per site basis, which satisfies the restrictions and constraints outlined in this section.
- C. The Contractor shall observe the following restrictions:
 - 1. Systems or individual equipment items shall be isolated, decommissioned, or deenergized, in accordance with the detailed outage plan and schedule.
 - 2. The Owner shall be notified in writing at least three weeks in advance of the planned operation.
 - 3. Onsite construction activities shall be performed within working hours: 7am-6pm. No work shall be performed on weekends.
 - 4. PLC panel cutovers shall occur only on Mondays through Thursdays.

1.04 SEQUENCE AND SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION

- A. It is the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate and plan the construction activities to integrate each schedule constraint into performance of the overall work.
- B. Contractor shall develop a construction schedule that supports the implementation, testing and commissioning requirements as defined by the contract documents and in Attachment A at the end of this Section. Coordinate with Owner on the construction schedule and pump station order for cutover.
- C. For sites with intrinsically safe (IS) panels, prior to PLC panel cutover, install, test, and commission FogRod level instrument. In addition, install, test, and commission IS panels, such that the station can operate off the local hardwired level control system during PLC panel cutover. Applicable sites with IS panels are noted in Attachment A. In coordination with the Owner, test operation of Local Hardwired (level) Control via IS Panel and Local Manual Control via local Hand-Off-Auto at the sewer pump stations prior to PLC panel cutover.
- D. Level instrumentation is critical to sewer pump station operations. Contractor shall coordinate construction sequencing to limit downtime of level instrumentation. Either the primary or secondary (FogRod) wetwell level instrument shall remain in operation at any given time.
- E. Unless approved by the Owner, Contractor shall complete work at one pump station prior to beginning work at the next pump station.

1.05 OTHER CONTRACTS

- A. Sequence, schedule, and coordinate work in and around the activities of other contractors or operations staff on the site to avoid obstruction of work access and interference with, or delay of, the work of other contractors on the site.
- B. Other construction contracts underway at the sewer pump station sites include the following:
 - 1. Pump Stations 23 and 25 Generator Replacement Project.

1.06 MILESTONES

- A. The Contractor shall meet the following submittal milestones. The submittal list below is not inclusive of all submittals required by the specifications.
 - 1. Section 40 63 43 and 40 61 13 Submittals
 - a. Submit Section 40 63 43 Action Submittal and Section 40 61 13 Quality Assurance Submittal within 21 days after the effective date of the Notice to Proceed.
 - b. In the event of the need to "revise and resubmit," address all review comments to the initial submittal, and submit a resubmittal within 7 days after receiving review comments.
 - c. Provide a first resubmittal which results in a Review Action of "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED." as specified in Section 01 33 00.

2. Section 40 67 00 and 26 05 00 Submittals

- a. Submit Section 40 67 00 Action Submittal and Section 26 05 00 Action Submittal within 30 days after the effective date of the Notice to Proceed.
- b. In the event of the need to "revise and resubmit," address all review comments to the initial submittal, and submit a resubmittal within 14 days after receiving review comments.
- c. Provide a first resubmittal which results in a Review Action of "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED." as specified in Section 01 33 00.

3. Section 40 70 00 Submittal

- a. Submit Section 40 70 00 Action Submittal within 60 days after the effective date of the Notice to Proceed.
- b. In the event of the need to "revise and resubmit," address all review comments to the initial submittal, and submit a resubmittal within 21 days after receiving review comments.
- c. Provide a first resubmittal which results in a Review Action of "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED," as specified in Section 01 33 00.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

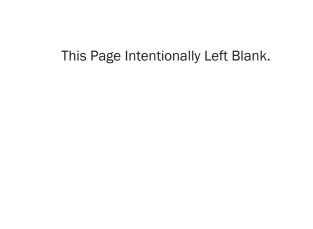
3.01 ATTACHMENTS

A. 01 12 16 Attachment A: Work Sequence

Field or Heading	Comment or Description
Work Package Sequence	The order in which a work package shall be constructed unless mutually agreed upon by the Owner, Engineer, and Contractor.
Site	Location of the work.
Work Period Performed	Identifies when the work is constrained to. If Anytime, work can be constructed, tested, and commissioned any season of the year provided the identified constraints are met.
Estimate I/O Point Quantity per Site	Estimate I/O point quantity at the site, as an indicator of size of work for cutover.
Allowed Cutover Time	Any limitation on the amount of time the control system can be down at a site.
Construction Constraints	Any limitation for doing work at the specific site.
Flexibility to Move Construction of Package within Sequence	Identifies if a specific Work Package has flexibility to be moved in the overall sequence. If there is only one site in the work package sequence, not applicable (N/A) is listed.
Comments	Identifies additional considerations for the site.

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SECTION 01 12 16_WORK SEQUENCE AND CONSTRAINTS ATTACHMENT A WORK SEQUENCE



SECTION 01 12 16 ATTACHMENT A WORK SEQUENCE

	-						
Work Package Sequence	Site	Work Period Performed	Estimate I/O Point Quantity per Site	Allowed Cutover Time (Control System Downtime)	Construction Constraints	Flexibility to Move Construction of Package within Sequence	Comments
1	FLUSH STATION 12	Anytime	32	6 Hours	None.	A/N	
2	PUMP STATION 15	Anytime	92	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
7	PUMP STATION 16	Anytime	96	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
2	PUMP STATION 17	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
2	PUMP STATION 18	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
2	PUMP STATION 19	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
2	PUMP STATION 20	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
7	PUMP STATION 21	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
ဗ	PUMP STATION 22	Anytime	96	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
က	PUMP STATION 23	Anytime	96	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover. Coordinate with other Construction at site per Section 01 12 16.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
ဧ	PUMP STATION 24	Anytime	96 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Site must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
ю	PUMP STATION 25	Conducted between October 1st to April 1st. Coordinate with Owner on timing to perform cutover during a dry week.	92	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover. Coordinate with other Construction at site per Section 01 12 16.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
4	PUMP STATION 10	Anytime	92	6 Hours	Site must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
4	PUMP STATION 1	Anytime	92 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
4	PUMP STATION 13	Anytime	92 (PLC), 36 (RIO)	6 Hours	Site must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cultover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
ß	PUMP STATION 4	Anytime	112	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel prior to cutover.
ĸ	PUMP STATION 14	Anytime	92	6 Hours	Sile must remain in operation (hardwired level control) during PLC panel cutover.	Flexibility within Work Period	Install IS panel and level control panel prior to cutover.

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SECTION 01 14 19 USE OF SITE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. The Owner's operating personnel will be responsible for operating the existing sewer pump stations throughout the execution of this contract. Equipment presently installed at remote pump station sites must be available to operating personnel at all times for use, maintenance, and repair. If it is necessary in the course of operating a site, for the Contractor to move their equipment, materials, or any material included in the work, Contractor shall do so promptly and place that equipment or material in an area which does not interfere with the site operation. The Contractor shall not adjust or operate serviceable or functioning equipment or systems except as specifically required by this contract.
- B. The existing sewer pump stations will remain in operation throughout the execution of this contract. The Contractor shall schedule and conduct work to minimize necessary shutdowns and interference with normal pump station operations and maintenance.
- C. The Contractor shall notify the Owner, in accordance with Section 01 12 16, three weeks in advance of the time it is necessary to take out of service any existing electrical circuit, panel, equipment or structure. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing whatever temporary piping, pumping, power, and control facilities as are required to maintain continuous site operation except as otherwise specified. The integrity of existing site utilities shall be maintained by the Contractor at all times.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 NOT USED

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SECTION 01 22 00

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PART 1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

1.01 GENERAL

- A. This section generally describes the scope of work included in the bid items listed in the Bidding Schedule and specifies the basis for measurement and payment for work completed under each item. Detailed requirements and extent of work are stated in the applicable specification sections and shown on the drawings. All work required under the Contract shall be included for payment within the bid items listed in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions whether or not each and every required element of work is included in the description.
- B. Progress payments and payment for materials on hand shall be in conformance with the General Terms and Conditions Article 7.
- C. All progress payments must include this statement: [enter Contractor name] certifies that the prevailing wages have been paid in accordance with the pre-file statement of intent to pay prevailing wages on file with the City of Mercer Island.
- D. Contractor shall submit properly completed invoice(s) electronically to the Owner's Project Manager or designated representative and also to the Public Works Mailbox at <u>publicworks@mercerisland.gov</u>. Copies of the work order or request form with complete information shall be attached to invoices submitted for payment. The Contractor shall be paid upon submission of a properly itemized invoice, including sales tax. The Invoice will be reviewed by the Owner before payment is made, and the Owner's designated representative shall not authorize payment until, in their opinion, the work has been satisfactorily completed.

1.02 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. For items of equipment, acceptable operating and maintenance information shall be delivered to the Engineer before the Contractor will be paid for more than 90 percent of the purchase value of that equipment. Purchase value shall be the net price for the equipment as given on the invoice. Acceptable operating and maintenance information will be that for which the preliminary O&M manual submittal has been returned as No Exceptions Taken or Make Corrections Noted.
- B. Complete final operating and maintenance manuals per Section 01 78 23 must be delivered to the Engineer prior to the Project being 90 percent complete. Progress payments for work in excess of 90 percent completion will not be made until the specified final operating and maintenance information has been delivered to the Engineer.

PART 2 BID ITEMS

2.01 BID ITEMS 1 THROUGH 17 - LUMP SUM BID PER SITE

- A. Bid Items 1 through 17 are lump sum bids per site. Each lump sum bid per site shall include the following:
 - 1. General conditions and administrative work of the Contract, including, but not limited to the following:
 - a. Project meetings.
 - b. Construction progress schedule.
 - c. Progress pay estimates.
 - d. Project safety requirements.
 - e. Construction facilities and temporary controls.
 - f. Traffic control.
 - 2. Work of the Electrical Contractor specified in Section 26 05 00.
 - 3. Work of the Systems Integrator specified in the Sections in Division 40.
- B. Measurement and payment for these items are subject to the percentage of work completed.
- C. Payments will be made monthly on a pro-rata basis for these items as a lump sum.

2.02 BID ITEM 18 - UNEXPECTED SITE CHANGES - ALLOWANCE

- A. The price for any work paid for under this Bid Item will be negotiated prior to commencing such work and shall be for work to remedy unforeseen conditions or conflicts, not identified in the Contract Documents. Payment or credits for changes amounting to \$40,000 or less may be made under the Bid Item.
- B. At the discretion of the Owner, the following procedure for Unexpected Site Changes may be used in lieu of the more formal procedure outlined in General Terms and Conditions Article 5. The Contractor will be provided a copy of the completed order for Unexpected Site Changes. The agreement for the Unexpected Site Changes will be documented by signature of the Contractor.
- C. If the Contractor is in disagreement with anything required by the order for Unexpected Site Changes, the Contractor may protest the order as provided in the General Terms and Conditions. Payments or credits will be determined in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions. For the purpose of providing a common Proposal for all Bidders, the Owner has entered the amount of \$40,000 for Unexpected Site Changes in the Proposal to become part of the total Bid by the Contractor.

PART 3 NOT USED

SECTION 01 31 19

PROJECT MEETINGS

ERROR! BOOKMARK NOT DEFINED.GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for meetings during construction.
- B. Contractor and Subcontractor representatives attending meetings must be qualified and authorized to act on behalf of their firms.

1.02 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

- A. The Engineer will schedule a meeting to be held prior to the Contractor mobilizing and beginning any work. This meeting is to review Construction Documents administration requirements and mobilization procedures.
- B. Meeting Location: City of Mercer Island Public Works Maintenance and Engineering Building, or as mutually agreed.
- C. Participants shall include:
 - 1. Contractor's Project Manager, Superintendent, Safety and Health Officer.
 - 2. Owner, Project Manager.
 - 3. Engineer.
 - 4. Owner's Maintenance and Operation Staff, as appropriate.
 - 5. Others, including major Subcontractors, as appropriate.

D. Engineer will:

- 1. Administer the meeting.
- 2. Record and distribute copies of minutes within seven days of meeting to all meeting participants.
- E. Agenda: Discussion will pertain to detailed information, for example:
 - 1. The Work including, but not limited to:
 - a. Scheduling and phasing requirements.
 - b. Contractor's use of premises.
 - c. Special conditions and coordination.
 - d. Security.
 - e. Permits.
 - 2. Communications including, but not limited to:
 - a. Change and persons authorized to direct changes.
 - b. Requests for Information (RFI), field decisions, and clarifications.
 - c. Project meetings.
 - 3. Contractor's Site Specific Safety Plan.

- 4. Administrative and procedural requirements including, but not limited to:
 - a. Contract modification.
 - b. Progress payment.
 - c. Submittals including Contractor's Construction Progress Schedule.
- 5. Owner testing and inspection.
- 6. Temporary Facilities and Controls including, but not limited to:
 - a. Deliveries and storage.
 - b. Temporary utilities and enclosures.
 - c. Noise and vibration control.
 - d. Utility process shutdowns.
 - e. Contractor parking.
 - f. Housekeeping and waste management.
- 7. Closeout Procedures including Project Record documents.

1.03 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS MEETINGS

- A. Frequency: Monthly, unless otherwise agreed to by the Owner and Contractor.
- B. Meeting Location: City of Mercer Island Public Works Maintenance and Engineering Building, or as mutually agreed.
- C. Participants shall include:
 - 1. Contractor's Project Manager, Superintendent.
 - 2. Owner.
 - 3. Engineer.
 - 4. Owner's Operation and Maintenance Staff, as appropriate.
 - 5. Others, as appropriate.
- D. Contractor shall:
 - 1. Administer the meetings.
 - 2. Provide schedules, logs and other construction activity data in support of the issues discussed and recorded in meeting minutes.
 - 3. Record and distribute copies of minutes prior to the next meeting.
- E. Engineer and Owner will:
 - 1. Review meeting minutes and provide comments as appropriate.
- F. Agenda: Discussion will pertain to items, such as:
 - 1. Review and approve minutes of previous meeting noting exceptions, if any.
 - 2. Review progress since previous meeting.
 - 3. Review plans for progress during subsequent four-week look ahead schedule work period.
 - a. Identify pending meetings.
 - b. Discuss safety activities and any job hazards
 - 4. Discuss field observations, problems, and conflicts.

- 5. Review the comprehensive progress schedule, identify problems and discuss mitigation.
- 6. Review submittal schedule and RFIs.
- 7. Review proposed changes in the Work and substitution requests.

1.04 DRAFT PROGRESS PAYMENT ESTIMATE REVIEW MEETINGS

- A. Frequency: Monthly (Meeting may be combined with Construction Progress Meetings in Paragraph 1.03)
- B. Meeting Locations: City of Mercer Island Public Works Maintenance and Engineering Building, or as mutually agreed.
- C. Participants shall include:
 - 1. Contractor's Project Manager.
 - 2. Owner.
 - 3. Engineer.
 - 4. Others as appropriate.
- D. The Contractor shall:
 - 1. Administer the meeting.
 - 2. Present the draft monthly Progress Payment Estimate together with required back up information for review and approval by the Owner and Engineer.
 - 3. Revise and submit the monthly Application for Payment in accordance with the findings and agreements of the meeting.
- E. The Engineer will:
 - 1. Review the Contractor's draft Progress Payment Estimate in accordance with the progress of the Work and requirements of General Terms and Conditions Article 7.
- F. Agenda: Discussion will pertain to items such as:
 - 1. Percent of work complete.
 - 2. Off-site storage.
 - 3. Bill of quantities.
 - 4. Percentage of subcontract payment allocations.
 - 5. Other items required to be submitted prior to payment, including but not limited to the schedule update, construction photographs, and review of as-built drawings.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 NOT USED

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SECTION 01 32 16

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SCOPE

A. This section specifies the procedures for preparing and revising the critical path method construction schedule used for planning and managing construction activities. The schedule provides a basis for determining the progress status of the project relative to specific dates and completion time.

1.02 DESCRIPTION

- A. The Contractor shall provide a graphic construction schedule prepared by the critical path method (CPM) of analysis. The critical path schedule shall be prepared from estimates of the required duration and sequence for each item of work and function to be performed. A general guide for preparing such a schedule is contained in "The Use of CPM in Construction, A Manual for Contractors," published by the Associated General Contractors of America. Tabulation and analysis of the work schedule shall be performed by computer using a commercially available critical path software program. In addition to the capability to produce tabular reports, the computer software shall plot the construction schedule after the Contractor has produced it in a draft form as required by paragraph 1.03 Submittal Procedures.
- B. The schedule shall depict all significant construction activities, procurement of major materials, including buy-out/issuance of purchase orders, and all items of work listed in the breakdown of contract prices submitted by the Contractor in accordance with the General Conditions of the Contract Documents. The dependencies between activities shall be indicated so that it may be established what effect the progress of any one activity has on the schedule.
- C. Time for completion and all specific dates as specified in the Contract Documents and sequencing requirements described in Section 01 12 16 shall be shown on the schedule. Activities making up the critical path shall be identified.
- D. No activity on the schedule shall have a duration longer than 21 days or assigned value greater than \$100,000, except activities comprising only fabrication, and delivery may extend for more than 21 days. Activities which exceed these limits shall be divided into more detailed components. The schedule duration of each activity shall be based on the work being performed during the normal 40-hour workweek with allowances made for legal holidays and normal weather conditions.

1.03 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. Within 20 days after the date of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall complete a construction schedule conforming to paragraph 1.02 Description and representing in detail all planned procurement and on-site construction activities. The schedule shall be prepared on reproducible paper and may be in draft form with legible freehand lines and lettering. Upon completion of the schedule, the Contractor shall submit the original and two copies to the Engineer in accordance with Section 01 33 00.

B. Within 7 days after receipt of the submittal, the Engineer shall review the submitted schedule and return one copy of the marked-up original to the Contractor. If the Engineer finds that the submitted schedule does not comply with specified requirements, the corrective revisions will be noted on the submittal copy, returned to the Contractor for corrections and resubmitted as specified in Section 01 33 00.

1.04 SCHEDULE REVISIONS

A. Revisions to the accepted critical path construction schedule may be made only with written approval of the Contractor and Owner. Changes in timing for activities which are not on the critical path may be modified with written agreement of the Contractor and Owner. A change affecting the contract value of any activity, the timing of any activity on the critical path, the completion time and specific dates as specified in the Contract Documents, and work sequencing (Section 01 12 16) may be made only in accordance with applicable provisions of the General Conditions of the Contract Documents.

1.05 PROJECT STATUS UPDATE

A. Project status review and update shall be provided each month as specified in the General Conditions of the Contract Documents.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 NOT USED

SECTION 01 32 20 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. The work specified in this Section establishes the procedures for preparing the schedule of values to be used for preparation of the Contractor's progress pay estimates. Requirements for the submittal of a comprehensive construction schedule and schedule updates are specified in Section 01 32 16.

1.02 REQUIREMENTS

- A. Within 14 calendar days following receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, for review and approval, a complete breakdown of components of all bid items showing the value assigned to each portion of the work, prepared in such form, and supported by data that substantiates its accuracy as may be required by the Engineer. This schedule of values shall, once approved by Engineer, be used as the basis for reviewing and determining each monthly progress payment estimate and as such shall be subject to periodic review by the Engineer to assure that the schedule of values reasonably represents, in the opinion of the Engineer, the actual value of the individual items of work to be performed. No payments shall be made until the schedule of values has been approved.
- B. The Schedule of Values must be reviewed and accepted by the Engineer as the basis of calculating progress payment. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Schedule of Values is unbalanced, the Contractor will be required to present documentation substantiating the proposed values. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Schedule of Values lacks sufficient detail to calculate progress payments, the Contractor will be required to submit additional detail. Progress payments subsequent to the required submission date for the construction schedule will be withheld until the Schedule of Values has been accepted by the Engineer.
- C. Unless otherwise approved by the Engineer include each cost category listed below and the total cost assigned to each activity in the Schedule of Values for each line item.
 - 1. Labor
 - 2. Equipment
 - 3. Material
 - 4. Subcontractor
 - 5. Overhead and Profit
- D. The value to be allocated to the mobilization activity(ies) shall not exceed a total of 3 percent of Contract cost. Payment for this item will be made in equal portions in the first three progress payments following start of on-site construction; provided the Engineer is satisfied the Contractor is making a reasonable effort to mobilize for construction in a timely manner. Untimely delays in mobilization, as determined by the judgment of the Engineer, will be cause for postponement of payment for this item. In the event of default of the Contract, no further payments will be made to the Contractor for this item.

- E. If the Contractor intends to propose a construction schedule where there will be more than one substantial completion date, the schedule of values shall be structured to group the activities associated with each substantial completion date together.
- F. For each activity listed below, the associated cost in the Schedule of Values shall be at least the percentage of the Contract cost shown.
 - 1. Operation and Maintenance Data (see Section 01 78 23), 1 percent of the Contact cost upon acceptance of all submittals.
 - 2. Project Record Documents (see Section 01 78 39), 1 percent of the Contract cost upon acceptance of all submittals.
 - 3. Warranties (see Section 01 78 36), 0.25 percent of the Contract cost upon acceptance of all submittals.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 NOT USED

END OF SECTION

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

SECTION 01 33 00

SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submittals.

1.02 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. General:

- 1. Furnish submittal items as specified in the contract documents.
- 2. Review submittal information to verify it is accurate and fulfills specified submittal requirements before submitting for review and comment.
- 3. Edit submittal content to clearly indicate only those items, models, or series of equipment, which are being submitted for review. Cross out or otherwise obliterate extraneous materials.
- 4. Ensure there is no conflict with other submittals and notify the Engineer in each case where the submittal may affect the work of another contractor or the Owner.
- 5. Coordinate submittals among subcontractors and suppliers including those submittals complying with unit responsibility requirements specified in the contract documents.
- 6. For each submittal, certify field conditions, compliance with the Contract Documents, and review of the submittal prior to submitting for review.
- Designate the installation location within the facility, application, or intended purpose
 for each submittal item. Review comments are solely applicable to the circumstances
 designated in the submittal.
- 8. Coordinate submittals with the work so that work will not be delayed. Coordinate and schedule different categories of submittals, so that one will not be delayed for lack of coordination with others.
- 9. No extension of time will be allowed because of failure to properly schedule, coordinate or compile submittals.
- 10. Submittals will be rejected for lack of legibility, lack of coordination, ambiguity, or are incomplete. Incomplete submittals will be returned without review.
- 11. Do not proceed with work related to a submittal until the submittal process is complete. This requires that submittals for review and comment be returned to the Contractor stamped "No Exceptions Taken" or "Make Corrections Noted."
- 12. If desired, authorize material or equipment suppliers to deal directly with the Engineer regarding a submittal. Such dealings require written authorization from the Contractor and are limited to contract interpretations to clarify and expedite the work.

1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. Action Submittals:

1. Action Submittals content require review and response by the Engineer before proceeding with incorporating the subject equipment, materials, or procedure into the work.

2. Review comments on Action Submittals, and perform subsequent actions based on the REVIEW ACTION requirements specified below.

B. Informational Submittals:

- 1. Informational Submittals are examined to verify that the specified submittal contents have been furnished as specified.
- 2. The Contractor's actions are not contingent on the disposition of review comments on Informational Submittals.
- 3. Review comments on Informational Submittals, and perform subsequent actions based on the REVIEW ACTION requirements specified below.

C. Closeout Submittals:

- Closeout Submittals consist of documentation that is not available for review at the
 time Action Submittals are submitted for review or documentation that is typically
 generated or furnished following incorporation of the equipment, materials, or
 procedure into the work. Closeout submittals include spare parts inventory listing,
 spare parts, extra stock materials, special tools and other materials or components
 that are furnished separate from the installed and completed work.
- 2. Review comments on Closeout Submittals, and perform the subsequent actions based on the REVIEW ACTION requirements specified below.

D. Samples:

- 1. Samples include partial sections of components, cuts, or containers of materials, color range sets, and swatches showing color, texture and pattern.
- 2. Samples may be Action or Informational submittals.

E. Mock-ups:

- 1. Mock-ups are scale representations of items to be constructed as part of the work as required in the Contract Documents.
- 2. Mock-ups are Action Submittals.

F. Review Actions:

- The following definitions and actions are associated with the REVIEW ACTIONS DEFINED below:
 - a. <u>NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN</u>: If the review indicates that the material, equipment or work method complies with the Contract Documents, submittal will be marked "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN." Implement the work method or incorporate the material or equipment covered by the submittal.
 - b. MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED: If the review indicates limited corrections are required, submittals will be marked "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED." Implement the work method or incorporate the material and equipment covered by the submittal in accordance with the noted corrections. Where submittal information will be incorporated in O&M data, provide a corrected copy.
 - c. AMEND AND RESUBMIT: If the review reveals that the submittal is insufficient or contains incorrect data, submittals will be marked "AMEND AND RESUBMIT." Do not undertake work until the submittal has been revised, resubmitted and returned marked either "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED".

- d. <u>REJECTED SEE REMARKS</u>: If the review indicates that the material, equipment, or work method does not comply with Contract Documents, the submittal will be marked "REJECTED SEE REMARKS." Do not undertake the work covered by such submittals until a new submittal is made and returned marked either "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED" except at your own risk.
- e. <u>RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED</u>: This code is assigned to acknowledge receipt of an informational submittal. No further submittal activity is required by the Contractor for the submitted items if the submittal is marked "RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED".

1.04 MASTER SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. General: Immediately following the acceptance of the CPM Schedule by the Engineer, prepare a complete master submittal list of all submittals required by the specifications. Submit this schedule no later than fifteen (15) calendar days after Notice to Proceed. Organize the submittal schedule by principal subcontractor.
- B. Prepare schedule in chronological order. Show category of submittal, generic description of work covered, corresponding specification section number, and scheduled date for first submission.
- C. Maintain the list over the course of construction, and update the list as submittals are completed and transmitted to the Engineer. Provide updated list to Engineer monthly.
- D. Include the following as a minimum in the updated list:
 - 1. Submittal number.
 - 2. Date submitted.
 - 3. Requested time for return of comments.
 - 4. Special requests, if any, for that particular submittal.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. General

- Engineer will review submittal information and indicate a REVIEW ACTION. Review of submittals does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for performance of the work according to the Contract Documents.
- 2. Coordinate submittal transmittal for related elements of work to ensure the submittals are processed as needed to meet the intent of the work and that delays are minimized.
- 3. See General Terms and Conditions Article 4.9 for product substitutions.
- 4. A review duration of 28 calendar days is allotted for each submittal, from the date of receipt by the Engineer to the date of return to the Contractor. Submittal review activity will be prioritized based on the order received unless otherwise requested by the Contractor.

B. Submittal Preparation:

- Excepting, mock-ups, spare parts, physical samples, and other items that cannot be converted to electronic media, furnish submittal contents electronically in a searchable PDF format.
 - a. Include a table of contents and labeled divider sheets that are coordinated with the table of contents. Provide submittals in searchable PDF format with bookmarks to match the table of contents of each submittal.
 - b. Limit PDF size to 200 pages. Provide multiple volumes if necessary.
 - c. Diagrams, drawings, pictures, and illustrations presented with a consistent orientation.
- 2. If electronic submittals are not possible, place a permanent label or title block on each hard copy submittal for identification and submit the following:
 - a. Action and Closeout Submittals: Three copies of submitted information plus one reproducible original.
 - b. Informational Submittals: Three copies of submitted information.
- 3. Shop Drawings, Samples and Mock-ups:
 - a. Submit one electronic copy per the requirements described above and the following:
 - 1) Shop Drawings: One reproducible and two prints. One marked up print will be returned to the Contractor when the review is complete.
 - 2) Samples: Two samples.
 - 3) Mock-up: As required by individual specification.
 - 4) Demonstrations: As required to facilitate installation and inspection.
 - b. Reference applicable specifications for additional requirements.

C. Submittal Completeness:

- 1. Submittals without all required information are not acceptable and may be marked "REJECTED" and returned without review.
- 2. For a submittal to be deemed complete, provide the information required below and specified in specification sections, including those elements in the special transmittal procedures where required.
- D. In the event of the need to "revise and resubmit", provide a complete stand-alone submittal with corrections, revisions, and new information clearly identified.
- E. Resubmit changes to submittals that require a stamp and signature by a licensed engineer or other certification with the requisite stamp and signature or certifications.

3.02 TRANSMITTAL PROCEDURE

A. General:

- 1. Unless otherwise specified, complete the Transmittal Form 01 33 00-A specified in Section 01 99 90.
- 2. For operation and maintenance manuals, information and data submittals, complete the Transmittal Form 01 78 23-A specified in Section 01 99 90.

- 3. Use a separate form for each specific item, class of material, equipment, and items specified in separate, discrete sections, for which a submittal is required. Identify the appropriate equipment numbers for submittal documents common to more than one piece of equipment. Submit a single form for multiple items, if the items taken together constitute a manufacturer's package or are functionally related, to facilitate checking or reviewing the group or package as a whole.
- 4. Assign a unique sequential number to each transmittal form accompanying each item submitted.
 - a. Format submittal numbers as follows: "XXX"; where "XXX" is the sequential number assigned to the original submittal.
 - b. Format resubmittals as follows: "XX XX XX YYYZ"; where "XX XX XX" is the applicable specification section, "YYY" is the originally assigned submittal number and "Z" is a sequential letter assigned for resubmittals, i.e., A, B, or C being the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd resubmittals, respectively. Submittal 40 67 00 3B, for example, is the second resubmittal of submittal 3 related to specification section 40 67 00.
- 5. Deviation from contract: If deviations from the material, equipment or method of work are proposed, describe the proposed deviation and explain the reason for proposing the deviation under "deviations" on the transmittal form accompanying the submittal copies.
- B. Check Marked Specification Transmittal Procedures
 - 1. When submittal requirements require a "marked" copy of the specification, provide a copy of the specification marked as indicated below. Provide the following when transmitting the submittal:
 - a. Provide a copy of the specification section(s) that specifies a marked copy of the specification. Include addendum updates and referenced specification sections, with addendum updates. Complete the following:
 - 1) Check-mark each paragraph to indicate submittal compliance with that specification requirement. Check marks (\checkmark) shall denote full compliance with that paragraph as a whole.
 - 2) Mark paragraphs where deviations are proposed by underlining text that is the subject of the proposed deviation. Denoting each proposed deviation with a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph and provide a detailed written explanation for each numbered deviation. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined signify compliance with specified requirements.
 - 3) The Engineer is the final authority for determining acceptability of requested deviations.
 - b. For equipment specifications, provide a copy of the control diagrams and process and instrumentation diagrams relating to the submitted equipment, with addendum updates that apply to the subject equipment. Complete the following:
 - 1) Mark drawings or diagrams to show specific changes necessary for the equipment proposed in the submittal.
 - 2) If no changes are required, mark the drawings or diagrams with "no changes required".

C. Provide a Certificate of Unit Responsibility assigning unit responsibility in accordance with the requirements of the specification Section. No other submittal material will be reviewed until the certificate has been received and found to be in conformance with the Specifications.

D. Samples and Mock-ups:

- Submit samples and mock-ups in accordance with the Contract Documents. Package samples to facilitate review. Include the following with the Submittal Transmittal Form:
 - a. Generic description of the sample
 - b. Sample source
 - c. Product name and name of manufacturer
 - d. Compliance with recognized standards
 - e. Submittal Number
 - f. Availability and delivery time
 - g. Specification Section
- Submit samples and mock-ups before installation. Where variation in color, pattern, texture or other characteristics are inherent in the material, submit four units to show variation range.
- 3. Where samples are for selection of appearance characteristics from a range of standard choices, submit a full set of choices for the material or products.
- 4. Maintain sets of approved samples and mock-ups at the Project Site, for quality comparisons throughout the course of construction.
- 5. Demolish and remove all samples and mock-ups prior to substantial completion.

3.03 REVIEW PROCEDURE

A. General:

- Engineer will review each submittal, indicate a REVIEW ACTION, and return to the Contractor.
- 2. Returned submittals indicate one of the following REVIEW ACTIONS: NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN, MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED, AMEND AND RESUBMIT, REJECTED SEE REMARKS. or RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED.

3.04 EFFECT OF REVIEW OF CONTRACTOR'S SUBMITTALS

A. General:

1. Review of contract drawings, methods of work, or information regarding materials or equipment the Contractor proposes to provide, does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for errors therein and is not regarded as an assumption of risks or liability by the Engineer or the Owner, or by any officer or employee thereof, and the Contractor has no claim under the contract on account of the failure, or partial failure, of the method of work, material, or equipment reviewed. A mark of "NO EXCEPTIONS TAKEN" or "MAKE CORRECTIONS NOTED" means that the Owner has no objection to the Contractor, upon their own responsibility, using the plan or method of work proposed, or providing the materials or equipment proposed.

SECTION 01 35 23 PROJECT SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies minimum requirements for safety on the construction site including, but not limited to, Contractor responsibility for creating and maintaining a safe jobsite, Contractor safety program submittals, Contractor safety requirements, Contractor safety reporting, fire safety requirements, and hazard communication.
- B. The Contractor is responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and regulations regarding safety whether noted in this section or not. Furthermore, the Contractor is responsible for creating and maintaining a safe working environment on the Project Site whether the requirements of this Section address a particular situation or not.

1.02 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY

- A. The Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for conditions of the construction site, including safety of all persons and property, during performance of the Work. The Contractor shall maintain the site and perform the Work in a manner which meets or exceeds statutory and regulatory requirements for the provision of a safe place to work and which minimizes safety risks to personnel of the Contractor, Subcontractors, Owner, Engineer, general public or other parties. This obligation shall apply continuously and not be limited to normal working hours.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that all Contractor and Subcontractor personnel are provided sufficient training, and shall take such actions as are necessary to maintain a safe environment on the construction site. Such training and actions shall include but not be limited to ensuring that such employees are familiar with governing construction safety requirements and the requirements for compliance with applicable regulations. The Contractor shall monitor the jobsite to ensure that employees do not create unsafe conditions for others, and shall notify employees of the requirement to alert the Contractor to any potential health or safety hazard affecting themselves or others, and to comply with the provisions of the Site Specific Safety Plan.
- C. Safety Violations: In the event of Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act (WISHA) violations, by the Contractor or any of its suppliers or Subcontractors of any tier, or unsafe practices involving imminent danger to personnel of the Owner, Engineer, Contractor, Subcontractors, or others, the Contractor shall immediately correct the hazardous situation causing the violation prior to any Work continuing in the affected area. If such violations exist and corrective actions have not been taken by the Contractor, Owner may order the Contractor to stop work, to be followed up in writing the same day, until satisfactory corrective action has been taken.

1.03 CONTRACTOR SAFETY PROGRAM AND SAFETY PLAN SUBMITTALS

- A. Company Safety Program: Prior to performing any work on the site, the Contractor shall submit a copy of its Company Safety Program as an Informational Submittal per Section 01 33 00. The Company Safety Program shall contain, at a minimum, the following elements:
 - 1. Organizational Structure: Include names of individuals who will perform safety duties, titles, work assignments, authority and reporting relationships.
 - 2. Training Program: Who, how and when training is provided; method of employee training concerning safety rules and procedures; training in use of protective equipment.
 - 3. Protective Equipment: List of personal protective equipment to be provided to employees.
 - 4. Accident Prevention and Loss Control Plan: Work site inspection and hazard correction procedures; disciplinary procedures for safety infractions; accident response, investigation and reporting procedures.
- B. Site Specific Safety Plan: Prior to performing any work on the site the Contractor shall develop and submit a copy of a Site Specific Safety Plan as an Informational Submittal per Section 01 33 00. The Site Specific Safety Plan shall be tailored to the unique issues of the Project and the specific types of hazards likely to be encountered, be in compliance with WISHA and all other regulatory requirements, and contain, at a minimum, the following elements.
 - Application of Company Safety Program: The Site Specific Safety Plan shall address
 how the following elements from the Company Safety Program will be specifically
 applied and modified in addressing unique issues related to the Project:
 organizational structure, training program, protective equipment.
 - 2. Specific Hazards: The Site Specific Safety Plan shall address, as applicable, the following, and other specific hazards for the Project:
 - a. Overhead hazards/flying objects
 - b. Open flame/Hot Work
 - c. Hazardous materials and chemical exposure (asbestos, lead, PCB, mercury, mold, etc.)
 - d. Hazardous gas exposure (LEL, H2S, CO, etc.)
 - e. Rigging/Aerial lifts and forklifts
 - f. Electrical safety
 - g. Scaffolding and personnel lifts
 - h. Noise and dust
 - i. Lockout/Tagout and control of hazardous energy
 - j. Work in confined spaces
 - k. Housekeeping and safe access
 - I. Fall prevention
 - m. COVID-19 Plan

1.04 CONTRACTOR SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Personal Protective Equipment: Contractor shall ensure all construction personnel to be equipped with and utilize Contractor-provided Personal Protective Equipment in accordance with Labor and Industries standards. As a minimum requirement, all personnel working on the construction site shall be required to use approved hardhats, high visibility clothing, safety glasses, gloves, appropriate work footwear, and hazardous gas detection devices.
- B. First Aid: The Contractor shall maintain at its field office, or other well known place at the site, all materials necessary for giving first aid to the injured (e.g., a first aid kit), and shall establish, publish, and make known to all employees procedures for ensuring immediate removal to a hospital or a doctor's care, persons, who may have been injured on the construction site.
- C. Job Hazards Analysis: The Contractor shall plan daily work considering procedures with the potential for personnel injury and implement appropriate practices to avoid injuries with focus on engineering controls, personal protective equipment needs, and mitigation for exposure to cuts and lacerations. At each construction progress meeting, the Contractor shall present its plan for addressing hazards likely to be encountered in the next week.

1.05 CONTRACTOR SAFETY REPORTING

- A. Reporting Injuries and Incidents: Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner and Engineer of any injury or incident to personnel on the construction site. Contractor shall conduct an immediate investigation with an emphasis on preventative actions and lessons learned. The Contractor shall document the investigation and submit a copy to the Owner within 24 hours of the incident.
- B. Reporting Potentially Serious Hazards: Contractor shall immediately notify the Owner and Engineer of any potentially serious hazard to personnel on the construction site. Contractor shall conduct an immediate investigation and submit a report to the Owner within 24 hours of becoming aware of the potentially serious hazard. The report shall describe the potentially serious hazard, the results of the Contractor's investigation, and any steps the Contractor has taken to prevent an injury or incident from occurring based on the potentially serious hazard.

C. Emergency Procedures:

- 1. In the event of emergencies requiring ambulance, fire department, or police assistance call 9-1-1.
- 2. Should the Contractor find it necessary to call for non-emergency police assistance or protection in the exercise of its responsibilities of the Project, call the City of Mercer Island Police Department at (206) 275-7610.

1.06 CONSTRUCTION FIRE SAFETY

A. "Hot Work" Procedures:

- 1. Contractor shall establish a system for documentation and control of "hot work" activities which include the use of portable gas, grinding, or arc welding equipment, the storage of flammable materials (e.g., propane, butane, compressed gasses), cutting and welding activities, roofing/hot tar kettle work. Post Hot Work Permits in an accessible and conspicuous location.
- 2. Conduct operations in a manner that is fire-safe for the work area and adjacent areas.
- 3. Maintain the premise clear of rubbish, debris, or other materials constituting a potential fire hazard. The local fire code is incorporated herein by reference; adhere to all applicable provisions as determined by the authority having jurisdiction.
- 4. Whenever practical, perform cutting and welding operations off-site.
- 5. Prior to conducting "hot work" activities, ensure all of the following fire safety precautions have been taken.
- 6. Cutting and/or welding equipment must be thoroughly inspected and found to be in good repair, free of damage or defects.
- 7. A multi-purpose dry chemical, portable fire extinguisher must be located such that it is immediately available to the Work and is fully charged and ready for use.
- 8. At least one fire alarm pull station or means of contacting the fire department (i.e. site telephone) must be immediately available and accessible to person(s) conducting the cutting/welding operation.
- 9. Floor areas under and at least 35 feet around the cutting/welding operation must be swept clean of combustible and flammable materials.
- 10. All construction equipment fueling activities and fuel storage must be located at least 35 feet away from cutting/welding operations.
- 11. Fire resistant shields (fire retardant plywood, flameproof tarpaulin, metal, etc.), must cover combustible floors.
- 12. Provide combustible and finished surfaces, equipment, electrical cables, and personnel with protection to prevent damage or injury from molten metal, falling sparks, and welding arcs.
- 13. Spark/slag catchers (fire retardant plywood, flameproof tarpaulin, metal, etc.), must be suspended below any elevated cutting/welding operation.
- 14. All floor and wall openings must be covered to prevent sparks/slag from traveling to other unprotected area.
- 15. Containers in or on which cutting/welding will take place must be purged of flammable vapors.
- B. Occupant Egress in Existing Buildings: The Contractor shall not block active exits, exit hallways, exit corridors, and the exit access to a public way, and they are to remain free of construction materials, equipment, and rubbish at all times, unless approved by Owner.

- C. Emergency Access: Outdoor storage and staging operations and construction fencing shall not impede, restrict or narrow fire fighting access, including roads or lanes, or present a fire exposure to existing buildings. Provide adequate separation between buildings and construction trailers and sheds. Coordinate emergency access changes with emergency services.
 - Access to emergency services including, but not limited to, fire hydrants, fire
 department connections, fire command centers, fire alarm panels, valves and similar
 equipment and systems for emergency vehicles and emergency response personnel
 must be kept free and unobstructed at all times, unless specifically approved by the
 Owner.
 - 2. Temporary obstruction of emergency access may be allowed for special cases (e.g., crane hoist, etc.) on a short-term basis. A written plan must be submitted to the Owner for approval at least two weeks prior to the scheduled date of obstruction.

1.07 HAZARD COMMUNICATION

A. Responsibilities: The Contractor shall provide chemical hazard information (SDS), for all chemical products on the site, including but not limited to all paints, glues, mastics, epoxies and cleaning products. Maintain a 3-ring binder on-site of all SDS for materials used on the Project and indicate where they are used.

PART 2 NOT USED

PART 3 NOT USED

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SECTION 01 41 26

PERMITS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 PERMITS

A. General:

- Contractor shall obtain, at Contractor's expense, all permits and licenses necessary for the construction of the Work in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions Section 3.12.
- 2. If, after the bid submittal date, the Owner obtains permits which require changes to the Work, thereby causing an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, the performance of the work under this Contract, the Contractor shall submit information sufficient for the Engineer to determine the extent of the effects on the Contractor's cost and/or schedule. If the Engineer agrees that the Contractor's cost and/or schedule will be affected by such changes, such effects will be handled in accordance with General Terms and Conditions Article 5. The Engineer will provide a copy of such permits to the Contractor. The Contractor shall comply with applicable terms and conditions contained in such permits.

B. Permits to be Obtained by Contractor:

- Permits obtained by the Owner are identified in this Section; the Contractor shall obtain all other permits required to perform the Work. The Contractor shall prepare and submit to the proper authority information required for the issuance of such permits and pay costs thereof, including agency inspections unless specifically provided otherwise in the Contract Documents.
- 2. Except as noted below, the Contractor shall be responsible for paying all fees associated with all the necessary permits, licenses, approvals, and construction permits necessary for the execution of this Contract, whether they be City, County, State, or federal permits.
- 3. Permits to be obtained by the Contractor include, but are not limited to, the following.
 - a. City of Mercer Island Right of Way Use permits.
 - b. City of Mercer Island electrical permits.

C. Permits to be Obtained by the Owner:

- 1. The Owner will obtain the following permits and provide to Contractor during construction:
 - a. City of Mercer Island Shoreline Exemption Permit.

1.02 RESTORATION OF PROPERTY

A. The Contractor shall comply with property restoration requirements contained in the permits identified in this section.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Action Submittal Items: Contractor obtained permits.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PERMITS TO BE OBTAINED BY CONTRACTOR

- A. Selected draft permit applications for completion by the Contractor are appended to this Section. Contractor shall submit the completed applications to the authority having jurisdiction.
- B. Submit a copy of the issued permit prior to performing any work covered by the permit.
- C. When required, Work covered by the permit shall be inspected by the issuing agency.

SECTION 01 45 00 CONTRACTOR QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for quality control services, field inspections and field testing.
- B. The Contractor is responsible for the quality assurance and quality control of their respective work for the construction of this project in accordance with the Contract Documents.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS (NOT USED)

1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Factory Test: Tests made on various materials, products and component parts prior to shipment to the job site.
- B. Field Tests: Tests and analyses made at or in the vicinity of the job site in connection with the actual construction.
- C. Certified Inspection Report: Reports signed by approved inspectors attesting that the items inspected meet the specification requirements other than any exceptions included in the report.
- D. Certificate of Compliance: Certificate from the manufacturer of the material or equipment identifying said manufacturer, product and stating that the material or equipment meet specified standards, and shall be signed by a designated officer of the manufacturer.
- E. Standard Compliance: Condition whereby specified materials or equipment must conform to the standards of organizations such as the American National Standard Institute (ANSI), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), Underwriters Laboratories (UL) or similar organization.
- F. Quality Assurance: The day-to-day, in-process supervisory observations of work and materials conducted by the Contractor to assure that the proper methods and materials are being used and installed by tradesmen.
- G. Source Quality Control: The in-process testing and inspections conducted by the Contractor to verify that the materials, equipment; workmanship and shop manufactured constructs are in compliance with the Contract Documents, applicable Codes and standards.
- H. Field Quality Control: The testing and inspections conducted by the Contractor in the field during and at the completion of each construct to verify that the in-process and completed construction is in compliance with the Contract Documents, applicable Codes and standards.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Action Submittals:

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- 2. A copy of this specification section with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements.
- 3. Check-marks (✓) denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. Deviations shall be underlined and denoted by a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined signify compliance with the specification. Include a detailed, written justification for each deviation. Failure to include a copy of this marked-up specification section, along with justification(s) for requested deviations, with the submittal, is cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.
- 4. If requested by the Engineer during the work, manufacturer's field services and reports.

A. Informational Submittals:

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- Manufacturers' field services and reports unless requested by Engineer to be submitted for review.
- 3. Inspection reports when inspection by the Contractor is specified in the Contract Documents.

1.05 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Comply with all Federal, State, and local Codes as referenced herein. Such regulations apply to activities including, but not limited to, site work and zoning, building practices and quality, on and offsite disposal, safety, sanitation, nuisance, and environmental quality.

1.06 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Monitor quality assurance over suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce work of specified quality.
- B. Coordinate the schedule for all specified inspections.
- C. Comply fully with manufacturers' instructions, including each step in sequence.
- D. Should manufacturers' instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification before proceeding from Engineer.
- E. Comply with specified standards as a minimum quality for the work except when more stringent tolerances, codes, or specified requirements indicate higher standards or more precise workmanship.
- F. The Contractor shall take all necessary measurements in the field to verify pertinent data and dimensions shown on the Drawings or to determine the exact dimensions of the Work.

1.07 FIELD SAMPLE PROCEDURES (NOT USED)

1.08 CONTRACTOR DESIGNED STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS (NOT USED)

1.09 JOB SITE CONDITIONS

A. Schedule to ensure all preparatory work has been accomplished prior to proceeding with current work. Proceeding with the work constitutes acceptance of conditions. Allow adequate time for materials susceptible to temperature and humidity to "stabilize" prior to installation. Establish and maintain environmental conditions (i.e., temperature, humidity, lighting) as recommended by the various material manufacturers for the duration of the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Contractor Responsibilities: Provide source quality control according to paragraph 1.06 herein. Timely prepare and submit submittals, and revise as indicated by review comments. Comply with technical requirements in each specification Section that applies to the work.
- B. Engineer Reponsibilities: Facilitate completion of submittal review per Section 01 33 00.
- C. Acceptance Criteria: Acceptable characteristics and quality of a particular item or construct is defined in that item's or construct's specification Section.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field quality control responsibilities of the Contractor and Engineer are substantially the same as described in paragraph 2.01, with the exception that this work occurs primarily on the jobsite as the work progresses.
- B. Acceptable characteristics and quality of a particular item or construct is defined in that item's or construct's specification Section.

3.02 REGULATORY COMPLIANCE – SPECIAL INSPECTIONS (NOT USED)

3.03 CORRECTION OF DEFECTIVE WORK

- A. Any defective or imperfect Work, equipment, or materials furnished by the Contractor which is discovered before the Final Acceptance of the Work, or during a warranty period, shall be removed immediately even though it may have been overlooked by the Engineer and approved for payment. The Contractor shall repair such defect, without compensation, in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer.
- B. Unsuitable materials and equipment may be rejected, notwithstanding that such defective Work, materials and equipment may have been previously overlooked by the Engineer and accepted or approved for payment.

- C. If any workmanship, materials or equipment shall be rejected by the Engineer as unsuitable or not in conformity with the Specifications or Drawings, the Contractor shall promptly replace such materials and equipment with acceptable materials and equipment at no additional cost to Owner. Equipment or materials rejected by the Engineer shall be tagged as such and shall be immediately removed from the site.
- D. The Engineer may order tests of imperfect or damaged Work equipment, or materials to determine the required functional capability for possible acceptance, if there is no other reason for rejection. The cost of such tests shall be borne by the Contractor, and the nature, tester, extent and supervision of the tests will be as determined by the Engineer. If the results of the tests indicate that the required functional capability of the Work, equipment, or material was not impaired, the Work, equipment or materials may be deemed acceptable, in the discretion of the Engineer. If the results of such tests reveal that the required functional capability of the questionable Work, equipment or materials has been impaired, then such Work, equipment or materials shall be deemed imperfect and shall be replaced. The Contractor may elect to replace the imperfect Work, equipment or material in lieu of performing the tests.

SECTION 01 50 00

CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section includes the following:
 - 1. Temporary utilities: electricity, lighting, heating, ventilation, telephone service, water, and sanitation facilities.
 - 2. Temporary controls: barriers, fencing, protection of work, and security.
 - 3. Construction facilities: parking, progress cleaning, project signage, and staging areas.

1.02 TEMPORARY POWER

- A. The Contractor shall connect to existing power service where feasible. Owner will pay cost of energy used. Contractor shall exercise measures to conserve energy.
- B. Contractor shall make arrangements for additional power requirements, as needed, either with portable generators or with the electrical utility for power takeoff points, voltage and phasing requirements, transformers and metering and pay resulting costs and fees. The Contractor shall provide any special connections that are required.
- C. All costs for installing, maintaining, and removing temporary power facilities are the responsibility of the Contractor.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Action Submittals:
 - 1. Submit a site plan for each site defining the limits of the proposed staging areas and the proposed temporary facilities required to support the work operations. Identify the location of any relocated facilities such as Owner employee parking.

1.04 TEMPORARY HEATING

A. The Contractor shall provide temporary heating of buildings and enclosures as necessary to protect work and material against damage by humidity, dampness, and cold and to facilitate completion of the work. The Contractor shall supply the fuel, equipment and materials required for temporary heating.

1.05 TEMPORARY VENTILATION

A. The Contractor shall ventilate enclosed areas to maintain a safe work environment, to assist cure of materials, to dissipate humidity, and to prevent accumulation of dust, fumes, vapors, or gases.

1.06 TELEPHONE SERVICE

A. Provide, for Contractor's own use, telephone service at the construction site. These telephone costs shall be paid by the Contractor.

1.07 TEMPORARY WATER SERVICE

A. The Contractor shall provide for all workers on the project, an adequate and reasonably convenient, uncontaminated drinking water supply. All facilities shall comply with the regulations of the local and State Department of Health.

1.08 TEMPORARY SANITARY FACILITIES

A. Contractor shall provide, for Contractor's and Engineer's use, toilet and wash-up facilities for the work force at the site. Comply with applicable laws, ordinances and regulations pertaining to the public health and sanitation of dwellings and camps.

1.09 BARRIERS

A. Provide barriers to prevent unauthorized entry to construction areas and to protect existing facilities from damage during construction and demolition operations.

1.10 FENCING

A. Maintain, at all times during the construction period, fences which shall, to the satisfaction of the Engineer, enclose the areas of the site where the Work is being performed.

1.11 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS

A. Commercial or advertising signs for the Contractor, subcontractors, or trade unions are not allowed on the site or site entrance other than a sign to direction for site deliveries.

1.12 CONTRACTOR'S SECURITY

A. Where the Contractor's work or facilities modify or impact existing fencing at the site, provide security and facilities to protect the work and existing facilities from unauthorized entry, vandalism, or theft.

1.13 PROTECTION OF NEW WORK AND EXISTING PROPERTY

- A. Protect existing structures, property, cultivated or planted areas and other surface improvements from damage and provide bracing, shoring or other work necessary for such protection.
- B. Protect installed work and provide special protection where specified in the Specifications.
- C. Repair or replace damaged structures, work, materials or equipment to a condition equal to or better than prior to the damage at no additional cost to the Owner. Repair and/or replacement shall be approved by the Owner.

1.14 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

- A. Contractor shall conduct its work to interfere as little as possible with public travel, whether vehicular or pedestrian.
- B. Whenever it is necessary to cross, obstruct or close roads, driveways and walks, whether public or private, provide and maintain suitable and safe bridges, detours or other temporary expedients for the accommodation of public and private travel, and give reasonable notice to owners of private drives before interfering with them. Such maintenance of traffic will not be required when Contractor has obtained permission from the owner and tenant of private property, or from the authority having jurisdiction over public property involved, to obstruct traffic at the designated point.
- C. Traffic control shall be provided, in accordance with Section 01 55 00.

1.15 PARKING AND STAGING

- A. The Contractor shall prepare the designated staging area at the start of construction and establish designated areas for employee parking and material and equipment laydown. The Contractor is responsible for preparing and maintaining this staging area throughout the construction period. The Owner will identify an option for the staging area in the Shoreline Exemption Permit.
- B. Owner will not provide a designated storage area for the Contractor. The Contractor shall be responsible for any necessary offsite storage.

1.16 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. Maintain areas free of waste materials, debris, and rubbish. Maintain site in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and other closed or remote spaces, prior to enclosing the space.
- C. Broom and vacuum clean interior areas prior to start of surface finishing, and continue cleaning to eliminate dust.
- D. Clean the exposed surfaces of piping, ductwork or equipment which has become soiled with dirt, mortar, or other materials before covering with insulation, painting, or enclosing in the building structure.
- E. Remove waste materials, debris and rubbish from the site immediately upon such materials becoming unfit for use in the work. In the event that this material is not removed, the Owner reserves the right to have the material removed and the expense charged to the Contractor.
- F. Provide a legal, off-site debris disposal site.

- G. Contractor shall not burn or bury rubbish or waste materials within the limits of the Project.
- H. Replace air-handling filters if units were operated during construction. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils, if necessary.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01 55 00 TRAFFIC CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 WORK INCLUDED

A. Work specified in this section includes providing for the safe and expeditious movement of vehicular traffic on the project site, public roads, and rights-of-way.

1.02 REFERENCES

A. This section contains references to the following documents. They are a part of this section insofar as specified and modified herein. In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and the listed documents, the requirements of this section shall prevail.

Reference	Title
ANSI	American National Standards Institute, Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways (MUTCD)

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. General:

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- 2. The Vehicular Traffic Control Plans shall be updated and submitted to the Engineer whenever significant changes in traffic control measures are necessary.

B. Action Submittals

- 1. Vehicular Traffic Control Plan:
 - a. Submit a Vehicular Traffic Control Plan, as described herein. No vehicular traffic disruptions or revisions shall be made before receiving approval of the Vehicular Traffic Control Plan from the Engineer.
 - b. The Vehicular Traffic Control Plan shall consist of drawings and narrative sufficient to describe the methods to be used for control of vehicular traffic on all roads on or adjacent to the construction site. The plan shall include:
 - 1) Drawings showing vehicular routing during each phase of the work, including permanent and temporary routing of all roadways.
 - 2) Drawings showing the location of barricades, lighting, signing, and any other vehicular traffic control devices anticipated to be used during each phase of the work.
 - 3) Arrangements for vehicular access to buildings on the site.
 - 4) Arrangements for emergency access to buildings on the site.
 - 5) Anticipated traffic blockages resulting from construction activities.
 - 6) Anticipated locations where temporary pipes, cables, or hoses will be placed across or parallel to roadways. Drawing details of ramps over utilities or shallow burial placement and protection cover.

- 7) Projected volumes of truck traffic for each phase of the work. Projections shall be expressed as the average daily (one-way) truck trips on a monthly basis
- 8) Areas within Contractor's staging area designated for parking shall be identified on drawings.

1.04 GENERAL MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC REQUIREMENTS

- A. Maintain vehicular traffic within public rights-of-way in accordance with the current edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices and as supplemented by these specifications.
- B. Maintain emergency access to and from buildings within the construction site. There shall be no delay to medical, fire, police, or other emergency vehicles with flashing lights or sirens. Alert all flaggers and personnel of this requirement.
- C. Adhere to all traffic regulations of the City of Mercer Island and other local jurisdictions as applicable. Notify the Owner, Engineer, and the local Police, Fire and Public Works Departments with jurisdiction over the Work, daily of each work activity related to the Project and at least 48 hours prior to full roadway closures, re-openings, or partial obstruction of public rights of way.
- D. Maintain vehicular traffic at all locations to the greatest extent possible and reduce and reroute traffic only for the shortest time possible, consistent with effective construction operations. The required travel lanes shall not be blocked by the Contractor's activities, including trucks delivering materials. Material deliveries and other related trucking activities shall occur in the Contractor's protected work area.
- E. Provide signs and other devices, and erect and maintain barricades, standard construction signs, warning signs, and detour signs as necessary to alert and forewarn the public at all times. Do no work on or adjacent to roads or trails until all necessary signs and traffic control devices are in place. Standard roadway warning construction signage used on this project shall be a minimum 30 inches by 30 inches.
- F. The legal speed limits in the vicinity of the project site are posted. The maximum allowable speed limit on the plant site is 10 miles per hour. The Contractor shall inform its subcontractors of these limits and the importance of strict adherence to all traffic regulations and shall repeat this information at regular safety and subcontractor coordination meetings throughout the life of the Contract.
- G. Interference or delay to the Contractor's operations resulting from safeguarding traffic will not be a basis for extra compensation.

1.05 REGULATION OF TRUCK TRAFFIC

A. For the purposes of this section, a truck shall be a motor vehicle defined as a truck, truck tractor, tractor, or semi-trailer in RCW 46.04, used for transporting materials, equipment, or other property, and having a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more.

B. The Contractor shall restrict truck traffic to and from the construction site to the hours between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on weekdays. No truck traffic shall be allowed at other times or during weekends or holidays, except with the written authorization of the Owner. In the event that construction activities require truck traffic outside the hours listed in this paragraph, the Contractor shall request approval from the Owner at least fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the date of such construction activities. This request shall include the anticipated time and duration of the activities and the reasons why the activities cannot be undertaken within the hours listed in this paragraph.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

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SECTION 01 66 00

PRODUCT STORAGE AND HANDLING REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DAMAGE

A. Equipment, products and materials shall be shipped, handled, stored, and installed in ways which will prevent damage to the items. Damaged items will not be permitted as part of the work except in cases of minor damage that have been satisfactorily repaired and are acceptable to the Owner.

1.02 PIPE (NOT USED)

PART 2 EQUIPMENT

2.01 PACKAGE AND MARKING

- A. All equipment shall be protected against damage from moisture, dust, handling, or other cause during transport from manufacturer's premises to site. Each item or package shall be marked with the number unique to the specification reference covering the item.
- B. Stiffeners shall be used where necessary to maintain shapes and to give rigidity. Parts of equipment shall be delivered in assembled or subassembled units where possible.

2.02 IDENTIFICATION

A. Each item of equipment and valve shall have permanently affixed to it a label or tag with its equipment or valve number designated in this contract. Marker shall be of stainless steel. Location of label will be easily visible.

2.03 SHIPPING

- A. Bearing housings, vents and other types of openings shall be wrapped or otherwise sealed to prevent contamination by grit and dirt.
- B. Damage shall be corrected to conform to the requirements of the contract before the assembly is incorporated into the work. The Contractor shall bear the costs arising out of dismantling, inspection, repair and reassembly.

2.04 FACTORY APPLIED COATINGS

A. Unless otherwise specified, each item of equipment shall be shipped to the site of the work with the manufacturer's shop applied epoxy prime coating. The prime coating shall be applied over clean dry surfaces in accordance with the coating manufacturer's recommendations. The prime coating will serve as a base for field-applied finish coats..

2.05 STORAGE

- A. During the interval between the delivery of equipment to the site and installation, all equipment, unless otherwise specified, shall be stored in an enclosed space affording protection from weather, dust and mechanical damage and providing favorable temperature, humidity and ventilation conditions to ensure against equipment deterioration. Manufacturer's recommendations shall be adhered to in addition to these requirements.
- B. Equipment and materials to be located outdoors may be stored outdoors if protected against moisture condensation. Equipment shall be stored at least 6 inches above ground. Temporary power shall be provided to energize space heaters or other heat sources for control of moisture condensation. Space heaters or other heat sources shall be energized without disturbing the sealed enclosure.

2.06 PROTECTION OF EQUIPMENT AFTER INSTALLATION

A. After installation, all equipment shall be protected from damage from, including but not limited to, dust, abrasive particles, debris and dirt generated by the placement, chipping, sandblasting, cutting, finishing and grinding of new or existing concrete, terrazzo and metal; and from the fumes, particulate matter, and splatter from welding, brazing and painting of new or existing piping and equipment. As a minimum, vacuum cleaning, blowers with filters, protective shieldings, and other dust suppression methods will be required at all times to adequately protect all equipment. During concreting, including finishing, all equipment that may be affected by cement dust must be completely covered. During painting operations, all grease fittings and similar openings shall be covered to prevent the entry of paint. Electrical switchgear, unit substation, and motor load centers shall not be installed until after all concrete work and sandblasting in those areas have been completed and accepted and the ventilation systems installed.

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01 74 19

CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for salvaging recycling, and disposal of nonhazardous construction waste.

1.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Practice efficient waste management in the use of materials in the course of the Work. Use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators.
- B. Packaging: Salvage or recycle 100 percent of the following uncontaminated packaging materials:
 - 1. Paper
 - 2. Cardboard
 - 3. Boxes
 - 4. Plastic sheet and film
 - 5. Polystyrene packaging
 - 6. Wood crates
 - 7. Plastic pails

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 WASTE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- A. Provide containers, storage, signage, transportation, and other items as required.
- B. Train workers, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management practices.
- C. Conduct waste management operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- D. Control runoff from waste management areas to prevent pollution of surface waters and groundwater.

3.02 RECYCLING DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE

- A. General: Recycle paper and beverage containers used by on-site workers.
- B. Preparation of Waste: Prepare and maintain recyclable waste materials according to recycling or reuse facility requirements. Maintain materials free of dirt, adhesives, solvents, petroleum contamination, and other substances deleterious to the recycling process.

- C. Procedures: Separate recyclable waste from other waste materials, trash, and debris.
 - 1. Provide appropriately marked containers or bins for controlling recyclable waste until removed from Project site. Include list of acceptable and unacceptable materials at each container and bin.
 - 2. Stockpile processed materials on-site without intermixing with other materials. Stockpile materials away from construction area. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust. Do not store within the drip line of trees.
 - 3. Remove recyclable waste and transport to recycling receiver or processor.

3.03 DISPOSAL OF CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTE

- A. Remove waste materials and legally dispose of them in a location acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Do not allow waste materials to accumulate on-site.
- C. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
- D. Do not burn waste materials.

SECTION 01 74 23 FINAL CLEANUP

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for final cleaning.

1.02 CLEANING

- A. General cleaning and maintenance of the site during construction is required by General Terms and Conditions Section 3.10; cleaning required for specific trades of work is specified in sections pertaining to that trade of work.
 - 1. If Contractor fails to clean up as provided herein, and after reasonable notice from Owner, Owner may do so, and the cost thereof shall be back charged to Contractor.
- B. Final Cleaning: Perform the following cleaning operations as a prerequisite for Owner's final inspection. The following are examples, but not by way of limitation, of cleaning levels required:
 - 1. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 - 2. Remove protective coatings from all accessories.
 - 3. Remove and clean glazing compound, and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials, from transparent and reflective materials including mirrors and glass in doors and windows inside and out.
 - 4. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes, including cabinet interiors, to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films and similar foreign substances.
 - 5. Leave floors broom-clean. Vacuum carpeted surfaces and clean consistent with manufacturer's recommendations for installation.
 - 6. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition.
 - 7. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
 - 8. Remove and clean all construction debris and refuse from: a) roofs, mechanical and electrical rooms, tunnels and equipment vaults; b) limited access spaces including above ceiling areas and shafts, and; c) physically inaccessible components of the Work including gutters, downspouts, floor drains and other drainage systems.
 - 9. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment including elevator equipment and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication and other substances.
 - 10. Clean the Project Site of rubbish, litter and other foreign substances. Sweep paved areas broom clean, remove stains, spills, and other foreign deposits.
 - 11. Leave entire Project Site clean and ready for occupancy. All interior and exterior building and fixture surfaces shall be turned over to the Owner in a new condition, free of all damage, dust, dirt, spots, stains, encrustations, and other blemishes.
 - 12. Vacuum debris from completed control panels and cabinets.

- C. Compliance: Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of in a lawful manner per Section 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management and Disposal. Do not use Owner's containers for trash generated by cleaning or construction, unless approved by Owner.
 - 1. Where extra materials of value remain after completion, or associated work has become Owner's property, arrange for disposition of these materials as directed.
 - 2. Use low toxic cleaning supplies for surfaces, equipment and personnel use. Submit products for Owner's information.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

SECTION 01 75 00

TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section specifies the requirements for testing and commissioning of the equipment constructed as part of the Work. Testing and commissioning include documentation and procedures, preoperational testing, component testing, functional testing, operational testing, commissioning, and transfer to the Owner.

1.02 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Site: A facility within the sewer collection system with a common process goal including all associated structures, equipment, and materials (e.g., Pump Station 1).
- B. Equipment: All mechanical, electrical, and instrumentation equipment and devices specified in the Contract Documents to provide a completed operational site.

C. System:

1. An arrangement of items, such as equipment, structures, components, piping, wiring, materials, or incidentals, so related or connected to form an identifiable, unified, functional, operational, safe, and independent part of the process system.

D. Preoperational Test Phase:

- 1. Factory testing as specified in the individual equipment specifications.
- 2. Manufacturer's standard factory and recognized industry practice tests.

E. Component Test Phase:

1. Conducted by Contractor to verify operation and performance of equipment and components adheres to the Contract Documents.

2. Includes:

- a. Equipment and Component Checkout: Testing to verity that equipment and components have been installed correctly (e.g., is the electrical wiring properly connected?).
- b. Equipment Performance Testing: Following completion of equipment and component checkout, performance testing of equipment, if specified in the individual equipment specification.

F. Functional Test Phase:

- 1. Follows completion of Component Test Phase for all equipment included within the system.
- 2. Overall test of system control and operation demonstrating interlocks, alarms, data acquisition, and control, over entire range of operation, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Changes in operating parameters (e.g., does the system respond correctly to a change in influent flow rate?).
 - b. Alarm conditions (e.g., does the system respond correctly to a high level alarm?).

- c. Sequences (e.g., does the system correctly start/stop/control equipment for an automatic startup or shutdown sequence?).
- d. Operator interface (e.g., does the system respond correctly to set point and/or discrete changes made at the operator interface?).
- G. Operational Test Phase: Testing the system in full operation and to demonstrate that all functional requirements of the Contract Documents have been met.
- H. Commissioning: The initiation of full site operation by the Owner's personnel under actual conditions. During this period, complete Operational Testing of systems that could not be completed during the Operational Test Phase.
- I. Owner's Programmer: Brown and Caldwell, Seattle, Washington, providing the SCADA/PLC/OIT application programming described in Section 40 61 96.

1.03 OUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Standards:

- This Section incorporates by reference the latest revisions of the following documents. They are part of this Section insofar as specified and modified herein. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this Section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of this Section shall prevail.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect on the effective date of the Agreement. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.

Reference	Title
ASTM	ASTM International
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
ISA	International Society of Automation
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturer's Association

- B. Install testing equipment and apparatus with personnel trained in the trades and professions required to assure competent workmanship.
- C. Supervise the installation of specific equipment testing items specified to be accomplished by factory-trained installation specialists furnished or certified by the equipment manufacturers.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.

B. Refer to Sections 40 61 21 and 26 05 00.

1.05 CONTRACTOR'S TESTING MANAGER

- A. Minimum Qualifications:
 - 1. Refer to Section 40 61 21.
- B. The Contractor's Testing Manager shall be responsible for the following:
 - 1. Review and approve all functional and performance tests, results, and documentation for all equipment and systems.
 - 2. Develop schedules for all testing, integrate testing into the master construction activity schedule, and coordinate all required testing.
 - 3. Develop test procedures and forms for documentation of all equipment tests, system functional tests, and cross system functional tests, unless otherwise noted in individual sections. Test procedures shall be in accordance with equipment manufacturer's recommendations, where applicable. Test procedures shall fully describe system configuration and steps required for each test. The test procedures reflect actual procedures used. The test procedures shall be appropriately documented so that another party can repeat the test to verify results.
 - 4. Complete test procedure schedule, procedures, forms, and other documentation.
 - 5. Coordinate directly with all subcontractors, manufacturer's representatives, the Owner's Programmer, and the Engineer specific to their responsibilities.
 - 6. Observe the startup and initial testing of equipment and then all final testing of equipment and systems.
 - 7. Note and document any inconsistencies or deficiencies in system operations and ensure system compliance or recommend modifications to system design which will enhance system performance.
 - 8. Coordinate testing participation and approve procedures, after verifying that previous test phases have been satisfactorily conducted and the systems are ready for the next test phase.
 - 9. Document all test results and assemble a final report.
 - 10. Participate in commissioning activities.

1.06 SEQUENCE AND COORDINATION

- A. Testing shall be performed on a per pump station basis in accordance with Section 01 12 16.
- B. Test Phases and Sequence:
 - 1. Preoperational Test Phase: Factory Tests.
 - 2. Component Test Phase: Field testing of installed equipment, including component checkout and performance testing.
 - 3. Functional Test Phase: Operation and control strategy testing for complete systems.
 - 4. Operational Test Phase: Operation of systems comprising a complete site using process fluids present during normal operation of the site. During this phase, the site is operated by Owner's personnel, with assistance from the Contractor. During this phase, complete any testing activities that cannot be completed during the Functional Test Phase due to testing limitations.
 - 5. Commissioning: Operation of related systems comprising a complete site, demonstrating performance of all functions for which it was designed.

- C. If, during testing, a portion of the Work fails to comply with the Construction Documents and is adjusted, altered, renewed, or replaced, tests on that portion, and other affected portions shall be repeated within a reasonable time.
- D. Test results shall be within the tolerances set forth in the Contract Documents. If no tolerances are specified, conform to tolerances established by recognized industry practice.
- E. Where, in the case of an otherwise satisfactory installed test, doubt or dispute arises between the Owner and the Contractor regarding the results, methods, or test equipment, the Owner may request the test be repeated. The repeat test using modified methods or equipment will be paid per the following:
 - 1. If the test results confirm the satisfactory installed test results, costs for the repeat test will be paid by the Owner through the change order process, in accordance with General Terms and Conditions Article 5.
 - 2. If the results of test fail to comply with the Contract Documents, all costs associated with the repeat tests and equipment necessary to comply with the Contract Documents are at the Contractor's expense.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 TEST MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

A. Provide test gauges, meters, recorders and monitors, as required, to supplement or augment the instrumentation system specified in the Contract Documents. Select devices designed to measure the performance of the specific equipment and systems. Instruments to be recently calibrated.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Install all equipment in accordance with manufacturer's requirements and the Contract Documents. Notify the Engineer of any conflict between a manufacturer's installation recommendations and the Contract Documents.

3.03 TESTING

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Test and inspect equipment, partially completed, or fully completed portions of the work to demonstrate compliance with the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Pay all testing costs, including temporary facilities and connections.
 - 3. Test the following:
 - a. Electrical devices in accordance with Division 26.
 - b. Process control system devices in accordance with Division 40.
 - 4. Obtain Owner's approval for testing only after Engineer's inspection of equipment for conformance with the Contract Documents.
 - 5. Tests and inspections shall be in accordance with recognized standards of the industry.

B. Procedures:

- To prevent equipment damage, design testing procedures to duplicate, as nearly as
 possible, conditions of operation. Once the testing procedures have been reviewed
 and approved by the Engineer, organize into system test packages and include the
 proper checkout, alignment, adjustment, and calibration signoff forms for each item
 of equipment.
- 2. Jointly use forms with the Engineer to ensure that documentation for each electrical and instrumentation equipment item has been properly recorded for installation and testing. Failure to follow the Owner approved procedure will result in non-acceptance of the equipment.
- 3. Fulfillment of the test and inspection requirements are by either of the following:
 - a. Tests and inspections performed in Engineer's presence, or
 - b. Certificates or reports of tests and inspections performed by persons or organizations approved by Owner.
- 4. Maintain the systems test packages, which contain tests and sign-off forms including, but not limited to, equipment, electrical, and instrumentation on-site. Submit test packages to the Engineer for inspection upon request.

C. Preoperational Test Phase:

1. Test items at the place of manufacture during or upon completion of manufacture, as specified. Tests shall be comprised of, but not limited to, electric and instrumentation tests, performance and operating tests, recognized industry practice tests, and tests specified in the individual equipment specifications.

D. Component Test Phase:

1. General:

- a. Equipment to be tested to the specified requirements before a system is placed into operation.
- b. Incorporate Contract Document requirements into the installed tests and inspection procedures and proceed in a logical, step-wise sequence to ensure that the installed equipment has been properly assembled, serviced, aligned, adjusted, connected, and calibrated prior to operation.
- c. Perform all changes, adjustments, or replacements required to make the equipment operate.
- 2. Equipment and component checkout procedures include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Testing specified in the individual equipment specifications.
 - b. Electrical system testing as specified in Division 26.
 - c. Process control system testing as specified in Division 40.
 - d. Testing, checking and correcting deficiencies of:
 - 1) Power, control and monitoring circuits for continuity prior to connection to power source.
 - 2) Voltage of all circuits.
 - 3) Phase sequence.
 - 4) Instrumentation and control signal generation, transmission, reception and response.

- 5) Tagging and identification systems.
- 6) Proper connections, alignment, calibration and adjustment.
- e. Calibrate all instrumentation, alarms, and safety equipment.
- f. Perform other tests, checks, and activities required to make component ready for Functional Test Phase.

E. Functional Test Phase:

1. General:

- a. Once the Owner approves the Component Test Phase results and finds no deficiencies in that portion of the work, test and operate all individual Systems under specified operating conditions to determine as comprehensively as possible whether the equipment and System meet the functional requirements of the Contract Documents.
- b. Following Functional Testing:
 - 1) Check equipment for loose connections, unusual movement or other indications of improper operating characteristics.
 - 2) Correct deficiencies to the Owner's satisfaction.
 - 3) Disassemble and inspect equipment which exhibits unusual or unacceptable operating characteristics. Repair or remove from the site and replace with new. Test until equipment complies with the Contract Documents.
- 2. Functional test procedures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Demonstrate discrete and analog points are displayed on graphics screens.
 - b. Demonstrate operator entries via operator interface are communicated to the control system.
 - c. Demonstrate entries via the control system for the equipment and systems as described in Division 40.
 - d. Verify discrete and analog inputs from field devices update operator interface panel.
 - e. Demonstrate operator entries via interface panel control as described in Division 40.
 - f. Whenever possible actuate all alarms from field devices by physically changing actual operating condition so that field device causes alarm. Perform similar exercising of instruments across their range of operation. Electronically simulate conditions only when physical initiation is not possible. Provide and complete a checklist to demonstrate that all alarms are received on operator interface.
 - g. Test to the Owner's satisfaction prior to proceeding to Operational Test Phase.

F. Operational Test Phase:

1. General:

- a. Operational testing shall be performed after Functional Testing has been completed. Operational testing is a demonstration period with the system in full operation. During this time, the Owner operates the system over a continuous twenty-one (21) day period.
- b. Coordinate to ensure site operations are not compromised.
- c. Prior to start of Operational Test Phase, configure all systems for complete automatic operation as specified in Division 40.

2. Refer to Section 40 61 21 for Operational Test procedures and requirements.

3.04 COMMISSIONING

- A. After successful completion of the Operational Test Phase, completion of specified training, and submission of all specified documentation, the Commissioning Period begins.
- B. The Contractor shall be available at all times during commissioning periods to provide immediate assistance in case of failure of any portion of the system being constructed.
- C. The Owner's personnel will be responsible for operation of the site. The site shall be fully operational and capable of providing normal flows.
- D. The Owner will be responsible for costs of continuous normal operational and routine maintenance during Commissioning.
- E. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs of necessary repairs or replacements required to keep the site operational. Failures of equipment will require restart of Commissioning Period.
- F. Provide required skilled labor to support the Owner around the clock to ensure the site maintains its fully operational mode and to address any warranty or performance issues in a timely manner that prevents adverse impact to the performance of the site.
- G. The Commissioning Period is 4 weeks without equipment failures for all sites being commissioned. Failure of equipment or facilities where, in the opinion of the Owner, a significant interruption or impact to performance occurs will be grounds for restarting the Commissioning Period.

3.05 SCHEDULING

- A. Identify time frames for testing and commissioning activities in the Construction Progress Schedule specified in Section 01 32 16.
- B. Update schedule as the testing process occurs.
- C. Use daily and hourly scheduling when required by the tasks to be completed and coordinated.

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SECTION 01 77 00 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies the following sequence and procedures for Project closeout:
 - 1. Final Inspection.
 - 2. Substantial Completion (per General Terms and Conditions Section 7.5).
 - 3. Final Completion (per General Terms and Conditions Section 7.8)
 - 4. Contract Completion.

1.02 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. Request for Final Inspection: complete the following actions prior to the Engineer's Final Inspection.
 - 1. Final Cleaning per Section 01 74 23.
- B. Final Inspection: Upon receipt of the Request for Final Inspection, the Engineer will commence Final Inspection and, as necessary, provide a Corrective Work Items List. If a list of Corrective Work Items List is issued, make the required corrections and/or identify items that, in the opinion of the Contractor, are not required by the Construction Documents; resolve these items with the Engineer.
- C. Re-Inspection: After completing the Corrective Work Items List and noting completion of each item, request a re-inspection. Items whose completion is delayed due to circumstances acceptable to the Owner will be exceptions. Engineer will confirm completion of the Corrective Work Items List. If Engineer is required to perform more than one re-inspection, costs for additional inspections shall be borne by the Contractor.

1.03 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. Prior to Substantial Completion: Substantial Completion is achieved when the Work, or portion of the Work, other than incidental Corrective Work Items (punch list), is complete. Tasks to complete prior to Substantial Completion include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Removal of temporary facilities and controls not required in other areas.
 - 2. Waste properly disposed per Section 01 74 19.
 - 3. Final cleaning complete per Section 01 74 23.
 - 4. Completion of all testing, training, and commissioning per Sections 01 75 00 and 40 61 21 and demonstration and training per Section 01 79 00.
 - 5. Spare parts delivery and acceptance per Divisions 26 and 40.
 - 6. Accepted preliminary 0&M manuals, per Section 01 78 23.

1.04 FINAL COMPLETION

- A. Prior To Final Completion: Final Completion is achieved when all Work is fully complete in accordance with the Construction Documents. Task to complete include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. All Work is complete and correct to the satisfaction of the Owner.
 - 2. All temporary facilities and controls removed.
 - 3. All waste properly disposed per Section 01 74 19.
 - 4. All cleaning complete per Section 01 74 23.
 - 5. Final Operation and Maintenance Manuals provided per Section 01 78 23.
 - 6. Warranties and Bond Manual submitted per Section 01 78 36.
 - 7. Submittal of the Project Record Documents per Section 01 78 39.
 - 8. All final permits submitted.
 - 9. All Change Orders are approved and signed by both parties.

1.05 CONTRACT COMPLETION

A. Refer to General Terms and Conditions Section 7.8.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

SECTION 01 78 23

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 M S S AR2

- A. This section specifies Operation and Maintenance (O&M) manuals.
- B. Refer to Section 01 22 00 Measurement and Payment for requirements related to when 0&M information shall be provided in relation to payment for individual pieces of equipment and in relation to overall project payment.

1.00 M FS YTTALM

A. Action Submittals

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00
- 2. Provide completed Operational and Maintenance Transmittal Form (Form 01 78 23-A). Form is located in Section 01 99 90.
- 3. Preliminary O&M Manuals
 - a. At least thirty (30) days prior to the Operational Test Phase specified in Section 01 75 00, submit one hard copy and one electronic copy of the Preliminary Operation and Maintenance manuals. Identify copies as "Preliminary."
 - b. Engineer will complete review of preliminary 0&M manuals and deliver review comments within twenty (20) days of receipt.
 - c. Preliminary 0&M manuals must be accepted prior to the on-site training specified in 01 79 00. Acceptable operating and maintenance information will be that for which the submittal has been returned as No Exceptions Taken or Make Corrections Noted.

4. Final O&M Manuals

- a. Final O&M Manuals are a requirement for achieving Physical Completion, as specified in 01 77 00 Closeout Procedures.
- b. Submit Final O&M manuals addressing all of Engineer's review comments made on Preliminary O&M Manuals submittal.
- c. Provide one electronic copy of the final O&M Manual for review. When final O&M manual submittal review is returned as No Exceptions Taken, submit two hard copies.

1.03 UPERATYUN ANB S AWTENANDE S ANI AL

A. Operation and Maintenance Manuals shall contain all the information needed to operate, maintain and repair all systems and equipment and material provided.

- B. Group equipment and components by equipment/component type. Match testing, training and commissioning systems as much as possible. The information provided shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. General: The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the manufacturer, the nearest manufacturer's representative, and the manufacturer's nearest supplier of equipment and parts. Include the manufacturer's web site information.

2. Operating Instructions:

- a. Safety Precautions: List personnel hazards for equipment and list safety precautions for all operating conditions.
- b. Service Requirements: Provide instructions for services to be performed by the operator such as adjustments, maintenance, and inspection.
- c. Environmental Conditions: Provide a list of environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and other relevant data) which are best suited for each product and describe conditions under which product should not be allowed to operate.

3. Preventive Maintenance:

a. Provide manufacturer's preventative maintenance schedule for routine inspections, tests, and adjustments required to ensure proper and economical operation and minimize repairs. Provide manufacturer's projection of preventive maintenance man-hours, by type of craft, on a daily, weekly, monthly, and annual basis.

4. Corrective Maintenance:

- a. Troubleshooting Guides and Diagnostic Techniques: Provide step-by-step procedures to promptly isolate the cause of typical malfunctions. Describe clearly why the checkout is performed and what conditions are to be sought. Identify tests or inspections and test equipment required to determine whether parts and equipment may be reused or require replacement.
- b. Wiring and Control Diagrams: Provide point-to-point drawings of wiring and control circuits including factory-field interfaces. Provide a complete and accurate depiction of the actual job-specific wiring and control work. On diagrams, number electrical and electronic wiring terminals identically to actual installation.
- c. Maintenance and Repair Procedures: Provide instructions and list tools required to restore equipment to proper operational condition.
- d. Removal and Replacement Instructions: Provide step-by-step procedures and list required tools and supplies for removal, replacement, disassembly, and assembly of components, subcomponents, and accessories. Provide tolerances, dimensions, settings, and adjustments required. Include a combination of text and illustrations.
- e. Spare Parts and Supply Lists: Provide lists of spare parts and supplies required for maintenance and repair to ensure continued service or operation without unreasonably delays. Identify spare parts and supplies that require a long lead time. Provide list prices.
- f. Corrective Maintenance: Provide manufacturer's projection of corrective maintenance man-hours by type of craft. Separately identify and tabulate corrective maintenance requiring equipment manufacturer's participation.

5. Appendices:

- a. Parts Identification and Assembly Drawings: Identify each component, subcomponent, and accessory subject to replacement. Include special hardware requirements, such as requirement to use high-strength bolts and nuts. Identify parts by make, model, serial number, and source of supply to allow reordering without further identification. Provide clear and legible illustrations, drawings, and exploded views to enable easy identification. When illustrations omit the part numbers and description, cross reference the illustrated part to the listed part. Group parts by components, subcomponents, and accessories.
- b. Training Requirements: Provide manufacturer's information for use in Owner training.
- c. Testing Equipment and Special Tool Information: Provide information on required test equipment; provide information on special tools needed for the operation, maintenance, and repair.
- C. Following the acceptable installation and operation of an equipment item, the item's instructions, procedures and wiring diagrams shall be modified and supplemented by the Contractor to reflect any field changes or information requiring field data. As-constructed wiring diagrams shall be included in the final O&M manual submittal.
- D. Hard copies shall be bound in slant-D, 3 ring 4" capacity ring view binders with insertable clear vinyl overlay on the front cover and spine. The binders shall have heavy duty nylon reinforced hinges.
 - 1. Provide typed cover slip sheet identifying Project name, equipment name, equipment number(s), Contractor, and date. Provide typed spine slip sheet identifying equipment name, equipment number(s), and date. For the final Operation and Maintenance Manual leave the date blank.
 - 2. Each copy shall have a typed index and tabbed dividers corresponding to the index numbering between equipment categories or specification sections.
 - 3. Each volume shall not exceed 3-1/2 inch thickness of paper contents.
- E. Deliver electronic copies via USB flash drive.
 - 1. Electronic O&M manuals shall be in searchable Adobe Acrobat PDF format. Include a table of contents and labeled divider sheets that are coordinated with the table of contents. Provide manuals in searchable PDF format with bookmarks to match the table of contents.
 - 2. Organize electronic O&M manuals by volume to match hard copy requirements in Paragraph 1.03.D.
 - 3. Where scanned pages are used, each scanned page shall be provided with a bookmark and identified in the index. In addition, annotate each scanned page identifying the content. For example, for a scan of a Special Warranty, insert an annotation in the file stating "Special Warranty Documentation, Page 1."
 - 4. Index each manual with hyperlinks and bookmarks to each section.
 - 5. Consistently orient all diagrams, drawings, pictures and illustrations.

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SECTION 01 78 36 WARRANTIES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies general administrative and procedural requirements for warranties required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturer's Standard Product Warranties and Special Warranties.
- B. Refer to General Terms and Conditions Section 7.9 for the required terms of the Contractor's warranty.
- C. If there is any discrepancy in the Contract Documents regarding the warranty period or its date of commencement, the passage granting the Owner the longest warranty period ending on the latest date shall govern.
- D. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, nor does it relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and Subcontractors that are required to countersign Special Warranties with the Contractor.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. Standard Product Warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the Owner.
- B. Special Warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by Standard Product Warranties or to provide greater rights to the Owner. Refer to individual sections of the Specifications for Special Warranty requirements.

1.03 WARRANTY REQUIREMENTS

- A. All warranties begin at the date of Substantial Completion for the site, portion of the Work, or piece(s) of equipment for which Substantial Completion has been issued.
- B. When correcting warranted Work that has failed, remove and replace other Work that has been damaged as a result of such failure or that must be removed and replaced to access the failed, warranted Work.
- C. Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, correct or replace the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of correcting, replacing, retesting, and recommissioning defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work.

- D. When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected, replaced, retested, and recommissioned, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty duration shall be the equivalent of that for the original warranty.
- E. Written warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties, and shall not limit the duties, obligations, right and remedies otherwise available under the law, nor shall warranty periods be interpreted as limitations on time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
- F. The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selections to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- G. The Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept Work for the Project where a Special Warranty, certification, or similar commitment is required on such Work or part of the Work, until evidence is presented that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.
- H. Owner acceptance of warranties does not relieve the Contractor of the warranty requirements specified in General Terms and Conditions Section 7.9.
- I. Ensure all Standard Product Warranties and Special Warranties are transferrable to Owner.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

A. Action Submittals

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- 2. Preliminary and Final Warranties and Bonds Manuals: Assemble executed licenses, certificates, warranties, special warranties, bonds, and any required service and maintenance contracts from the respective manufacturers, suppliers, and Subcontractors. Provide two (2) preliminary review copies, identified "Preliminary." Provide two (2) final signed copies of the Warranties and Bonds Manual following review and acceptance of the preliminary manual by the Owner.
- 3. Provide electronic copies preliminary and final Warranties and Bonds Manual in scanned Adobe Acrobat (.pdf) file format.
- 4. Include complete information for each of the following with the preliminary and final Warranties and Bonds Manual:
 - a. Table of Contents arranged by specification section.
 - b. Product or work item, including applicable specification section number(s) per the Contract Documents.
 - c. Firm, with name of principal, address, telephone number, email address, and web site address.
 - d. Scope of warranty.
 - e. Start date of warranty or service and maintenance contract.
 - f. Duration of warranty or service and maintenance contract.
 - g. Notification procedures.
 - h. Instances which might affect validity of warranty or bond.

- i. Contractor, name of responsible principal, address, and telephone number.
- j. For Special Warranties, prepare a written document containing all pertinent. information and ready for execution by the required parties.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 01 78 39

PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This section specifies requirements for project Record Drawings.

1.02 DEFINITIONS

- A. Contract Drawings: Drawings that are part of this Contract. Contract drawings include drawings distributed by Addenda and modified or added by Change Order.
- B. Record Drawings: Record Drawings shall include updated Contract Drawings and Contractor-Prepared Drawings depicting actual work as installed by the Contractor. Record Drawings shall include changes from RFIs, Change Orders, field conditions, and shall depict to actual number and dimension the as-constructed work shown and specified in the Contract with isometric drawings, schematic drawings, or with instructions to "field route" or "homerun" the installation. Record drawings shall include updated working drawings to depict actual work as installed by the Contractor and submitted under Division 40. Record Drawings shall include Record Circuit and Panel Schedules and Conduit and Cable Lists.
- C. Working Drawings: Shop drawings, shop plans, or any other supplementary plans or similar data that the Contractor submits to the Engineer for approval.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedures: 01 33 00

B. Action Submittals:

- 1. Final Record Drawings, Record Circuit and Panel Schedules, and Conduit and Cable Lists shall be submitted as specified. The Contractor shall submit red-line mark-ups of all Contract Drawings depicting work that deviates from the Contract Drawings. Drawings shall depict as-constructed equipment and raceway lay-out conditions. These drawings shall be identified as Final Record Drawings. The drawings shall be prepared in conjunction with all of the Contractor's subcontractors and suppliers in accordance with Paragraph 2.01 below. The redline mark-ups shall utilize standard engineering drafting methods and inclusion of NOTES and KEY NOTES where notes are applicable. References to other documentation such as RFIs are not acceptable; the changes described in that documentation shall be depicted on the drawings. Record Drawings shall be organized by pump station.
- 2. The Contractor shall submit Record Drawings of all Circuit and Panel Schedules and Conduit and Cable Lists depicting as-built conditions. Drawings shall be prepared in conjunction with all of the Contractor's subcontractors and suppliers.

- 3. Contractor-Prepared Drawings: The Contractor shall submit AutoCAD *.dwg files and .pdf plots of all drawings prepared by the Contractor and all of its subcontractors and suppliers depicting work in all disciplines in accordance with this and other Sections. The Contractor shall submit the AutoCAD files for Contractor-Prepared Drawings on CDs or DVDs along with the Final Record Drawings and Record Schedules and Lists specified.
 - a. Contractor shall submit the final Contractor-Prepared Drawings as AutoCAD files and .pdf plots at the end of the project. Upon completion of the project Work, the Contractor shall provide the final Record Drawings to the Engineer as a condition of Physical Completion.
- 4. All drawings provided in electronic format shall be provided in the latest release of AutoCAD at the time of the submittal. Contractor shall update and maintain drawings in the latest version of AutoCAD throughout this project. Drawing format shall include borders and title blocks clearly identifying Contract, equipment, and the scope of the drawing. Drawings shall include revision block completed for Final Record Drawings with date of issue. Drawings shall be legible at a 50 percent reduction; reduced drawings will be used for insertion in operations and maintenance manuals. Text size shall be 0.125 inch for 22 x 34 inch drawings and 0.063 inch for 11 x 17 inch drawings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

- A. The marked-up Record Drawings shall be available for review by the Owner and Engineer at all times. The Record Drawings shall be maintained on full-size drawings 22-inch by 34-inch bond paper, reproduced from the most recent version of the appropriate drawings, stamped "Record Drawings" and marked up to reflect the "as-built" and "as-constructed" conditions of the Contract Drawings and Contractor-Prepared Drawings. Contractor provided equipment, junction boxes, panels, cabinets, etc. shall be shown, including conduit specified in the Contract Drawings as isometrics drawings, schematic drawings, or with instructions to "field route" or "homerun" the installation.
- B. The Record Drawings shall be marked up with all of the Contractor's subcontractors and suppliers using the methods and devices described below. Record Drawings shall be prepared for all disciplines and mark-ups shall be shown on all affected drawings.
- C. The Record Drawings and the Record Circuit and Panel Schedules and Conduit and Cable Lists shall, as a minimum, include the following:
 - 1. All Contract drawings and Contractor-Prepared drawings, via submittal, of the electrical and instrumentation work required to perform the Contract.
 - 2. All Contract schematics and Contractor-Prepared schematics, via submittal, of internal wiring of supplied equipment. The Contractor shall utilize the equipment supplier's drawings when preparing Record Drawings for connection of said equipment.
 - 3. All Contract circuit and panel schedules and conduit and cable lists.
- D. Record Drawings and the Record Circuit and Panel Schedules and Conduit and Cable Lists shall show all of the Contractor's work.

2.02 MARKING DEVICES

- A. The Contractor shall utilize standard drawing and drafting tools to draw straight and neat lines depicting elements added to and changed on the drawings. The Contractor shall cloud all areas on the drawings where additions or changes occur. All clouded areas shall be dated to indicate the date the change is being recorded. The drawing markings shall, unless directed otherwise, use the following color coding:
 - 1. Additions Red.
 - 2. Deletions Green.
 - 3. Comments Blue.
 - 4. Dimensions Graphite.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 RECORDING

- A. In addition to the items above, the following additional construction items shall be recorded on the Record Drawings:
 - 1. Electrical schedules and diagrams: Raceway, conduit, and cable schedules and lists listing actual raceway and conductor sizes and routing along with the quantity of the actual cables carried in each. Information is to be based on field cable pulling records.
 - 2. Field changes of dimensions and details.
 - 3. Changes made by Change Order.

3.02 RECORD DRAWING REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE

- A. Record Drawings and Raceway, Conduit, and Cable Schedules and Lists will be used to verify and document progress. The Engineer will not field verify all drawing additions and changes but rather will conduct random spot checks of the drawings by field verifying the accuracy of additions and changes. The Engineer will initial all clouded drawing changes that were field verified. Where the Engineer finds greater than 10% errors in the accuracy of the drawing additions and changes in any month's drawing set review, the Contractor shall be responsible for engineering fees to conduct a detailed review of the drawing set.
- B. All inaccuracies in the Record Drawings, Schedules, and Lists uncovered through random spot checks or in a subsequent detailed review shall be corrected prior to acceptance.
- C. The Contractor shall submit a Transmittal of Final Project Record Documents. The Transmittal of Final Project Record Documents shall be submitted and accepted by the Engineer prior to the Engineer signing off on the portion of the work as being complete. The transmittal of the Final Record Drawings shall include the electronic version of the Record Drawings and Record Conduit, and Cable Schedules and Lists.

3.03 RECORD DRAWING PAYMENT

A. Payment for Project Record Documents shall be as specified in Section 01 32 16.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 01 79 00

DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. This section contains requirements for training the Owner's personnel, by persons retained by the Contractor specifically for the purpose, in the proper operation and maintenance of the equipment and systems installed under this contract.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Where required by the detailed specifications, the Contractor shall provide on-the-job training of the Owner's personnel. The training sessions shall be conducted by qualified, experienced, factory-trained representatives of the various equipment manufacturers. Training shall include instruction in both operation and maintenance of the subject equipment.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.

B. Action Submittals:

- Lessons plans for each training session to be conducted by the manufacturer's representatives. In addition, training manuals, handouts, visual aids, and other reference materials that are used during the training shall be included.
- 2. Subject of each training session, identity and qualifications of individuals to be conducting the training, and tentative date and time of each training session.
- 3. Submittals shall be made not less than 30 days prior to provision of the training.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. Where specified, the Contractor shall conduct training sessions for the Owner's personnel to instruct the staff on the proper operation, care, and maintenance of the equipment and systems installed under this contract. Training shall take place at the site of the work and under the conditions specified in the following paragraphs. Approved operation and maintenance manuals shall be available to the Owner at least 30 days prior to the date scheduled for the individual training session.

2.02 LOCATION

A. Training sessions shall take place at the site of the work at Pump Station 16, or as mutually agreed.

2.03 LESSON PLANS

- A. Formal written lesson plans shall be prepared for each training session. Lesson plans shall contain an outline of the material to be presented along with a description of visual aids to be utilized during the session. Each plan shall contain a time allocation for each subject.
- B. One complete set of originals of the lesson plans, training manuals, handouts, visual aids, and reference material shall be the property of the Owner and shall be suitably bound for proper organization and easy reproduction.
- C. Identify in the training materials which pump stations the information applies.

2.04 FORMAT AND CONTENT

- A. Each training session shall be comprised of time spent both in the classroom and at the specific location of the subject equipment or system. As a minimum, training session shall cover the following subjects for each item of equipment or system:
 - 1. Familiarization
 - a. Review catalog, parts lists, drawings, etc., which have been previously provided for the utility files and operation and maintenance manuals.
 - b. Check out the installation of the specific equipment items.
 - c. Demonstrate the unit and indicate how all parts of the specifications are met.
 - d. Answer questions.
 - Safety
 - a. Using material previously provided, review safety references.
 - b. Discuss proper precautions around equipment.
 - 3. Operation
 - a. Using material previously provided, review reference literature.
 - b. Explain all modes of operation (including emergency).
 - c. Check out Owner's personnel on proper use of the equipment.
 - 4. Preventive Maintenance
 - a. Using material previously provided, review preventive maintenance (PM) lists including:
 - 1) Reference material.
 - 2) Daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual jobs.
 - b. Show how to perform PM jobs.
 - c. Show Owner's personnel what to look for as indicators of equipment problems.
 - 5. Corrective Maintenance
 - a. List possible problems.
 - b. Discuss repairs--point out special problems.
 - c. Open up equipment and demonstrate procedures, where practical.
 - 6. Parts
 - a. Show how to use previously provided parts list and order parts.
 - b. Check over spare parts on hand. Make recommendations regarding additional parts that should be available.

- 7. Local Representatives
 - a. Where to order parts: name, address, telephone.
 - b. Service problems:
 - 1) Who to call.
 - 2) How to get emergency help.
- 8. Operation and Maintenance Manuals
 - a. Review any other material submitted.
 - b. Update material, as required.

2.05 VIDEO RECORDING

A. The Owner may elect to record each training session. In which case, the Owner will retain the services of a commercial video taping service or record on personal devices. The Contractor shall advise all manufacturers providing training sessions that the material will be video taped.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 SUMMARY

- A. Training shall not be performed until the submittals specified above have been reviewed and accepted by the Engineer.
- B. Preliminary operation and maintenance manuals shall be approved, as specified in 01 78 23, prior to the individual training session for the associated equipment.
- C. The Contractor shall furnish ten copies of necessary training manuals, handouts, visual aids and reference materials at least 2 weeks prior to each training session.
- D. The following services shall be provided for each item of equipment or system as required in individual specification sections. Additional services shall be provided, where specifically required in individual specification sections.
 - 1. As a minimum classroom equipment training for operations personnel will include:
 - a. Using slides and drawings, discuss the equipment's specific location and an overview.
 - b. Purpose and function of the equipment.
 - c. Identify and discuss safety items and procedures.
 - d. Routine preventative maintenance, including specific details on ancillary components.
 - e. Operator detection, without test instruments, of specific equipment trouble symptoms.
 - f. Routine disassembly and assembly of equipment if applicable (as judged by the Owner on a case-by-case basis) for purposes such as operator inspection of equipment.

- 2. As a minimum, hands-on equipment training for operations personnel will include:
 - a. Identify location of equipment and review the purpose.
 - b. Discuss and perform the preventative maintenance activities.
 - c. Perform routine disassembly and assembly of equipment if applicable.
 - d. Identify and review safety items and perform safety procedures, if feasible.
- 3. Classroom equipment training for the maintenance and repair personnel will include:
 - a. Theory of operation.
 - b. Description and function of equipment.
 - c. Normal and major repair procedures.
 - d. Equipment inspection and troubleshooting procedures including the use of applicable test instruments and the "pass" and "no pass" test instrument readings.
 - e. Routine and long-term calibration procedures.
 - f. Safety procedures.
 - g. Preventative maintenance such as battery replacement.
- 4. Hands-on equipment training for maintenance and repair personnel shall include:
 - a. Locate and identify equipment components.
 - b. Review the equipment function and theory of operation.
 - c. Review normal repair procedures.
 - d. Review and perform the safety procedures.
 - e. Perform Owner approved practice maintenance and repair job(s), including mechanical and electrical adjustments and calibration and troubleshooting equipment problems.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 99 90 REFERENCE FORMS

PART 1 FORMS

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. The forms listed below and included in this section are referenced from other sections of the project manual:

Form No.	Title
01 33 00-A	Submittal Transmittal Form
01 78 23-A	Operation and Maintenance Transmittal Form
01 78 23-B	Equipment Record Form
26 05 00-A	Wire and Cable Resistance Test Data Form
40 61 13-A	Loop Wiring and Insulation Resistance Test Data Form
40 61 13-D	Panel Indicator Calibration Test Data Form
40 61 13-G	Field Switch Calibration Test Data Form
40 61 13-H	Transmitter Calibration Test Data Form
40 61 13-I	Miscellaneous Instrument Calibration Test Data Form
40 61 13-J	Individual Loop Test Data Form

01 33 00-A. SUBMITTAL TRANSMITTAL FORM

Submit	submittal Description: Submittal No		Submittal No: ¹		Spec	Section:		
					Routi	nø	Sent	Received
Owner:						actor/CN		110001100
Project:						Engineer		
.,						neer/CM		
Contracto	or:				CM/C	Contracto	r	
□ Submi	ned separate ittals for ct data f	e cover review a or inforr	via and commer nation only	t				
1	Copies	Date	Section No	. Description		Review action ^a	Reviewer initials	Review comments
Attach ad Contrac Certify ei	ctor ther a or a. inc b.	sheets b: We have luding c	e verified that coordination e verified that except for the	t the material or equipment c with all related work, specified t the material or equipment c attached deviations.	ontained in thi d (no exception	s submitt ıs).	al meets all t	he requirements,
No.			I	Deviation				
	l by:	ature:						

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

 $^{^{1}}$ See Section 01 33 00-3.02.A, Transmittal Procedure.

01 78 23-A. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TRANSMITTAL FORM

Date:		Submittal No: ²				
To:		Contract No:				
		Spec. Section:				
	(Submittal Description	on:			
Attention	: I	From:				
	Checklist		Contractor		Engi	ineer
			Satisfactory	N/A	Accept	Deficient
1.	Table of contents					
2.	Equipment record forms					
3.	Manufacturer information					
4.	Vendor information					
5.	Safety precautions					
6.	Operator prestart					
7.	Start-up, shutdown, and postshuto	down procedures				
8.	Normal operations					
9.	Emergency operations					
10.	Operator service requirements					
11.	Environmental conditions					
12.	Lubrication data					
13.	Preventive maintenance plan and	schedule				
14.	Troubleshooting guides and diagn	ostic techniques				
15.	Wiring diagrams and control diagr	ams				
16.	Maintenance and repair procedur	es				
17.	Removal and replacement instruc	tions				
18.	Spare parts and supply list					
19.	Corrective maintenance man-hour	rs .				
20.	Parts identification					
21.	Warranty information					
22.	Personnel training requirements					
23.	Testing equipment and special too	ol information				
Remarks						
Remains	o.					
Contract	or's Signature :					

_

 $^{^2\,\}mathrm{See}$ Section 01 33 00-3.02.A, Transmittal Procedure.

01 78 23-B. EQUIPMENT RECORD FORM

Equip Descrip		Equip Loc							
Equip No.	Shop Dwg No.	Date Inst	Cost						
Mfgr	Mfgr Contact								
Mfgr Address					Pho	ne			
Vendor	Vendor Contact								
Vendor Address					Pho	ne			
Maintenance Requirements			D	W	М	Q	s	Α	Hours

26 05 00-A. WIRE AND CABLE RESISTANCE TEST DATA FORM

Wire or Cable No.:		Temperature, ºF:	
Location of Test			Insulation resistance, megohms
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
7.			
	Contractor's Representative		
WITNESSED _		Date	
	Owner's Representative		

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

40 61 13-A. LOOP WIRING AND INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST DATA FORM

Loop No.:								
	ing associat ting wiring.	ted with a lo	oop in table b	oelow. Make	applicable n	neasuremer	its as indica	ted after
			Continuity	Resistancea		Insulation F	Resistance ^b	
		51.11.50	Cond./	Cond./	Shield/	Shield/	Cond./	Shield/
Wire No.	Panel Tie	Field TB	Cond.	Shield	Gnd.	Cond.	Gnd.	Shield
Α				(A/SH)				
В			(A/B)					
С			(A/C)					
D			(A/D)					
etc.								
NOTES: a. b.	resistal readino continu <u>Insulati</u>	nce in table. Rog and the avera ling with the looking with the looking to the looking with the looking to the looking with th	nect ohmmeter le epeat procedure age of a particula op test. ect one end of a ted wire and shi	between A and ar run indicates a 500 volt megge	C, A and D, etc poor conductor to the panel gr	 Any deviation r, and corrective round bus and t 	of ± 2 ohms bete action shall be the other seque	ween any e taken before
CERTIFIED		actor's Repr	esentative		Date			
WITNESSI	ED				Date			

40 61 13-D. PANEL INDICATOR CALIBRATION TEST DATA FORM Tag No. and Description: _____ _____ Serial No.:_____ Make & Model No.:_____ Scale: ______ Range: _____ PV Scale Calibration **Expected Reading** Actual Reading % Deviation % of Range Input 50 100 % Deviation Allowed: CERTIFIED _____ Date _____ Contractor's Representative WITNESSED Date

40 61 13-G. FIELD SWITCH CALIBRATION TEST DATA FORM Tag No. and Description: Make & Model No.: ______ Serial No: _____ Set Point(s): Simulate process variable (flow, pressure, temperature, etc.) and set desired set point(s). Run through entire range of switch and calculate deadband. Decr. Input Calc. Required Incr. Input Set Point Trip Point Trip Point Deadband Deadband CERTIFIED _____ Date _____ Contractor's Representative

WITNESSED _____ Date _____

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

40 61 13-H. TRANSMITTER CALIBRATION TEST DATA FORM Tag No. and Description: Make & Model No.: ______ Serial No.: _____ Range: _____Scale: ____ Simulate process variable (flow, pressure, temperature, etc.) and measure output with appropriate meter. Input Expected Reading % of Range* Actual Reading % Deviation 0 50 100 % Deviation Allowed: *For FogRod level instrument, match level relay output contacts for testing. CERTIFIED _____ Date _____ Contractor's Representative WITNESSED Date

Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement Project No. 153585

40 61 13-I. MISCELLANEOUS INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION TEST DATA FORM

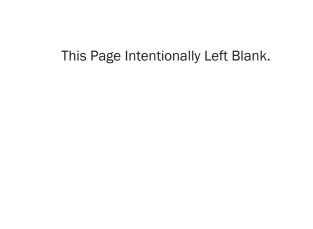
(For instrumen containing all r	es not covered by any of the preceding test for ecessary information and calibration proced	orms, the Contractor shall create a form dures.)	
CERTIFIED		Date	
	Contractor's Representative		
WITNESSED _	Owner's Representative	Date	

40 61 13-J. INDIVIDUAL LOOP TEST DATA FORM

Loop No.:		
Description: (G	ive complete description of loop's function	n using tag numbers where appropriate.)
a.	Wiring tested:	
	(Attach test form 40 61 13-A)	
b.	including transmitters, pumps, and cont	oop parameters. Test loop with instruments, rol valves, connected and functioning. If it is not ble, then a simulated signal may be used with
CERTIFIED		Date
	Contractor's Representative	
WITNESSED		Data
WITNESSED _		Date

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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS



SECTION 26 05 00

COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope:

- This section specifies general requirements for electrical work. Detailed requirements
 for specific electrical items are specified in Division 40 sections but are subject to the
 general requirements of this section. The electrical drawings included in this project
 manual are functional in nature and do not specify exact locations of equipment or
 equipment terminations.
- 2. Electrical work consists of the following:
 - a. Trace existing electrical circuits interconnected to the existing PLC panels to document to/from locations prior to replacing the process control system equipment specified in Division 40. A list of the remote sites is located in Section 40 67 00, Attachment A. A list of the inputs/outputs associated with each PLC panel is specified in Section 40 61 93, Attachment A. Provide documentation of the electrical wire trace in a form of circuit & raceway schedule showing to/from location and the circuit/raceway label.
 - b. Provide auxiliary relay boards to existing generator/ATS systems. Install and configure generator/ATS monitoring improvements at pump station generator sites.
 - c. Label or re-labeling external circuits terminating in the existing PLC panels prior to replacing and/or modifying the existing PLC panels.
 - d. Adding industrial enclosure nameplate and warning signage as required by NEC 409.110 to the face of the existing PLC panel enclosures or new PLC panel enclosures as specified in Section 40 67 00, Attachment A.
 - e. Provide temporary power and control circuits as required to maintain critical sites as indicated in Division 01.
 - f. Add to circuit & raceway schedule developed for existing circuits all new electrical cables and raceways to fully document electrical construction.
 - g. Adding conduit seal-offs to conduits entering classified areas.
 - h. Demolition of obsolete raceway/wiring.
 - i. Work on existing motor control panel to add and remove hardware.
- 3. All electrical work shall be executed in accordance with the following:
 - a. National Electrical Code (NEC) edition in force at time of permitting.
 - b. State of Washington local rules and regulations.
- 4. If there is any conflict between these drawings and specifications and the applicable codes, rules, and regulations; the codes, rules, and regulations shall apply.
- 5. Furnish labor, equipment, tools, materials, supplies, and perform operations necessary to install a complete and operable electrical system. Furnish incidental material and perform work shown on the Drawings and in the Specifications.

- 6. Obtain electrical permits, arrange for required inspections, correct deficiencies resulting from inspections, and pay permit fees and inspections charges. Pay fines and the cost of extra work incurred by action or inaction of the Contractor, at no additional cost to the Owner or Engineer.
- 7. Test the electrical system to assure:
 - a. New circuits are wired as specified on the drawings and Division 40's sections and match the developed circuit and raceway schedule.
 - b. The existing circuits have been reterminated and match the developed circuit and raceway schedule.
 - c. The system grounding and short circuit protection is present and properly working.
- 8. Furnish properly executed certificates of final electrical inspection and approval from the Code Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) at the conclusion of the work, before final acceptance.
- 9. All electrical equipment and material supplied and installed shall be listed for the purpose intended by a third party testing agency acceptable to the AHJ per paragraph 1.02 B.
- 10. During the course of construction, Contractor shall provide storage for materials and assume complete responsibility for losses due to any cause whatsoever. Storage shall not interfere with traffic conditions in any public thoroughfare. Protect completed work, underway, and materials against loss or damage. Close circuit openings with caps or plugs during installation. Cover fixtures and equipment and protect against dirt or damage caused by water, chemicals, or mechanical accident.
- 11. Provide a construction set of electrical cable and raceway schedule for the remote sites. Some of the existing panels have drawings available for reference but the material may not be completely accurate.
- 12. Coordinate all work under this section with the Owner to assure that any power outages are carefully planned.
- 13. Coordinate the work under this Section with the work being done under Division 40's sections. The Contractor shall promptly notify the Engineer of any conflicts within the Plans and Specifications. All changes required in the work of the Contractor as a result of his failure to notify the Engineer shall be made by the Contractor at his own expense.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. References:

This section contains references to the following documents. They are a part of this
section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains
references to other standards, those documents are included as references under
this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the
requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of
this section shall prevail.

2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid (or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids). If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued. Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those documents shall mean the specific document version associated with that date, regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued or replaced.

Reference	Title
ANSI Z535.1	American National Standard for Safety - Color Code
ASTM A123	Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products
IEEE Std 803A	IEEE Recommended Practice for Unique Identification in Power Plants and Related Facilities – Component Function Identifiers
NECA-1	National Electrical Contractors Association – Standard Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting
NFPA-70	National Electrical Code (NEC)
NFPA-70E	Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace
ACI 318	Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete

B. Listed and Labeled Products:

- 1. Electrical equipment and materials shall be listed for the purpose for which they are to be used, by an independent testing laboratory. Three such organizations are Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Canadian Standards Association (CSA), and Electrical Testing Laboratories (ETL). Independent testing laboratory shall be acceptable to the inspection authority having jurisdiction.
- 2. When a product is not available with a testing laboratory listing for the purpose for which it is to serve, the product may be required by the inspection authority, to undergo inspection at the manufacturer's place of assembly. All costs and expenses incurred for such inspections shall be included in the original contract price.

C. Factory Tests:

- 1. Perform factory tests at the place of fabrication and on completion of manufacture or assembly where specified in the individual product specification section.
 - a. Include the costs of factory tests in the contract price.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedure: Section 01 33 00.

B. Submittals - Shop Drawings:

1. Package 1:

- a. Conformance with Contract Documents:
 - Provide a copy of this section with addendum updates included, with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements.
 - a) Check-marks (✓) denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. Underline deviations and denote them with a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph. Paragraph portions not underlined signify specification compliance. Include a detailed, written justification for each deviation. Show conformance with all paragraphs. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification section and justification(s) for requested deviations is cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.
 - 2) Show conformance across suppliers and vendors in one submittal. Partial submittals from multiple vendors showing contractor's division of labor or portions of the work are not acceptable.
- b. Submittal information shall be manufacturer's catalog descriptive literature with identifying arrows pointing to the specific equipment, devices, and materials to be supplied for the individual specification sections. Catalog information shall include technical specifications and application information, including NEMA and electrical ratings, range, weight, accuracy, etc. Catalog cuts shall be edited to show only the items, model numbers, and information which apply.
- c. Submittal information including but not limited to catalog cuts and other such formatted materials shall be assembled in a three-ring binder(s) for the submittal. Binders shall contain a cover sheet, indexed by product. Products shall contain an index sheet with equipment listed and cross-referenced to the appropriate specification paragraph.
- d. Proof of Certification: Raceway installer trained and certified per PVC -coated conduit system manufacturer.
- e. Submittal card options for generator and ATS monitoring. Provide list of points available for alarm and monitoring for generator and ATS.

2. Package 2:

- a. Operating and maintenance information with construction drawings as two sets. Provide construction drawings in 11" x 17" format. One set in a protective covering and shipped with the equipment in the internal equipment pocket at the time of equipment delivery to the project site. Second set provided in the operating and maintenance manual.
- b. Certificates of final electrical inspection and approval from the Code Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) as specified in paragraph 26 05 00-1.01 A.8.
- c. Provide circuit and raceway schedule that has been developed for existing circuits and new electrical cables and raceways.

C. Final Submittals:

1. Provide the material as specified in Section 01 33 00.

1.04 DRAWINGS

- A. Prepare specified drawings on 11-inch by 17-inch drafting media complete with borders and title blocks clearly identifying project name, equipment and the scope of the drawing.
- B. Prepare drawings to reflect the final constructed state of the project installation or supplied equipment. Provide drawing quality, clarity, and size of presentation to permit insertion in operation and maintenance manuals.

1.05 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS

A. General:

- Unless otherwise specified, equipment and materials shall be sized and derated for the site ambient conditions, but not less than an ambient temperature of 40 degrees C at an elevation ranging from sea level to 500 feet without exceeding the manufacturer's stated tolerances.
- B. The following areas are designated as corrosive:
 - Outdoor areas shall be considered corrosive. Any pump vaults or electrical vaults or manholes or handholes or cable trench/utilidor in the ground shall be considered corrosive locations.
- C. Hazardous (Classified) Areas:
 - 1. The following areas are designated as hazardous (classified) in accordance with the NEC:

Area	Hazardous Classification
Pump Station 1 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 4 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 4 Valve Vault	Class I Div 2
Pump Station 10 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 13 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 14 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 14 Valve Vault	Class I Div 2
Pump Station 15 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 16 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 17 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 18 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 19 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 20 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 21 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 22 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 23 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 24 Wetwell	Class I Div 1
Pump Station 25 Wetwell	Class I Div 1

D. Not used.

E. Seismic:

1. Electrical equipment and supports shall be braced in accordance with all applicable building codes.

F. Construction Materials:

1. General:

- a. All electrical and instrumentation materials shall conform to all applicable local, state, and federal codes, standards, and requirements. Where specifications listed herein conflict with any local, state or federal codes, standard or requirement, the applicable code, standard, or requirement shall take precedent.
- b. Refer to the individual specification section for each component for material composition and installation practices.

2. Conduit:

- a. All indoor conduit shall be rigid steel conduit, unless specified otherwise.
- b. All systems of conduit must be installed completely before any conductors are pulled in.
- c. Raceway ends shall be capped during construction. Conduits in which water or foreign matter have accumulated shall be thoroughly cleaned to the satisfaction of the Engineer or be replaced.
- d. A tagged 200 lb rated nylon pull cord shall be provided in all empty conduits with at least twenty four (24) inches coiled free at each end. Only tags with a metal rim, made for this purpose, shall be used.
- e. Conduit shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the NEC. All conduit joints shall be cut square, threaded, reamed smooth and made up tight. Bends or offsets shall be made with standard conduit ells.
- f. Provide liquid-tight flexible steel conduit at all motor and instrument connections.
- g. Provide rigid metal conduit at all stub-ups to boxes and equipment for raceways leaving the ground.
- h. Provide plastic bushings at all raceway terminations to prevent conductor damage as conductors exit raceway.

3. Conductors:

- a. All conductors shall be copper unless otherwise specified.
- b. The insulation for power and control conductors shall be type XHHW-2.
- c. Conductors shall be sized according to the drawings. Wire size #8 and larger shall be stranded. Minimum wire size shall be #12 except where specified otherwise for signal and pilot control conductors.
- d. Conductors shall not be pulled into conduit until the cabinets and outlet boxes are free of foreign matter and moisture.
- e. Conductors shall be continuous from termination to termination.
- f. All conductors shall be installed in conduit.

g. Internal panel wiring shall be color-coded and any wiring leaving the panel shall pass through properly numbered or coded terminal strips. Every switch, control relay, circuit breaker, and other component, either inside or outside the control panel shall be visibly identified by permanently attached phenolic plates or other approved labeling method.

4. Grounding:

- a. All electrical equipment and panels shall be grounded in accordance with the requirements of the NEC.
- b. No portion of the electrical system shall be energized until the service ground has been connected.
- c. Provide green equipment grounding conductor in each raceway.

1.06 STORAGE OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

A. Store equipment and materials in the factory-sealed container and protect with additional covering and materials to avoid physical damage or weather damage.

1.07 ELECTRICAL NUMBERING SYSTEMS

A. Raceway Numbers:

 Tag raceways with brass or aluminum tags at the access locations including handholes, pull boxes, junction boxes, and at the terminations. Contractor shall propose a raceway numbering scheme and use the scheme consistently at each facility.

B. Wire and Cable Circuit Numbers:

- 1. Identify wire and cable circuit numbers at both ends. Contractor shall propose a circuit numbering scheme which integrates the raceway number. Use alphabetized suffix as necessary to provide unique circuit numbers for a common device.
- 2. Include copies of schematic diagrams, wiring connection diagrams, and interconnection diagrams inside of the equipment enclosure, laminated in the equipment print holder.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

A. General:

1. Provide new equipment and materials free from defects. Provide material and equipment of the same or a similar type of the same manufacturer throughout the work. Use standard production materials wherever possible.

2.02 RACEWAYS, BOXES, AND SUPPORTS

A. Enclosures:

- 1. Panel enclosures shall comply with the requirements of NEMA 250.
- 2. Manufacturer:
 - a. Hoffmann Enclosures, Inc.
 - b. Rittal.
 - c. Or Approved Equal.

B. Raceways and Boxes:

 Pullboxes, handholes, and device boxes are generally called boxes herein. Size boxes, manholes, and handholes in accordance with the National Electrical Code. Provide separate raceways for lighting, receptacles, power, control, instrumentation, and signaling systems.

C. Boxes and Wireways:

- 1. Provide indoor boxes, larger than FD boxes, constructed of stainless steel.
- 2. Provide boxes constructed of Grade 316L stainless steel rated NEMA-4X for corrosive areas and for outdoor locations.
- Size and provide wireways at locations above and below boxes, panels and groups of devices. Comply with the NEC sizing for conductor fill requirements. Wireway NEMA type shall match the location and area classification and equipment NEMA enclosure ratings.

D. Terminal Cabinets:

- 1. Provide cabinets located indoors-conditioned space with NEMA-12 rating. Provide cabinets located outdoors, in corrosive areas with NEMA-4X, stainless steel. Provide cabinets with hinged doors and 2 or 3-point stainless steel quick release latches with locking features via handle or latching clasps with provisions for padlocks.
- Provide adjustable terminal strip mounting accessories and with channel mounted terminal blocks rated 30 amperes, 600 volt AC. Provide No. 8 minimum strap-screw type terminal strip, suitable for ring tongue, locking spade terminals. Provide Phoenix Contact products with capture feature and terminal identification method per terminal, as specified.

E. Raceway and Box Supports:

- 1. Provide stainless steel framing channel with end caps to support groups of conduits. Steel conduit shall be supported away from the structures using hot-dip galvanized malleable iron straps with nesting backs or framing channel.
- 2. Provide stainless steel supports, channel, fittings, all-thread, and fasteners in outdoor locations, in corrosive areas, and as shown. Provide factory end-caps for supports and channels.
- 3. Independently support boxes by stainless steel brackets, expansion bolts, toggle bolts, or machine or wood screws as appropriate. Wooden or plastic plugs inserted in masonry or concrete shall not be used as a base to secure boxes, nor shall welding or brazing be used for attachment.

F. Nameplates:

- Provide nameplates for all boxes and enclosures with nameplate wording as shown on the drawings. Provide the tag number or box number with device functional description on device nameplate. Nameplate wording may be changed without additional cost where changes are made during the submittal process or prior to commencement of engraving.
- 2. Provide machine engraved laminated white phenolic nameplates with black lettering for panel-mounted equipment with the instrument tag number/description in 3/32-inch minimum size lettering and attach to the panel or enclosure with a minimum of two self-tapping 316 stainless steel screws. Provide nameplates for power sources indicating the power loads and nameplates for power loads that indicate the power sources, in accordance with these specifications and the NEC.

G. Raceway Markers:

1. Provide raceway markers: 0.036-inch minimum thickness, solid brass tags or aluminum tags with raceway number or the circuit number, stamped in 3/16-inch minimum height characters and attach tags to the raceway with 316 stainless steel wire. Install raceway markers inside of pull boxes, handholes, manholes, and where entering electrical equipment enclosures.

H. Identification Tags:

- 1. Provide the following:
 - a. Equipment: Typical size 1-inch x 3-inch wide, white with black engraved equipment number and equipment description.
 - b. Raceway/Conduit: Tags with raceway or conduit number or circuit shown.
 - c. Instrument: 1.5-inch wide, aluminum tag with instrument number and description.
 - d. Conductor: Power, control, or instrument cable with the circuit identified as shown; power source or power/control panel identified; power load, equipment, instrument, or device identified; purpose of the conductors identified.
 - e. Fastener: nylon-coated 48-mil stainless steel wire. Manufacturer: Brady catalog number 23310 or approved equal with double ferrule type brass wire clamps. Manufacturer: Brady number 23312.

I. General Raceway Requirements:

- 1. Provide additional pullboxes for conduit runs with greater than 360 degrees in any run between pull boxes. Limit maximum conduit runs without additional pullboxes to 400 feet, less 100 feet for every 90 degrees for the conduit run change in direction.
- 2. Determine conduit routing that conforms to the installation requirements set forth herein and in accordance with the NEC requirements for size and number of pullboxes. The RACESPEC sheets with specified requirements begin on the next page.

J. Electrical Enclosure Hole Seals:

- 1. Provide conduit hole seals to seal unused conduit holes. Conduit hole seal shall be made of stainless steel with grey coating, water tight gaskets, and mounting hardware only accessible from inside of enclosure.
- 2. Seal shall match and maintain enclosure's designed NEMA enclosure type.

2.03 RACEWAY SPECIFICATION SHEETS (RACESPEC) - RMC-STEEL

A. Materials:

1. Table A specifies the type of raceway supports required for each location and application.

TABLE A

Location	Framing channel	Threaded rod, hardware, and fittings
Indoor, architecturally finished area	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Indoor, Electrical Room	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Outdoor areas, process areas, wet wells	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel

2. Table B specifies the type of raceway required for each location and application by RACESPEC sheet. Unscheduled conduit shall be galvanized, rigid steel, RACESPEC type GRS.

TABLE B

Location	Application/Condition	RACESPEC
Indoor noncorrosive	Exposed	GRS
Outdoor corrosive	Exposed	PGRS
Nonhazardous	Final connection to equipment and light fixtures	LFS

B. General Raceway Requirements:

- 1. Provide additional pullboxes for conduit runs with greater than 360-degrees in any run between pull boxes. Limit maximum conduit runs without additional pullboxes to 400-feet, less 100 feet for every 90 degrees for the conduit run change in direction.
- 2. Determine conduit routing that conforms to the installation requirements set forth herein and in accordance with the NEC requirements for size and number of pullboxes. The RACESPEC sheets with specified requirements begin on the next page.

C. Classified Location Conduit Seals:

- 1. Provide conduit seal fittings where required by NEC Article 500 and the AHJ. They shall be of the EYS or EZS type with male and female hubs.
- 2. The sealing compound shall be as prescribed by the manufacturer of the sealing conduit body.
- 3. Conduit seals, including the fittings and filling compounds, shall comply with NEC Article 500 and the AHJ.

D. RACESPECS:

1. RACESPECS start on the next page.

Raceway Identification:	GRS-Steel
Description:	Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit
Compliance:	ANSI C80.1, UL 6 NEC Type RMC
Finish:	Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication, inside and outside. Smooth finished surfaces.
Manufacturers:	Allied Tube and Conduit Corp., Wheatland Tube Co., or approved equal.
Minimum size:	Unless otherwise shown: 3/4-inch for exposed; 1-inch for concealed or embedded; 2-inch for duct bank encased.
Fittings:	
Hubs, Rings, Hubs:	Insulated throat with bonding locknut, hot-dip galvanized. The hubs shall utilize a neoprene "O" ring and shall provide a watertight connection. O-Z Gedney, CHM-XXT, or approved equal.
Unions:	Electro-galvanized ferrous alloy type Appleton UNF or UNY, Crouse-Hinds UNF or UNY, or approved equal. Threadless fittings are not acceptable.
Conduit Bodies:	Oversized conduit bodies: Ferrous alloy type with screw taps for fastening covers to match the conduit system. Gaskets shall be made of neoprene.
	3/4" thru 4" – Malleable iron, hot-dip galvanized, unless otherwise noted. Neoprene gaskets for all access plates. Tapered threads for conduit entrances.
Boxes:	5" and 6" – Electro-galvanized iron or cast-iron box.
Indoor:	Type FD cast ferrous for all device boxes and for junction boxes less than 6 inches square.
Outdoor:	Type FD cast ferrous for all device boxes and for junction boxes less than 6 inches square.
Corrosive:	NEMA 4X stainless steel or nonmetallic.

Raceway Identification: GRS-Steel (continued)

Elbows:

(3/4" thru 1.5") Factory fabricated or field bent.

(2" thru 6") Factory fabricated.

Expansion Fittings: Expansion fittings in embedded runs shall be watertight and

shall be provided with an internal bonding jumper. The expansion material shall be neoprene and shall allow for 3/4-inch movement in any direction. Appleton, Crouse-Hinds,

Hubbell, O. Z. Gedney, or approved equal.

Manufacturers: Allied Tube and Conduit Corp., Wheatland Tube Co., or

approved equal.

Installation: Rigid steel conduit shall be made up tight and without thread

compound. Joints shall be made with standard couplings or threaded unions. Steel conduit shall be supported away from the structures using hot-dip galvanized malleable iron straps

with nesting backs.

Conduit entering boxes shall be terminated with a threaded hub as specified or standard fittings with grounding bushing.

Exposed male threads on rigid steel conduit shall be coated

with zinc-rich paint.

Raceway Identification: LFS

Description: Liquid-Tight Flexible Steel Conduit

Application: Final connection to motors and equipment subject to vibration

or adjustment.

Compliance: UL 360

Construction: Spirally wound galvanized steel strip with successive

convolutions securely interlocked and jacketed with liquid-tight

plastic cover.

Minimum size: 3/4 inch

Fittings: Cadmium-plated malleable iron body and gland nut with cast-

in lug, brass grounding ferrule threaded to engage conduit spiral and O-ring seals around the conduit and box connection and insulated throat. Forty-five and 90-degree fittings shall be

used where applicable.

Manufacturers: AFC Cable Systems

Installation: Final connection to equipment subject to vibration or

adjustment. Length of flexible liquid tight conduit shall not exceed 15 times the trade diameter of the conduit and not exceed 36 inches in length. Use conductive thread compound.

Raceway Identification:	PGRS
Description:	Rigid Steel Conduit, Corrosion-Resistant, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Coated. Provide factory made and coated elbows.
Compliance:	ANSI, ETL and UL. The PVC coated rigid galvanized steel conduit shall be stamped with the ETL Verification Mark "ETL Verified to PVC-001".
Construction:	PGRS shall be hot-dip galvanized rigid steel conduit as specified in RACESPEC GRS, with a PVC Coating.
Finish:	PGRS shall be hot-dip galvanized rigid steel conduit with a PVC Coating. The PVC coating shall be gray, minimum 40 mils thick, bonded to the outside and continuous over the entire length of the conduit except at the threads, and be free of blisters, bubbles, or pinholes. Thread protectors shall be used on the exposed threads of the PVC coated conduit.
	A 2-mil coat of urethane enamel coating shall be bonded to the inside. Coating shall be free of pinholes. Bond strength shall exceed the tensile strength of the PVC coat.
Minimum size:	3/4 inch
Fittings:	Similarly coated to the same thickness as the conduit and provided with Type 316 stainless steel hardware. Conduit and fittings shall be manufactured by the same company. Male threads on elbows and nipples, and female threads on fittings or conduit couplings shall be protected by application of urethane coating.
Covers:	PVC coated covers shall have V-groove seal and stainless steel hardware.
Hubs:	Hubs for connection of conduit to junction, device, or termina boxes shall be threaded cast ferrous alloy. Hubs shall have the same PVC coating as the conduit and insulating grounding bushings.
	Hubs shall utilize a neoprene "O" ring and shall provide a watertight connection.

Raceway Identification:	PGRS (continued)
Boxes:	
Nonhazardous:	NEMA Class 4X stainless steel or nonmetallic.
Manufacturers:	Robroy Industries, Plasti-Bond, Perma-Cote, KorKap or approved equal.
Installation:	Plastic coated conduit shall be made up tight, threaded, and installed using tools approved by the PVC-coated conduit manufacturer.
	Exposed conduit threads shall be covered by a plastic overlap coated and sealed per manufacturer's recommendations.
	Pipe wrenches and channel locks shall not be used for tightening plastic coated conduits. Damaged areas shall be patched, using manufacturer's recommended material. The area to be patched shall be built up to the full thickness of the coating. Painted fittings are not acceptable.
	PVC coated conduit shall be supported away from the structure using PVC coated conduit wall hangers or PVC coated conduit mounting hardware.
	Damaged work shall be replaced
Training:	Installers shall be trained and certified in the proper installation techniques provided by the PVC-coated conduit system manufacture. Proof of certification shall be provided under paragraph 26 05 00-1.03.

2.04 CONDUCTORS, WIRE, AND CABLE

- A. Provide products specified.
- B. Unscheduled Conductor Sizing:
 - 1. Size conductors, wire, and cables in accordance with the National Electrical Code where not specified on the Drawings, and install in the minimum size raceway as specified in the RaceSpecs herein.
- C. Control Wire Color Coding: Provide control wires with the following colors for the shown voltage:

Voltage	Color
120 VAC Power, line and load	Black
120 VAC Control	Red
24 VAC	Orange
12 VAC	Brown
Foreign Voltage (AC) (Interlock)	Yellow
AC Neutrals	White
Ground	Green
24 VDC (+ & -)	Violet
12 VDC (+ & -)	Blue
Foreign Voltage (DC)	Violet/white or Blue/White

D. Power Conductors:

1. Provide power conductors with following colors for the shown voltage:

Wire	480Y/277V, 3Ø	208Y/120V, 3Ø	240/120V, 3Ø
Phase A	Brown	Black	Black
Phase B	Orange	Red	Orange per NEC 408.3(E) and 215.8
Phase C	Yellow	Blue	Blue
Ground	Green	Green	Green
Neutral	White or Gray per NEC 210.4(D)	White	White

2. Provide black insulation conductors larger than #10 AWG with colored 3/4 inch vinyl plastic tape to identify the phase color at each cable termination. Tape wrap with 25 percent overlay to provide minimum of 3-inches of coverage.

E. Unscheduled Wire And Cable:

1. Provide the insulation and jacket material specified in the CABLESPEC sheets for scheduled and unscheduled (not shown) conductors. Provide stranded copper conductors for all wire and cable #8 and larger.

F. Electrical Enclosure Conductor Ratings:

- 1. Provide conductors with 600-volt insulation ratings in panels and other electrical enclosures. Conductors with less than 600-volt insulation ratings are prohibited, unless specifically identified.
- Bundle and lace conductors in panels and electrical equipment at intervals not
 greater than 6 inches, spread into trees and connected to their respective terminals.
 Provide lacing using plastic cable ties that are tensioned and cut off using a tool
 specifically designed for the purpose such as a Panduit GS2B. Other methods of
 cutting cable ties are prohibited.
- 3. Bundle conductors crossing hinges into groups not exceeding 10 to 15 conductors and protected using nylon spiral flexible covers to protect conductors and provide oversized plastic panel wiring duct within panels.
- 4. Provide slack in junction boxes, pull boxes, handholes and manholes sufficient to allow cables or conductors to be routed along the walls with the amount of slack equal to largest dimension of the enclosure.
- 5. Provide dedicated electrical wireways and insulated cable holders mounted and secured on stainless steel unistrut in manholes and handholes.

G. Instrument Signal Cable:

- Provide terminal blocks at instrument cable junctions within dedicated terminal boxes provided by the installer. Provide twisted shielded cable with individual shield for each pair. Provide twisted shielded cable multi-pair with overall shield and jacket. Provide triads wherever 3 wire circuits are required. Circuits shall not be made using conductors from different pairs or triads.
- Install instrument, signal, and data communication circuits without splices between instruments, terminal boxes, or panels. Shields as a signal path, except for circuits operating at radio frequencies and utilizing coaxial cables are not acceptable.
 Common ground return conductors for two or more circuits are not acceptable.
- 3. Bond shields to the signal ground bus at the control panel. Isolate shields from ground and other shields at other locations by cutting short or taping. Provide terminal strips for signal leads and shield drain wires.
- 4. Terminate spare circuits and the shield drain wire on terminal blocks at both ends of the cable run. Shields or drain wires for spare circuit cables shall be bonded at control panel only with the other end insulated by tape cover.

H. Terminating Materials:

- 1. Use an UL listed tool for the applied compression type of connectors with the correct size and type. Provide tin-plated high conductivity copper connectors. Mechanical clamp, dimple, screw-type connectors are prohibited.
- 2. Provide polymeric insulating material over motor terminations with high dielectric strength mastic or material to seal the ends against ingress of moisture and contamination.
- 3. Cover splices with electrical products designed for the application, and insulate with a heat-shrinkable sleeve or boot.

I. Seals and Sealant Materials:

- 1. Corrosive Area Conduit Seals:
 - a. Corrosive area seals: Sealing compound shall be non-hardening type for corrosive areas.
 - b. Sealing compound shall be hard type installed in UL listed for explosion-proof sealing fittings after the conductors are installed, tested, and accepted.
- 2. Fire Stop Sealant Materials:
 - a. Provide non-combustible silicone sealant for sealing apertures and cable through-penetrations for electrical conductors meeting UL 263 4-hour time-temperature requirements.
 - b. Manufacturer: STI Inc., Pensil Silicone Sealants PEN300 SpecSeal Firestop, or approved equal.
- 3. Conduit Seal Bushing:
 - a. Collar shall be hot-dip galvanized cast ferrous alloy or aluminum alloy. Sealing ring shall be one-piece neoprene. Hardware shall be stainless steel. Seal shall prevent gases and liquids from exiting the conduit. Manufacturer: O-Z/Gedney, CSBI, or approved equal.
- J. Circuit Numbering Marking System:
 - 1. Identify each power, control, and signal conductor at each terminal connection.

 Machine print the letters and numbers with black on white alphanumeric characters representing the circuit numbering system as follows:

Circuit Prefix	Type of Function
С	Control or power
Р	Power
S	Signal - data communication or instrumentation
X	Spare

Provide 4-digit number after the prefixes. Example: Circuit number = P-0105 where:

- a. P = conduit contains power
- b. 01 = pump station 01
- c. 05 = unique 5-digit number
- 2. Identify conductors, including spares. Provide cable markers and wire markers for distribution and utilization equipment circuits identifying the power source and circuit source from which it is served.
- 3. Provide the identification system of vinyl power cable strap-on cable markers, vinyl multi-conductor control cable strap-on cable markers, and vinyl or polyolefin wire slip-on sleeves and encircle the conductor.
- 4. Provide conductor marker used in outdoor, damp, or wet locations on heat-shrinkable polyolefin shrinkable marking sleeves covered with clear heat-shrink sleeve or clear tape cover.
- 5. Print conductor markers using the Brady Marker "XC PLUS", the Brady LS2000 printer with the Bradysleeve wire marking system, or approved equal.
- K. Terminal Blocks: Refer to Section 40 67 00.

L. CABLESPEC SHEETS

1. The following CABLESPEC sheets are included in this section:

Туре	Volt	Product	Purpose
XHHW-2	600	SINGLE CONDUCTOR, XLP INSULATED INDUSTRIAL GRADE CONDUCTOR	POWER, CONTROL, LIGHTING, & RECEPTACLES
P-OS	600	SINGLE TWISTED, SHIELDED PAIR OR TRIAD, INSTRUMENTATION CABLE	SIGNAL
EN	600	250 MHZ ENHANCED CATEGORY 6 ETHERNET CABLE, 4 PAIRS, SHIELDED	GIGABIT ETHERNET CABLE, PANEL INTERIOR
PN	600	PROFINET CATEGORY 5e CABLE, 4 CONDUCTORS	PROFINET CABLE, PANEL INTERIOR
CORD	600	SYNTHETIC RUBBER INSULATION WITH OIL- RESISTANT THERMOSET JACKET	FLEXIBLE PORTABLE CABLE

Cable System Identification: XHHW-2

Description: Single conductor cross-linked polyethylene power and control

cable for sizes no. 14 AWG and larger

Voltage: 600V

Conductor Material: Bare annealed copper; stranded in accordance with ASTM B8

Insulation: XHHW-2, 90 degree C dry, 75 degree C wet, cross-linked

polyethylene in accordance with with ICEA S-95-658/NEMA

WC70

Flame Resistance: UL 1685, IEEE 1202

Manufacturer(s): Okonite, Southwire, General Cable or approved equal

Uses Permitted: Conduit

Execution:

Installation: Install in accordance with this Section.

Cable System Identification: P-0S

Description: Type TC single twisted, shielded cable 90 degree C Dry/75

degree C Dry. Pair or triad, 18 or 16 AWG as specified for

instrumentation 4-20 mA analog signal.

Voltage: 600V

Conductor Material: Bare annealed copper; stranded in accordance with ASTM B8

Insulation: 15 mil, 90 degree C, polyvinylchloride (PVC) per UL Standard

1277

Jacket: Polyvinylchloride (PVC) per UL Standard 1277

Lay: Twisted on a 2-inch lay

Shield: 100 percent, 1.35 mil aluminum-Mylar tape with 18 AWG 7-

strand tinned copper drain wire

Manufacturer(s): Okonite, Okoseal-N type P-OS, or approved equal.

Uses Permitted: Instrumentation cable tray, conduit

Execution:

Installation: Install in accordance with this Section.

Cable System Identification: EN

Description: DataTuff 600 MHz Enhanced Category 6, Gigabit Ethernet, 4

pair cable.

Voltage: 600V

Conductor Material: Solid bare copper 23 AWG

Insulation: Polyolefin (PO)

Jacket: Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), 0.304-inch diameter

Shield: Shielded, 100% coverage

Flame Resistance: UL 1666 Riser

Manufacturer(s): Belden 7953A, or approved substitute.

Uses Permitted: Instrumentation cable tray, conduit

Execution:

Installation: Install in accordance with this Section.

Cable System Identification: CORD

Description: Industrial Grade Flexible Portable Cord: Synthetic Rubber

Insulation with Oil-Resistant Thermoset Jacket construction

Type SOOW

Voltage: 600V

Conductor Material: Flexible rope stranded annealed copper per ASTM B189 and

B33

Insulation: Ethylene propylene (EPR) per ICEA S-68-516 and rated for

continuous operation at 90 degrees C.

Jacket: Heavy-duty Neoprene per ICEA S-68-516. Color: Black

Manufacturer(s): Okonite: Okocord; American Insulated Wire Cord, or approved

substitute.

Uses Permitted: Cable used on vault hatch lids

Execution:

Installation: Install in accordance with this Section.

Cable System Identification: PN

Description: DataTuff Category 5e, 1 Quad (2 pair) #22 TC cable.

Voltage: 600V

Conductor Material: Tinned Copper stranded 22 AWG

Insulation: Polyolefin (PO)

Jacket: Industrial Grade Thermoplastic Elastomer (TPE), 0.272-inch

diameter. Jacket Color Green (RAL 6018)

Shield: 100 percent, aluminum-Polyester tape. 85 percent stranded

tinned copper drain wire

Flame Resistance: UL 1685 Vertical Tray Flame Test

Manufacturer(s): Belden 7962A, or approved substitute.

Uses Permitted: Instrumentation cable tray, conduit

Execution:

Installation: Install in accordance with this Section.

2.05 WIRING DEVICES

A. Unless specified otherwise, provide UL approved wiring ivory devices for the current and voltage ratings specified and comply with NEMA WD-1 with provisions for back wiring and side wiring with captive held binding screws.

B. Heavy Duty 120v Receptacles:

- 1. Single Phase: Duplex 20-amp, NEMA 5-20R accepting NEMA 5-15P and 5-20P plugs. Cooper 5362, Hubbell 5362, or approved equal.
- 2. Ground Fault Interrupting: Ground fault interrupting (GFI) receptacles: duplex, 20 amp, NEMA 5-20R, specification grade that accepts NEMA 5-15P and 5-20P plugs. Provide GFI receptacles outdoors and as shown, UL listed with provisions for testing and resetting. Manufacturer: Hubbell GF-5352-I. or approved equal.

C. Pilot Devices:

- Provide heavy-duty push buttons, selector switches and indicating lights: 30mm, oiltight, NEMA 4X. Indicating lights shall be light emitting diode (LED) type lamps. Unless otherwise shown, provide push-to-test type indicating lights. Provide diode isolating type pilot indicating lights specified for remote-test. Provide red indicating lamps for "RUN" indication and green indicating lamps for "STOP".
- 2. Coordinate with Drawings for power requirements. For 120VAC control units: heavy-duty type Allen-Bradley 800H, or approved equal. For 24VDC: Allen-Bradley 800T, Square-D Class 9001 Type J, or approved equal.

2.06 GROUNDING SYSTEM

- A. Provide electrical system grounding electrode conductors, equipment grounding conductors for equipment grounding and raceways, grounding electrodes, grounding electrode conductors, connections, and bonding in compliance with the National Electrical Code-Article 250 and the National Electrical Safety Code.
- B. Provide annealed bare copper, concentric stranded grounding conductors. Provide the minimum sizes per NEC Article 250 for grounding conductors or service entrance conductors, if not sized on the drawings.
- C. Bond grounding conductors entering enclosures together to metallic enclosure and to metallic raceways terminating at the enclosure. Clean the conductor and enclosure metal surface at the point of connection prior to making equipment grounding connections or bond connections.

2.07 RACEWAY GROUND

- A. Install metallic conduits to provide a continuous ground path. Use insulated grounding bushings and bonded to the ground grid system in compliance with Article 250 of the National Electrical Code.
- B. Provide an equipment-grounding conductor with green insulation in all metallic and nonmetallic conduit, raceway, wireway, gutter, or duct banks.
- C. Provide an equipment grounding conductor with green insulation for size up to #6 AWG and provide green color insulation tape band for conductor size #4 AWG and larger.

2.08 POWER, CONTROL, AND METERING EQUIPMENT

- A. Coordinate demolition of existing equipment and installation of new equipment with electric power utility company.
- B. Comply with the power utility service entrance section standards that includes the power utility metering equipment. Coordinate the correct meter socket requirements. Submit proposed equipment to power utility for acceptance prior to submitting to the Engineer. Provide and install equipment according to power utility requirements.

C. Panelboards:

- Provide panelboards: circuit breaker, dead front type with bus bar construction composed of individually mounted circuit breakers with screw-connection, designed to be removed without disturbing other breakers. Provide lockable, hinged door-indoor construction for flush mounted panels and hinged-trim covers for surface mounted panels.
- 2. Provide tin-plated copper buss and with the current rating as shown on the panel schedules sized in accordance with UL 67 and withstand rating equal to the interrupting rating of the smallest circuit breaker in the panel. Series rated products are prohibited. Silver plated equipment is prohibited.
- 3. Provide panelboards with a separate ground bus and a full capacity neutral bus. Mount neutral bus on insulated standoffs. Provide removable link connector from the neutral bus to the ground bus. Provide listed and labeled panelboard for service entrance disconnect as shown.

D. Circuit Breakers:

- Provide circuit breakers: molded-case type provided for the current ratings and pole configurations as shown or as specified on the panelboard schedule and with a minimum interrupting current rating as shown on drawings or schedules, but not less than 10,000 AIC for 240 volt rated devices. Series rated branch, main, or other devices are prohibited.
- 2. Provide circuit breakers listed in accordance with UL 489 for the service specified and load terminals with solderless connectors. Provide bolt-on type circuit breakers. Provide circuit breakers with machine-printed, circuit number labels indicting the load served.

2.09 PRODUCT DATA

- A. The following information shall be provided in accordance with Section 01 33 00:
 - 1. Operating and maintenance information as specified in Section 01 78 23.
 - 2. One 11" x 17" set of drawings in a protective covering and shipped with the equipment in the internal equipment pocket at the time of equipment delivery to the project site.
 - 3. Record documents as specified in Section 01 78 39.
 - 4. Certificates of final electrical inspection and approval from the Code Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) as specified in paragraph 26 05 00.01-1.01 A 4.

2.10 GENERATOR AND ATS MONITORING

A. Generator:

- 1. Provide the following auxiliary relay board for expansion of generator monitoring at existing Cummins generators, where indicated on the Drawings:
 - a. Cummins Auxiliary Relay Board 101, digital input/output module, with eight (8) Form C relay outputs and four (4) digital inputs, rated 2 A at 30 VDC.
 - 1) Part Number 0541-0771, no equal.
- 2. Refer to Paragraph 3.01.G for installation and configuration requirements.

B. Automatic Transfer Switch:

- 1. Provide the following auxiliary relay board for expansion of ATS monitoring at existing Cummins ATS, where indicated on the Drawings:
 - a. Cummins M023 Relay Module, digital output module, with nine (9) Form C relay outputs, rated 2 A at 30 VDC.
 - 1) M023 Relay Module, no equal.
- 2. Refer to Paragraph 3.01.G for installation and configuration requirements.

C. Accessories:

1. Provide any accessories with the relay boards for a complete monitoring system.

2.11 HAZARDOUS AREA AND CORROSIVE AREA CONDUIT SEALS

- A. Sealing compound shall be non-hardening type for corrosive areas. Seal fittings for conduit systems in hazardous atmosphere locations shall be hot-dip galvanized cast ferrous alloy or aluminum alloy. Seal fittings shall be 40-percent fill type.
- B. Sealing compound shall be hard type installed in UL listed for explosion-proof sealing fittings after the conductors are installed, tested, and accepted.
- C. Provide PVC-coated seal fittings used for PVC-coated conduit with 40-mil factory coating. Seal fitting and sealing compound manufacture: Appleton, Crouse-Hinds, or equal.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. Construction:

- 1. Perform the work specified by Contract Documents in accordance with these specifications.
- 2. Coordinate the location of electrical material or equipment with the work and adjust conduit location to accommodate equipment in accordance with the accepted submittal drawings from the manufacturer.

B. Housekeeping:

 Protect electrical equipment from dust, water and damage. Cover the exterior to keep dry. Electrical distribution equipment such as motor control centers, switchgear, switchboards, panelboards, and other power source buses shall be clean and free of dust and dirt.

- 2. Protect electrical equipment temporarily exposed to weather, debris, liquids, or damage during construction as specified in Shipment, Protection, and Storage section. Touch up scratches on equipment as specified in Coating Systems section before final acceptance.
- 3. Wipe clean and vacuum equipment on the inside prior to acceptance testing and energization and again prior to detailed inspection and acceptance of the work.

C. Installation:

- 1. Perform the installation work specified in accordance with these specifications.
 - a. Lighting and receptacle circuits may be in the same conduit in accordance with derating requirements of the NEC. Lighting and receptacle circuits in conduits with power or control conductors is prohibited.
 - b. Install power conductors derived from uninterruptible power supply systems in separate raceways.
 - c. Adjust motor circuit protectors in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NEC requirements.
 - d. Adjust motor overload device in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and NEC requirements.

D. Conductors. Wire, and Cable Installation:

- Splices are not allowed except by permission. Submit proposed splice locations to the Engineer and Owner for review prior to installation. Splices and terminations are subject to inspection prior to and after insulating and may require re-termination after inspection. Underground splices will not be allowed.
- 2. Identify conductors at each connection terminal and at splice points with the identification marking system specified.
- 3. Install wire and cable into raceways, conduit, cable trays, or wireways without damaging or putting undue stress on the insulation or jacket. Provide manufacture's recommended and UL Listed pulling compounds lubricants for pulling wire and cable. Grease is prohibited.
- 4. Raceway construction shall be complete, cleaned, and protected from the weather before cable is installed. Provide wire or cable support where wire or cable exits a raceway. Provide reusable stainless steel Kellums grips or equal product where cable support is required and where loads are removable.
- Scratch-brush the contact areas and tinplate the connection where flat bus bar connections are made with tinplated or unplated flat bus bar. Provide non-oxide material approved for the function. Torque bolts to the bus manufacturer's recommendations.
- 6. Adhere to raceway fill limitations defined by NEC and the following: Lighting and receptacle circuits may be in the same conduit in accordance with de-rating requirements of the NEC. Lighting and receptacle circuits shall not be in conduits with power or control conductors. Signal conductors shall be in separate conduits.
- 7. Splices and tees only allowed with **pre-approval**. Install **pre-approved** in-line splices and tees with tubular compression connectors and insulate. Splices and tees in underground handholes or pull boxes shall be insulated using Scotch-cast epoxy resin splicing kits.

- 8. Provide self-insulating tubular butt-splice type of compression connectors for terminations at solenoid valves, 120-volt motors, and other devices furnished with pigtail leads.
- 9. Conductors in all handholes and manholes shall have adequate slack to be tied up around the perimeter of the vault and will be suspended by insulators around the vault's perimeter as needed to support the cable.

E. Raceway Installation:

- 1. Provide additional pullboxes for conduit runs with greater than 360 degrees in any run between pull boxes. Limit maximum conduit runs without additional pullboxes to 400 feet, less 100 feet for every 90 degrees for the conduit run change in direction.
- Determine conduit routing that conforms to the installation requirements set forth herein and in accordance with the NEC requirements for size and number of pullboxes.
 - a. Install exposed conduit either parallel or perpendicular to structural members and surfaces.
 - b. Route two or more exposed conduits in the same general routing parallel with symmetrical bends.
 - c. Install exposed conduit on supports spaced not more than 10 feet apart.
 - d. Install conduits out from the wall using framing channel where three or more conduits are located in parallel run.
 - e. Install conduits between the reinforcing steel in walls or slabs that have reinforcing in both faces. Verify installation method for conduits larger than 2-inch with Engineer prior to installation.
 - f. Install conduit in slabs that have only a single layer of reinforcing steel, under the reinforcement.
 - g. Install conduits with large radii under the slab in a one-sack concrete slurry.
 - h. Route conduit clear of structural openings and shown future openings.
 - i. Provide conduit roofs or wall penetrations with flashing sealed watertight and firestop, as required to maintain the structural rating.
 - j. Grout conduit into any openings cut into concrete and masonry structures.
 - k. Cap conduits during construction to prevent entrance of dirt, trash, and water.
 - I. Terminate exposed conduit stubs for future use with pipe-caps and provide couplings and pipe-plugs where flush with the slab.
 - m. Determine concealed conduit stub-up locations from the manufacturer's shop drawings.
 - n. Terminate conduit in equipment with conduit couplings with pipe-plugs flush with structural surfaces for empty conduit.
 - o. Install conduit horizontally with at least 7-feet headroom clearance.
 - p. Terminate conduit with fittings that ensure that the NEMA rating of the enclosure and provide conduit hubs, as required heretofore.
 - q. Connect underground metallic or nonmetallic conduit that turns out of concrete, masonry, or earth to a 90-degree elbow of PVC-coated rigid steel conduit before emergence. Taped or painted RMC-Steel or RNC is prohibited.

- r. Provide conduit crossing structural joints with structural movement with O-Z "Type DX" or Crouse-Hinds "Type XJG-SA," aluminum, bonded, weather-tight expansion fitting of the same size and type as the conduit.
- s. Seal conduits in corrosive areas using removable mastic material.
- t. Seals conduits for classified areas as required per NEC Article 500 and the AHJ.
 - 1) The sealing compound shall be as prescribed by the manufacturer of the sealing conduit body.
 - 2) Conduit seals, including the fittings and filling compounds, shall comply with NEC Article 500 and the AHJ.
- u. VFD motor feeder circuits shall be routed a minimum of 12 inches from any control conduits. Should they cross they shall cross at 90 degrees.

F. Electrical Equipment Labeling - Arc Flash

- Electrical equipment shall have field marked signs and labeling to warn qualified persons of the potential electric arc flash hazards per NEC Article 110.16 Flash Protection.
- Electrical distribution equipment and utilization equipment shall be field labeled to identify the power source and the load as specified. Refer to NEC Article 110.22 for Identification of Disconnecting Means installation criteria. Specific information is required such as the equipment tag number and equipment description of both the power source and the load equipment.
- G. Generator and ATS Monitoring Installation and Configuration
 - 1. Installation and configuration of the relay outputs boards shall be provided by a manufacturer's representative for the existing generator and ATS (Cummins).
 - a. Install relay output boards per manufacturer recommendations.
 - b. Configure relay output boards for the parameters shown on the Contract Drawings using manufacturer's software.

3.02 TESTING

- A. Provide electrical equipment acceptance tests in accordance with the latest version of NETA Acceptance Testing Specification for electrical distribution and utilization equipment to demonstrate that all electrical equipment is functioning as designed.
- B. Pre-test conductors prior to installation, as appropriate. Replace damaged conductors. Test all power and control conductors after installation per test forms included in Section 01 99 90. Provide completed test forms.
 - 1. Prior to energizing the electrical circuits, insulation resistance measurements tests shall be performed using a 1000-volt megohmmeter to verify the conductor is acceptable for use on the project. The test measurements shall be recorded on the specified forms and provided in accordance with paragraph 1.03.

C. Insulation Resistance Measurements:

1. General:

- a. Insulation resistance measurements shall be made on conductors and energized parts of electrical equipment. Minimum acceptable values of insulation resistance shall be in accordance with the applicable ICEA, NEMA or ANSI standards for the equipment or material being tested, unless otherwise specified. The ambient temperature at which insulation resistance is measured shall be recorded on the test form.
- 2. Insulation resistance measurements shall be recorded in a format similar to Form 26 05 00-A, included in Section 01 99 90. Insulation with resistance of less than 10 megohms is not acceptable.
- 3. Conductor And Cable Tests:
 - a. The phase-to-ground insulation resistance shall be measured for all circuits rated 120 volts and above except lighting circuits. Measurements may be made with motors and other equipment connected. Solid state equipment shall be disconnected, unless the equipment is normally tested by the manufacturer at voltages in excess of 1000 volts DC.

D. Testing:

- 1. Test per Section 40 61 21 requirements in the following sequence:
 - a. Performance testing
 - b. Functional testing
 - c. Operational testing
- 2. Prior to testing, all protective devices shall be adjusted and made operative.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 06 70

SCHEDULES FOR INSTRUMENTATION OF PROCESS SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
 - 1. Instrument Index for instruments furnished or installed under Sections 40 70 00 and 40 67 00.
- B. Related sections:
 - 1. Section 40 61 13 Process Control System General Provisions.
 - 2. Section 40 61 21 Process Control System Testing.
 - 3. Section 40 67 00 Control System Equipment Panels and Racks.
 - 4. Section 40 70 00 Instrumentation for Process Systems.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.
- C. Action Submittal:
 - 1. Submit updated schedule with field instrumentation submittal to match equipment being provided.
- D. Informational Submittal:
 - 1. Provide an electronic copy of the latest version of the Instrument Index to the Engineer upon request.
- E. Closeout Submittal:
 - 1. Provide record drawing print of Instrument Index 40 06 70A following project startup, but prior to acceptance of the work, showing the final constructed state of the process instrumentation and control systems.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 NOT USED

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Refer to Section 40 61 13 for requirements.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Refer to Section 40 61 21 for requirements.

B. Maintain a copy of the complete Instrument Index with modifications during construction in Excel format.

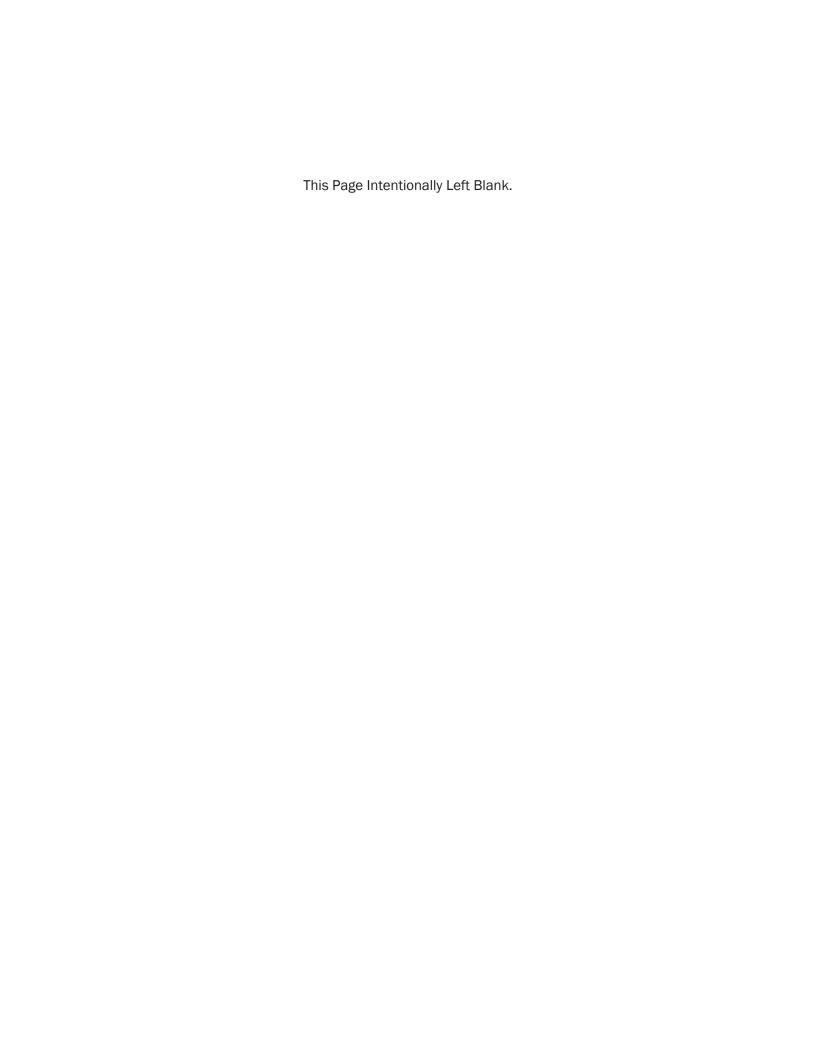
3.04 ATTACHMENTS

- A. 40 06 70 Attachment A: INSTRUMENT INDEX
 - 1. Description of headings in Instrument Index.

Instrument Field or Heading	Example	Comment or Description
Item	1	Row number reference.
Utility	Sewer	Utility identification.
Site	Pump Station 16	Site location of the instrument.
Instrument Tag	SS_RH2_PS16_FSL1 661	Unique tag identification.
Division ID	SS	Operational division or department.
Process Area ID	RH2	Process area or reach.
Process Code	PS16	Process or site code.
ISA Prefix	FSL	Instrument functional identification. Refer to Instrumentation legend sheets.
Loop Number	1661	Sequential number that is part of a functional "loop".
Suffix	A	Alpha identifier used to differentiate elements that would otherwise share the name tag, as required.
Description	Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch	Provides the functional description of the instrument, analyzer, or device.
Size or Connection	1/2" MNPT	Provides the application data relative to sizing the instrument; flow tube diameter, probe length, associated pipe sizes, etc. 4-inch, 6-inch flange, 3/4-inch tap.
Operating Range or Setpoint	180	25 to 65, -10 to 90, etc.
Units	cfm	mgd, kW, psi, etc.
Signal Type	Discrete contact	4-20 mA, Ethernet, DeviceNet, etc., discrete contact, etc.
Power Requirements	24 VDC	None, loop, 120 VAC, 24 VDC, internal battery, via transmitter, etc.
Comments	Located in existing exhaust fan duct.	Provides the features, interlocks, and information applicable to the instrument, analyzer, or device. Describes special installation instructions, area classifications, modifiers to standard instrument specs, Owner-supplied, existing, accessories, signal surge protection, options, etc.
Instrument or INSTRUSPEC Type	FTS	Type of instrument.
Specification Number	40 70 00	Specification under which device is provided or specified.
Location Drawing	I-16701	Location sheet number
Installation Detail Number	I-00004, Detail C	Installation detail number if provided.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 40 06 70_ SCHEDULES FOR INSTRUMENTATION OF PROCESS SYSTEMS ATTACHMENT A INSTRUMENT INDEX



Installation Detail Number	C, PER MFR	C, PER MFR	PER MFR	1	PERMFR	I-00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PER MFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	1	PERMFR	I-00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	I-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	I-00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1	PER MFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1	PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	I-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	I-00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1	PER MFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	C, PER MFR	PER MFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1	PERMFR	H00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	C, PER MFR	H00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PER MFR
Location 1 Drawing	101701	H01701	HO1011 DETAIL A	H01011 DETAIL B	H01011 DETAIL A		H04011 DETAIL A	H04701	H10701	H10701	H10011 DETAIL A	H10011 DETAIL B	H10011 DETAIL A	H10701	H13701		H13011 DETAIL A	113701	H13011 DETAIL B	H13011 DETAIL A	H13701	114701	L14011 DETAIL B	H14011 DETAIL A	H15701		H15011 DETAIL A	115701	H15011 DETAIL B	H15011 DETAIL A	115701	H16701	116701	H16011 DETAIL A	116701	H16011 DETAIL B	H16011 DETAIL A	H16701	117701	117701	H17011 DETAIL A
Specification Number	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00
Instrument or INSTRUSPEC Type	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER
Comments	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 6 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 7 FT FROM DRY WELL FLOOR.		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 18 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 6 FT FROM VAULT FLOOR. CLASS I DIV 1, EXPLOSION PROOF RATED HOUSING.	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL		LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 6 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 5 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 6 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 1 FT FROM GRATING I EVEL ELOOP	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN LEVEL CONTROL PANEL	LOCATED ON LEVEL CONTROL PANEL DOOR	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL		CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL		CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	111	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM GRATING I EVEL BLOOR	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCA TED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR
Power Req.	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC
Signal Type		1	4-20 mA	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT			4-20 mA	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT		1	4-20 mA	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	1	ı	4-20 mA	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	ı	1	4-20 mA	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1		4-20 mA
Units			ᇤ	Е	ь	CFM	н	CFM			E	ь	ь	CFM			ь	ь	н	н	CFM	ь	ь	ь			E	E	Е	E	CFM			ь	Ŀ	E	ь	CFM			ь
Operating Range or Setpoint		ı	0-10	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	136	0-10	400	1	1	0-10	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7:5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	160	1	1	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	160	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	1	1	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7:5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	155	1	1	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	182		1	0-10
Size or Connection	PANEL MOUNT	PANELMOUNT	PANELMOUNT	DINRAIL	PANELMOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANELMOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	DIN RAIL	PANELMOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANELMOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING BRACKET	DINRAIL	PANELMOUNT	1/2" MNPT	MOUNTING	DIN RAIL	PANELMOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING BRACKET	DINRAIL	PANELMOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANELMOUNT	PANELMOUNT	MOUNTING BRACKET	DINRAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANELMOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT
Description	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	VENTILATION FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)
Suffix	<	80							∢	В					∢	8									∢	8						<	В						<	8	
Loop	0108	0108	0141	0142	0142	0161	0441	0461	1008	1008	1041	1042	1042	1061	1308	1308	1341	1342	1342	13.42	1361	1442	1442	1442	1508	1508	1541	1542	1542	1542	1561	1608	1608	1641	1642	1642	1642	1661	17.08	17.08	1741
ISA Prefix	۶	*	=	5	=	FSL	-	FSL	Υ×	¥	=	ш	=	FSL	Υ×	×	5	an .	П	п	FSL	E	ш	=	¥	×	=	an .	5	=	FSL	¥	X	-	Э	15	=	FSL	×	×	-
Process	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS04	PS04	PS10	PS10	PS10	PS10	PS10	PS10	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS15	PS15	PS15	PS15	PS15	PS15	PS15	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS17	PS17	PS17
Process	RF4	RH4	RH4	RH4	RHA	RH4	RH3	RH3	RH5	RH5	RH5	RH5	RH5	RH5	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS
Instrument Tag	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0108A	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0108B	SS_RH4_PS01_Ll0141	SS_RH4_PS01_LIT0142	SS_RH4_PS01_Ll0142	SS_RH4_PS01_FSL0161	SS_RH3_PS04_Ll0441	SS_RH3_PS04_FSL0461	SS_RH5_PS10_YA1008A	SS_RH5_PS10_YA1008B	SS_RH5_PS10_LI1041	SS_RH5_PS10_LIT1042	SS_RH5_PS10_LI1042	SS_RH5_PS10_FSL1061	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1308A	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1308B	SS_RH3_PS13_LI1341	SS_RH3_PS13_LE1342	SS_RH3_PS13_LIT1342	SS_RH3_PS13_LI1342	SS_RH3_PS13_FSL1361	SS_RH2_PS14_LE1442	SS_RH2_PS14_LIT1442	SS_RH2_PS14_Ll1442	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1508A	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1508B	SS_RH2_PS15_LI1541	SS_RH2_PS15_LE1542	SS_RH2_PS15_LIT1542	SS_RH2_PS15_LI1542	SS_RH2_PS15_FSL1561	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1608A	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1608B	SS_RH2_PS16_LI1641	SS_RH2_PS16_LE1642	SS_RH2_PS16_LIT1642	SS_RH2_PS16_LI1642	SS_RH2_PS16_FSL1661	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1708A	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1708B	SS_RH2_PS17_LI1741
Site	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 1	R PUMP STATION 4	R PUMP STATION 4	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 10	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 13	R PUMP STATION 14	R PUMP STATION 14	R PUMP STATION 14	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 15	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 16	R PUMP STATION 17	R PUMP STATION 17	R PUMP STATION 17
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	-	7	m	4	ю	ဖ	7	ω	6	10	ŧ	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	24	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	8	32	33	¥	35	36	37	38	39	40	41

SECTION 40 06 70 ATTACHMENT A INSTRUMENT INDEX

SECTION 40 06 70 ATTACHMENT A INSTRUMENT INDEX

Installation Detail Number	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR		PERMFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PER MFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR		PER MFR	H00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PER MFR		PERMFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	I-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR		PERMFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR		PERMFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	I-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1	PERMFR	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR	PERMFR	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR	1
Location		H17011 DETAIL B	H17011 DETAIL A	117701	H18701	118701	H18011 DETAIL A		H18011 DETAIL B	H18011 DETAIL A	H18701	119701	10701	L19011 DETAIL A	L19011 DETAIL B	H19011 DETAIL A	H19701	120701		120011 DETAIL A	L20011 DETAIL B	L20011 DETAIL A	1-20701	F21701		H21011 DETAIL A		F21011 DETAIL B	H21011 DETAIL A		H22701	H22701	L22011 DETAIL A	H22701	F22011 DETAIL B	F22011 DETAIL A		123701		H23011 DETAIL A		H23011 DETAIL B
Specification Number	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 67 00	40 67 00	40 70 00	40 70 00	40 70 00
Instrument or INSTRUSPEC Type	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	P ANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	PANELMETER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1	PANEL METER	FTS	BEACON	HORN	PANEL METER	LDT1	LDT1
	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 1 FT FROM GRATING I EVEL FLOOR	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL		CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	IRINSICALLY SAFE L DOOR	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	-	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	_	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM GRATING I FVFI FLOOR	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE FAMEL DOOR	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	-	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL		CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA		EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL		CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA
Power Req.	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24VDC	24 VDC	24VDC	NONE	NONE	24 VDC	VIA	24VDC
Signal Type	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1		4-20 m.A	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1	1	4-20mA	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	ı	1	4-20 mA	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1	1	4-20 mA	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1		4-20 m.A	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	4-20 mA	DISCRETE CONTACT	1	1	4-20 mA	MFR	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS
Units	E	E	E	CFM	1	1	E	E	E	E	CFM		1	E	E	E	CFM	1	1	ᄩ	ᇤ	Е	CFM	1	1	ᇤ	E	ㅌ	E	CFM	1	1	E	ㅌ	E	E	CFM	1	1	E	E	E
Operating Range or Setpoint	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	130	1	,	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	210	1	1	0-10	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	190	ı	1	0-10	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7:5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	205	1	1	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	163	1	,	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	0-7:5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	190	1	1	0-10	SEE TRANSMITTER	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS
Size or Connection	MOUNTING BRACKET	DIN RAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING	DIN RAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	DINRAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	DINRAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING	DINRAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING	DINRAIL	PANEL MOUNT	1/2" MNPT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	PANEL MOUNT	MOUNTING	DINRAIL
Description	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN		FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	۶	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN	LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY)	FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR (SECONDARY)	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	BEACON	HORN		FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)
Suffix					<	В						<	В					4	В					∢	8						4	В						4	В			
Loop	17.42	1742	1742	1761	1808	1808	1841	1842	1842	1842	1861	1908	1908	1941	1942	1942	1961	2008	2008	2041	2042	2042	2061	2108	2108	2141	2142	2142	2142	2161	22.08	22.08	2241	2242	2242	2242	2261	2308	2308	2341	2342	2342
ISA Prefix	9	5	5	FSL	*	*	5	삨	5	=	FST	×	×	=	5	=	FSL	*	¥	=	5	=	FSL	×	*	=	9	5	5	FSL	*	*	5	ш	5	5	FSL	×	*	=	9	5
Process	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS20	PS20	PS20	PS20	PS20	PS20	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS23	PS23	PS23	PS23	PS23
Process Area ID	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	Æ	RH	RH	표	RH	EH.	Æ	RH	Æ	Æ	Æ	RH
Division ID	ss	ss	ss	SS	ss	SS	SS	ss	ss	SS	SS	SS	ss	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss	ss	SS	SS	SS	ss	ss	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss	SS	ss
Instrument Tag	SS_RH2_PS17_LE1742	SS_RH2_PS17_LIT1742	SS_RH2_PS17_LI1742	SS_RH2_PS17_FSL1761	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1808A	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1808B	SS_RH2_PS18_LI1841	SS_RH2_PS18_LE1842	SS_RH2_PS18_LIT1842	SS_RH2_PS18_LI1842	SS_RH2_PS18_FSL1861	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1908A	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1908B	SS_RH2_PS19_LI1941	SS_RH2_PS19_LIT1942	SS_RH2_PS19_LI1942	SS_RH2_PS19_FSL1961	SS_RH2_PS20_YA2008A	SS_RH2_PS20_YA2008B	SS_RH2_PS20_LI2041	SS_RH2_PS20_LIT2042	SS_RH2_PS20_LI2042	SS_RH2_PS20_FSL2061	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2108A	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2108B	SS_RH2_PS21_Ll2141	SS_RH2_PS21_LE2142	SS_RH2_PS21_LIT2142	SS_RH2_PS21_Ll2142	SS_RH2_PS21_FSL2161	SS_RH1_PS22_YA2208A	SS_RH1_PS22_YA2208B	SS_RH1_PS22_L12241	SS_RH1_PS22_LE2242	SS_RH1_PS22_LIT2242	SS_RH1_PS22_LI2242	SS_RH1_PS22_FSL2261	SS_RH1_PS23_YA2308A	SS_RH1_PS23_YA2308B	SS_RH1_PS23_LI2341	SS_RH1_PS23_LE2342	SS_RH1_PS23_LIT2342
Site	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 23
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	25	55	99	29	58	59	09	61	62	63	2	65	99	67	89	69	70	74	72	73	74	75	92	11	78	79	80	81	82	83

SECTION 40 06 70 ATTACHMENT A INSTRUMENT INDEX

Item	Utility	Site	Instrument Tag	Division ID	Process Are a ID	Process	ISA Prefix	Loop	Suffix	Description	Size or Connection	Operating Range or Setpoint	Units	Signal Type	Power Req.	Comments	Instrument or INSTRUSPEC Type	Specification Number	Location Drawing	Installation Detail Number
48	SEWER	PUMP STATION 23	SS_RH1_PS23_Ll2342	SS	RH1	PS23	=	2342		FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR PA	PANELMOUNT	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	E	4-20 mA	24 VDC	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	PANEL METER	40 70 00	H23011 DETAIL A	PERMFR
88	SEWER	PUMP STATION 23	SS_RH1_PS23_FSL2361	SS	RH1	PS23	FSL	2361		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	1/2" MNPT	235	CFM	DISCRETE CONTACT	24VDC	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 1 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	FTS	40 70 00	L23701	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR
98	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_YA2408A	SS	RH1	PS24	YA	2408	٧	BEACON	PANELMOUNT	-			NONE	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	BEACON	40 67 00	124701	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR
87	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_YA2408B	SS	RH1	PS24	*	2408	В	HORN P.	PANEL MOUNT		1	1	NONE	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	HORN	40 67 00	124701	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR
88	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_Ll2441	SS	RH1	PS24	=	2441		LEVEL INDICATOR (PRIMARY) P.	PANEL MOUNT	0.10	ᇤ	4-20 mA	24 VDC	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	PANEL METER	40 70 00	H24011 DETAIL A	PER MFR
88	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_LE2442	SS	RH1	PS24	믜	2442		FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	MOUNTING BRACKET	SEE TRANSMITTER	E	MFR	VIA	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LDT1	40 70 00	124701	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR
06	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_LIT2442	SS	RH1	PS24	5	2442		FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	DINRAIL	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INOREMENTS	ᇤ	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	24 VDC	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	LDT1	40 70 00	124011 DETAIL B	1
91	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_Ll2442	SS	RH1	PS24	=	2442		FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR P. (SECONDARY)	PANEL MOUNT	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	ᇤ	4-20 mA	24 VDC	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	PANEL METER	40 70 00	H24011 DETAIL A	PERMFR
95	SEWER	PUMP STATION 24	SS_RH1_PS24_FSL2461	SS	RH1	PS24	FSL	2461		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	1/2" MNPT	178	CFM	DISCRETE CONTACT	24 VDC	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 1 FT FROM GRATING LEVEL FLOOR.	FTS	40 70 00	1.24701	L00004 DETAIL C, PER MFR
93	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2508A	SS	RH1	PS25	Ϋ́	2508	٧	BEACON P.	PANEL MOUNT	ı	1	1	NONE	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	BEACON	40 67 00	L25701	L00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR
94	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2508B	SS	RH1	PS25	*	2508	В	HORN P.	PANEL MOUNT	ı	ı	ı	NONE	LOCATED NEAR PLC PANEL	HORN	40 67 00	125701	I-00003 DETAIL C, PER MFR
96	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_LI2541	SS	RH1	PS25	=	2541		8	PANEL MOUNT	0.10	E	4-20 mA	24 VDC	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	PANELMETER	40 70 00	125011 DETAIL A	PER MFR
96	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_LE2542	SS	RH1	PS25	픠	2542		FOGROD LEVEL SENSOR (SECONDARY)	MOUNTING	SEE TRANSMITTER	ь	MFR	VIA	CLASS I DIV 1 AREA, MFR CABLE TO IS PANEL	LDT1	40 70 00	125701	H00004 DETAIL B; PER MFR
97	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_LIT2542	SS	RH1	PS25	5	2542		FOGROD LEVEL TRANSMITTER (SECONDARY)	DINRAIL	0-7.5; IN 0.75 INCREMENTS	ᇤ	4-20 mA, 10 DISCRETE CONTACTS	24 VDC	LOCATED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL IN SAFE AREA	LDT1	40 70 00	H25011 DETAIL B	1
86	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_LI2542	SS	RH1	PS25	=	2542		FOGROD LEVEL INDICATOR P. (SECONDARY)	PANEL MOUNT	0-7.5 SPAN; CALIBRATE TO MATCH PRIMARY LEVEL TRANSMITTER	E	4-20 mA	24 VDC	LOCATED ON INTRINSICALLY SAFE PANEL DOOR	PANELMETER	40 70 00	125011 DETAIL A	PER MFR
66	SEWER	PUMP STATION 25	SS_RH1_PS25_FSL2561	SS	RH1	PS25	FSL	2561		EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW SWITCH	1/2" MNPT	145	CFM	DISCRETE CONTACT	24 VDC	EXISTING DUCT DIAMETER IS 8 IN. INSTALL SWITCH 3.5 FT FROM	FTS	40 70 00	125701	L00004 DETAIL C. PER MFR

SECTION 40 61 13

PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM GENERAL PROVISIONS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies general requirements applicable to all work on the drawings and in Sections 40 06 70 through 40 70 00 of these specifications for the process control, instrumentation, communication, network, and signal systems. This work will be referenced as the Process Control System (PCS) to be provided by a single Systems Integrator (SI) meeting the qualifications section of this specification.
- B. Electrical requirements applicable to this work are specified in Section 26 05 00.

C. Description of Work

- 1. This section covers general work requirements for the Process and Instrumentation and Control System. Detailed requirements are in individual related specification sections.
- 2. Systems Integrator: The scope of the work to be performed by the Systems Integrator in general, is as follows. Refer to the individual Division 40 specifications for the detailed scope of work assigned to the Systems Integrator.
 - a. Provide new field instrumentation.
 - b. Provide new control system hardware including programmable logic controllers (PLCs), input/output (I/O) modules, operator interface terminals (OIT) or panel-mounted PCs, network switches, and uninterruptible power supplies (UPS).
 - c. Provide and test custom fabricated back panels to be installed in existing PLC panel enclosures.
 - d. Provide and test custom fabricated enclosure assembly where the size of the existing PLC panel enclosure is insufficient size for the new control system equipment.
 - e. Provide and test custom fabricated enclosure assembly for new intrinsically safe panels, go/no-go panels, and remote I/O (RIO) panels.
 - f. Demolition of existing control system equipment to be replaced and demolition of obsolete equipment/wiring within existing panels.
 - g. Collaborate with the Owner's Programmer to provide a fully integrated PLC-based SCADA system.
 - h. Provide testing, start up, and commissioning services in coordination with the Owner's Programmer.
- 3. Programming: The PCS programming work shall be provided by the Owner's Programmer and consists of the following:
 - a. Perform process control system programming, including programmable logic controller (PLC), Remote I/O (RIO), operator interface terminal (OIT), and SCADA system programming, to implement the specified process control descriptions.
 - b. Develop Functional Testing procedures and forms, as described in Section 40 61 21.
 - c. Assist with testing and commissioning of the revised control system in coordination with Systems Integrator.

- d. Refer to the individual Division 40 specifications for the detailed scope of work assigned to the Owner's Programmer.
- e. All other work specified in the applicable sections not specifically assigned to the Owner's Programmer shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and Systems Integrator.

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS

A. The requirements of this section are applicable to work specified in Sections 40 06 70 through 40 70 00 of these specifications.

1.03 REFERENCES

A. Reference Standards:

- This section contains references to the following documents. They are a part of this
 section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains
 references to other standards, those documents are included as references under
 this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the
 requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of
 this section prevail.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid (or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids).
- 3. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.
- 4. Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those documents mean the specific document version associated with that date, regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued, or replaced.

Reference	Title
IEEE 100	Standard Dictionary of Electrical and Electronics Terms
ISA 5.1-2009	Instrumentation Symbols and Identification
ISA 5.4	Instrument Loop Diagrams
ISA 20	Specification Forms for Process Measurement and Control Instrumentation, Primary Elements, and Control Valves
ISA 51.1	Process Instrumentation Terminology
ISA TR20.00.01	Specification Forms for Process Measurement and Control Instruments Part 1: General Considerations
NEMA ICS 1	General Standards for Industrial Control and Systems
NFPA 70 (NEC)	National Electric Code
NFPA 79	Electrical Standards for Industrial Machinery

1.04 DEFINITIONS

A. Abbreviations:

- 1. A: ampere(s)
- 2. HIM: human interface module
- 3. HMI: human-machine interface
- 4. I/O: input/output
- 5. IS: Intrinsically Safe
- 6. mA: milli-ampere(s)
- 7. OIT: operator interface terminal
- 8. PC: personal computer
- 9. PCS: process control system
- 10. PICS: process and instrumentation control system
- 11. PLC: programmable logic controller
- 12. RIO: remote input/output
- 13. SCADA: supervisory control and data acquisition
- 14. SI: Systems Integrator
- 15. STP: shielded twisted pair
- 16. VAC/Vac: volt(s) alternating current
- 17. VDC/Vdc: volt(s) direct current
- 18. VFD: variable frequency drive
- 19. W: watt(s)

B. Definitions General:

- General: Definitions of terminology related to Instrumentation and Industrial Electronic Systems used in the specifications as defined in IEEE 100, ISA 51.1, and NEMA ICS 1.
- 2. Data sheets: Refer to ANSI/ISA-20-1981 or ISA-TR20.00.01-2007.
- 3. Two-wire transmitter: A transducer that derives operating power supply from the signal transmission circuit and requires no separate power supply connections. A two-wire transmitter produces a 4- to 20-milliampere current regulated signal in a series circuit with a 24-volt direct current (VDC) driving potential and a maximum circuit resistance of 600 ohms.
- 4. Four-wire transmitter: A transducer that derives operating power from separate power supply connections. A four-wire transmitter produces a 4- to 20-milliampere current regulated signal in a series circuit with a maximum circuit resistance of 600 ohms. Four-wire transmitters typically require 120-volt alternating current (VAC) or 24 VDC input power supply.
- 5. Galvanic isolation: An electrical node having no direct current path to another electrical node. Galvanic isolation refers to a device with electrical inputs and/or outputs that are isolated from ground, the device case, the process fluid, and separate power supply terminals. Inputs and/or outputs may be externally grounded without affecting the characteristics of the devices or providing a path for circulation of ground currents.

- 6. Panel: An instrument support system that may be a flat surface, partial enclosure, or complete enclosure for instruments and other devices used in process control systems including consoles, cabinets, and racks. Panels provide mechanical protection, electrical isolation, and environmental protection from dust, dirt, moisture, and chemical contaminants that may be present in the atmosphere.
- 7. Systems Integrator: A firm engaged in the business of detailed control system design and engineering, instrumentation component purchase, system and panel assembly, control device programming, and implementing of the specified process control and industrial automation systems.
- 8. Owner's Programmer: Brown and Caldwell, Seattle, Washington, providing the SCADA/PLC/RIO/OIT application programming described in Section 40 61 96.

C. Definitions—Signal Types:

- 1. Analog, low level: Signal with full output level of 100 millivolts or less including thermocouples and resistance temperature detectors.
- 2. Analog, high level: Signals with full output level greater than 100 millivolts but less than 30 volts, including 4 to 20 mA transmission.
- 3. Digital code: Coded information from the output of an analog-to-digital converter or digital transmission terminal.
- 4. Discrete control or events: Dry contact closures and signals monitored by solid-state equipment, relays, or control circuits.
- 5. Discrete control or events, low voltage: Dry contact closures and signals monitored by solid-state equipment, relays, or control circuits operating at less than 30 volts and 250 milliamperes.
- 6. Modulated signals: Signals from modems or low-level audio signals. Normal signal level: plus 4 dBm to minus 22 dBm. Frequency range is 300 to 10,000 hertz.
- 7. Pulse frequency: Counting pulses emitted from speed or flow transmitters.
- 8. Radio frequency (RF) signals: Continuous wave alternating current signals with fundamental frequency greater in a range of 310 kilohertz to 300 gigahertz.

D. Definition—Drawing Types:

- 1. Elementary or schematic diagram:
 - a. Use graphic symbols to indicate the electrical connections and functions of a specific circuit arrangement. The schematic diagram facilitates tracing of the circuit and its functions without regard to the actual physical size, shape, or location of the component devices or parts.
 - b. Indicate connections to internal and external components connected to the panel. Note which devices are external to the panel.
 - c. Depicted in ladder logic format.
 - d. Indicates contact arrangement of internal and external devices such that circuits are complete and match equipment furnished.
 - e. Indicates equipment designations/tag numbers to match contract drawings.
- 2. Block diagram: A diagram of a system, instrument, computer, or program in which selected portions are represented by annotated boxes and interconnecting lines.

3. Network block diagram:

- a. A diagram of the overall control system, containing annotated boxes showing the primary network components (controllers, routers, switches, computers, displays).
- b. Include annotated interconnecting lines showing the system communication media and communication protocols.
- c. Indicate manufacturer and model of the primary network components and software.
- d. Indicates functions performed by each device (e.g., Historical Data Server, Field controller, Database Server, Operator workstation, etc.)

4. Connection diagram:

- a. Purpose is to show wiring requirements between internal panel components.
- b. Show components of a control panel in an arrangement similar to the actual panel layout.
- c. Indicate internal wiring between components.
- d. Show terminal blocks used for internal wiring and field wiring, with identification as such.
- e. Indicate insulation color code, signal polarities, wire numbers, and terminal block numbers.

5. Interconnection diagram:

- a. Purpose is to show wiring requirements between panels, standalone devices, components, and instruments.
- b. Indicate wire numbers, cable numbers, raceway numbers, terminal box numbers, terminal block numbers, panel numbers, and field device tag numbers.
- c. Show external connections between terminals of equipment and outside points, such as motors and auxiliary devices.
- d. Indicate references to connection diagrams that interface to the interconnection diagrams.
- e. Interconnection diagrams are to be of the continuous line type. Show bundled wires as a single line with the direction of entry/exit of the individual wires clearly shown. Wireless diagrams and wire lists are not acceptable.
- f. Show termination of each cable. Clearly mark each termination point. Show each wire's identification as actually installed. The wire identification for each end of the same wire shall be identical. Identify devices and equipment.
- g. Depict terminal blocks as actually installed and identified in the equipment with individual terminal identification.
- h. Indicate external jumpers, shielding, and grounding terminations.
- i. Indicate polarities for signal and DC circuit.
- j. Depict spare wires and cables installed or slated for installation.

6. Arrangement, layout, or outline drawings:

- a. Show the physical space and mounting requirements of a piece of equipment.
- b. Indicate ventilation requirements and space provided for connections or the location to which connections are to be made.

- c. Indicate clearance requirements for ventilation and access.
- d. Show the dimensioned external and interior control panel views with components and Bill of Material.

7. Loop diagrams:

- a. Prepared per ISA 5.4 Loop Diagrams.
- b. Show device element wiring of the system. Indicate device terminations, with terminal numbers.
- c. Show circuits for hardwired device interlocks.
- d. Show circuit cable and wire cable numbers, signal polarities, and terminal block numbers.
- e. Show connection to power supplies. Include alternating current (AC) and direct current (DC) power supplies and circuit information for instruments furnished under this contract.
- f. Indicate controller or I/O card address/node, rack, slot, and point wiring terminals.
- g. Show power supplies for signal loops. Indicate in which panel components reside and power originates with circuit numbering/name. Where new/modified loops connect to an existing power supply, show the existing power supply name, location, and circuit.
- h. Indicate surge protection type, manufacturer, and model number (i.e., types include floating ground reference or grounded reference).
- i. Show new and modified terminal blocks with numbering in new and existing panels.
- j. Indicate signal loop grounding terminations.
- k. Indicate loop numbers, wire numbers, and cable numbers used in field wiring and panel wiring.
- I. Indicate field element being controlled or monitored (i.e., normally open contact from relay CR17, or FIT 365).

1.05 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate the process and instrumentation control system for proper operation with related equipment and systems specified in other Divisions.
- 2. Coordinate with Owner's Programmer to fully integrate the control system components into the PCS SCADA system.
- 3. Integrate equipment in conformance with the drawings, specifications, and recommendations of the equipment manufacturer and the related processes equipment manufacturers.
- 4. Obtain manufacturer's technical information for items of equipment not provided with, but connected to, the control system. Provide the necessary coordination and components for correct signal interfaces between equipment and the control system.
- 5. Coordinate interface requirements and schedule with other project subcontractors and equipment suppliers.
- 6. Present to the Engineer conflicts between the plans, specifications, manufacturer/vendor drawings, and installation instructions, etc. for resolution before proceeding.

7. Provide instrument field calibration adjustment requirements to the Engineer and Owner's Programmer to coordinate with SCADA testing.

B. Pre-submittal conference:

- 1. Schedule a pre-submittal conference with the Contractor, Systems Integrator, Owner, and Engineer within 20 calendar days after Contract award to discuss the work, equipment, and submittal format, and to establish the framework for project coordination and communication.
- 2. Provide the following materials 10 days prior to the conference:
 - a. Proposed Systems Integrator that will meet the qualifications requirements of this section.
 - Indicate full conformance with the specification sections covered by this section
 with a contract deviations request. Requested contract deviations to reference
 and to be attached to the applicable contract specifications and drawings.
 Provide justification for requested deviations.
 - c. Proposed "equal" products that differ from specified manufacturers/models with comparative listing of the published specifications for the specified item and the proposed item.
 - d. Project schedule with deliverables and milestones through project completion.
 - e. Sample submittal drawings, as specified to be provided for this project. Samples can be a copy from a previous project provided that represents the format being proposed for this project.
 - 1) Control system block diagram.
 - 2) Documented controller and operator interface program.
 - 3) Control panel schematic diagram.
 - 4) Interconnection diagram.
 - 5) Control panel arrangement drawing.
- 3. The pre-submittal conference will not replace the Product and Shop Drawing Submittal review process.

1.06 SUBMITTALS

A. General:

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- 2. This article indicates general requirements applicable to all PCS submittals. Additional information to be submitted with each section will be listed under Action Submittals or Closeout Submittals in this and each related section.
 - a. Submit all information for sections covered by a submittal as a complete package in one submittal. Partial submittals of a section from multiple vendors showing contractor's division of equipment, labor, or portions of the work are not acceptable.
 - b. Include a table of contents in each submittal divided by specification section and content of each section such as drawings and components. Clearly indicate the article or paragraph to which each table of content item applies.
 - c. Related sections indicate additional detail for each submittal.

- d. Provide submittals in searchable PDF format with bookmarks to match the table of contents of each submittal. Limit PDF size to 200 pages. Provide multiple volumes if necessary.
- e. Submitted information is to conform to the following:
- f. Shop Drawings: Prepare drawings in AutoCAD with borders and title blocks identifying the project, system, revisions to the drawing, and type of drawing. Include a date and description for each revision of a drawing including the date and description of the revisions. Drawing prints shall be 11" by 17" with a minimum lettering size of 1/8".
- g. Product Literature: Provide manufacturer's specifications, data sheets, and catalog literature for the equipment and components that clearly and unambiguously show what is being provided and that it meets the requirements specified. Indicate provided and available options, materials of construction, environmental characteristics, electrical characteristics, and connection requirements. Include only applicable information.
- h. Conformance with Contract Documents:
 - Provide a copy of sections applicable to the submittal group with addendum updates included, with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements.
 - 2) Check-marks (✓) denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. Underline deviations and denote them with a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph. Paragraph portions not underlined signify specification compliance. Include a detailed, written justification for each deviation. Show conformance with all paragraphs in a section. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification sections and justification(s) for requested deviations is cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.
 - 3) Provide a marked up copy of the contract document instrumentation drawings relating to the submitted equipment, with addendum updates that apply to the equipment in this section, to show specific changes necessary for the equipment proposed in the submittal. If no changes are required, mark the drawing(s) "no changes required" on the drawing index. Drawings marked "no changes required" on the drawing index do not need to be included in the submittal. Failure to include copies of the relevant drawings with the submittal is cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further review. Contract drawings include the following:
 - a) Panel layout and arrangement drawings
 - b) Panel power distribution drawings
 - c) I/O card drawings
 - d) Network block diagrams
 - e) Demolition drawings
 - f) Equipment installation details
 - 4) Show conformance across suppliers and vendors in one submittal. Partial submittals from multiple vendors showing contractor's division of labor or portions of the work are not acceptable.

5) Provide a detailed written request and explanation for each deviation. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification sections and drawings, along with justification(s) for requested deviations to the contract requirements, with the submittal, is cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.

B. Action Submittals.

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- 2. Quality Assurance (within 14 days of contract Notice to Proceed):
 - a. Systems Integrator qualifications per paragraph 1.07, Quality Assurance.
 - b. Project personnel qualifications per paragraph 1.07, Quality Assurance.
- 3. Provide Action Submittal packages specified in individual Division 40 specifications.

C. Closeout Submittals.

- 1. Procedures: Section 01 78 23.
- 2. Provide Closeout Submittal packages specified in individual Division 40 specifications.
- 3. Provide record drawing prints of drawings and schedules following project startup, but prior to acceptance of the work, showing the final constructed state of the process instrumentation and control systems.
- 4. Include the following in each operation and maintenance manual:
 - a. Final reviewed submittals, including revised as-built record drawings.
 - b. Manufacturer's operation and maintenance instructions, edited for this project.
 - c. Written record of menu configuration, jumpers, switch settings, and other configurable parameters for control system devices.
 - d. Final network equipment software configurations.

5. Maintenance Material Submittals

- a. Provide one listing of spare parts that is divided by specification section.
- b. Include list prices for spare parts, expendable supplies, and tools.
- c. Indicate spare parts packaging and storage methods.
- d. Indicate spare parts or components that could be deleted or reduced based on manufacturer's recommendations.
- e. Indicate where manufacturer's recommendations exceed the spare parts specified.
- f. Obtain spare parts from the equipment manufacturer. Do not provide third-party equivalent replacements.
- g. Packaging, Testing, and Storage:
 - 1) Provide protective toolboxes for special tools.
 - 2) Test spare boards, circuit cards, power supplies, and similar spare electronic assemblies on site prior to acceptance.
 - 3) Carefully repackage operable parts. Immediately remove inoperable parts from the site and order replacement parts. Test replacement parts prior to acceptance.

- 4) Package spare parts for protection against dirt and moisture. Label each package as to its contents with a description and part number.
- 5) Do not place spare parts for different equipment items in the same package.

1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All work covered by Sections 40 06 70 through 40 70 00 shall be the responsibility of a single Systems Integrator as defined within this article.
- B. The instrumentation and control system functions are shown on the drawings and specified in subsequent sections of Division 40. The Systems Integrator drawings and integration practices shall be as defined in IEEE 100, ISA 51.1, and NEMA ICS 1.
- C. Demonstrate the overall system performance to the Engineer for acceptance.
- D. Systems Integrator qualifications:
 - 1. Evidence of Experience—Company specializing in the products and work of this section and related sections:
 - a. Minimum of 5 years of documented company experience with control systems for wastewater or sewer collection systems, the equipment specified, as well as overall systems responsibility for systems of similar size and complexity.
 - b. Experience in performing three similar successful projects (equipment type, software type, Systems Integrator responsibilities, complexity, and dollar value of work performed by Systems Integrator) in the last 10 years. At least one project currently in progress or completed within the last 2 years.
 - c. Three (3) years' experience with Siemens SIMATIC ET200SP PLC platform installation and configuration.
 - d. End-user satisfaction of projects in the past 3 to 5 years based on end-user interviews by the Owner or Engineer. Submit project descriptions of projects completed within the past 5 years with contact names, addresses, and telephone numbers from the project Owner, General Contractor, and Principal Design Firm.
 - e. Proven track record of completed projects without unresolved, unrealistic, and unnecessary claims.
 - f. At the time of bid, hold a current Washington contractor's license in a classification appropriate to this work.
 - g. Panel fabrication and staging facilities within the Continental United States and adequate to provide services for this project. Demonstrate by including the following:
 - 1) Minimum 5,000 square feet of dedicated space for panel fabrication and testing.
 - 2) Panel shop shall be UL 508A recognized to produce panels to UL 508A and UL 698A standards and labeling.
 - h. Financial resources available and projected for successful completion of this project. Submit financial data for Systems Integrator division when subsidiary to a parent corporation. Include 2 years of financial data:
 - 1) Financial statement.
 - 2) Balance sheet.
 - 3) Dun & Bradstreet Report.

- i. Identify which major trade work (i.e., electrical, instrumentation) will be completed by the contractor's forces and which will be performed by subcontractors. Provide previous project experience for all sub-contractors proposed.
- E. Systems Integrator Personnel Qualifications: Provide qualified personnel to complete the work specified for this project. Present information to identify key personnel who will be assigned to this work. List the experience in the last 10 years of the proposed project team for this project, with emphasis on the construction of projects that include live control system migration and implementation projects for wastewater and/or sewer pump station and collection systems. Demonstrate by including the following:
 - 1. Organization chart and resumes for proposed project personnel showing experience for the proposed roles on this project, including the following:
 - a. Project manager: An engineer or qualified specialist to manage, coordinate, and supervise the system integration work and testing. Manager shall have a minimum of 5 years of experience, or experience on at least five separate projects, in managing the system integration and startup of similar electrical and process control systems for wastewater SCADA control system PLC replacement.
 - b. Systems engineer: Control System Engineer (CSE) registration, Professional Engineer (PE) registration, or completion of the relevant core courses in the Engineering Skills Training program as certified by ISA.
 - c. Startup engineer: Experience on at least five separate projects, in managing the testing and startup of similar electrical and instrumentation control systems.

1.08 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- A. Ambient conditions: Per Section 01 11 00.
- B. Corrosive locations: Per Division 26.
- C. Hazardous (classified) areas: Per Division 26.
- D. Seismic:
 - 1. Brace equipment and supports per installation detail drawings.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 EQUIPMENT/MATERIALS

- A. General requirements:
 - 1. New.
 - 2. Free from defects.
 - 3. Rated for the installed environment.
- B. Similar control system components, instrument, instrument accessory, and devices used throughout the work shall be manufactured by one firm, where possible.
- C. The components, modules, devices, and control system equipment shall be recognized industrial-quality products. Recognized commercial- or office-grade products are prohibited.

D. Use electronic equipment of solid-state construction with printed or etched circuit boards of glass epoxy of sufficient thickness to prevent warping.

2.02 SOFTWARE

A. Software packages are to be latest versions available or compatible with software currently in use. All licenses shall be transferred to the Owner.

2.03 ENCLOSURES

A. Table A specifies the instrument and control panel enclosure material and minimum NEMA rating for the location and application.

TABLE A

Location	Enclosure Material and NEMA Rating
Indoor: architecturally finished area	NEMA 12: mild steel
Indoor: electrical room	NEMA 12: mild steel
Indoor: process areas	NEMA 4X: 316 stainless steel, or as specified
Indoor: corrosive area	NEMA 4X: 316 stainless steel, or as specified
Outdoor: corrosive area	NEMA 4X: 316 stainless steel
Outdoor: non-corrosive areas	NEMA 4X: 316 stainless steel
Corrosive area (hypochlorite)	NEMA 4X: non-metallic

2.04 NAMEPLATES

- A. Provide nameplates for field-mounted equipment covered by this section with the following requirements:
 - 1. Include the equipment description and the equipment tag number, where nameplate engraving is not specified or shown.
 - 2. Machine engraved black phenolic with white stamped 5/32-inch-high lettering, as minimum, unless otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Nameplate wording may be changed without additional cost or time, if changes are made prior to commencement of engraving.
- C. Attach nameplates to support hardware with a minimum of two self-tapping type 316 stainless steel screws unless the panel has a NEMA 4 or NEMA 4X rating. Provide room-temperature-vulcanizing (RTV) sealant to adhere nameplates for NEMA 4 or NEMA 4X panels. Nameplates shall be located in a readily visible location so the nameplate will remain to identify the service when the device is removed. Attach field instrument nameplates with braided stainless steel straps where not stand-mounted.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify field measurements prior to fabrication.

3.02 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- 1. Install equipment in locations that are accessible for operation and maintenance services. Equipment not accessible shall be reinstalled at no cost to the Owner.
- 2. Installation, settings, and testing procedures are specified in this Section, Section 40 67 00, and subsequent sections of Divisions 26 and 40.

B. Field Equipment:

- Equipment shall be provided with ports and adjustable items accessible for in-place testing. Install equipment between 48 inches and 60 inches above the floor or permanent work platform. Equipment shall be mounted to avoid shock or vibration that may impair operation. Equipment shall be mounted for unobstructed access and walkways. Equipment support systems shall not be attached to handrails, process piping or mechanical equipment
- 2. Space instruments and cabinets from concrete walls by 5/8 inch with framing channel between instrument or cabinet and wall. Add supports to block wall to avoid damage to the wall.
- 3. Design support systems, including panels, in accordance with installation detail drawings to prevent deformation greater than 1/8 inch in any direction under the attached equipment load and under an external load of 200 pounds.
- 4. In wet or outdoor areas, make conduit penetrations into instrument housing or panels through the bottom (preferred) or side of enclosures to minimize water entry from around or from inside of conduits. Provide conduit hubs for connections and waterproof mastic for moisture sealant.
- 5. Provide nameplates for field-mounted equipment. Attach nameplates in a readily visible location, but such that if the field device is replaced, the nameplate will remain to identify the service.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Delivery Inspection:

- 1. Notify the Engineer upon arrival of material or equipment to be incorporated into the work. Remove protective covers or otherwise provide access in order that the Engineer may inspect such items.
- B. Inspection and Installed Tests:
 - 1. Refer to Section 40 61 21.

3.04 CLEANING

- A. Execute final cleaning prior to final project assessment.
- B. Clean surfaces exposed to view, remove temporary labels, stains, and foreign substances.
- C. Replace filters of operating equipment.
- D. Remove waste and surplus materials, rubbish, and construction facilities from site.

3.05 TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

A. Refer to Section 40 61 21.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 40 61 21

PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM TESTING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies testing requirements applicable to Division 40 specification sections for the process control system.
- B. Systems Integrator shall coordinate process control system testing. Except where the role of the Owner's Programmer is specifically identified, the work specified in this section shall be performed by the Systems Integrator.
- C. Provide the labor, tools, documentation, material, power, and services necessary to provide the process instrumentation and control system inspection and testing specified herein. Coordinate all testing with Section 01 75 00:
 - 1. Pre-Operational Testing:
 - a. Factory Acceptance Testing (FAT).
 - 2. Component Testing Sequence:
 - a. Wiring Testing.
 - b. Network and Bus Cable System Inspection and Testing.
 - c. Loop Testing.
 - 3. Functional Testing Sequence:
 - a. Process Control Strategy/Functional Testing.
 - b. Control System Closed Loop Testing.
 - c. Functional Checkout.
 - 4. Operational Testing.
 - 5. Commissioning.

D. Related sections:

- 1. Section 01 75 00 Testing and Commissioning
- 2. Section 40 06 70 Schedules for Instrumentation of Process Systems
- 3. Section 40 61 13 Process Control System General Provisions
- 4. Section 40 61 93 Process Control System Input/Output List
- 5. Section 40 61 96 Process Control Descriptions

1.02 REFERENCES

A. Definitions:

1. The term "instrumentation" covers field and panel instruments, analyzers, primary sensing elements, transmitters, power supplies, and monitoring devices.

B. Reference Standards:

- 1. This section contains references to the following documents with additional references listed in Section 40 61 13.
 - a. References are part of this section as specified and modified. In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and those of the referenced documents, the requirements of this section prevail.
 - b. Version: Latest documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid (or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no bids) unless noted otherwise.
 - c. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, use the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.
 - d. Where document dates are given in the following listing, reference to those documents means the specific document version associated with that date, whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued, or replaced.

Reference	Title
ISA 51.1	Process Instrumentation Terminology

1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordination:

- 1. Coordinate testing with Section 01 75 00.
- 2. Coordinate with Owner's Programmer as described in this Section for testing.
- 3. Coordinate with Owner to re-establish cellular communications during panel cutover.
- 4. Provide notice to the Owner and Engineer prior to conducting a test.
- 5. Provide a detailed step-by-step test procedure, between 30 and 40 days before the commencement of testing activity, complete with forms for the recording of test results, testing equipment used, and a place for identification of the individuals performing and witnessing the test.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.
- C. Action Submittals:
 - 1. Quality Assurance submittal:
 - a. PCS Testing Manager Qualifications per Paragraph 1.05.
 - b. Example test forms per Field Test Procedure Documentation per paragraph 2.02, revised to show project labeling.
 - 2. FAT Submittal:
 - a. FAT schedule and location.
 - b. FAT procedures and testing documentation, per paragraph 3.02.

- 3. On-Site Testing Submittals: Provide the following submittals after review of the Quality Assurance and FAT Submittals:
 - a. Preliminary Testing Submittal:
 - Submit detailed testing plan and proposed testing documentation after review of the Quality Assurance submittal showing conformance with Part 2 of this section. Obtain approved submittal prior to testing per Paragraph 2.02:
 - a) Sample control description. Coordinate with Engineer for inclusion of sample control descriptions in the submittal.
 - b) Sample I/O interface summary.
 - c) Sample testing status spreadsheets.
 - d) Sample outline of the specific procedures used for the following testing phases:
 - (1) Component Testing Sequence.
 - (2) Functional Testing Sequence. Coordinate with the Owner's Programmer, who is responsible for development of the Functional Testing Sequence, for inclusion in this submittal.
 - (3) Operational Testing.
 - e) Proposed test forms per this section.
 - (1) Coordinate with the Owner's Programmer, who is responsible for development of the Functional Testing forms, for inclusion in this submittal.
 - b. Detailed Testing Submittal: Upon approval of the Preliminary Testing Submittal and at least 30 days prior to actual start up activities, the Systems Integrator shall submit the following per Paragraph 2.02:
 - 1) Final control descriptions. Coordinate with Engineer for inclusion of final control descriptions in the submittal.
 - 2) Final I/O Interface Summaries.
 - 3) Testing status spreadsheets.
 - 4) Final test procedures. Coordinate with the Owner's Programmer, who is responsible for development of the Functional Testing procedures, for inclusion of the final Functional Test procedures in this submittal.
 - 5) Detailed test forms for each test for this project organized by Pump Station.
 - a) Component Test results.
 - b) Functional Test results. Coordinate with the Owner's Programmer, who is responsible for development of the Functional Testing forms, for inclusion in this submittal.
 - c) Operational Test results.
 - 6) Certified Factory Calibration Reports.

D. Closeout Submittals

- 1. Final Test Report Submittal: in bookmarked PDF format and assembled in a threering binder and submitted at the completion of the inspection and testing activities for a site. All closeout submittals shall be organized by Pump Station.
 - a. Label the binder cover and spine to identify the project name and site name. Include in the test report the applicable test procedures for the site and the completed inspection and test report forms associated with the equipment and systems of that site.
 - Organize test results by equipment item or system with individual, labeled tab
 dividers to identify each. The responsible testing entity is to acknowledge system
 deficiencies and noncompliant test results identified in the final test report as
 corrected.
 - c. Documentation of network data communication nodes for network-type instruments, devices, and variable-frequency drives.
 - d. Test equipment and test equipment calibration date.
 - e. Component test results.
 - f. Functional test results.
 - g. Operational test results.

1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. PCS Testing Manager

- 1. Appoint a startup engineer or qualified specialist as Process Control System (PCS) Testing Manager to manage, coordinate, and supervise the testing work.
- 2. PCS Testing Manager Qualifications:
 - a. The PCS Testing Manager shall have at least 5 years of total experience, or experience on at least five separate projects, in managing the testing and startup of similar electrical and instrumentation control systems.
- 3. The quality assurance program includes:
 - a. Definition of testing groups, with testing executed on a site-by-site basis.
 - b. Testing for each site executed in sequential tasks.
 - c. Regularly updated testing status tracking by site and task.
 - d. Regularly updated separate testing documentation for each site.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. Test forms: Conform to the requirements of Reference Forms 40 61 13-A through 40 61 13-J included in Section 01 99 90. Develop additional or detailed forms as necessary. Use terms on test forms that comply with ISA 51.1.

B. Project Labeling:

1. The items specifying project labeling herein include the following as a minimum: Owner's name, site name, project name, and project number.

2.02 TESTING DOCUMENTATION

A. Documentation Records:

- 1. Develop a record-keeping system to document progress and completion for each task at each site.
- 2. The following documentation shall be kept current and available for inspection on site in a location designated by the Owner:
 - a. PCS Testing Manager's qualifications, project startup, and testing history, including resume per paragraph 1.05.
 - b. List of names of Contractor's and System Integrator's personnel associated with final construction and testing, and normal and emergency contact telephone numbers.
 - c. Testing Status spreadsheet with breakdown for each site, with percentage complete on each testing sequence task.
 - d. Testing status specific to wiring test and loop testing status spreadsheet to include the I/O list organized by sites and system and loop number. Percent complete of the PCS system will be based on percentage of I/O points tested.
 - e. Test Report Volumes.

B. Test Report Volumes:

- 1. Develop and maintain testing documentation for each Pump Station in separate volumes. Always keep each volume current and available for inspection on site in a location designated by the Owner. Include the following as a minimum:
 - a. Three-ring binder with front cover and spine labeled: "Testing Documentation for (applicable) Site Name" including project labeling.
 - b. Table of Contents with same labeling as the volume cover with tabs for each section:
 - c. Section 1: Control Description
 - d. Section 2: I/O Interface
 - e. Section 3: Instrument Index
 - f. Section 4: Test Procedures and Forms
 - g. Section 5: Test Report

C. Control Description:

1. Coordinate with Engineer to provide a control description outlining operation for each site. The Control Description Specification Section 40 61 96 may be used as a basis, but coordinate with Engineer for inclusion of the final control description.

D. I/O Interface:

- 1. Provide I/O spreadsheets for each site. Coordinate with the Owner's Programmer for information related to PLC programming and I/O configuration. Spreadsheets are to include the following for each I/O point:
 - a. Information shown in Section 40 61 93.
 - b. Signal number/tag.
 - c. Annotation description that may be logically abbreviated and that is subject to approval.

- d. Complete physical I/O channel designation and addressing or communication I/O register designation.
- e. Bit state (0 and 1) designations for digital I/O, e.g., 0 = OFF and 1 = RUNNING; 0 = ALARM and 1 = NOT IN ALARM.
- f. Process range; engineering units and multipliers; and raw signal range count for analog I/O.
- g. Signals: Fixed point and scaled at the controller with minimum four significant implied digits of scaling; e.g., 0 to 1,400 at controller for a pH range of 0 to 14 at operator interface.
- h. Provide operator interface scaling to display decimal digits required.
- i. Indicate pass/fail for each point for both pre-loop test and loop tests.
- j. Indicate date of tests and comment for failed points.

E. Instrument Index:

1. Provide a detailed Instrument Index. The Instrument Index from Section 40 06 70 may be used as a basis. Indicate actual calibration ranges, set points, and deadbands.

F. Field Test Procedure Documentation:

- Organize and assemble test procedures for each analog and discrete loop in the
 process control system in separate volumes for each Pump Station. Organize by I/O
 point. Submit final test records in electronic form by scanning and converting the
 records and files to Adobe PDF format, to preserve actual signatures and signoffs.
- 2. Include a detailed, step-by-step description of the required test procedure, panel, and terminal block numbers for points of measurement, input test values, expected resultant values, test equipment required, process setup requirements, and safety precautions.
- 3. Include test report forms for each loop, including forms for component, functional, and operational tests, with the test procedure documentation. Record the actual test results on these forms and assemble them into final test reports.
- 4. Preprint and populate information in the test report forms to the extent possible prior to commencing testing.
- 5. Include on the test report forms:
 - a. Project name.
 - b. Site name.
 - c. Instrument loop description.
 - d. Instrument loop identification number.
 - e. Instrument setup and configuration parameters.
 - f. Time and date of test.
 - g. Inspection checklist and results.
 - h. Reference to applicable test procedure.
 - Expected and actual test results for each test point in the loop including programmable controller data table or register values.
 - j. Test equipment used.
 - k. Space for remarks regarding test procedure or results, observations, etc.

- I. Name, date, and signature of testing personnel.
- m. Test witness's name and signature.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. General Requirements:

- Materials, equipment, and construction included under this specification shall be inspected in accordance with this section and subsequent sections of this division. Testing shall be performed by the Contractor in accordance with this and subsequent sections of this division.
- 2. No required test shall be applied without prior notice to the Owner and Engineer. Between 30 and 40 days before the commencement of any testing activity, the Contractor shall provide a detailed step-by-step test procedure complete with forms for the recording of test results, testing equipment used, and a place for identification of the individual performing or, if applicable, witnessing the test.

B. Test Equipment and Materials:

- 1. Provide test equipment to conduct the specified tests that simulate inputs and read outputs with a rated accuracy at the point of measurement at least three times greater than the component under test.
- 2. Test instruments shall have a current calibration sticker showing date of calibration, deviation from standard, name of calibration laboratory and technician, and date recalibration is required. Certified calibration reports traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology shall be included with the final test report.
- 3. Provide a documenting calibration system to conduct process instrumentation calibration activities that consist of a documenting process calibrator and an instrumentation data management software system that captures the calibration results and electronically document instrument data, date of calibration, calibration procedures, and as-found and as-left instrument calibration data.
- 4. Provide an instrument calibration system such as Fluke 753 with Fluke DPC/Track Instrumentation Management software or similar system. Submit calibration files with the final test report in hard-copy and electronic formats that does not require specialized equipment or software to read and print the files.
- 5. Vendor software tools may document the systems where a licensed copy of the identical software including connectors, cables, keys, interface cards and devices required for operation is submitted with the final documentation files.

C. Performance Deviation Tolerances:

- 1. Tolerances shall be specified in Division 40. Where tolerances are not specified, refer to the manufacturer's published performance specifications.
- Overall accuracy requirements for loops consisting of two or more components shall be the root-summation-square (RSS) of the component accuracy specifications.
 Tolerances for each required calibration point shall be calculated and recorded on the associated test report form.

D. Installed Tests:

- 1. The Contractor's PCS Testing Manager shall coordinate, manage, and supervise the quality assurance program that includes:
 - a. Testing plan with the sequence for the test work.
 - b. Documentation program that records tests results.
 - c. Performance testing program systems.

E. Witnessing:

1. The Owner and Engineer reserve the right to observe factory and field-testing procedures. The Owner and Engineer shall be notified prior to testing, as specified herein.

3.02 PRE-OPERATIONAL TESTING

A. Factory Acceptance Test

1. General:

- a. Control system equipment shall be subject to a Factory Acceptance Test (FAT) with the factory acceptance tests and subsequent retests witnessed by the Owner and/or Engineer. Control system panel programmable logic controllers, operator interface terminals (OIT), and/or local panel displays shall be loaded with the PLC software, OIT/HMI/SCADA software, and the programming and graphic configuration application software, as provided by the Owner's Programmer, at the control system equipment supplier's factory prior to the FAT. The Systems Integrator shall perform an initial wiring check and certify in writing that the panel I/O has been tested prior to the Owner's Programmer coming on site. The Systems Integrator shall then perform the I/O check out portion of the FAT in collaboration with the Owner's Programmer, who shall be present at the FAT.
- b. Equipment, panel instruments, panels, or cabinets shall be inspected with factory testing performed. Provide written notice to the Owner and Engineer 30 working days before the commencement of the FAT activity and include:
 - 1) Schedule for the FAT.
 - 2) Location of the FAT.
 - 3) Testing equipment used.
 - 4) Detailed test procedure with forms for the recording of test results.
 - 5) Sign-off spaces for the individuals performing and witnessing the tests.

2. Factory Acceptance Test Procedures:

- a. Panels provided shall be interlocked or networked as applicable, operated, and checked-out by the equipment supplier prior to the FAT. Submit certification indicating that the panels are ready for the FAT.
- b. Prior to FAT, Contractor shall provide up to a week (up to 40 hours) for the Owner's Programmer to be onsite at the Contractor's panel shop to load the PLC program and perform preliminary software testing.
- c. The FAT shall include the following:
 - 1) Visual inspection of equipment, instruments, control panels, and graphic displays.

- 2) Validation of each input loop and output loop by simulated signals for analog inputs and by shorting discrete inputs.
- 3) Validation shall include:
 - a) Monitoring state changes on operator interface screens based on the inputs state change.
 - b) Observation of online PLC programming application software with the associated PLC outputs state change.
 - c) Outputs triggered by operator interface software devices (pushbuttons, sliders, manually entered values, etc.)
 - d) Calibration and operation of instruments on or in the control panels.
- 4) Repair of loops which do not pass validation.
- 5) Retest of the FAT at no additional cost.
- d. Panels that pass the FAT may be shipped to the site upon shipping schedule and storage accommodation approval by the Engineer.

3.03 COMPONENT TESTING

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. In general, tests shall be performed in the following order:

B. Wiring Tests:

- 1. Electrical power and signal cable ring-out and resistance testing. Conducted in accordance with Sections 26 05 00. Wiring tests shall not be conducted until cables have been properly terminated, tagged, and inspected.
- C. Network and Bus Cable Inspection and Testing:
 - 1. Test and verify control and instrumentation bus cabling using the standards that apply to the specific cable and bus type.
 - 2. Pre-Active Testing: Inspect and test cables prior to energizing to verify the following:
 - a. Media type and specifications.
 - b. Physical routing and project-specific cable identification tagging.
 - Correct termination installation and connection of conductors to pins at terminations.
 - d. Record cable run length and compare to the manufacturer or industry standards to verify that lengths are within specifications.
 - e. Locations and values of network termination resistance.
 - f. Integrity and grounding of cable shields.
 - g. Values of transient protection (surge) elements.
 - h. Firmware revision level of network devices available prior to energization.
 - i. Settings of dip switches and configuration parameters.
 - 3. Active System Testing: After the cable or network system has been activated for testing, Systems Integrator shall coordinate with Owner and the Owner's Programmer to provide diagnostic monitoring and signal analysis for the bus network system to evaluate network and bus integrity and data transfer quality. Measure, verify, and record the following parameters:
 - a. Node addressing.

- b. Signal attenuation before and after a repeater device and at the farthest point in the network.
- c. Total network trunk voltage and current loading as applicable.
- d. Baud rate, message traffic rate, percent bandwidth used, error rate, and lost packet count.
- e. Firmware revision level of the network devices.
- f. Pre-active and active testing: within the specified range of values established by the referenced standards.
- g. Correct the functionality of networks and devices connected to the network.

D. Instrument and Component Inspection:

- 1. PICS components inspection activities include the following:
 - a. Compare and validate instrument type and nameplate data with the drawings, specifications, and data sheet.
 - b. Validate instrument identification tag.
 - c. Confirm that instrument installation conforms to drawings, specifications, and manufacturer's instructions.
 - d. Verify proper conductor termination and tagging.
 - e. Visually check for physical damage, dirt accumulation, and corrosion.
 - f. Verify that isolation amplifiers, surge protection, and safety barriers are properly installed.
 - g. Report deficiencies identified within 24 hours of discovery. No instrument or system component shall be tested until deficiencies are addressed.

E. Instrumentation Calibration:

- 1. Calibrate instruments and final elements in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures and tested in accordance with the Contractor's test procedure.
- 2. Complete and document instruments and component inspections to the satisfaction of the Engineer prior to individual component calibration and testing.
- 3. Calibrate analog instrument at 0, 10, 50, 90, and 100 percent of the specified full-scale range. Adjust each signal sensing trip and process sensing switch to the required setting. Verify instrument readout matches loop signal. Test data recorded on test forms as specified herein.
- 4. Test and adjust final element alignment to verify that each final element operates smoothly over the full range in response to the specified process control signals.
- 5. Enter test data on the applicable test forms at the time of testing: set alarm trips, control trips, and switches to initial values specified in Section 40 06 70 Instrument Index at this time. Check final elements for range, deadband, and speed of response.
- 6. Have any component repaired or replaced by the manufacturer where the component fails to meet the required tolerances. Repeat the specified tests until the component is within tolerance.
- Install a calibration sticker on each instrument following successful calibration that indicates the date of calibration, the name of the testing company, and personnel who calibrated the instrument.
- 8. Test forms Section 40 61 13-Form D through I.

- 9. Certified Test Reports: Field test and inspection activities include verification of instrument parameter setup, verification of instrument zero, and performance at three operating points within the instrument range. Return each instrument that fails to demonstrate proper performance for recalibration or replaced as agreed depending on the impact to the project as determined by the Construction Manager.
 - a. Where instrument field calibration is not feasible, certified factory calibration reports may be submitted that include the name and address of the laboratory that conducts the calibration testing.

F. Loop Testing:

- 1. Loop Testing shall not commence until the Wiring Testing has been completed and documented to the satisfaction of the Owner.
- 2. Each I/O point shall be tested as an integrated system from the field device to the termination on the I/O card in the panel, in collaboration with the Owner's Programmer.
- 3. For each discrete I/O point, verify and document contact status value for both the open and closed positions of the contact.
- 4. For analog points, verify analog value matches local display. Confirm calibration at 0, 25, 75, and 100 percent of value.
- 5. Check I/O point at the local panel display, if applicable, and at SCADA (via wireless or fiber communication), in coordination with the Owner's Programmer.
- 6. Correct loop circuitry and repeat the test until the instruments operate properly.

3.04 FUNCTIONAL TESTING

- A. Process Control Strategy/Functional Testing:
 - 1. Control Strategy Testing will not commence until the Loop Testing has been completed and documented to the satisfaction of the Owner.
 - 2. Control Strategy Testing is performed by the Owner's Programmer in collaboration with the Systems Integrator, and consists of installing and debugging the PLC control logic program, verifying the interface points between the PLCs and field devices and equipment, and exercising the control strategies. Control Strategy Testing will be performed on one PLC at a time. Testing may be witnessed by the Engineer. Contractor to coordinate scheduling requirements including Programmer in accordance with Division 01. The following specific tasks are to be performed as a part of functional testing:
 - a. Loss of remote site power shall have local PLC restart without error or operator intervention.
 - 3. Owner SCADA HMI interface testing, performed by the Owner's Programmer, consists of installing and debugging the Owner SCADA HMI graphics, verifying the interface points between the PLC I/O points and programmed tags, and exercising the control strategies. Perform control strategy testing on one PLC at a time.
 - 4. OIT testing, performed by the Owner's Programmer, consists of installing and debugging the OIT graphics, verifying the interface points between the PLC I/O points and programmed tags, and exercising the control strategies. Perform control strategy testing on one PLC at a time.

Provide qualified personnel to immediately correct any deficiencies in the Work that
may be encountered during Control Strategy Testing. Failure of the Contractor to
provide such personnel in a timely manner may prolong the time allotted to complete
Control Strategy Testing.

B. Control System Closed Loop Testing:

- 1. Closed-Loop Commissioning shall not commence until the Control Strategy Testing has been successfully completed and documented to the satisfaction of the Owner.
- 2. Closed-loop commissioning tests, performed by the Owner's Programmer in collaboration with the Systems Integrator as part of the system tests, shall demonstrate stable operation of each loop under operating conditions. Tests shall include adjustment of loop tuning parameters.
- 3. Tuning parameters: gain (or proportional band), integral time constant, and derivative time constant for each control loop, adjusted to provide 1/4-amplitude damping, unless otherwise specified.
- 4. The loop response to a step disturbance shall be provided for each loop. Two graphs shall be made for cascaded control loops, one showing the secondary loop response with its set point in manual, and the second showing overall loop response.
- 5. Control loops with "batch" features shall be adjusted to provide optimum response following start-up from an integral action saturation condition.
- 6. Graph recording shall be provided showing the response and made at sufficient speed and amplitude to show 1/4 amplitude damping. Label to show loop number and title, and settings of parameters and set point.
- 7. Where a loop is controlled under the direction of a programmable logic controller, the Owner's Programmer will perform the necessary adjustment of loop tuning parameters and set points; Systems Integrator shall record the loop response, adjusting final elements, and assuring total integrated loop performance as specified.

C. Functional Checkout:

1. Conducted to verify the operation of discrete and hardwired control devices. Exercise the operable devices and energizing the control circuit. Operate control element, alarm device, and interlocks to verify the specified action occurs.

3.05 OPERATIONAL TESTING

- A. Operational testing shall be performed after Functional Testing has been completed. Operational testing is a demonstration period with the system in full operation. During this time, the Owner operates the system, and the Owner's Programmer and Systems Integrator demonstrate that all functional requirements of this specification have been met. The test shall take place over a continuous twenty-one (21) day period as a minimum. During this time, the Owner's Programmer and Systems Integrator shall be available to provide support to the Owner and to correct any issues noted. Operational testing shall demonstrate the following:
 - 1. Each component of the system operates correctly with all other components of the system.
 - 2. Analog control loops operate in a stable manner.
 - 3. Hard-wired and software equipment interlocks perform correctly.
 - 4. Process control sequences perform correctly.

- 5. PLC application program performs monitoring and control functions correctly.
- 6. Operator interface graphics represent the monitoring and control functions correctly.

3.06 COMMISSIONING

- A. After completion of the operational testing and agreement on the part of the Owner that the systems did meet all test requirements, commissioning will begin. The commissioning period for each remote site's process system shall be four (4) weeks. The Systems Integrator shall remove all temporary work and other alterations to the permanent systems that may have been needed during the operational or performance testing and shall perform the tasks necessary to make the improvements constructed under this contract fully operational. The Owner shall confirm in writing the date(s) that the system is ready for commissioning and on which actual commissioning activities commence. Activities conducted prior to such written confirmation shall not constitute commissioning.
- B. The Owner's operation and maintenance personnel will be responsible for operation of the systems to be commissioned. The portion of the work to be commissioned shall be fully operational, performing all functions for which it was designed.
- C. The Contractor shall be available at all times during commissioning periods to provide immediate assistance in case of failure of any portion of the system being constructed. Failure of equipment or facilities where, in the opinion of the Owner, a significant interruption or impact to performance occurs will be grounds for restarting the Commissioning Period. At the end of the commissioning period and when all corrections required by the Owner to assure a reliable and completely operational facility are complete, the Owner shall issue a completion certificate. Each system shall have been issued a completion certificate as a condition precedent to the final acceptance of the work of this contract
- D. During the commissioning period, the Owner shall be responsible for all normal operational costs and the Contractor shall bear the costs of all necessary repairs or replacements, including labor and materials, required to keep the system being commissioned, operational.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 61 93

PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

- 1. Input/output (I/O) list showing the following types of points that interface with the control system:
 - a. Points that are hardwired into the control system.
 - b. Points that are interfaced to the control system over a communications link.
- 2. The I/O list does not include internal software points generated by the control system and used solely within the control system.
- 3. The I/O list does not include individual read/write parameters involved in the data exchange between the PCS and networked devices. Instead, each device that exchanges data with the PCS over a communications link is represented as a single "point" in the I/O list along with a reference to the type of communications link and common equipment type. Refer to Section 40 61 96 for complete listings of the read/write parameters associated with the data exchange between the PCS and these common equipment types.
- 4. The I/O list identifies demolition I/O showing the hardwired I/O points associated with control and signal circuits being demolished as part of this project.

B. Related sections:

- 1. Section 40 61 13 Process Control System General Provisions.
- 2. Section 40 61 21 Process Control System Testing.
- 3. Section 40 61 96 Process Control Descriptions.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.
- C. Action Submittal:
 - 1. Submit I/O list with Section 40 67 00 submittal.
- D. Informational Submittal:
 - 1. Provide a copy of the electronic version of the complete list to the Engineer, at least monthly, when requested.

E. Closeout Submittal:

1. Provide a final copy of the electronic version of the complete list to the Owner at the beginning and at the end of Process Control System Testing – Section 40 61 21.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Refer to Section 40 61 21.
- B. Maintain a copy of the complete Input/Output List with modifications during construction in Excel format.

3.02 ATTACHMENTS

- A. 40 61 93 Attachment A: Input/Output (I/O) List
 - 1. The I/O List is organized based on site, then by PLC rack, slot, and channel number. The description of headings in I/O List is provided in the table below.

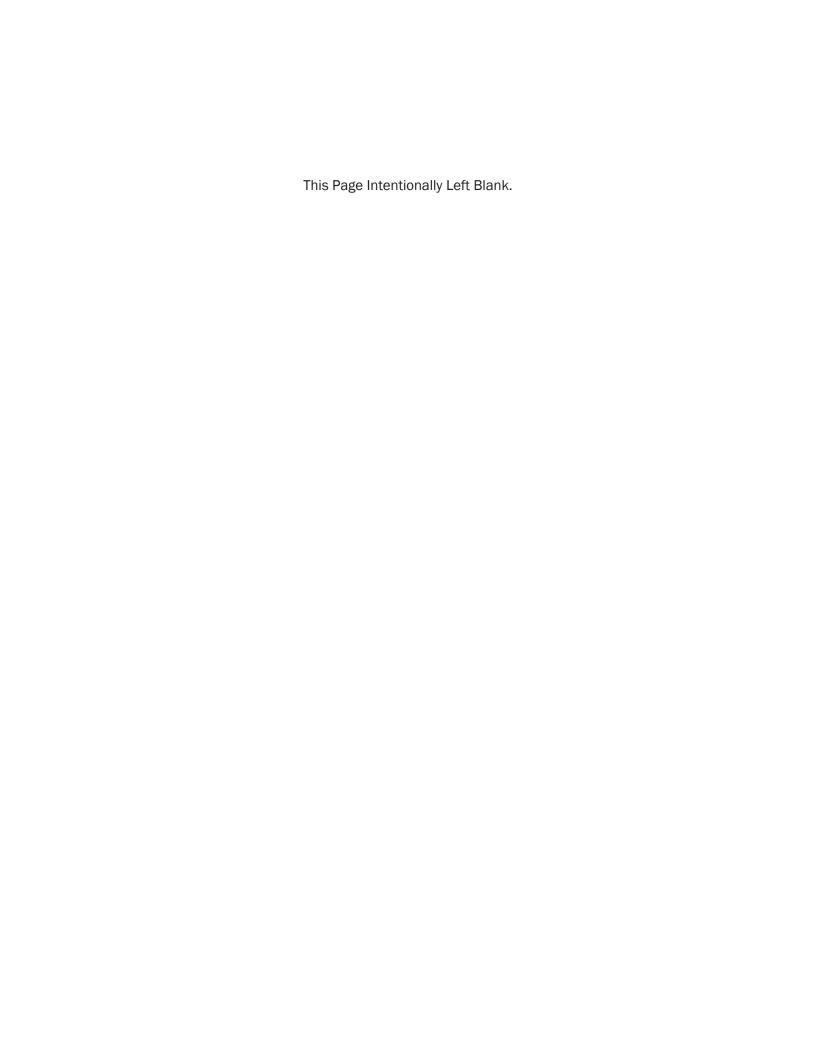
Field or Heading	Example	Comment or Description
Item	1	Row number reference.
Utility	Sewer	Utility identification.
Site	Pump Station 1	Site location of the I/O.
I/O Tag	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0100	Unique tag identification.
Division ID	SS	Operational division or department.
Process Area ID	RH4	Process area or zone.
Process Code	PS01	Process or site code.
ISA Prefix	YA	Instrument functional identification. Refer to P&ID legend sheets.
Loop Number	0100	Sequential number that is part of a functional "loop".
Suffix	A	Alpha identifier used to differentiate elements that would otherwise share the name tag, as required.
Description	Station Intrusion Alarm	Description/function of the I/O tag.
I/O Type	DI	AI, DI, DO, AO, NW (networked)
Panel	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	Panel where the I/O is physically wired. For networked I/O, the panel where the network switch resides.
PLC or RIO	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	PLC or RIO where the I/O is physically wired. For networked I/O, the PLC that executes the data exchange with the networked device. A RIO is associated with the PLC of the same loop number.
Rack	00	Match contract drawing, or if not shown, match to submittal information.
Slot	03	Match contract drawing, or if not shown, match to submittal information.
Channel	00	Match contract drawing, or if not shown, match to submittal information.
Module / Device Type	24 VDC	4-20 mA, ProfiNet, Profibus, Discrete Contact, etc.

Field or Heading	Example	Comment or Description
Signal Type or Calibration Range	Dry Contact 0-10 ft	Applicable primarily to analog instruments. Provides the measured range and applicable engineering units for the instrument.
Wiring Diagram	I-01101	Reference to the typical I/O wiring detail that is relevant to the I/O point.
Application Notes or Comments	N/A	Optional, as required for clarification.
Status	Existing	Status of the I/O point: New - I/O point is new to the PLC/RIO panel.
		Existing – I/O point is existing and to be re-terminated at new PLC panel.
		Spare - I/O channel is a spare.
		Future – I/O channel is being reserved for a future I/O point.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 61 93_ PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST ATTACHMENT A INPUT/OUTPUT LIST



SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

SS_RH4_PS01_YA0100 SS RH4 PS01 YA 0100 STATIONINTRUSIONALARM
SS_RH4_P801_YA0101 SS RH4 P901 YA 0101 PLC-PANE_INTRUSIONALARM
SS_RH4_P801_N0102 SS RH4 P801 NI 0102 PLCPAMBLSURGE PROTECTION
SS_RH4_P801_NI0103 SS RH4 P801 NI 0103 PLC.PANEL120/POWER AVAILABLE
SS_RH4_P801_NI0104 SS RH4 P801 NI 0104 PLCPANEL.24V POWER SUPPLY OK
SS_RH4_PS01_XA0105A SS RH4 PS01 XA 0105 A NETWORK SWITCH I ALARM
SS_RH4_PS01_XA0105B SS RH4 P901 XA 0105 B NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARBA
SS_RH4_PS01_NI0106 SS RH4 PS01 NI 0106 UPS.ON.BATTERY
SS_RH4_PS01_XA0106 SS RH4 PS01 XA 0106 UPS ALARM
SS_RH4_PS01_JAL0106 SS RH4 PS01 JAL 0106 UPS.LOW BATTERY
SS_RH4_PS01_LAH0107 SS RHM PS01 LAH 0107 STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARAN
SS_RH4_PS01_FAL0161 SS RH4 PS01 FAL 0161 EXHAUST FANLOW FLOW
SPARE
- SPARE
SPARE
SPARE -
SS_RH4_P801_Y10110 SS RH44 P901 YI 0110 PUMP1RUN
SS_RH4_P801_HSA0110 SS RH4 PS01 HSA 0110 PUMP1INAUTO
SS_RH4_P801_ZIC0111 SS RH4 P801 ZIC 0111 PUMP 1 CHECK VALUE CLOSED
SS_RH4_P801_FQI0112 SS R44 P901 FQI 0112 PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)
SS_RHW_PS01_YA0110 SS RH4 PS01 YA 0110 MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL
SS_RH4_P801_LAH#0142 SS RH4 P801 LAHH 0142 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL
SS_RH4_P801_LAH0142 SS RH4 P901 LAH 0142 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM
SS_RHW_PS01_LAL0142 SS RHM PS01 LAL 0142 WETWELL FOGROD LOW!
SS_RH4_PS01_YA0142 SS RH4 PS01 YA 0142 FOGROD LEVEL FAULT
SS_RH4_PS01_YA0143 SS RH4 PS01 YA 0143 IS PANEL INTRUSION
SS_RH4_PS01_N0144 SS RH4 PS01 NI 0144 ISPANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK
SS_RH4_P801_NI0145 SS RH4 P801 NI 0145 IS-PANEL 120V POWER AVVAILABLE
SS_RH4_P801_NI0146 SS RH4 PR01 NI 0146 IIS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY OK
SS_RH4_P801_N0147 SS RH4 P801 NI 0147 ISPANEL_24P POWRR SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK
SPARE
SPARE
SS RH44 PS01 YI 0120
SS RH4 PS01 HSA 0120
SS RH4 PS01 ZIC 0121 PUMP 2 CHE
SS_RH4_P801_FQI0122 SS RH4 P901 FQI 0122 PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULS: (FUTURE)
SPARE

Process Control System Input/Output List 40 6193A - 2

SECTION 40 61.93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

STATUS	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW																						
Application Notes																																		VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER									
Wiring	H01104	F01104	F01104	F01104	F01104	F01104	1-01104	F01104	F01104	101104	101104	F01104	F01104	101104	101104	H01201	101201	101201	H01201	101201	H01201	101201	101201	H01201	101201	H01201	H01201	H01201	101201	H01201	101201	L01301	F01301	101301 VIA	L01301	F01302	F01302	H01302	F01302	L01303 VIA	F01303	F01303	L01303	F01821	L01821	L01821	H01821	1-01821	101821
Signal Type or Calibration Range		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET												X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT		X-X AMPS	X-X GPM			XXFT	X-X PSIG			DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT
Module/Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA				24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	10	02	89	8	90	90	20	88	8	10	F	12	13	14	15	00	10	70	03	8	8	98	20	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	00	01	02	03	8	01	02	03	00	10	05	03	00	10	02	03	04	90
Slot	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	8	8	8	8	20	20	۵۵	20	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10	02	05	02	02	05	02
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101
Panel	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100
IO Type	ō	ā	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ū	ā	ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	×	¥	A	¥	×	A	¥	₹	A	A	¥	A	IQ	ū	IQ	ō	ō	ā
Description	FLUSH VALVE OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED (FUTURE)	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO CLOSE (FUTURE)	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY																						
Suffix																																																	
A Loop		01100														0110	0120	0 0150	0150	0142												0110	0112	0141		0120	0122			0142	0135	H		0192	0193	0194	0195	١ 0196	0197
Process Code Prefix	PS01 ZIO	PS01 ZIC														PS01 YC	PS01 YC	PS01 ZCO	PS01 ZCC	PS01 XC												PS01	PS01 FI	PS01		PS01	PS01 FI			PS01	PS01 PI			PS01 YA	PS01 NI	PS01 NI	PS01	PS01 XA	PS01 NI
Process Pro	RH4	RH4														RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4												RH4	RH4	RH4		RH4	RH4			RH4	RH4	H		RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4
Division ID Are	SS	SS														SS	SS	SS	SS	SS												SS	SS	SS		SS	SS			SS R	SS R			SS R	SS	SS R	SS	SS	SS
Divis																																			\vdash	v)				9)		H							
IO Tag	SS_RH4_PS01_ZIO0150	SS_RH4_PS01_ZIC0150		ı	-	1	I		I	1		1	ı		1	SS_RH4_PS01_YC0110	SS_RH4_PS01_YC0120	SS_RH4_PS01_ZCO0150	SS_RH4_PS01_ZCC0150	SS_RH4_PS01_XC0142	ı		I	ı	1	1	I		I	I		SS_RH4_PS01_I0110	SS_RH4_PS01_FI0112	SS_RH4_PS01_LI0141	I	SS_RH4_PS01_I0120	SS_RH4_PS01_FI0122	1	-	SS_RH4_PS01_LI0142	SS_RH4_PS01_Pl0135		I	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0192	SS_RH4_PS01_NI0193	SS_RH4_PS01_NI0194	SS_RH4_PS01_NI0195	SS_RH4_PS01_XA0196	SS_RH4_PS01_NI0197
Site	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	90	51	52	53	54	99	99	57	88	69	09	61	62	63	64	65	99	29	89	69	70	7.4	72	73	74	7.5	92	11	78	62	80	81	82	83	84	88	86	87	88	68	90	91	92	93	94	96	96	97	86

SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

STATUS	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	SPARE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING															
Application Notes																																																	
Wiring	L01821	F01821	101821	H01821	F01821	L01821	F01821	H01821	L01821	F01821	F01822	L01822	F01822	H01822	L01822	H01822	H01822	H01822	H01822	L01822	H01822	F01822	L01822	H01822	H01822	H01822	H01831	101831	101831	F01831	H04101	F04101	L04101	H04101	L04101	H04101	104101	F04101	104101	L04101	F04101	104101	104101	F04101	104101	104101	L04102	H04102	L04102
Signal Type or		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	X-X IN				DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT											
Module/ Device San Ca	0	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC											
Channel	8	20	8	80	10	11	12	13	41	15	8	10	00	03	90	90	90	07	80	60	10	=	12	13	14	15	00	10	020	03	00	Ю	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	=	12	13	14	15	00	10	20
Slot	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	90	20	04	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	0.4	90	04
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC/RIO	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_P901_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0101	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401									
Panel	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400
IO Type	ō	ō	ā	ā	IQ	ī	IQ	ī	ā	īQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ā	ā	ō	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	AI	¥	¥	A	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ī	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	IQ
Description	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORMAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	SPARE	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	VAULT & WETWELL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	WETWELL VENT FAN IN AUTO	VENTILLATION FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 MOISTURE LEAK															
Suffix												<		8	<	8	o																			4													
Loop ix Number		- 0197									0180	0100	- 0180	0180	1610	1610	1610										0180				0400	0401	0402	0403	0404	0405	0402	0406	0406	- 0406	A 0462	L 0461					0410	A 0410	Н 0410
Code Prefix		1 JAL									>	×	TW.	Y.	Z	Z	Z										n .				, A	× ×	Z	Z	Z	x X	X	N	xA XA	1 JAL	HSA HSA	t FAL					I AI	1 HSA	t MAH
Process Code	P301	P301									P301	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01	PS01										PS01				PS04	PS04	PS04	P304	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04					PS04	PS04	PS04
ID Process	RH4	RH4									RH4	RH4	RH4	RH4	RHA	RH4	RH4										RH4				RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3					RH3	RH3	RH3
Division ID	SS	SS									SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS										88				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS
IO Tag	SS_RH4_PS01_XA0197	SS_RH4_PS01_JAL0197	1	I	-	ı	-	I	1	ı	SS_RH4_PS01_Y10190	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0190A	SS_RH4_PS01_LAL0190	SS_RH4_PS01_YA0190B	SS_RH4_PS01_N0191A	SS_RH4_PS01_NI0191B	SS_RH4_PS01_N0191C	1	1	-	1	1		ı	I	1	SS_RH4_PS01_LI0190	I	1	I	SS_RH3_PS04_YA0400	SS_RH3_PS04_YA0401	SS_RH3_PS04_NI0402	SS_RH3_PS04_NI0403	SS_RH3_PS04_NI0404	SS_RH3_PS04_XA0405A	SS_RH3_PS04_XA0405B	SS_RH3_PS04_NI0406	SS_RH3_PS04_XA0406	SS_RH3_PS04_JAL0406	SS_RH3_PS04_HSA0462	SS_RH3_PS04_FAL0461		1		1	SS_RH3_PS04_Y10410	SS_RH3_PS04_HSA0410	SS_RH3_PS04_MAH0410
Site	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	10 NOITATS 9MU9	PUMP STATION 01	10 NOITATS 9MU9	10 NOILY STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	PUMP STATION 01	10 NOITATS 9MU9	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	₱0 NOLLY S J WIND I	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER												
Item	66	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	1117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147

Process Control System Input/Output List 40 6193A - 4

SECTION 40 61.93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

STATUS	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING						
Application Notes																															VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER														CHAINEIDER ELECTRIC ALTIVAR 61 VFD, MODBUS TCP/IP. PROFINET TWORKED I/O	SHINGEDER ELECTRIC ALTIVAR 61 VFD, MODBUS TCP/IP. PROFINET STWORKED I/O	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC ALTIVAR 61 VFD, MODBUS TCP/IP. PROFINET NETWORKED I/O	CHNEIDER ELECTRIC ALTIVAR 61 VFD, MUDBUS 1 CHIIP. PROFINE:	
Wiring	L04105	L04105	H04105	H04105	L04105	1-04105	H04105	H04105	104105	H04105	104105	L04105	H04201	104201	104201	L04201	H04201	104201	1-04201	104201	104201	104201	104201	104201	1-04201	104201	104201	104201	104301	L04301	L04301 VIA	104301	L04302	L04302	L04302	104302	L04303	-04303	104303	L04303	F04304	F04304	1-04304	1-04304	H04501 SC	L04501 SC	H04501 NE	H04501 NE	L10101
Signal Type or Calibration Range		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	-	ENERGIZE TO POWER	8	ENERGIZE TO RESET	ENERGIZE TO STOP	ENERGIZE TO STOP	ENERGIZE TO STOP								X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT				X-X GPM		X-X AMPS	Ť	X-X PSIG	XXFT					N/A	N/A		寸	DRY CONTACT
Module/ Device	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	PROFINET	PROFINET	PROFINET	PROFINET	24 VDC
Channel	8	89	90	40	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	41	15	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	00	10	02	03	00	10	0.5	03	00	10	05	03	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00
Slot	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	12	12	12	12	N/A	NA	N/A	N/A	03
Rack	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	8	00	00	8	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	8	00	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH3_PS04_PLC0401	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001
Panel	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000
IO Type	ō	ī	ā	ā	ī	ī	ā	ī	ā	IQ	ā	ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	00	8	8	M	8	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	¥	₹	₹	¥	₹	8	₹	W	NW	WW	W.	WN	ī
Description	SMOKE DETECTOR INPUT SUPERVISORY	GAS DETECTOR TROUBLE	GAS DETECTOR ALARM 1	REMOTE ALARM RESET	LOW LEVEL FLOAT BYPASS	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN	CP-3 REMOTE PANEL MODE	CP-3 ALARM ALERT	HARDWIRED LEVEL FLOAT CONTROL REMOTE RESET	PUMP 1 INHIBIT/DIABLE RUN	PUMP 2 INHIBIT/DIABLE RUN	PUMP 3 INHIBIT/DIABLE RUN	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	STATION DISCHARGE FLOW	SPARE	PUMP 3 AMPS	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 VFD NETWORKED VO	PUMP 2 VFD NETWORKED VO	PUMP 3 VFD NETWORKED VO	EXHAUST FAN VFD NETWORKED VO	STATION INTRUSION ALARM												
Suffix		∢	8																																														
Loop		0473	0473	0474	0474								0410	0420	0430	0475	0475	0442	0410	0420	0430								0410	0412	0441		0420	0422	0438		0430	0432	0435	0480					0410	0420	0430	0460	1000
le Prefix	-	*	×	왕	FILB								Ϋ́	Ϋ́	γ	NC	Ϋ́	×	Q.	Q.	Q								=	FI	=		=	Œ	Œ		=	Œ	ā	=					D	>	>	>	Υ
Process Code	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04								PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04								PS04	PS04	PS04		PS04	PS04	PS04		PS04	PS04	PS04	PS04					PS04	PS04	P804	PS04	PS10
Process Area ID	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3								RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3								RH3	RH3	RH3		RH3	RH3	RH3		RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3					RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RHS
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS								SS	SS	SS	88	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS								SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	SS
IO Tag	SS_RH3_PS04_NI0472	SS_RH3_PS04_YA0473A	SS_RH3_PS04_YA0473B	SS_RH3_PS04_HS0474	SS_RH3_PS04_LLB0474	1	ı		1	I			SS_RH3_PS04_YC0410	SS_RH3_PS04_YC0420	SS_RH3_PS04_YC0430	SS_RH3_PS04_NC0475	SS_RH3_PS04_YA0475	SS_RH3_PS04_XC0442	SS_RH3_PS04_YD0410	SS_RH3_PS04_YD0420	SS_RH3_PS04_YD0430		1	1	-	-			SS_RH3_PS04_100410	SS_RH3_PS04_F10412	SS_RH3_PS04_Ll0441	1	SS_RH3_PS04_II0420	SS_RH3_PS04_F10422	SS_RH3_PS04_F10438	-	SS_RH3_PS04_110430	SS_RH3_PS04_F10432	SS_RH3_PS04_P10435	SS_RH3_PS04_Ll0490	I		1	-	SS_RH3_PS04_U0410	SS_RH3_PS04_U0420	SS_RH3_PS04_U0430	SS_RH3_PS04_U0460	SS_RH5_PS10_YA1000
Site	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 04	PUMP STATION 10
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	722	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245

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Area ID Process Code				İ						5	2	+	Calibration Range	Diagram	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	70	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	D	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	IG	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H10104	
				0)	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L10104	
				0)	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	07	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	60	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	11	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	DI	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F10104	
				0)	SPARE	ī	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L10104	
				0)	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	14	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H10104	
				0)	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	90	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H10104	
PS10 YC	γC		1010		PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	00	24 VDC EI	ENERGIZE TO RUN	H10201	EXISTING
PS10 YC	χ	-	1020		PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	20	10	24 VDC E	ENERGIZE TO RUN	H10201	EXISTING
PS10 XC	×	_	1042	1.0	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	00	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	02	24 VDC EN	ENERGIZE TO RESET	H10201	
		<u> </u>		0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	03	24 VDC		L10201	
		_		0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	40	04	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	90	24 VDC		H10201	
		L		0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	40	90	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	00	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	20	20	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	DO	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	08	24 VDC		L10201	
				0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	60	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	00	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	10	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	00	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	20	11	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	0.0	12	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	-00	13	24 VDC		H10201	
				0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	07	14	24 VDC		L10201	
			1	0)	SPARE	8	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	0.0	15	24 VDC		F10201	
	=		1010		PUMP 1 AMPS	R	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	80	00	4-20 mA	X-X AMPS	H10301	EXISTING
+	Œ		1012		PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	×	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	80	01		X-X GPM		FUTURE
PS10 LI	=		1041	2	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	4	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	8	80	05	4-20 mA	0-10 FT	H10301 VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER	ISDUCER
+				0)	SPARE	×	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	80	03			H10301	
+	=		1020		PUMP 2 AMPS	A	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	8	60	00	4-20 mA	X-X AMPS	H10302	EXISTING
PS10 FI	ш		1022		PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	×	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	60	10		X-X GPM	H10302	FUTURE
				0)	SPARE	×	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	60	02			H10302	
				0)	SPARE	R	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	8	60	03				
\dashv	=	_	1042	> 1	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	×	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	10	00	4-20 mA	HX-X	H10303 VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER	
PS10 PI	ā		1035		PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	A	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	10	10		X-X GPM	H10303	FUTURE
PS10 LI	-	_	1090	0	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	А	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	10	02	4-20 mA	X-XFI	H10303	FUTURE
		-		0)	SPARE	¥	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_PLC1001	00	10	80			H10303	
FS12 YA	×		1200	0)	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	IQ	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	00	03	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H12101	EXISTING
FS12 YA	YA	1	1201		PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	IQ	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	00	03	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H12101	
FS12 NI	Z	_	1202		PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	ī	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	00	03	02	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H12101	
FS12 N	Z	z	1203		PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	ī	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	00	03	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H12101	
FS12		z	1204		PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	DI	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	00	03	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L12101	
FS12 XA	3	ũ	1000	_	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALABM	ā	SS RH5 FS12 CAB1200	SS RH5 FS12 PLC1201	9	60		24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	112303	
		Ξ,	1,000			5			3	3	8	Z4 v.DC	DI CONTROL	201	

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STATUS	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	EXISTING	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	 														
Application Notes																																																	
Wiring	112101	112101	H12101	H2101	H12101	H2101	H2101	H2101	H2101	112201	H2201	112201	H12201	H2201	H2201	H2201	F12201	H2201	112201	H2201	H2201	112201	112201	H2201	112201	H13101	H3101	H3101	H13101	H3101	H13101	H13101	H3101	113101	F13101	H13101	L13101	F13101	F13101	H13101	H3101	H13102	L13102	L13102	H13102	L13102	H13102	H13102	
Signal Type or V		DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT 1-	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	ENERGIZED TO RUN	_		_	4	_	4	4	1		_	4	4	1	4	_	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT +		\neg	\dashv		\neg	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT +	\neg	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	
Module/ Device Type	0	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC																									
Channel	20	80	60	10	Į.	12	13	14	15	8	б	20	03	8	8	90	20	8	60	0	#	12	13	14	15	00	Ю	05	03	90	90	90	20	80	60	10	1	12	13	14	15	00	10	70	03	04	90	90	Ì
Slot	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	04	90	04	04	90	04	04	04	04	90	04	04	04	04	04	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	
Rack	8	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
PLC /RIO	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH5_FS12_PLC1201	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	
Panel	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	
IO Type	ā	ō	ā	ō	ī	ā	ā	ā	ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	00	8	8	8	8	8	8	00	00	8	īQ	ā	ā	ō	ā	ā	ō	ā	īQ	ō	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	ō	īQ	IQ	IQ	īQ	IQ	ā	ā	
Description	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	PUMP 1 RUN	GENERAL FAIL	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	SPARE	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	100 0 000														
Suffix																															<	8																	
ix Number		1206	1206	1210	1209					1210																1300	1301	1302		1304	\dashv	+	-	1306	L 1306	Н 1307	L 1361	\dashv				1310	A 1310	1311	1312	1310	IH 1342	Н 1342	
Code Prefix		2 X	2 JAL	7 × 1	2 YA					2 YC																3 YA	3 YA	3		Z 2			1	3 XA	3 JAL	3 LAH	3 FAL	1				3 71	3 HSA	3 ZIC	3 FQI	3 YA	3 САНН	3 LAH	
S Process Code	FS12	FS12	FS12	FS12	FS12					FS12																PS13	PS13	PS13		_			4	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13					PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	
ID Process	RHS	RHS	RHS	RHS	RHS					RHS																RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3					RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS																SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	\downarrow				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	
IO Tag	SS_RH5_FS12_NI1206	SS_RH5_FS12_XA1206	SS_RH5_FS12_JAL1206	SS_RH5_FS12_Y11210	SS_RH5_FS12_YA1209		ı			SS_RH5_FS12_YC1210	I							I				_				SS_RH3_PS13_YA1300	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1301	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1302	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1303	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1304	SS_RH3_PS13_XA1305A	SS_RH3_PS13_XA1305B	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1306	SS_RH3_PS13_XA1306	SS_RH3_PS13_JAL1306	SS_RH3_PS13_LAH1307	SS_RH3_PS13_FAL1361			-	I	SS_RH3_PS13_Y11310	SS_RH3_PS13_HSA1310	SS_RH3_PS13_ZIC1311	SS_RH3_PS13_FQI1312	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1310	SS_RH3_PS13_LAHH1342	SS_RH3_PS13_LAH1342	
Site	FLUSH STATION 12	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13																									
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER		SEWER				SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER																										
Item	344	345	346	347	348	349	320	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	329	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	37.1	372	37.3	37.4	37.6	376	37.7	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	382	386	387	388	389	380	39.1	

SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

STATUS	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE																							
Application Notes	CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILD UP																																																
Wiring		H13102	L13102	113102	113102	113102	L13102	L13102	L13103	H13103	H13103	113103	H13103	H13103	L13103	L13103	H13103	L13103	L13103	L13103	H13103	H13103	L13103	L13103	L13104	L13104	F13104	113104	L13104	113104	113104	113104	L13104	L13104	L13104	113104	113104	L13104	113104	113104	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201
Signal Type or Calibration Range	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET				
Module/ Device	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	8	80	10	=	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	4	12	00	0	02	80	8	90	90	20	80	60	10	F	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	80
Slot	90	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	0.7	07	07	07	07	07	0.7	07	07
Rack	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	00	8	00	00	8	8	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC /RIO	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301
Panel	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300
IO Type	ā	ō	ī	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	ā	ā	ī	ā	ā	ō	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ō	ō	ā	ō	ī	ā	IQ	ī	ō	IQ	īQ	IQ	ī	IQ	ī	IQ	ā	IQ	IQ	ō	OQ	8	8	00	8	8	OQ	8	8
Description	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN		FLUSH VALVE CALL TO CLOSE (FUTURE)	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE
Suffix																																																	
Loop		1343	1344	1345	1346	1347			1320	1320	1321	1322													1350	1350	1350														1310	1320	1350	1350	1342				
ode Prefix		×	Z	Z	Z	Z			⋝	HSA	ZIC	Ē.													HSR	SIO	ZIC														YC	Ϋ́	SCO	ZCC	x				
Process Code	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13			PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13													PS13	PS13	PS13														PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13				
Process Area ID	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3			RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3													RH3	RH3	RH3														RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3				
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS													SS	SS	SS														SS	SS	SS	SS	SS				
IO Tag	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1342	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1343	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1344	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1345	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1346	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1347	1	1	SS_RH3_PS13_Y11320	SS_RH3_PS13_HSA1320	SS_RH3_PS13_ZIC1321	SS_RH3_PS13_FQI1322	-		1	1	1	-	1	-			I	ı	SS_RH3_PS13_HSR1350	SS_RH3_PS13_ZIO1350	SS_RH3_PS13_ZIC1350		I	-			I		I	-	1	-	-	I	SS_RH3_PS13_YC1310	SS_RH3_PS13_YC1320	SS_RH3_PS13_ZCO1350	SS_RH3_PS13_ZCC1350	SS_RH3_PS13_XC1342			-	1
Site	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	436	436	437	438	439	440	441

SECTION 40 61.93 ATT ACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE													
Application Notes										VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER																																	
Diagram	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113201	113301	113301	L13301 VIA	113301	1-3302	1-3302	1-3302	1-3302	L13303 VIA	L13303	F13303	F13303	L13821	H3821	113821	L13821	H13821	H13821	113821	113821	113821	L13821	H13821	113821	113821	113821	113821	113821	113822	L13822	H13822	H13822	L13822	L13822	L13822	L13822	L13822	L13822	H13822	L13822	H13822	H13822
Calibration Range								X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT		X-X AMPS	X-X GPM			XX FI	X-X PSIG			DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT			\dashv	\dashv	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT
Type	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA				24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24,400						
Channel	60	10	=	12	13	41	15	00	10	02 4	03	00	01	02	03	00	01	02	03	00	10	05	03	04	90	90		80	60	10	=	12		\dashv	15	00	10	05	03	04	90	90		80	60	10	11	12	5
Slot	07	20	-00	20	20	07	20	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC/RIO	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_PLC1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RlO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301													
Panel	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	
IO Type	OQ	00	8	8	8	8	8	3	₹	A	×	8	8	8	N	¥	A	₹	₹	īQ	īQ	IQ	ī	ō	ī	IQ	īQ	IQ	ī	ō	ī	ō	ō	ī	ō	ī	ō	ō	ī	ō	īQ	ī	ī	IQ	ī	ō	IQ	ī	
Suffix Description	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	A GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	B GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	A ATS INNORMAL	B ATS IN GENERATOR	C ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE								
								1310	1312	1341		1320	1322			1342	1335			1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1397	1397									1390	1390	1390	1390	1391	1391	1391	1390					Г	ľ
Prefix Number								=	ш	п		=	н			п	Ы			ΥA	ž	Z	Z	×	Z	XA	JAL									۶	ΥA	LAL	ΥA	Z	ž	z	LAH						
Process Code								PS13	PS13	PS13		PS13	PS13			PS13	PS13			PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13									PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13	PS13						
Area ID								RH3	RH3	RH3		RH3	RH3			RH3	RH3			RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3									RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3	RH3						
Division ID								SS	SS	SS		SS	SS			SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS						
IO Tag				-	ı	ı	1	SS_RH3_PS13_I11310	SS_RH3_PS13_F11312	SS_RH3_PS13_LI1341		SS_RH3_PS13_I11320	SS_RH3_PS13_F11322		-	SS_RH3_PS13_LI1342	SS_RH3_PS13_P11335		-	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1392	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1393	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1394	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1395	SS_RH3_PS13_XA1396	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1397	SS_RH3_PS13_XA1397	SS_RH3_PS13_JAL1397		-				1	1	1	SS_RH3_PS13_Y11390	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1390A	SS_RH3_PS13_LAL1390	SS_RH3_PS13_YA1390B	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1391A	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1391B	SS_RH3_PS13_NI1391C	SS_RH3_PS13_LAH1390	-	1	1	-		
Site	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13	PUMP STATION 13									
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER									
Item	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	47.1	472	473	474	475	476	47.7	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	

200		Area ID		× 10 1								Slot	Cuannel	Type	Calibration Range	medera	
1						SPARE	22	ō	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RiO1301	00	03	4	ı		H13822	SPARE
						SPARE	32	ī	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	00	03	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H13822	SPARE
SS_RH3_PS13_LI1390	SS	RH3	PS13	5	1390	GEN	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	8	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	00	04	00	4-20 mA	XXFT	H3831	FUTURE
1						SPARE	RE	8	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	00	90	10	4-20 mA		H3831	SPARE
						SPARE	RE	8	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	00	04	20	4-20 mA		H3831	SPARE
-						SPARE	RE	8	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1301	00	04	03	4-20 mA		L13831	SPARE
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1400	SS	S RH2	PS14	¥	1400	WE.	WETWELL INTRUSION ALARM	ia	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1401	SS	3 RH2	PS14	X	1401	PLC	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	ia s	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	Б	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_NI1402A	SS	S RH2	PS14	Z	1402	A PLC	PLC PANEL SOURCE 1 SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	ī	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	02	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	114101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_NI1403A	SS	RH2	PS14	Z	1403	A PLC	PANEL SOURCE 1 120V POWER ILABLE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_NI1404A	SS	S RH2	PS14	Z	1404	A PLC	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY 1 OK	IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_XA1405A	SS	S RH2	PS14	×	1405	A NET	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	10	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RHZ_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_XA1405B	SS	S RH2	PS14	XA	1405	B NET	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_NI1406	SS	S RH2	PS14	Z	1406	UPS	UPS ON BATTERY	IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	07	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_XA1406	SS	S RH2	PS14	×	1406	UPS	UPS ALARM	īa	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_JAL1406	SS	S RH2	PS14	JAL	1406	UPS	UPS LOW BATTERY	l I G	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	60	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1407	SS	S RH2	PS14	¥	1407	80	CONTROL PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	īa	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RHZ_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	SPARE
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1408	SS	S RH2	PS14	×	1408	VAL	VALVE VAULT INTRUSION ALARM	ī	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	=	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	NEW
1						SPARE	RE	īg	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	SPARE
1						SPARE	SE.	ī	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	SPARE
1						SPARE	RE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	14	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	SPARE
-						SPARE	RE	S IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	03	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14101	SPARE
SS_RH2_PS14_Y11410	SS	S RH2	PS14	⋝	1410	PUM	PUMP 1 RUN	iQ 8	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_HSA1410	SS	3 RH2	PS14	HSA	1410	PUM	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_ZIC1411	SS	3 RH2	PS14	SIC	1411	PUM	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	iQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	705	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_FQI1412	SS	S RH2	PS14	FQI	1412	PUS (FU;	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	iQ 8	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	FUTURE
SS_RH2_PS14_MAH1410	SS	RH2	PS14	MAH	1410	PUM	PUMP 1 MOISTURE LEAK	ī	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_TAH1410	SS	S RH2	PS14	TAH	1410	PUN	PUMP 1 TEMPERATURE HIGH		SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	90	24 VDC	\neg	H14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1410A	SS	_	PS14	X			PUMP 1 PHASE FAIL		SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	90			H14102	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1410B	SS	S RH2	PS14	Ϋ́	1410	B PUM	PUMP 1 CONTROL POWER OK	+	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	20	24 VDC	\exists	H14102	EXISTING
		-				SPARE	RE		SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	80	\dashv	\dashv	H14102	SPARE
1	-					SPARE	E.	-	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	60		\dashv	H14102	SPARE
1	\dashv					SPARE	RE	\dashv	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	10	\dashv		H14102	SPARE
1						SPARE	RE	0	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	Ξ	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	SPARE
1						SPARE	RE	iQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	SPARE
-						SPARE	RE	S IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	SPARE
1						SPARE	RE	o IO	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	14	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	SPARE
-						SPARE	RE		SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	04	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14102	SPARE
SS_RH2_PS14_Y11420	SS	3 RH2	PS14	۶	1420	PUM	PUMP 2 RUN	iQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_HSA1420	SS	S RH2	PS14	HSA	1420	PUM	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	S IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	01	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_ZIC1421	SS	RH2	PS14	ZIC	1421	PUM	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	S IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	0.5	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_FQ11422	SS	3 RH2	PS14	ō	1422	PUS (FU)	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	iQ 8	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H14103	FUTURE
SS_RH2_PS14_MAH1420	SS	S RH2	PS14	MAH	1420	PUM	PUMP 2 MOISTURE LEAK	S IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	8	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_TAH1420	SS	RH2	PS14	TAH	1420	PUN	PUMP 2 TEMPERATURE HIGH	S IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1420A	SS	3 RH2	PS14	ΥA	1420	A PUM	PUMP 2 PHASE FAIL	S IG	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1420B	SS	S RH2	PS14	Ϋ́	1420	B PUM	PUMP 2 CONTROL POWER OK	IQ 8	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	07	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_Y11490	SS	3 RH2	PS14	⋝	1490	GEA	GENERATOR RUN	S IQ	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	90	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L14103	EXISTING
SS_RH2_PS14_YA1490A	SS	S RH2	PS14	Ϋ́	1490	A GEN	GENERATOR FAIL	2	SS RH2 PS14 CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	00	0.5	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	114403	NEW
					_			_				3	25	_		2011	

STATUS	NEW	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	FUTURE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	FUTURE	FUTURE												
Application Notes										CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/SREASE BUILDUP																														VIA ULTRASONIC LEVEL TRANSMITTER						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER		
Wiring	L14103	L14103	14103	L14103	H14103	L14104	F14104	114104	114104	114104 CAE		114104	F14104	114104	114104	F14104	F14104	L14104	F14104	L14104	F14104	114201	114201	114201	F14201	L14201	L14201	114201	L14201	L14201	L14201	L14201	114201	114201	L14201	114201	114201	F14301	114301		F14301	114302	L14302	H14302		$\overline{}$	F14303	F14303
Signal Type or Valibration Range Di			DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT H	\top	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RESET	_	_	_	_	1	_	_		_	_	_	_	_			0-10FT F	_			X-X GPM				X-X FT
Module/ Device	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA		
Channel	Ξ	12	13	21	15	00	10	05	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	22	15	8	10	05	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	70	03	00	10	05	03	00	10	02
Slot	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	0.0	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	9
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RHZ_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401	SS_RH2_PS14_PLC1401							
Panel	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RM2_PS14_CMD14UU
IO Type	ō	ī	ā	ō	ū	ō	IQ	ū	ō	ī	ā	ā	IQ	ā	īg	IQ	IQ	DI	ō	ō	īQ	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	¥	₹	×	₹	×	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹ :	₹
Description	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	GENERATOR VAULT INTRUSION	SPARE	SPARE	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	PLC PANEL SOURCE 2 SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL SOURCE 2 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY 2 OK	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	LEVEL CONTROL PANEL INTRUSION	ATS IN NORMAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)		WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	PRESSURE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUT URE)
Suffix	8		o								8	80	0			⋖	<	8	O																													_
A Loop fix Number	_	+	A 1490			1438	-TH 1442	H 1442	1442	A 1442	+	1402	1403	1404	1409	A 1443	1491	1491	1491			1410	1420	1442			\dashv	-		\dashv	\dashv	\dashv	4		\dashv	1		\dashv	\dashv	1441		-	+	1438	+	-	1435	
Code Brofix	-		4 X			4 FOI	4 LAHH	4 LAH	4 LAL	4 YA		4 <u>S</u>	A	4 Z	4 <u>Z</u>	4 YA	N N	N N	4 N			4 YC	7C	4 XC									1					+	4 E	4		+		4 E	1		+	4
Process Code	-		PS14			PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14		PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14	PS14			PS14	PS14	PS14									-					+	_	PS14			_	PS14	_		PS14	
ID Process		RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2			_			_	_		4					RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2	4	RH2	RH2	KINZ
Division ID	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS			\downarrow			\downarrow					-	4		SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS	-	SS	SS	SS
IO Tag	SS_RH2_PS14_YA1490B	SS_RH2_PS14_LAH1940	SS_RH2_PS14_YA1490C			SS_RH2_PS14_FQI1438	SS_RH2_PS14_LAHH1442	SS_RH2_PS14_LAH1442	SS_RH2_PS14_LAL1442	SS_RH2_PS14_YA1442	SS_RH2_PS14_YA1443B	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1402B	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1403B	SS_RH2_PS14_N11404B	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1409	SS_RH2_PS14_YA1443A	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1491A	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1491B	SS_RH2_PS14_NI1491C		1	SS_RH2_PS14_YC1410	SS_RH2_PS14_YC1420	SS_RH2_PS14_XC1442		-	1	1	-	1	-	1	1		1	1	1	SS_RH2_PS14_II1410	SS_RH2_PS14_FI1412	SS_RH2_PS14_LI1441	1	SS_RH2_PS14_II1420	SS_RH2_PS14_F11422	SS_RH2_PS14_FI1438	1	SS_RH2_PS14_LI1442	SS_RH2_PS14_P11435	SS_RH2_PS14_LI1490
Site	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14	PUMP STATION 14
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	540	541	542	543	544	645	546	547	848	549	920	651	552	553	554	555	556	557	829	629	960	981	562	563	564	565	999	292	868	699	920	57.1	572	573	57.4	575	929	57.7	878	629	280	581	582	583	584	585	989	587

STATUS	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	FUTURE
Application Notes																									CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILDUP																								
Wiring	115101	115101	115101	L15101	F15101	L15101	L15101	115101	L15101	115101	115101	115101	115101	115101	115101	F15101	L15102	L15102	L15102	L15102	H15102	H15102	L15102	L15102	H15102 CABL	L15102	L15102	L15102	L15102	L15102	F15102	L15102	F15103	L15103	F15103	F15103	L15103	L15103	L15103	H15103	F15103	F15103	L15103	L15103	F15103	L15103	L15103	H15103	L15104
Signal Type or Calibration Range		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT
Module/ Device Type	0	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	8	10	05	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	=	12	13	44	15	00	01	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	00	01	02	03	04	90	88	20	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00
Slot	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	04	04	90	90	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Rack	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC /RIO	SS_RHZ_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501
Panel	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500
IO Type	ō	ī	ā	IQ	ā	IQ	IQ	ī	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	ī	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	IQ	IQ	ā	ō	ā	ō	IQ	IQ	IQ	DI	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	ī	ā	ī	ā	ā	īQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā
Description	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT		IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORWAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)
Suffix						۷.	8																															¥		8	4	8	U						
A Loop fix Number		YA 1501	1502	NI 1503	1504	XA 1505	XA 1505	NI 1506	XA 1506	L 1506	Н 1507	L 1561					YI 1510	A 1510	11911	1612	YA 1510	IH 1542	Н 1542	L 1542	YA 1542	YA 1543	1544	NI 1545	NI 1546	NI 1547			YI 1520	A 1520	1521	1522	W 1590	YA 1590	T 1590	YA 1590	N 1591	1691	1591						1538
Process Code Prefix	PS15 Y.	PS15 Yv	PS15 NI	PS15 N	PS15 NI	PS15 X.	PS15 X.	PS15 N	PS15 X	PS15 JAL	PS15 LAH	PS15 FAL					PS15 Y	PS15 HSA	PS15 ZIC	PS15 FQI	PS15 Yv	PS15 LAHH	PS15 LAH	PS15 LAL	PS15 Y.	PS15 Y.	PS15 NI	PS15 N	PS15 N	PS15 N			PS15 Y	PS15 HSA	PS15 ZIC	PS15 FQI	PS15 Y	PS15 Y.	PS15 LAL	PS15 Y.	PS15 N	PS15 NI	PS15 NI						PS15 FQI
Process Pr	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ					RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2						RH2
Division ID A	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS						SS
IO Tag Divi	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1500	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1501	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1502	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1503	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1504	SS_RH2_PS15_XA1505A	SS_RH2_PS15_XA1505B	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1506	SS_RH2_PS15_XA1506	SS_RH2_PS15_JAL1506	SS_RH2_PS15_LAH1507	SS_RHZ_PS15_FAL1561	-		-	-	SS_RH2_PS15_Y11510	SS_RH2_PS15_HSA1510	SS_RH2_PS15_ZIC1511	SS_RH2_PS15_FQ11512	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1510	SS_RH2_PS15_LAHH1542	SS_RH2_PS15_LAH1542	SS_RH2_PS15_LAL1542	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1542	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1543	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1544	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1545	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1546	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1547	-		SS_RH2_PS15_Y11520	SS_RH2_PS15_HSA1520	SS_RH2_PS15_ZIC1521	SS_RH2_PS15_FQ11522	SS_RH2_PS15_Y11590	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1590A	SS_RH2_PS15_LAL1590	SS_RH2_PS15_YA1590B	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1591A	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1591B	SS_RH2_PS15_NI1591C	ļ		-	-		SS_RH2_PS15_FQI1538
Site	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	689	280	1891	592	693	894	282	989	269	889	689	009	601	602	603	604	909	909	209	809	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	219	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637

STATUS	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW																					
Application Notes																																		VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER									
Wiring	115104	L15104	L15104	L15104	L15104	L15104	L15104	115104	115104	L15104	115104	115104	L15104	115104	115104	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	115201	L15201	115201	L15201	115201	115201	115301	115301	L15301 VV	115301	115302	L15302	L15302	L15302	L15303 VV	H15303	L15303	L15303	L16101	101911	10101	116101	L16101	116101
Signal Type or Calibration Range		DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET												X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT		X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X GPM		X-X FT	SIS4 X-X	X-X FT		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT													
Module/ Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA		4-20 mA		24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	10	70	03	90	99	80	20	88	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	05	03	904	99	90	07	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	00	01	02	03	00	01	02	03	00	01	02	80	8	Ю	02	03	04	90
Slot	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	9	03	03	03	03	03	03
Rack	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS15_PLC1501	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601
Panel	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600
IO Type	ā	ī	ā	Ю	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ū	ā	ā	ū	ā	ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	×	æ	×	¥	×	A	¥	₹	A	8	¥	₹	ā	ā	ā	Ю	ī	ā
Description	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE	FLUSH VALVE OPEN	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO CLOSE	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM											
Suffix																																																	<
Loop ix Number		1550	1550													1510	1520	D 1550	1550	1542												1510	1512	1541		1520	1522	1538		1542	1535	1590		1600	1601	1602	1603	1604	1605
Process Code Prefix	PS15 HSR	PS15 ZIO	PS15 ZIC													PS15 YC	PS15 YC	PS15 ZCO	PS15 ZCC	PS15 XC												PS15 II	PS15 FI	PS15 LI		PS15 II	PS15 FI	PS15 FI		PS15 LI	PS15 PI	PS15 LI		PS16 YA	PS16 YA	PS16 NI	PS16 NI	PS16 NI	PS16 XA
Process Area ID Pro		RH2	RH2													RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RHZ												RH2	RH2	RHZ		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2
Division ID Are		SS RI	SS													SS	SS	SS	SS	SS												SS	SS	SS		SS	SS RI	SS		SS RI	SS	SS		SS RI	SS	SS	SS Ri	SS	SS
Divisi	SS		S													Ś	Ś			S S								H			Н	S	S	S	\dashv	S	S	S	-	S	S	S		S	S	s	s	S	S
IO Tag	SS_RH2_PS15_HSR1550	SS_RH2_PS15_ZIO1550	SS_RH2_PS15_ZIC1550	1		I	I			I		ı	I			SS_RH2_PS15_YC1510	SS_RH2_PS15_YC1520	SS_RH2_PS16_ZCO1650	SS_RH2_PS15_ZCC1550	SS_RH2_PS16_XC1642	1	I	I	I		1	1	+	1	-	-	SS_RH2_PS15_II1510	SS_RH2_PS15_F11512	SS_RH2_PS15_L11541	-	SS_RH2_PS15_II1520	SS_RH2_PS15_F11522	SS_RH2_PS15_F11538	-	SS_RH2_PS15_LI1542	SS_RH2_PS15_PI1535	SS_RH2_PS15_LI1590	I	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1600	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1601	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1602	SS_RH2_PS16_N11603	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1604	SS_RH2_PS16_XA1605A
Site	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 15	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	999	929	657	829	629	099	199	662	663	664	999	999	299	899	699	0.29	671	672	673	674	675	9.29	677	678	629	089	681	682	683	684	685	989

STATUS	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	FUTURE	NEW	NEW
Application Notes														K GALLONS.					CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILDUP											CALLONS.																(GALLONS.			
ng	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	02	102	0.5	102 PULSE EQUALS XX GALLONS	102	102	102	102		102	02	02	02	02	102	102	03	03	03	103 PULSE EQUALS XX GALLONS	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	03	03	03	04	04	04	04 PULSE EQUALS XX GALLONS	04	04	04
or Wiring		T 116101	T 116101	т 1-16101	т н16101	T L16101	т 116101	T 116101	T 116101	T 116101	T H16102	T 116102	т н6102	т 116102	т н16102	т н6102	т 116102	т н16102	T 116102	T 116102	т н16102	т н16102	т н16102	т н16102	т н16102	т н16102	т н16103	т н16103	T 116103	T 116103	T 116103	т 116103	T 116103	T 116103	T 116103	T 116103	T 116103	T L16103	T 116103	T 116103	т н6103	т н16103	T L16104	т н16104	T 116104	т 116104	T 116104	T 116104	т н6104
Signal Type or Calibration Range	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT
Module/ Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	80	07	8	80	10	=	12	13	4	15	00	10	02	03	90	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	8	Ю	05	03	80	90	90
Slot	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	20	8	98	90	20	98	98	04	90	26	98	20	8	26	90	26	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Rack	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC /RIO	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601	SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601
Panel	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600
IO Type	ō	ō	ō	ā	IQ	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	ī	ī	ō	ī	ā	ō	ō	īg	DI	IQ	ā	ō	ā	ō	ī	ī	ō	ō	ā	ō	ō	ī	ī	IQ	ī	DI	ī	IQ	ī	IQ	ō	IQ	ā	ō	ī	ā	ō	IQ	ā	īQ
Description	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORMAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE	FLUSH VALVE OPEN
Suffix	8																															4		8	٧	8	0												
Loop		1606	1606	1606	1607	1661					1610	1610	1611	1612	1610	1642	1642	1642	1642	1643	1644	1645	1646	1647			1620	1620	1621	1622	1690	1690	1690	1690	1691	1691	1691						1630	1630	1631	1632	1638	1650	1650
B Prefix	\$	Z	\$	JAL	LAH	FAL					۶	HSA	ZIC	Ā	×	LAHH	LAH	LAL	ΥA	Ϋ́	Z	Z	Z	Z			⋝	HSA	ZIC	Ā	۶	ΥA	LAL	ΥA	Z	ž	Z						⋝	HSA	ZIC	<u>P</u>	FQI	HSR	ZIO
Process Code	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16					PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16			PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16						PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16	PS16
D Process	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2					RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2						RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS						SS	88	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS
IO Tag	SS_RH2_PS16_XA1605B	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1606	SS_RH2_PS16_XA1606	SS_RH2_PS16_JAL1606	SS_RH2_PS16_LAH1607	SS_RH2_PS16_FAL1661	-	I	1	1	SS_RH2_PS16_Y11610	SS_RH2_PS16_HSA1610	SS_RH2_PS16_ZIC1611	SS_RH2_PS16_FQ11612	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1610	SS_RH2_PS16_LAHH1642	SS_RH2_PS16_LAH1642	SS_RH2_PS16_LAL1642	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1642	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1643	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1644	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1645	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1646	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1647	1	1	SS_RH2_PS16_Y11620	SS_RH2_PS16_HSA1620	SS_RH2_PS16_ZIC1621	SS_RH2_PS16_FQ11622	SS_RH2_PS16_Y11690	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1690A	SS_RH2_PS16_LAL1690	SS_RH2_PS16_YA1690B	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1691A	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1691B	SS_RH2_PS16_NI1691C	1	-	1	I	ı	SS_RH2_PS16_Y11630	SS_RH2_PS16_HSA1630	SS_RH2_PS16_ZIC1631	SS_RH2_PS16_FQ11632	SS_RH2_PS16_FQI1638	SS_RH2_PS16_HSR1650	SS_RH2_PS16_ZIO1650
Site	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16	PUMP STATION 16
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	687	688	689	069	69.1	692	693	694	969	969	269	869	669	700	701	702	703	704	705	902	707	708	602	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	7117	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735

application Notes SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER L16304 L16104 L16201 116201 L16201 F16201 116201 L16201 116201 L16201 116301 116301 116302 116302 116302 L16302 L16303 L16303 116303 L16303 116304 L16304 L16304 116201 116201 L16201 L16201 -16201 L16201 116201 L16301 L16301 ENERGIZE TO RUN ENERGIZE TO RUN ENERGIZE TO RUN ENERGIZE TO OPEN ENERGIZE TO RESET DRY CONTACT X-X AMPS X-X AMPS X-X AMPS X-X GPM X-X GPM 0-10 FT X-X GPM X-X GPM X-X PSIG X-X FI X.X 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 01 80 00 8 90 60 5 00 0 03 10 05 03 03 90 90 20 20 07 07 60 03 03 03 20 80 80 60 60 03 07 03 Rack 00 00 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RHZ_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS16_PLC1601 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701 PLC / RIO SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700 SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600 IO Type ā 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 ₹ ā 8 8 8 8 8 8 2 ₹ ₹ Z ₹ ₹ ₹ 2 ō □ ō ā 8 8 ₹ ō ō PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE) PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE) FLUSH VALVE CALL TO CLOSE HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY) PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM STATION INTRUSION ALARM NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW Description PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN WETWELL LEVEL (PUMP 1 AMPS PUMP 2 AMPS PUMP 3 AMPS SPARE SPARE SPARE PARE SPARE PARE SPARE SPARE SPARE Suffix Process Code ISA Loop 1620 1642 1703 1610 1630 1650 1650 1610 1620 1638 1630 1632 1690 1700 1702 1704 1705 1705 1650 1641 1635 Ş Ş Ş 200 Œ = z × 200 = = Ξ ≴ Š PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS17 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS16 PS17 PS17 PS17 PS17 PS17 PS17 PS16 PS17 Area ID RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RHZ RHZ RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 꿃 RH2 RH2 RHZ RH2 RH2 RH2 RH2 Division ID SS_RH2_PS16_YC1610 SS_RH2_PS16_YC1620 SS_RH2_PS16_YC1630 SS_RH2_PS16_ZCO1650 SS_RH2_PS16_ZCC1650 SS_RH2_PS16_XC1642 SS_RH2_PS17_YA1700 SS_RH2_PS17_N11703 SS_RH2_PS17_XA1705A SS_RH2_PS17_XA1705B SS_RH2_PS17_N11706 SS_RH2_PS16_ZIC1650 SS_RH2_PS16_F11622 SS_RH2_PS16_PI1635 SS_RH2_PS16_LI1642 SS_RH2_PS17_YA1701 SS_RH2_PS17_N11702 SS_RH2_PS17_N11704 SS_RH2_PS16_II1610 SS_RH2_PS16_FI1612 SS_RH2_PS16_II1620 SS_RH2_PS16_F11638 SS_RH2_PS16_F11632 SS_RH2_PS16_LI1690 SS_RH2_PS16_II1630 SS_RH2_PS16_LI1641 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 16 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 PUMP STATION 17 Site SEWER 780 781

EXISTING EXISTING

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STATUS	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE											
Application Notes																	CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILDUP																																
lng ram	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	102	102	H17102	102	102	102	102	102		102	102	102	102	102	102	102	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
or Wiring		CT 1-17101	CT 1-17101	CT H17101	CT 117101	CT 117101	CT 117101	CT 117101	CT 117102	CT H17102		CT 117102	CT 117102	CT 117102	CT L17102	CT 117102	CT H17102	CT 117102	CT 117102	CT L17102	CT H17102	CT 117102	CT 117102	CT 117102	CT 117103	CT 117103	CT H17103	CT 117103	CT H17103	CT 117103	CT 117103	CT L17103	CT 117103	CT 117103	CT H17103	CT 117103	CT L17103	CT 1-17103	CT 117103	CT H17103	CT 117104	CT 117104	CT 117104	CT H17104	CT 117104	CT 117104	CT 1-17104	CT 117104	CT L17104
e Signal Type or Calibration Range	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT
Module/ Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	8	80	0	=	12	13	14	15	00	10	05	03	04	90	90	0.7	80	60	10	=	12	13	14	15	00	10	05	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	8	Б	70	03	04	90	90	07	80
Slot	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	8	04	04	8	04	04	9	04	04	26	04	04	04	04	04	04	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Rack	8	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	00	8	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC /RIO	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701	SS_RH2_PS17_PLC1701
Panel	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700
IO Type	ō	ō	ō	IQ	ō	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	ō	ō	ō	ī	ō	ī	IQ	īg	ā	IQ	ō	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	ī	ī	īQ	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	ō	IQ	IQ	ō	IQ	ī	ō	ō	ā	ō	īQ	ā	ō	IQ	ī	ī
Description	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM		WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE
p Suffix	9	9	2	1					0	0	_	2	0					3	4	9	9	7			0	0	-	2													0	0	-	2	8				
ISA Loop Prefix Number		JAL 1706	LAH 1707	FAL 1761					N 1710	HSA 1710	ZIC 1711	FQI 1712	YA 1710	LAHH 1742	LAH 1742	LAL 1742	YA 1742	YA 1743	NI 1744	NI 1745	NI 1746	NI 1747			YI 1720	HSA 1720	ZIC 1721	FQI 1722													YI 1730	HSA 1730	ZIC 1731	FQI 1732	FQI 1738				П
Process Code P	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17 F					PS17	PS17 H	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17 L	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17	PS17			PS17	PS17 F	PS17	PS17													PS17	PS17 H	PS17	PS17 F	PS17 F				
Process P	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2					RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2													RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2				_
Division ID A	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS													SS	SS	SS	SS	SS				_
Divid																												Н																					
IO Tag	SS_RH2_PS17_XA1706	SS_RH2_PS17_JAL1706	SS_RH2_PS17_LAH1707	SS_RH2_PS17_FAL1761					SS_RH2_PS17_Y11710	SS_RH2_PS17_HSA1710	SS_RH2_PS17_ZIC1711	SS_RH2_PS17_FQ11712	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1710	SS_RH2_PS17_LAHH1742	SS_RH2_PS17_LAH1742	SS_RH2_PS17_LAL1742	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1742	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1743	SS_RH2_PS17_N11744	SS_RH2_PS17_N11745	SS_RH2_PS17_N11746	SS_RH2_PS17_NI1747			SS_RH2_PS17_Y11720	SS_RH2_PS17_HSA1720	SS_RH2_PS17_ZIC1721	SS_RH2_PS17_FQI1722		-	1	-	-	1	1			-			SS_RH2_PS17_Y11730	SS_RH2_PS17_HSA1730	SS_RH2_PS17_ZIC1731	SS_RH2_PS17_FQ11732	SS_RH2_PS17_FQ11738				
Site	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	785	982	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	908	807	808	808	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833

STATUS	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	SPARE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	NEW							
Application Notes																																																	
Wiring	117821	117821	117821	H7821	H17821	H17821	H17822	117822	H17822	H17822	H17822	H17822	H17822	H17822	L17822	H17822	H17822	L17822	117822	117822	H17822	H17822	H17831	H7831	H17831	H17831	H18101	L18101	L18101	F18101	F18101	L18101	L18101	L18101	L18101	L18101	L18101	H18101	L18101	118101	H18101	118101	H18102	H18102	H18102	L18102	H18102	H18102	L18102
Signal Type or Calibration Range Dia		DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1-1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1-1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	XXFT	7	7	2	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H1	DRY CONTACT H1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1-1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1-1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1-1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H1
Module/ Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC								
Channel	0	F	12	13	14	15	00	10	05	03	90	90	90	07	80	60	10	1	12	13	14	15	00	10	70	03	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	Ε	12	13	14	15	8	10	05	03	90	90	90
Slot	02	05	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	90	04	04	90	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	90	04	04	90	04	04	04
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PLC/RIO	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1701	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801
Panel	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS17_R1O1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800
IO Type	ō	ō	ō	ā	ō	ō	ā	ā	ō	īQ	ō	ā	ī	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	īg	IQ	īg	ō	ā	₹	¥	¥	₹	ō	ī	DI	IQ	ī	DI	IQ	ō	ō	IQ	ō	ā	īg	ā	ī	ā	ō	īQ	ā	ō	IQ	ō	īQ
Description	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORWAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM
Suffix								<		8	<	00	0																			٧	8																
Loop							1790	1790	1790	1790	1791	1791	1791	1790									1790				1800	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	1805	1806	1806	1806	1807	1861					1810	A 1810	1811	1812		Н 1842	1842
Process Code Prefix							PS17 YI	PS17 YA	PS17 LAL	PS17 YA	PS17 NI	PS17 NI	PS17 NI	PS17 LAH									PS17 LI				PS18 YA	PS18 YA	PS18 NI	PS18 NI	PS18 NI	PS18 XA	PS18 XA	PS18 NI	PS18 XA	PS18 JAL	PS18 LAH	PS18 FAL					PS18 YI	PS18 HSA	PS18 ZIC	PS18 FQI		PS18 LAHH	PS18 LAH
Process Area ID							S RH2	RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2									RH2				S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2					S RH2	S RH2	S RH2	S RH2		S RH2	S RH2
Division ID							SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	H	SS	SS
IO Tag	1	I		I	I	1	SS_RH2_PS17_Y1790	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1790A	SS_RH2_PS17_LAL1790	SS_RH2_PS17_YA1790B	SS_RH2_PS17_NI1791A	SS_RH2_PS17_NI1791B	SS_RH2_PS17_NI1791C	SS_RH2_PS17_LAH1790	-		-	1	-	-	ļ		SS_RH2_PS17_L11790	1	1	I	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1800	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1801	SS_RH2_PS18_N11802	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1803	SS_RH2_PS18_N11804	SS_RH2_PS18_XA1805A	SS_RH2_PS18_XA1805B	SS_RH2_PS18_N11806	SS_RH2_PS18_XA1806	SS_RH2_PS18_JAL1806	SS_RH2_PS18_LAH1807	SS_RH2_PS18_FAL1861	1	ļ	1	I	SS_RH2_PS18_Y11810	SS_RH2_PS18_HSA1810	SS_RH2_PS18_ZIC1811	SS_RH2_PS18_FQI1812	1	SS_RH2_PS18_LAHH1842	SS_RH2_PS18_LAH1842
Site	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18								
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Item	883	884	885	988	887	888	889	880	891	892	883	894	895	988	897	888	889	006	901	902	903	904	908	906	907	806	606	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	926	926	927	928	929	930	931

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8 8			\$5, FR2_2618_CAB 1800 \$5, FR2_2618_CAB 1800	10 SS, PAC, PS 11, CAB 9000 SS, PAC, PS 11	SPARE	SPARE	STAPPE STAPPE DI SST, PROZ, PST IS, CAR 1800	SPARE	SPARE
00		SS PACE 18 16 CAR 800 SS PACE 18 16 CAR 800		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	Strade Di	SPARE D1 SPA	SPARE DI SPARE DI
00		85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 85, RMZ, PS 18, CAB 1800		D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI SPA	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D	SPARE DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05		SS, RNZ, PS 18, CAB 1800 SS, RNZ, PS 18, CAB 1800		N N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D	SPARE DI SPA
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05	┖	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		N N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SPARE	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI DI SPARE DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D	SPARE DI SPA
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05		SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800		N N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	19-ME	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE	SPARE DI
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05	_	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800 SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		N N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPANE DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE DI SPARE SPA	SPARE DI SPARE DI
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05		SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800		N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SPARE DI	StrAete Di	SPAME DO	PS:8 YI 850-ABE DI PS:8 YI 830 PLIMP 3 RIAN DI PS:8 YI 830 PLIMP 3 RIAN DI PS:8 YS RS:90 PLIMP 3 DIAUTO DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 05				N DI DI NATO DI CANANCE CLOSED DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE PLOW PULSE DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE PLOW PU	SPARE DI DI CONTROLLO DI DI CONTROLLO DI DI CONTROLLO DI DI CONTROLLO DI DI CONTROLLO DI CONTROLLO DI CONTROLLO DI CONTROLLO CONTROLLO DI CONTROLLO	SPARE DOI	Staylor Staylor Dil	SPARE DI SPARE DI	SPARE DI
00		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		N DI DI ALIO AUTO DI DI CONVALVE CLOSED DI CHANGGE PLOW PULSE DI DI	SPARE DI PUMP 3 RUM DI PUMP 3 RUM DI PUMP 3 RUM DI PUMP 3 INAUTO DI DI PUMP 3 INAUTO DI DI PUMP 2 INAUTO DI PUMP 3 INAUTO DI	1830 1948 191 19	1 1830 PAME DO	PS16 Y1 830	SPACE PSISS Y1 SS20 PUAPS 3RAN DO
00		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		N DI AUTO DI CHARGE FLOW PULSE DI	PUMP 3 RUN PUMP 3 IN AUTO DI NADO 2 CHECK VANVE CI OSED	1830 PUMP 3 RIAN DI	Y 1830 PUMP 3 RAN DO	PSIG YI 1850 PUAP-3RAN DI	RRZ PSIS Y1 RSQ PUMP 3RAN DI
SS_RHZ_PS18_PLC1801 00 06	_	SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800	+	CONTRACTOR DISCONDINE DISCONDINE DI	DIMPACHECK VALVE CLOSED	1831 PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI 1832 PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE ELOSED DI 1832 FIFTI IRES I DI 1832 DI 1832 DI 1832 DI 1832 DI 1833	TO 1832 PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE	15/10	No. 2
8 00		SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800		CHARGE FLOW PULSE DI	FOMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	1832 PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI	FQI 1832 PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)		RHZ PST6 FGI 1832 PIAMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		i	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	(rollowe)		PS18 FQI 1832 PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	100 (100 100 100 100 110 110 110 110 110
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	W PULSE (FUTURE) DI	W PULSE (FUTURE) DI	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE) DI	1838 HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE) DI	FQI 1838 HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE) DI	PS18 FQI 1838 HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE) DI
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IG	IG	IG	IG	IG
00		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		īā	īd	īd	īd	īd	īd
00		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	\dashv	īd	īd	īd	īd	īd	īd
00	\neg	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
00	\neg	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06	\neg	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800	-	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06	\neg	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06	$\overline{}$	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800	\dashv	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06	$\overline{}$	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 06		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DI SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 07	-	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		00	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN DO	1810 PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN DO	YC 1810 PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN DO	PS18 YC 1810 PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN DO
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 07		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		8	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN DO	1820 PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN DO	YC 1820 PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN DO	PS18 YC 1820 PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN DO
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 07		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		8	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN DO	1830 PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN DO	YC 1830 PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN DO	PS18 YC 1830 PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN DO
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 07		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800		8	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL DO REMOTE RESET	1842 HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL DO REMOTE RESET	XC 1842 HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL DO	PS18 XC 1842 HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL DO REMOTE RESET
SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801 00 07		SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		00	00	00	00	00
	_	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		Od	Od	Od	Od	Od
00	. —	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		00	00	00	00	00
0 00	\sim	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	DO SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800		8	8	8	8	8

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	SPARE														
Application Notes											VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER										VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER																												
Wiring	118201	118201	H18201	L18201	F18201	L18201	L18201	118201	118301	118301	F18301 VM St	118301	H18302	L18302	L18302	L18302	F18303	L18303	F18303	L18303	H18304 VIA FC	L18304	L18304	H18304	F18821	L18821	F18821	118821	L18821	L18821	F18821	L18821	F18821	F18821	H18821	F18821	L18821	L18821	118821	118821	L18822	H18822	L18822	L18822	L18822	L18822	L18822	H18822	L18822
Signal Type or V		1	_	1	4	4	1	_	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0.10 FT	_	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X GPM	1	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	1 DISH X-X	1	XX FI	_	4	1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1-	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT L		DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT +	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT P
Module/ Device		24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA				4-20 mA				24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC						
Channel	8	8	10	1	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	00	0.1	02	03	00	01	02	03	00	М	05	03	00	0.1	02	03	97	90	90	07	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	00	01	29	03	20	90	90	20	80
Slot	07	20	-00	20	20	07	20	20	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10	Ξ	=	Ξ	11	05	02	05	05	00	05	05	02	05	05	0.5	05	0.5	0.5	00	05	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_PLC1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RiO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RiO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801
Panel	SS_RHZ_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800								
IO Type	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	₹	₹	×	₹	¥	¥	₹	М	×	₹	А	₹	₹	¥	×	М	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	IQ	П	īQ	ī	ū	IQ	ū	IQ	IQ	ī	ā	ā	ā	ō	IQ	ō	ō	IQ	IQ	IQ
Description	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	PUMP 3 AMPS	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORMAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	SPARE														
p Suffix										2	_		0	2				~	10		2				5	3	4	10			_	_										4 0		9 0	4	-	0	0	
ISA Loop Prefix Number									1810	FI 1812	11 1841		1820	FI 1822	FI 1838		1830	FI 1832	PI 1835		LI 1842				YA 1892	NI 1893	NI 1894	NI 1895	XA 1896	NI 1897	XA 1897	JAL 1897									YI 1890	YA 1890	LAL 1890	YA 1890	NI 1891	N 1891	1891	LAH 1890	\dashv
Process Code Pr									PS18	PS18	PS18		PS18	PS18	PS18		PS18	PS18	PS18		PS18				PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18)	PS18									PS18	PS18	PS18 L	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18	PS18 L	
Process Pr									RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2				RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2							_		RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	
Division ID A									SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS		SS				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	
NO									10	12	14		90	22	38		30	32	35		42				192	93	94	98	961	87	197	266									06	90A	930	908	НА	ив	110	990	
IO Tag		I		ı			ı		SS_RH2_PS18_II1810	SS_RH2_PS18_FI1812	SS_RH2_PS18_LI1841		SS_RH2_PS18_II1820	SS_RH2_PS18_E11822	SS_RH2_PS18_F11838	-	SS_RH2_PS18_II1830	SS_RH2_PS18_F11832	SS_R119_8189_SH7_836	1	SS_RH2_PS18_L11842	ı	-	_	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1892	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1893	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1894	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1895	SS_RH2_PS18_XA1896	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1897	SS_RH2_PS18_XA1897	SS_RH2_PS18_JAL1897	I			_		_			SS_RH2_PS18_Y11890	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1890A	SS_RH2_PS18_LAL1890	SS_RH2_PS18_YA1890B	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1891A	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1891B	SS_RH2_PS18_NI1891C	SS_RH2_PS18_LAH1890	
Site	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18									
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER									
Item	981	382	983	984	382	986	288	888	686	086	991	992	993	994	966	966	282	866	666	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029

JT/OUTPUT LIST	
M	
SYSTEM	
CONTROL	
PROCESS	

Utility				Q vou		X III													
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	ō	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	8	03	60	24 VDC D		L18822	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18	ı						SPARE	RE	ī	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	03	10	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H18822	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	ā	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	03	=	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	118822	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18	1						SPARE	RE	ī	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RiO1801	00	03	12	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H18922	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	ī	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	03	13	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H18822	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18	1						SPARE	RE	ī	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	03	14	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L18822	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18	I						SPARE	RE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	03	15	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	F-18922	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18	SS_RH2_PS18_LI1890	SS	RHZ	PS18	=	1890	GE	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	8	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	04	00	4-20 mA	X-X FT	H18831	FUTURE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	A	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	04	0.1	4-20 mA		H18831	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	М	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	04	02	4-20 mA		F18831	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 18							SPARE	RE	N	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1801	00	04	03	4-20 mA		H18831	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1900	SS	RH2	PS19	Ϋ́	1900	ST	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	8	03	8	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	1-19101	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1901	SS	RH2	PS19	Υ	1901	PL(PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	10	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H9101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1902	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1902	PL	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	02	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	119101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1903	SS	RH2	PS19	ž	1903	PL(PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	8	03	03	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1904	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1904	PL	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	04	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	F-19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_XA1905A	SS	RH2	PS19	X	1905	A NET	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	ī	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	90	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	1-19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_XA1905B	SS	RH2	PS19	×	1905	B NET	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	90	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1906	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1906	UP:	UPS ON BATTERY	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	07	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	F-19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_XA1906	SS	RH2	PS19	×	1906	ä	UPS ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	80	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_JAL1906	SS	RH2	PS19	JAL	1906	-dn	UPS LOW BATTERY	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	8	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_LAH1907	SS	RH2	PS19	LAH	1907	ST	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	10	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19101	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_FAL1961	SS	RH2	PS19	FAL	1961	EX	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	ō	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	Ξ	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19101	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19					_		SPARE	RE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	12	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19101	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19					_		SPARE	RE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	13	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19101	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19							SP	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	14			L19101	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19							SPARE	RE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	03	15	\dashv	\neg	H19101	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_Y11910	SS	RH2	PS19	⋝	1910	PU	PUMP 1 RUN	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	00	24 VDC D		H19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_HSA1910	SS	RH2	PS19	HSA	1910	PU	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	IQ	SS_RHZ_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	0.1		DRY CONTACT	L19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_ZIC1911	SS	RH2	PS19	ZIC	1911	PU	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	05	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_FQ11912	SS	RHZ	PS19	ΡQI	1912	PU (FU	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	ū	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	03	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	FUTURE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1910	SS	RH2	PS19	Υ	1910	MC	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	ī	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	04	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_LAHH1942	SS	RH2	PS19	LAHH	1942	WE AL	WELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL RM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	90	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_LAH1942	SS	RH2	PS19	LAH	1942	WE AL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	90	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_LAL1942	88	RH2	PS19	LAL	1942	WE AL	WELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL RM	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	07	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1942	SS	RH2	PS19	Ϋ́A	1942	Ō	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	80	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19102 CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILDUP	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1943	SS	RH2	PS19	YA	1943	ISI	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	60	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19102	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1944	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1944	IS DE	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	10	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	F-19102	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1945	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1945	IS	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	1	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1946	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1946	IS		IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	12	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19102	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1947	SS	RH2	PS19	Z	1947	IS REL	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	0.4	13	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19102	NEW
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19							SP.	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	14	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	F-19102	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19							SP.	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	04	15	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19102	SPARE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_Y11920	SS	RH2	PS19	⋝	1920	PU	PUMP 2 RUN	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	90	8	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19103	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_HSA1920	SS	RH2	PS19	HSA	1920	PU	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	ō	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	90	10	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	H19103	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_ZIC1921	SS	RH2	PS19	ZIC	1921	PU	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	ō	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	90	70	24 VDC D	DRY CONTACT	L19103	EXISTING
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19	SS_RH2_PS19_FQI1922	SS	RH2	PS19	Ē	1922	P.	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	90	03	\dashv		H19103	FUTURE
SEWER	PUMP STATION 19					_		SP,	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	00	90	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L19103	SPARE
CENTED							1								+	+	1		

SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A	PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT LIST

	STATUS	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE																
	lotes																																												~				
	Application Note																																												VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER				
Wiring	Diagram	1,10403	119103	H19103	L19103	L19103	L19103	L19103	L19103	H19103	119104	119104	119104	F19104	L19104	L19104	119104	119104	L19104	F19104	H19104	119104	L19104	119104	L19104	119104	119201	119201	119201	119201	119201	119201	119201	119201	L19201	119201	L19201	119201	119201	119201	119201	119201	119301	L19301	L19301 VV	119301	L19302	L19302	119302
	Calibration Range	\dagger	١.	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET											X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT		X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X GPM									
odule/ Device	Type	24,450	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA		
	Channel	3 8	5 8	8 8	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	8	10	70	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	±	12	13	14	15	00	10	05	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	1	12	13	14	15	00	01	02	03	00	10	02
i	Note and	3	8 8	98	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	40	40	40	07	40	20	07	20	20	07	07	07	40	40	80	80	80	80	60	60	60
i	Kack	3 8	8 8	8 8	00	00	00	00	8	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
	PLC/RIO	oc pur pero pi Croor	SS RH2 PS/19 PI C1901	SS RH2 PS19 PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901								
	Panel	25 PL9 B019 CAB 1900	SS RH2 PS19 CAB1900	SS RHZ PS19 CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS RH2 PS19 CAB1900								
-	o lype	5 2	5 2	5 5	ā	ā	ō	ō	IQ	IQ	ā	ā	ō	ī	ī	IQ	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	ō	ī	IQ	DI	īQ	IQ	00	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	R	¥	8	æ	8	8
	Sumx	Spage	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN (FUTURE)		HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)
_	Number		+								1930	1930	1931	1932	1938	1950	1950	1950									1910	1920	1930	1950	1950	1942											1910	1912	1941		1920	1922	1938
	Prefix										⋝	HSA	ZIC	FQ	FQI	HSR	ZIO	ZIC									УC	УC	ý	SCO	ZCC	x											=	Е	5		=	Е	Œ
	Process Code										PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19									PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19											PS19	PS19	PS19		PS19	PS19	PS19
	Area ID										RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2									RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2											RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2
	Division ID										SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS											SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS
	IO Tag		I							1	SS_RH2_PS19_Y11930	SS_RH2_PS19_HSA1930	SS_RH2_PS19_ZIC1931	SS_RH2_PS19_FQI1932	SS_RH2_PS19_FQI1938	SS_RH2_PS19_HSR1950	SS_RH2_PS19_ZlO1950	SS_RH2_PS 19_ZIC 1950		-	I						SS_RH2_PS19_YC1910	SS_RH2_PS19_YC1920	SS_RH2_PS19_YC1930	SS_RH2_PS19_ZCO1950	SS_RH2_PS19_ZCC1950	SS_RH2_PS19_XC1942	-		-		-	1			ı		SS_RH2_PS19_II1910	SS_RH2_PS19_FI1912	SS_RH2_PS19_LI1941	-	SS_RH2_PS19_II1920	SS_RH2_PS19_F11922	SS RH2 PS19 F11938
-	Sife Sife	PIMP STATION 19	PIIMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19
	Utility	CEWED OF	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
	mem 4070	4000	1084	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW															
Application Notes						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER																																										
Wiring	H19302	H19303	F19303	H19303	H19303	H19304 VIA FODGOI	H19304	H19304	H19304	H9821	119821	H19821	H19821	H19821	H19821	H19821	F19821	L19821	H19821	L19821	H19821	H19821	H19821	H19821	H19821	H19822	H19822	H19822	L19822	H19822	H19822	H19822	H19822	H19822	L19822	H19822	H19822	H19822	H19822	L19822	H19822	F19831	L19831	H19831	H19831	L20101	L20101	F20101
Signal Type or Calibration Range Di		X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X PSIG	_	X-X FT	4			DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT F		DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H		.	DRY CONTACT F	\neg	DRY CONTACT F		\dashv		1			DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT F	X-X FT	1	4	_	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F
Module/ Device		4-20 mA				4-20 mA				24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC		24 VDC	-		24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	\dashv	-		\dashv		24 VDC	24 VDC 1	24 VDC	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC				
Channel	89	8	10	70	03	8	01	02	03	00	10	02	03	90	90	90	20	80	60	10	=	12	13	14	15	8	ы	70	03	97	90	90	07	90	60	10	Ε	12	13	14	15	00	10	70	83	00	Ю	8
Slot	60	10	9	10	10	Ξ	11	Ŧ	Ξ	02	02	05	02	02	02	02	05	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	05	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	90	04	04	03	03	03
Rack	00	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	8	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	00	8	00	8	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	0
PLC / RIO	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_PLC1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1901	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	SS BH2 PS30 PLC2001
Panel	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RHZ_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	OCCUPATO DESCRIPTION
IO Type	₹	8	2	8	8	8	×	¥	₹	IQ	ā	ō	ō	ā	ō	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	īQ	ī	ī	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	IQ	ā	ā	ō	ā	IQ	ō	ī	ō	ō	ī	DI	IQ	W	₹	×	8	IQ	ō	ē
x Description	SPARE	PUMP 3 AMPS	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE		GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING				SPARE	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION															
Loop Suffix		1930	1932	1935		1942				1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1997	1997									_	1990 A	1990	1990 B	\dashv	\dashv	1991 C										1990				2000	2001	3000
ISA Lo		19		PI 19		11 19				YA 19	IN 19	N 19	IN 19	XA 19	IN 19	XA 19	JAL 19								\dashv		YA 19	LAL 19	YA 19	\dashv	\dashv	IN 19	+	\dashv	\dashv	\dashv						11 18				YA 20	YA 20	8
Process Code p		PS19	PS19	PS19		PS19				PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19										PS19	1	PS19	PS19	PS19	PS19										PS19				PS20	PS20	DS20
Process Area ID		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2				RH2	RH2	RHZ	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2								1	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	+									RH2				RH2	RH2	CHG
Division ID		SS	SS	SS		SS				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss	SS	SS								\dashv	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	+			1						SS				SS	SS	SS
IO Tag D		SS_RH2_PS19_II1930	SS_RH2_PS19_F11932	SS_RH2_PS19_P11935		SS_RH2_PS19_LI1942				SS_RH2_PS19_YA1992	SS_RH2_PS19_N11993	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1994	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1995	SS_RH2_PS19_XA1996	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1997	SS_RH2_PS19_XA1997	SS_RH2_PS19_JAL1997				1					SS_RH2_PS19_Y11990	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1990A	SS_RH2_PS19_LAL1990	SS_RH2_PS19_YA1990B	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1991A	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1991B	SS_RH2_PS19_NI1991C									1.	SS_RH2_PS19_LI1990				SS_RH2_PS20_YA2000	SS_RH2_PS20_YA2001	SS RH2 PS20 NI2002
2		SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_	SS_RH2		SS_RH2_				SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_	SS_RH2	SS_RH2	SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_F									SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_F		SS_RH2_F	SS_RH2_I	SS_RH2_I	SS_RH2_I										SS_RH2_	•			SS_RH2_	SS_RH2_	SS RH2
Site	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	DIMP STATION 20
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1163	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175

Area ID													lype	Calibration Range	Diagram		
RH2		PS20	Z	2004	PL	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20101		NEW
RH2		PS20	*	2002	A NE	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20101		NEW
RH2 F		PS20	×	2005	B NE	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20101		NEW
RH2 PS	PS	PS20	Z	2006	UF	UPS ON BATTERY	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	20	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20101		NEW
RH2 PS	P.	PS20	×	2006	dn	UPS ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20101		NEW
RH2 PS	PS	PS20	JAL	2006	dn	UPS LOW BATTERY	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	60	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20101		NEW
RH2 PS20	PS	50	LAH	2002	ST	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20101		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS	20	FAL	2061	EX	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	11	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20101		NEW
					SP	SPARE	ō	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20101		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20101		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	41	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120101		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	ā	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RHZ_PS20_PLC2001	00	03	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120101		SPARE
RH2 PS20	PS20		7	2010	PU	PUMP 1 RUN	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		HSA	2010	PU	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		ZIC	2011	PU	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	ā	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	20	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		FQ	2012	3	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20102		FUTURE
RH2 PS20	PS20	\vdash	¥	2010	MC	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20	-	LAHH	2042	W.	TWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL RM	ā	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		LAH	2042	WE	TWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H20102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		3	2042	WE	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL	ā	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	8	90	20	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120102		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		×	2042	9	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20102 CABLE SHORT CIE	CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILD UP	NEW
RH2 PS20	PS20		×	2043	S	IS PANEL INTRUSION	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20102		NEW
RH2 PS20	PS20		Z	2044	IS	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120102		NEW
RH2 PS20	PS20		Z	2045	13	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	11	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20102		NEW
RH2 PS20	PS20		Z	2046	IS	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20102		NEW
RH2 PS20	PS20		Z	2047	SI SI	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20102		NEW
					SP	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	14	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20102		SPARE
					SF	SPARE	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	04	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20102		SPARE
RH2 PS20	PS20		⋝	2020	PL	PUMP 2 RUN	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	00	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120103		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	P.820	\dashv	HSA	2020	PL	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	02	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		EXISTING
	PS20		ZIC	2021	P.	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	ā	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	05	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20		FQ	2022	4.6	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20103		FUTURE
			1	\dashv	SF	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	04	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		SPARE
					SF	SPARE	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20103		SPARE
					SF	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	90	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20103		SPARE
		\dashv	1	1	SF	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	07	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20103		SPARE
					SF	SPARE	ī	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	80	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20103		SPARE
		\dashv	1	1	SF	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	60	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		SPARE
		-			RS.	SPARE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20103		SPARE
		-			SF	SPARE	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	=	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20103		SPARE
					SF	SPARE	IQ	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	12	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	13	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20103		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	ō	SS_RHZ_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	41	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20103		SPARE
					SP	SPARE	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	15	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	H20103		SPARE
RH2 PS20	PS2		7	2030	Pu	PUMP 3 RUN	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	8	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	120104		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	8	20	HSA	2030	Pu	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	10	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	L20104		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS	0.	ZIC	2031	-B	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	ō	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	05	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	F20104		EXISTING
RH2 PS20	PS20	_	FOI	2032	<u> </u>	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE	ā	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_PLC2001	00	90	03	24 VDC	DRY CONTACT	1-20104		FUTURE
		t			1	(1010tm)					3	2	-				I

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STATUS	FUTURE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW																					
Appli cation Notes						CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILD UP																																											
Wiring	151102	H21102	F21102	H21102	F21102	H21102 CABLE S	F21102	F21102	L21102	L21102	F21102	L21102	F21102	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21103	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	F21104	H21201	F21201	F21201	L21201
			\vdash									\vdash											\vdash																				T					-	
Signal Type or Calibration Range	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RESET
Module/Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel	03	04	90	90	07	08	60	10	=	12	13	41	15	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	=	12	13	41	16	00	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	80	80	10	£	12	13	14	15	8	10	02	03
Slot	20	20	90	90	04	04	94	20	9	0.4	90	8	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	07	07
Rack	8	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8
PLC / RIO	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RHZ_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RHZ_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RHZ_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101
Panel	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RHZ_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100
IO Type	ō	ō	ō	ā	IQ	IQ	IQ	ā	ō	ō	ō	ō	ī	ō	ō	ō	ā	ō	ā	ō	ō	ā	ō	ō	ī	ō	ā	ā	ā	ō	ō	ō	IQ	ō	IQ	ī	IQ	ā	ā	ō	ō	ā	ō	ī	ā	8	00	8	8
Description	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM		WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET
Loop Suffix	2112	2110	2142	2142	2142	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147			2120	2120	2121	2122													2130	2130	2131	2132	2138												2110	2120	2130	2142
ISA Lo		YA 2	LAHH 2	LAH 2	LAL 2	YA 2	YA 2	N 2	2	N 2	2			7 J	HSA 2	ZIC 2	FQI													YI 2	HSA 2	ZIC 2	FQI 2	FQI 2												YC 2	YC 2	YC 2	X X
Process Code	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21			PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21													PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21												PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21
Process Pr	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2			RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2													RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2												RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	SS													SS	SS	SS	SS	SS												SS	SS	SS	SS
IO Tag Div	SS_RH2_PS21_FQI2112	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2110	SS_RH2_PS21_LAHH2142	SS_RH2_PS21_LAH2142	SS_RH2_PS21_LAL2142	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2142	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2143	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2144	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2145	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2146	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2147		-	SS_RH2_PS21_YI2120	SS_RH2_PS21_HSA2120	SS_RH2_PS21_ZIC2121	SS_RH2_PS21_FQI2122	1			-		I				I			SS_RH2_PS21_Y12130	SS_RH2_PS21_HSA2130	SS_RH2_PS21_ZIC2131	SS_RH2_PS21_FQI2132	SS_RH2_PS21_FQI2138	-	-	-	I			1					SS_RH2_PS21_YC2110	SS_RH2_PS21_YC2120	SS_RH2_PS21_YC2130	SS_RH2_PS21_XC2142
Site	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1362	1353	1354	1365	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	I																		
Application Notes															VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER										VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER																								
Diagram	F21201	121201	F21201	F21201	F21201	F21301	F21301	121301 VIA SUI	F21301	F21302	121302	121302	121302	F21303	F21303	L21303	F21303	H21304 VIA FOI	F21304	L21304	1-21304	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21821	F21822	L21822	F21822	F21822								
Calibration Range Di	_	_		_	_		_	_		_			X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT	_	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X GPM	_	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	X-X PSIG	_	X-X FT		_	_	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT L	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT F	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT P	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	t
Type	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA				4-20 mA				24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	+											
Channel	2	06 2	06 2	07	08 2	09 2	10 2	11 2	12 2	13 2	14 2	16 2	00 4	10	02 4	03	00	10	02	03	00 4	10	70	03	00	10	02	03	00 2	01 2	02 2	03 2	04 2	06 2	06 2	07 2	08 2	09 2	10 2	11 2	12 2	13 2	14 2	15 2	00	01	02 2	03 2	+
Slot	20	20	- 20	07	07	20	20	20	07	07	07	20	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	02	0.5	02	02	00	05	02	05	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	101	
PLC / RIO	SS_RHZ_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_PLC2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RI02101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RI02101	SS_RH2_PS21_RI02101	SS_RH2_PS21_RlO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RI02101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101																			
Panel	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	
IO Type	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	₹	¥	₹	₹	₹	₹	R	₹	₹	₹	₹	₹	8	₹	₹	8	ī	IQ	ā	ī	ō	ā	ō	ō	IQ	ō	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	īQ	ā	ā	ī	ā	
Suffix Description	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	PUMP 3 AMPS	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	A GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	B GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	1																		
_													2110	2112	2141		2120	2122	2138		2130	2132	2135		2142				2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2197	2197									2190	2190	2190	2190	
Prefix Number													=	Е	=		=	π	Е		=	Е	ā		=				٨٨	Z	Z	Z	××	Z	××	JAL									7	×	LAL	X	+
Process Code													PS21	PS21	PS21		PS21	PS21	PS21		PS21	PS21	PS21		PS21				PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21									PS21	PS21	PS21	PS21	
Area ID													RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2	RH2	RH2		RH2				RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2									RH2	RH2	RH2	RH2	
Division ID /													SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS		SS	SS	SS		SS				SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS	SS	SS	SS	
IO Tag	I	ı		1	I	1	I	1	1	I		1	SS_RH2_PS21_II2110	SS_RH2_PS21_FI2112	SS_RH2_PS21_LI2141	1	SS_RH2_PS21_II2120	SS_RH2_PS21_FI2122	SS_RH2_PS21_FI2138	1	SS_RH2_PS21_II2130	SS_RH2_PS21_FI2132	SS_RH2_PS21_PI2135	1	SS_RH2_PS21_LI2142	I	I		SS_RH2_PS21_YA2192	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2193	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2194	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2195	SS_RH2_PS21_XA2196	SS_RH2_PS21_NI2197	SS_RH2_PS21_XA2197	SS_RH2_PS21_JAL2197	-	ı	1	1	1	1		1	SS_RH2_PS21_Y12190	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2190A	SS_RH2_PS21_LAL2190	SS_RH2_PS21_YA2190B	
Site	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21														
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER														
Item	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420	ĺ

put/Output List 40 61 93A - 30

SPARE

DRY CONTACT DRY CONTACT

24 VDC 24 VDC

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SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201

SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200

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PUMP 2 RUN PUMP 2 IN AUTO

2220

HSA

PS22 PS22

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SS SS

SS_RH1_PS22_Y12220 SS_RH1_PS22_HSA2220

PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22

1469

PARE

SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200

24 VDC

NEW NEW SPARE

DRY CONTACT DRY CONTACT DRY CONTACT DRY CONTACT

24 VDC

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SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200

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SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200

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2246 2247

PS22

Æ RH1

EH.

SS SS

SS_RH1_PS22_NI2245 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2246 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2247

PUMP STATION 22

SEWER SEWER

1463

SEWER SEWER

1465 1466 1467

SEWER SEWER

1468

SEWER

SEWER

1461

SEWER

1460 1462

SEWER

1459

SEWER

1457

PUMP STATION 22

SEWER SEWER SEWER

1455

1456

SEWER SEWER SEWER SEWER

1451 1452 1453 1454 PS22

SS

SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200

IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK

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DRY CONTACT

24 VDC 24 VDC

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SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201

CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILD UP 121822 121822 121831 1-22101 1-22102 1-21831 1-22101 1-22101 1-22101 122101 122101 L22101 1-22101 DRY CONTACT X-X FT 24 VDC 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 05 03 8 69 8 03 03 03 8 03 03 03 94 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 03 90 8 04 90 03 04 8 Rack 00 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2101 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 PLC / RIO SS_RH2_PS21_ SECTION 40 61 93 ATTACHMENT A PROCESS CONTROL SYSTEM INPUT/OUTPUT SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH2_PS21_R102100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_R102100 SS_RH2_PS21_R102100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100 ō ⊡ 8 □ □ ō Ճ ō □ ō ō ō ō □ ā ō ō ō ā ឨ ō MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK SENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE) STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE S PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED FOGROD HIGH LEVEL WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM STATION INTRUSION ALARM NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM ENERATOR VAULT FLOOD XHAUST FAN LOW FLOW FOGROD LEVEL FAULT S PANEL INTRUSION ATS IN GENERATOR JPS LOW BATTERY UPS ON BATTERY PUMP 1 IN AUTO DUMP 1 RUN IPS ALARM SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE SPARE Suffix 0 2243 Loop Number 2191 2191 2190 2202 2203 2205 2205 2206 2206 2206 2207 2210 2242 2242 2242 2242 2201 2204 2211 2212 2244 Profix N X × LAH HSA LAHH LAH ≥ ₹ = × JAL K X PS22 PS21 PS22 PS21 PS21 RH2 RH2 RH2 표 RH1 Ŧ EH. Æ Æ Æ RH1 # # Æ H EH4 EH. EH. RH1 RH1 RHZ RH1 Æ RH1 Ŧ 표표 SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS SS_RH1_PS22_YA2210 SS_RH2_PS21_NI2191C SS_RH1_PS22_XA2205A SS_RH1_PS22_XA2205B SS_RH1_PS22_HSA2210 SS_RH1_PS22_LAHH2242 SS_RH1_PS22_LAH2242 SS_RH1_PS22_LAL2242 SS_RH1_PS22_YA2243 SS_RH2_PS21_LAH2190 SS_RH1_PS22_YA2200 SS_RH1_PS22_YA2201 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2202 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2203 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2204 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2206 SS_RH1_PS22_XA2206 SS_RH1_PS22_JAL2206 SS_RH1_PS22_LAH2207 SS_RH1_PS22_Y12210 SS_RH1_PS22_ZIC2211 SS_RH1_PS22_FQ12212 SS_RH1_PS22_YA2242 SS_RH1_PS22_FAL2261 SS_RH1_PS22_NI2244 SS_RH2_PS21_LI2190 SS_RH2_PS21_

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STATUS	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE															
Application Notes																																															
Wiring	F22103	F22103	F22103	H22103	F22103	F22103	F22103	F22103	F22103	H22103	F22103	H22103	F22103	F22103	L22104	F22104	F22104	L22104	F22104	L22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	F22104	H22201	F22201	L22201	F22201	F22201	F22201	F22201	H22201	1-22201	L22201	H22201	F22201	122201	F22201	1-22201	F22201	H22301	1-22301
Signal Type or		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	\Box			\neg		\top	\top	DRY CONTACT	z	+	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET		T										× × ×
Module/ Device	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	+	\top	24 VDC	24 VDC E	24 VDC E	24 VDC E	24 VDC	4-20 mA										
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Slot	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	05	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	07	07	07	07	0.0	0.7	07	07	0.7	07	0.2	0.7	07	07	80	
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	8	8 8	8 8	8	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	8	8	00	8	00	00	8	_
PLC /RIO	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS2Z_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS2Z_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS RH1 PS22 PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS2Z_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS2Z_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201	
Panel	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS RH1 PS22 CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	
IO Type	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	IQ	IQ	ī	ā	ī	ā	ā	ī	ā	ā	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	IQ	IQ	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā	ā ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	₹	
Suffix Description	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR RUN	A GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	B GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	A ATS IN NORMAL	B ATS IN GENERATOR	C ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO CLOSE (FUTURE)	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	
Loop	2221	2222	2290	2290	2290	2290	2291	2291	2291	2290					2230	2230	2231	2232	2238	2250	2250	2250		1			1	1		2210	2220	2230	2250	2250	2242		+				†	+				2210	_
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Process Code	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22					PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22								PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22	PS22		1									PS22	
Process Area ID	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1					RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1					T	T		RHI	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1		\top	1		T		1				FH.	
Division ID	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS					SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS		1			\dagger	\dagger	\dagger	SS	SS	SS	ss	SS	SS	1	\dagger		1	1	+	1	1	\dashv		SS	
IO Tag	SS_RH1_PS22_ZIC2221	SS_RH1_PS22_FQI2222	SS_RH1_PS22_Y12290	SS_RH1_PS22_YA2290A	SS_RH1_PS22_LAL2290	SS_RH1_PS22_YA2290B	SS_RH1_PS22_NI2291A	SS_RH1_PS22_NI2291B	SS_RH1_PS22_NI2291C	SS_RH1_PS22_LAH2290	-	-	-	-	SS_RH1_PS22_Y12230	SS_RH1_PS22_HSA2230	SS_RH1_PS22_ZIC2231	SS_RH1_PS22_FQI2232	SS_RH1_PS22_FQ12238	SS_RH1_PS22_HSR2250	SS_RH1_PS22_ZIO2250	SS_RH1_PS22_ZIC2250	1	I	ı	I			I	SS RH1 PSZ YCZ10	SS_RH1_PS2Z_YC2220	SS_RH1_PS22_YC2230	SS_RH1_PS22_ZC02250	SS_RH1_PS22_ZCC2250	SS_RH1_PS22_XC2242	1	-	-	1			I	1	1	I	SS_RH1_PS22_I2210	
Site	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	
Item	1471	1472	1473	1474	1475	1476	1477	1478	1479	1480	1481	1482	1483	1484	1485	1486	1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493	1494	1495	1496	1497	1498	1499	1501	1502	1503	1504	1505	1506	1507	1508	1509	1510	1511	1512	1513	1514	1515	1516	1517	

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CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILDUP VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER 1-22304 H22302 1-22304 L22304 1-23101 L23102 F22302 L22303 1-22303 1-22303 123101 123101 123101 DRY CONTACT X-X AMPS X-X GPM X-X GPM X-X PSIG X-X GPM X-X FT X-X FT Module/ Device Type 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 24 VDC 4-20 mA 24 VDC 9 03 00 01 90 0 03 60 60 0 Ξ Ξ Ξ 03 03 03 94 9 94 98 90 90 03 03 03 03 94 90 8 04 94 04 8 Rack 00 SS_RH1_PS23_PLC2301 SS_RH1_PS23_PLC2301 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS23_PLC2301 PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS22_PLC2201 SS_RH1_PS23_PLC2301 PLC / RIO SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 _PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300 IO Type Z ₹ ₹ 8 ō ō □ ō Ճ ō □ ā ⊡ □ ō ō āā ō ā ō ō Ճ ō ឨ □ PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE) PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE) GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE) PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK HGMH DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE) STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE) JUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK WETWELL FOSROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM WETWELL FOSROD LOW LEVEL ALARM WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY) IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK UMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE) STATION INTRUSION ALARM NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM XHAUST FAN LOW FLOW S PANEL INTRUSION UPS LOW BATTERY JPS ON BATTERY PUMP 1 IN AUTO PUMP 2 IN AUTO DUMP 3 AMPS PUMP 1 RUN PUMP 2 RUN SPARE SPARE PARE SPARE PARE Suffix Loop 2305 2220 2238 2232 2235 2235 2242 2290 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2361 2310 2311 2312 2310 2342 2342 2344 2345 2320 2321 2300 2306 2306 2342 2346 ISA Prefix HSA = = × LAH FAL ⋝ HSA FQ Ϋ́ X ⋝ ZIC = = ш ш ۶ × LAH PSZ3 PS22 PS22 PS22 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS22 PS22 PS22 PS22 PS22 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 PS23 至至 EH. 至至 표 RH1 Æ Œ. Ŧ EH. Æ Æ Æ RH1 EH1 표 Æ H EH4 EH. EH. 至至 RH1 EH. 돌 돌 EH. 至至 RH1 Æ RH1 Æ 至至至 SS_RH1_PS23_ZIC2321 SS_RH1_PS23_FQ12322 SS_RH1_PS23_LAHH2342 SS_RH1_PS23_YA2300 SS_RH1_PS23_XA2305A SS_RH1_PS23_XA2305B SS_RH1_PS23_HSA2310 SS_RH1_PS23_ZIC2311 SS_RH1_PS23_FQ12312 SS_RH1_PS23_LAH2342 SS_RH1_PS23_LAL2342 SS_RH1_PS23_YA2342 SS_RH1_PS23_YA2343 SS_RH1_PS23_HSA2320 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2302 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2303 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2304 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2306 SS_RH1_PS23_XA2306 SS_RH1_PS23_JAL2306 SS_RH1_PS23_LAH2307 SS_RH1_PS23_FAL2361 SS_RH1_PS23_Y12310 SS_RH1_PS23_YA2310 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2344 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2345 SS_RH1_PS23_Y12320 112220 SS_RH1_PS22_FI2222 SS_RH1_PS22_FI2238 SS_RH1_PS22_F12232 SS_RH1_PS22_LI2242 SS_RH1_PS23_YA2301 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2346 SS_RH1_PS22_P12235 SS_RH1_PS22_LI2290 SS_RH1_PS23_NI2347 SS_RH1_PS22_112230 41_PS22_) IO Tag PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 23 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 22 PUMP STATION 23 SEWER 1523 1524 1529 1530 1532 1536 1537 1543 1544 1549 1550 1557 1563 1564 1565 1525 1526 1533 1535 1538 1539 1542 1551 1552 1558 1560 1521 1527 1531 1540 1545 1546 1548 1553 1555 1559 1561 1566 1534 1541 1547 1554 1567

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00 03 08	S. RH 1989, PLC34 SS. RH 1989, PLC34 SS. RH 1989, PLC32 SS. RH 1989, P		85,781,1924,CAB300 81,871,1924,CAB300 81,871,1924,CAB300 82,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300 83,871,1924,CAB300	NATERY DI SS, PHI, PEZI, CARBORO DI STANDIO DI SS, PHI, PEZI, CARBORO DI STANDIO DI SS, PHI, PEZI, CARBORO DI STANDIO DI SS, PHI, PEZI, CARBORO DI STANDIO DI STA	UPS-LOW BATTERY DI SSI, PMI, 1992, CARBORO	2400 UPS LOW BATTERY D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2407 STATDON DRY WELL FLOCO AAAN D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2401 SPAWEE D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2401 SPAWEE D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2401 SPAWEE D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2402 SPAWEE D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2403 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2404 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2404 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 2405 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000 D1 SS_APH_PS2L_CAB2000	A4 2406 UPS LOW BATTERY D1 SS_FRH_FSQ_CARBARO	PGM JAL A00 UPB LOW BATTERY DI SS, RHI, PSQ, CAB2000 PGM STATON DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM DI SS, RHI, PSQ, CAB2000 PGM STATON DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM DI SS, RHI, PSQ, CAB2000 SPARE DI SS, RHI, PSQ, CAB2000	RH1 PE24 JAL G06 UPB LOW BATTERY D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH1 PE24 LAH 3407 STATON DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH1 PE24 FAL 3481 EXYMUNET FANLOW FLOW D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH2 STATON DRY WELL FANLOW FLOW D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH2 STATON DRY WELL FANLOW FLOW D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH2 STATON DRY WELL FANLOW FLOW D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 D1 SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000 RH3 PS24 N N N N SS, RHL PS24, CAB2000
	SS HILPSIA, PCZ401 SS HILPSIA, P	S, RHI , PS24, CAB2000 IS, RHI , PS24, CAB2000		NATO OO AARM DI PANLOW ELONO AARM DI PANLOW ELON DI DI PANLOW ELON DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI	STATION DRY WILL FLOOD ALABM DI	2007 STATON DRY WELL FLOCO ALARM DI 2061 EDMAST FANLOW FLOW DI 1 SPARE DI 1 SPARE DI 2 SPARE DI 3 SPARE DI 3 SPARE DI 2 SPARE DI	LAH	PEGA LAM GAT ATOM DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM DI PEGA FALL 2461 EXMANST FANLOW FLOW DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI	RHT PEGA LAM 307 STATOM DRY WELL ROOD ALARM DI
PS24_PLC2401 00 03 10 24 VDC	2014 7684 1148 188 2014 7684 114	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		NATO 01 02 02 03 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04	CSYMUST FAALOW FLOW DI	264 I ENAMIST FANLOW FLOW DI SPARE DI DI A110 PLIRIN DI	FAL 2441 EVANAST FANLOW FLOW DI	Pig24 FAL 2461 EXMAJST FANLON FLOW DI SPARE SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI SPARE DI	RHT PR24 FAL 2461 EXMAJSTFANICOM FLOW DI
S24_PLC2401 00 03 11 24 VDC	S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.24 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.24 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.24 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S. S. PHILPSAL, P.C.25 S	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		RIM O O O	SPARE DO	SPAME DI	SPAME DO	10 38AVdS 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	SPARE DI CONTROLLE
PS24_PLC2401 00 03 12 24 VDC	2014, w284, HM, 288 2014,	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		RUN DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI	SPARE DI	Stryke Di	SPARE DI	10 39AR68 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	SPARE 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
00 03 13	SS_RHI_PSSM_PC24 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC24 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27 SS_RHI_PSSM_PC27	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 is_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		RUN DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI PUND I RIN DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI	SPARE DI SPARE DI	SPARE DI	SPARE 01	SPARE DO
PS24_PLC2401 00 03 14 24 VDC	SS_RHI_PSM_PLC24 SS_RHI_PSM_PLC22 SS_RHI_PSM_PLC22 SS_RHI_PSM_PLC22 SS_RHI_PSM_PLC22 SS_RHI_PSM_PLC22	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400 SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		RUN DI DI NAUTO DI	SPARE DI PUMP 1 RUN DI	SPARE DI 2410 PUMP I RUN DI	SPARE DI Y1 2410 PUMPIRUN DI	SPARE DI	Severe
00 03 15	SS_RH_PSM_PLC24 SS_RH_PSM_PLC24 SS_RH_PSM_PLC22 SS_RH_PSM_PLC22 SS_RH_PSM_PLC22	S RH1 PS24 CAB2400		āā	PUMP 1 RUN DI	2410 PUMP 1 RUN DI	YI 2410 PUMP 1 RUN DI		RH1 PS24 Y1 2410 PUMP1RUN DI
00 04	\$\$_RHI_P\$34_RC24 \$\$_RHI_P\$34_RC24 \$\$_RHI_P\$34_RC22	S RH1 PS24 CARMON		ī				PS24 YI 2410 PUMP 1 RUN DI	The state of the s
00 04 01	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC24 SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2- SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2-	004970044004100400400		5	PUMP 1 IN AUTO DI	2410 PUMP 1 IN AUTO DI	HSA 2410 PUMP 1 IN AUTO DI	PS24 HSA 2410 PUMP1INAUTO DI	RH1 PS24 HSA 2410 PUMP1INAUTO DI
00 04 02	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC24 SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2:	3S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		ō	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	2411 PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	ZIC 2411 PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	PS24 ZIC 2411 PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	RH1 PS24 ZIC 2411 PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI
00 04 03	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC24	3S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	2412 PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	FQI 2412 PUMP1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	2412 PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	PS24 F.QI 2412 PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)
00 04 04		SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ
00 04 05	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	3S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL DI	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI	LAHH 2442 WEYVELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	PS24 LAHH 2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	RH1 PS24 LAHH 2442 WEWELLFOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM
324_PLC2401 00 04 06 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	S.RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	IG 7	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	LAH 2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	PS24 LAH 2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM	LAH 2442 WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL DI ALARM
PS24_PLC2401 00 04 07 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI ALARAM	2442 WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI ALARW	LAL 2442 WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI ALARM	PS24 LAL 2442 WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI	LAL 2442 WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL DI ALARM
PS24_PLC2401 00 04 08 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		FOGROD LEVEL FAULT DI	2442 FOGROD LEVEL FAULT DI	YA 2442 FOGROD LEVEL FAULT DI	PS24 YA 2442 FOGROD LEVEL FAULT DI	YA 2442 FOGROD LEVEL FAULT DI
PS24_PLC2401 00 04 09 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	TRUSION DI	IS PANEL INTRUSION DI	2443 IS PANEL INTRUSION DI	YA 2443 IS PANEL INTRUSION DI	PS24 YA 2443 IS PANEL INTRUSION DI	YA 2443 IS PANEL INTRUSION DI
PS24_PLC2401 00 04 10 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DI DEVICE OK	2444 IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DI DEVICE OK	NI 2444 ISPANEL SURGE PROTECTION DI DEVICE OK	PS24 IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DI	NI 2444 ISPANEL SURGE PROTECTION DI DEVICE OK
PS24_PLC2401 00 04 11 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE DI	2445 IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE DI	NI 2445 IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE DI	PS24 NI 2445 IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE DI	NI 2445 IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE DI
524_PLC2401 00 04 12 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	Q Yo	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK DI	2446 IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK DI	NI 2446 IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK DI	PS24 NI 2446 IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY OK DI	NI 2446 IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK DI
S24_PLC2401 00 04 13 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY DI REDIMDANCY MODILLE OK	2447 IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY DI REDIMDANCY MODILLE OK	NI 2447 IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY DI REDIMDANCY MODULE OK	2447 IS PANEL 24/ POWER SUPPLY DI REDIMDANCY MODILLE OK	PS24 NI 2447 IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY DI REDUNDAMOY MODULE OK
-824_PLC2401 00 04 14 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	:S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	ō	Id	Id	Id	Id	Id
00	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	:S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	+	ī	ī	ī	ī	ī
PS24_PLC2401 00 05 00 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	IS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		PUMP 2 RUN DI	2420 PUMP 2 RUN DI	YI 2420 PUMP 2 RUN DI	2420 PUMP 2 RUN DI	PS24 YI 2420 PUMP 2 RUN DI
9524_PLC2401 00 05 01 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		PUMP 2 IN AUTO DI	2420 PUMP 2 IN AUTO DI	HSA 2420 PUMP 2 IN AUTO DI	PS24 HSA 2420 PUMP 2 IN AUTO DI	HSA 2420 PUMP 2 IN AUTO DI
S24_PLC2401 00 05 02 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	ECK VALVE CLOSED DI	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	2421 PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	ZIC 2421 PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	PS24 ZIC 2421 PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI	ZIC 2421 PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED DI
PS24_PLC2401 00 05 03 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	2422 PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	F.QI 2422 PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	2422 PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)	PS24 F.GI 2422 PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE DI (FUTURE)
9S24_PLC2401 00 05 04 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		īQ	īQ	īQ	īQ	īQ
S24_PLC2401 00 05 05 24 VDC	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	1S_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	DI SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400		IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FITTIBE																														
Application Notes																																													VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER				
Wiring	F24103	F24104	124104	L24104	1-24104	F24104	F24104	F24104	L24104	F24104	L24104	L24104	F24104	L24104	L24104	F24104	F24104	F24201	F24201	F24201	F24201	124201	L24201	1-24201	1-24201	F24201	1-24201	1-2-4201	F24201	F24201	F24201	F24201	1-24201	F24301	-24301	1-24301 VIA S	124301	F24302	124302	1.24302									
Signal Type or Calibration Range D		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1-	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT H	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT H	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RESET		_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT	1		X-X GPM					
Module/ Device Type	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC E	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA																									
Channel	8	.00	8	8	10	Ξ	12	13	4	15	8	б	70	03	04	90	90	07	80	60	10	±	12	13	14	15	00	01	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	60	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	0.5	03	00	10	
Slot	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	40	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	0.0	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	60	60	
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	
PLC / RIO	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	
Panel	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	
IO Type	ō	ō	ā	ō	ī	ō	ā	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ō	ī	ō	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	ō	ō	ā	IQ	ō	IQ	ā	00	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	₹	8	N	8	8	
Description	SPARE	PUMP 3 RUN	PUMP 3 IN AUTO	PUMP 3 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	HGMH FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 3 CALL TO RUN	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)										
Loop Number Suffix											2430	2430	2431	2432	2438												2410	2420	2430	2442			_			4		_				_	2410	2412	2441		2420	2422	
Prefix Num											- X	HSA 24	ZIC 24	FQI 24	FQI 24												YC 24	YC 24	YC 24	XC 24													= 28	FI 24	LI 24		- 24	FI 24	
Process Code											PS24	PS24	PS24	PS24	PS24												PS24	PS24	PS24	PS24													PS24	PS24	PS24		PS24	PS24	
Process Area ID											RH1	FH.	RH1	RH1	RH1												RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1						+		+					RH1	RH1	RH1		RH1	RH1	l
Division ID A											SS	SS	SS	SS	SS												SS	SS	SS	SS													SS	SS	SS			SS	
IO Tag Dh	1	1		1	I	1	I	1		1	SS_RH1_PS24_Y12430	SS_RH1_PS24_HSA2430	SS_RH1_PS24_ZIC2431	SS_RH1_PS24_FQ12432	SS_RH1_PS24_FQI2438	1	1	-	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	SS_RH1_PS24_YC2410	SS_RH1_PS24_YC2420	SS_RH1_PS24_YC2430	SS_RH1_PS24_XC2442				-	-	-	-	-	-		I		SS_RH1_PS24_12410	SS_RH1_PS24_FI2412	SS_RH1_PS24_Ll2441		SS_RH1_PS24_112420	SS_RH1_PS24_F12422	
Site	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24													
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER		SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER													
Item	1667	1668	1669	1670	1671	1672	1673	1674	1675	1676	1677	1678	1679	1680	1681	1682	1683	1684	1685	1696	1687	1688	1689	1690	1691	1692	1693	1694	1695	1696	1697	1698	1699	1700	1701	1702	1703	1704	1705	1706	1707	1708	1709	1710	1744	1712	1713	1714	

STATUS	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW														
Application Notes						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER																																											
Wiring	F24302	F24303	1.24303	F24303	L24303	H24304 VIA FODG	F24304	F24304	1.24304	F24821	124821	124821	F24821	124821	124821	F24821	124821	124821	124821	F24821	F24821	124821	L24821	F24821	124821	L24822	F24822	F24822	F24822	F24822	F24822	F24822	L24822	124822	F24822	F24822	F24822	F24822	1.24822	124822	F24822	F24831	124831	L24831	L24831	H25101	H25101	F25101	L25101
Signal Type or Wi		X-X AMPS F2	X-X GPM 1-2	X-X PSIG 1-2-	1.5	X-X FT 1-2	15	1.5	15	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	DRY CONTACT 1-2.	XXFT 12	15	15	15	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2	DRY CONTACT 1-2:	DRY CONTACT 1-2								
Module/ Device Signa Type Calibra		4-20 mA X-3	×	×		4-20 mA x				24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY	24 VDC DRY
Channel Module	80	00 4-2	10	02	03	00 4-2	10	05	03	00 24	01 24	02 24	03 24	04 24	05 24	06 24	07 24	08 24	09 24	10 24	11 24	12 24	13 24	14 24	15 24	00 24	01 24	02 24	03 24	04 24	05 24	06 24	07 24	08 24	09 24	10 24	11 24	12 24	13 24	14 24	15 24	00 4-2	01 4-2	02 4-2	03 4-2	00 24	01 24	02 24	03 24
Slot	60	10	10	10	10	=	=	11	11	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	02	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	40	04	90	03	03	03	03
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC / RIO	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_PLC2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RlO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_Rl02401	SS_RH1_PS24_RiO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS24_Rl02401	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2401	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501
Panel	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_R102400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RI02400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_R102400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500
IO Type	₹	8	₹	R	×	8	₹	¥	8	IQ	ī	ā	IQ	ā	ā	ī	ā	ā	ī	ā	ī	ā	ō	IQ	ā	ā	IQ	П	DI	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	IQ	ō	IQ	ō	ā	IQ	¥	8	¥	¥	ā	ī	ī	ū
Description	SPARE	PUMP 3 AMPS	PUMP 3 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	RIO PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	RIO PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	RIO PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	RIO PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 3 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	SPARE	GENERATOR RUN	GENERATOR FAIL	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM	GEN ERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING	ATS IN NORMAL	ATS IN GENERATOR	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	STATION INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL INTRUSION ALARM	PLC PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	PLC PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE							
Suffix																											A		В	٧	В	С																	
ISA Loop Prefix Number		11 2430	FI 2432	PI 2435		LI 2442				YA 2492	NI 2493	NI 2494	NI 2495	XA 2496	NI 2497	XA 2497	JAL 2497									YI 2490	YA 2490	LAL 2490	YA 2490	NI 2491	NI 2491	NI 2491	LAH 2490									LI 2490				YA 2500	YA 2501	NI 2502	NI 2503
Process Code Pro		PS24	PS24 F	PS24 F		PS24 L				PS24 Y	PS24	PS24	PS24	PS24 ×	PS24	PS24 X	PS24									PS24	PS24 Y	PS24	PS24 Y	PS24	PS24 N	PS24	PS24									PS24				PS25 Y	PS25 Y	PS25 N	PS25 N
Process Pro		RH1	RH1	RH1		RH1				RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1									RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1									RHI				RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1
Division ID Ar		SS	SS	SS		SS				ss	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss	SS									SS	SS	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS									SS				SS	ss	SS	SS
IO Tag Divi		SS_RH1_PS24_II2430	SS_RH1_PS24_FI2432	SS_RH1_PS24_PI2435		SS_RH1_PS24_Ll2442	1		1	SS_RH1_PS24_YA2492	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2493	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2494	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2495	SS_RH1_PS24_XA2496	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2497	SS_RH1_PS24_XA2497	SS_RH1_PS24_JAL2497	1	1		1	1	I	1		SS_RH1_PS24_Y12490	SS_RH1_PS24_YA2490A	SS_RH1_PS24_LAL2490	SS_RH1_PS24_YA2490B	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2491A	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2491B	SS_RH1_PS24_NI2491C	SS_RH1_PS24_LAH2490	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	SS_RH1_PS24_LI2490	1	ı		SS_RH1_PS25_YA2500	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2501	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2502	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2603
Site	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	1716	1717	1718	1719	1720	1721	1722	1723	1724	1725	1726	17.27	1728	1729	1730	1731	1732	1733	1734	1735	1736	1737	1738	1739	1740	1741	1742	1743	1744	1745	1746	1747	1748	1749	1750	1751	17.62	1753	1754	1755	1756	1757	1758	1759	1760	1761	1762	1763	1764

STATUS	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	EXISTING	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	EXISTING	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	NEW	SPARE	SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	FUTURE	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE
Application Notes																					CABLE SHORT CIRCUIT/GREASE BUILD UP																												
Wiring	1-25101	F25101	125101	L25101	F25101	L25101	F25101	L25101	L25101	1-25101	1.25101	F25101	F25102	1.25102	125102	L25102	L25102	1-25102	1-25102	L25102	H25102 CABLE	F25102	L25102	F25102	F25102	L25102	L25102	L25102	F25103	F25103	F25103	L25103	L25103	F25103	F25103	L25103	L25103	L25103	1.25103	F25103	F25103	F25103	L25103	L25103	1.25104	L25104	F25104	1-25104	L25104
Signal Type or Calibration Range D		DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	П	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1	DRY CONTACT 1
Module/ Device Type	0	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC
Channel Mo	90	90	90	.00	80	60	10	1	12	13	14	15	8	10	20	03	904	90	90	20	80	60	10	11	12	13	14	15	00	0.1	02	03	04	90	90	20	80	80	10	Ε	12	13	41	15	00	10	02	03	04
Slot	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	03	04	04	90	04	90	98	04	90	90	04	04	04	04	04	04	04	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Rack	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
PLC /RIO	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501
Panel	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500
IO Type	ō	ō	īg	IQ	ō	IQ	IQ	ī	ō	ā	ī	ō	ī	ā	ō	ō	ā	ō	ō	ō	ā	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	īQ	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	ī	IQ	IQ	ō	ā	ā	ō	ō	ō	ō	ī	ā	ō	IQ	ā	ō
Description	PLC PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	NETWORK SWITCH 1 ALARM	NETWORK SWITCH 2 ALARM	UPS ON BATTERY	UPS ALARM	UPS LOW BATTERY	STATION DRY WELL FLOOD ALARM	EXHAUST FAN LOW FLOW	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 RUN	PUMP 1 IN AUTO	PUMP 1 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	MOTOR CONTROL PANEL PHASE FAIL	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD HIGH LEVEL ALARM	WETWELL FOGROD LOW LEVEL ALARM	FOGROD LEVEL FAULT	IS PANEL INTRUSION	IS PANEL SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE OK	IS PANEL 120V POWER AVAILABLE	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY OK	IS PANEL 24V POWER SUPPLY REDUNDANCY MODULE OK	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 2 RUN	PUMP 2 IN AUTO	PUMP 2 CHECK VALVE CLOSED	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW PULSE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR RUN (FUTURE)	GENERATOR FAIL (FUTURE)	GENERATOR LOW FUEL ALARM (FUTURE)	GENERATOR PRE-ALARM WARNING (FUTURE)	ATS IN NORMAL (FUTURE)	ATS IN GENERATOR (FUTURE)	ATS UTILITY POWER AVAILABLE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR VAULT FLOOD (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	FLUSH VALVE IN REMOTE (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSH VALVE CLOSED (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE
p Suffix	4	4	B 2	10	10	10	7	_					0		_	2		~	2	2	2		4	10	10				c	0	_	2	0	Α .	0	9 C	4	9	0								0		
ISA Loop Prefix Number		XA 2505	XA 2505	NI 2506	XA 2506	JAL 2506	LAH 2507	FAL 2561					YI 2510	HSA 2510	ZIC 2511	FQI 2512	YA 2510	LAHH 2542	LAH 2542	LAL 2542	YA 2542	YA 2543	NI 2544	NI 2545	NI 2546	NI 2547			YI 2520	HSA 2520	ZIC 2521	FQI 2522	YI 2590	YA 2590	LAL 2590	YA 2590	NI 2591	NI 2591	NI 2591	LAH 2590					HSR 2550	ZIO 2550	ZIC 2550		
Process Code Pr	PS25	PS25	PS25 x	PS25 h	PS25 X	PS25	PS25 Lv	PS25 F.					PS25	PS25 H	PS25 Z	PS25 F	PS25 Y	PS25 LA	PS25 LV	PS25	PS25 Y	PS25 Y	PS25	PS25	PS25	PS25			PS25	PS25 H	PS25 Z	PS25 F	PS25	PS25	PS25	PS25 Y	PS25	PS25 h	PS25	PS25					PS25 H	PS25 Z	PS25 Z		
Process Area ID	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1					RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1			RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1	RH1					RH1	RH1	RH1		_
Division ID A	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	ss				\vdash	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS			SS	SS	ss	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	SS	H				SS	SS	SS	_	_
IO Tag Divi	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2504	SS_RH1_PS25_XA2505A	SS_RH1_PS25_XA2505B	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2506	SS_RH1_PS25_XA2506	SS_RH1_PS25_JAL2506	SS_RH1_PS25_LAH2507	SS_RH1_PS25_FAL2561	1	ı			SS_RH1_PS25_Y12510	SS_RH1_PS25_HSA2510	SS_RH1_PS25_ZIC2511	SS_RH1_PS25_FQI2512	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2510	SS_RH1_PS25_LAHH2542	SS_RH1_PS25_LAH2542	SS_RH1_PS25_LAL2542	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2542	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2543	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2544	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2545	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2546	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2547	1		SS_RH1_PS25_Y12520	SS_RH1_PS25_HSA2520	SS_RH1_PS25_ZIC2521	SS_RH1_PS25_FQI2522	SS_RH1_PS25_Y12590	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2590A	SS_RH1_PS25_LAL2590	SS_RH1_PS25_YA2590B	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2591A	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2591B	SS_RH1_PS25_NI2591C	SS_RH1_PS25_LAH2590	1			1	SS_RH1_PS25_HSR2550	SS_RH1_PS25_ZI02550	SS_RH1_PS25_ZIC2550	I	1
Site	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25
Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
Item	1765	1766	1767	1768	1769	1770	1771	1772	1773	1774	1775	1776	1771	1778	1779	1780	1781	1782	1783	1784	1785	1786	1787	1788	1789	1790	1791	1792	1793	1794	1795	1796	1797	1798	1799	1800	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	1806	1807	1808	1809	1810	1811	1812	1813

STATIS		SPARE	EXISTING	EXISTING	FUTURE	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	NEW	SPARE	EXISTING	FUTURE	SPARE	SPARE	NEW	FUTURE	FUTURE	SPARE																				
Annii ration Motae	eavas i comouddo																														VIA SUBMERSIBLE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER						VIA FODGOD LEVEL TRANSMITTER			
Wiring	Diagram	L25104	1-25104	1-25104	L25104	1-25104	125201	125201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	1-25201	125201	L25201	1-25301	1-25301	L25301 V	1-25301	1-25302	1-25302	1-25302	1-25302	1-25303 V	1-25303	1-25303	1-25303						
Signal Type or	Calibration Range	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	DRY CONTACT	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO RUN	ENERGIZE TO OPEN	ENERGIZE TO CLOSE	ENERGIZE TO RESET												X-X AMPS	X-X GPM	0-10 FT		X-X AMPS	WHD X-X			H XX	X-X PSIG	х×н	
Module/ Device		24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	24 VDC	4-20 mA		4-20 mA		4-20 mA				4-20 mA	4-20 mA	4-20 mA														
Channal		90	90	40	8	8	01	Ξ	12	13	14	15	8	10	02	03	04	90	90	07	88	8	10	Ξ	12	13	14	15	00	10	02	03	00	10	02	03	00	10	02	03
to	5	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	07	80	80	80	80	60	60	60	60	10	10	10	10
a de Ca	Name of the last	00	00	00	00	00	8	8	00	8	00	8	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	8	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
Clarola		SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS26_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS26_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501	SS_RH1_PS25_PLC2501
Danel		SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500
D Tyme	2016	DI	IQ	ā	ā	ā	ā	IQ	ā	ā	IQ	ā	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	00	8	R	¥	M	R	₹	R	₹	₹	×	8	¥	₹
Description		SPARE	PUMP 1 CALL TO RUN	PUMP 2 CALL TO RUN	FLUSH VALVE CALL TO OPEN (FUTURE)	FLUSHVALVE CALL TO CLOSE (FUTURE)	HARDWIRED FOGROD CONTROL REMOTE RESET	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	SPARE	PUMP 1 AMPS	PUMP 1 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	WETWELL LEVEL (PRIMARY)	SPARE	PUMP 2 AMPS	PUMP 2 DISCHARGE FLOW (FUTURE)	SPARE	SPARE	WETWELL LEVEL (SECONDARY)	PUMP COMMON DISCHARGE PRESSURE (FUTURE)	GENERATOR FUEL LEVEL (FUTURE)	SPARE										
Approx do	-												2510	2520	2550	2550	2542												2510	2512	41		2520	2522			2542	2636	2590	\vdash
ISA Loop													YC 25	YC 25	ZC0 25	ZCC 25	XC 25												= 25	FI 25	LI 2541		1 25	FI 25			LI 25	PI 25	LI 25	
Droces Code	+												PS25	PS25	PS25	PS25	PS25												PS25	PS25	PS25		PS25	PS25			PS25	PS25	PS25	
Process													FH.	RH1	RH1	Æ	RH1												RH1	RH1	RH1		RH1	RH1			RH1	RH1	RH1	
Phyleion ID													SS	SS	SS	SS	SS												SS	SS	SS		SS	SS			SS	SS	SS	
OTax	D .		_	I	ı			1			I		SS_RH1_PS25_YC2510	SS_RH1_PS25_YC2520	SS_RH1_PS25_ZC02550	SS_RH1_PS25_ZCC2550	SS_RH1_PS25_XC2542	-	I	I	_	I							SS_RH1_PS25_12510	SS_RH1_PS25_F12512	SS_RH1_PS25_LI2541	-	SS_RH1_PS25_112520	SS_RH1_PS25_F12522	-	I	SS_RH1_PS25_LI2542	SS_RH1_PS25_PI2635	SS_RH1_PS25_LI2590	1
0.50		PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25													
A11141	Commo.	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER													
Ham		1814	1815	1816	1817	1818	1819	1820	1821	1822	1823	1824	1825	1826	1827	1828	1829	1830	1831	1832	1833	1834	1835	1836	1837	1838	1839	1840	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848	1849	1850	1851	1852

SECTION 40 61 96

PROCESS CONTROL DESCRIPTIONS

PART 1-GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

A. This Section provides the integrated automation control descriptions for the Sewer SCADA Systems Replacement project, including common function requirements and specific equipment operational function requirements.

1.02 SCOPE

A. The Owner's Programmer will provide all programmable logic controller (PLC) and process control system (PCS) based software modifications to incorporate the controls indicated within this Section. This Section is provided as Information Only for the Contractor for coordination with process control system testing specified in Section 40 61 21.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 PROCESS CONTROL DESCRIPTION DOCUMENTATION

A. Refer to Section 40 61 96 Attachment A for the process control descriptions.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

A. The process control descriptions are for reference in the modification of the process controller and SCADA software programs in support of the new control system installed under this project.

3.02 TESTING

A. Refer to Section 40 61 21.

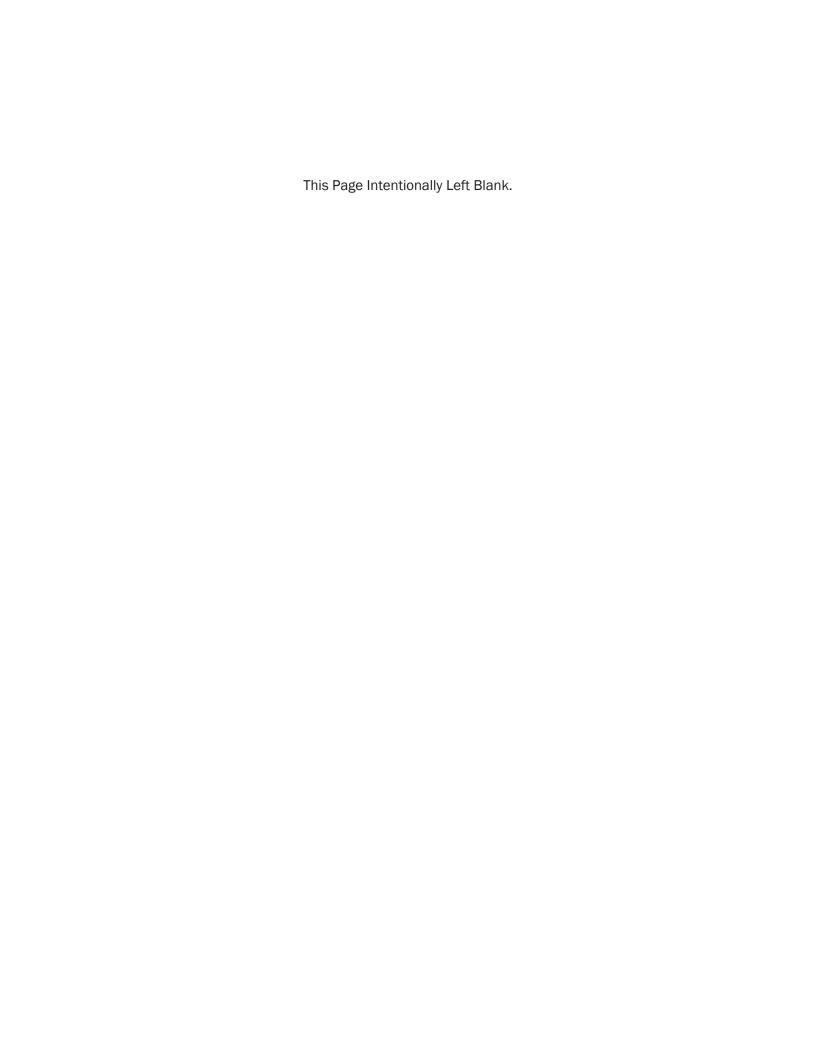
3.03 ATTACHMENTS

A. 40 61 96 Attachment A: Sewer Site Control Strategies.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 61 96_ PROCESS CONTROL DESCRIPTIONS ATTACHMENT A SEWER SITE CONTROL STRATEGIES



Sewer Site Control Strategies

Prepared for City of Mercer Island, Washington September 2022



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Revision History

Revision History						
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List of Abbreviations

ATS automatic transfer switch

BC Brown and Caldwell
City City of Mercer Island

DNP3 Distributed Network Protocol 3

gpm gallons per minute

HGMH hydraulic grade manhole
HIM human interface module
HMI human machine interface

HOA hand-off-auto
I/O input/output
IS intrinsically safe

ISA International Society of Automation KCDNR King County Department of Natural

Resources

MCC motor control center

NEC National Electrical Code

O&M operation and maintenance

OHCA open-hold-close-auto

OIT operator interface terminal
PID proportional-integral-derivative
PLC programmable logic controller

PM power monitor

PRV pressure-reducing valve / pressure relief

valve

PS pump station PZ pressure zone

SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition

SI system integrator
SPU Seattle Public Utilities
THD total harmonic distortion
UPS uninterruptible power supply

VFD variable frequency drive
VAC/Vac volts alternating current
VDC/Vdc volts direct current
WQA water quality analyzer





Development and Approach

The control strategies describe the requirements for supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) operation with the programmable logic controller (PLC) and graphical user displays to be implemented by the Owner's Programmer. The control strategies describe control operation for the City's sewer system, including common function requirements and specific equipment operational requirements. The control strategies described in this document will be incorporated into the PLC and process control system SCADA software. The control strategies are based on BC's understanding of the City's objectives for control and monitoring, as well as recommendations for improvement based on industry best practices.

All control functions are programmed in the PLCs, and the SCADA system performs supervisory functions through the human machine interface (HMI) screens. The SCADA and Smart Utility Standards¹ document provides details on the PLC and SCADA programming standards and implementation. As a result, the control strategies describe how the system is to operate, and do not necessarily describe every software component required to make the system function.

1.1 Background

These control strategies are part of the City's SCADA Equipment Replacement project (Project). The Project will replace the City's legacy sewer telemetry system with a new unified, secure control system to meet operational needs. The City has standardized on the Siemens WinCC OA platform for SCADA application programming and on the Siemens ET200SP hardware platform. The project will address near-term risk from aging automation infrastructure and obsolete technology. The project's objectives are to implement a consistent, standards-based, fully integrated sewer SCADA system with improved reliability and ease of operations.

1.2 Format

The control strategy format is divided into four main sections:

System Overview. This section provides an overview of the City's sewer system, including site types and their functions.

Common Functions. This section describes common functions that apply to all sites. These common functions are described in this upfront section and allow for standardization between sites and to limit repetition within individual site control strategies.

Sewer Sites Control Strategies. This section includes the control strategies for seventeen sewer sites. Pump Station 11 is being upgraded as part of the King County North Mercer Island/Entai sewer upgrade project and is not included as part of this system replacement. As such, the control strategy for Pump Station 11 is not included in this document at this time.

¹ SCADA and Smart Utility Standards, City of Mercer Island, 2020 (draft).





System Overview

An overview of the City's sewer system is provided below.

2.1 Sewer System

The City's sewer collection system is composed of a lakeline pipe which surrounds the island and 18 pump station sites (17 pump stations and 1 flush station). The stations are grouped into five different hydraulic segments called reaches and pump to either the King County Department of Natural Resources (KCDNR) South Mercer Pump Station or North Mercer Pump Station (see table below).

The SCADA system provides remote control and monitoring to the 18 pump stations. The majority of the pump stations have a dry well, which houses the pumps and associated electrical equipment; and a wetwell, which receives flow from the upstream pump station and local area sewer lines. There are two sites that contain submersible pumps in the wetwell, with electrical equipment located at grade level.

Each station consists of two or three pumps. The pumps operate using lead/lag control to pump sewage from the wetwell to the lakeline pipe. For the flushing station, a single pump operates on a SCADA programmed timer to push lake water through the pipeline and move sewage to the next pump station.

Table 2-1. Sewer Pump Stations by Reach		
Reach	Pump Station	
	Pump Station 25**	
Decel 4 (Feet Chatiens)	Pump Station 24	
Reach 1 (East Stations)	Pump Station 23	
	Pump Station 22**	
	Pump Station 14	
	Pump Station 15*	
	Pump Station 16*	
D 10/0 II 10/ II)	Pump Station 17	
Reach 2 (Southwest Stations)	Pump Station 18	
	Pump Station 19**	
	Pump Station 20	
	Pump Station 21	
	Pump Station 13**	
Reach 3 (Northwest Stations)	Pump Station 4	
Reach 4 (North Stations)	Pump Station 1**	



Table 2-1. Sewer Pump Stations by Reach		
Reach	Pump Station	
	Pump Station 10	
Reach 5 (Northeast Stations)	Pump Station 11	
	Flush Station 12*	

^{*}Station has flushing capabilities.



^{**}Station will have flushing capabilities in the future.

Common Functions

This section describes common function requirements for the application programming of the City's sewer collection systems. These common functions are described in this upfront section and allow for standardization between sites. The common functions apply to individual sites, as applicable. Refer to the control strategy for a particular site.

In addition, an input/output (I/O) list details the hardwired points that interface with the control system. The list includes set points and ranges for status monitoring, control, and alarm parameters. The I/O list is being developed for the Contract documents as part of Task 701: Preliminary Design Development for the sewer collection system.

3.1 Common Analog I/O Functions

The following subsections describe common analog I/O functions, which can be hardwired to the PLC or data communicated over a network bus.

3.1.1 I/O Conditioning

- A. Where necessary, digital filtering is used to smooth out noise that is part of an analog signal used for process control.
- B. Engineering units are computed based on the 0 to 100 percent range assigned for each analog input.

3.1.2 I/O Alarming

- A. Signal Out-of-Range Alarm
 - a. A signal out-of-range alarm is detected by the PLC and alarmed at the human-machine interface (HMI). The PLC will automatically reset the active alarm when the analog input returns to within a valid signal range of -5 to +105 percent.
- B. High-High, High, Low-Low and Low Alarms
 - a. The instrument alarms require an adjustable deadband for reset (default is 2 percent) and operator adjustable delay timer (default is 3 seconds) to prevent nuisance alarms.
 - b. Analog points are programmed to have their low-low limit and low limit set to the low engineering units range (manually set to a value of 0 and 5 percent of the engineering units range), and their high and high-high limits set to the high engineering units range (manually set to a value of 95 and 100 percent of the engineering units range), unless specified otherwise in the control strategy for a particular site.
 - c. Analog alarms have an option for latching the alarm state until reset by the operator.
 - d. Refer to Section 3.9.1 for alarm priorities.



3.1.3 Output Value Hold

- A. The operator can select to hold the output of the analog input processing to allow for maintenance or calibration of the instrument. When the hold is released processing returns to normal with the output updating every scan cycle.
- B. Output in Hold Alarm
 - a. If an output value is still in hold after an adjustable period of time, generate an alarm. This alarm is intended to alert operations if an output value is left in hold for an extended period of time.

3.1.4 Rate Variable Totalization

A. Selected "rate" variables (flows, volumes, power, etc.) are totalized in the PLC on a continuous basis. Totalizers can be reset through the HMI. Totalizers include an ongoing total and daily total values for the last week.

3.1.5 Calculated Analog Values

- A. Calculated analog values are values that are computed by PLCs or HMI programming, such as flow rates calculated as the sum or difference of other flows, loading rates, and volumes based on level.
- B. Values calculated by PLCs have the same features as "real" analog inputs with respect to alarming, totalizing, trending, and historical data.

3.2 Common Discrete I/O Functions

The following subsections describe common discrete I/O functions, which can be hardwired to the PLC or data communicated over a network bus.

3.2.1 Discrete Input with Alarm

- A. Processing for discrete inputs includes a normal/reverse acting option to adjust for normally open/closed or normally energized/de-energized inputs.
- B. Alarm Configuration
 - a. Discrete inputs can optionally include an alarm. Alarm state can be configured for normally open or normally closed
 - b. Refer to Section 3.9.1 for alarm priorities.
 - c. Discrete alarms include an option to alarm on open or closed state.
 - d. Discrete alarms have an option for latching the alarm state until reset by the operator.

C. Nuisance Tripping

a. To prevent nuisance tripping by "noisy" signals, an operator adjustable time period must elapse before the alarm condition is activated in the HMI as an alarm. The default value for the pre-set alarm delay is 3 seconds but should be confirmed by the Owner's Programmer based on the requirements of the application. This alarm delay is programmed in the PLC.

Pre-set delay times should only be used where a signal is known to cause nuisance tripping.



D. Alarm Flooding

- a. To prevent alarm flooding, or excess alarms, which typically result during equipment failures, start-ups, and shutdowns, excess alarms will be suppressed (inhibited). For example, a "loss of power" alarm may trigger unnecessary or redundant alarms, such as pump "fail to run."
- b. The effort to minimize alarm flooding will be started as a baseline during software development, updated during testing, and finalized during commissioning.

3.2.2 Equipment Run Times

- A. Equipment run times are computed for all equipment in the PLC, displayed on the HMI, and logged to the data historian. Run-time totals can be reset by the operator from an HMI display, when applicable. Run times for constant speed and variable speed motors are displayed on the popup windows for the motors.
- B. For VFDs, run times displayed at local HIM can be reset at the equipment HIM.

3.2.3 Equipment Starts

A. The number of equipment starts are computed for all equipment in the PLC, displayed on the HMI, and logged to the data historian. Equipment start-counts can be reset by the operator from an HMI display, when applicable.

3.2.4 Flow Pulse Totalization

A. For flow meters with separate flow pulse inputs, flow is totalized in the PLC on a continuous basis. Each pulse signal is associated with a specific volume of flow. Totalizers can be reset through the HMI. Totalizers include an ongoing total and daily total values for the last week.

3.3 Common Control Functions – General

The following subsections describe common control functions for general equipment.

3.3.1 Bumpless Transfer from SCADA Manual to/from SCADA Auto

- A. When equipment is in SCADA Manual mode (i.e., operator is controlling via SCADA) or SCADA Auto mode, the PLC and HMI track the equipment's status (on, off, opened, closed, speed, position, etc.) and adjust the PLC outputs to match the status. The purpose is to prevent any change in the equipment's status when it is switched from SCADA Manual to SCADA Auto or vice versa.
- B. Where backup closed loop control is implemented (vendor-supplied package systems) and the control is in the local control mode, the PLC tracks the local control output and adjusts the PLC output to match to prevent introduction of any unnecessary bump in the process when it is switched back to Remote from Local.

3.3.2 Equipment Speed

A. Speed control and feedback signals are configured as a percentage value based on the equipment's allowable operating range (AOR) upper threshold. The AOR upper threshold is determined by the more restrictive of the VFD, motor, and driven-equipment manufacturer operating limits.



3.4 Proportional Integral Derivative (PID) Control

A Proportional–Integral–Derivative controller (PID controller) is a generic control loop feedback controller.

- A. A PID controller attempts to correct the error between a measured process variable and a desired set point by calculating and then outputting a corrective action that can adjust the process accordingly and rapidly, to keep the error within the control deadband.
- B. PID control (or any combination of these PID, PI, I, D, etc.) is only implemented within PLC application programming. The HMI provides faceplate displays and access to PID parameters, but not actual control algorithms.
- C. PID control includes the option for one PID controller to receive its setpoint from another controller in Cascade control mode. For example, the reservoir level controller may set the flow setpoint to the reservoir incoming flow control. This allows the operator the option to operate with either local flow control or cascade control.

3.5 Common Valve Control Functions

The following subsections describe common valve control functions for automated flow control valves and isolation valves.

3.5.1 Valve Control Interfaces – Flow Control Valve (with solenoid operators)

The water distribution system uses Cla-Val[™] type control valves to regulate water supply and system pressure. The Cla-Val[™] consists of a diaphragm valve with dome cover and pilot control system. A set of solenoid valve operators — an open solenoid, a close solenoid, and sometimes an enable solenoid — allow valve control from the local PLC and SCADA.

The position of the FCV is adjusted to maintain a flow set point using the solenoid valves. The close solenoid allows upstream flow into the valve dome to move it in the closed direction. The open solenoid allows flow to leave the valve dome to move it in the open direction. The enable solenoid, if present, needs to be energized to allow valve control by the open and close solenoids. If the enable solenoid is de-energized (either by operator selection or power loss), the valve operates hydraulically based on the local pilot settings on the valve.

Flow control valves are supplied with control capability from multiple locations. Normally, the flow control valves are controlled from SCADA, but they can also be controlled from OPEN/HOLD/CLOSE/AUTO (OHCA) selector switches located in the field.

- A. When the OHCA is in the OPEN position, the valve modulates in the open direction. When the OHCA is in the HOLD position, the valve holds its current position. When the OHCA is in the CLOSE position, the valve modulates in the closed direction. When in the AUTO position, the valve is modulated via SCADA, based on parameters programmed in the control sequence or manually as directed by the operator from the HMI. In all cases, the enable solenoid must be energized to allow valve control via the open or close solenoids.
 - Hardwired interlocks override all controls regardless of control location (local or SCADA). These interlocks are typically for personnel safety and equipment protection.
 - Software interlocks override all SCADA Auto or SCADA Manual control but are ignored when valves are controlled locally (OHCA in OPEN/HOLD/CLOSE positions) or a hardwire interlock is active.



- c. If the valve has an enable solenoid, in the event of power loss, the valve operates hydraulically based on the local pilot settings on the valve.
- d. If the valve does not have an enable solenoid, in the event of power loss, the valve holds its last position.
- e. When the OHCA is in the OPEN or CLOSE position, the PLC tracks the status of the OPEN or CLOSE position selection in order to track the valve position.

3.5.2 Valve Status, Output, Alarms – Flow Control Valve (with solenoid operators)

- A. The following hardwired status and output parameters are continuously monitored for each flow control valve:
 - a. Valve in auto status
 - b. Valve open command
 - c. Valve close command
 - d. Valve enable command, if applicable
 - e. Valve closed feedback
- B. Flow control valves include various alarm options. Each alarm has the same options as the discrete input alarms, optional latching configuration, time delay, normally open/closed option, and alarm priority level of 4-1, as described in Section 3.9.1. Alarm options include:
 - a. Valve fail to open
 - b. Valve fail to close
 - c. Valve not in auto
 - d. I/O health fault, which identifies if any of the I/O associated with the valve is faulty.

3.5.3 Valve Control Interfaces - Isolation Valve

Isolation valves are supplied with control capability from multiple locations. Normally, the valves are controlled from SCADA, but they can also be controlled from OPEN/CLOSE/AUTO (OCA) selector switches located in the field.

- A. When the OCA is in the OPEN position, the valve opens. When the OCA is in the CLOSE position, the valves closes. When in the AUTO position, the valve is controlled by SCADA, based on parameters programmed in the control sequence or manually as directed by the operator from the HMI.
 - Hardwired interlocks override all controls regardless of control location (local or SCADA). These interlocks are typically for personnel safety and equipment protection.
 - Software interlocks override all SCADA Auto or SCADA Manual control but are ignored when valves are controlled locally (OCA in OPEN/CLOSE positions) or a hardwire interlock is active.
 - c. In the event of power loss, the valve fails in its last position.

3.5.4 Valve Status, Output, and Alarms – Isolation Valve

- A. The following hardwired status and output parameters are continuously monitored for each valve:
 - a. Valve in auto status
 - b. Valve close/open command



- c. Valve closed feedback (where provided)
- d. Valve open feedback (where provided)
- B. Isolation valves include various alarm options. Each alarm has the same options as the discrete input alarms, optional latching configuration, time delay, normally open/closed option, and alarm priority level of 4-1, as described in Section 3.9.1. Alarm options include:
 - a. Valve fail to open, determined by a valve being commanded to open, and closed feedback (via limit switch) is still received after a set time frame.
 - b. Valve fail to close, determined by a valve being commanded to close, and opened feedback (via limit switch) is still received after a set time frame.
 - c. Valve not in auto
 - d. I/O health fault, which identifies if any of the I/O associated with the valve is faulty.

3.6 Common Pump Control Functions

The following subsections describe common pump control functions for constant speed and variable speed applications.

3.6.1 Pump Control Interfaces – Constant Speed Pumps

All pumps are supplied with control capability from multiple locations. Normally the constant speed pumps are controlled from SCADA, but they can also be controlled from HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switches located at the motor starter panel.

- A. When the HOA is in the HAND position, the pump starts and runs continuously. When the HOA is placed in the OFF position, the pump stops and is prevented from starting. When in the AUTO position, the pumps are started and stopped via SCADA, based on parameters programmed in the control sequence or manually as directed by the operator from the HMI.
 - a. If the motor on/off state does not agree with the commanded position for an operator-defined time, a fault is declared at the HMI.
 - Hardwired interlocks override all controls regardless of control location (local or SCADA). These interlocks are typically for personnel safety and equipment protection.
 - c. Software interlocks override all SCADA Auto or SCADA Manual control but are ignored when pumps are controlled locally (HOA in HAND or OFF positions) or a hardwire interlock is active.
- B. The control strategy for a particular site may identify variations to this standard pump control interface.

3.6.2 Pump Status, Output, and Alarms - Constant Speed Pumps

- A. The following hardwired status and output parameters are continuously monitored for each constant speed pump:
 - a. Pump run status
 - b. Pump in auto status
 - c. Pump amps (where provided)
 - d. Pump check valve open (where provided)
 - e. Pump call to run
 - f. Pump interlock status (where provided)



- B. Constant speed motor control includes various alarm options. Each alarm has the same options as the discrete input alarms, optional latching configuration, time delay, normally open/closed option, and alarm priority level of 4-1, as described in Section 3.9.1. Alarm options include:
 - a. Fail to start
 - b. Fail to stop
 - c. Check valve fault
 - d. MCC HOA not in auto (where provided)
 - e. Field HOA not in auto (where provided)
 - f. Interlocks active, which identifies if there are interlocks active, causing the motor to not be in the ready state.
 - g. I/O health fault, which identifies if any of the I/O associated with the motor is faulty.

3.6.3 Pump Control Interfaces – Variable Speed Pumps

All pumps are supplied with control capability from multiple locations. Variable speed pumps have a human-interface module (HIM) mounted on the front of the VFD enclosure. In addition, some VFDs have a separate HOA selector switch on the front of the VFD enclosure. This applies to both hardwired and networked equipment.

- A. Under normal conditions, the HAND/AUTO selection at the HIM is set to AUTO. When in AUTO, the pumps are started and stopped and their speed is adjusted via SCADA.
 - Note: The control interface at the VFD is a function of the VFD manufacturer and the VFD's initial configuration.
- B. Operators can control the pumps locally by setting the field HOA to the HAND position. When the HOA is in the HAND position, the HIM must also be set to HAND. While in HAND, the pump starts and runs continuously. The speed of VFD driven pumps can also be adjusted from the local HIM. When the HOA is placed in the OFF position, the pump stops and is prevented from starting. When in the AUTO position, the pumps are started and stopped and their speed is adjusted via SCADA, based on parameters programmed in the control sequence or manually as directed by the operator from the HMI.
 - a. If the motor on/off state does not agree with the commanded position for an operator-defined time, a fault is declared at the HMI.
 - Hardwired interlocks override all controls regardless of control location (local or remote). These interlocks are typically for personnel safety and equipment protection.
 - c. Software interlocks override all SCADA Auto or SCADA Manual control but are ignored when pumps are controlled locally (HIM in HAND mode or HOA in HAND or OFF positions) or a hardwire interlock is active.
 - C. The control strategy for a particular site may identify variations to this standard pump control interface.

3.6.4 Pump Status, Output, and Alarms – Variable Speed Pumps

- A. The following hardwired status and output parameters are continuously monitored for hardwired variable speed pumps:
 - a. Pump run status
 - b. Pump in auto status



- c. Pump in remote status
- d. Pump amps (where provided)
- e. Pump check valve open (where provided)
- f. Pump call to run
- g. Pump interlock status (where provided)
- B. Variable speed motor control includes various alarm options. Each alarm has the same options as the discrete input alarms, optional latching configuration, time delay, normally open/closed option, and alarm priority level of 4–1, as described in Section 3.9.1. Alarm options include:
 - a. Fail to start
 - b. Fail to stop
 - c. E-stop active (where provided)
 - d. Check valve fault (where provided)
 - e. MCC HOA not in auto (where provided)
 - f. HIM not in auto (where provided)
 - g. Local disconnect open (where provided)
 - h. Interlocks active, which identifies if there are interlocks active, causing the motor to not be in the ready state.
 - i. I/O health fault, which identifies if any of the I/O associated with the motor is faulty.
 - j. External trip active

3.6.5 VFD Motor Control

Variable frequency drives (VFDs) are programmed to ensure proper minimum and maximum speed values are achieved.

- A. When a pump is commanded to start, it is brought online to the minimum speed set at the VFD and set to the commanded speed using a ramp rate configured at the VFD.
 - Note: Pump minimum and maximum values and VFD ramp rate are based on the VFD's initial configuration.
- B. When a VFD is connected to a PID loop, the pump speed is determined by scaling the PID output (0 100%) to the minimum and maximum pump speeds. For example, if the pump minimum and maximum speeds are 50% and 100% respectively, a PID output of 50% would correspond to a pump speed of 75%.
- C. When a pump is commanded to stop, it ramps down to the minimum speed based on a ramp rate configured at the VFD. Once the pump speed is below the minimum, it is stopped.

3.6.6 Multiple Pump Variable Speed PID Control

Multiple pump variable speed applications are programmed to sequence pumps and adjust speed based on the output of a PID controller. The PID controller is used to maintain a desired process set point, such as flow, level, or pressure within a control deadband. A measured process variable provides feedback to the PID controller. The PID controller attempts to correct the error between the measured process variable and set point by calculating and determining a corrective action for the process. For multiple pump variable speed applications, the corrective action is adjusting pump speed and the number of pumps in operation. Pump start and stop transitions are handled using a transition algorithm as described below.



The lead pump starts if the error between the measured process variable and the set point are outside of the control deadband for an adjustable time delay. The speed of the lead pump is adjusted through the PLC's PID algorithm to maintain the set point, using the measured process variable as feedback.

If the current pump(s) are operating at maximum speed, and the process variable remains outside the control deadband for an adjustable amount of time, the next pump (e.g. lag pump 1) is called to run.

Similarly, if the current pump(s) are operating at minimum speed, and the process variable remains outside the control deadband for an adjustable amount of time, the last pump on (e.g. lag pump 1) is called to stop.

During pump start/stop transitions, pumps are programmed using a transition algorithm to help minimize system disruptions with bringing on/off another pump. During this transition period, the PID control algorithm is temporarily bypassed, and the speed set point of the pump(s) in operation undergoes an operator adjustable step adjustment (as a percent of speed). This step adjustment is meant to anticipate the system impact of bringing on/off another pump. The initial step adjustments will be determined in the field during start up. The step adjustments may vary if going from 1-to-2 pumps, 2-to-3 pumps, and so on.

Once all pumps are operating at the step-adjusted speed, control resumes using the PID algorithm. All pumps then have their speed adjusted based on the output of the PID controller as previously described.

For example, if the current speed control output is 80% for one pump running, and a step transition from 1-to-2 pumps is set at 10%, when a second pump is called to run, the first pump ramps down to 70% speed, while the second pump is brought up to 70% speed. Once both pumps are running at 70% speed, after an adjustable time delay, the PID algorithm resumes.

The control strategy for a particular site may define additional functions and restrictions that affect the implementation of this control function.

3.6.7 Pump Alternation Sequence

Pump alternation is determined by the PLC, which is programmed to alternate pumps as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2 and so forth, after each run cycle. Each pump is assigned a position in the sequence (Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2, etc.). Any pump that is out of service is removed from the pump alternation sequence.

If a pump is called to start and does not start after an adjustable time, then the following occurs:

- A. A pump fail alarm is issued.
- B. The next available pump, including any standby pumps, is called to start.
- C. The failed pump is taken out of the pump alternation sequence and designated as 'out of service' until the pump fail alarm is manually reset by the operator.

For a lead pump that runs continuously, lead pump alternates after an operator adjustable time (number of hours between lead change). During the lead pump transition, the two pumps will overlap in the transition, such that in the event the pump called to run fails, the old lead pump continues to run.

In addition, the operator has the option to disable the pump alternation sequence. If it is desired to switch the lead pump, the pump can be taken "out of service" and then put back in service, and it will go to the back of the alternation sequence.



In the pump alternation sequence, the number of pumps allowed to run may be limited based on power availability. The control strategy for a particular site may define additional functions and restrictions for the pump alternation sequence.

3.7 Common Monitoring Functions

The following subsections describe common monitoring functions. The control strategy for a particular site may define additional monitoring functions.

3.7.1 Communication Interfaces

All communication interfaces are monitored for their current status. An alarm is activated when there is a failure of communications. The calculation and/or logic used to identify communications varies depending on the network interface and available parameters. The following network interfaces are continuously monitored for each network segment (DNP3, Profinet, Modbus TCP, Profibus, etc.):

- A. Communications status
- B. Communications failure alarm
- C. Power supply failure

3.7.2 Site PLC Monitoring

The site PLCs are monitored for various fault conditions. The following site PLC monitoring alarms are monitored:

- A. Processor stopped or program mode
- B. I/O module status (individual for each I/O module)

3.7.3 Common Panel Hardwired Status/Alarm Points

The following hardwired status and alarm parameters are continuously monitored at each panel:

- A. PLC panel 120 VAC power available
- B. PLC panel 24 VDC power supply OK
- C. IS panel 24 VDC power supply redundancy module OK (where provided)
- D. IS panel 120 VAC power available (where provided)
- E. IS panel 24 VDC power supply OK (where provided)
- F. Network switch alarm (per switch, where provided)
- G. UPS on battery
- H. UPS alarm
- I. UPS low battery
- J. Surge protection device OK
- K. Panel intrusion

3.7.4 Common Remote Site Hardwired Status/Alarm Points

The following hardwired status and alarm parameters are continuously monitored at each remote site:

- A. Intrusion alarm
 - a. An intrusion alarm delay function is provided to allow enough time for the operator to disable prior to alarm initiation, or to allow enough time for operator to enable the alarm and exit prior to alarm initiation.
- B. Flood alarm (where provided)



3.7.5 Loss of Power

- A. Sites with generator
 - a. Loss of power is determined by the status of 'PLC panel 120 Vac power available' in the panel and 'generator run' status. If PLC panel 120 Vac power is not available and generator run status is not received after a time delay, alarm for 'loss of power.'
- B. Sites without generator
 - a. Loss of power is determined by the status of 'PLC panel 120 Vac power available' in the panel. If PLC panel 120 Vac power is not available after a time delay, alarm for 'loss of power.'

3.8 Additional Equipment Hardwired Status/Alarm Points

The following subsections describe hardwired status and alarm points for additional equipment. The control strategy for a particular site may define additional functions and restrictions that affect the implementation of this control function.

3.8.1 Generator Hardwired Status/Alarm Points

- A. Generator monitoring varies by site. Below are some of the parameters monitored at sewer sites. Refer to the I/O list.
 - a. Generator run
 - b. Generator fail
 - c. Generator Pre-Alarm Warning
 - d. Generator fuel tank low level alarm
 - e. Generator vault flood, if applicable
 - f. ATS in normal position
 - g. ATS in generator position
 - h. ATS utility power available
- B. Generator runtime since last service
 - a. Generator runtime since last service (i.e. fueling) is calculated and displayed at SCADA. The value can be reset at SCADA.
- C. Overall generator runtime
 - a. Overall generator runtime is calculated and displayed at SCADA.
- D. Generator fail to run
 - a. If the ATS is in the generator position and generator run status is not received after a time delay, alarm for 'generator fail to run.'
- E. ATS fail to transfer
 - a. If there is loss of utility power (based on utility power status) and 'ATS in generator position' is not received after a time delay, alarm for 'ATS fail to transfer.'

3.9 Standard Alarm Management

The following subsections describe the approach for standard alarm management. The control strategy for a particular site may define additional functions and restrictions that affect the implementation of this.



3.9.1 Alarm Priority

Alarms are programmed to have a priority level of 4-1. The alarm priority level indicates the importance/urgency of the alarm. The assigned alarm priority dictates how the alarm is displayed on the SCADA HMI screens through color, shape, and annunciation protocol (animation, sound, and remote alarm notification). A preliminary alarm list will be developed at a later date. This list will be started as a baseline alarm list, to be modified during testing and finalized during commissioning. Alarms should have an audit lifecycle. The SCADA and Smart Utility Standards document will provide more details on the definition of alarm priorities and how they are implemented. The four priorities are summarized as follows:

- 4 = Critical
- 3 = High
- 2 = Medium
- 1 = Low

3.9.2 No Response Alarm

If an equipment unit is in the SCADA control mode (either SCADA Manual or SCADA Automatic) and is called to operate (start, stop, open, close, etc.) and the appropriate response (on, off, opened, closed, etc.) is not received after an adjustable time delay (typically 5 seconds for motors and 15 seconds for valves), then:

- A. Generate an alarm.
- B. If the output was generated by an automatic control sequence, suspend or abort the sequence and hold until reset command from the HMI is generated.

3.9.3 Insufficient Number of Pumps in Ready State

A ready state is defined as follows: the pump has not failed, the pump control interface is in AUTO at the local interface, and the pump control interface in SCADA AUTO at the HMI. If an insufficient number of pumps are not in the ready state after an adjustable period of time, generate an alarm for 'Minimum Pumps Not Ready.' This alarm is intended to alert operations if equipment is left in the HAND or OFF positions (i.e. not in AUTO) for an extended period of time. The minimum number of pumps required to be in the ready state varies by site. The minimum number is operator adjustable from the SCADA HMI. Refer to the control strategy for a particular site for the minimum number of pumps required to be in the ready state.

When alternation logic calls for more pumps to run than are in the ready state, an alarm will also be generated for 'More Pumps Called than Available.'

3.9.4 Unexpected Status Change Alarm

If a device in SCADA control mode changes its run/stop or open/closed status without being commanded to do so, generate an alarm.

3.9.5 Sequence Fail Alarm

If a control sequence cannot proceed to the next step because the current step's completion criteria has not been met, after a step-specific, adjustable time delay, an alarm is generated. This alarm condition inhibits running the sequence until it is manually reset by operator action.



3.9.6 Alarm Reset

For discrete and analog alarms, the operator is required to reset the alarm in order for the alarm to return to normal and any automated permissive to continue. Reset selection is provided on the local OIT, if applicable, to reset the site alarms. A PLC reset is also provided on the SCADA screen for each individual site.

3.9.7 Set Points, Alarm limits, Timer Presets, Control Modes, and Lead/Lag Status

All set points, control limits, alarm limits, timer presets, control modes, and lead/lag status used by PLCs, vendor-supplied package system PLCs, are monitored by and adjusted through the HMI.

3.10 Network Data Exchange Requirements for Common Equipment Types

The following subsections describe the minimum data exchange requirements between the PLC/SCADA and common types of networked equipment.

3.10.1 Variable Frequency Drives (VFD) - Profibus or Profinet

The following table provides minimum requirements for monitoring and control parameters exchanged between the PLC/SCADA and the VFD via Profibus or Profinet. Data exchange may vary by VFD manufacturer. The table below is provided as a baseline.

Table 3-1. Data Exchange Requirements - VFD		
Read/Write	Parameter	
Read	In HAND (HIM status)	
Read	In AUTO (HIM status)	
Read	Ready	
Read	Running	
Read	Output frequency	
Write	Frequency reference	
Read	Motor RPM	
Read	Motor current	
Read	Motor torque	
Read	Motor power	
Read	Motorvoltage	
Read	DC-link voltage	
Read	Fault	
Write	Run command	
Write	Reset	



3.10.2 Power Monitors (PM) - Profibus

The following table provides minimum requirements for monitoring and control parameters exchanged between the PLC/SCADA and the power monitor via Profibus. Data exchange may vary by power monitor manufacturer. The table below is provided as a baseline.

Table 3-2. Data Exchange Requirements – Power Monitor		
Read/Write	Parameter	
Read	Phase current (A, B, C, and average)	
Read	Line-to-line voltage (AB, BC, CA, and average)	
Read	Line-to-neutral voltage (A, B, C, and average)	
Read	Watts (A, B, C, and total)	
Read	Volt-ampere (VA) total	
Read	Volt-ampere reactive (VAR) total	
Read	Power factor (A, B, C, and total)	
Read	Phase current (A, B, and C) total harmonic distortion (THD)	

3.10.3 Water Quality Analyzers - Profibus

The following table provides minimum requirements for monitoring and control parameters exchanged between the PLC/SCADA and the water quality analyzer via Profibus. Data exchange may vary by water quality analyzer. The table below is provided as a baseline.

Table 3-3. Data Exchange Requirements – Water Quality Analyzer		
Read/Write	Parameter	
Read	Chlorine	
Read	рН	
Read	Water temperature	



Not Used





Sewer Site Control Strategies

The following section includes control strategies for individual sewer sites:

- Pump Station 1**
- Pump Station 4
- Pump Station 10
- Flush Station 12*
- Pump Station 13**
- Pump Station 14
- Pump Station 15*
- Pump Station 16*
- Pump Station 17
- Pump Station 18
- Pump Station 19**
- Pump Station 20
- Pump Station 21
- Pump Station 22**
- Pump Station 23
- Pump Station 24
- Pump Station 25**

Pump Station 11 is being upgraded as part of the King County North Mercer Island/Entai sewer upgrade project and is not included as part of this system replacement. As such, the control strategy for Pump Station 11 is not included in this document at this time.

5.1 Pump Station 1

Pump Station (PS) 1 is located within Reach 4, serving the northern end of the island before ending at the King County North Mercer Pump Station. PS 1 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with two constant speed pumps.

Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 1 to the King County North Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.



^{*}Station has flushing capabilities.

^{**}Station will have flushing capabilities in the future.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Flush Valve. The flush valve at PS 1 will be replaced as part of a future project. The existing flush valve consists of a butterfly valve and electric actuator and is not connected to SCADA. The existing flush system draws water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. Typically, flushing happens during low flows (at night). The existing flush valve operates based on a local timer and opens at set time intervals to flush the Lakeline pipe. The future flush valve will consist of a new valve and electric actuator. Limit switches will monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 1 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.1.1 Equipment

Table 5-1. PS 1 Equipment		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	PS 1 PLC Panel	
SS_RH4_PS01_GNG0100	PS 1 Go/No-Go Panel	
SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	PS 1 Remote I/O Panel	
SS_RH4_PS01_MCP0110	PS 1 Motor Control Panel	
SS_RH4_PS01_RSP0110	PS 1 Pump 1	
SS_RH4_PS01_RSP0120	PS 1 Pump 2	
SS_RH4_PS01_IS0140	PS 1 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel	



Table 5-1. PS 1 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH4_PS01_ACT0150	PS 1 Flush Valve Electric Actuator			
SS_RH4_PS01_FLV0150	PS 1 Flush Valve			
SS_RH4_PS01_EF0160	PS 1 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH4_PS01_GEN0190	PS 1 Standby Generator			
SS_RH4_PS01_ATS0191	PS 1 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.1.2 Instruments

Table 5-2. PS 1 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH4_PS01_YA0108A	PS 1 Beacon			
SS_RH4_PS01_YA0108B	PS 1 Horn			
SS_RH4_PS01_ZSC0111	PS 1 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH4_PS01_FIT0112	PS 1 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH4_PS01_ZSC0121	PS 1 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH4_PS01_FIT0122	PS 1 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH4_PS01_YS0100	PS 1 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH4_PS01_LSH0107	PS 1 Flood Switch			
SS_RH4_PS01_LT0141	PS 1 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH4_PS01_LIT0142	PS 1 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH4_PS01_PIT0135	PS 1 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH4_PS01_ZS00150	PS 1 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch (Future)			
SS_RH4_PS01_ZSC0150	PS 1 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch (Future)			
SS_RH4_PS01_FSL0161	PS 1 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH4_PS01_LT0190	PS 1 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.1.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).



b. SCADA Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH3_PS01_LT0141). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH3_PS01_LIT0142).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.



b. Stop Lag pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- i. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - c. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - d. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - e. Start Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - f. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - g. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iii. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- iv. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.
- d. Local Hardwired Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:



- 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
- 2. High high level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
- 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-3 below.

Table 5-3. PS 1 Wetwell Level Control Summary					
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes	
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2	
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm			
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level	



Table 5-3. PS 1 Wetwell Level Control Summary						
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic		
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level		

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 1 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.1.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.1.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.



c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. In the future, wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) will cause the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.

5.1.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 1 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 1 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 1 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 1 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 1 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 1 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - vii. PS 1 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - viii. PS 1 Flush Valve (Future)
 - 1. In remote (Future)
 - ix. PS 1 Flush Valve Open Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Open (Future)
 - x. PS 1 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Closed (Future)
 - xi. PS 1 Generator
 - 1. Run
 - xii. PS 1 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
 - xiii. PS 1 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal



- 2. ATS in generator
- 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.1.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 1 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high-high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 1 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 1 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 1 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 1 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 1 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms



b. Software:

- i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
- ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
- iii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- iv. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.1.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - i. Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 1 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH3_PS01_FIT0112/22).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.



5.1.9 Operation on Generator

A. Loss of Power:

- a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
- b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.2 Pump Station 4

Pump Station (PS) 4 is located within Reach 3, serving the western to northern end of the island before ending at the King County North Mercer Pump Station. PS 4 is a wetwell configuration with three variable speed submersible pumps. This station has an above ground control building and a remote control box.

Control Overview. The three variable speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 4 to the King County North Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with a primary level transmitter and level switches for level control and monitoring. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a level switch system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The level switch system consists of a series of level float switches wired to the IS Panel, which provides hardwired control directly to the MCC. The level transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow. A magnetic flow meter measures the discharge flow of the pump station. In the future, three magnetic flow meters will be installed to monitor the discharge flow of each pump.

Control Building and Wetwell Vent Fans. Existing fans in the control building and wetwell are monitored by SCADA.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 4 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA and are both located in the indoor electrical control room.

Remote Control Box CP-3. Pump Station 4 has an existing remote control panel CP-3 with a remote start option for each pump, alarm reset, low float bypass, and pump running indication.

Combustible Gas Detector Panel CP-CGD. Pump Station 4 has an existing combustible gas detector panel for the wetwell classified area.

Ventilation Fan Low Flow Switch. An exhaust fan in the ventilation vault provides the required number of air changes for the wetwell scrubber. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated.



5.2.1 Equipment

Table 5-4. PS 4 Equipment		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	PS 4 PLC Panel	
SS_RH3_PS04_MCC-1	PS 4 Motor Control Center	
SS_RH3_PS04_RSP0410	PS 4 Pump 1	
SS_RH3_PS04_RSP0420	PS 4 Pump 2	
SS_RH3_PS04_RSP0430	PS 4 Pump 3	
SS_RH3_PS04_IS0440	PS 4 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel	
CP-3	PS 4 Remote Control Box	
CP-CGD	PS 4 Combustible Gas Detector Panel	
SS_RH3_PS04_EF0471	PS 4 Control Building Fan	
SS_RH3_PS04_EF0462	PS 4 Wetwell Vent Fan	
SS_RH3_PS04_GEN0490	PS 04 Standby Generator	
SS_RH3_PS04_ATS0491	PS 04 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)	

5.2.2 Instruments

Table 5-5. PS 4 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH3_PS04_MSH0410	PS 4 Pump 1 Moisture Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_TSH0410	PS 4 Pump 1 Temperature Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_ZSC0411	PS 4 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_FIT0412	PS 4 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS04_MSH0420	PS 4 Pump 2 Moisture Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_TSH0420	PS 4 Pump 2 Temperature Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_ZSC0421	PS 4 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_FIT0422	PS 4 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS04_MSH0430	PS 4 Pump 3 Moisture Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_TSH0430	PS 4 Pump 3 Temperature Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_ZSC0431	PS 4 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_FIT0432	PS 4 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS04_PIT0435	PS 4 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS04_FIT0438	PS 4 Station Discharge Flow Meter	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSH0479	PS 4 Control Building Flood Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSH0439	PS 4 Flow Meter Vault Flood Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_YS0400	PS 4 Vault & Wetwell Intrusion Switches	



Table 5-5. PS 4 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH3_PS04_LT0441	PS 4 Level Transducer (Primary)	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSL0442	PS 4 Low Level Switch (Secondary)	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSH0442	PS 4 High Level Switch (Secondary)	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSHH0442	PS 4 High High Level Switch (Secondary)	
SS_RH3_PS04_YS0470	PS 4 Control Building Door Intrusion	
SS_RH3_PS04_SD0472	PS 4 Control Building Smoke Detector	
SS_RH3_PS04_CGD0473	PS 4 Combustible Gas Detector	
SS_RH3_PS04_LSH0479	PS 4 Control Building Flood Switch	
SS_RH3_PS04_LT0490	PS 4 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS04_FSL0461	PS 4 Ventilation Fan Low Flow Switch	

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.2.3 Operation

A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor control center bucket for each pump can be operated as follows:

a. Local Manual Control:

- i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the speed of the pump using the speed dial to start the pump. Once a speed is selected, the pump runs continuously.
- ii. OFF stops the pump.
- iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).

b. SCADA Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI. The pump speed is not selectable via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. When SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.



b. Start Lead pump:

 When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag 1 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.

d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag 1 pump:

i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.

c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- ii. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- iii. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the float level switches are hardwired to start and stop the pumps. The float level switch output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:



- 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
- 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
- 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
- 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.

e. Speed Control:

- i. The speed control for each VFD is handled via programming setup in the VFD drive only. Speed monitoring and control are not handled by SCADA.
- f. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-6 below.

Table 5-6. PS 4 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument Source Action Set point (feet)			Notes	
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
LSHH (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Level switch high high level alarm		
LSH (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / Level switch high level alarm	1 time delay relay to start Pill	
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		
LSHH	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump Time delay Start Lag 2 Pump		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump	Start Lead Pump	
LSH	Software	Start Lead Pump		
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		
LSL	Software	Stop Lead Pump Stop Lag 1 Pump Stop Lag 2 Pump		
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		
LSL (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / Level switch low level Pump(s) from FogRod high le		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level switch control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- g. Control Panel CP-3 Panel Mode:
 - i. When CP-3 Panel mode is enabled, level control mode is disabled.



- ii. When the HOA is in AUTO, the pump start/stop is based off the selector switch position. The pump selector switches at the control panel CP-3 can be operated as follows:
 - 1. Pump 1 Remote Start: The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the selector switch.
 - 2. Pump 2 Remote Start: The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the selector switch.
 - 3. Pump 3 Remote Start: The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the selector switch.
- iii. Low Level Float Bypass: The operator can manually bypass the low float alarm at the OIT via the selector switch.
- iv. CP-3 Alarm Alert: The CP-3 control panel will alert the operator of an alarm with the horn and red indication light alarm. The following conditions will activate the alarm system:
 - 1. Level Alarms per Table 5-6.
 - 2. Pump(s) Alarm per Section 5.2.7
- v. The operator can push the Alarm Reset pushbutton to temporarily silence the horn and red indication light alarm at the CP-3 control panel. This will also reset alarms for the level switches at OIT/SCADA if within normal ranges.

5.2.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - Motor overload, overtemperature, seal fail, and VFD fault are hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.2.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the level switches causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. Pump Inhibit/Disable can be selected by operator to shutdown or prohibit start.

5.2.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 4 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level



- ii. PS 4 Station Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
 - 1. Flow
 - 2. Flow pulse
- iii. PS 4 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- iv. PS 4 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- v. PS 4 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- vi. PS 4 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
- vii. PS 4 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- viii. PS 4 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- ix. PS 4 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- x. PS 4 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xi. PS 4 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xii. PS 4 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiii. PS 4 Wetwell Vent Fan
 - 1. Auto
- xiv. PS 4 Control Building Fan
 - 1. Auto
- xv. PS 4 Smoke Detector
 - 1. Supervisory input
- xvi. PS 4 CP-3 Remote Panel
 - 1. Remote panel mode



- 2. Low level float bypass
- 3. Pump 1 Remote Start
- 4. Pump 2 Remote Start
- 5. Pump 3 Remote Start
- xvii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xviii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring
- c. Network
 - i. Pump 1 VFD (Modbus TCP/IP For Information)
 - ii. Pump 2 VFD (Modbus TCP/IP For Information)
 - iii. Pump 3 VFD (Modbus TCP/IP For Information)
 - iv. Exhaust Fan VFD (Modbus TCP/IP For Information)

5.2.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 4 Pump 1
 - 1. Motor Temperature High
 - 2. Moisture Leak Seal Fail
 - ii. PS 4 Pump 2
 - 1. Motor Temperature High
 - 2. Moisture Leak Seal Fail
 - iii. PS 4 Pump 3
 - 1. Motor Temperature High
 - 2. Moisture Leak Seal Fail
 - iv. PS 4 Float Level Switches (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - v. PS 4 Flow Meter Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm



- vi. PS 4 Control Building Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- vii. PS 4 Ventilation Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
- viii. PS 4 Vault & Wetwell Intrusion Switches
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
- ix. PS 4 Control Building Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
- x. PS 4 Smoke Detector
 - 1. Input alarm
- xi. PS 4 Gas Detector
 - 1. Trouble
 - 2. Gas detection alarm
- xii. PS 4 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - 4. Remote Shutdown
- xiii. PS 4 MCC Phase Monitor
 - 1. Fail
- xiv. PS 4 CP-3 Remote Panel
 - 1. CP-3 Alarm alert
- xv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xvi. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms



2. Site PLC alarms

v. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.2.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - i. Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 4 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH3_PS04_FIT0412/22/32).
 - c. Flow Pulse Totalization
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - d. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - e. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - f. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.2.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment automatically restarts at the speed indicated on the speed dial.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.
 - c. When the Generator Remote Shutdown pushbutton is activated, the pushbutton is hardwired directly to stop the generator. An alarm will be sent via SCADA to alert the operator. An operator will need to manually reset the generator on site to de-activate the alarm.

5.3 Pump Station 10

Pump Station (PS) 10 is located within Reach 5, serving the northeastern side of the island before ending at Pump Station 11. PS 10 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with two constant speed pumps.



Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 10 to the next pump station, PS 11, where it then flows directly into King County's pipeline. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 10 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.3.1 Equipment

Table 5-7. PS 10 Equipment		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	PS 10 PLC Panel	
SS_RH5_PS10_GNG1000	PS 10 Go/No-Go Panel	
SS_RH5_PS10_MCP1010	PS 10 Motor Control Panel	
SS_RH5_PS10_RSP1010	PS 10 Pump 1	
SS_RH5_PS10_RSP1020	PS 10 Pump 2	
SS_RH5_PS10_IS1040	PS 10 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel	
SS_RH5_PS10_EF1060	PS 10 Exhaust Fan	
SS_RH5_PS10_GEN1090	PS 10 Standby Generator	
SS_RH5_PS10_ATS1091	PS 10 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)	



5.3.2 Instruments

Table 5-8. PS 10 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH5_PS10_YA1008A	PS 10 Beacon	
SS_RH5_PS10_YA1008B	PS 10 Horn	
SS_RH5_PS10_ZSC1011	PS 10 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH5_PS10_FIT1012	PS 10 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH5_PS10_ZSC1021	PS 10 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH5_PS10_FIT1022	PS 10 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH5_PS10_YS1000	PS 10 Intrusion Switch	
SS_RH5_PS10_LSH1007	PS 10 Flood Switch	
SS_RH5_PS10_LT1041	PS 10 Level Transmitter (Primary)	
SS_RH5_PS10_LIT1042	PS 10 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)	
SS_RH5_PS10_PIT1035	PS 10 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH5_PS10_FSL1061	PS 10 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch	
SS_RH5_PS10_LT1090	PS 10 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)	

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.3.3 Operation

- B. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.



c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH5_PS10_LT1041). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH5_PS10_LIT1042).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.



b. Start Lead pump:

 When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.



e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-9 below.

Table 5-9. PS 10 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument Source Action Set point (feet) Notes		Notes		
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software			Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software			Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software			Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA		wetwell level control method at
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.



- C. The PS 10 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.3.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.3.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.



5.3.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 10 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 10 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 10 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 10 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 10 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 10 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - vii. PS 10 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - viii. PS 10 Generator
 - 1. Run
 - ix. PS 10 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
 - x. PS 10 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
 - xi. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - xii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring



5.3.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 10 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 10 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 10 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 10 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 10 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 10 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - iv. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.



5.3.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 10 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH5_PS10_FIT1012/22).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.3.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.4 Flush Station 12

Flush Station (FS) 12 is located within Reach 5, serving the northeastern side of the island before ending at Pump Station 11. FS 12 is a dry well configuration with one constant speed pump that serves as flush pump.



Control Overview. The constant speed pump operates using duty control to draw water from the lake structure and discharge to the lakeline system. From the Lakeline pipe, the water is transferred from FS 12 to pump station PS 11, the final destination in the reach. The pump starts and stops based on an operator set time interval.

5.4.1 Equipment

Table 5-10. FS 12 Equipment		
Tag Number Description		
SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	FS 12 PLC Panel	
SS_RH5_FS12_MCP1210	FS 12 Motor Control Panel	
SS_RH5_FS12_FLP1210	FS 12 Pump 1	

5.4.2 Instruments

Table 5-11. FS 12 Instruments	
Tag Number Description	
SS_RH5_FS12_YS1200 FS 12 Intrusion Switch	

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.4.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for the pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the RUN pushbutton to start the pump. Once RUN is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control.
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pump operates as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - c. SCADA Auto Control:
 - i. When SCADA Auto control is selected, the valve operates as follows:
 - 1. The valve is commanded to open automatically at a set time of day (initially set at 12:30 AM) for 3 minutes (operator adjustable).



5.4.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.4.5 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - ii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
 - b. Software:
 - i. Flush Pump Start Time
 - ii. Flush Pump Stop Time
 - iii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.4.6 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. FS 12 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - ii. FS 12 General Fail
 - 1. Fail alarm
 - iii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - iv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Flush pump to be in Ready State or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms



5.4.7 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - b. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.

5.5 Pump Station 13

Pump Station (PS) 13 is located within Reach 3, serving the western to northern end of the island before ending at the King County North Mercer Pump Station. PS 13 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with two constant speed pumps.

Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 13 to the next pump station, PS 4, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County North Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Flush Valve (Future). The flush valve at PS 13 will be replaced as part of a future project. The existing flush valve is not operable and is not connected to SCADA. Once replaced, the existing flush system will draw water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. The future flush valve will consist of a new valve and electric actuator. Limit switches will monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 13 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.



Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.5.1 Equipment

Table 5-12. PS 13 Equipment		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	PS 13 PLC Panel	
SS_RH3_PS13_GNG1300	PS 13 Go/No-Go Panel	
SS_RH3_PS13_RI01300	PS 13 Remote I/O Panel	
SS_RH3_PS13_MCP1310	PS 13 Motor Control Panel	
SS_RH3_PS13_RSP1310 PS 13 Pump 1		
SS_RH3_PS13_RSP1320	PS 13 Pump 2	
SS_RH3_PS13_IS1340	PS 13 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel	
SS_RH3_PS13_FLV1350	PS 13 Flush Valve (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_ACT1350	PS 13 Flush Valve Electric Actuator (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_EF1360	PS 13 Exhaust Fan	
SS_RH3_PS13_GEN1390	PS 13 Standby Generator	
SS_RH3_PS13_ATS1391	PS 13 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)	

5.5.2 Instruments

Table 5-13. PS 13 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH3_PS13_YA1308A	PS 13 Beacon	
SS_RH3_PS13_YA1308B	PS 13 Horn	
SS_RH3_PS13_ZSC1311	PS 13 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS13_FIT1312	PS 13 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_ZSC1321	PS 13 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH3_PS13_FIT1322	PS 13 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_YS1300	PS 13 Intrusion Switch	
SS_RH3_PS13_LSH1307	PS 13 Flood Switch	
SS_RH3_PS13_LT1341	PS 13 Level Transmitter (Primary)	
SS_RH3_PS13_LIT1342	PS 13 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)	
SS_RH3_PS13_PIT1335	PS 13 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_ZS01350	PS 13 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_ZSC1350	PS 13 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch (Future)	
SS_RH3_PS13_FSL1361	PS 13 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch	



Table 5-13. PS 13 Instruments		
Tag Number Description		
SS_RH3_PS13_LSH1390 PS 13 Generator Vault Flood Switch		
SS_RH3_PS13_LT1390	PS 13 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)	

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.5.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH3_PS13_LT1341). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH3_PS13_LIT1342).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.



b. Start Lead pump:

 When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.

3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- i. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.



b. Stop Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- ii. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- iii. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-14 below.

Table 5-14. PS 13 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-14. PS 13 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 13 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).



- d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
- e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.5.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.5.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.5.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 13 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 13 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 13 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 13 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 13 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 13 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed



- vii. PS 13 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- viii. PS 13 Flush Valve (Future)
 - 1. In remote (Future)
- ix. PS 13 Flush Valve Open Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Open (Future)
- x. PS 13 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Closed (Future)
- xi. PS 13 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 13 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 13 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.5.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 13 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 13 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm



- iii. PS 13 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
- iv. PS 13 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
- v. PS 13 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 13 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - Flood alarm
- vii. PS 13 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - iv. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.5.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.



- b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - i. Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 13 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH3_PS13_FIT1312/22).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.5.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.6 Pump Station 14

Pump Station (PS) 14 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 14 is a submersible pump station, consisting of a wetwell with two constant speed submersible pumps and two below grade vaults. An above ground control panel enclosure houses control and electrical equipment. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 14 to the next pump station, PS 15, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.



Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. An ultrasonic level transmitter is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 14 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch and intrusion switch that are monitored by SCADA.

5.6.1 Equipment

Table 5-15. PS 14 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	PS 14 PLC Panel		
SS_RH2_PS14_MCP1410	PS 14 Pump 1 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS14_MCP1420	PS 14 Pump 2 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS14_RSP1410	PS 14 Pump 1		
SS_RH2_PS14_RSP1420	PS 14 Pump 2		
SS_RH2_PS14_IS1440A	PS 14 Level Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS14_IS1440B	PS 14 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
SS_RH2_PS14_GEN1490	PS 14 Standby Generator		
SS_RH2_PS14_ATS1491	PS 14 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)		

5.6.2 Instruments

Table 5-16. PS 14 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH2_PS14_MSH1110	PS 14 Pump 1 Moisture Limit Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_TSH1410	PS 14 Pump 1 Temperature Limit Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_ZSC1411	PS 14 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch	



Table 5-16. PS 14 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH2_PS14_FIT1412	PS 14 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH2_PS14_MSH1420	PS 14 Pump 2 Moisture Limit Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_TSH1420	PS 14 Pump 2 Temperature Limit Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_ZSC1421	PS 14 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_FIT1422	PS 14 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH2_PS14_YS1400	PS 14 Wetwell Intrusion Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_YS1407	PS 14 Control Panel Intrusion Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_YS1408	PS 14 Valve Vault Intrusion Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_LIT1441	PS 14 Level Transmitter (Primary)	
SS_RH2_PS14_LIT1442	PS 14 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)	
SS_RH2_PS14_PIT1435	PS 14 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH2_PS14_FT1438	PS 14 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)	
SS_RH2_PS14_LT1490	PS 14 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)	
SS_RH2_PS14_LSH1490	PS 14 Generator Vault Flood Switch	
SS_RH2_PS14_YS1490C	PS 14 Generator Vault Intrusion Switch	

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.6.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. Once HAND is selected, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.



c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS14_LIT1441). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS14_LIT1442).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.



b. Start Lead pump:

i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.



e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-17 below.

		Table 5-17. PS 14 Wetwell Level Contro		
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software			Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm Pump(s) from FogRod		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

5.6.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload and overtemperature are hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overtemperature reset button is located on front of the motor control panel. Motor overload can be reset from inside the motor control panel.



5.6.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.6.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 14 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 14 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 14 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 14 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 14 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 14 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vii. PS 14 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - viii. PS 14 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 14 Generator
 - 1. Run



- x. PS 14 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xi. PS 14 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xiii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.6.7 Alarming

- B. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 14 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 14 Wetwell Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iii. PS 14 Control Panel Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 14 Valve Vault Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - v. PS 14 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 14 Generator Vault Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm



- vii. PS 14 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- viii. PS 14 Pump 1 Control Power
 - 1. Power OK
 - ix. PS 14 Pump 2 Control Power
 - 1. Power OK
 - x. PS 14 Pump 1 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- xi. PS 14 Pump 2 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- xii. PS 14 Pump 1 Moisture Switch
 - 1. Moisture leak
- xiii. PS 14 Pump 2 Moisture Switch
 - 1. Moisture leak
- xiv. PS 14 Pump 1 High Temperature Switch
 - 1. Temperature high
- xv. PS 14 Pump 2 High Temperature Switch
 - 1. Temperature high
- xvi. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xvii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iii. PS 14 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - iv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - v. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.



5.6.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - i. Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 14 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS14_FIT1412/22) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS14_FIT1438).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.6.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.



5.7 Pump Station 15

Pump Station (PS) 15 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 15 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with two constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 15 to the next pump station, PS 16, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Flush Valve. The flush valve at PS 15 consists of a butterfly valve and electric actuator. The flush system draws water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. The flush valve opens at set time intervals to flush the Lakeline pipe. Typically, flushing happens during low flows (at night). Limit switches monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 15 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.



5.7.1 Equipment

Table 5-18. PS 15 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	PS 15 PLC Panel			
SS_RH2_PS15_GNG1500	PS 15 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH2_PS15_MCP1510	PS 15 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH2_PS15_RSP1510	PS 15 Pump 1			
SS_RH2_PS15_RSP1520	PS 15 Pump 2			
SS_RH2_PS15_IS1540	PS 15 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH2_PS15_ACT1550	PS 15 Flush Valve Electric Actuator			
SS_RH2_PS15_FLV1550	PS 15 Flush Valve			
SS_RH2_PS15_EF1560	PS 15 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH2_PS15_GEN1590	PS 15 Standby Generator			
SS_RH2_PS15_ATS1591	PS 15 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.7.2 Instruments

Table 5-19. PS 15 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS15_YA1508A	PS 15 Beacon			
SS_RH2_PS15_YA1508B	PS 15 Horn			
SS_RH2_PS15_ZSC1511	PS 15 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_FIT1512	PS 15 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS15_ZSC1521	PS 15 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_FIT1522	PS 15 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS15_YS1500	PS 15 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_LSH1507	PS 15 Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_LT1541	PS 15 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH2_PS15_LIT1542	PS 15 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH2_PS15_PIT1535	PS 15 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS15_ZS01550	PS 15 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_ZSC1550	PS 15 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_FSL1561	PS 15 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH2_PS15_FT1538	PS 15 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS15_LT1590	PS 15 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.



5.7.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).

b. SCADA Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS15_LT1541). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS15_LIT1542).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.



- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
- 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.



v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-20 below.

Table 5-20. PS 15 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm	9.25	
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm	9.0	
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm	8.25	Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm	7.0	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump	6.05	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump	6.0	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump	5.55	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump	5.25	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag Pump	4.05	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-20. PS 15 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag Pump	4.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump	3.55	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump	3.75	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm	3.25	Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm	3.0	Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown	2.75	Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. PS 15 Flush Valve is a motorized valve with local and SCADA control capability. The valve has local field controls with LOCAL/OFF/REMOTE (LOR) and OPEN/STOP/CLOSE (OSC) selections and operates as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the LOR selector switch is in the OFF position, the valve does not operate.
 - ii. When the LOR selector switch is in LOCAL, the valve can be operated via the OSC selector switch.
 - 1. When in OPEN, the valve is commanded to the fully open position,
 - 2. When in CLOSE, the valve is commanded to the fully closed position.
 - 3. When in STOP, the valve is commanded to stop in the current position.
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the LOR selector switch is in REMOTE, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the valve at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the valve operates as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually open and close the valve via the SCADA HMI.
 - c. SCADA Auto Control:
 - i. When SCADA Auto control is selected, the valve operates as follows:
 - 1. The valve is commanded to open automatically at a set time of day (initially set at 12:30 AM) for 10 minutes (operator adjustable).



- C. The PS 15 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.7.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.7.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. Wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) causes the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.



5.7.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 15 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 15 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 15 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 15 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 15 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 15 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vii. PS 15 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - viii. PS 15 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 15 Flush Valve
 - 1. In remote
 - x. PS 15 Flush Valve Open Position Switch
 - 1. Open
 - xi. PS 15 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - xii. PS 15 Generator
 - 1. Run
 - xiii. PS 15 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
 - xiv. PS 15 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator



- 3. ATS utility power available
- xv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xvi. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.7.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 15 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high-high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 15 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 15 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 15 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 15 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 15 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms



b. Software:

- i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
- ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
- iii. PS 15 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
- iv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- v. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.7.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 15 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS15_FIT1512/22) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS15_FIT1538).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.



5.7.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.8 Pump Station 16

Pump Station (PS) 16 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 16 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 16 to the next pump station, PS 17, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Flush Valve. The flush valve at PS 16 consists of a butterfly valve and electric actuator. The flush system draws water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. The flush valve opens at set time intervals to flush the Lakeline pipe. Typically, flushing happens during low flows (at night). Limit switches monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure. A pressure transmitter monitors pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow. Three magnetic flow meters measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.



Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 16 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.8.1 Equipment

Table 5-21. PS 16 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	PS 16 PLC Panel			
SS_RH2_PS16_GNG1600	PS 16 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH2_PS16_MCP1610	PS 16 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH2_PS16_RSP1610	PS 16 Pump 1			
SS_RH2_PS16_RSP1620	PS 16 Pump 2			
SS_RH2_PS16_RSP1630	PS 16 Pump 3			
SS_RH2_PS16_IS1640	PS 16 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH2_PS16_ACT1650	PS 16 Flush Valve Electric Actuator			
SS_RH2_PS16_FLV1650	PS 16 Flush Valve			
SS_RH2_PS16_EF1660	PS 16 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH2_PS16_GEN1690	PS 16 Standby Generator			
SS_RH2_PS16_ATS1691	PS 16 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.8.2 Instruments

Table 5-22	P. PS 16 Instruments
Tag Number	Description
SS_RH2_PS16_YA1608A	PS 16 Beacon
SS_RH2_PS16_YA1608B	PS 16 Horn
SS_RH2_PS16_ZSC1611	PS 16 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH2_PS16_FIT1612	PS 16 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
SS_RH2_PS16_ZSC1621	PS 16 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH2_PS16_FIT1622	PS 16 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
SS_RH2_PS16_ZSC1631	PS 16 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH2_PS16_FIT1632	PS 16 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter



Table 5-22. PS 16 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS16_YS1600	PS 16 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH2_PS16_LSH1607	PS 16 Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS16_LT1641	PS 16 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH2_PS16_LIT1642	PS 16 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH2_PS16_PIT1635	PS 16 Discharge Pressure Transmitter			
SS_RH2_PS16_ZS01650	PS 16 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS16_ZSC1650	PS 16 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS16_FSL1661	PS 16 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH2_PS16_FT1638	PS 16 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS16_LT1690	PS 16 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.8.3 Operation

A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:

a. Local Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
- ii. OFF stops the pump.
- iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).

b. SCADA Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS16_LT1641). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS16_LIT1642).



- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
 - c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.



2. On rising wetwell level:

a. Initial state:

i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.

b. Start Lead pump:

i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag 1 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.

d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag 1 pump:

i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.

c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.



d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-23 below.

Table 5-23. PS 16 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm	8.25	
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm	8.0	Hardwired level control starts Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm	7.25	Hardwired level control starts Pump 1
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm	7.2	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump	7.0	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump	6.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump	6.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump	5.75	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump	6.0	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-23. PS 16 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump	5.0	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump	3.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump	4.25	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump	3.0	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump	3.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump	2.5	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump	2.75	Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm	2.0	Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm	2.25	Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown	1.75	Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. PS 16 Flush Valve is a motorized valve with local and SCADA control capability. The valve has local field controls with LOCAL/OFF/REMOTE (LOR) and OPEN/STOP/CLOSE (OSC) selections and operates as follows:
 - d. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the LOR selector switch is in the OFF position, the valve does not operate.
 - ii. When the LOR selector switch is in LOCAL, the valve can be operated via the OSC selector switch.
 - 1. When in OPEN, the valve is commanded to the fully open position,
 - 2. When in CLOSE, the valve is commanded to the fully closed position.
 - 3. When in STOP, the valve is commanded to stop in the current position.
 - e. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the LOR selector switch is in REMOTE, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the valve at the SCADA HMI.



- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the valve operates as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually open and close the valve via the SCADA HMI.
- f. SCADA Auto Control:
 - i. When SCADA Auto control is selected, the valve operates as follows:
 - 1. The valve is commanded to open automatically at a set time of day (initially set at 12:30 AM) for 10 minutes (operator adjustable).
- C. The PS 16 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.8.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.8.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.



c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. Wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) causes the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.

5.8.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 16 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 16 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 16 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
 - 1. Flow
 - 2. Flow pulse
 - iv. PS 16 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
 - 1. Flow
 - 2. Flow pulse
 - v. PS 16 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter
 - 1. Flow
 - 2. Flow pulse
 - vi. PS 16 Discharge Pressure Transmitter
 - 1. Pressure
 - vii. PS 16 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 16 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 16 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - x. PS 16 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - xi. PS 16 Flush Valve
 - 1. In remote
 - xii. PS 16 Flush Valve Open Position Switch
 - 1. Open



- xiii. PS 16 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xiv. PS 16 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xv. PS 16 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xvi. PS 16 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xvii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xviii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.8.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 16 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high-high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 16 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 16 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 16 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 16 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 16 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 16 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.8.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 16 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS16_FIT1612/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS16_FIT1638).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.8.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.9 Pump Station 17

Pump Station (PS) 17 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 17 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 17 to the next pump station, PS 18, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 17 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.9.1 Equipment

Table 5-24. PS 17 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	PS 17 PLC Panel			
SS_RH2_PS17_GNG1700	PS 17 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH2_PS17_RI01700	PS 17 Remote I/O Panel			
SS_RH2_PS17_MCP1710	PS 17 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH2_PS17_RSP1710	PS 17 Pump 1			
SS_RH2_PS17_RSP1720	PS 17 Pump 2			
SS_RH2_PS17_RSP1730	PS 17 Pump 3			
SS_RH2_PS17_IS1740	PS 17 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH2_PS17_EF1760	PS 17 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH2_PS17_GEN1790	PS 17 Standby Generator			
SS_RH2_PS17_ATS1791	PS 17 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.9.2 Instruments

Table 5-25. PS 17 Instruments		
Tag Number	Description	
SS_RH2_PS17_YA1708A	PS 17 Beacon	
SS_RH2_PS17_YA1708B	PS 17 Horn	



Table 5-25. PS 17 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS17_ZSC1711	PS 17 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_FIT1712	PS 17 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS17_ZSC1721	PS 17 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_FIT1722	PS 17 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS17_ZSC1731	PS 17 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_FIT1732	PS 17 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS17_YS1700	PS 17 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_LSH1707	PS 17 Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_LT1741	PS 17 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH2_PS17_LIT1742	PS 17 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH2_PS17_PIT1735	PS 17 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS17_FSL1761	PS 17 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_FT1738	PS 17 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS17_LSH1790	PS 17 Generator Vault Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS17_LT1790	PS 17 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.9.3 Operation

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.



c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS17_LT1741). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS17_LIT1742).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.



c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
 - c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.



- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-26 below.

Table 5-26. PS 17 Wetwell Level Control Summary					
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes	
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3	
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm			
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	



Table 5-26. PS 17 Wetwell Level Control Summary					
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes	
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level	
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic	
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level	

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 17 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.



- b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
- c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
- d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
- e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.9.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.9.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.9.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 17 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 17 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 17 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)



- iv. PS 17 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- v. PS 17 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- vi. PS 17 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
- vii. PS 17 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- viii. PS 17 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- ix. PS 17 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- x. PS 17 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 17 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 17 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 17 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring



5.9.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 17 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 17 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 17 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 17 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - Low Flow
 - v. PS 17 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 17 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - vii. PS 17 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 17 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)



- v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.9.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 17 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS17_FIT1712/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS17_FIT1738).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.9.9 Operation on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.



5.10 Pump Station 18

Pump Station (PS) 18 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 18 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 18 to the next pump station, PS 19, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 18 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.



5.10.1Equipment

Table 5-27. PS 18 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	PS 18 PLC Panel		
SS_RH2_PS18_GNG1800	PS 18 Go/No-Go Panel		
SS_RH2_PS18_RI01800	PS 18 Remote I/O Panel		
SS_RH2_PS18_MCP1810	PS 18 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS18_RSP1810	PS 18 Pump 1		
SS_RH2_PS18_RSP1820	PS 18 Pump 2		
SS_RH2_PS18_RSP1830	PS 18 Pump 3		
SS_RH2_PS18_IS1840	PS 18 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
SS_RH2_PS18_EF1860	PS 18 Exhaust Fan		
SS_RH2_PS18_GEN1890	PS 18 Standby Generator		
SS_RH2_PS18_ATS1891	PS 18 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)		

5.10.2Instruments

Table 5-28. PS 18 Instruments			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS18_YA1808A	PS 18 Beacon		
SS_RH2_PS18_YA1808B	PS 18 Horn		
SS_RH2_PS18_ZSC1811	PS 18 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_FIT1812	PS 18 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS18_ZSC1821	PS 18 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_FIT1822	PS 18 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS18_ZSC1831	PS 18 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_FIT1832	PS 18 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS18_YS1800	PS 18 Intrusion Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_LSH1807	PS 18 Flood Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_LT1841	PS 18 Level Transmitter (Primary)		
SS_RH2_PS18_LIT1842	PS 18 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)		
SS_RH2_PS18_PIT1835	PS 18 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS18_FSL1861	PS 18 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_FT1838	PS 18 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS18_LSH1890	PS 18 Generator Vault Flood Switch		
SS_RH2_PS18_LT1890	PS 18 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)		

Future instruments are included in the operation description.



5.10.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS18_LT1841). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS18_LIT1842).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.

d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag 1 pump:

 i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.

c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.



- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-29 below.

Table 5-29. PS 18 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-29. PS 18 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 18 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.10.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.



5.10.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.10.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 18 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 18 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 18 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 18 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 18 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vi. PS 18 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vii. PS 18 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 18 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 18 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed



- x. PS 18 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 18 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 18 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 18 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.10.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 18 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 18 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 18 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 18 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 18 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 18 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 18 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.10.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 18 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS18_FIT1812/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS18_FIT1838).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.10.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.11 Pump Station 19

Pump Station (PS) 19 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 19 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 19 to the next pump station, PS 20, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Flush Valve (Future). The flush valve at PS 19 will be replaced as part of a future project. The existing flush valve is not operable since pneumatic equipment has been removed. The flush valve is not connected to SCADA. Once replaced, the existing flush system will draw water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. The future flush valve will consist of a new valve and electric actuator. Limit switches will monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 19 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.11.1Equipment

Table 5-30. PS 19 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	PS 19 PLC Panel			
SS_RH2_PS19_GNG1900	PS 19 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH2_PS19_RI01900	PS 19 Remote I/O Panel			
SS_RH2_PS19_MCP1910	PS 19 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH2_PS19_RSP1910	PS 19 Pump 1			
SS_RH2_PS19_RSP1920	PS 19 Pump 2			
SS_RH2_PS19_RSP1930	PS 19 Pump 3			
SS_RH2_PS19_IS1940	PS 19 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH2_PS19_ACT1950	PS 19 Flush Valve Electric Actuator (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_FLV1950	PS 19 Flush Valve (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_EF1960	PS 19 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH2_PS19_GEN1990	PS 19 Standby Generator			
SS_RH2_PS19_ATS1991	PS 19 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			



5.11.2Instruments

Table 5-31. PS 19 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS19_YA1908A	PS 19 Beacon			
SS_RH2_PS19_YA1908B	PS 19 Horn			
SS_RH2_PS19_ZSC1911	PS 19 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_FIT1912	PS 19 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_ZSC1921	PS 19 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_FIT1922	PS 19 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_ZSC1931	PS 19 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_FIT1932	PS 19 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_YS1900	PS 19 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_LSH1907	PS 19 Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_LT1941	PS 19 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH2_PS19_LIT1942	PS 19 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH2_PS19_PIT1935	PS 19 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_ZS01950	PS 19 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_ZSC1950	PS 19 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_FSL1961	PS 19 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH2_PS19_FT1938	PS 19 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS19_LT1990	PS 19 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.11.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.



- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS19_LT1941). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS19_LIT1942).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.



3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.



3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.



e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-32 below.

Table 5-32. PS 19 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level



Table 5-32. PS 19 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument Source Action Set point (feet) Notes				Notes
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 19 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.11.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.11.5 Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.



c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. In the future, wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) will cause the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.

5.11.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 19 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 19 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 19 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 19 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 19 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vi. PS 19 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vii. PS 19 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 19 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 19 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - x. PS 19 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - xi. PS 19 Flush Valve (Future)
 - 1. In remote (Future)
 - xii. PS 19 Flush Valve Open Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Open (Future)



- xiii. PS 19 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Closed (Future)
- xiv. PS 19 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xv. PS 19 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xvi. PS 19 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xvii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xviii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.11.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 19 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high-high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 19 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 19 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 19 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 19 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 19 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 19 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.11.8Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 19 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS19_FIT1912/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS19_FIT1938).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.11.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.12 Pump Station 20

Pump Station (PS) 20 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 20 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 20 to the next pump station, PS 21, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 20 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.12.1Equipment

Table 5-33. PS 20 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	PS 20 PLC Panel		
SS_RH2_PS20_GNG2000	PS 20 Go/No-Go Panel		
SS_RH2_PS20_RI02000	PS 20 Remote I/O Panel		
SS_RH2_PS20_MCP2010	PS 20 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS20_RSP2010	PS 20 Pump 1		
SS_RH2_PS20_RSP2020	PS 20 Pump 2		
SS_RH2_PS20_RSP2030	PS 20 Pump 3		
SS_RH2_PS20_IS2040	PS 20 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
SS_RH2_PS20_EF2060	PS 20 Exhaust Fan		
SS_RH2_PS20_GEN2090	PS 20 Standby Generator		
SS_RH2_PS20_ATS2091	PS 20 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)		

5.12.2Instruments

Table 5-34. PS 20 Instruments			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS20_YA2008A	PS 20 Beacon		
SS_RH2_PS20_YA2008B	PS 20 Horn		



Table 5-34. PS 20 Instruments			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS20_ZSC2011	PS 20 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_FIT2012	PS 20 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS20_ZSC2021	PS 20 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_FIT2022	PS 20 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS20_ZSC2031	PS 20 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_FIT2032	PS 20 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS20_YS2000	PS 20 Intrusion Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_LSH2007	PS 20 Flood Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_LT2041	PS 20 Level Transmitter (Primary)		
SS_RH2_PS20_ LIT2042	PS 20 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)		
SS_RH2_PS20_ PIT2035	PS 20 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS20_FSL2061	PS 20 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_FT2038	PS 20 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH2_PS20_LSH2090	PS 20 Generator Vault Flood Switch		
SS_RH2_PS20_LT2090	PS 20 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)		

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.12.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.



c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS20_LT2041). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS20_LIT2042).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.



c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
 - c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.



- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-35 below.

Table 5-35. PS 20 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	tput) Hardwired Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm 1, time delay		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3	
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-35. PS 20 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 20 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.



- b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
- c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
- d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
- e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.12.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.12.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screenThe interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.

5.12.6Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 20 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 20 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 20 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)



- iv. PS 20 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- v. PS 20 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- vi. PS 20 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
- vii. PS 20 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- viii. PS 20 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- ix. PS 20 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- x. PS 20 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 20 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 20 Generator Fuel level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 20 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring



5.12.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 20 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 20 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 20 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 20 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 20 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning
 - vi. PS 20 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - vii. PS 20 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 20 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)



- v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.12.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 20 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS20_FIT2012/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS20_FIT2038).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.12.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.



5.13 Pump Station 21

Pump Station (PS) 21 is located within Reach 2, serving the western to southern end of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 21 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 21 to the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 21 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.



5.13.1Equipment

Table 5-36. PS 21 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	PS 21 PLC Panel		
SS_RH2_PS21_GNG2100	PS 21 Go/No-Go Panel		
SS_RH2_PS21_RI02100	PS 21 Remote I/O Panel		
SS_RH2_PS21_MCP2110	PS 21 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH2_PS21_RSP2110	PS 21 Pump 1		
SS_RH2_PS21_RSP2120	PS 21 Pump 2		
SS_RH2_PS21_RSP2130	PS 21 Pump 3		
SS_RH2_PS21_IS2140	PS 21 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
SS_RH2_PS21_EF2160	PS 21 Exhaust Fan		
SS_RH2_PS21_GEN2190	PS 21 Standby Generator		
SS_RH2_PS21_ATS2191	PS 21 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)		

5.13.2Instruments

Table 5-37. PS 21 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH2_PS21_YA2108A	PS 21 Beacon			
SS_RH2_PS21_YA2108B	PS 21 Horn			
SS_RH2_PS21_ZSC2111	PS 21 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_FIT2112	PS 21 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS21_ZSC2121	PS 21 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_FIT2122	PS 21 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS21_ZSC2131	PS 21 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_FIT2132	PS 21 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS21_YS2100	PS 21 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_LSH2107	PS 21 Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_LT2141	PS 21 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH2_PS21_LIT2142	PS 21 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH2_PS21_PIT2135	PS 21 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS21_FSL2161	PS 21 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_FT2138	PS 21 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH2_PS21_LSH2190	PS 21 Generator Vault Flood Switch			
SS_RH2_PS21_LT2190	PS 21 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.



5.13.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS21_LT2141). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH2_PS21_LIT2142).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.

d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag 1 pump:

i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.

c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.



- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-38 below.

Table 5-38. PS 21 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-38. PS 21 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 21 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.13.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.



5.13.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.13.6Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 21 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 21 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 21 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 21 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 21 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vi. PS 21 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vii. PS 21 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 21 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 21 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed



- x. PS 21 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 21 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 21 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 21 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.13.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 21 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 21 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 21 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 21 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 21 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 21 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- vii. PS 21 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 21 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.13.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 20 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH2_PS21_FIT2112/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH2_PS21_FIT2138).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.13.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.14 Pump Station 22

Pump Station (PS) 22 is located within Reach 1, serving the eastern side of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 22 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 22 to the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Flush Valve (Future). The flush valve at PS 22 will be replaced as part of a future project. The existing flush valve consists of a pneumatic actuator and is not connected to SCADA. The existing flush system draws water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. Typically, flushing happens during low flows (at night). The existing flush valve operates based on a local timer and opens at set time intervals to flush the Lakeline pipe. The future flush valve will consist of a new valve and electric actuator. Limit switches will monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 22 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.14.1Equipment

Table 5-39. PS 22 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	PS 22 PLC Panel			
SS_RH1_PS22_GNG2200	PS 22 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH1_PS22_MCP2210	PS 22 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH1_PS22_RSP2210	PS 22 Pump 1			
SS_RH1_PS22_RSP2220	PS 22 Pump 2			
SS_RH1_PS22_RSP2230	PS 22 Pump 3			
SS_RH1_PS22_IS2240	PS 22 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH1_PS22_ACT2250	PS 22 Flush Valve Electric Actuator (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS22_FLV2250	PS 22 Flush Valve (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS22_EF2260	PS 22 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH1_PS22_GEN2290	PS 22 Standby Generator			



Table 5-39. PS 22 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH1_PS22_ATS2291	PS 22 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.14.2Instruments

Table 5-40	. PS 22 Instruments
Tag Number	Description
SS_RH1_PS22_YA2208A	PS 22 Beacon
SS_RH1_PS22_YA2208B	PS 22 Horn
SS_RH1_PS22_ZSC2211	PS 22 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH1_P\$22_FIT2212	PS 22 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_ZSC2221	PS 22 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_FIT2222	PS 22 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_ZSC2231	PS 22 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_FIT2232	PS 22 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_YS2200	PS 22 Intrusion Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_LSH2207	PS 22 Flood Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_LT2241	PS 22 Level Transmitter (Primary)
SS_RH1_PS22_LIT2242	PS 22 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
SS_RH1_PS22_PIT2235	PS 22 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_ZS02250	PS 22 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_ZSC2250	PS 22 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_FSL2261	PS 22 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_FT2238	PS 22 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS22_LSH2290	PS 22 Generator Vault Flood Switch
SS_RH1_PS22_LT2290	PS 22 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.14.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).



b. SCADA Manual Control:

- When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
- ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS22_LT2241). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS22_LIT2242).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.



3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.



3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.



e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-41 below.

Table 5-41. PS 22 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level



Table 5-41. PS 22 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument Source Action Set point (feet)				Notes
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 22 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.14.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.14.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.



c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. In the future, wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) will cause the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.

5.14.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 22 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 22 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 22 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 22 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 22 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vi. PS 22 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vii. PS 22 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 22 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 22 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - x. PS 22 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - xi. PS 22 Flush Valve (Future)
 - 1. In remote (Future)
 - xii. PS 22 Flush Valve Open Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Open (Future)



- xiii. PS 22 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Closed (Future)
- xiv. PS 22 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xv. PS 22 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xvi. PS 22 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xvii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xviii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.14.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 22 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high-high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 22 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 22 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 22 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 22 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 22 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- vii. PS 22 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
- viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 22 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.14.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 22 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH1_PS22_FIT2212/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH1_PS22_FIT2238).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.14.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.15 Pump Station 23

Pump Station (PS) 23 is located within Reach 1, serving the eastern side of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 23 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 23 to the next pump station, PS 22, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch (Future). Pump Station 23 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The City has plans to replace the existing generator in a future project, at which time additional generator and automatic transfer switch (ATS) parameters will be monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch to be monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.15.1Equipment

Table 5-42. PS 23 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300	PS 23 PLC Panel		
SS_RH1_PS23_GNG2300	PS 23 Go/No-Go Panel		
SS_RH1_PS23_MCP2310	PS 23 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH1_PS23_RSP2310	PS 23 Pump 1		
SS_RH1_PS23_RSP2320	PS 23 Pump 2		
SS_RH1_PS23_RSP2330	PS 23 Pump 3		
SS_RH1_PS23_IS2340	PS 23 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
SS_RH1_PS23_EF2360	PS 23 Exhaust Fan		
SS_RH1_PS23_GEN2390	PS 23 Standby Generator (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_ATS2391	PS 23 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS) (Future)		

5.15.2Instruments

Table 5-43. PS 23 Instruments			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH1_PS23_YA2308A	PS 23 Beacon		
SS_RH1_PS23_YA2308B PS 23 Horn			



Table 5-43. PS 23 Instruments			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH1_PS23_ZSC2311	PS 23 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_FIT2312	PS 23 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_ZSC2321	PS 23 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_FIT2322	PS 23 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_ZSC2331	PS 23 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_FIT2332	PS 23 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_YS2300	PS 23 Intrusion Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_LSH2307	PS 23 Flood Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_LT2341	PS 23 Level Transmitter (Primary)		
SS_RH1_PS23_LIT2342	PS 23 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)		
SS_RH1_PS23_PIT2335	PS 23 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_FSL2361	PS 23 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch		
SS_RH1_PS23_FT2338	PS 23 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_LSH2390	PS 23 Generator Vault Flood Switch (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS23_LT2390	PS 23 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)		

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.15.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.



c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS23_LT2341). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS23_LIT2342).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.



c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - d. Start Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
 - iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
 - c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.



- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.
- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-44 below.

Table 5-44. PS 23 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA



Table 5-44. PS 23 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 23 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.



- b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
- c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
- d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
- e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.15.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.15.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.15.6Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 23 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 23 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 23 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)



- iv. PS 23 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- v. PS 23 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- vi. PS 23 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
- vii. PS 23 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
- viii. PS 23 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- ix. PS 23 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- x. PS 23 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 23 Generator (Future)
 - 1. Run (Future)
- xii. PS 23 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 23 ATS (Future)
 - 1. ATS in normal (Future)
 - 2. ATS in generator (Future)
 - 3. ATS utility power available (Future)
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring



5.15.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 23 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 23 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 23 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 23 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 23 Generator (Future)
 - 1. Fail (Future)
 - 2. Low fuel alarm (Future)
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning (Future)
 - vi. PS 23 Generator Vault Flood Switch (Future)
 - 1. Flood alarm (Future)
 - vii. PS 23 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
 - b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 23 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)



- v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.15.8Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 23 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH1_PS23_FIT2312/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH1_PS23_FIT2338).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.15.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.



5.16 Pump Station 24

Pump Station (PS) 24 is located within Reach 1, serving the eastern side of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 24 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with three constant speed pumps. The station has a hydraulic grade manhole (HGMH) located downstream of the station to provide recirculation of sewage back to the wetwell. The HGMH structure is intended to protect private property should the Lakeline get plugged.

Control Overview. The three constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 24 to the next pump station, PS 23, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Three magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

HGMH Flow (Future). A flow meter will be installed in the future to monitor flow through the HGMH. This meter will be used to determine the frequency and quantity of discharge flow being recirculated to the wetwell. This information is important in understanding Lakeline health.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch. Pump Station 24 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The generator and associated automatic transfer switch (ATS) are monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch that is monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.



5.16.1Equipment

Table 5-45. PS 24 Equipment				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	PS 24 PLC Panel			
SS_RH1_PS24_GNG2400	PS 24 Go/No-Go Panel			
SS_RH1_PS24_RI02400	PS 24 Remote I/O Panel			
SS_RH1_PS24_MCP2410	PS 24 Motor Control Panel			
SS_RH1_PS24_RSP2410	PS 24 Pump 1			
SS_RH1_PS24_RSP2420	PS 24 Pump 2			
SS_RH1_PS24_RSP2430	PS 24 Pump 3			
SS_RH1_PS24_IS2440	PS 24 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel			
SS_RH1_PS24_EF2460	PS 24 Exhaust Fan			
SS_RH1_PS24_GEN2490	PS 24 Standby Generator			
SS_RH1_PS24_ATS2491	PS 24 Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS)			

5.16.2Instruments

Table 5-46. PS 24 Instruments				
Tag Number	Description			
SS_RH1_PS24_YA2408A	PS 24 Beacon			
SS_RH1_PS24_YA2408B	PS 24 Horn			
SS_RH1_PS24_ZSC2411	PS 24 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_FIT2412	PS 24 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS24_ZSC2421	PS 24 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_FIT2422	PS 24 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS24_ZSC2431	PS 24 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_FIT2432	PS 24 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS24_YS2400	PS 24 Intrusion Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_LSH2407	PS 24 Flood Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_LT2441	PS 24 Level Transmitter (Primary)			
SS_RH1_PS24_LIT2442	PS 24 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)			
SS_RH1_PS24_PIT2435	PS 24 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS24_FSL2461	PS 24 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_FT2438	PS 24 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS24_LSH2490	PS 24 Generator Vault Flood Switch			
SS_RH1_PS24_LT2490	PS 24 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)			

Future instruments are included in the operation description.



5.16.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.
 - 2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS24_LT2441). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS24_LIT2442).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.

d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- i. When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

- a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
- b. Stop Lag 1 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.
- c. Stop Lag 2 pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, up to three pumps operate as Lead/Lag 1/Lag 2.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag 1 pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump starts.



d. Start Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Start Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lag 1 pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump starts.
- iii. When the Lag 2 pump is called to run, an alarm is signaled at SCADA.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag 1 pump:

 i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag 1 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 1 pump stops.

c. Stop Lag 2 pump:

- When the level reaches the Stop Lag 2 level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag 2 pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. After a set time delay (via time delay relay) and the low level has not been reached, Start Pump 3.
 - 4. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.



- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-47 below.

Table 5-47. PS 24 Wetwell Level Control Summary					
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes	
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm			
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2, time delay relay to start Pump 3	
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm			
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 1 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag 2 Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA	



Table 5-47. PS 24 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.

- B. The PS 24 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.16.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.



5.16.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. The interlock automatically resets after the high level condition clears.

5.16.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 24 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 24 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 24 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 24 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 24 Pump 3 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - vi. PS 24 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vii. PS 24 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - viii. PS 24 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - ix. PS 24 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed



- x. PS 24 Pump 3 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
- xi. PS 24 Generator
 - 1. Run
- xii. PS 24 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
- xiii. PS 24 ATS
 - 1. ATS in normal
 - 2. ATS in generator
 - 3. ATS utility power available
- xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.16.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 24 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 24 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 24 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 24 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 24 Generator
 - 1. Fail
 - 2. Low fuel alarm



- 3. Pre-alarm warning
- vi. PS 24 Generator Vault Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
- vii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
- viii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of two pumps to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
 - ii. Lag 2 pump called to run
 - 1. Generate an alarm when the Lag 2 pump is called to run.
 - iii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
 - iv. PS 24 Hydraulic Grade Manhole Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow alarm (Future)
 - v. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
 - vi. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.16.8 Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. Recirculation flow (future) measured by the HGMH flow meter is subtracted from the incoming flow rate to determine the overall station inlet flow. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.



- c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 20 Pumps 1-3 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH1_PS24_FIT2412/22/32) minus the flow measured through the HGMH (SS_RH1_PS24_FIT2438).
- d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
- e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
- f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
- g. Generator run times (Future)
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.

5.16.90 peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.

5.17 Pump Station 25

Pump Station (PS) 25 is located within Reach 1, serving the eastern side of the island before ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. PS 25 is a dry well/wetwell configuration with two constant speed pumps.

Control Overview. The two constant speed pumps operate using lead/lag control to draw down the sewage in a wetwell, discharging to the Lakeline pipe. From the Lakeline pipe, the sewage is transferred from PS 25 to the next pump station, PS 24, in the reach, eventually ending at the King County South Mercer Pump Station. Pumps start and stop based on wetwell level.

Wetwell Level. The wetwell is equipped with two means of level control and monitoring: a primary level transmitter and a secondary (backup) level system. A submersible pressure transducer is the primary means of level control for the pumps. Should the primary instrument or PLC fail, a FogRod level system provides secondary monitoring and hardwired backup control for the pumps. The FogRod system consists of a series of conductivity switches wired to a transmitter. The FogRod transmitter monitors the level of the wetwell. The primary and secondary levels are compared and alarm if there is a disagreement.

Check Valve. Each pump has an associated check valve on the discharge line. The check valve opens when the pump is started. The closed position of the check valve is monitored by a limit switch.



Flush Valve (Future). The flush valve at PS 25 will be replaced as part of a future project. The existing flush valve consists of a pneumatic actuator and is not connected to SCADA. The existing flush system draws water from the lake to provide flushing of the Lakeline pipe downstream of the pump station. Typically, flushing happens during low flows (at night). The existing flush valve operates based on a local timer and opens at set time intervals to flush the Lakeline pipe. The future flush valve will consist of a new valve and electric actuator. Limit switches will monitor the open and closed positions of the valve.

Pump Discharge Pressure (Future). A pressure transmitter will be installed in the future to monitor pressure on the common pump discharge header.

Station Flow (Future). Two magnetic flow meters will be installed in the future to measure the discharge flow of each pump.

Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch and Go/No-Go Panel. An exhaust fan in the dry well provides the required number of air changes to declassify the dry well space. A thermal flow switch in the exhaust duct confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the setpoint, then a low flow alarm is generated. The low flow alarm is tied into a Go/No-Go Panel inside the station hatch door and horn/beacon inside the dry well to warn operators of low ventilation flow and a No-Go condition.

Generator and Automatic Transfer Switch (Future). Pump Station 25 has a standby generator to supply backup power to the station. The City has plans to replace the existing generator in a future project, at which time additional generator and automatic transfer switch (ATS) parameters will be monitored by SCADA. The generator and ATS are located in a below grade vault which has a flood switch to be monitored by SCADA.

Flood Switch. A flood switch is located at the bottom of the dry well pump level to indicate flood conditions in the dry well.

5.17.1Equipment

Table 5-48. PS 25 Equipment			
Tag Number	Description		
SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	PS 25 PLC Panel		
SS_RH1_PS25_GNG2500	PS 25 Go/No-Go Panel		
SS_RH1_PS25_MCP2510	PS 25 Motor Control Panel		
SS_RH1_PS25_RSP2510	PS 25 Pump 1		
SS_RH1_PS25_RSP2520	PS 25 Pump 2		
SS_RH1_PS25_IS2540	PS 25 Intrinsically Safe (IS) Panel		
PS 25 Flush Valve Electric A (Future)			
SS_RH1_PS25_FLV2550	PS 25 Flush Valve (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS25_EF2560	PS 25 Exhaust Fan		
SS_RH1_PS25_GEN2590	PS 25 Standby Generator (Future)		
SS_RH1_PS25_ATS2591 PS 25 Automatic Transfer Sw (ATS) (Future)			



5.17.2Instruments

Table 5-49	. PS 25 Instruments
Tag Number	Description
SS_RH1_PS25_YA2508A	PS 25 Beacon
SS_RH1_PS25_YA2508B	PS 25 Horn
SS_RH1_PS25_ZSC2511	PS 25 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH1_PS25_FIT2512	PS 25 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_ZSC2521	PS 25 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
SS_RH1_PS25_FIT2522	PS 25 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_YS2500	PS 25 Intrusion Switch
SS_RH1_PS25_LSH2507	PS 25 Flood Switch
SS_RH1_PS25_LT2541	PS 25 Level Transmitter (Primary)
SS_RH1_PS25_ LIT2542	PS 25 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
SS_RH1_PS25_ PIT2535	PS 25 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_ZS02550	PS 25 Flush Valve Open Limit Switch (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_ZSC2550	PS 25 Flush Valve Closed Limit Switch (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_FSL2561	PS 25 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
SS_RH1_PS25_LSH2590	PS 25 Generator Vault Flood Switch (Future)
SS_RH1_PS25_ LT2590	PS 25 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)

Future instruments are included in the operation description.

5.17.30 peration

- A. The local HAND/OFF/AUTO (HOA) selector switch at the motor starter panel for each pump can be operated as follows:
 - a. Local Manual Control:
 - i. When the HOA is in HAND, local control is enabled. The operator can then select the FORWARD pushbutton to start the pump. Once FORWARD is pushed, the pump runs continuously.
 - ii. OFF stops the pump.
 - iii. AUTO enables SCADA control or local hardwired control (backup level control).
 - b. SCADA Manual Control:
 - When the HOA is in AUTO, SCADA control is enabled. The operator can then select between SCADA Manual and SCADA Auto control of the equipment at the SCADA HMI.
 - ii. When SCADA Manual control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. The operator can manually start and stop the pump via the SCADA HMI.



2. The operator can also select a "WETWELL DRAWDOWN" option via the SCADA HMI. When this is selected, the pump starts and continues to run until the Lead Stop level set point is reached.

c. SCADA Auto Control:

- i. The wetwell level control method (primary transmitter or FogRod) is operator selectable and displayed on the HMI screen. Under normal operation, pumps are started and stopped based on the primary level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS25_LT2541). If the FogRod is selected, pumps are started and stopped based on the analog output signal from the FogRod level transmitter (SS_RH1_PS25_LIT2542).
- ii. When primary level transmitter SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, the two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.
 - 2. On rising wetwell level:
 - a. Initial state:
 - i. The level is below the Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.
 - b. Start Lead pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.
 - c. Start Lag pump:
 - When the level reaches the Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
 - 3. On falling wetwell level:
 - a. Stop Lead pump:
 - When the level falls below the Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.
 - b. Stop Lag pump:
 - i. When the level reaches the Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iii. When FogRod SCADA Auto Control is selected, the pumps operate as follows:
 - 1. During operation, two pumps operate as Lead/Lag.



2. On rising wetwell level:

a. Initial state:

i. The level is below the FogRod Start Lead level set point, and all pumps are stopped.

b. Start Lead pump:

i. When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lead level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump starts.

c. Start Lag pump:

- When the level reaches the FogRod Start Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.
- ii. Alternatively, if the Lead pump is running longer than an adjustable time period, the Lag pump starts.

3. On falling wetwell level:

a. Stop Lead pump:

 i. When the level falls below the FogRod Lead Stop level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lead pump stops.

b. Stop Lag pump:

- i. When the level reaches the FogRod Stop Lag level set point and is maintained for an adjustable time period, the Lag pump stops.
- iv. While in SCADA Auto, pumps alternate after each run cycle as described in Section 3.6.7.
- v. If SCADA Auto control is not enabled for a pump or the pump fails to run when it is called to operate, that pump's sequence position is set to OOS (out of service) and is skipped in the operational sequence and the next pump in the sequence assumes its new role.

d. Local Hardwired Control:

- i. When the HOA is in Auto, local hardwired level control is enabled as a backup to SCADA control. Output contacts from the FogRod level transmitter are hardwired to start and stop the pumps if the wetwell level falls outside of the normal operating range. The FogRod relay outputs will be positioned outside the boundary of the SCADA level setpoints. The FogRod output contacts and relay logic are hardwired as follows:
 - 1. High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 1.
 - 2. High High level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Start Pump 2.
 - 3. Low level (XX FT, setpoint TBD): Stop all pumps.



- ii. A local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton is mounted to the front of the IS panel to stop the pumps while under hardwired FogRod control. The local FOGROD PUMP RESET pushbutton will only stop the pumps if the level is below the FogRod High level setpoint.
- iii. A hardwired FogRod control remote reset button can be selected at the SCADA HMI to remotely stop the pumps from running while under hardwired control.
- e. Wetwell level control is summarized in Table 5-50 below.

Table 5-50. PS 25 Wetwell Level Control Summary				
Instrument	Source	Action	Set point (feet)	Notes
Level Transmitter	Software	High high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	FogRod high high level alarm		
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Start Pump 1 / FogRod high level alarm		Hardwired level control starts Pump 1, time delay relay to start Pump 2
Level Transmitter	Software	High level alarm		
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Start Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lag Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
FogRod	Software	Stop Lead Pump		Instrument is based on selected wetwell level control method at SCADA
Level Transmitter	Software	Low level alarm		Warning alarm on low level
FogRod (Relay Output)	Hardwired	Stop Pump(s) / FogRod low level alarm		Hardwired level control stops all Pump(s) from FogRod high level control starts pumps logic
Level Transmitter	Software	Low low level shutdown		Software interlock to shutdown pumps on low-low level

Set points to be tuned in the field during start up.



- B. The PS 25 Exhaust Fan operates continuously to provide the required number of air changes for the dry well. The Exhaust Fan operates via local control only (no SCADA control). The exhaust fan low flow switch and Go/No-Go panel operate as follows:
 - a. The station has a Go/No-Go panel inside the dry well hatch door. The panel has a "Go" green light and a "No-Go" red light, with "Go" signifying it is safe to enter and "No-Go" signifying the space is not safe to enter. In addition to the Go/No-Go Panel at the station entrance, there is a horn/beacon inside the pump station dry well. The Go/No-Go panel has a "horn silence" pushbutton, which allows the operator to silence the horn for 15 minutes under a "No-Go" condition while the beacon remains lit.
 - b. A low flow switch in the ventilation ducting confirms that the exhaust fan is running at an acceptable flow rate. If the flow drops below the low flow setpoint, a low flow alarm is generated. The low air flow alarm is hardwired into the Go/No-Go panel and the horn/beacon.
 - c. A low flow alarm creates a "No-Go" situation signifying the space is not safe to enter, and the "No-Go" light is on. When the low flow alarm is not active, the "Go" light is on (hardwired).
 - d. The horn and beacon activate upon a low flow alarm. The horn is tied to the pump station access hatch position (intrusion switch) and alarms in the hatch open position only (hardwired). The horn can be silenced temporarily using the "horn silence" pushbutton on the Go/No-Go panel.
 - e. The low flow alarm is monitored at SCADA.

5.17.4 Hardwired Interlocks

- A. The following are hardwired interlocks active in LOCAL or SCADA control:
 - a. Motor overload is hardwired to shut off the motor. The motor overload reset button is located on front of the motor starter panel.

5.17.5Software Interlocks

- A. The following are PLC logic interlocks active in SCADA Manual or SCADA Auto control:
 - a. Wetwell low low level (operator adjustable) based on the primary level transmitter causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low low level condition clears. This software interlock is only active if the primary level transmitter is being used for control.
 - b. Wetwell low level based on the FogRod causes the pump to shutdown or prohibit start. The interlock automatically resets after the low level condition clears.
 - c. If an out-of-range alarm on the wetwell primary level transmitter is active, the secondary level transmitter becomes the primary until the alarm clears. Interlock can be enabled/disabled from the HMI screen. In the future, wetwell high high level (operator adjustable) will cause the flush valve to close or prohibit open. The interlock automatically resets after the high high level condition clears.



5.17.6 Monitoring

- A. In addition to the common statuses specified in Section 3.6.2, the following statuses are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 25 Level Transmitter (Primary)
 - 1. Level
 - ii. PS 25 FogRod Level Transmitter (Secondary)
 - 1. Level
 - iii. PS 25 Pump 1 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - iv. PS 25 Pump 2 Discharge Flow Meter/Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Flow (Future)
 - 2. Flow pulse (Future)
 - v. PS 25 Discharge Pressure Transmitter (Future)
 - 1. Pressure (Future)
 - vi. PS 25 Pump 1 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - vii. PS 25 Pump 2 Check Valve Limit Switch
 - 1. Closed
 - viii. PS 25 Flush Valve (Future)
 - 1. In remote (Future)
 - ix. PS 25 Flush Valve Open Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Open (Future)
 - x. PS 25 Flush Valve Closed Position Switch (Future)
 - 1. Closed (Future)
 - xi. PS 25 Generator (Future)
 - 1. Run (Future)
 - xii. PS 25 Generator Fuel Level Sensor (Future)
 - 1. Level (Future)
 - xiii. PS 25 ATS (Future)
 - 1. ATS in normal (Future)
 - 2. ATS in generator (Future)
 - 3. ATS utility power available (Future)
 - xiv. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.



- xv. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired status points.
- b. Software:
 - i. Refer to Section 3.7 for common monitoring functions:
 - 1. Communication interfaces
 - 2. Site PLC monitoring

5.17.7 Alarming

- A. In addition to the common alarms specified in Section 3.6.2, the following alarms are continually monitored and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Hardwired:
 - i. PS 25 FogRod Level Transmitter (via relay outputs)
 - 1. Wetwell high high level
 - 2. Wetwell high level
 - 3. Wetwell low level
 - 4. FogRod level fault (Cable short circuit/grease buildup)
 - ii. PS 25 Flood Switch
 - 1. Flood alarm
 - iii. PS 25 Station Intrusion Switch
 - 1. Intrusion alarm
 - iv. PS 25 Exhaust Fan Low Flow Switch
 - 1. Low Flow
 - v. PS 25 Generator (Future)
 - 1. Fail (Future)
 - 2. Low fuel alarm (Future)
 - 3. Pre-alarm warning (Future)
 - vi. PS 25 Generator Vault Flood Switch (Future)
 - 1. Flood alarm (Future)
 - vii. PS 25 Motor Control Panel
 - 1. Phase fail
 - viii. Refer to Section 3.6.2 for pump status, output, and alarms for constant speed pumps.
 - ix. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Common panel hardwired alarms



b. Software:

- i. Refer to 3.9.3 for 'Insufficient Pumps in Ready State' alarm:
 - 1. Require a minimum of one pump to be in Ready State, or generate an alarm.
- ii. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - 1. Refer to Section 5.1.8.
- iii. Refer to Section 3.7 for common alarm functions:
 - 1. Communication interface alarms
 - 2. Site PLC alarms
- iv. Refer to Section I/O Alarming3.1.2 for common I/O Alarming.

5.17.8Calculations

- A. The following calculations are performed and displayed at the SCADA HMI:
 - a. Wetwell level rate of rise and station inlet flow
 - i. While pumps are OFF, the wetwell level rate of rise is calculated using the wetwell level signal and an operator entered gallons per foot setting for the wetwell. This information is used to calculate the incoming flow rate to the wetwell on a continuous basis. While pumps are running, this calculation is paused.
 - b. Level transmitter measurement discrepancy
 - i. The difference between the two level transmitter measurements is calculated. A level transmitter measurement discrepancy alarm is activated when the difference between measurements exceeds an operator-adjustable set point based on percentage of calibrated range. Note the FogRod level transmitter can only measure in 10% intervals.
 - c. Station discharge flow total (Future)
 - i. Calculate the station total flow as the sum of the PS 25 Pumps 1-2 Flow Meters/Transmitters (SS_RH1_PS25_FIT2512/22).
 - d. Flow Pulse Totalization (Future)
 - i. Refer to flow pulse totalization in Section 3.2.4.
 - e. Pump run times
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.
 - f. Pump starts
 - i. Refer to equipment starts in Section 3.2.3.
 - g. Generator run times (Future)
 - i. Refer to equipment run times in Section 3.2.2.



5.17.90peration on Generator

- A. Loss of Power:
 - a. On loss of power, while the pump HOA is in AUTO, equipment automatically restarts when power is returned. While the pump HOA is in HAND, equipment requires operator initiation at the motor starter panel via the FORWARD pushbutton.
 - b. When switching on/off generator, time delays (initially set at 15 seconds) on the pump 'fail to start' and check valve 'fail to open' alarms are implemented so that the pumps do not fault.





Section 6

Limitations

This document was prepared solely for City of Mercer Island in accordance with professional standards at the time the services were performed and in accordance with the contract between City of Mercer Island and Brown and Caldwell dated April 4, 2019. This document is governed by the specific scope of work authorized by City of Mercer Island; it is not intended to be relied upon by any other party except for regulatory authorities contemplated by the scope of work. We have relied on information or instructions provided by City of Mercer Island and other parties and, unless otherwise expressly indicated, have made no independent investigation as to the validity, completeness, or accuracy of such information.

Further, Brown and Caldwell makes no warranties, express or implied, with respect to this document, except for those, if any, contained in the agreement pursuant to which the document was prepared.

All data, drawings, documents, or information contained this report have been prepared exclusively for the person or entity to whom it was addressed and may not be relied upon by any other person or entity without the prior written consent of Brown and Caldwell unless otherwise provided by the Agreement pursuant to which these services were provided.





Section 7

References

General Sewer Plan, City of Mercer Island, 2018.

SCADA and Smart Utility Standards, City of Mercer Island, 2019 (draft).

Sewer System Lake Line Access Evaluation and Lake Line Program Development, City of Mercer Island, 2019.





SECTION 40 63 43

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS AND INTERFACE TERMINALS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope

- This Section specifies requirements for programmable logic controllers (PLC) designed to
 execute discrete and continuous control logic with high reliability in industrial applications.
 This Section also specifies remote input/outputs (RIO) and panel-mounted operator
 interface terminals (OIT) to serve as graphical user interfaces for local control, monitoring,
 alarming, and data logging.
- 2. Mount PLCs, RIOs, and OITs in existing control panel enclosures or new panel enclosures as specified. Enclosures and components not specific to the PLC platform are specified in Section 40 67 00.
- 3. Software licensing will be purchased by the Owner.

B. PLC and RIO Schedule

Provide each site with a PLC or RIO as indicated in the schedule below. Refer to Section 40 67 00A Panel Schedule and the Drawings for site PLC, RIO, and OIT requirements. Refer to Section 40 67 00A Panel Schedule for site PLC processor and memory card requirements. Size PLC or RIO based on minimum I/O card requirements in Section 40 67 00A Panel Schedule and per Section 40 61 93A Input/Output List.

Site	Panel No.	PLC or RIO No.	Testing
Pump Station 1	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	SS_RH4_PS01_PLC0101	40 61 21
Pump Station 1	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00100	SS_RH4_PS01_RI00101	40 61 21
Pump Station 4	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	SS_RH3_PS04_ PLC0401	40 61 21
Pump Station 10	SS_RH5_PS10_CAB1000	SS_RH5_PS10_ PLC1001	40 61 21
Flush Station 12	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	SS_RH5_FS12_ PLC1201	40 61 21
Pump Station 13	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	SS_RH3_PS13_ PLC1301	40 61 21
Pump Station 13	SS_RH3_PS13_RI01300	SS_RH3_PS13_ RI01301	40 61 21
Pump Station 14	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	SS_RH2_PS14_ PLC1401	40 61 21
Pump Station 15	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	SS_RH2_PS15_ PLC1501	40 61 21
Pump Station 16	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	SS_RH2_PS16_ PLC1601	40 61 21
Pump Station 17	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	SS_RH2_PS17_ PLC1701	40 61 21
Pump Station 17	SS_RH2_PS17_RI01700	SS_RH2_PS17_ RI01701	40 61 21
Pump Station 18	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_ PLC1801	40 61 21
Pump Station 18	SS_RH2_PS18_RI01800	SS_RH2_PS18_ RI01801	40 61 21
Pump Station 19	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_ PLC1901	40 61 21
Pump Station 19	SS_RH2_PS19_RI01900	SS_RH2_PS19_ RI01901	40 61 21
Pump Station 20	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_ PLC2001	40 61 21
Pump Station 20	SS_RH2_PS20_RI02000	SS_RH2_PS20_ RI02001	40 61 21
Pump Station 21	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_ PLC2101	40 61 21
Pump Station 21	SS_RH2_PS21_RI02100	SS_RH2_PS21_ RI02101	40 61 21
Pump Station 22	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_ PLC2201	40 61 21

Site	Panel No.	PLC or RIO No.	Testing
Pump Station 23	SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300	SS_RH1_PS23_ PLC2301	40 61 21
Pump Station 24	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_ PLC2401	40 61 21
Pump Station 24	SS_RH1_PS24_RI02400	SS_RH1_PS24_ RI02401	40 61 21
Pump Station 25	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500	SS_RH1_PS25_ PLC2501	40 61 21

C. General Requirements

1. General requirements shall be as specified in Sections 40 61 13 and 40 67 00.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. References

- 1. This Section contains references to the following documents that are part of this section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains references to other standards, those documents are included as references under this Section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this Section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of this Section shall prevail.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids.
- 3. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.
- 4. Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those documents shall mean the specific document version associated with that date, regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued or replaced.

Reference	Title
IEC 61131-3	Programmable Controllers - Part 3: Programming Languages
NEMA IA 2.2	Programmable Controllers – Equipment Requirements and Tests
NEMA IA 2.3	Programmable Controllers - Programming Languages

- B. This Section references other sections with associated work specified therein:
 - 1. Section 40 61 21 Process Control System Testing
 - 2. Section 40 61 93 Process Control System Input/Output List
 - 3. Section 40 67 00 Control System Equipment Panels and Racks

1.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.

B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.

C. Action Submittals:

- 1. A copy of this Specification Section, with addendum updates included, and all referenced and applicable Sections, with addendum updates included, with each paragraph checkmarked to indicate Specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from Specification requirements. A check mark shall denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole.
 - a. If deviations from the Specifications are indicated, and therefore requested by the Contractor, each deviation shall be underlined and denoted by a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph, referenced to a detailed written explanation of the reasons for requesting the deviation.
 - b. The Engineer shall be the final authority for determining acceptability of requested deviations. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined will signify compliance on the part of the Contractor with the Specifications.
 - c. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up Specification Sections, along with justification(s) for any requested deviations to the Specification requirements, with the submittal shall be sufficient cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.
- 2. A copy of the contract documents relating to the submitted equipment, with addendum updates that apply to the equipment in this section, marked to show specific changes necessary for the equipment proposed in the submittal. If no changes are required, mark the drawing(s) "no changes required" on the drawing index. Drawings marked "no changes required" on the drawing index do not need to be included in the submittal. Failure to include copies of the relevant drawings with the submittal shall be cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further review.
- 3. Marked product literature for the equipment specified herein.
- 4. PLC Input/Output (I/O) interconnection diagram drawings.
- 5. Internal power distribution schematic diagram drawings.
- 6. PLC power supply loading calculations.
- 7. Bill of Material for the equipment specified herein, organized by site, including the following component information:
 - a. Functional name or description
 - b. Manufacturer
 - c. Model number
 - d. Quantity
- 8. PLC rack layout diagram.
- 9. List of spare parts to be provided and quantities.

D. Closeout Submittals:

- 1. Submit under Section 40 61 21 and per the requirements of this Section.
 - a. Operating and maintenance information shall be provided in accordance with Section 01 78 23. Include the following for the PLC system:
 - 1) Manufacturer, Representative, and Supplier contact information.

- 2) Manufacturer instruction manuals shall include only the following as applicable to the PLC system:
 - a) Safety Precautions.
 - b) Environmental Conditions.
 - c) Troubleshooting guides and diagnostic techniques.
 - d) Component connection diagrams.
 - e) Removal and replacement instructions.
- 3) Warranty information.
- 4) Final reviewed submittal.
- 5) As-built drawings with record of switch and jumper settings for all components.
- 6) List of spare parts provided.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 GENERAL

A. Manufacturer

- 1. The PLC/RIO manufacturer and model shall be Siemens ET200SP family of PLC controllers.
- 2. The OIT manufacturer and model shall be Siemens TP1200 Comfort Panel.
- 3. Manufacturers and models shall be as specified for the purpose of compatible and efficient utilization of existing equipment, supplies, and personnel training and experience; no substitutions are permitted.
- 4. Where there is conflict in the part numbers between the drawings and this Section, this Section shall prevail.

B. Materials

1. Equipment and/or products shall be new and unused at the time of system assembly and must not be scheduled for end of service by the manufacturer.

2.02 PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER

- A. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Siemens.
- B. Processor:
 - 1. Siemens 1510SP-1 PN.
 - a. Part number: 6ES7510-1DJ01-0AB0.
 - 2. Accessories:
 - a. SD Memory card
 - 1) 4MB storage. Part number: 6ES7954-8LC03-0AA0.
 - b. Bus Adapter
 - 1) 2 RJ45 Ports for PROFINET. Part number: 6ES7193-6AR00-0AA0

- C. Networking Connections: Provide all communication interfaces, network cables, taps, terminators, power supplies, and accessories for a complete operating network.
 - 1. DNP3 Module.
 - a. Part number: 6GK7542-6VX00-0XE0.
 - b. Bus Adapter 2 RJ45 Ports. Part number: 6ES7193-6AR00-0AA0
 - 2. PROFINET Interface Module.
 - a. Part number: 6ES7155-6AR00-0AN0.
- D. Input and Output Modules:
 - 1. Digital Inputs:
 - a. Part number: 6ES7131-6BH01-0BA0.
 - 2. Digital Outputs:
 - a. Part number: 6ES7132-6BH01-0BA0.
 - 3. Analog Inputs:
 - a. Part number: 6ES7134-6GD01-0BA1.
 - 4. Analog Outputs (SPARE ONLY):
 - a. Part number: 6ES7135-6HD00-0BA1.
 - Accessories:
 - a. Separated Base Unit. Part number: 6ES7193-6BP00-0DA0.
 - b. Jumpered Base Unit. Part number: 6ES7193-6BP00-0BA0.
 - 6. Spare Input/Outputs (Installed):
 - a. Refer to Section 40 67 00A Panel Schedule for minimum I/O card requirements by site.
- E. Miscellaneous:
 - 1. Provide all cables, taps, terminators, power supplies, and accessories for a complete operating PLC system. Include in Bill of Materials list.

2.03 OPERATOR INTERFACE TERMINAL

- A. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Siemens.
- B. Operator Interface Terminal:
 - 1. 12" Comfort Panel. SIMATIC HMI TP1200 Comfort.
 - a. Part number: 6AV2124-0MC01-0AX0.
 - 2. Accessories:
 - a. SD Memory card 2GB storage. Part number: 6AV2181-8XP00-0AX0.

2.04 NOT USED

2.05 SPARE PARTS

- A. The following spare parts shall be provided:
 - 1. One of each unique processor module.
 - 2. One of each unique communication module.

- 3. One for each ten, minimum of one for each unique I/O module.
- 4. Three of each unique terminal base unit.
- 5. One 12" operator interface terminal.

2.06 CONTROL PANEL FABRICATION

- A. Refer to Section 40 67 00.
- B. Detail shop drawings showing field connections and any terminal block jumpering required.
- C. Terminate all used and spare I/O wiring to terminal blocks.
- D. Refer to Section 40 67 00 for wire numbers.
- E. Refer to input/output card drawings for terminal connections.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Refer to Section 40 67 00. PLC to be DIN rail mounted inside control panels as specified in Section 40 67 00 and on the Drawings.
- B. Connect input and output devices to the PLC via control panel terminal blocks, not directly to the PLC.

3.02 FIELD INSPECTION AND TESTING

- A. Refer to Section 40 67 00.
- B. Systems Integrator: The supplier of each PLC system shall provide a qualified service representative to perform the following:
 - 1. Inspect the PLC, RIO, and OIT installation including I/O and network systems, hardware configuration switch and jumper settings.
 - 2. Monitor all PLC system diagnostic indicators, both hardware and software, and certify that the PLC, RIO, and OIT system performance meets or exceeds the Manufacturer's published specifications.
 - 3. Assist in all testing. The Systems Integrator's time on site shall be based on Section 01 32 16 Construction Progress Schedule.
 - 4. Coordinate with Owner's Programmer for modification to PLC programs as required.
 - 5. Certify in writing to the Engineer that the PLC system has been installed and configured in accordance with the Manufacturer's published guidelines.

C. Contractor

1. Fault or trouble conditions shall be investigated and resolved by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the PLC supplier.

3.03 TRAINING

- A. Training shall conform to the requirements of Section 01 79 00.
- B. In addition to Section 40 61 13 requirements, provide four (4) hours of operating and maintenance training at the Project site to the Owner's personnel on the product components/hardware by the manufacturer or certified representative. Training shall include:
 - 1. Hardware overview.
 - 2. Power-up and power down of hardware.
 - 3. Description of status and trouble indication lights.
 - 4. Definition and identification of fault codes, trouble codes, and common troubleshooting.
 - 5. Installation, removal, and replacement of components/hardware parts.
 - 6. Ensure component is properly networked and the network is active.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 67 00

CONTROL SYSTEM EQUIPMENT PANELS AND RACKS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope:

- 1. This section specifies requirements for process control system (PCS) control panels.
- 2. This section specifies requirements for power supply and conditioning equipment required to support the instrumentation and communication systems specified.
- Provide the instrument, control, and monitoring features indicated on the drawings.
 Panels shall be arranged to separate control and instrument devices from power
 wiring. Panel shall be arranged for dedicated field wiring terminations rated for 600
 Vac or less for power, control, and instrument signal wiring, in accordance with NEC
 Article 409.
- 4. Panels shall be fabricated by a UL-508A recognized facility and shall bear the appropriate UL 508A Industrial Control Panel label. Panels for Hazardous (Classified) locations shall bear the appropriate UL 698A label. Panels shall be labeled in accordance with Article 409 of the National Electrical Code.
- 5. Panels that contain programmable logic controllers (PLC), remote input/output (RIO), and operator interface terminal (OIT) units shall be as indicated in the Panel Schedule. Programmable controllers, RIOs, and OITs shall comply with Section 40 63 43. The Panel Schedule is located at the end of this section as Attachment A.
- 6. Specific panel devices are specified herein and in Section 26 05 00.
- 7. Field modifications require a UL inspector site inspection for approval of panel corrections and to re-label the panel after the field modifications are completed.
- 8. Contractor custom panels are specified herein and shown on the drawings.
- 9. Seismic anchoring and bracing: Sections 40 61 13.

B. Panel Design:

- 1. General:
 - a. Additional panel hardware is specified in other Sections within Division 40.
- 2. Control Power Distribution:
 - a. Panel containing 120-volt powered equipment shall use the din-rail power distribution method with circuit breakers, fuses, and blown fuse indication. Power is restricted to 120 Vac and 24 Vdc as shown on the Drawings.
- 3. Power Supplies:
 - a. Panel containing direct current powered instruments or serving as the termination point for transmission loop powered field instruments shall contain direct current power supply system as specified herein.
- 4. Electrical Control Devices:
 - a. Pushbuttons, indicating lights, selector switches, and similar equipment located in panels specified in this section shall comply with the requirements of Section 26 05 00.

5. Uninterruptible Power Supplies:

a. Panel mounted 120 Vac input/120 Vac output and 24 Vdc input/24 Vdc output uninterruptible power supplies are specified herein.

C. Panel Schedule:

- 1. The Panel Schedule, located in Attachment A at the end of this section, lists Contractor custom panels required for the project along with specific requirements for each panel. Specific custom panel requirements are specified on the panel layout referenced in the Panel Schedule.
- 2. Refer to paragraph 3.08 for description of headings.

1.02 OUALITY ASSURANCE

A. References:

- This section contains references to the following documents that are part of this
 section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains
 references to other standards, those documents are included as references under
 this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the
 requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of
 this section shall prevail.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.
- Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those
 documents shall mean the specific document version associated with that date,
 regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later
 date, discontinued or replaced.

Reference	Title
EIA RS-310C	Racks, Panels, and Associated Equipment
NEMA 250	Enclosures for Electrical Equipment
UL 94	Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances
UL 508A	Industrial Control Panels
UL 698A	Industrial Control Panels Relating to Hazardous (Classified) Locations
NFPA 79	Electrical Standard for Industrial Machinery
NFPA 70	National Electrical Code (NEC)
NEMA ICS 6	Industrial Control and Systems: Enclosures
ANSI/UL 497-1995	Standard for Protectors for Paired Conductor Communications Circuits
UL 1012	Power Supplies
UL 1449	UL Standard for Safety for Surge Protective Devices

- 4. This Section references other sections with associated work specified therein:
 - a. Section 26 05 00 specifies raceways, conductors, and device requirements.
 - b. Section 40 61 21 Process Control System Testing
 - c. Section 40 63 43 Programable Logic Controllers

B. Listed Products:

- 1. Equipment and components shall be Underwriters Laboratory (UL) listed for the purpose or UL recognized.
- The control panels, including new back panels, shall be fabricated by a UL 508A recognized facility and shall bear the appropriate UL 508A Industrial Control Panel label. Where intrinsic safety barriers are used within a control panel, provide UL 698A factory applied label as required by UL.
- 3. All panels shall be labeled in accordance with NEC Article 409.
- 4. Panels that do not comply with the specified products shall not be accepted. Cost to retrofit the panel as specified shall be borne by the panel supplier. Corrections or modifications to UL 508A Industrial Control Panels or UL 698A Industrial Control Panels Relating to Hazardous (Classified) Locations shall be transported to the panel supplier's facility for corrections, testing, relabeling and inspection.

C. Factory Testing:

- 1. Prior to shipment, the manufacturer shall test the functional operation of the control panel as described in the control description Section 40 61 21.
- D. Shipment, Protection and Storage:
 - 1. Equipment shipment, protection and storage shall conform to the requirements specified in Section 01 66 00.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.
- B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.

C. Action Submittals:

- 1. A copy of this specification section, with addendum updates included, and all referenced and applicable sections, with addendum updates included, with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements.
 - a. A <u>check mark</u> shall denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. If deviations from the specifications are indicated, and therefore requested by the Contractor, each deviation shall be underlined and denoted by a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph, referenced to a detailed written explanation of the reasons for requesting the deviation.
 - b. The Engineer shall be the final authority for determining acceptability of requested deviations. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined will signify compliance on the part of the Contractor with the specifications.

- c. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification sections, along with justification(s) for any requested deviations to the specification requirements, with the submittal shall be sufficient cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration.
- 2. A marked copy of Section 40 61 13.
- 3. A marked copy of Section 40 61 21.
- 4. A marked copy of Section 40 61 93.
- 5. A marked copy of Section 26 05 00.
- 6. A copy of the contract documents relating to the submitted equipment, with addendum updates that apply to the equipment in this section, marked to show specific changes necessary for the equipment proposed in the submittal. If no changes are required, mark the drawing(s) "no changes required" on the drawing index. Drawings marked "no changes required" on the drawing index do not need to be included in the submittal. Failure to include copies of the relevant drawings with the submittal shall be cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further review.
- 7. Marked product literature of all the enclosure electrical devices and components mounted on or within the control panel.
- 8. List of miscellaneous items, cables, spare and replenishment parts, and chemicals to be provided, including Safety Data Sheet (SDS) information.
- 9. Dimensioned drawings:
 - a. Exterior panel and layout
 - b. Interior devices and layout
 - c. Door-in-door construction devices, where required
- 10. Panel assembly drawings including sections showing clearances between face and rear mounted equipment.
- 11. Nameplate engraving schedule:
 - a. Indicate engraving by line
 - b. Character size
 - c. Nameplate size
 - d. Panel and equipment tag number and description
- 12. Heat load calculations demonstrating cooling requirements for each cabinet based on device-rated temperatures (minimum and maximum), highest ambient temperature listed in Section 40 61 13, and humidity for the area in which the subject panel will be located.
- 13. Power supply sizing calculations demonstrating that selected power supply is sufficient to supply total connected loads plus an additional 20 percent for future expansion.
- 14. UPS and UPS battery sizing calculations demonstrating the UPS is sufficient to supply total connected loads plus an additional 50 percent for future expansion and can meet battery backup time requirements.
- 15. Wiring drawings:
 - a. Schematic diagrams
 - b. Internal wiring diagrams
 - c. Connection diagrams

- d. Panel power distribution drawings
 - 1) On panel power distribution drawings, provide each circuit breaker and fuse with a unique ID number and identify an amp rating.
- e. Power and control single line diagrams to comply with NEC Article 409.
- f. Interconnection diagrams
- 16. Network block diagrams
- 17. Section 40 61 93 I/O List, updated to reflect any necessary modifications during construction.

D. Informational Submittals:

- 1. The following data shall be provided in accordance with Section 01 33 00:
 - a. Manufacturer's certification for the performance of features of the specified equipment that cannot be readily inspected.
 - b. Special requirements for delivery of the information such as time, manner, place, or quantity.
 - c. Installation and training forms specified in Part 3.

E. Closeout Submittal:

- Manufacturer's operation and maintenance information as specified in Section 01 78 23. Manual shall include final reviewed submittal and separate record of all final configuration, jumper, and switch settings.
- 2. As-built record drawings incorporating all modifications to the originally submitted panel drawings; as-built record drawings must be provided in both AutoCAD and Portable Document Format (PDF) format and as specified in Section 01 78 39.
- 3. Test results as specified in Section 40 61 21.
- 4. List of spare parts provided.

1.04 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

A. Refer to Section 40 61 13.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 FABRICATION

A. General:

- 1. Brace equipment and panel supports shall be designed per installation detail drawings. Equipment panels shall be capable of operation following a disturbance.
- 2. Nameplates with tag number and equipment description shall identify interior and exterior components. Instruments shall be mounted for access to components and ease of removal. Cutouts for future equipment shall be blanked off with suitable covers. Instrument tag numbers shall be identified on the panel rear.
- 3. Face-mounted equipment shall be flush or semi-flush with flat-black escutcheons. Face-mounted instruments that are more than 6 inches deep, weigh more than 10 pounds, or exert more than a 4 ft-lb moment force on the face of the panel shall be supported underneath at the rear by a 1-inch x 1/8-inch thick steel angle.

- 4. Panels less than 60 inches high shall be provided with floor stands to raise the top of the panel to 60 inches above the floor or work platform. Panels that weigh less than 100 pounds may be wall mounted.
- 5. Panels with specified requirements including stainless steel or aluminum mounting requirements that are indicated on the project drawings or on the project details take precedence over the panel types or panel features indicated herein.
- 6. Provide short-circuit current rating as required to meet NEC 409.110 (4) marking, or identify panel for exception to NEC 409.110 (4) during submittal process.

B. Panel Layout:

- 1. Provide 20 percent spare contiguous sub-panel area for future expansion.
- 2. Provide minimum of 20 percent spare terminal blocks, with a minimum of 10 analog, discrete, power.
- 3. Provide minimum of 12 inches clear space from the bottom of the panel to the bottom of the subpanel, or as shown on the drawings.
- 4. Face-mounted equipment flush or semi-flush with flat-black escutcheons.
- 5. Panel tops of wall-mounted panels: mounted at the same elevation.
- 6. Panel inner door contains a copy of the record elementary and wiring diagrams, or reference as allowed per NEC Article 409.
- 7. Panel inner door contains a drawing holder.
- 8. Panel drawings enclosed in a transparent, protective jacket.
- 9. Panel functions as specified.
- 10. Panels with floor stands, to raise the top of the panel to 60 inches above the floor or work platform.
- 11. Wall mounting of panel weighs less than 100 pounds, where wall space is available,

C. Fnclosures:

- 1. Panel enclosures shall comply with the requirements of NEC Article 409 and NEMA 250.
- 2. Manufacturer:
 - a. Hoffmann Enclosures, Inc.
 - b. Saginaw Control and Engineering.
 - c. Or approved equal.

D. Back Panels:

- 1. Manufacturer:
 - a. Hoffmann Enclosures, Inc.
 - b. Saginaw Control and Engineering.
 - c. Or approved equal.

E. Side Panels:

- 1. Manufacturer:
 - a. Hoffmann Enclosures, Inc.
 - b. Saginaw Control and Engineering.
 - c. Or approved equal.

2.02 ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL

- A. Forced air ventilation shall be provided for panels where indicated on the Drawings or if the cabinet's heat load calculations indicate that the interior temperature of the cabinet will exceed 115 degrees F, under worst case conditions.
- B. Ventilation for control panels shall be venturi fans provided on 5-1/2-inch high-notched panel. Ventilation for consoles shall be similar to that for panels except EIA RS-310 mounting is not required. Fans shall be equipped with UL-approved, NEMA rating to match panel, replaceable filters. Fans shall provide at least 240 cubic feet per minute (CFM), or sized per submitted heat load calculations. Fans shall be thermostatically controlled. Noise level at 3 feet from exterior wall and 30 degrees off axis shall not exceed 60 NC units.
- C. Where specified, panels shall also be provided with thermostatically controlled space heaters. Space heater surface temperature that exceeds 120 degrees F requires an expanded metal guard. Thermostats shall be Honeywell T631 series, Penn Controls A28AA-4, or approved equal.
- D. Where specified, panels shall also be provided with thermostatically controlled low-profile enclosure heaters. Thermostats shall be Honeywell T631 series, Penn Controls A28AA-4, or approved equal. Low-profile enclosure heaters shall be McMaster-Carr 3850N13, or approved equal.
 - 1. Heaters in RIO panels shall be finger safe.
- E. Panel air conditioning cooling requirements shall be a cooling system that does not exchange cabinet interior air with ambient air. The cooling system shall be either a closed glycol loop heat exchange system or a CFC-free refrigeration system as required for the specified equipment and instrument complement and ambient temperature conditions.
- F. Panel air conditioner shall be NEMA rated based on the installed area environment and the coils shall be Heresite, or equal coated and protected from corrosion and premature failure.
- G. All external tapping shall be self-sealing screws of the same metal of the enclosure to maintain the NEMA rating of the enclosure.

2.03 PROTECTION COATING AND FINISH

A. Panels located outdoors or located in corrosive areas shall be bottom coated with waterproof coatings.

2.04 NAMEPLATES

- A. External door-mounted components and the panel description shall be identified with plastic nameplates. Stick machine engraved labels shall identify tag number of instruments inside panels. Nameplates shall be attached to panel surfaces, not to instruments.
- B. The machine engraved laminated black phenolic nameplates with white lettering shall be provided for panel-mounted equipment. Nameplate engraving shall include the instrument tag number and description in 3/32-inch minimum size lettering.

- C. The machine embossed metallic adhesive labels shall identify tag number of instruments inside panels. Nameplates shall be attached to panel surfaces, not to instruments.
- D. The nameplates shall be attached to the panel with a minimum of two self-tapping 316 stainless steel screws. Provide RTV sealant for nameplates for NEMA-4X stainless steel panels.
- E. The nameplate wording may be changed without additional cost or time prior to commencement of engraving. Submit nameplate legend with the panel submittal.

2.05 PANEL FEATURES

- A. Interconnection Wiring: Panel Interconnecting Wiring:
 - 1. Panel control wiring: Single conductor stranded copper NEC rated Type MTW No. 16 AWG minimum (rated 10 A per NFPA 79, Table 12.5.1), with an exception for factory supplied PLC wiring harnesses that are UL approved.
 - 2. Panel instrument wiring: Twisted No. 16 AWG shielded pair or tri conductors.
 - 3. Panel power wiring: Conductors specified in Division 26 and meet the NEC requirements for power including phase, grounded, and grounding conductors.
 - 4. Wiring shall be supported independently of terminations by lacing to panel support structure or by slotted flame retardant plastic wiring channels.
 - 5. Wiring channels shall comply with UL 94, Type V.
 - 6. Plastic wireway with covers shall be used to route groups of wires. Wireway fill shall be sized to provide 50% maximum fill.
 - a. Panduit PanelMax shall be used for existing panels with limited space. This applies to the PLC Panels for Pump Station 14, Pump Station 15, and Pump Station 25. Refer to Panel layout drawings.
 - 7. Panels with wireways within 1" of components shall provide raised DIN rail.
 - 8. Plastic spiral wrap shall be used for exposed wires. Wires that cross door hinges shall be enclosed in plastic spiral wrap.

B. Conductor Identification:

- 1. Wiring shall be tagged at every termination with machine printed plastic sleeves or pre-printed self-sticking labels as manufactured by W.H. Brady, 3M, or approved equal. No hand-written labels are permitted.
- 2. Three-part wire numbers for instrument and control panel internal conductors:
 - a. Part-1: Prefix of the wire number shall be the ISA prefix and instrument loop number or equipment tag number.
 - b. Part-2: Code letter and wire colors per the following tables.
 - c. Part-3: Number that identifies individual circuit conductor Terminal Number.

Code	120 Vac Conductor	Color
L	Power	Black
С	Control	Red
N	Neutral	White
PG	Ground	Green

Code	Vdc Conductor	Color
PS	24 Vdc Power	Blue
CS	24 Vdc Control	Light blue
COM	24 Vdc Common (O Vdc)	White w/ blue
S+	Signal (+)	Black
SG	Signal Ground	White
EG	Equipment Ground	Green
FV	Panel Foreign Voltage	Yellow

C. Conductor Installation and Protection:

- 1. Power and control wiring shall be carried in covered channels separate from low voltage signal circuits. If practical, a general barrier may be provided between AC control devices and the electronic equipment.
- 2. Terminal blocks shall be strap screw type rated for 300 or 600 volts. Each terminal strip shall have a unique identifying alphanumeric code at one end and a vinyl-marking strip running the entire length of the terminal strip with a unique number for each terminal. Numbers shall be machine printed and 1/8 inch high.
- 3. No more than two connections shall be made to one terminal. In the case of two connections, a twin-wire insulated ferrule shall be used.
- 4. Wire connectors shall be insulated ferrule crimp type terminals. Systems Integrator shall prepare wires and wire labels for interconnections between field and control panels.
- 5. Terminal blocks shall be DIN rail mounted, screw type, rated for 600 volts or 300 volts, and have a width between 6 and 7 mm. Knife disconnect terminal blocks shall be provided for electrical circuit isolation where foreign voltage enters control panel. Fuse terminal blocks shall be tip-out or draw-out type with LED blown fuse indicators and shall be provided with fuse sized per circuit requirements. Terminal blocks candidate manufacturers:
 - a. Phoenix Contact UT 4 series (current rating as required).
 - b. Or approved equal.

D. Field Wiring:

 Field wiring shall be connected to separate dedicated terminal blocks or terminalstyle relays in a dedicated part of the panel where the field cables enter the panel. Provide a dedicated raceway on the field side of the terminal block for field wiring use only.

E. Fuse and Fuse Holders:

- 1. Fuses for 120 Vac circuits shall have a minimum of 12,000-amperes interrupting capacity and blown fuse indicators.
- 2. Fuses for 24 Vdc circuits shall be fast acting glass tube type rated 1/8 or 1/10 amp for 4-20 mA loops.
- 3. Fuses for 24 Vdc circuits shall be 1/2 amp for the power supply to individual instruments.
- 4. Fuse holders shall be tip-out or draw-out type with blown fuse indication.
- 5. Provide Phoenix Contact or approved equal products.

F. Circuit Breakers:

- Provide circuit breaker for branch circuit protection. Circuit breaker UL rated, 10kA interrupting capacity, DIN rail mounted, and trip current rating to be determined based on the circuit load by Contractor.
- 2. Allen Bradley 1489 series, or approved equal.

G. Panel Power:

- 1. 120 Vac control power source: Single power source for all control and DC power.
 - a. Provide direct current power supplies, as required for the load.
 - b. Provide UPS power, 120 Vac or 24 Vdc, as indicated on the drawings.
 - c. Provide power supply redundancy module as indicated on the drawings.
- 2. Provide a 120 Vac circuit for the panel light, receptacle, heating, fan, or heat exchanger as required.
- 3. Receptacle shall comply with Section 26 05 00.

H. Accessories:

- 1. Panels greater than 30" high x 20" wide shall include GFCI convenience receptacles and LED utility lights with separate on/off switch, or as indicated on the drawings.
 - a. LED utility lights in RIO panels shall be finger safe.
- 2. Receptacles and utility lights shall not be powered by the UPS, where included.
- 3. Print pocket.
- 4. Panels greater than 30" high x 20" wide shall include a fold-up shelf of sufficient size, sufficient weight capacity, and the proper angle for supporting a laptop computer mounted to the inside of the enclosure.

I. Corrosion Inhibitors:

All control panels shall be provided with vapor-emitting corrosion inhibitors to protect
the control panel electrical components against corrosion. Corrosion inhibitors shall
provide a minimum of 24 months of protection before replacement is required. Each
inhibitor shall provide protection for a minimum of 11 cubic feet of panel volume.
Manufacturer/model: Cortec Corporation VpCl-111 or approved equal.

J. Fail-Safe Wiring:

1. Fail-safe wiring of control relay or other on/off device or instrument provides the condition that will occur upon loss-of-power or internal failure in the device such that the relay is de-energized in the failure or loss-of-power condition such that the control relay contact operation provides for equipment failing in a safe mode.

2.06 CONTROL DEVICES

A. Pushbuttons and selector switches shall comply with Section 26 05 00.

B. Control Relays:

- 1. Provide:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, terminal block style.
 - b. Coil rating: 24 VDC/VAC or 120 VAC/VDC, as required by application.
 - c. Contact rating (120 VAC): 30 A (break) and 3 A (make).

- d. Contact rating (24 VDC): 1 A (break/make).
- e. Contact type: gold-plated SPDT or DPDT, as required by application.
- f. Built-in reverse DC polarity protection and surge protection.
- g. LED indicator light to show when coil is energized.
- h. Rated for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations, as required by application.
- 2. Manufacturer/model: Allen-Bradley 700-HL Series or approved equal.

C. Control Timers:

- 1. Provide:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, terminal block style.
 - b. Contact rating (24 VDC): 1 A.
 - c. Contact type: gold-plated SPDT pr DPDT, as required by application.
 - d. LED indicator light to show when timer is energized.
 - e. Rated for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations, as required by application.
 - f. Adjustable time range from 0.3 30 minutes
- 2. Manufacturer/model: Phoenix Contact ETD-BL-1T Series or approved equal.

2.07 INDICATING LIGHTS

A. Indicating lights shall be equipped with colored lenses as specified in Section 26 05 00.

2.08 POWER SUPPLY AND CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT

- A. Except for power supply units which form an integral part of an individual piece of equipment, all power supply and conditioning equipment shall comply with UL 1012 and shall be approved by UL, CSA, or FM for the application.
- B. Power supply equipment shall be provided in redundant configurations, where shown on the drawings, such that failure of a single unit will not disable all or any part of the instrumentation and communication systems.
- C. Direct-Current Power Supplies:
 - 1. Nominal 24-volt direct-current instrumentation and control power supply:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted with integral input fuse.
 - b. Capable of withstanding six times nominal current for 12 milliseconds (ms) to allow for coordination with downstream circuit protection devices.
 - c. Nominal input voltage range: 100 to 240 Vac.
 - d. Input voltage range: 85 to 264 Vac.
 - e. Frequency range: 45 to 63 Hz.
 - f. Mains buffering: \geq 20 ms.
 - g. Nominal output voltage: 24 Vdc ± 3 percent.
 - h. Output voltage setting range: 22.8 to 28 Vdc.
 - i. Nominal output current: per 24 Vdc power supply sizing calculations.
 - j. Output ripple voltage: < 150 millivolts (mV) peak-to-peak.
 - k. Load regulation (dynamic, 10 to 90 percent): < 2 percent.

- I. DC OK indication: visual LED indication and SPST contact rated for at least 0.3 A at 60 Vdc.
- m. Operating temperature: -13 to 158 degrees F.
- n. Maximum operating temperature before derating: 140 degrees F.
- o. Relative humidity range: 5 to 95 percent.
- p. MTBF: \geq 520,000 hours.
- q. FM Approved or UL Listed for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations, as required.
- r. The panel supplier shall calculate the required VA rating at 120 percent of connected load. Submit load calculations, schematic diagrams, and wiring connection diagrams.
- s. Manufacturer:
 - 1) Siemens SITOP PSU100S.
 - 2) Or approved equal.
- D. Uninterruptible Power System (UPS) 120 Vac:
 - 1. Provide on-line, industrial-grade, double conversion type UPS, with electrical isolation including output neutral:
 - a. Nominal input voltage: 120 Vac.
 - b. Nominal output voltage: 120 Vac.
 - The online UPS system shall be provided with integral sealed no maintenance, hotswappable batteries, with extended battery modules as required to provide full capacity backup power for 30 minute minimum at connected load with integral battery charger.
 - The panel supplier shall calculate the required kVA rating at 150 percent of connected load. Submit load calculations, schematic diagrams, and wiring connection diagrams. Provide battery cabling and other required cabling for a complete system.
 - 4. The UPS shall be mounted within the panel on a pedestal or tray with stainless-steel legs to provide space for wire entry and passage. UPS and battery system shall be physically secured to panel while still allowing access for maintenance and removal.
 - 5. The UPS shall be configured with a plug and receptacle to allow ease of removal from the panel; and to allow the panel to operate on utility power.
 - 6. Provide relay output contacts for remote monitoring of UPS on battery, UPS alarm, and UPS low battery. Provide visual LED indication and SPST contact rated for at least 0.1 A at 30 Vdc.
 - 7. Manufacturer:
 - a. Eaton 9SX series.
 - b. Or approved equal.
- E. Uninterruptible Power System (UPS) 24 Vdc
 - 1. Provide industrial-grade UPS with electrical isolation. UPS shall consist of direct current power supply, charge controller, and sealed backup battery pack:
 - a. Nominal input voltage: 24 Vdc
 - b. Nominal output voltage: 24 Vdc
 - 2. Provide rechargeable battery backup system with sealed no maintenance batteries.
 - 3. DIN rail mount UPS and battery.

- 4. Provide relay output contacts for remote monitoring of UPS on battery, UPS alarm, and UPS low battery. Provide visual LED indication and SPST contact rated for at least 0.1 A at 30 Vdc.
- Size UPS system for 45 minutes of backup time on batteries at 100% load + 50% of load for future growth. Submit load calculations, schematic diagrams, and wiring connection diagrams.
- 6. Manufacturer:
 - a. Siemens SITOP UPS1600 with UPS1100 battery module.
 - b. Or approved equal.
- F. Power Supply Redundancy Module 24 Vdc
 - 1. Provide redundancy module for 24 Vdc power supply modules where indicated in drawings.
 - 2. Nominal 24-volt direct-current redundancy module suitable for decoupling two power supplies:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted with integral input fuse.
 - b. Supply voltage: 24 Vdc.
 - c. Input voltage: 24 Vdc.
 - d. Frequency range: 45 to 63 Hz.
 - e. Nominal output voltage: 24 Vdc ± 0.5V.
 - f. Rated current value: 10A
 - g. Efficiency at Vout rated: >95%
 - h. Status indication: visual LED indication and SPST contact to indicate when "at least one input voltage < switching threshold," rated for at least 0.6 A at 30 Vdc.
 - i. Operating temperature: -13 to 158 degrees F.
 - j. Maximum operating temperature before derating: 140 degrees F.
 - k. Relative humidity range: 5 to 95 percent.
 - I. FM Approved or UL Listed for Class I, Division 2 hazardous locations, as required.
 - 3. Manufacturer:
 - a. Siemens SITOP PSE202U 10A
 - b. Or approved equal.

2.09 SURGE PROTECTION

A. General:

- Surge protection shall be provided to protect the electronic instrumentation systems
 from surges propagating along the signal and power supply lines. The protection
 systems shall be such that the protection level shall not interfere with normal
 operation, but shall be lower than the instrument surge withstand level, be
 maintenance free, and self-restoring.
- 2. Provide lightning and surge protection devices at all antennas, as well as signal lines, communication networks, and power feeds for all lines that originate or are routed outside a building on any part of the existing or proposed circuits.

3. Lightning and surge protection devices shall provide full protection from line to line and from line to ground. Units shall be DIN-rail mounted, rated for a minimum of 10kA maximum surge current and voltage suitable for the type of circuit being protected. Reaction time shall be on the order of nanoseconds.

B. Panel Power Supply:

- 1. Requirements for incoming panel power supply surge protection devices are as follows:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, one-pole, Type 2, plug-in type selected to protect the equipment.
 - b. Removable without changing the impedance of the circuit.
 - c. Nominal voltage: 120 Vac, single-phase.
 - d. Maximum operating voltage: 150 Vac.
 - e. Nominal discharge current: 15 kA.
 - f. Surge current capacity: 40 kA.
 - g. Voltage protection level (line-neutral): ≤ 700 V.
 - h. Response time: ≤ 25 ns.
 - Surge protection fault indication: visual indication and SPDT contact rated for at least 0.5 A at 120 Vac and 30 Vdc.
 - j. Operating temperature: -40 to 176 degrees F.
- 2. Manufacturer/model: Bussmann BSPM1A series or approved equal.

C. Power and Control Circuits (120 Vac):

- 1. Requirements for SPDs on 120 Vac power and control circuits are as follows:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, two-pole, Type 4, plug-in type selected to protect the equipment.
 - b. Removable without changing the impedance of the circuit.
 - c. Nominal voltage: 120 Vac, single-phase.
 - d. Maximum operating voltage: 150 Vac.
 - e. Nominal load current: 25 A.
 - f. Nominal discharge current: 2 kA.
 - g. Total discharge current: 4 kA.
 - h. Voltage protection level (line-neutral): ≤ 640 V.
 - i. Response time: ≤ 25 ns.
 - j. Surge protection fault indication: visual indication.
 - k. Operating temperature: -40 to 176 degrees F.
- 2. Manufacturer/model: Bussman BSPH2A series or approved equal.

D. Power and Control Circuits (24 Vdc):

- 1. Requirements for SPDs on 24 Vdc power and control circuits are as follows:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, two-pole, Type 4, plug-in type selected to protect the equipment.
 - b. Removable without changing the impedance of the circuit.
 - c. Nominal voltage: 24 Vdc.

- d. Maximum operating voltage: 30 Vdc.
- e. Nominal load current (AC): 25 A.
- f. Nominal discharge current: 1 kA.
- g. Total discharge current: 2 kA.
- h. Voltage protection level (line-neutral): ≤ 180 V.
- i. Response time: ≤ 25 ns.
- j. Surge protection fault indication: visual indication.
- k. Operating temperature: -40 to 176 degrees F.
- 2. Manufacturer/model:
 - a. Bussman BSPH2A series (single-channel).
 - b. Phoenix Contact Plugtrab PT-IQ series (multi-channel).
 - c. Or approved equal.
- E. Signal Circuits (4-20 mA):
 - 1. Requirements for SPDs on 4–20 mA signal circuits are as follows:
 - a. DIN rail-mounted, four-pole, plug-in type selected to protect the equipment.
 - b. Removable without signal interruption.
 - c. Nominal voltage: 24 Vdc.
 - d. Maximum operating voltage: 33 Vdc.
 - e. Nominal current: 0.75 A.
 - f. Total lightning impulse current: 10 kA.
 - g. Total nominal discharge current: 20 kA.
 - h. Series impedance per line: 1.8 ohms or less.
 - i. Operating temperature: -40 to 176 degrees F.
 - 2. Manufacturer/model:
 - a. Bussman BSPD24DING series.
 - b. Or approved equal.

2.10 INTRINSIC SAFETY ISOLATORS

- A. Single-channel, galvanically isolated intrinsic safety isolators for all non-fieldbus networked discrete and analog signals to instruments, not rated as explosion-proof, located in classified areas. The intrinsically safe isolators shall be:
 - 1. DIN rail mounted.
 - 2. EMI/RFI compliant with IEC 801.1-5.
 - 3. Support 24 Vdc or 120 Vac signals, depending on application.
 - 4. FM Approved or UL Listed for application.
- B. Intrinsic safety barriers for two-wire transmitters shall be of the active, isolating, loop powered or 24VDC type.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Stahl Series 9000
 - b. Or approved equal.

- C. Intrinsic safety relays for each level switch shall be of the active, isolating, loop powered type.
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Stahl Series 9002/77-220-146-001
 - b. Phoenix Contact 2835493
 - c. Or approved equal.

2.11 SIGNAL CURRENT ISOLATORS/CONVERTERS

- A. Provide isolators/converters where:
 - 1. Galvanic isolation of milliampere transmission signals from 2-wire, 3-wire, or 4-wire transmitters with inadequately isolated output circuits is required.
 - 2. Conversion from active to passive current signals is required.
 - 3. Conversion from RTD signals (or voltage-based signals) to 4-20 mA signals is required.
- B. The operating power shall be 24 Vdc and the device shall be DIN rail mounted. Provide DIP switch set up to allow for easy configuration of the converters.
- C. Input signals shall be 4 to 20 mA, unless otherwise specified. Output signals shall be 4 to 20 mA and error shall not exceed 0.1 percent of span. Input resistance shall not exceed 550 ohms with an output load of 250 ohms. The output signal shall be active or passive as specified.
- D. Manufacturer: Phoenix Contact MINI, or approved equal.

2.12 PANEL GROUNDING

- A. Each panel shall be provided with a minimum of two copper ground bars.
 - 1. One bar (NEC required) shall be bonded to the panel or panel frame or back-plate and to the facility grounding system.
 - 2. Second (signal) ground bar shall be mounted on insulated stand-offs and shall be bonded to the panel ground bar only at one point.
 - 3. Provide additional ground bar(s) if indicated on drawings.
- B. Signal circuits, signal cable shields, and low-voltage DC power supply commons shall be bonded to the signal ground bar.
- C. Field analog wiring shields shall only be grounded at the signal ground bar. Test to verify that single ground point at panel signal ground bar.
- D. Surge protectors and separately derived AC power supplies shall be bonded to the frame ground bar.
- E. Panels exceeding 36-inches width shall contain ground bars shall be 1/4- by 1-inch copper bars extending the entire length of the panel interior at the bottom of the panel.

2.13 NETWORK SWITCHES

- A. Managed Ethernet Switch:
 - 1. Power: 24 VDC.
 - 2. Ports: Eight (8) or Sixteen (16), as shown on the drawings, 10/100 Mbps ports, RJ45 sockets with ESD and Surge Protection on all Built-In ports.
 - 3. Configurable alarm contact; SPST contact rated for at least 0.1 A at 30 Vdc.
 - 4. LED status light for fault/alarm indication.
 - 5. Mounting: 35 mm DIN rail.
 - 6. Managed Features:
 - a. DHCP per port
 - b. SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)
 - c. Port security: MAC address based filtering
 - d. Monitoring: Include software
 - e. Port Mirroring
 - f. Port Trunking
 - g. 802.1p QoS and Port QoS
 - 7. Store and forward technology.
 - 8. Auto sensing 10/100 Base TX, Duplex, and MDIX
 - 9. Supported Protocols:
 - a. RSTP (Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol)
 - 10. Environmental Conditions:
 - a. Operating Temperature: -40 to 60 degrees C.
 - b. Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% condensing fanless operation.
 - 11. Switch shall be UL approved for application.
 - 12. Manufacturer:
 - a. Siemens SCALENCE XC.
 - b. Or approved equal.

2.14 DC TO DC CONVERTERS

- A. DC/DC Converter shall provide NEC Class 2 output with 24 VDC input and 24VDC output.
 - 1. DIN rail mounted.
 - 2. Efficiency: 90.5%.
 - 3. Manufacturer:
 - a. PULS CD5.241-L1.
 - b. Or approved equal.

2.15 INTRUSION DOOR SWITCHES

- A. Magnetic reed switch, hermetically sealed, for installation on enclosure doors for intrusion alarm detection.
- B. Contacts rated for switching currents from 20 to 100 mA at 24 volts DC, Form C, DPDT.

- C. Manufacturer:
 - 1. Hoffman.
 - 2. Or approved equal.

2.16 HORN AND BEACON

- A. Horn
 - 1. Low current, volume adjustable flush mount horn designed for panel installation.
 - a. 24VDC power supply
 - b. 80-100dB adjustable output
 - c. NEMA 4X rated
 - Manufacturer:
 - a. Edwards Signaling, 870 Series.
 - b. Or approved equal.
- B. Beacon
 - 1. Steady-On LED Beacon in NEMA 4X enclosure for panel installation.
 - a. 24VDC power supply
 - b. Red lens
 - c. Grey base
 - 2. Manufacturer:
 - a. Edwards Signaling, 125LEDS Series.
 - b. Or approved equal.
- C. Provide NEMA 4X enclosure for horn and beacon to both be housed in. Refer to drawing installation detail for layout.

2.17 CLEAR COVER BOX

- A. Where indicated in drawings for RIO Panels, provide a clear cover box for 120VAC panel components. This shall provide a barrier of all 120VAC components and wiring from personnel opening and working on the 24vdc portion of the panel.
 - 1. Mounted to back panel.
- B. Provide Warning Label on clear cover box as stated on drawings.

2.18 SIGNAL DUPLICATOR

- A. Provide a 4-way analog signal duplicator where indicated in the drawings. The signal duplicator shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Output current: 4-20mA.
 - a. Minimum of two output signals.
 - 2. Input current: 4-20mA.
 - 3. Power: 24VDC or loop powered.
 - 4. Configurable with DIP switch or software.

- 5. DIN rail mounted.
- 6. Screw connection.

B. Manufacturer:

- 1. Phoenix Contact 2905026.
- 2. Automation Direct
- 3. Or approved equal.

2.19 PANEL DRAWING PROTECTION

A. Provide wiring diagrams in accordance with Section 01 33 00. Provide a panel-wiring diagram and schematic for each panel in a plastic bag or plastic container to avoid water damage and aging.

2.20 PROCESS INDICATOR

A. Refer to specification 40 70 00 for process indicator requirements.

2.21 SWING-OUT PANEL (NOT USED)

2.22 SPARE PARTS

- A. The following spare parts shall be provided:
 - 1. Three LED panel light replacements.
 - 2. Five of each type and rating of fuse used.
 - 3. Five of each type of circuit breaker used.
 - 4. Five of each type primary protector surge suppressor used.
 - 5. Two of each type of surge protective device used.
 - 6. Two of each type of intrinsic safety isolator used.
 - 7. One 24 Vdc power supply.
 - 8. One 24 Vdc power supply redundancy module.
 - 9. One UPS of each type.
 - 10. Three UPS batteries of each type.
 - 11. Five of each type of control relay used.
 - 12. One network switch.
 - 13. One DC to DC converter.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 GENERAL

- A. Floor mounted cabinets shall be mounted and shimmed to precise alignment, so doors operate without binding. Sealant shall be provided for conduit entering the panels.
- B. Floor-mounted panels except in dry control rooms or electrical equipment rooms shall be mounted on 3-1/2-inch minimum height concrete pads, grouted bases, or as shown on the drawings. Coating shall be provided for outdoor panels in contact on concrete. Field panels and cabinets shall be mounted in compliance with Section 40 61 13.

- C. Terminals and terminal blocks shall be sprayed after all terminations have been completed with a silicone resin conformal coating, Fine-L-Coat Type SR, Dow Corning, or approved equal. Spray coating only required for control panels in corrosive or classified installation environments.
- D. Provide panels with the Record As-built schematic, connection, and interconnection diagrams mounted behind panel document holder on the inside of the door. Place documentation in a water proof clear bag in the panel document holder.
- E. Vacuum clean control panels and cabinets in accordance with Sections 01 74 23 and 40 61 13.
- F. Verify that all panels have been labeled with Arc Flash warning labels per NEC 110.16. Provide labels, with Arc Flash protection boundary and PPE levels. Refer to Section 26 05 00 for specifications regarding Arc Flash.

3.02 MOUNTING

- A. Mount new back panels within existing enclosures as specified. In some cases, the migration from old to new requires the existing back panel to stay in service while transitioning the wiring over to the new back panel. Provide a temporary support structure to locate the existing back panel and allow the new back panel to be installed and circuited.
- B. Control panels supported directly by concrete or concrete block walls shall be spaced out not less than 5/8 inch by framing channel between instrument and wall. Sills shall be leveled so panel structures will not be distorted. Panels shall be shimmed to precise alignment so doors operate without binding and mounted where shock or vibration will impair its operation.
- C. Support systems shall not be attached to handrails, process piping or mechanical equipment. Control panels supported directly by concrete or concrete block walls shall be spaced out from the wall to provide for air circulation around the panels.
- D. Steel used for support of equipment shall be 316 stainless steel. Support systems including panels shall be designed to prevent deformation greater than 1/8 inch under the attached equipment load and an external load of 200 pounds in any direction.
- E. Floor-mounted cabinets, except in dry control rooms or electrical equipment rooms, shall be mounted on 3-1/2-inch minimum height concrete pads, grouted bases, or as shown on the drawings.
- F. Panels shall be shimmed to precise alignment, so doors operate without binding. Sealant shall be provided under panels not located in dry control or electrical equipment rooms.
- G. Center-line of wall-mounted panels shall be 48 inches above the floor.
- H. Panel tops of wall-mounted panels shall be mounted at the same elevation.

3.03 PANEL DOOR CUT-OUTS

- A. Remove existing panel mounted OIT and install new OIT, where shown on the drawings. Modify door as needed to accommodate new OIT size. Provide mounting gaskets and other appurtenances as needed to fill in any gaps in door cut-outs and to retain the enclosure's NEMA rating.
- B. Refer to Section 40 70 00 for panel mounted level indicator specifications.

3.04 NETWORK SWITCHES

A. Coordinate the configuration setting of the network switches with the Owner and Engineer prior to SCADA networking.

3.05 PANEL POWER SUPPLY

- A. Power supply and conditioning equipment shall be mounted and connected in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Line side disconnect switches shall be provided for power supply and conditioning equipment. Line and load side overcurrent protection shall be provided for power supply and conditioning equipment in compliance with NFPA 70.
- C. Small power supply and conditioning equipment may be mounted in the panel served. Larger units shall be mounted adjacent to the equipment served. Where unconditioned power is brought into control panels, it shall be enclosed in metallic raceways within the panel.
- D. Power supply and conditioning equipment larger than 5 kVA load capacity supported from surfaces other than concrete shall be provided with sound isolators.
- E. Final raceway connections shall be a flexible conduit in compliance with Division 26.

3.06 FACTORY TESTING

A. The control panel shall be assembled, interconnected, and functionally tested at the assembly shop prior to shipment. The Owner/Engineer shall have the option of witnessing the factory shop test. The Contractor shall notify the Owner/Engineer at least three (3) weeks in advance prior to the scheduled factory shop test.

3.07 FIELD TESTING

- A. Field verify the following for Instrument and Control Panels:
 - 1. Control circuits grounded with one terminal of each load device connected to the grounded conductor.
 - 2. Control contacts installed in the ungrounded side of the circuit.
 - 3. Panel signal and control wiring separated and installed in separate wireways with barriers between the power wiring and the signal and control wiring.
 - 4. Barriers between the power wiring and the signal and control wiring.
 - 5. Connected to the site grounding system, as specified.

- 6. Inner door contains a copy of the Record elementary and wiring diagrams, in a protected drawing holder. Drawings shall be enclosed in a transparent, protective jacket.
- 7. Panel Functions as specified.
- 8. Mounted with stainless steel Unistrut, fittings, and fasteners.
- 9. Tested in accordance with Section 40 61 21.

3.08 TRAINING

- A. Training shall conform to the requirements of Section 01 79 00.
- B. Provide four (4) hours of operating and maintenance training at the Project site to the Owner's personnel on the control panel components/hardware. Training shall include:
 - 1. Hardware overview.
 - 2. Power-up and power down of hardware.
 - 3. Description of status and trouble indication lights.
 - 4. Definition and identification of fault codes, trouble codes, and common troubleshooting.
 - 5. Installation, removal, and replacement of components/hardware parts.

3.09 ATTACHMENTS

- A. 40 67 00 Attachment A: Panel Schedule
 - 1. Description of headings in the Panel Schedule.

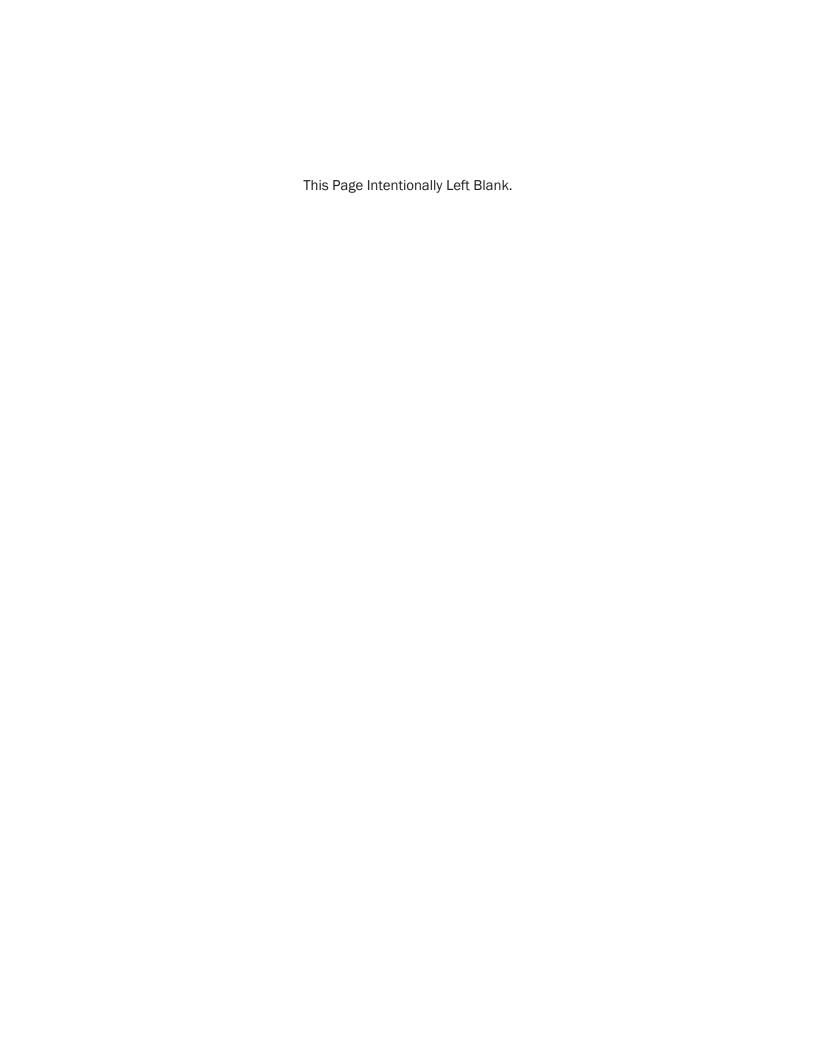
Field or Heading	Example	Comment or Description
Item	1	Row number reference.
Utility	Sewer	Utility identification.
Site	Pump Station 1	Site name.
Panel Tag	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	Panel tag name.
Back Panel Installation Location	New Enclosure	Identifies where new interior panel is to be located.
Existing Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	N/A	Existing enclosure size, if applicable.
New Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	60 x 36 x 12	New enclosure size, if applicable.
Enclosure Mounting Type	Wall Mounted	Panel mounting description
Back Panel Size (H x W) (inches)	58 x 34	Identifies new back panel size.
Enclosure Location	Dry Well	Identifies where enclosure is located.
Panel Layout Drawing	I-01001	Reference to the panel layout drawing number.
NEMA Rating	4X	NEMA rating of existing enclosure (if being reused) or new enclosure (if being replaced).

Field or Heading	Example	Comment or Description
Installation Detail	I-00003 Detail B	Reference to the installation detail for new enclosures.
Processor	Siemens 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB Memory Card	Identifies the PLC processor model for the panel and the SD memory card size, if applicable.
Operator Interface Terminal	12" OIT	Identifies whether the panel design includes an operator interface terminal and size.
Minimum I/O Module Count by Type (DI, DO, AI, AO)	4, 1, 3, 0	For PLC/RIO panels, identifies the minimum input/output module count by type. Refer to panel layout drawing for more details.
Site Notes	New enclosure to be installed in location of demo'd PLC enclosure	Optional, as required for clarification.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 40 67 00_ CONTROL SYSTEM EQUIPMENT PANELS AND RACKS ATTACHMENT A PANEL SCHEDULE



Panel Schedule 40 67 00A-1

SECTION 40 67 00 ATTACHMENT A PANEL SCHEDULE

														2	O/I mnmin	Module Cor	Minimum I/O Module Count by Type	
					carried and animal	Now Englocing									F	-		
Item	Utility	Site	Panel Tag	Back Panel Installation Location	Existing Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	New Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	Enclosure Mounting Type	Back Panel Size (H x W) (inches)	Enclosure	Panel Layout Drawing	NEMA Rating	Installation Detail		Operator Interface Terminal	10	A	AO	Site Notes
1	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 1	SS_RH4_PS01_CAB0100	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	60 x 36 x 12	WALL MOUNTED	58 x 34	DRY WELL	1-01001	4X	HO0003 DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12"ОП	4 1	8	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTD PLC ENCLOSURE.
2	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 1	SS_RH4_PS01_IS0140	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 x 24 x 10	WALL MOUNTED	22.2 x 22.2	DRY WELL	1-01011	× 4	HO0003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER
e 6	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 1	SS_RH4_PS01_GNG0100	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	8×325×2.75	WALL MOUNTED	A/R	DRY WELL HATCH	1-01021	4X	I-00003 DETAIL D	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 1 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 101021 PHOTO A
4	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 1	SS_RH4_PS01_RIO0100	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	36 x 24 x 10	WALL MOUNTED	34 x 22	GENERATOR ENCLOSURE	1-01811	X4	H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	2 0	-	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 101801 PHOTO B
un	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 4	SS_RH3_PS04_CAB0400	EXISTING ENCLOSURE	60 x 36 x 12	N/A	WALL MOUNTED	58 X 34	(CONTROL BUILDING)	1-04001	4	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" OIT	1	4	0	BACK PANEL TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING ENCLOSURE.
9	SEWER PUMP S	PUMP STATION 4	SS_RH3_PS04_IS0440	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 x 24 x 10	WALL MOUNTED	22 x 22	(CONTROL BUILDING)	1-04011	4X	H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	A N/A	N/A	
7	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 10	SS_RH5_PS 10_CAB1000	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	72 X 30 X 16	WALL MOUNTED	70 x 28	DRY WELL	1-10001	X4	HO0003 DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" OIT	1	6	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTD PLC ENCLOSURE.
80	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 10	SS_RH5_PS10_IS1040	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 x 24 x 10	WALL MOUNTED	22.2 x 22.2	DRY WELL	1-10011	4X	H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER
6	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 10 S	SS_RH5_PS10_GNG1000	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	8 x 3.25 x 2.75	WALL MOUNTED	A/R	DRY WELL HATCH	1-10021	4X	I-00003 DETAIL D	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	A N/A	N/A	NRW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 10 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-10021 PHOTIO A
10	SEWER FLUSH S'	FLUSH STATION 12 S	SS_RH5_FS12_CAB1200	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	48 x 24 x 12	WALL MOUNTED	45 x 21	DRY WELL	1-12001	4X	HODOOS DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" ОП	1 1	0	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTD PLC ENCLOSURE.
#	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 13 S	SS_RH3_PS13_CAB1300	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	60 x 36 x 12	WALL MOUNTED	58 x 34	DRY WELL	1-13001	4×	HO0003 DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" ОП	1	6	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTO PLC ENCLOSURE.
12	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 13	SS_RH3_PS13_IS1340	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 × 24 × 10	WALL MOUNTED	22.2 x 22.2	DRY WELL	1-13011		H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER
13	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 13 S	SS_RH3_PS13_GNG1300	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	8×325×2.75	WALL MOUNTED	A/R	DRY WELL HATCH	1-13021	X4	I-00003 DETAIL D	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 13 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-13021 PHOTIO A
41	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 13	SS_RH3_PS13_RIO1300	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	36 x 24 x 10	WALL MOUNTED	34 x 22	GENERATOR VAULT	1-13811	4×	H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	2 0	-	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1:13801 PHOTO B
15	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 14 S	SS_RH2_PS14_CAB1400	EXISTING ENCLOSURE	48×24×12	N/A	WALL MOUNTED	45 x 21	OUTDOOR (IN NEMA 3R ENCLOSURE)	1-14001	4	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" ОП	4	6	0	BACK PANEL TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING ENCLOSURE.
16	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 14	SS_RH2_PS14_IS1440A	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	12 x 12 x 6	WALL MOUNTED	10.2 x 10.2	OUTDOOR (IN NEMA 3R ENCLOSURE)	1-14011	4	H00003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN OUTDOOR CONTROL ENCLOSURE.
17	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 14	SS_RH2_PS14_IS1440B	EXISTING ENCLOSURE	12 x 12 x 6	N/A	WALL MOUNTED	10.2 x 10.2	OUTDOOR (IN NEMA 3R ENCLOSURE)	1-14011	4	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	BACK PANEL TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING ENCLOSURE.
18	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 15	SS_RH2_PS15_CAB1500	EXISTING ENCLOSURE	48×24×12	N/A	WALL MOUNTED	45 x 21	DRY WELL	1-15001	4	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12. ОП	1	3	0	BACK PANEL TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING ENCLOSURE.
19	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 15	SS_RH2_PS15_IS1540	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 × 24 × 10	WALL MOUNTED	22 2 x 22.2	DRY WELL	1-15011	X 4	HODOOS DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER
20	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 15	SS_RH2_PS15_GNG1500	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	8×325×2.75	WALL MOUNTED	A/R	DRY WELL HATCH	1-15021	- X	I-00003 DETAIL D	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 15 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL I-15021 PHOTO A
24	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 16	SS_RH2_PS16_CAB1600	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	72 X 30 X 16	WALL MOUNTED	70 x 28	DRY WELL	1-16001	X4 1	HO0003 DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12" OIT	4	4	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD P.LC ENCLOSURE.
22	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 16	SS_RH2_PS16_IS1640	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	24 ×24 × 10	WALL MOUNTED	22 2 x 22.2	DRY WELL	1-16011	¥	HO0003 DETAIL B	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	NA	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER
23	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 16	SS_RH2_PS16_GNG1600	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	8 x 3 25 x 2.75	WALL MOUNTED	A/R	DRY WELL HATCH	1-16021	X T	I-00003 DETAIL D	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	A N/A	N/A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 16 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-16021 PHOTO A
24	SEWER PUMP ST	PUMP STATION 17	SS_RH2_PS17_CAB1700	NEW ENCLOSURE	N/A	72 X 30 X 16	WALL MOUNTED	70 x 28	DRY WELL	1-17001	X Y	HODOOS DETAIL B	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	12.ОП	4	4	0	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTD PLC ENCLOSURE.

SECTION 40 67 00 ATTACHMENT A PANEL SCHEDULE

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	Site Nates	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 17 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-17021 POTTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR VAULT ENCLOSURE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-17801 PHOTO B	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS: 18 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-1802.1 PHOTTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-18801 PHOTO B	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 19 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-19021 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-19801 PHOTO B	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOID PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 20 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1:20021 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-20801 PHOTO B	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 21 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-21021 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-21801 PHOTO B	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMO'D PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 22 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-22021 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOT PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOTD MJK CONTROLLER
Tvpe	. Q	ĕ.	A.N	0	0	A/N	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	A/N	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	A A	A.W	0	A/N
Count by	₹	N/A	N/A	-	4	N/N	N/A	-	4	N/A	N/A	-	4	N/A	N/A	-	4	N/A	N/A	-	4	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
Minimum I/O Module Count by Type	O O	ĕ.	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A	-	N/N
Minimum	ō	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A	4	N/A
	Operator Interface Terminal	NA	N/A	N/A	12"OIT	N/A	N/A	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A.	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A	12"OIT	N/A
	Processor	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A
	Installation Detail	HODOOS DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	H00003 DETAIL B	HODDOS DETAIL B	HODDOS DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	HO0003 DETAIL B	+00003 DETAIL B	HO0003 DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	H00004 DETAIL A	HODDOS DETAIL B	HODOGS DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	HO0003 DETAIL B	HODDOS DETAIL B	HODOG3 DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	HO0003 DETAIL B	HODDOS DETAIL B	H00003 DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	HODDOS DETAIL B	HODOO3 DETAIL B
	NEMA Rating	**	× ×	× ⁴	X ₄	X X	X X	X ₄	X4	X X	X X	X	X4	X ₄	4X	× ⁴	X X	X4	4X	X X	X ₄	*	X X	X ₄	X ₄
	Panel Layout Drawing	1-17011	1-17021	1-17811	1-18001	1-18011	1-18021	1-18811	1-19001	1-19011	1-19021	1-19811	1-20001	1-20011	1-20021	1-20811	1-21001	1-21011	1-21021	1-21811	1-22001	1-22011	1-22021	1-23001	1-23011
	Enclosure	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR ENCLOSURE	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
	Back Panel Size (H x W) (inches)	22 × 22 2	A/R	28 × 18	70 × 28	22.2 × 22.2	A/R	28 x 18	70 × 28	22.2 × 22.2	A/R	34 × 22	70 x 28	22.2 × 22.2	A/R	28 × 18	70 × 28	22.2 × 22.2	A/R	28 × 18	70 × 28	22.2 × 22.2	A/R	70 × 28	22.2 x 22.2
	Enclosure Mounting Type	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	EQUIPMENT RACK MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED
	New Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	24 x 24 x 10	8 x 3.25 x 2.75	30 × 20 × 8	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8 x 3.25 x 2.75	30 × 20 × 8	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8 x 3.25 x 2.75	36 x 24 x 10	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8×325×2.75	30 × 20 × 8	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8×325×2.75	30 × 20 × 8	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8×325×2.75	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10
	Existing Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	W/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ĕ/N	W/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Back Panel Installation Location	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE
	Panel Tag	SS_RH2_PS17_JS1740	SS_RH2_PS17_GNG1700	SS_RH2_PS17_RIO1700	SS_RH2_PS18_CAB1800	SS_RH2_PS18_IS1840	SS_RH2_PS18_GNG1800	SS_RH2_PS18_RIO1800	SS_RH2_PS19_CAB1900	SS_RH2_PS19_IS1940	SS_RH2_PS19_GNG1900	SS_RH2_PS19_RIO1900	SS_RH2_PS20_CAB2000	SS_RH2_PS20_IS2040	SS_RHZ_PS20_GNG2000	SS_RH2_PS20_RIO2000	SS_RH2_PS21_CAB2100	SS_RH2_PS21_IS2140	SS_RH2_PS21_GNG2100	SS_RH2_PS21_RIO2100	SS_RH1_PS22_CAB2200	SS_RH1_PS22_IS2240	SS_RH1_PS22_GNG2200	SS_RH1_PS23_CAB2300	SS_RH1_PS23_IS2340
	Site	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 17	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 18	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 19	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 20	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 21	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 22	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 23
	Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
	Item	25	26	27 8	88	29	30	34	32 8	33	34	35	36	37 8	38	88	40 8	20	42 S	43	8	45	94	47 8	48

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	Site Nates	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 23 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-23021 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD PLC ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD LEVEL TRANSDUCER JUNCTION BOX	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 24 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1:24005 PHOTO A	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN GENERATOR SITE ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1-24801 PHOTO B	BACK PANEL TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING ENCLOSURE.	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATION OF DEMOD MJK CONTROLLER	NEW ENCLOSURE TO BE INSTALLED INSIDE OF PS 25 HATCH ACCORDING TO INSTALLATION DETAIL AND LOCATION DETAIL 1.25005
by Type	AO	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A
Minimum I/O Module Count by Type	₹	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	-	ю	N/A	N/A
ow O/I mr	OQ	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	0	-	N/A	N/A
Minim	ō	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	2	4	N/A	N/A
	Operator Interface Terminal	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A	N/A	12" OIT	N/A	N/A
	Processor	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A	N/A	SIEMENS 1510SP-1 PN; 4MB MEMORY CARD	N/A	N/A
	Installation Detail	I-00003 DETAIL D	H00003 DETAIL B	HODOO3 DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D	HODOO3 DETAIL B	N/A	H00003 DETAIL B	I-00003 DETAIL D
	NEMA Rating	4X	4X	4X	4X	4X	4	4X	X¥
	Panel Layout Drawing	1-23021	1-24001	1-24011	1-24021	1-24811	1-25001	1-25011	1-25021
	Enclosure Location	DRY WELL HATCH	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL HATCH	GENERATOR	DRY WELL	DRY WELL	DRY WELL
	Back Panel Size (H x W) (inches)	A/R	70 x 28	22.2 x 22.2	A/R	28 × 18	45 x 21	22.2 x 22.2	A/R
	Enclosure Mounting Type	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED	WALL MOUNTED
	New Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	8×325×2.75	72 X 30 X 16	24 x 24 x 10	8×3.25×2.75	30 × 20 × 8	N/A	24 × 24 × 10	8 x 3.25 x 2.75
	Existing Enclosure Size (H x W x D) (inches)	W/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	48×24×12	N/A	N/A
	Back Panel Installation Location	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	EXISTING ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE	NEW ENCLOSURE
	Panel Tag	SS_RH1_PS23_GNG2300	SS_RH1_PS24_CAB2400	SS_RH1_PS24_IS2440	SS_RH1_PS24_GNG2400	SS_RH1_PS24_RIO2400	SS_RH1_PS25_CAB2500 EXISTING ENCLOSURE	SS_RH1_PS25_IS2540	SS_RH1_PS25_GNG2500
	Site	PUMP STATION 23	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 24	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25	PUMP STATION 25
	Utility	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER	SEWER
	Ε	_	_	_	~			10	"0

SECTION 40 70 00

INSTRUMENTATION FOR PROCESS SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY

- A. This section specifies requirements for instrumentation that quantitatively convert the measured variable energy into a form suitable for measurement and process measurement accessories. Instrumentation includes:
 - 1. Flow measurement
 - 2. Level measurement
- B. The instrumentation forms a part of the process control systems specified in Section 40 61 13 and Section 40 06 70. Application requirements are specified in the Instrument Index, Section 40 06 70.
- C. Related sections:
 - 1. Section 40 06 70 Schedules for Instrumentation of Process Systems.
 - 2. Section 40 61 13 Process Control System General Provisions.
 - 3. Section 40 61 21 Process Control System Testing.

1.02 REFERENCES

A. Reference Standards:

- This section contains references to the following documents. They are a part of this
 section as specified and modified. Where a referenced document contains
 references to other standards, those documents are included as references under
 this section as if referenced directly. In the event of conflict between the
 requirements of this section and those of the listed documents, the requirements of
 this section shall prevail.
- 2. Unless otherwise specified, references to documents shall mean the documents in effect at the time of Advertisement for Bids or Invitation to Bid (or on the effective date of the Agreement if there were no Bids).
- 3. If referenced documents have been discontinued by the issuing organization, references to those documents shall mean the replacement documents issued or otherwise identified by that organization or, if there are no replacement documents, the last version of the document before it was discontinued.
- 4. Where document dates are given in the following listing, references to those documents shall mean the specific document version associated with that date, regardless of whether the document has been superseded by a version with a later date, discontinued or replaced.

Reference	Title
IEEE 100	Standard Dictionary of Electrical and Electronics Terms
ISA 51.1	Process Instrumentation Terminology
NEMA 250	Enclosures for Electrical Equipment

Reference	Title
NEMA ICS 1	Industrial Control and Systems: General Requirements
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration

1.03 DEFINITIONS

A. General: Definitions of terminology related to Instrumentation and Industrial Electronic Systems used in the specifications as defined in IEEE 100, ISA 51.1, and NEMA ICS 1.

1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Coordination: Section 40 61 13.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

A. Procedures: Section 01 33 00.

B. Requirements: Section 40 61 13.

- C. Action Submittals: Include with submittal a cover sheet, indexed by item, and cross-referenced to the appropriate specification paragraph, and organized in the following order:
 - 1. A copy of this specification section, with addendum updates included, and all referenced and applicable sections, with addendum updates included, with each paragraph check-marked to indicate specification compliance or marked to indicate requested deviations from specification requirements. Check marks shall denote full compliance with a paragraph as a whole. If deviations from the specifications are indicated and therefore requested by the Contractor, each deviation shall be underlined and denoted by a number in the margin to the right of the identified paragraph. The remaining portions of the paragraph not underlined will signify compliance on the part of the Contractor with the specifications. The submittal shall be accompanied by a detailed, written justification for each deviation. Failure to include a copy of the marked-up specification sections, along with justification(s) for any requested deviations to the specification requirements, with the submittal shall be sufficient cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further consideration. Referenced and applicable sections to be marked up and submitted include:
 - a. Section 01 79 00 Demonstration and Training
 - b. Section 01 78 23 Operating and Maintenance Data
 - c. Section 40 61 13 Process Control System General Provisions
 - d. Section 40 06 70 Instrument Index
 - 2. Manufacturer's product information for all instrumentation and accessories items.
 - a. Marked to only show products intended to be ordered, and salient features meeting specification requirements along with:
 - 1) Installation details and mounting accessories.
 - 2) Electrical and signal connection details.
 - 3. Instrument Index as defined in Section 40 06 70.
 - 4. List of miscellaneous items, cables, spare parts, provided in accordance with INSTRUSPEC sheet requirements.

- 5. Interconnection Diagrams as defined in Section 40 61 13.
- 6. A copy of the contract document Instrumentation Drawings relating to the submitted equipment, with addendum updates that apply to the equipment in this section, marked to show specific changes necessary for the equipment proposed in the submittal. If no changes are required, mark the drawing(s) "no changes required" on the drawing index. Drawings marked "no changes required" on the drawing index do not need to be included in the submittal. Failure to include copies of the relevant drawings with the submittal shall be cause for rejection of the entire submittal with no further review.
- 7. Marked product literature of all equipment and features to be provided.
 - a. Installation drawings for only the transmitters, sensors, and mounting accessories to be provided.
 - b. Electrical and signal connection drawings for only the transmitters and sensors to be provided.
- 8. Marked product literature for surge protectors.
- 9. ISA Data Sheets.

D. Informational Submittals:

- 1. Instrument manufacturer certifications and compliance documentation included in the shipped package.
- 2. Manufacturer's certification for the performance of features of the specified equipment that cannot be readily inspected.
- 3. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for chemicals such as an instrument fill fluid per OSHA requirements.

E. Closeout Submittals:

- Operating and maintenance information as specified in Section 40 61 13. Include final reviewed submittal and separate record of all final configuration, jumper, and switch settings for each instrument.
- 2. Record loop diagrams.
- 3. Calibration reports, either manufacturer certification or PCS Integrator's final calibration provided in the field.
- 4. SDS.
- 5. Record documentation shall include the data sheets specified in this section.
- 6. The following data provided in accordance with Section 01 33 00:
 - a. Operating and maintenance information as specified in Section 40 61 13. Include final reviewed submittal and separate record of all final configuration, jumper, and switch settings for each instrument.
 - b. Test results as specified in Section 40 61 21-2.02.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer: Equipment furnished under this section to be the products of firms regularly engaged in the design and manufacture of such equipment for a minimum of five years.

- B. Identification of Listed Products: Provide instrumentation listed for the purpose for which they are to be used, by an independent nationally recognized testing laboratory. Three such organizations are Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Canadian Standards Association (CSA), and Electrical Testing Laboratories (ETL). Provide independent nationally recognized testing laboratory acceptable to the inspection authority having jurisdiction and is recognized by OSHA.
- C. Installer: Installation, calibration and testing of equipment furnished under this section to be performed by qualified, skilled, systems integrator personnel specified in Section 40 61 13, who are regularly engaged in such activities involving systems of similar complexity.
- D. References are listed in Section 40 61 13 and are a part of this section as specified and modified.

1.07 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

A. Equipment provided under this section suitable for operation under ambient conditions described in Section 40 61 13.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 INSTRUMENTATION SPECIFICATION SHEETS (INSTRUSPEC)

- A. General requirements for instruments specified in this section are specified on the INSTRUSPEC sheets in the Part 4 Appendix at the end of this section.
- B. Application requirements are specified in the Instrument Index, and/or on the drawings.

2.02 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. General:

1. In accordance with Section 01 33 00, the General Conditions of the Contract Documents, drawings, information, and technical data for all equipment as, required in Section 40 61 13 and this section shall be provided. All required product data for this section shall be included in one complete package.

B. Process switches:

- 1. Contact outputs used for alarm actuation shall be normally-closed or normally-opened as required by the process condition to open to initiate the alarm.
- 2. Contact outputs used to control equipment shall be normally-opened and shall close to start the equipment.
- Contacts monitored by solid state equipment such as programmable controllers shall be hermetically sealed and rated for switching currents from 20 to 100 mA at 24 volts DC.
- 4. Contacts, monitored by electromagnetic devices such as mechanical relays, shall be rated as NEMA ICS 2, designation B300.
- 5. Double barriers provided between switch elements and process fluids such that failure of one barrier does not permit process fluids into electrical enclosures.
- 6. Switch electrical enclosures rated as NEMA 250, Type 4X minimum.

- 7. Switch range shall be selected so that the specified set point is at least 30 percent but not more than 70 percent of the span, between the upper range limit and the lower range limit.
- 8. Surge protection shall be provided to protect the electronic instrumentation systems from surges propagating along the signal lines for switches outside. Eaton MTL WWIP-N or approved equal.

C. Measuring elements and transmitters:

- 1. Provide process indicator complying with paragraph 2.03 with any transmitter that does not include an integral indicator. Calibrate indicators, whether integral or separate, in process units, and engraved on the indicator scale plate.
- 2. The two-wire type transmitters derive operating power from the signal transmission circuit.
- 3. Transmitters to meet specified performance requirements with load variations within the range of 0 to 600 ohms with the power supply at a nominal 24 volts DC with the default range of 0 to 100% linearly corresponding to 4 to 20 mAdc.
- 4. Transmitter output increases with increasing measurement.
- 5. Time constant adjustable from 0.5 to 5.0 seconds for transmitters used for flow, level transmitters used for flow measurement, or pressure measurement.
- 6. Transmitter output galvanically isolated via electro-mechanical or optical technology.
- 7. Transmitter enclosures rated NEMA 250, Type 4X, unless otherwise specified.
- 8. Transmitters located outdoors, provide surge protectors:
 - a. Signal: Emerson/Rosemount Model 470 D, Emerson/EDCO SS64-036-2, CCI SPN-42 FS28 Series, or approved equal.
 - b. AC Power: UL 1449, LED indicator, screw terminal connections, NEMA 4X. EDCO HSP121A or approved equal.
- 9. Four-wire transmitters isolate signal output from power or provide signal isolator as specified in paragraph 2.04 connected in the output signal circuit.

2.03 PROCESS INDICATOR

- A. Analog output process indicators shall be 0.5-inch digit height display enclosed in a NEMA 4/4X rated meter case. Provide indicators with accuracy within one percent of span. Provide a diode to maintain loop continuity for indicator removal. Displays shall be scaled in engineering units, over the calibrated range of the associated instrument. Calibrate the indicator scale in process units.
 - 1. 1/8 DIN Analog input panel meter
 - 2. 5-Digit Red display
 - 3. 24VDC
 - 4. Provide USB Programming Cable

B. Manufacturers:

- 1. Red Lion Model Pax
- 2. Siemens Sitrans RD200
- 3. Or approved equal.

2.04 SIGNAL ISOLATOR (NOT USED)

2.05 VALVES (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION

A. General:

- 1. General requirements for the installation of primary elements specified in this section are listed on INSTRUSPEC sheets.
- 2. Installation requirements are specified in Section 40 61 13.

B. Process Connections:

- General: Process connections shall be arranged such that instruments may be readily removed for maintenance without disruption of process units or draining of large tanks or vessels. Unions or flange connections shall be provided as necessary to permit removal without rotating equipment.
 - a. Where process taps are not readily accessible from instrument locations, an isolation valve shall be provided at the instrument.
 - b. Isolation valves shall be provided for each instrument where multiple instruments are connected to one process tap.
 - c. Pipe between the process connection and instruments shall be 1/2-inch unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Safety Instruments: No valves shall be installed at pressure taps for safety instruments. Safety instruments shall not be connected to the same process tap as instruments used for control, indication, or recording except when annular chemical seals are used.
- 3. Isolation/Block/Bleed/Test Valves: Valves shall be provided at all process taps, except as follows:
 - a. Temperature taps, where valves are unnecessary.
 - b. Pump discharge pressure taps where no instrument is permanently installed. Isolation valves shall be provided.
 - c. Process taps for safety instruments.
- 4. Flushing/Calibration Connection: Provide quick-connect fitting with the Bleed/ Test Valve for flushing and calibration.

C. Electrical Connections:

1. Final connections between rigid raceway systems and instruments shall be made with jacketed flexible conduit with a maximum length of 2 feet.

D. Outdoor Transmitters:

 Transmitters mounted outdoors shall be provided with rain/sun hood per Drawing Details.

3.02 TESTING

A. Testing requirements are specified in Section 40 61 21.

3.04 TRAINING

A. Training requirements are specified in Sections 01 79 00. Provide two training sessions, each with one hour for each type of instrument.

PART 4 APPENDIX - INSTRUSPECS

4.01 INSTRUSPECS

A. General requirements for instruments specified in this section are listed on INSTRUSPEC sheets herein. Application requirements are specified in the Instrument Index, and/or on the drawings.

Table A

INSTRUSPEC Symbol	Instrument description	Instrument function
FTS	Thermal Flow Switch	Flow Measurement
LDT1	Displacer Level Transmitter / Switches	Level Measurement

4.02 INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION: FTS

A. Instrument Function: Flow Measurement

B. Instrument Description: Thermal Flow Switch

C. Power Supply: 24 volts DC

D. Signal Input: Process

E. Signal Output: Contact as specified in paragraph 2.02

F. Process Connection: Insertion, 3/4" MNPT, as specified

G. Product Requirements:

- 1. Flow switch shall be the thermal convection type. Switch point shall not be affected by process fluid temperature changes in the range of 32 to 140 degrees F and shall have a repeatability of plus or minus 5 percent of range.
- 2. Control unit shall operate with the specified repeatability in an ambient temperature range of 25 to 120 degrees F.
- 3. Sensor probe length and insertion depth per manufacturer's instructions for the duct size and application.
- 4. Housing: NEMA 4X.
 - a. Class I Div 1 Rated for switches placed in classified areas. Switch shall be provided with explosion proof rated housing.
- 5. Response time: 3 seconds.
- 6. Wetted Material: 316L Stainless Steel.
- 7. Operating Pressure: Full vacuum to 4000 psig (275 bar).
- 8. Provide handheld calibrator Model MC-5.

- H. Approved Manufacturers:
 - 1. Ameritrol FX series.
 - 2. Fluid Components Inc. FLT93, Flow Technology Inc.
 - 3. Or approved equal.
- I. Execution:
 - 1. Installation: Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Refer to Contract Drawing I-0004 Detail C for sensor mounting.

4.03 INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION: LDT1

- A. Instrument Function: Level Measurement
- B. Instrument Description: Displacer Level Transmitter / Switch
- C. Power Supply: As specified in paragraph 2.02.
 - 1. 10-30 VDC, 4W
- D. Signal Input: Process
- E. Signal Output: As specified in paragraph 2.02.
- F. Process Connection: Mounting Bracket fixed under wetwell hatch.
- G. Product Requirements:
 - 1. Displacer level transmitter: Displacer, mounting bracket, cable, and transmitter.
 - 2. Transmitter: Detect fluid level by 10 level contacts along the rod.
 - 3. Transmitter: Mount in NEMA 4X panel as specified.
 - 4. Sensor: Wetted parts type 316 stainless steel.
 - 5. Accuracy: 1.0 percent of span.
 - 6. Transmitter Operating Temperature Rating: -40 to 158 degF.
 - 7. Warranty: 2 years.
 - 8. Cable: Custom 11-core cable with braided shield, PVC insulation & outer jacket, 20AWG or greater, length as required.
 - 9. Level Relay Outputs: 10 relays, rated at 250VC/30VDC 6A, configurable as NO or NC.
 - 10. Fault Relay Outputs: 2 relays, rated at 250VC/30VDC 6A, configurable as NO or NC.
 - 11. Approvals: Approval for sensor installation in Class I, Division 1 location.
 - 12. Manufacturer:
 - a. FOGRod
 - 1) Level-7.5-50
 - a) Sensor: FOG-7.5-50b) Transmitter: LIT-100
 - 2) Accessory: FOG-ISB
 - b. No equal, per Owner's standards.

H. Execution:

- 1. Installation: Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Refer to Contract Drawing I-0004 Detail B for sensor mounting.
 - a. Location and elevation of FOGRod sensor to be field adjusted during startup in coordination with the Owner.
- 2. Manufacturer to provide sensor/transmitter, full length cables, and meter.
- 3. Calibration: In accordance with Section 40 06 70. Switch set point and reset point adjusted as specified.

END OF SECTION

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